FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

EUFAULA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-1, McINTOSH COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2013

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2013

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY JUNE 30, 2013

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November 19, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education Eufaula School District Number I-1 Eufaula, McIntosh County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Eufaula School District Number I-1, Eufaula, McIntosh County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2013, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" Paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2013, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State4s, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2013 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and to other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 19, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education Eufaula School District Number I-1 Eufaula, McIntosh County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Eufaula School District Number I-1, Eufaula, McIntosh County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2013, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement, compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP

Danders, Blodsoe & Newett

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

November 19, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education Eufaula School District Number I-1 Eufaula, McIntosh County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Eufaula School District Number I-1, Eufaula, McIntosh County, Oklahoma (District)'s, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP

Danders, Blodsoe & Newett

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2013

There were no prior year deficiencies.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2013

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 § 510(a).
- 7. Programs determined to be major were the Child Nutrition Programs (10.553, 10.555, 10.559), which were clustered in determination, and the Impact Aid Program (84.041), which was not clustered.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

Section 3 – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

NONE

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

		GOV	ERNMENTAL FUND TYP	ES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	
1005	(GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement	\$	1,391,296	809,266	626,835	145,212	137,505	2,972,609 137,505
of long-term debt						3,841,840	3,841,840
Total Assets	\$	1,391,296	809,266	626,835	145,212	3,979,345	6,951,954
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY							
Liabilities:							
Warrants payable	\$	450,893	16,767		250		467,910
Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations		21,348	147,885		134,117		169,233 134,117
Unmatured obligations Long-term debt:				489,330	134,117		489,330
Bonds payable						1,975,000	1,975,000
Capital leases						2,004,345	2,004,345
Total liabilities		472,241	164,652	489,330	134,367	3,979,345	5,239,935
Fund Equity:							
Cash fund balances		919,055	644,614	137,505	10,845	0	1,712,019
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	1,391,296	809,266	626,835	145,212	3,979,345	6,951,954

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			FIDUCIARY		
	GOVER	NMENTAL FUND	FUND TYPES		
		ODEOLAL	EXPENDABLE	TOTALS	
	OFNEDAL	SPECIAL	DEBT	TRUST	(MEMORANDUM
Day you you Callacted	GENERAL	REVENUE	SERVICE	FUNDS	ONLY)
Revenues Collected:	Φ 4 F00 0F4	200,000	405.055		0.000.000
Local sources Intermediate sources	\$ 1,509,051	296,030	495,255		2,300,336
	170,791	EO 4E4	4		170,791
State sources	5,767,617	53,451	4		5,821,072
Federal sources	1,889,913	565,149	4.007	07	2,455,062
Interest earnings	3,837	995	1,067	27	5,926
Non-revenue receipts	23,828	045.005	400,000		23,828
Total revenues collected	9,365,037	915,625	496,326	27	10,777,015
Expenditures:					
Instruction	5,876,705	3,917			5,880,622
Support services	3,816,442	170,026			3,986,468
Operation of non-instructional services	28,779	559,427			588,206
Facilities acquisition & construction services	20,0	126,760			126,760
Other outlays:		120,700			120,100
Debt service requirements	76		498,660		498,736
Correcting account	970		.00,000		970
Other uses	0.0			500	500
Total expenditures	9,722,972	860,130	498.660	500	11,082,262
Total oxportation	0,122,012	000,100	100,000		11,002,202
Excess of revenues collected over (under)					
expenditures before adjustments to					
prior year encumbrances	(357,935)	55,495	(2,334)	(473)	(305,247)
			_		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	546	45_	0	0	591
Excess of revenues collected over (under)					
expenditures	(357,389)	55,540	(2,334)	(473)	(304,656)
	(007,000)	00,010	(2,001)	(1.0)	(00 1,000)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,276,444	589,074	139,839	11,318	2,016,675
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 919,055	644,614	137,505	10,845	1,712,019

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, MAINTOSH COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

GENERAL FUND Variance Original Final Favorable Budget **Budget** Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Collected: \$ 1,369,650 1,509,051 Local sources 1,369,650 139,401 Intermediate sources 149,644 149,644 170,791 21,147 State sources 5,730,394 5,780,394 5,767,617 (12,777)Federal sources 836,577 1,940,837 1,889,913 (50,924)Interest earnings 3,837 3,837 Non-revenue receipts 23,828 23,828 Total revenues collected 8.086.265 9,240,525 9.365.037 124,512 Expenditures: Instruction 6,863,231 5,708,971 5,876,705 986,526 Support services 3,573,223 3,573,223 3,816,442 (243,219) Operation of non-instruction services 17,600 17.600 28,779 (11,179)Other outlays: Debt service 76 (76)Clearing account 62,915 62,915 62.915 Correcting Entry 970 (970)Total expenditures 9,362,709 10,516,969 9,722,972 793,997 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances (1,276,444) (1,276,444)(357,935)918,509 Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 0 0 546 546 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures (1,276,444) (1,276,444) 919,055 (357,389)Cash fund balance, beginning of year 1,276,444 1,276,444 1,276,444 0 Cash fund balance, end of year 0 0 919,055 919,055

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	282,428	282,428	296,030	13,602	
State sources		53,986	53,986	53,451	(535)	
Federal sources		426,624	570,491	565,149	(5,342)	
Interest earnings				995	995	
Total revenues collected		763,038	906,905	915,625	8,720	
Expenditures:						
Instruction				3,917	(3,917)	
Support services		112,245	112,245	170,026	(57,781)	
Operation of non-instructional services		604,085	604,085	559,427	44,658	
Facilities acquisition & construction services Repayments		635,782	779,649	126,760	652,889	
Total expenditures		1,352,112	1,495,979	860,130	635,849	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments						
to prior year encumbrances		(589,074)	(589,074)	55,495	644,569	
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances		0	0	45	45	
Excess of revenue collected over						
(under) expenditures		(589,074)	(589,074)	55,540	644,614	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		589,074	589,074	589,074	0	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	644,614	644,614	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	DEBT SERVICE FUND					
	•	ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected:		_	_			
Local sources	\$	358,821	495,255	136,434		
State sources			4	4		
Interest earnings			1,067	1,067		
Total revenues collected		358,821	496,326	137,505		
Requirements:						
Bonds		480,000	480,000			
Coupons		18,660	18,660			
Total expenditures		498,660	498,660	0		
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures		(139,839)	(2,334)	137,505		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		139,839	139,839	0		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	137,505	137,505		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Eufaula Public Schools Independent District No. I-1 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op, and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain a co-op fund during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment. The District did not maintain any capital projects funds during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained the gifts and endowments fund during the 2012-13 school year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgements and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting – cont'd

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting - cont'd

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2012-13 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
General	\$ 1,154,260
Building	143,867

These amendments were approved by the county excise board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - cont'd

utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2013, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits, cash pools (sweep accounts) and high balance savings at June 30, 2013, was \$2,487,035. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts.

The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2013, the District did not have any outstanding investments.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses form increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2013.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2013:

Balance, July 1, 2012	\$ 1,345,000	2,606,773	3,951,773
Additions	1,045,000	449,345	1,494,345
Retirements	 (415,000)	(1,051,773)	(1,466,773)
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 1,975,000	2,004,345	3,979,345

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2013, is set forth below:

	Amount
General Obligation Bonds:	Outstanding
Building Bonds, Series 2008, original issue \$950,000, interest rates of 2.70% to 3.70 %, due in annual installments of \$255,000, final payment due 7-01-13	\$ 255,000
Building Bonds, Series 2010, original issue \$835,000, interest rates of 1.350% to 2.55%, due in annual installments of \$255,000, final payment due 7-1-15	675,000
Building Bonds, Series 2012, original issue \$1,045,000 interest rate of 1.05%, due in an initial payment of \$220,000 and annual payments thereafter of \$275,000, final payment due7-1-17.	1,045,000
Capital Leases:	
Lease purchase of equipment, dated 4-3-07, 5.8% interest due in semi-annual, final payment due 10-26-16	1,555,000
Lease purchase of land, dated 12-10-12, 3.5% interest due in annual payments, final payment due 10-22-19	449,345
Total	<u>\$ 3,979,345</u>

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the building bonds and the capital leases, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 538,082	129,930	668,012
2015	1,470,115	86,182	1,556,297
2016	562,219	53,143	615,362
2017	929,397	28,817	958,214
Thereafter	479,532	16,101	495,633
Total	\$ 3,979,345	314,173	4,293,518

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

Interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the 2012-13 fiscal year totaled \$135,543.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating

members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

Funding Policy - cont'd

school district. For the 2012-13 fiscal year, the District's contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2013. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$936,081, \$919,930, and \$917,571 respectively.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the

last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

6. RISK MANAGEMENT – cont'd

not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest. The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

The District is a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2012-13 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any material pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 19, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, Maintosh County COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 757,503	51,763	809,266
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u>			
Liabilities:			
Warrants payable	\$ 840	15,927	16,767
Encumbrances	 147,885		147,885
Total Liabilities	 148,725	15,927	164,652
Fund Equity:			
Cash fund balances	608,778	35,836	644,614
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 757,503	51,763	809,266

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, Maintosh County COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 212,503	83,527	296,030
State sources	2	53,449	53,451
Federal sources	143,867	421,282	565,149
Interest earnings	912	83	995
Total revenues collected	357,284	558,341	915,625
Expenditures:			
Instruction	3,917		3,917
Support services	170,026		170,026
Operation of non-instructional services		559,427	559,427
Facilities acquisition & construction services	126,760		126,760
Total expenditures	 300,703	559,427	860,130
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments			
to prior year encumbrances	56,581	(1,086)	55,495
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	 0	45	45
Excess of revenues collected over			
(under) expenditures	56,581	(1,041)	55,540
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 552,197	36,877	589,074
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 608,778	35,836	644,614

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND			CHILD NUTRITION FUND		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	FINAL		FINAL	
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 195,830	195,830	212,503	\$ 86,598	86,598	83,527
State sources			2	53,986	53,986	53,449
Federal sources		143,867	143,867	426,624	426,624	421,282
Interest earnings			912			83
Total revenues collected	195,830	339,697	357,284	567,208	567,208	558,341
Expenditures:						
Instruction			3,917			
Support services	112,245	112,245	170,026			
Operation of non-instructional services	•	,	,	604,085	604,085	559,427
Facilities acquisition & construction services	635,782	779,649	126,760			
Total expenditures	748,027	891,894	300,703	604,085	604,085	559,427
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments						
to prior year encumbrances	(552,197)	(552,197)	56,581	(36,877)	(36,877)	(1,086)
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	0	0	0	0	0	45
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures	(552,197)	(552,197)	56,581	(36,877)	(36,877)	(1,041)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	552,197	552,197	552,197	36,877	36,877	36,877
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	608,778	\$ 0	0	35,836

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, MAINTOSH COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES - ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	TRU: GIF ENDO	ENDABLE ST FUND TS AND DWMENTS FUND	AGENCY FUNDS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
Cash	\$	11,095	134,118	145,213
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities:				
Warrants Payable Funds held for school organizations Total liabilities	\$	250 250	134,118 134,118	250 134,118 134,368
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		10,845	0	10,845
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	11,095	134,118	145,213

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, MAINTOSH COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BALANCE 7-01-12	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-13
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$ 158,899	386,431	0	411,212	134,118
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	\$ 42,516	53,607	(35,024)	18,373	42,726
HS Football	3,245	3,087	10,000	11,115	5,217
HS Boys Basketball	3,125	3,229	4,000	9,698	656
HS Girls Basketball	1,385	1,939	4,000	6,254	1,070
HS Baseball	517	8,080	3,920	12,051	466
Slow Pitch Softball	2,552	0,000	1,750	2,265	2,037
Fast Pitch Softball	159	0	1,750	1,778	131
Golf	204	7,494	3,000	10,481	217
Track Booster Club	7,490	83	2,953	9,457	1,069
Powerlifting	2,716	0	1,250	3,353	613
MS Football	3,265	0	1,500	1,600	3,165
MS Basketball	833	4,000	1,200	5,010	1,023
MS Activity Account	15	4,785	0	2,301	2,499
HS Library	152	201	0	79	274
Band General	1,391	17,414	672	18,770	707
Band Trip	6,151	0	(3,003)	3,148	0
Choir	2,482	5,300	(168)	4,310	3,304
FFA	1,430	69,120	0	70,535	15
Alternative Education	1,609	2,511	0	2,063	2,057
Yearbook	26,721	18,250	0	24,544	20,427
FCCLA	138	2,972	0	2,732	378
HS Cheerleaders	4,474	18,328	(240)	18,839	3,723
Student Council	1,551	2,994	0	2,794	1,751
Math/Science Club	1,679	964	0	1,308	1,335
Academic Team	914	4,980	0	3,063	2,831
Scholarship Account	1,510	. 0	0	250	1,260
HS Coke Account	3,202	6,461	0	7,262	2,401
Senior 2014	99	0	0	37	62
Senior 2012	911	0	(911)	0	0
Senior 2013	226	4,059	911	3,350	1,846
MS Coke Account	11,234	28,482	(321)	30,688	8,707
MS Cheerleaders	3,394	2,919	Ô	5,725	588
MS Library Book Fair	184	1,559	0	1,310	433
MS Yearbook	1,240	2,790	0	3,553	477
Eufaula Elementary	7,330	71,092	74	68,420	10,076
Elementary Library	1,180	11,797	0	10,619	2,358
General	1,358	1,845	0	2,062	1,141
Central & Bus Barn	315	537	0	572	280
Reimbursement Account	0	17,542	2,687	20,229	0
Beacon	10,002	8,010	0	11,214	6,798
Total Liabilities	\$ 158,899	386,431	0	411,212	134,118

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, MaINTOSH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/12	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/13
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs							
Indian Education	84.060a	S060A121048	\$ 121,878		121,878	121,878	
*Impact Aid	84.041	S041B-2013-3929	813,293		813,293	804,609	
Sub Total			935,171	0	935,171	926,487	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I	84.010		358,786		350,924	350,924	
Title I Award Achievment	84.010		6,764		,-	6,091	
IDEA-B, Flow through	84.027		293,972		285,050	285,050	
IDEA-B, Flow through 2011-12 - Note	84.027		200,0.2	5,000	5,000	200,000	
IDEA-B, Discretionary	84.027		5,000	0,000	0,000	1,003	
IDEA-B, Preschool	84.173		12,314		12,314	12,314	
Title II, Part A	84.367		67,327		54,502	63,293	8,791
Title II, Part A 2011-12 - Note	84.367		01,021	18,066	18,066	00,200	0,731
Title VI, Part B	84.358		23,449	10,000	22,678	22,678	
21st Century	84.287		176,100		129,786	147,172	17,386
21st Century 2011-12 - Note	84.287		170,100	37,802	37,802	147,172	17,300
Sub Total	04.207		040.740			000 505	00.477
Sud lotal			943,712	60,868	916,122	888,525	26,177
U.S. Department of Agriculture							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
*Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				95,663	95,663	
	10.555				,	,	
National school lunch program	10.559				325,619	325,619	7,981
Summer food program				0.044	0.044	7,981	7,961
Summer food program 2011-12 - Note	10.559			8,344	8,344	400,000	7.004
Sub Total				8,344	429,626	429,263	7,981
Passed Through Department of Human Services:							
*Non-cash assistance - Commodities - Note 1	10.555				31,979	31,979	
National school lunch program							
Other Federal Assistance							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		4,073		4,073	4,073	
Johnson O'Malley 3 month money	15.130		26,100		16,191	16,191	
Job training - OJT	84.126		413		413	413	
Flood control	12.112		861		861	861	
Medicaid	93.778		152,604		152,604	152,604	
Sub Total	00.110		184,051	0	174,142	174,142	0
Cab i Otta			107,001		117,174	177,174	
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 2,062,934	69,212	2,487,040	2,450,396	34,158
			. , - ,			, ,	

^{*} Major programs

Note - This amount represents a reimbursement for prior year expenditures which was not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$31,979 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, Maintosh County STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety -				
Westen Surety Company	Treasurer	0601 68340713	\$ 100,000	02/01/13 - 02/01/14
	Superintendent	0601 70745786	100,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Payroll Clerk	0601 70745786	100,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Encumbrance Clerk	0601 70745786	100,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Blanket Bond (All Employees)	0601 18256735	10,000	09/28/12 - 09/28/13

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-1, McINTOSH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2012 TO JUNE 30, 2013

State of Oklahoma)	
County of Tulsa) ss)	
said firm had in full for accordance with the "Ok	ce and effect Acc lahoma Public Sc	ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that countant's Professional Liability Insurance in shool Audit Law" at the time of audit contract with Eufaula Public Schools for the audit year
		Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm
		ByAuthorized Agent
		Subscribed and sworn to before me This 19 th day of November, 2013
		Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)
		My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016 Commission No. 00008621