### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

### ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-16, COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

**JUNE 30, 2019** 

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

**President** 

Shane Burk

**Vice-President** 

Charley Robertson

Clerk

Aaron Molloy

Member

Amber McNeil

Member

Jaimee Deel

#### **SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS**

Nathaniel Meraz

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

**Brooke Bratcher** 

www.elginps.org

### ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2019

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No
School District Officials	2
Table of Contents	3-4
Independent Auditor's Report	5-6
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements - Regulatory Basis – Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	7-8
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance	9-10
Disposition of Prior Year's Significant Deficiencies and Material Instances of Non-Compliance	11
Schedule of Audit Results, Findings and Questioned Costs	12
Combined Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis	
Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance All Fund Types and Account Groups – Regulatory Basis	13
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trusts – Regulatory Basis	14
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	15-17
Notes to Combined Financial Statements - Regulatory Basis	18-35
Combining Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – All Special Revenue Funds – Regulatory Basis	36

### ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2019

	Page No.
Combining Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis – cont'd	
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Special Revenue Funds – Regulatory Basis	37
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	38
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – All Capital Projects Funds – All Regulatory Basis	39
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Capital Projects Funds – Regulatory Basis	40
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities  -Agency Funds – Regulatory Basis	41-42
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis	43
Schedule of Statutory, Fidelity and Honesty Bonds	44
Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	45

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Elgin School District Number I-16 Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Elgin School District Number I-16, Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2019, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2019, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

October 18, 2019

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Elgin School District Number I-16 Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Elgin School District Number I-16, Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2019, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

October 18, 2019

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Elgin School District Number I-16 Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Elgin School District Number I-16, Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma (District)'s, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

October 18, 2019

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFIANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2019

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Section 1** - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which were material to the financial statements.
- 3. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting which were considered to be material weaknesses.
- 4. An unmodified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 5. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Programs determined to be major are the Impact Aid Programs (84.041, 12.558), which were clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

**Section 3** – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

None

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

		GOVERNMENTA	L FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL	TOTALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	AGENCY FUNDS	LONG-TERM DEBT	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS  Cash  Amounts available in debt service  Amount to be provided for retirement	\$ 3,362,514	2,226,518	4,454,889	115,405	294,974	115,405	10,454,300 115,405
of long-term debt  Total Assets	Ф 2.262.514	2 226 549	4 454 990	115 105	204.074	6,858,197	6,858,197
Total Assets	\$ 3,362,514	2,226,518	4,454,889	115,405	294,974	6,973,602	17,427,902
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE  Liabilities:  Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	\$ 458,419 475,748	23,313 1,365,000	253,000		294,974		481,732 2,093,748 294,974
Capital leases Bonds payable Total liabilities	934,167	1,388,313	253,000	0	294,974	518,602 6,455,000 6,973,602	518,602 6,455,000 9,844,056
Fund Balance: Restricted Unassigned Cash fund balances	2,428,347 2,428,347	838,205	4,201,889	115,405			5,155,499 2,428,347 7,583,846
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 3,362,514	2,226,518	4,454,889	115,405	294,974	6,973,602	17,427,902

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES TOTALS SPECIAL CAPITAL** DEBT (MEMORANDUM **REVENUE PROJECTS SERVICE GENERAL** ONLY) Revenues collected: 2.653.284 6.407.080 Local sources 2.962.286 791.510 Intermediate sources 388,670 388,670 State sources 10,920,978 84,266 11,005,244 Federal sources 2,362,434 606,136 2,968,570 9,251 3,346 1,409 5,579 19,585 Interest earnings Non-revenue receipts 46.823 480 54.824 7.521 1,409 2,659,343 Total revenues collected 16,651,140 1,532,081 20,843,973 Expenditures: Instruction 10,571,067 43,478 10,614,545 Support services 6,429,796 1,490,314 256,300 8,176,410 Operation of non-instructional services 997 876,203 877,200 Facilities acquisition & construction services 35.203 230,930 2,215,988 2,482,121 Other outlays: Debt service requirements 2,515,133 2,515,133 Reimbursements 400 400 Correcting entry 7,286 46,424 53,710 17,044,349 Total expenditures 2,687,749 2,472,288 2,515,133 24,719,519 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses) (393,209)(1,155,668)(2,470,879)144,210 (3,875,546)Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of bonds 4,000,000 4,000,000 Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 120,840 16,760 434 138,034 Total other financing sources (uses) 120,840 16,760 4,000,434 0 4,138,034 Excess of revenues collected 144,210 over (under) expenditures (272,369)(1,138,908)1,529,555 262,488 Cash fund balances, beginning of year 2,700,716 1,977,113 2,672,334 (28,805)7,321,358 Cash fund balances, end of year 2,428,347 4,201,889 7,583,846 838,205 115,405

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		GENERAL FUND	
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:	<b>A</b> 0.047.070	0.000.000	244.007
Local sources	\$ 2,617,379	2,962,286	344,907
Intermediate sources	345,467	388,670	43,203
State sources	10,974,487	10,920,978	(53,509)
Federal sources	1,378,581 6,500	2,362,434 9,251	983,853 2,751
Interest earnings Non-revenue receipts	(528)	9,251 7,521	8,049
Total revenues collected	15,321,886	16,651,140	1,329,254
Expenditures:			
Instruction		10,571,067	(10,571,067)
Support services		6,429,796	(6,429,796)
Operation of non-instruction services		997	(997)
Facilities acquisition & construction services		35,203	(35,203)
Other outlays:			
Correcting entry		7,286	(7,286)
Unbudgeted	18,022,602		18,022,602
Total expenditures	18,022,602	17,044,349	978,253
Excess of revenues collected			
over (under) expenditures before	(0.700.740)	(202.000)	0 007 507
adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(2,700,716)	(393,209)	2,307,507
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	0	120,840	120,840
Excess of revenues collected			
over (under) expenditures	(2,700,716)	(272,369)	2,428,347
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	2,700,716	2,700,716	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	2,428,347	2,428,347

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Variance Original Final Favorable Budget Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Collected: \$ 684.401 739.725 791.510 Local sources 51,785 86,107 84,266 State sources 86,107 (1.841)Federal sources 360,721 360,721 606,136 245,415 Interest earnings 3,346 3,346 Non-revenue receipts 46,823 46,823 1,186,553 Total revenues collected 1,131,229 1,532,081 345,528 Expenditures: Instruction 43,478 (43,478)1,490,314 (1,490,314)Support services Operation of non-instructional services 876.203 (876, 203)Facilities acquisition & construction services 230,930 (230,930)Other outlays: Reimbursement 400 (400)Correcting entry 46,424 (46,424)Unbudgeted 3,108,342 3,163,666 3,163,666 3,108,342 2,687,749 475,917 Total expenditures 3,163,666 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances (1,977,113)(1,977,113)(1,155,668)821,445 0 Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 16,760 16,760 0 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures (1,977,113)(1,977,113)(1,138,908)838,205 Cash fund balances, beginning of year 1,977,113 1,977,113 1,977,113 0 Cash fund balances, end of year 0 0 838,205 838,205

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		D	EBT SERVICE FUND	
	0	riginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$	2,549,373	2,653,284	103,911
Interest earnings			5,579	5,579
Non-revenue receipts			480	480
Total revenues collected		2,549,373	2,659,343	109,970
Requirements:				
Bonds		2,390,000	2,390,000	
Coupons		127,594	125,133	2,461
Total requirements		2,517,594	2,515,133	2,461
Excess of revenue collected over (under)				
expenditures		31,779	144,210	112,431
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		(28,805)	(28,805)	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	2,974	115,405	112,431

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Elgin Public Schools Independent District, No. I-16 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### A. Reporting Entity – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District operates the Alternative Education program through this fund.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

#### **Memorandum Only - Total Column**

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2018-19 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

Fund Amount
Child Nutrition \$55,324

These amendments were approved by the County Excise Board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2019, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amount in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Non-Monetary Transactions – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2019, were \$10,454,300, at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Investment Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2019.

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds and judgments are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2018 Additions Retirements	\$ 4,845,000 4,000,000 (2,390,000)	43,085,107 0 (2,539,505)	47,930,107 4,000,000 (4,929,505)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 6,455,000	40,545,602	47,000,602

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2019, is set forth below:

General Obligation Bonds:	<u>(</u>	Amount Outstanding
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2018, original issue \$2,455,000, interest rate of 3.15%, due in one annual installment of \$2,455,000 on 06-01-20	\$	2,455,000
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2019, original issue \$4,000,000, interest rate from 2.25% to 2.00%, due in annual installments of \$1,950,000 to \$2,050,000 on 06-01-21 and 06-01-22		4,000,000
Capital Leases:		
Lease purchase for new Elementary and Middle School Project, dated 12-1-11, for \$13,075,575, due in annual principal and interest installments varying from \$875,162 to \$3,969,250, final payment due 9-01-19 (see Note 8)		3,969,250
Lease purchase for Elgin Public School Project, dated 7-1-17, for \$36,282,100, due in annual principal and interest installments of varying amounts, final payment due 12-1-32 (see Note 8)		36,057,750
QZAB lease purchase, dated 2-28-14, totaling \$1,000,000, due in annual principal and interest installments of \$108,434, final payment due 2-28-24	_	518,602
Total	\$	47,000,602

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the bonds and capital leases, including the payment of principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
Julie 30	Timelpai	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 6,527,905	169,986	6,697,891
2021	2,544,915	91,144	2,636,059
2022	4,769,997	45,737	4,815,734
2023	2,785,903	3,181	2,789,084
2024	2,846,882	1,602	2,848,484
Thereafter	27,525,000	0	27,525,000
Total	\$ 47,000,602	311,650	47,312,252

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2018-19 fiscal year totaled \$134,400.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

#### Basis of Accounting - cont'd

benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2018-19 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 7.70%.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contributions for 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,383,609, \$1,159,444, and \$1,102,741, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2019. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2018-19 fiscal year. The revised Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

#### 7. **CONTINGENCIES** – cont'd

#### Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

#### 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS

#### New Elementary and Middle School Project

On December 1, 2011, the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority issued \$13,075,575 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds (New Elementary and Middle School Project) Series 2011, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Elgin School District. Also on December 1, 2011, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for eight (8) annual payments starting September 1, 2012. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$14,025,000, on September 13, 2011. Elgin Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund balance under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

#### 2017 Elgin Public Schools Project

On July 1, 2017, the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority issued \$126,360,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2017A and 2017B, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Elgin School District. Also on July 1, 2017, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for fourteen (14) annual payments starting December 1, 2017. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$36,910,000, passed by electors of the District on March 7, 2017. Elgin Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund balance under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	E	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$	2,079,833	3,675	143,010	2,226,518
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Total liabilities	\$	19,060 1,332,517 1,351,577	0	4,253 32,483 36,736	23,313 1,365,000 1,388,313
Fund Balance: Restricted		728,256	3,675	106,274	838,205
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	2,079,833	3,675	143,010	2,226,518

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$ 414,400		377,110	791,510
State sources		37,231	47,035	84,266
Federal sources	200,000		406,136	606,136
Interest earnings	3,065	8	273	3,346
Non-revenue receipts	43,902		2,921	46,823
Total revenues collected	661,367	37,239	833,475	1,532,081
Expenditures:				
Instruction		43,478		43,478
Support services	1,490,314			1,490,314
Operation of non-instructional services			876,203	876,203
Facilities acquisition & construction services	230,930			230,930
Other outlays:				
Reimbursement			400	400
Correcting entry	43,902		2,522	46,424
Total expenditures	1,765,146	43,478	879,125	2,687,749
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments				
to prior year encumbrances	(1,103,779)	(6,239)	(45,650)	(1,155,668)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	9,967	0	6,793	16,760
Excess of revenues collected over (under)				
expenditures	(1,093,812)	(6,239)	(38,857)	(1,138,908)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,822,068	9,914	145,131	1,977,113
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 728,256	3,675	106,274	838,205

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			BUILDING FUND			CO-OP FUND			CHILD NUTRITION FUND			)
		SINAL	FINAL	4071141		RIGINAL	FINAL	4071141		RIGINAL	FINAL	AOTUAL
Revenues Collected:	BUL	)GET	BUDGET	ACTUAL		BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL		BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL
Local sources State sources	\$	368,399	368,399	414,400	\$	38,431	38,431	37,231	\$	316,002 47,676	371,326 47,676	377,110 47,035
Federal sources				200,000	•	00,101	00,101	07,201		360,721	360,721	406,136
Interest earnings Non-revenue receipts				3,065 43,902				8				273 2,921
Total revenues collected		368,399	368,399	661,367		38,431	38,431	37,239		724,399	779,723	833,475
Expenditures:												
Instruction								43,478				
Support services Operation of non-instructional services				1,490,314								876,203
Facilities acquisition & construction services				230,930								010,200
Other outlays:												
Reimbursement				43,902								400 2,522
Correcting entry Unbudgeted	2	,190,467	2,190,467	43,902		48,345	48,345			869,530	924.854	2,522
Total expenditures		,190,467	2,190,467	1,765,146		48,345	48,345	43,478		869,530	924,854	879,125
					<u>-</u>							
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments												
to prior year encumbrances	(1	,822,068)	(1,822,068)	(1,103,779)		(9,914)	(9,914)	(6,239)		(145,131)	(145,131)	(45,650)
. ,	,	,	, ,	, ,		, ,	,	,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	-	0	0_	9,967		0	0_	0		0	0	6,793
Excess of revenues collected over												
(under) expenditures	(1	,822,068)	(1,822,068)	(1,093,812)		(9,914)	(9,914)	(6,239)		(145,131)	(145,131)	(38,857)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1	,822,068	1,822,068	1,822,068		9,914	9,914	9,914		145,131	145,131	145,131
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	728,256	\$	0	0	3,675	\$	0	0	106,274

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

100570		Building Sond (34) Fund	BUILDING BOND (35) FUND	TOTAL	
ASSETS Cash	\$	4,001,639	453,250	4,454,889	
	-	. ,	<del></del>		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Encumbrances	\$	33,850	219,150	253,000	
Fund Balance: Restricted	-	3,967,789	234,100	4,201,889	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,001,639	453,250	4,454,889	

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUILDING BOND (34) FUND		BUILDING BOND (35) FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected:					
Interest earnings	\$	704	705	1,409	
Expenditures:					
Support services		33,850	222,450	256,300	
Facilities acquisition & construction services		2,215,988		2,215,988	
Total expenditures		2,249,838	222,450	2,472,288	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(2,249,134)	(221,745)	(2,470,879)	
Other financing sources (uses):		4 000 000		4 000 000	
Bond proceeds  Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		4,000,000	434	4,000,000 434	
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,000,000	434	4,000,434	
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures		1,750,866	(221,311)	1,529,555	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		2,216,923	455,411	2,672,334	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	3,967,789	234,100	4,201,889	

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				NET		
		ALANCE		TRANSFERS/		BALANCE
		7-01-18	ADDITIONS	ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	6-30-19
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash	\$	293,587	822,506	0	821,119	294,974
LIABILITIES						
·						
Funds held for school organizations:	•	40	•		•	40
Academic team	\$	43	0	20	0	43
Art		2,878	8,835	36	8,151	3,598
Athletic		13,593	204,348	(50)	203,145	14,796
Band		2,754	37,489	(50)	33,224	6,969
Builder's club		4,527	6,624	(54)	5,932	5,165
M.S. yearbook		9,206	6,705	(4.45)	6,926	8,985
Elementary activity		5,518	15,626	(145)	13,363	7,636
Elementary P.E.		9,584	7,651	(4,642)	7,490	5,103
Elementary library		899	22,168	145	21,897	1,315
FCA		407	0		0	407
FFA		28,435	138,213		147,375	19,273
FCCLA		788	1,931		1,121	1,598
First grade		7,172	14,278	2,922	14,808	9,564
M.S. library		93	1,963		1,877	179
General fund refund		0	235		235	0
H.S. activity		10,011	11,058	(34)	9,580	11,455
H.S. cheerleaders		5,880	15,095	127	16,980	4,122
H.S. library		203	179		350	32
H.S. student council		6,897	6,239		8,032	5,104
H.S. Nat'l. honor society		3,621	2,260		2,030	3,851
Tech. Ed.		375	1,508		1,480	403
Kindergarten		8,043	23,604	2,922	24,372	10,197
Upper elem activity		5,844	2,923		1,014	7,753
M.S. activity		7,795	20,430		23,718	4,507
M.S. cheerleaders		4,399	12,501	(127)	15,897	876
M.S. Nat'l honor society		3,034	16,644		16,096	3,582
M.S. student council		3,701	9,694	54	9,682	3,767
Miscellaneous		6,182	4,709	(1,482)	6,678	2,731
Vocal music		16,894	50		82	16,862
Okla. & Nat'l. closeup		41	0		0	41
Reading for pleasure		716	0		0	716
Forehand science		260	0		0	260
Native American club		10	0		0	10
Special Education		3,173	14,355	16	12,153	5,391
Third grade		11,768	11,710	2,505	13,851	12,132
Vo. Ag. mechanics		3,110	200	•	2,158	1,152
Elementary schoolwide		2,567	31,623	(17,117)	14,161	2,912
Yearbook		16,217	11,114	50	9,810	17,571
			•		•	•

# ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	NET				
	BALANCE		TRANSFERS/		BALANCE
	7-01-18	ADDITIONS	ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	6-30-19
Fifth grade	\$ 9,447	11,800		15,139	6,108
Flowers & refreshments	977	1,203	(165)	553	1,462
Pre-Kindergarten	1,067	16,001	2,505	14,512	5,061
Multi-cultural club	1,921	670		727	1,864
Pre-first	565	0		544	21
Sixth grade	4,979	5,002		5,870	4,111
A.P. club	1,298	0		0	1,298
Second grade	8,784	6,426	3,340	12,573	5,977
M.S. academic team	228	278		269	237
Fourth grade	13,611	17,480	2,923	17,904	16,110
Eighth Grade	1,273	1,740		2,010	1,003
Guard	8,695	29,614		26,307	12,002
Key club	1,882	557		865	1,574
D.A.R.E.	79	0		0	79
Drama club	740	6,505		4,553	2,692
M.S. Native American	209	0		0	209
Elementary music	2,442	1,133		622	2,953
Elementary art	1,964	0		214	1,750
MS Science	173	0		0	173
MS/HS archery	1,534	0		0	1,534
Elgin band trip	5,802	46,248		50,109	1,941
Digital media broadcasting	527	160		520	167
Working on Wichitas	16	0	(16)	0	0
STEM club	0	802	( )	567	235
Upper elementary PE	0	5,195	4,642	3,960	5,877
Professional development	0	340	1,644	962	1,022
Class of 2010	562	0		0	562
Class of 2018	2,032	0	(2,032)	0	0
Class of 2019	2,153	988	,	1,754	1,387
Class of 2020	2,658	6,345		5,695	3,308
Class of 2021	1,501	575	1,017	0	3,093
Class of 2022	0	1,482	1,016	1,222	1,276
David Vaughn Scholarship	9,830	0	·	0	9,830
Liabilities	\$ 293,587	822,506	0	821,119	294,974
Class of 2020 Class of 2021 Class of 2022 David Vaughn Scholarship	2,658 1,501 0 9,830	6,345 575 1,482 0	1,016	5,695 0 1,222 0	

#### ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/18	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/19
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Indian Education	84.060	S060A181137	\$ 33,043		21,282	33,043	11,761
Indian Education 2017-18 - Note	84.060	S060A171137		9,374	9,374		
Sub Total			33,043	9,374	30,656	33,043	11,761
Passed Through Department of Defense:							
DOD Project Green	12.557	HE1254-18-1-0012	163,373		140,413	163,923	23,510
Connecting Digitally	12.556	HE1254-15-1-0043	187,964		163,097	187,964	24,867
Connecting Digitally 2017-18 - Note	12.556	HE1254-15-1-0043		48,408	48,408		
*Supplemental Impact Aid CWSD	12.558		75,444		75,444	75,444	
*Impact Aid Operations	84.041	S041B-2018-3927	885,101		885,101	885,101	
*Impact Aid Operations Severe Needs	84.041	S041B-2018-3927	90,198		90,198	90,198	
*Impact Aid Operations Building Fund	84.041	S041B-2018-3927	200,000		200,000	200,000	
Sub Total			1,602,080	48,408	1,602,661	1,602,630	48,377
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010		231,872		170,711	201,119	30,408
Title I, Basic Program 2017-18 - Note	84.010			60,615	60,615	. , .	
Title II. Part A	84.367		34,881	,.	22,982	32,603	9,621
Title II, Part A 2017-18 - Note	84.367		,,,,,	11,246	11,246	,,,,,	.,.
IDEA-B (613)	84.027		3,399	,	3,399	3,399	
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		402,014		322,113	378,575	56,462
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2017-18 - Note	84.027			108,906	108,906		
IDEA-B High Needs Tier 2	84.027		112,793		102,155	112,793	10,638
IDEA-B High Needs Tier 2 2017-18 - Note	84.027			41,049	41,049		
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173		9,775		9,227	9,775	548
IDEA-B Preschool 2017-18 - Note	84.173			2,618	2,618		
Title VI Part B	84.358		57,538		16,975	45,460	28,485
Title VI Part B 2017-18 - Note	84.358			48,512	48,512		
Title IV, Part A	84.186		15,000				
Sub Total			867,272	272,946	920,508	783,724	136,162
Passed Through State Department of Career and	Technology Educat	tion:					
Carl Perkins	84.048		11,968		4,289	11,968	7,679
Carl Perkins 2017-18 - Note	84.048		•	4,320	4,320	•	·
Sub Total			11,968	4,320	8,609	11,968	7,679
II O Demonstrate of Aminuttures							
U.S. Department of Agriculture:  Passed Through State Department of Education							
Child Nutrition Programs:							
School Breakfast Program	10.553				77,614	77,614	
National School Lunch Program	10.555				328,521	328,521	
Non-cash assistance: Commodities - Note 3	10.555				60,643	60,643	
Sub Total	10.000				466,778	466,778	
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 2,514,363	335,048	3,029,212	2,898,143	203,979

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does Principles, and not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditiures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain typesof expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$60,643 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements

<sup>\*</sup> Major programs

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 VERAGE MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Liberty Mutual:	Treasurer	601125511	\$ 100,000	11/01/18 - 11/01/19
Westen Surety Company:	Superintendent Asst. Business Manager &	71675871	100,000	7/1/18 - 7/1/19
	Encumbrance Clerk	62797858	26,000	7/1/18 - 7/1/19
	Activity Fund Custodian & Minutes Clerk	15104588	11,000	2/05/19 - 2/05/20

## ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, COMANCHE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2019

State of Oklahoma	)
	) ss
County of Tulsa	)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Elgin Public Schools for the audit year 2018-19.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett,

<u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u>

Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 18<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2019

Jotary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 3-11-2023

Commission No. 19002530



Stephen H. Sanders, CPA (ret.) Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 101 N. MAIN ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

October 18, 2019

Mr. Nathaniel Meraz Supt. Elgin Public Schools P.O. Box 369 Elgin, Oklahoma 73538

#### Dear Mr. Meraz:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. These items are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

#### Federal Programs Coding

We observed during the audit where the district did not code enough or coded too much in expenditures to the applicable project code in regards to the federal programs. Various programs either had too much coded, or not enough coded to the 561, 541 and 615 project codes. We recommend that the District review at year end for each program what has been coded to the project code compared to what was claimed for reimbursement and make any adjustments. The following is what was observed:

<u>Progam</u>	Claimed/Received	<u>Coded</u>	<u>Difference</u>
Indian Education	,	33,036.21	(6.79)
Title II	32,603.26	38,681.26	6,078.00
IDEA-B (615)	0.00	3,032.00	3,032.00

The District may be required to provide an explanation of these variances to the State Department of Education upon their review of the audit report and corresponding OCAS data.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Bledsoe

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP