BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

JUNE 30, 2016

Audited by

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

SHAWNEE, OK

SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS June 30, 2016

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WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education El Reno School District Number I-34 Canadian County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements – regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Reno School District No. I-34, Canadian County, Oklahoma ("District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to meet the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2016, or the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position - regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position – regulatory basis for the year then ended in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 8-14 and 41-44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements – regulatory basis, and schedule of changes in assets and liabilities - agency funds – regulatory basis are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the combined financial statements.

The combining financial statements – regulatory basis, schedule of changes in assets and liabilities - agency funds – regulatory basis, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements – regulatory basis, schedule of changes in assets and liabilities - agency funds – regulatory basis, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilow, Don' associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma March 6, 2017



The El Reno Public Schools

Offices of the Board of Education

P.O. Box 580

(405) 262-1703 El Reno, Oklahoma 73036

Management's Discussion and Analysis El Reno Public Schools District I-034 El Reno, Oklahoma

To comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB, or "gaz-bee") No. 34, the following "Discussion and Analysis" of the district's financial position is provided by management. This report provides an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

<u>Financial Information:</u> The District has nine funds that are included in the financial statements for FY 2015-2016. They are the General Fund, Co-op Fund, Building Fund, Child Nutrition Fund, Debt Service Fund (Sinking Fund), Capital Projects Funds (Bond Funds), Gifts Fund, Casualty and Flood Insurance Fund, and Agency Fund (Activity Fund).

General Fund: The General Fund is the district's largest fund and serves as the primary operating fund. The General Fund collections were \$17,839,078. Total expenditures were \$18,257,203 as of June 30, 2016. Major revenue sources include local, intermediate, state and federal monies. Data depicting "Actual Revenue Collections" and comparing fiscal years 2016 and 2015 are included in this analysis. State sources of revenues, which represent approximately 70% of the district's total annual income, decreased \$283,897. State Aid was down \$64,959 from FY 15. Decreases were noted in Gross Productions, Motor Vehicle Tax and R.E.A. Taxes. Federal revenue increased \$204,884 with the majority of that increase coming from Impact Aid and 21st Century Grant. Local and intermediate revenue increased overall by \$108,666 with the majority coming from local contracts and a small increase of Ad Valorem Tax. The General Fund "Fund Balance" as of June 30, 2016 was \$2,534,788. This represents a decrease of \$408,701 compared with the prior fiscal year fund balance. The current fund balance is 14% of FY 16 revenue collections.

<u>Co-op Fund:</u> The Co-op Fund accounts for monies that are used to fund expenditures for the El Reno Board of Education (LEA) and other educational entities to provide "Alternative Education". The revenues necessary to operate the cooperative programs come from state and federal sources, including individual contributions of participating school districts. The Co-op Fund received collections from local and state monies totaling \$35,883 in the 2015-2016 fiscal year. Total expenditures were \$35,883.

<u>Building Fund</u>: The Building Fund consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment, computer software, utility costs, telecommunications services, insurance for school facilities, security systems and salaries of security, custodial and maintenance personnel. No Impact Aid money was deposited into the building fund compared to \$15,730 in 2015. Total 2016 revenue collected for the Building Fund was \$318,064. This is down \$843,321 from 2015. The decrease was a result from no insurance recoveries and no donations. Ad Valorum revenue did increase \$17,637.

The fund balance as of June 30, 2016 was \$1,193,629, a decrease of \$127,974. Building Fund expenditures amounted to \$446,162 in FY 16. Maintenance/Operations expenditures for the first six months of each fiscal year must be funded from the prior year fund balance until sufficient revenue is received from Ad Valorem tax collections at mid-term. Tax collections are usually received beginning in December of each fiscal year. El Reno Public Schools has not been able to pay all district utilities, salaries and benefits of custodians and maintenance personnel out of this fund as is done by many districts with adequate revenues resulting from a growing and sufficient tax base. El Reno is land locked with four dependent schools, a federal research station, tribal lands and a federal prison. Thirty-one percent of El Reno's land is federally exempt land and is not reimbursed through Impact Aid.

<u>Capital Projects Funds:</u> The Capital Projects Funds are bond funds that serve to document bond sale proceeds which are used for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment. The LEA has assigned Bond Funds 31-39 for this purpose. January 8, 2013 a \$45,335,000 bond issue was passed. This issue provided for two route buses, two activity buses, new elementary site, renovations to all elementary schools including tornado shelters, and secured entrances. Also, the current EHS was renovated plus a new building for science, technology and math classes. In addition, there were upgrades to technology and monies set aside for demolitions of the current Lincoln and Webster Elementary Schools.

District received the first bond proceeds in April 2013 of \$4,600,000 and will sale bonds each April/May and receive the last of the proceeds in July 2025. All bond work has been completed and additional renovations and buildings are in the process. These expenses are being covered by unused funds due to close cost monitoring. Total expenditures for FY16 were \$4,126,141 leaving a carry forward of \$1,003,009.

Child Nutrition Fund: The Child Nutrition Fund consists of revenue sources from local collections, State Matching and Federal Breakfast and Lunch Reimbursement. The General Fund may subsidize the Child Nutrition Fund in excess of the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program reimbursements and income from students. In El Reno child nutrition funds are accounted for in a separate appropriated fund (Fund 22). The Child Nutrition Fund received collections totaling \$1,359,617 in the 2015-2016 fiscal year. FY16 collections increased \$262,934 from FY15. Increases were noted in local, state and federal sources. Child Nutrition Fund expenditures totaled \$1,231,786. The fund balance in the Child Nutrition Fund as of June 30, 2016 was \$282,947. The Child Nutrition Program has funded all employee raises for personnel each year. The district pays for the program's utilities, insurance and a portion of maintenance from the General Operating Fund. The Child Nutrition Fund pays for the salary of the Warehouseman who makes food and mail deliveries to all the schools.

<u>Debt Service Fund (Sinking Fund)</u>: The Debt Service Fund is the district's Sinking Fund and is used to account for the accumulation of monies set aside to retire outstanding long-term debt principal (including judgments), interest and related costs. The primary revenue source is property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings. Interest earnings by board resolution are deposited into the Building Fund. The Sinking Fund received collections totaling \$2,659,957 in the 2015-2016 FY. This was added to the carry forward of \$106,324 for a total of \$2,766,281. FY 16 collections and carry forward were used to pay bonds and interest payments totaling \$2,703,000 that were due July 1, 2016. The cash balance on hand in the Sinking Fund as of June 30, 2016, including the \$2,703,000 that was being held at the fiscal agent until July 1st, was \$2,766,281.

<u>Trust and Agency Funds:</u> The Gifts Fund is established to account for revenue derived from private donations. Revenue collections were \$195,753. The expenditures in the Gifts Fund for 2016 were \$116,247 with a fund balance of \$140,049.

<u>Casualty/Flood Insurance Funds</u>: The Casualty and Flood Insurance Fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements. Revenue collections were \$37,540 at the close of fiscal year 2015-2016. Total expenditures in the fund were \$1,478,282. The fund balance at the close of FY16 was \$389,310.

Agency Fund (School Activity Fund): The Agency Fund is the "School Activity Fund" which is used to account for monies collected through the fundraising efforts of students and district-sponsored groups. Revenues are deposited into separate sub-accounts and maintained for the benefit of students. Major revenue sources for the Activity Fund are fundraisers, concession sales, admission fees, program fees and vending sales. Current year collections totaled \$555,427. Total disbursements in the School Activity Fund were \$547,993 as of June 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW: The El Reno School District continues to monitor its financial position carefully in relation to student growth or the lack thereof. The district experienced a decrease in "chargeables". Our state aide allocation was \$8,551,239 for FY16 compared to our state aid in FY 2011 of \$8,044,762, FY 2012 of \$8,308,155, FY 13 of \$7,841,844, FY 14 of \$7,659,386 and \$8,616,198 in FY 15. With the vision of a declining economy the district's Board of Education and Administration proceeded cautiously in closing FY 16 by planning for continued economic down turn for future years. The LEA was able to maintain a fund balance that would help to offset probable cuts in FY 17. We continued to maintain by freezing expenditures across the board on all budgets when needed.

Landlocked El Reno Public Schools continues to cope with a limited net tax base (\$64,960,812). This includes tax exempt federal properties equal to 31% of the school's land base that are not reimbursed by Impact Aid funds. Native American housing bought within the district continues to add further decline to the tax base. Lower Ad Valorem revenues handicaps the General, Building and Sinking funds for the district.

Federal funds continue to provide a significant portion of the district General Fund Revenue. Federal funds amounted to \$2,048,971 in FY 16 compared to \$1,844,087 in FY 15 and to \$1,933,945 in FY 14.

District payroll averaged a little over \$1,331,000 monthly. Salaries and benefits represented 88% of the FY 16 expenditure budget. The remaining 12% of annual expenditures was allocated for operations, including insurance, utilities, general supplies, communications, transportation, textbooks, professional and other purchased services.

21ST CENTURY COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTER PROGRAM GRANT - During FY 15 we received a five year grant for the purpose of creating local community learning centers to be offered during non-school hours to provide students and their families with activities that will reinforce the regular academic program. A broad array of other activities designed to complement their school-day programs and advance student achievement are also part of the grant. The grant is for \$910,000 and we officially started this program in January of 2015. We expended \$186,358 and were allowed to carry forward \$20,642. The carried forward was added to the FY 16 allocation of \$207,000. We expended \$222,822 in FY 16 which left us with a carry forward of \$4,820 to be added to the FY 17 allocation.

REVENUE COMPARISON

REVENUE	%	FY 16	%	FY 15
Local State Federal	19 69 12	\$ 3,409,806* \$12,380,301 \$ 2,048,971	18 71 11	\$ 3,255,461 \$12,664,198 \$ 1,823,943
TOTAL	100	\$17,839,078	100	\$17,743,602

(*amount includes non-revenue receipts)

FY12 = \$17,909,722 *increase of \$ 171,175 FY13 = \$17,049,374 *decrease of \$ 860,348 FY14 = \$18,214,772 *increase of \$ 1,165,398 FY15 = \$17,743,602 *decrease of \$ 471,170 FY16 = \$17,839,078 *increase of \$ 95,476

EXPENDITURE COMPARISON GENERAL FUND

EXPENDITURES	FY 16	%	FY 15	%
Salaries	\$11,911,423	65	\$ 11,485,521	65
Benefits	\$ 4,378,225	24	\$ 4,201,783	23
Purchased Services	\$ 813,180	045	\$ 811,637	05
Supplies	\$ 943,100	05	\$ 859,095	05
Property	\$ 36,629	005	\$ 133,000	01
Other	\$ 158,828	01	\$ 167,644	01
TOTAL	\$18,241,385	100	\$ 17,658,770	100

FUND BALANCE TREND GENERAL FUND EL RENO PUBLIC SCHOOLS

YEAR	FUND BALANCE	UP/DOWN
FY 16	\$2,534,788	(408,702)
FY 15	\$2,943,490	59,509
FY 14	\$2,883,981	(282,640)
FY 13	\$3,166,621	(703,883)
FY 12	\$3,870,504	(151,628)
FY 11	\$4,022,132	1,483,360
FY 10	\$2,538,772	(97,390)
FY 09	\$2,636,162	887,150
FY 08	\$1,749,012	373,320
FY 07	\$1,375,692	(479,860)

AD VALOREM TAX (Real – Personal – Public Service) EL RENO PUBLIC SCHOOLS DISTRICT VALUATION TREND

<u>YEAR</u>	TOTAL VALUATION	GROWTH	<u>%</u>
FY 16	\$64,960,812	\$1,852,036	3
FY 15	\$63,108,776	(\$14,825,154)	-24
FY 14	\$77,933,930	\$7,164,645	9
FY 13	\$70,769,285	\$6,019,537	8.5
FY 12	\$64,749,748	\$3,402,264	5
FY 11	\$61,347,484	\$2,581,951	4
FY 10	\$58,765,533	\$1,691,317	3
FY 09	\$57,074,216	\$8,089,312	14
FY 08	\$48,984,904	\$2,800,242	6.1

LONG TERM DEBT: The district had outstanding bonds and a capital lease totaling \$35,189,517 at the end of June 2016.

<u>Description</u>	Amount <u>Issued</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Outstanding
2014 Building Bond	\$2,650,000	07-01-2016	\$2,650,000
2015 Building Bond	\$2,600,000	07-01-2017	\$2,600,000
Capital Lease	\$33,050,000	08-15-2025	\$29,939,517
BALANCE	\$38,300,000		\$35,189,517

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This information is provided to give the reader a general overview of the district's financial condition. All information provided in this report is open to public inspection. If you have any questions concerning information provided in this report or need additional information, please contact Craig McVay, Superintendent or Sandra Porter, Treasurer (405-262-1703).

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 10,202,867
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets	68,219,025
Less: accumulated depreciation	(12,734,932)
Total noncurrent assets	55,484,093
Total Assets	65,686,960
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Warrants payable	2,022,835
Encumbrances	399,378
General obligation bonds payable	2,650,000
Capital lease	1,854,579
Total current liabilities	6,926,792
Long-Term Liabilities	
General obligation bonds payable	2,600,000
Capital lease	28,084,938
Total long-term liabilities	30,684,938
Total Liabilities	37,611,730
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	20,294,576
Restricted	5,245,866
Unrestricted	2,534,788
Total Net Position	\$ 28,075,230

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenditures	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs				
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 10,747,491	75,681	1,509,954	(9,161,856)
Support services	7,872,785	415,757	738,165	(6,718,863)
Operation of non-instructional services	1,386,362	233,952	1,000,612	(151,798)
Interest payments	826,738	-	-	(826,738)
Depreciation - unallocated	441,707		-	(441,707)
Total governmental activities	\$ 21,275,083	725,390	3,248,731	(17,300,962)
General Revenues				
Taxes				
Property taxes, levied for general pur	poses			2,546,783
Property taxes, levied for debt service)			2,659,307
Other taxes				1,806,029
State aid not restricted to specific purpos	ses			10,516,031
County sources not restricted to specific	purposes			602,492
Interest earnings				2,171
Special items: Adjustments to prior year encumbran	000			10,131
Transfer - capital assets - fiduciary funds				1,236,857
Total general revenues and special it				19,379,801
Total general revenues and special it	Citio			
Change in Net Position				2,078,839
Net Position, Beginning of Year				25,996,391
Net Position, End of Year				\$ 28,075,230

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	General Fund	Bond Funds	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash	\$ 4,070,908	1,725,081	2,766,281	1,640,597	10,202,867
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Warrants payable	\$ 1,520,301	338,513	-	164,021	2,022,835
Encumbrances	15,819	383,559			399,378
Total liabilities	1,536,120	722,072		164,021	2,422,213
Fund balances					
Restricted					
Restricted for capital projects	-	1,003,009	-	-	1,003,009
Restricted for debt service	-	-	2,766,281	-	2,766,281
Restricted for special revenues	-	-	-	1,476,576	1,476,576
Unassigned	2,534,788				2,534,788
Total fund balances	2,534,788	1,003,009	2,766,281	1,476,576	7,780,654
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,070,908	1,725,081	2,766,281	1,640,597	10,202,867

RECONCILIATION OF THE ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 7,780,654

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position - regulatory basis are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of these assets are as follows:

Land	\$ 692,370
Land improvements	2,858,447
Buildings and structures	34,191,884
Machinery and equipment	3,985,887
Construction in progress	26,490,437
Language and the state of the s	(40.704.000)

Less: accumulated depreciation (12,734,932) 55,484,093

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(35,189,517)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 28,075,230

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Bond Funds	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues collected:	T dild	1 dildo	1 dila	1 dildo	1 dildo
Local sources	\$ 2,718,905	307	2,659,957	566,222	5,945,391
Intermediate sources	602,492	-	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	602,492
State sources	12,380,302	-	-	160,053	12,540,355
Federal sources	2,048,971	-	-	981,463	3,030,434
Non-revenue receipts	88,408	-	-	5,826	94,234
Total revenues collected	17,839,078	307	2,659,957	1,713,564	22,212,906
Expenditures:					
Instruction	10,673,318	74,173	-	-	10,747,491
Support services	7,324,226	97,581	-	481,156	7,902,963
Operation of non-instructional services	237,333	-	-	1,149,029	1,386,362
Facilities acquisition & construction services	-	1,391,387	-	-	1,391,387
Other outlays	20,326	-	-	36,091	56,417
Repayments Debt service:	2,000	-	-	47,555	49,555
Principal retirements	-	1,736,262	-	-	1,736,262
Interest payments	-	826,738	-	-	826,738
Total expenditures	18,257,203	4,126,141		1,713,831	24,097,175
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(418,125)	(4,125,834)	2,659,957	(267)	(1,884,269)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	9,423	-	-	708	10,131
Other financing sources (uses) Bond sales proceeds		2,600,000		<u> </u>	2,600,000
Net changes in fund balances	(408,702)	(1,525,834)	2,659,957	441	725,862
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,943,490	2,528,843	106,324	1,476,135	7,054,792
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,534,788	1,003,009	2,766,281	1,476,576	7,780,654

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	725,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities and changes in net position - regulatory basis are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities and changes in net position - regulatory basis the cost of these assets have not been reflected. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period.			
Capital outlay expenditures (including fiduciary funds, net of disposals) Depreciation (net of disposals)	\$ 2,658,422 (441,707)		2,216,715
General obligation bonds were sold this year. The amount financed by this source is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the proceeds from the bonds are not revenues in the statement of activities and changes in net			
position, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		((2,600,000)
Repayment of long-term obligations is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, whereas the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities in the statement of net position			1,736,262

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 2,078,839

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	Expendable Trust Funds	Agency Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	<u>\$ 659,904</u>	233,925
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Warrants payable	45,197	-
Encumbrances Due to student groups	85,348 -	223,925
_ 10 10 10000000 group 1		
Total Liabilities	130,545	223,925
NET POSITION		
Fund balances		
Restricted for scholarships and other specific purposes	\$ 529,359	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Expendable Trust Funds
Additions	
Gifts and contributions	\$ 142,353
Insurance loss recoveries	30,000
Refunds of prior year expenditures	53,400
Non-revenue receipts	7,540
Total additions	233,293
Deductions	
Purchases in accordances with wishes	118,845
Insurance repairs and replacements	1,561,032
Total deductions	1,679,877
Change in Net Position	(1,446,584)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,975,943
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 529,359

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the El Reno Public Schools Independent District No. I-34 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education which is composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic -- but not the only -- criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial oversight responsibility. interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

The El Reno Public Schools Foundation, Inc. is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise authority over the Foundation.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Basic Financial Statements

New Reporting Standards

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. This statement established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments. One of these new requirements is the inclusion of a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section. MD&A introduces the basic financial statements by presenting certain financial information as well as management's analysis of that information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information for the entire government with the exception of fiduciary funds. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> – This statement reports the District's financial and capital resources. Liabilities are segregated between current liabilities (those that are due within one year) and long-term liabilities (those that are due in more than one year).

<u>Statement of Activities</u> – This statement demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenditures of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenditures are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges for services such as tuition and other fees, and restricted grants and contributions. General revenues include taxes, state aid, and other sources not included as program revenues.

Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Basic Financial Statements – cont'd

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal (including judgments), interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are the District's bond funds and are used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Basic Financial Statements – cont'd

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds - Expendable trust funds include the gifts fund and the casualty and flood insurance fund.

<u>Gifts Fund</u> - The gifts fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Casualty and Flood Insurance Fund</u> - The casualty and flood insurance fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

Agency Fund - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

C. Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is, in substance the format established by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

As to the basis of accounting, the basic financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting - cont'd

- Capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are recorded when acquired and depreciated over their useful lives.
- Long-term debt reported in the government-wide statements are recorded when incurred.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is paid.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all governmental funds that include revenues and expenditures.

The 2015-16 Estimate of Needs was amended by the following supplemental appropriation:

Fund	•	plemental ropriations	Original Appropriations	Final Appropriations
Child Nutrition	\$	210,933	1,194,323	1,405,256
Gifts		165,312	63,142	228,454

These amendments were approved by the Canadian County Clerk and Excise Board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund - is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

E. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

Investments - All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2016, is not material to the basic financial statements - regulatory basis.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include land improvements, buildings and structures, and machinery and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life of three (3) years.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend the useful life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Due to Student Groups</u> - Funds due to student groups represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extra-curricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – cont'd

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District's policies regarding accumulated unpaid vacation, sick pay, and other employee benefit amounts permit employees to accumulate varying amounts as determined by board policy and/or provided in employee contracts. The District has not established financial records regarding compensated absences. Consequently, the government-wide financial statements do not include any liability for any rights to receive vacation, sick pay or other employee benefits.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Bonds payable and lease purchase obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable portion of the statement of net assets.

<u>Net Position</u> – Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are legally restricted for a specific purpose. The purpose of each reservation is indicated by the account title on the face of the financial statements.

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e. fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and note receivables, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as committed for amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - cont'd

Assigned Fund Balance – The fund balance should be reported as assigned for amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Resource Use Policy - It is the District's policy for all funds that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the District's policy when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers committed amounts to be spent first followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

G. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1st. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1st. The second half is due prior to April 1st.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2nd. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1st, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1st, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

G. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> - Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

G. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Non-Revenue Receipts - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited in the fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

Instruction Expenditures - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures - This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered by the district or a third party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

G. Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2015-16 fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the District holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the District holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 2 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the District must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2016 the District held deposits of approximately \$11,110,104 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing accounts, and investments are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name. Therefore, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - cont'd

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies.
- 3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
- County, municipal or school district debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

The District had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2016, as defined above.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - cont'd

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the District. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2016, the District had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2016.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land improvements	15-20
Buildings and structures	10-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20

Capital asset activity for the year ended, as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	June 30, 2016
Land	\$ 692,370	-	-	-	692,370
Land improvements	2,843,989	14,458	-	-	2,858,447
Buildings and structures	21,504,752	1,320,538	11,366,594	-	34,191,884
Machinery and equipment	3,806,782	179,105	-	-	3,985,887
Construction in progress	36,712,710	1,144,321	(11,366,594)		26,490,437
Total	65,560,603	2,658,422	-	-	68,219,025
Less: accumulated depreciation	(12,293,225)	(441,707)		-	(12,734,932)
Net capital assets	\$ 53,267,378	2,216,715		-	55,484,093

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable, and a capital lease. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Lease	Total
Balance, July 1, 2015 Additions Retirements	\$ 2,650,000 2,600,000 -	31,675,779 - (1,736,262)	34,325,779 2,600,000 (1,736,262)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 5,250,000	29,939,517	35,189,517

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2016, is set forth below:

General Obligation Bonds	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Building Bonds, Series 2014, original issue \$2,650,000 dated 7-01-14, interest rate of 1.00%, due in one payment of \$2,650,000 on 7-01-16;	\$ 2,650,000
Building Bonds, Series 2015, original issue \$2,600,000 dated 7-01-15, Interest rate of 1.00%, due in one payment of \$2,600,000 on 7-01-17;	2,600,000

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

Capital Lease

Lease purchase for various construction projects, original issue \$33,050,000 dated May 1, 2013 with an interest rate of 4.00%, due in varying principal and interest payments beginning August 15, 2014, with the final payment due August 15, 2025.

\$29,939,517

Total \$35,189,517

The annual debt service requirements for retirement of bond and capital lease principal and payment of interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 4,504,579	834,421	5,339,000
2018	4,618,983	785,017	5,404,000
2019	2,182,679	680,321	2,863,000
2020	2,356,646	623,354	2,980,000
2021	2,544,155	561,845	3,106,000
2022-2026	18,982,475	1,708,525	20,691,000
Total	\$ 35,189,517	5,193,483	40,383,000

Interest paid on long-term debt during the current year totaled \$826,738.

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - cont'd

report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The non-funded pension benefit obligation of the System, as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2016, is as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	22,193,244,472
Actuarial Value of Assets		14,577,868,730
	·	_
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	7,615,375,742

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.00% of covered compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The matching contribution rate was 8.25%. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 5.00% of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District's employer contribution rate was 9.50%. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members.

Pension Cost

The District's total contributions, including the state credit, for the years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, were \$1,906,958, \$1,832,905, and, \$1,922,048, respectively.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

7. CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Worker's compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

The District had no known lawsuits pending or in process at June 30, 2016. Should a judgment be awarded against the District, it would be levied through the District's sinking fund over a three-year period.

8. SURETY BONDS

The treasurer is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety, bond number LSF041326 for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning July 14, 2015 and ending July 14, 2016. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

8. SURETY BONDS - cont'd

The activity fund custodian is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety, bond number 1597053 for the penal sum of \$5,000, term beginning July 1, 2015 and ending July 1, 2016. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The encumbrance clerk is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety, bond number 1597053 for the penal sum of \$10,000, term beginning July 1, 2015 and ending July 1, 2016. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The minutes clerk is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety, bond number 1597053 for the penal sum of \$5,000, term beginning July 1, 2015 and ending July 1, 2016. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The superintendent is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety, bond number 601061289 for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning January 3, 2016 and ending January 3, 2017. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District sold \$2,700,000 in building bonds on May 6, 2016. These bonds were part of the \$44,835,000 in building bonds that were approved at the election held on February 12, 2013. The \$2,700,000 in building bonds will be dated July 1, 2016.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
Developed as Heaterdy			_		
Revenues collected:	Ф 0.444.004	0.444.004	2 740 005	207.404	
Local sources	\$ 2,411,801	2,411,801	2,718,905	307,104	
Intermediate sources	565,000	565,000	602,492	37,492 (407,534)	
State sources Federal sources	12,487,823	12,487,823	12,380,302	(107,521)	
	1,838,995	1,838,995	2,048,971	209,976	
Non-revenue receipts	71,500	71,500	88,408	16,908	
Total revenues collected	17,375,119	17,375,119	17,839,078	463,959	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	11,188,109	10,893,952	10,673,318	220,634	
Support services	8,550,000	8,818,295	7,324,226	1,494,069	
Operation of non-instructional services	232,000	260,100	237,333	22,767	
Other outlays	313,500	346,262	20,326	325,936	
Repayments	35,000	5-10,202	2,000	(2,000)	
Total expenditures	20,318,609	20,318,609	18,257,203	2,061,406	
Excess of revenues collected over (under)					
expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(2,943,490)	(2,943,490)	(418,125)	2,525,365	
prior year encumbrances	(2,943,490)	(2,943,490)	(410,123)	2,323,363	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			9,423	9,423	
Net change in fund balance	(2,943,490)	(2,943,490)	(408,702)	2,534,788	
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,943,490	2,943,490	2,943,490	<u> </u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -		2,534,788	2,534,788	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BOND FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	\$ -		307	307
Expenditures:				
Instruction	25,000	124,781	74,173	50,608
Support services	77,000	967,062	97,581	869,481
Facilities acquisition & construction				
services	2,426,843	4,000,000	3,954,387	45,613
Unbudgeted		37,000		37,000
Total expenditures	2,528,843	5,128,843	4,126,141	1,002,702
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(2,528,843)	(5,128,843)	(4,125,834)	1,003,009
Other financing sources (uses) Bond sales proceeds		2,600,000	2,600,000	
Net change in fund balance	(2,528,843)	(2,528,843)	(1,525,834)	1,003,009
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,528,843	2,528,843	2,528,843	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -		1,003,009	1,003,009

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - DEBT SERVICE FUND - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
Revenues collected: Local sources	\$ 2,596,676	2,596,676	2,659,957	63,281
Expenditures: Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest payments	-			
Total expenditures	-		-	
Net change in fund balance	2,596,676	2,596,676	2,659,957	63,281
Fund balance, beginning of year	106,324	106,324	106,324	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,703,000	2,703,000	2,766,281	63,281

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted .	∆ mounte	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable)
		Original	1 IIIai	Amounts	(Offiavorable)
Revenues collected:					
Local sources	\$	441,903	441,903	566,222	124,319
State sources		164,222	164,222	160,053	(4,169)
Federal sources		775,855	986,788	981,463	(5,325)
Non-revenue receipts				5,826	5,826
Total revenues collected		1,381,980	1,592,913	1,713,564	120,651
			•		
Expenditures:					
Support services		1,058,792	1,572,903	481,156	1,091,747
Operation of non-instructional services		1,152,823	1,317,273	1,149,029	168,244
Facilities acquisition & construction					
services		605,000	90,000	-	90,000
Other outlays		40,500	41,317	·	5,226
Repayments		1,000	47,555	47,555	
Total expenditures		2,858,115	3,069,048	1,713,831	1,355,217
Excess of revenues collected over (under)					
expenditures before adjustments to					
prior year encumbrances		(1,476,135)	(1,476,135	5) (267)	1,475,868
				700	700
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances				708	708
		(4.470.405)	(4, 470, 405	-\ 444	4 470 570
Net change in fund balance		(1,476,135)	(1,476,135	5) 441	1,476,576
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,476,135	1,476,135	1 476 125	
i und balance, beginning or year	-	1,470,133	1,470,133	1,476,135	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	_	_	1,476,576	1,476,576
i dia balanco, ond or your	Ψ			1,470,070	1,470,070

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash	<u>\$ 1,239,395</u>	1,383	399,819	1,640,597
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities Warrants payable	\$ 45,766	1,383	116,872	164,021
Fund balances Restricted	1,193,629		282,947	1,476,576
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,239,395	1,383	399,819	1,640,597

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	\$ 318,064	14,206	233,952	566,222
State sources	-	20,788	139,265	160,053
Federal sources	-	-	981,463	981,463
Non-revenue receipts	-	889	4,937	5,826
Total revenues collected	318,064	35,883	1,359,617	1,713,564
Expenditures:				
Support services	446,162	34,994	-	481,156
Operation of non-instructional services	-	-	1,149,029	1,149,029
Other outlays	-	889	35,202	36,091
Repayments	-	-	47,555	47,555
Total expenditures	446,162	35,883	1,231,786	1,713,831
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior				
year encumbrances	(128,098)	-	127,831	(267)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	124		584	708
Net changes in fund balances	(127,974)	-	128,415	441
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,321,603		154,532	1,476,135
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,193,629		282,947	1,476,576

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	BALANCE 7-01-15	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	BALANCE 6-30-16
Cash	\$226,491	555,427	_	547,993	233,925
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	<u> </u>				
Funds held for school organizations Athletics		05 126	(1.044)	86,955	61 116
Adelante	\$ 54,319 1,504	95,126 1,884	(1,044)	•	61,446
Band Fund	454	7,093	-	1,645 5,447	1,743 2,100
	454 8	7,093 269	-	5,447	2,100
RMS Relay For Life Athletic Girls Basketball	322	700	- 877	- 1,354	545
El Reno Softball	322 1,197	2,000	011	2,889	308
	1,197	3,601	-	2,869 2,935	306 777
ED Pep Club JR Class	16,506	26,111	(224)		
	10,500	5,416	(234)	19,413 5,416	22,970
Clearing Account	- 1 E24	419	-	234	1 700
EHS History Club	1,524 57	419	- (57)	234	1,709
Key Club	602	- 2,586	(57) 385	- 3,127	- 446
EHS Honor Society Operetta	722	2,566 14,563	303	3,127 11,404	3,881
SR Class	17,321	16,475	-	25,377	8,419
Indian Club	202	2,059	-	1,380	881
	593	2,059	-	1,300	593
Reel Roblyer Production	717	9,069	843	- 9,123	1,506
Drama Band Uniform Account	1,962	9,069 1,850	043	9,123 2,357	1,306
Boomer/Yearbook/Journalism	4,184	5,615	(15)	2,337	7,584
EHS Student Council	4,164 2,167	26,573	(15)		
	405	26,573 568	-	25,672 155	3,068 818
EOI Reward Day Fund EHS FCCLA	570	2,223	(100)	1,998	695
Math & Science	19	2,223	(100)	1,990	19
FFA	15,040	81,034	(500)	83,893	11,681
CRT Reward Day Fund	15,040	01,034	(500)	03,093	6
Business Honor Society	27	- 15	-	-	42
Gifts To Yanks	1,328	8,746	- 1,158	9,908	1,324
ER Football	993	5,477	1,130	3,861	2,609
		11,371	-		
Wrestling Club EHS FCA	3,732 314	11,371	<u>-</u>	11,252	3,851 314
ED FCCLA	6,485	- 4,648	-	3,977	7,156
ER Baseball	3,423	9,194	-	9,668	2,949
Pride Boosters	10,170	24,976	-	23,863	11,283
Title Doosters	10,170	24,370	=	25,005	11,200

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>LIABILITIES</u> - cont'd	BALANCE 7-01-15	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-16
Sophomore Class	\$ 1,434	835	(200)	967	1,102
FTA	378	-	-	-	378
ER Boys Basketball	740	4,320	-	816	4,244
Repo Acct	502	203	270	776	199
Afterschool Program	30	40,439	-	40,469	-
EHS Relay for Life	59	-	-	-	59
ER Golf Team	600	3,400	-	3,556	444
EHS Pom Team	644	6,685	-	6,896	433
ESS Library Copier	502	419	-	485	436
Freshman Class	1,157	1,725	-	1,734	1,148
Art Club	273	8,880	-	8,006	1,147
JH Baseball	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
Instrumental Rental Fee	100	2,240	-	2,240	100
Employee Courtesy	2,661	-	-	150	2,511
Webster Library	100	-	(100)	-	-
ED Student Council	13	-	-	-	13
Central Office Fund	234	2,077	-	974	1,337
FFA/Leadership	2,860	15,313	-	16,530	1,643
El Reno Care/Share	5,503	2,743	-	4,033	4,213
Webster Principal	716	-	(716)	-	-
EDJH Principal	894	13,787	75	10,285	4,471
Building Alumni	241	-	-	-	241
EHS Student Support	442	30	(200)	-	272
Testing	2,170	3,164	-	3,233	2,101
JR Class Equipment	284	-	-	-	284
Hillcrest Library	1,315	3,271	-	3,361	1,225
Lincoln Library	856	4,712	-	4,703	865
Lincoln Student Council	1,602	1,787	-	1,369	2,020
Lincoln Principal	4,688	10,644	(6)	12,297	3,029
EHS Speech/Mock Trial	214	470	-	645	39
PEP Grant	395	-	-	309	86
Rose Witcher Library	1,455	8,154	-	8,012	1,597
Special Olympics	1,664	1,976	-	1,824	1,816
EHS Academic	279	-	-	-	279
RMS Spirit Club	185	-	-	-	185
RMS Student Council	1,102	1,176	-	1,221	1,057
ED Honor Society	21	-	-	-	21
First Steps	1,221	2,378	-	2,492	1,107
RLC Account	12,178	11,810	731	13,088	11,631
EHS Principal Acct	5,282	3,867	(469)	4,828	3,852

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>LIABILITIES</u> - cont'd	BALANCE 7-01-15	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-16
Hillcrest Principal Account	\$ 5,420	9,660	(85)	9,758	5,237
El Reno Learning Center	1,781	3,973	(100)	3,083	2,571
Rose Witcher Principal	12,768	12,226	(513)	19,958	4,523
EDJH Staff Appreciation Fund	20	-	-	-	20
CNP JR High Vending	2,015	300	-	798	1,517
Club Scrub	284	-	-	-	284
EHS Heritage Club	274	-	-	-	274
JR High Volleyball	1,951	2,102		3,594	459
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$226,491	555,427		547,993	233,925

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2015	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2016
U.S. Department of Education:							
<u>Direct Programs</u> :							
Title VIII, Impact Aid	84.041	591	\$ -	-	136,288	-	136,288
Title VIII, Impact Aid	84.041	592	-	-	56,816	-	56,816
Title VIIA, Indian Education	84.060A	561	108,639	-	87,092	108,639	-
Title VIIA, Indian Education 2014-15 - Note 1	84.060A	799	-	-	17,539	-	-
Funds for the Improvement of Education: Push Up Grant	84.215F	559	760,608	14,351	14,315	14,315	36
Funds for the Imprvmnt of Ed.: Push Up Grant 2014-15 - Note 1	84.215F	799			12,265		
Sub Total			869,247	14,351	324,315	122,954	193,140
Passed Through Oklahoma Department of Education:							
Title I *	84.010	511	767,916	_	571,002	762,026	5,890
Title I 2014-15 - Note 1	84.010	799	-	-	170,054	-	-
Title I School Improvement *	84.010	515	196	-	-	_	196
Title IA, Neglected *	84.010	518	1,819	-	1,819	1,819	-
Title ID, Delinguent *	84.013	532	63,078	-	42,371	48,074	15,004
Title ID, Delinquent 2014-15 - Note 1	84.013	799	· -	-	14,644	· -	<i>-</i>
Title I Cluster			833,009	-	799,890	811,919	21,090
IDEA-B Flow Through *	84.027	621	505,151	_	360,806	458,216	46,935
IDEA-B Flow Through 2014-15 - Note 1	84.027	799	-	_	106,570		-0,500
IDEA-B Flow Through Private Schools *	84.027	625	10,334	_	10,334	10,334	_
IDEA-B Preschool *	84.173	641	17,340	_	17,340	17,340	_
IDEA-B Preschool Private School *	84.173	642	367	_	367	367	_
Special Education Cluster			533,192		495,417	486,257	46,935
21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	553	227,642		197,767	222,822	4,820
21st Century Community Learning Centers 2014-15 - Note 1	84.287	799	221,042	-	71,137	222,022	4,820
Title IIIA, English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement,	04.201	199	-	-	71,137	-	-
and Academic Achievement Title IIIA, English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement,	84.365	572	19,233	-	16,990	19,053	180
and Academic Achievement 2014-15 - Note 1	84.365	799	_	-	6,331	-	-
Title IIA, Teacher and Principal Training and Recruitment	84.367	541	90,930	-	82,722	88,472	2,458
Title IIA, Tchr and Prncpl Trnng and Rcrtmnt 2014-15 - Note 1	84.367	541	-	-	5,586	-	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2015	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2016
Passed Through Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education:							
Carl Perkins Grant	84.048	421	\$ 21,782		21,782	21,782	
Sub Total			359,587		402,315	352,129	7,458
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,595,035	14,351	2,021,937	1,773,259	268,623
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through Oklahoma Department of Education:							
Professional Standards for School Nutrition Employees	10.547	767	-	-	100	100	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764	-	57,440	230,288	102,521	185,207
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763	-	50,496	736,500	649,348	137,648
National School Lunch Program - Commodities - Note 2	10.555		-	-	80,825	80,825	-
Child and Adult Food Care Program	10.558	769	-	-	8,223	5,344	2,879
Summer Food Program	10.559	766			14,575	10,113	4,462
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				107,936	1,070,511	848,251	330,196
Total U.S Department of Agriculture			<u> </u>	107,936	1,070,511	848,251	330,196
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:							
Passed Through Oklahoma Department of Human Services:							
Rehabilitation Services - WAT	84.126	456		1,803		107	1,696
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services				1,803		107	1,696

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2015	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2016
U.S. Department of the Interior:							
Passed Through Oklahoma Area Education Office Bureau of Indian Affairs:							
Johnson O'Malley (1/1/16 - 6/30/16) Johnson O'Malley (7/1/15 - 12/31/15)	15.130 15.130	563 564	\$ 18,811 51,758	- 6,115	18,811	3,659 6,115	15,152
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			70,569	6,115	18,811	9,774	15,152
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Note 3			\$ 2,665,604	130,205	3,111,259	2,631,391	615,667

Note 1: These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year. Note 2: This amount represents federal non-cash assistance received in the form of commodities.

Note 3: Total revenue includes \$80,825 in non-cash assistance.

^{* -} Major programs

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education El Reno School District No. I-34 El Reno, Canadian County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements – regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Reno School District No. I-34, Canadian County, Oklahoma (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2017, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention to those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Don' associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C.

Shawnee, Oklahoma March 6, 2017

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education El Reno School District No. I-34 El Reno, Canadian County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the El Reno School District No. I-34, El Reno, Oklahoma's (the "District's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal* Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilow, Don' associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C.

Shawnee, Oklahoma March 6, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results				
Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued:		Adverse		
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? 		No None reported No		
Federal Awards				
 Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? 		No None reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program	ns:	Unqualified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		No		
Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Numbers</u>	Name of Federal progra	am or Cluster		
84.010 84.013 84.027 84.173	Title I, Title I School Improvement ar Title IA, Neglected Title ID, Delinquent IDEA-B Flow Through & IDEA-B Flow Through Private Schools IDEA-B Preschool & IDEA-B Preschools Private Schools			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		\$750,000 No		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

There were no material weaknesses or instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs, or material weakness or reportable conditions in internal control that are required to be reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

There were no prior year audit findings.

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2016

State of Oklahoma)
)ss
County of Pottawatomie)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountants' Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with El Reno Public Schools for the audit year 2015-16.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C. Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of March, 2017.

Notary Public (or CLERK or JUDGE) Commission Expires March 10, 2019

Commission Number 11002236

