FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16,
COMANCHE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2023

Audited by

BLEDSOE, HEWETT & GULLEKSON
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS
JUNE 30, 2023

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ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Education
Elgin School District No. 16
Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of the Elgin Independent School District No. 16, Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" section of our report, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the revenues it received and expenditures it paid and encumbered for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" section of our report, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2023, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements referred to above do not include the General Fixed Asset Account Group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group is not known.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements-regulatory basis. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements-regulatory basis and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, except for the financial statements being prepared in compliance with the regulatory basis as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as discussed in Note 1, the combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson
Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

December 15, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Board of Education
Elgin Independent School District No. 16
Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Elgin Independent School District No. 16, Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts as provided by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. However, our report was qualified because the omission of the general fixed asset account group results in an incomplete presentation with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson
Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

December 15, 2023

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INDEPENDENTAUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Board of Education
Elgin Independent School District No. 16
Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Elgin Independent School District No. 16, Elgin, Comanche County, Oklahoma's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material non-compliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson
Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

December 15, 2023

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFIANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE
JUNE 30, 2023

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
JUNE 30, 2023

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results:

1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.

2. The audit did not identify any material weaknesses and did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses in the internal controls over financial reporting.

3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which were material to the financial statements.

4. The audit did not identify any material weaknesses and did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses in the internal controls over major programs.

5. An unmodified opinion report was issued on the compliance for major programs in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR 200.51(a).

7. Programs determined to be major are the Title 1 Program (84.010), which was not clustered in determination, IDEA-B Special Education Programs (84.027X, 84.027, 84.173) which were clustered, and the COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund-ESSER/GEER Programs (84.425C, 84.425U), which were not clustered.

8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was $750,000.

9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

Section 2 – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

Section 3 – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

None

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -
ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS							
Cash	$ 3,056,557	2,133,299	166,516	82,752	460,415		5,899,539
Amounts available in debt service						82,752	82,752
Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt						34,674,783	34,674,783
Total Assets	$ 3,056,557	2,133,299	166,516	82,752	460,415	34,757,535	40,657,074
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities:							
Warrants/checks payable	$ 653,964	50,847					704,811
Encumbrances	191,148	104,633	813				296,594
Funds held for school organizations					379,069		379,069
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable						2,710,000	2,710,000
Capital leases						32,047,535	32,047,535
Total liabilities	845,112	155,480	813	0	379,069	34,757,535	36,138,009
Fund Balance:							
Restricted		1,977,819	165,703	82,752	81,346		2,307,620
Unassigned	2,211,445						2,211,445
Cash fund balances	2,211,445	1,977,819	165,703	82,752	81,346	0	4,519,065
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 3,056,557	2,133,299	166,516	82,752	460,415	34,757,535	40,657,074

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES
- ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	$ 3,314,516	750,027		2,663,494	488,436	7,216,473
Intermediate sources	471,634					471,634
State sources	13,007,886	573,325				13,581,211
Federal sources	3,360,779	618,781				3,979,560
Interest earnings	4,867	3,052	1,386	2,411		11,716
Nonrevenue receipts	8,021	2,604		1,000		11,625
Total revenues collected	20,167,703	1,947,789	1,386	2,666,905	488,436	25,272,219
Expenditures:						
Instruction	12,238,387	40,716				12,279,103
Support services	7,641,426		813		711,723	8,353,962
Operation of noninstructional services	2,139	1,053,433				1,055,572
Facilities acquisition & construction services	8,066	982,881	2,710,000			3,700,947
Other outlays:						
Debt service requirements				3,173,575		3,173,575
Correcting entry	5,419	2,204				7,623
Other uses	569	3,618				4,187
Total expenditures	19,896,006	2,082,852	2,710,813	3,173,575	711,723	28,574,969
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	271,697	(135,063)	(2,709,427)	(506,670)	(223,287)	(3,302,750)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond Proceeds			2,710,000			2,710,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	154,036	86,997				241,033
Total other financing sources (uses)	154,036	86,997	2,710,000	0	0	2,951,033
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	425,733	(48,066)	573	(506,670)	(223,287)	(351,717)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,785,712	2,025,885	165,130	589,422	304,633	4,870,782
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 2,211,445	1,977,819	165,703	82,752	81,346	4,519,065

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND		
	Original / Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	$ 2,987,190	3,314,516	3,057,319
Intermediate sources	414,642	471,634	448,800
State sources	12,531,217	13,007,886	12,076,496
Federal sources	3,804,048	3,360,779	4,096,702
Interest earnings	4,265	4,867	4,281
Nonrevenue receipts		8,021	3,112
Total revenues collected	19,741,362	20,167,703	19,686,710
Expenditures:			
Instruction	13,870,114	12,238,387	11,565,851
Support services	7,641,426	7,641,426	8,063,031
Operation of noninstruction services	2,049	2,139	7,860
Facilities acquisition & construction services	8,066	8,066	15,388
Other outlays:			
Correcting entry	5,419	5,419	3,112
Other uses / Unbudgeted		569	
Total expenditures	21,527,074	19,896,006	19,655,242
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(1,785,712)	271,697	31,468
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	0	154,036	47,117
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(1,785,712)	425,733	78,585
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	1,785,712	1,785,712	1,707,127
Cash fund balance, end of year	$ 0	2,211,445	1,785,712

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
	Original/Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	$ 449,730	449,730	750,027	481,525
State sources	399,974	419,320	573,325	405,859
Federal sources	1,004,329	1,004,329	618,781	1,193,353
Interest earnings			3,052	2,734
Nonrevenue receipts			2,604	1,787
Total revenues collected	1,854,033	1,873,379	1,947,789	2,085,258
Expenditures:				
Instruction	45,790	65,136	40,716	23,176
Support services	1,547,149	1,547,149		83,010
Operation of noninstructional services	1,301,894	1,301,894	1,053,433	924,690
Facilities acquisition & construction services	982,881	982,881	982,881	433,425
Other outlays:				
Correcting entry	2,204	2,204	2,204	1,428
Other uses			3,618	
Total expenditures	3,879,918	3,899,264	2,082,852	1,466,089
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(2,025,885)	(2,025,885)	(135,063)	619,169
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	0	0	86,997	94,115
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(2,025,885)	(2,025,885)	(48,066)	713,284
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	2,025,885	2,025,885	2,025,885	1,312,601
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 0	0	1,977,819	2,025,885

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	DEBT SERVICE FUND		
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	$ 2,584,153	2,663,494	2,597,516
Interest earnings		2,411	2,448
Nonrevenue receipts		1,000	1,800
Total revenues collected	2,584,153	2,666,905	2,601,764
Requirements:			
Bonds	3,145,000	3,145,000	2,050,000
Coupons	28,575	28,575	47,375
Total requirements	3,173,575	3,173,575	2,097,375
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures	(589,422)	(506,670)	504,389
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	589,422	589,422	85,033
Cash fund balance, end of year	$ 0	82,752	589,422

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Elgin Public Schools Independent District, No. I-16 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

A. Reporting Entity – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

Building Fund – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

Co-op Fund – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District operates the Alternative Education program through this fund.

Child Nutrition Fund - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained an insurance recovery fund during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

Gifts and Endowments Fund – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

Insurance Recovery Fund – The insurance recovery fund is a separate non-self-insured fund established to account for receipts and expenditures for all types of insurance coverage and major reimbursements and reserves for property.

Agency Fund – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

Account Groups

General Fixed Assets Account Group – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants/checks payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The Board of Education requests an initial temporary appropriations budget from their County Excise Board before June 30. The District uses the temporary appropriation amounts as their legal expenditure limit until the annual Estimate of Needs is completed.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures. No later than October 1, each Board of Education shall prepare a financial statement and Estimate of Needs to be filed with the applicable County Clerk and the State Department of Education.

The 2022-23 Estimate of Needs was amended by the following supplemental appropriations:

Fund	Amount
Co-op	$19,345.85
Insurance Recovery	$488,215

These amendments were approved by the Comanche County Excise Board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

Inventories – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2023 is not material to the combined financial statements.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

Warrants/Checks Payable – Warrants/checks are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants/checks that have yet to be redeemed by the District's bank.

Encumbrances – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

Compensated Absences – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Funds Held for School Organizations – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Fund Balance – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts) but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

Intermediate Revenues - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

State Revenues – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

Federal Revenues – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Nonmonetary Transactions – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

Interest Earnings – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

Nonrevenue Receipts – Nonrevenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

Support Services Expenditures – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Noninstructional Services Expenditures – Activities concerned with providing noninstructional services to students, staff or the community.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, nonqualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Interfund Transactions – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2023 were $5,927,894 at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.

- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.

- With certain limitations, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.

- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.

- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2023.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds and judgments are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund, and capital leases are paid from other funds.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2022	$ 3,145,000	33,657,552	36,802,552
Additions	2,710,000	1,300,000	4,010,000
Retirements	(3,145,000)	(2,910,017)	(6,055,017)
Balance, June 30, 2023	$ 2,710,000	32,047,535	34,757,535

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2023 is set forth below:

	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds:	
Building Bonds, Series 2022, original issue $2,710,000, interest rate of 3.10%, due in one installment of $2,710,000 on 8-1-24	$ 2,710,000
Capital Leases:	
QZAB lease purchase, dated 2-28-14, totaling $1,000,000, due in annual principal and interest installments of $108,434, final payment due 2-28-24	106,832
Lease purchase for 2017 Elgin Public School Project, dated 7-1-17, for $36,235,600, due in annual principal and interest installments of varying amounts, final payment due 12-1-32 (see below)	30,236,550
Real property lease purchase, dated 8-1-20, totaling $654,759, due in annual principal and interest installments of $142,697, final payment due 8-25-27	404,153
Equipment lease purchase, dated 10-1-22, for $1,300,000, 3.68% interest, due in annual principal and interest installments of $289,464, final payment due 8-1-27	1,300,000
Total	$ 34,757,535

2017 Elgin Public Schools Project

On July 1, 2017, the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority issued $126,360,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2017A and 2017B, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Elgin School District. Also on July 1, 2017, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Comanche County Educational Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for fourteen (14) annual payments starting December 1, 2017. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of $36,235,600, passed by electors of

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

the District on March 7, 2017. Elgin Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund balance under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

Future Debt Requirements

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the bonds and capital leases, including the payment of principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	$ 3,216,238	145,415	3,361,653
2025	5,896,503	131,067	6,027,570
2026	3,264,039	33,871	3,297,910
2027	3,199,337	20,228	3,219,565
2028	3,273,617	10,297	3,283,914
Thereafter	15,907,800	0	15,907,800
Total	$ 34,757,535	340,878	35,098,413

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2022-23 fiscal year totaled $47,338.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 8.0%.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2023, 2022 and 2021 were $1,711,057, $1,641,545 and $1,549,631, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2023. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials' liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association (OSSBA) Employment Services program, which helps to cover the cost of unemployment claims. Depending on which level of membership the District elects, the District makes a deposit into an account administered by OSSBA, or will make payments periodically as needed. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

7. CONTINGENCIES – cont'd

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2022-23 fiscal year. The revised Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than $750,000 in federal awards.

Litigation

District officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -
ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2023

	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash	$ 1,827,955	21,202	284,142	2,133,299
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Warrants/checks payable	$ 2,590	1,691	46,566	50,847
Encumbrances	101,614		3,019	104,633
Total liabilities	104,204	1,691	49,585	155,480
Fund Balance:				
Restricted	1,723,751	19,511	234,557	1,977,819
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 1,827,955	21,202	284,142	2,133,299

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	$ 456,001	42	293,984	750,027
State sources	419,177	47,985	106,163	573,325
Federal sources	217,056		401,725	618,781
Interest earnings	2,445		607	3,052
Nonrevenue receipts			2,604	2,604
Total revenues collected	1,094,679	48,027	805,083	1,947,789
Expenditures:				
Instruction		40,716		40,716
Operation of noninstructional services	151,432		902,001	1,053,433
Facilities acquisition & construction services	919,858		63,023	982,881
Other outlays:				
Correcting entry			2,204	2,204
Other uses			3,618	3,618
Total expenditures	1,071,290	40,716	970,846	2,082,852
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	23,389	7,311	(165,763)	(135,063)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	70,683	0	16,314	86,997
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	94,072	7,311	(149,449)	(48,066)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,629,679	12,200	384,006	2,025,885
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 1,723,751	19,511	234,557	1,977,819

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON
ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	BUILDING FUND			CO-OP FUND			CHILD NUTRITION FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:									
Local sources	$ 421,023	421,023	456,001	$		42	$ 28,707	28,707	293,984
State sources	301,843	301,843	419,177	26,004	45,350	47,985	72,127	72,127	106,163
Federal sources	100,000	100,000	217,056				904,329	904,329	401,725
Interest earnings			2,445						607
Nonrevenue receipts									2,604
Total revenues collected	822,866	822,866	1,094,679	26,004	45,350	48,027	1,005,163	1,005,163	805,083
Expenditures:									
Instruction				38,204	57,550	40,716	7,586	7,586	
Support services							14,462	14,462	
Operation of noninstructional services	1,532,687	1,532,687	151,432				1,301,894	1,301,894	902,001
Facilities acquisition & construction services	919,858	919,858	919,858				63,023	63,023	63,023
Other outlays:									
Correcting entry							2,204	2,204	2,204
Other uses									3,618
Total expenditures	2,452,545	2,452,545	1,071,290	38,204	57,550	40,716	1,389,169	1,389,169	970,846
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(1,629,679)	(1,629,679)	23,389	(12,200)	(12,200)	7,311	(384,006)	(384,006)	(165,763)
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	0	0	70,683	0	0	0	0	0	16,314
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(1,629,679)	(1,629,679)	94,072	(12,200)	(12,200)	7,311	(384,006)	(384,006)	(149,449)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,629,679	1,629,679	1,629,679	12,200	12,200	12,200	384,006	384,006	384,006
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 0	0	1,723,751	$ 0	0	19,511	$ 0	0	234,557

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -
ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2023

	BOND (34) FUND	BOND (35) FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash	$ 712	165,804	166,516
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Encumbrances	$ 0	813	813
Fund Balance:			
Restricted	712	164,991	165,703
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 712	165,804	166,516

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	BOND (34) FUND	BOND (35) FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:			
Interest earnings	$ 2	1,384	1,386
Expenditures:			
Facilities acquisition & construction services	0	2,710,813	2,710,813
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	2	(2,709,429)	(2,709,427)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Bond proceeds	0	2,710,000	2,710,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	2	571	573
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	710	164,420	165,130
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 712	164,991	165,703

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -
ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2023

	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS	AGENCY FUNDS	
	INSURANCE RECOVERY FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash	$ 81,346	379,069	460,415
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Funds held for school organizations	$ 0	379,069	379,069
Fund Balances:			
Restricted	81,346	0	81,346
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 81,346	379,069	460,415

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS
	INSURANCE RECOVERY FUND
Revenues Collected:	
Local sources	$ 488,436
Expenditures:	
Support services	711,723
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(223,287)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	304,633
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 81,346

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -
AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	BALANCE 7-01-22	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-23
ASSETS					
Cash	$ 420,887	884,534	0	926,352	379,069
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Academic team	$ 43	0		0	43
Art	10,814	12,956		5,527	18,243
Athletic	28,574	248,789	1,500	261,273	17,590
Band	4,522	32,197		30,753	5,966
Builder's club	9,749	644		2,058	8,335
M.S. yearbook	15,533	5,596		2,480	18,649
Lower Elementary activity	12,223	11,760		12,812	11,171
Lower Elementary P.E.	9,374	13,643	(2,950)	9,478	10,589
Elementary library	586	19,947		20,152	381
FCA	407	0		0	407
FFA	49,348	155,904		162,207	43,045
FCCLA	3,585	1,470		1,915	3,140
First grade	2,620	15,024	3,938	18,850	2,732
M.S. library	108	2,264		2,233	139
H.S. activity	6,328	8,314		6,041	8,601
H.S. cheerleaders	1,165	6,613	560	5,668	2,670
H.S. library	532	0		173	359
H.S. student council	4,441	10,178	(250)	10,662	3,707
H.S. Nat'l. Honor Society	6,277	1,160		1,008	6,429
Tech. Ed.	1,024	3,142		2,156	2,010
Kindergarten	10,164	19,842	4,137	26,463	7,680
Upper elem activity	10,734	3,014	(1,300)	3,290	9,158
M.S. activity	3,690	7,052	(1,499)	5,653	3,590
M.S. cheerleaders	763	20,233	(560)	19,156	1,280
M.S. Nat'l Honor Society	16,066	15,146	(621)	17,892	12,699
M.S. student council	4,192	7,428		8,970	2,650
Miscellaneous	4,422	3,330		2,692	5,060
Vocal music	4,245	27,746		20,496	11,495
Okla. & Nat'l. closeup	41	0		0	41
Reading for pleasure	716	0		0	716
H.S. science	260	0		0	260
Native American Club	10	10		0	20
Special Education - Elem	1,095	341		736	700
Third grade	15,430	19,908	5,273	21,311	19,300
Vo. Ag. mechanics	5,493	0		1,129	4,364
Elementary schoolwide	2	23,650	(23,652)	0	0
Yearbook	22,038	4,413		1,050	25,401

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -
AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	BALANCE 7-01-22	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-23
Fifth grade	$ 4,239	1,885		1,977	4,147
Flowers & refreshments	2,419	644		82	2,981
Pre-Kindergarten	8,391	11,297	3,461	22,205	944
Multi-cultural club	3,176	3,158		3,297	3,037
Sixth grade	1,832	3,083		2,269	2,646
A.P. club	1,043	2,687		2,306	1,424
Second grade	3,452	7,156	4,103	11,267	3,444
M.S. academic team	255	600		411	444
Fourth grade	26,570	25,701	4,039	42,095	14,215
Eighth Grade	304	0		20	284
Guard	19,124	73,733		54,829	38,028
Key club	1,457	130		247	1,340
D.A.R.E.	79	0		0	79
Drama club	6,003	6,619		10,414	2,208
M.S. Native American	209	0		0	209
Elementary music	2,918	0		159	2,759
Elementary art	2,861	225		0	3,086
MS Science	173	0		0	173
MS/HS archery	1,534	0		0	1,534
Elgin band trip	28,951	30,849		58,874	926
STEM club	1,200	375		244	1,331
Upper Elementary PE	4,072	996	2,950	745	7,273
Professional development	1,022	0		462	560
Special education - M.S.	6,671	0		1,526	5,145
NJHS Convention	13,520	4,285	621	18,426	0
High school speech/debate team	0	100		36	64
Class of 2022	3,963	0	(3,963)	0	0
Class of 2023	2,946	0	75	686	2,335
Class of 2024	5,095	7,350	26	8,308	4,163
Class of 2025	794	0	2,031	0	2,825
Class of 2025	0	1,947	2,081	1,183	2,845
Total Liabilities	$ 420,887	884,534	0	926,352	379,069

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
REGULATORY BASIS

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Control Project No.	Total Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Programs:			
Indian Education	84.060A	561	$ 30,871
Impact Aid	84.041Z	591	825,680
Impact Aid - Building Fund	84.041Z	591	100,000
Impact Aid Disabled	84.041Z	592	58,663
Cluster Total			984,343
Passed Through Department of Defense:			
DOD / Impact Aid Supplemental	12.556	770	138,266
DOD Project Green	12.556	776	176,767
Cluster Total			315,033
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
*Title I, Basic Program	84.010	511	376,342
Title II, Part A	84.367	541	42,641
Title IV, Part A	84.424	522	13,122
Title V, Part B	84.358	587	27,557
*IDEA-B Cluster:			
IDEA-B Flow Through ARP	84.027X	628	110,603
IDEA-B Preschool ARP	84.027X	643	780
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	621	450,904
IDEA-B Prof Development	84.027	615	2,812
IDEA-B High Needs Tier 2	84.027	627	187,203
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	9,806
Cluster Total			762,108
*COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):			
GEER ACT State Level	84.425C	721	4,071
ESSER Counselor Grants ARP	84.425U	722	34,329
ESSER Science of Reading ARP	84.425U	726	2,584
ESSER III ARP	84.425U	795	732,553
Total COVID-19 - ESF Programs			773,537
Passed Through State Department of Career and Technology Education:			
Carl Perkins Grant	84.048	421	11,805
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed Through State Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764	75,604
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763	325,493
Non-cash assistance - commodities	10.555	N/A	95,845
Cluster Total			496,942
Total Federal Assistance			**$ 3,834,301**

*** Major programs = 49.8%**

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) . Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimums indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. None of the federal programs include any loan programs, loan guarantee programs, and has no sub-recipients.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District were of a non-monetary nature.

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS
PREPARED FOR THE OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/22	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/23
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Indian Education	84.060A	561	$ 30,871		28,009	30,871	2,861
Indian Education 2021-22	84.060A	799		413	413		
Impact Aid	84.041Z	591	825,680		825,680	825,680	
Impact Aid - Building Fund	84.041Z	591	217,056		217,056	100,000	
Impact Aid Disabled	84.041Z	592	58,663		58,663	58,663	
Total Impact Aid Cluster			1,101,399	0	1,101,399	984,343	0
Passed Through Department of Defense:							
DOD / Impact Aid Supplemental	12.556	770	138,266		138,266	138,266	
DOD Project Green	12.556	776	176,767		176,869	176,767	
DOD Project Green 2021-22	12.556	799		15,371	15,371		
Total DOD Cluster			315,033	15,371	330,506	315,033	0
Sub Total			1,447,303	15,784	1,460,327	1,330,247	2,861
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010	511	457,973		329,532	376,342	46,810
Title I, Basic Program 2021-22	84.010	799		57,187	57,187		
Title II, Part A	84.367	541	43,216		38,131	42,641	4,510
Title II, Part A 2021-22	84.367	799		2,115	2,115		
Title IV, Part A	84.424	552	58,929		13,122	13,122	
Title V, Part B	84.358	587	69,189		27,557	27,557	
ARP-IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027X	628	112,340		110,603	110,603	
ARP-IDEA-B Preschool	84.027X	643	797		780	780	
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	621	450,906		383,340	450,904	67,563
IDEA-B Prof Development	84.027	615	3,128		2,812	2,812	
IDEA-B High Needs Tier 2	84.027	627	187,203		154,954	187,203	32,250
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	9,867		8,171	9,806	1,635
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):							
GEER ACT State Level	84.425C	721	4,155		4,071	4,071	
ARP ESSER Counselor Grants	84.425U	722	34,329		34,329	34,329	
ARP ESSER Counselor Grants 2021-22	84.425U	799		2,596	2,596		
ARP ESSER Science of Reading	84.425U	726	2,584		2,584	2,584	
ESSER II	84.425D	793	1,721				
ARP ESSER III	84.425U	795	1,600,949		710,285	732,553	22,268
ARP ESSER III 2021-22	84.425U	799		226,284	226,284		
Total COVID-19 - ESF Programs			1,643,738	228,880	980,149	773,537	22,268
Sub Total			3,037,286	288,182	2,108,453	1,995,307	175,036
Passed Through State Department of Career and Technology Education:							
Carl Perkins Grant	84.048	421	11,805		7,358	11,805	4,447
Carl Perkins Grant 2021-22	84.048	799		1,697	1,697		
Sub Total			11,805	1,697	9,055	11,805	4,447
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
Child Nutrition Programs:							
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764			75,604	75,604	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763			325,493	325,493	
P-EBT	10.649	760			628		
Sub Total					401,725	401,097	
Passed Through Department of Human Services:							
Non-cash assistance - commodities							
National school lunch program	10.555	N/A			95,845	95,845	
Total Federal Assistance			$ 4,496,394	305,663	4,075,405	3,834,301	182,344

Note 1 - This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements, except for the non-cash assistance noted in Note 2.

Note 2 - Food Distribution - Non-cash assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 3 - None of the federal programs include any loan programs, loan guarantee programs, has no sub-recipients and does not use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Liberty Mutual:	Treasurer	601125511	$ 100,000	11/01/22 - 11/01/23
Westen Surety Company:	Superintendent	71675871	100,000	7/1/21 - 7/1/24
	Asst. Business Manager & Encumbrance Clerk	62797858	26,000	7/1/22 - 7/1/23
	Activity Fund Custodian & Minutes Clerk	15104588	11,000	2/05/22 - 2/05/24

ELGIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, COMANCHE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE
AFFIDAVIT
JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

State of Oklahoma)
) ss
County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Elgin Public Schools for the audit year 2022-23.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson,
Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP
Auditing Firm

By _____
Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me
This 15th day of December 2023

Marlene Miller
NOTARY
#20014980
EXP. 12/11/2024
PUBLIC
STATE OF OKLAHOMA

_____
Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 12-11-2024
Commission No. 20014980

BLEDSOE, HEWETT & GULLEKSON
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLLP

Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA
Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA
Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 121 E. COLLEGE ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

December 15, 2023

Mr. Nathaniel Meraz, Supt.
Elgin Public Schools
P.O. Box 369
Elgin, Oklahoma 73538

Dear Mr. Meraz:

Listed below are the observations and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following section contains the observations relayed to management that are control deficiencies, which we feel need to be communicated to you so appropriate action may be taken to correct these deficiencies. These items are not included in your audit report, as they are not considered material or immaterial in nature. They are simply observations of some minor findings that could evolve into immaterial or material findings if not addressed or corrected.

Child Nutrition Programs

- The Child Nutrition Program was reviewed by a representative of the Oklahoma State Department of Education during the 2022-23 fiscal year, and identified some areas of concern that were communicated to the District. The District subsequently submitted a corrective action plan in regard to these areas of concern, which was accepted by the State Department of Education. The findings were related to discrepancies in the District's Food Service Company's (FSC) invoices and the amounts that were being charged for student meals. The FSC subsequently reimbursed the District for the overcharged meals. Although the District is no longer using a FSC, should the District hire a new FSC in the future, we recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that an individual review and compare the invoices to the edit checks from which the claims are produced before paying the invoices to the food service company. The employee should also verify the amount being charged complies with OSDE requirements.

- Overall, strong internal controls and procedures are in place over daily meal counts and the receipting/depositing of local collections. As an additional control procedure, we recommend that an employee separate from the receipting/depositing of local collections print a *daily transaction detail report* that shows any adjustment made in the lunch software, either receipt adjustments or adjustments to student accounts, and this be reviewed for any unusual activity. The employee should sign or initial the report and keep it with the daily count to demonstrate this procedure has been done.

Federal Program Reconciliations

During our audit, we observed an instance (OCAS Project 591-Impact Aid) where the federal expenditures did not match the actual amounts coded to that project code, according to the Oklahoma Cost Accounting System (OCAS) and software reports. We recommend that the District establish a procedure which requires that an employee (other than the one filing the claims) perform reconciliations periodically during the year, and at the end of the fiscal year, between the expenditures claimed for reimbursement and the expenditures that are actually coded to the program's project code on the detailed expenditure reports. We also recommend that actual expenses be coded to every grant to correspond with amounts claimed, even if the program does not require a detailed expenditure claim. It appears this variance was an isolated coding error made when splitting Impact Aid money between the general fund and the building fund.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Gullekson

For

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson
Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP