

Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

This section of the University Hospitals Authority (Authority) and University Hospitals Trust (Trust) Annual Financial Statements presents our discussion and analysis of performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. For comparative purposes, fiscal year 2012 information is also provided. Please read the discussion and analysis in conjunction with the combined financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Statements Overview

The Authority and Trust report financial results on a combined basis. Both the Authority and the Trust are statutorily mandated with the same mission and the financial resources of both entities are expended to accomplish our mission of Indigent Care, Medical Education, and Research. The Authority and the Trust are component units of the State of Oklahoma.

The financial statements of the University Hospitals Authority and University Hospitals Trust are prepared on a proprietary basis as a business-like entity. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized and the measurement focus is on economic resources. All short-term and long-term assets and liabilities of the Authority and Trust, both financial and capital are provided. All revenues and expenses earned during the year are recorded regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The financial statements and information presented include:

Statement of Net Position is the financial report that displays the Authority and Trust assets and liabilities and the difference between them (Net Position). Changes in net assets, increases or decreases, is one way to measure the financial health of the entity and whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. The responsibility of capitalizing the hospital operations shifted from the Authority to the Trust at the inception of the Joint Operating Agreement (JOA).

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is the financial report that displays the operating results of the Authority and Trust.

The Authority and Trust utilize the accrual method of accounting, which recognizes revenues at the time the earning process is complete and expenses when the liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Statement of Cash Flows is the financial report that provides relevant information of the Authority's and Trust's sources of cash receipts and purposes for its cash disbursements. It demonstrates our ability to generate cash flows and our ability to pay our debts and obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

The cash flow statements presented utilize the direct method of cash reporting, that is, cash receipts and disbursements reported are not netted or combined with other categories presented in the cash flow statements.

Net Assets

(Dollars in thousands)

	 2014	2013	2012	2014-2013 Percentage change
Current assets Restricted assets Capital assets, net Other assets	\$ 101,427 1,459 253,165 20,090	73,736 1,597 252,276 20,096	76,617 1,665 244,726 20,102	37.6% (8.6) 0.4 (0.1)
Total assets	\$ 376,141	347,705	343,110	8.2%
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 25,638 46,779	25,500 47,954	17,590 49,170	0.5% (2.5)
Total liabilities	\$ 72,417	73,454	66,760	(1.4)%
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for donated purposes Unrestricted Total net assets	\$ 205,491 1,459 96,774 303,724	203,440 1,597 69,213 274,250	194,804 1,665 79,881 276,350	1.0% (8.6) <u>39.8</u> 10.7%

Current assets increased \$27.7 million in 2014 and is attributed primarily to net increases of Trust supplemental Medicaid cost reimbursement programs and joint operating income. Current assets decreased \$2.9 million in 2013 and is attributed primarily to net decreases of Trust supplemental Medicaid cost reimbursement programs and joint operating income.

Restricted assets decreased in 2014 due to expenditures of restricted funds of \$138,000. Restricted assets decreased in 2013 due to expenditures of restricted funds of \$68,000.

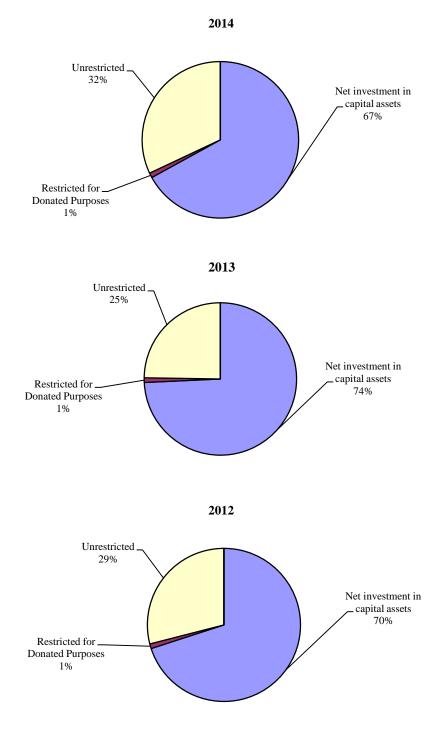
Net capital assets increased \$889,000 in 2014 and \$7.6 million in 2013 due to the Trust's investment in the construction of a new College of Medicine Academic Building and garage, increased investment in Trust property and equipment related to the hospital capital projects and equipment, and offset by annual depreciation.

Current liabilities increased \$138,000 in 2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Composition of Net Position (%) as of June 30



Management's Discussion and Analysis

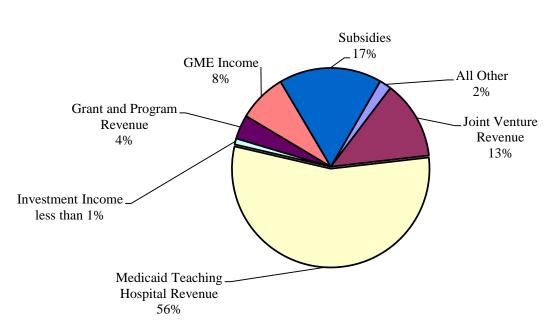
June 30, 2014 and 2013

Changes in Net Position

The Authority and Trust total revenues (operating revenues and net nonoperating revenues) increased \$52.2 million in 2014 from 2013 and decreased \$24.7 million in 2013 from 2012. Total revenues for 2014 and 2013 were \$265.2 million and \$213.0 million with 17% and 19% of the total revenues from appropriations for indigent care subsidies (appropriations or subsidies), respectively. Appropriations in 2014 of \$44.5 million was an increase from fiscal year 2013's \$41.6 million in appropriations. Appropriations in 2013 was an increase from fiscal year 2012's \$38.4 million in appropriations.

Another 56% of total revenues were from Teaching Hospital Reimbursement and Level I trauma programs in 2014 and 2013. These receipts increased in 2014 from 2013, and decreased in 2013 from 2012. For 2014, 2013, and 2012 the full pre-tax earnings preferential payments (joint venture revenue) of \$9 million were earned and received. The University Hospitals Authority and Trust by virtue of a Joint Operating Agreement, receives the first \$9 million of pre-tax earnings of the venture if earned. The Trust receives 30% share of total pre-tax earnings in excess of \$39 million as specified in the Joint Operating Agreement. As hospital earnings increased in 2014 from 2013 and decreased in 2013 from 2012, excess earnings also increased in 2014 to \$26.5 million and decreased in 2013 to \$14.8 million.

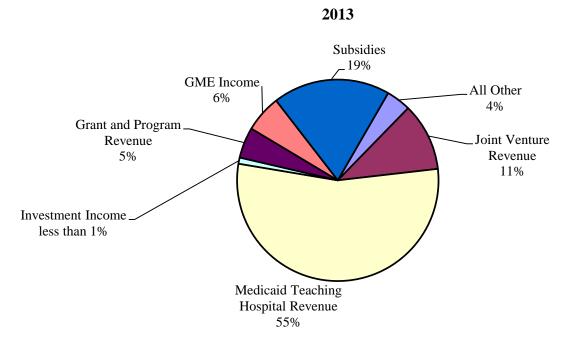
Sources of Revenue



2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013



The University Hospitals Authority and Trust combined sources of revenues are from the following sources:

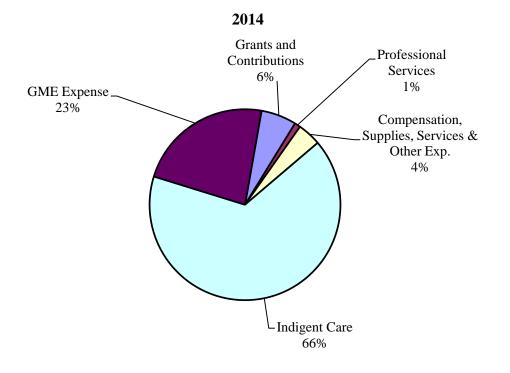
- *Subsidies* are appropriated for Indigent Care and state-matching amounts for Graduate Medical Education (GME) programs and Indigent Care programs.
- *Medicaid Teaching Hospital* receipts from the Oklahoma Health Care Authority reimburse the costs of providing care to Medicaid and charity patients. This also includes Level I trauma receipts from the Oklahoma State Department of Health that were authorized by the State Legislature to reimburse hospitals for the cost of Level I trauma centers.
- *Grant and program* revenues relate to Indirect Medical Education (IME), which is a state and federal matching program paid to major teaching hospitals with approved resident and intern programs to offset costs associated with such teaching programs and resultant increased Medicaid and Indigent volumes. The Trust provided the state matching share and received a net IME revenue available of \$9.9 million in 2014 and \$9.7 million in 2013.
- *Joint Venture Revenue* relates to the Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) between the Authority and Trust and HCA Health Services of Oklahoma, Inc. The JOA stipulates that the first \$9 million of hospital pre-tax earnings is to be paid to the state. Additionally, the Trust receives 30% of total pre-tax earnings in excess of \$39 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

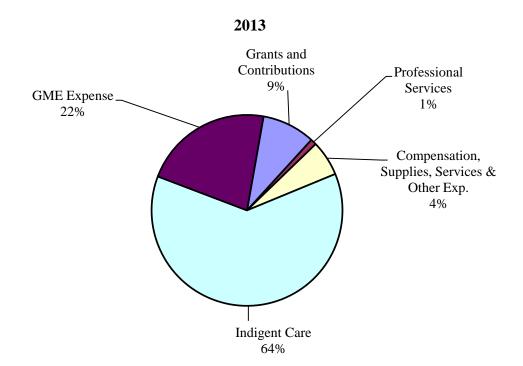
- *Graduate Medical Education (GME)* income is from the University of Oklahoma (O.U.) and Oklahoma State University (O.S.U.) medical colleges. These two major teaching universities provided \$20.2 million in 2014 and \$13.0 million in 2013 of the state match share paid to the Oklahoma Health Care Authority along with an additional \$10.6 million in 2014 and 2013 provided by the Authority from appropriations. This University GME program is for qualifying universities with approved resident and intern programs to offset increased education costs associated with these teaching programs and to provide incentive for participation in the state's Medicaid Managed Care programs.
- *Investment Income* accounted for less than 1% of total revenues in both 2014 and 2013.
- *All Other Revenues* is primarily from donations and income associated with rental and lease incomes of Authority and Trust buildings.

Operating Expenses before Depreciation and Amortization



Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013



- *Total Expenses* including depreciation increased \$20.6 million in 2014 from 2013 and increased \$13.6 million in 2013 from 2012. The increase is primarily related to increases in Indigent Care Expense and grants expenses.
- *Indigent Care Expense* represents certain amounts of state subsidies and Medicaid program receipts from the Oklahoma Health Care Authority paid to HCA Health Services of Oklahoma, Inc. for Indigent Care services to patients based on the terms of the Indigent Care Agreement.
- *Graduate Medical Education (GME)* expenses are state match amounts paid to the Oklahoma Health Care Authority for Hospital GME programs (\$19.7 million in 2014 and \$19.7 million in 2013) and University GME programs (\$30.6 million in 2014 and \$23.6 million in 2013).
- *Grants and Contributions* were for medical education and research and patient care improvement purposes.
- *Professional Services* were payments for professional auditing, public relations, legal services, and pathology services.
- *Compensation, Supplies, Services, and All Other Costs* includes costs associated with building operations support for space leased to others.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Changes in Net Assets

(Dollars in thousands)

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		 2014	2013	2012	2014-2013 Percentage change
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Operating revenues:				
Medicaid Teaching Hospital/ Level I trauma 148,700 119,429 133,051 24.5 GME income 20,196 12,967 13,814 55.7 Joint venture income 35,477 23,814 35,995 49.0 Other revenues 640 229 1,411 179.5 Total operating revenues 223,660 174,477 201,975 28.2% Operating expenses: Compensation and benefits 1,515 1,110 1,251 36.5 Professional services 2,217 1,264 1,271 75.4 Grants and contributions 13,162 18,268 11,705 (28.0) Supplies, services, and other 7,759 7,535 7,201 3.0 Indigent care expense 141,842 124,869 120,831 13.6 GME expense 50,290 43,289 41,115 16.2 Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization 216,785 196,335 183,374 10.4 Depreciation and amortization 18,963 18,788 18,465 0.9 0.9 Operating rev		\$ 9,948	9,725	9,636	2.3%
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		8,699	8,313	8,068	4.6
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Other revenues	 640	229	1,411	179.5
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total operating revenues	 223,660	174,477	201,975	28.2%
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Operating expenses:				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,515	1,110	1,251	36.5
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,		75.4
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Grants and contributions	13,162	18,268	11,705	(28.0)
GME expense $50,290$ $43,289$ $41,115$ 16.2 Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization $216,785$ $196,335$ $183,374$ 10.4 Depreciation and amortization $18,963$ $18,788$ $184,65$ 0.9 Operating (loss) income $(12,088)$ $(40,646)$ 136 (70.3) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income 103 109 150 (5.5) Debt-related expenses (446) (515) (518) (13.4) Indigent care subsidies $44,530$ $41,624$ $38,446$ 7.0 Other $(2,625)$ $(2,672)$ $(2,361)$ (1.8) Total nonoperating revenues $41,562$ $38,546$ $35,717$ 7.8	Supplies, services, and other	7,759	7,535	7,201	3.0
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization 216,785 196,335 183,374 10.4 Depreciation and amortization 216,785 196,335 183,374 10.4 Depreciation and amortization 18,963 18,788 18,465 0.9 Operating (loss) income (12,088) (40,646) 136 (70.3) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income 103 109 150 (5.5) Debt-related expenses (446) (515) (518) (13.4) Indigent care subsidies 44,530 41,624 38,446 7.0 Other (2,625) (2,672) (2,361) (1.8) Total nonoperating revenues 41,562 38,546 35,717 7.8				120,831	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	GME expense	 50,290	43,289	41,115	16.2
Depreciation and amortization $18,963$ $18,788$ $18,465$ 0.9 Operating (loss) income $(12,088)$ $(40,646)$ 136 (70.3) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income 103 109 150 (5.5) Debt-related expenses (446) (515) (518) (13.4) Indigent care subsidies $44,530$ $41,624$ $38,446$ 7.0 Other $(2,625)$ $(2,672)$ $(2,361)$ (1.8) Total nonoperating revenues $41,562$ $38,546$ $35,717$ 7.8	expenses before depreciation				
Operating (loss) income $(12,088)$ $(40,646)$ 136 (70.3) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income103109150 (5.5) Debt-related expenses (446) (515) (518) (13.4) Indigent care subsidies44,53041,62438,4467.0Other $(2,625)$ $(2,672)$ $(2,361)$ (1.8) Total nonoperating revenues41,56238,54635,7177.8	and amortization	216,785	196,335	183,374	10.4
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 103 109 150 (5.5) Investment income 103 109 150 (5.5) Debt-related expenses (446) (515) (518) (13.4) Indigent care subsidies 44,530 41,624 38,446 7.0 Other (2,625) (2,672) (2,361) (1.8) Total nonoperating revenues 41,562 38,546 35,717 7.8	Depreciation and amortization	 18,963	18,788	18,465	0.9
Investment income103109150 (5.5) Debt-related expenses (446) (515) (518) (13.4) Indigent care subsidies $44,530$ $41,624$ $38,446$ 7.0 Other $(2,625)$ $(2,672)$ $(2,361)$ (1.8) Total nonoperating revenues41,562 $38,546$ $35,717$ 7.8	Operating (loss) income	 (12,088)	(40,646)	136	(70.3)
Total nonoperating revenues41,56238,54635,7177.8	Investment income Debt-related expenses Indigent care subsidies	(446) 44,530	(515) 41,624	(518) 38,446	(13.4) 7.0
revenues 41,562 38,546 35,717 7.8		 (-,)	(_,~)	(_,_ ; = 1)	()
		41,562	38,546	35,717	7.8
	Change in net assets	\$ 29,474	(2,100)	35,853	1,303.5%

The Authority and Trust operating revenues increased \$49.2 million in 2014 from 2013, and decreased \$27.5 million in 2013 from 2012.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

- Grant and program revenue increased \$223,000 in 2014 from 2013 and increased \$89,000 in 2013 from 2012. IME grants paid to the Trust by the Oklahoma Health Care Authority are based on federal matching amounts that vary from year to year.
- Services provided increased \$386,000 in 2014 from 2013 and \$245,000 in 2013 from 2012 due to increases in rental and lease incomes as the Trust increased rates charged.
- GME revenue represents state share matching payments from universities. The \$847,000 decrease in 2013 represents a minimal FMAP adjustment. The \$7.2 million increase in 2014 represents an expansion in the program.
- Medicaid program income increased \$29.3 million in 2014 from 2013 and decreased \$13.6 million in 2013 from 2012. These changes in Medicaid program income are dependent upon the hospital's costs, case mix intensity, Medicaid utilization, and Federal match percentages. Indigent care expenses to OUMC hospitals increased \$17 million in 2014 from 2013 and increased \$4.0 million in 2013 from 2012, as they also fluctuate consistent with changes in federal Medicaid income.
- JOA income increased \$11.7 million in 2014 as the OUMC hospital pretax earnings increased substantially in 2014 from 2013 and decreased \$12.2 million in 2013 as the OUMC hospital pretax earnings decreased substantially in 2013 from 2012.
- Compensation and benefits increased \$405,000 in 2014 from 2013, which was due to the added staff in 2014. Compensation and benefits decreased \$141,000 in 2013 from 2012, which was due to the decrease in workers compensation liability reserves.
- Professional services cost increased \$953,000 in 2014 from 2013 and decreased \$7,000 in 2013 from 2012. These changes were due to fluctuations in consulting fees year over year.
- The Trust and Authority committed or expended \$5.1 million less in grants in 2014 over 2013. The Trust and Authority committed or expended \$6.6 million more in grants in 2013 over 2012. In 2013 additional support related to social work models and primary care was provided.
- GME expenses increased \$7.0 million in 2014 over 2013 and increased \$2.2 million in 2013 over 2012, as the Oklahoma Health Care Authority provided substantial increases in program support in 2014.
- Investment income decreased \$6,000 in 2014 from 2013 and \$41 thousand in 2013 from 2012 as interest rates and average cash invested decreased.
- Indigent Care subsidies increased \$2.9 million in 2014 from 2013 as the legislature increased appropriations for programs. Indigent Care subsidies increased \$3.2 million in 2013 from 2012 as the legislature increased appropriations for added programs.

Financial Analysis of Fiscal Year 2014 Operations

Total net position increased \$29.5 million in 2014.

Legislative appropriations increased in 2014 over 2013. The increase in funds was due to the legislature replacing required state match amounts to the Authority and to increase Indigent Care support.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Capital Assets

Capital assets net of depreciation increased 0.4% in 2014 from 2013. The University Hospitals Trust increased capital assets \$19.9 million in 2014 primarily related to design and construction of the College of Medicine Academic Office Building and garage. These additions were offset by annual depreciation of \$19.0 million in 2014. Capital assets net of depreciation increased 3.1% in 2013 from 2012 primarily related to the Samis Education Center project. These additions were offset by \$18.8 million annual depreciation in 2013.

	(Net of de	preciation, dollars in	thousands)	2014 to 2013	
	 2014	2013	2012	Change amount	Percentage
Land	\$ 4,009	4,009	4,009		%
Building and improvements	165,747	167,167	162,261	(1,420)	(0.8)
Equipment	34,619	36,043	37,993	(1,424)	(4.0)
Infrastructure	3,513	3,667	3,759	(154)	(4.2)
Joint venture equipment	25,698	29,359	24,489	(3,661)	(12.5)
Construction-in-progress	 19,579	12,031	12,215	7,548	62.7
Total	\$ 253,165	252,276	244,726	889	0.4%

Capital Assets

Long-term Debt

In October 2005, the University Hospitals Trust issued Series 2005-A and 2005-B variable rate bonds to partially finance the construction of new pediatric care facilities and the phase II basic research center. The \$36,715,000 tax-exempt Series 2005-A bonds was used for design and construction of the O.U. Children's Pediatric Ambulatory Care building. The attached 1,000 car parking garage was funded with Trust cash and a central connecting atrium and education center was paid for with a combination of contributions and Trust cash. The 2005-B taxable bonds use is for the phase II basic research building constructed by the University of Oklahoma. Both variable rate bond issues are credit enhanced with irrevocable letters of credit that are in effect for three-year terms. The Trust makes interest payments monthly based on weekly rate resets with principal payments made annually each August. The bonds are secured with Trust revenues and the indenture and letter of credit agreements place liquidity, debt service, and capitalization covenants on the Trust.

Bonds Payable Balance

(Dollars in millions)

	 2014	2013	2012	2014-2013 Change
Variable rate bonds	\$ 48	49	50	(1)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Economic Factors, Conditions, and Facts Effecting Financial Position or Operations

The University Hospitals Authority and Trust is dependent on subsidies, grants, and entitlements from other governments in sustaining its primary mission of Indigent Care, Medical Education, and Research. All of these sources of income combine to account for 83% of total income. In 2014 the Oklahoma legislature increased subsidies. Sustaining these programs at current levels or expanding them is dependent on the ability of the State of Oklahoma to increase revenue levels, which is primarily through tax revenues. The University Hospitals Authority's allocation of appropriations for 2014 was increased from 2013, and no operating reserves were utilized in 2014 to maintain Indigent Care and GME programs at current levels.

GME programs (Hospitals' and University's) and Medicaid hospital supplemental payment programs utilize matching state and federal funds to disburse these entitlements to eligible recipients. The match rate was substantially unchanged in 2014.

The Authority and Trust is required by the JOA to pay for all workers compensation liabilities (accrued legal liabilities) for hospital employees injured prior to February 5, 1998. While these claims and payments have been relatively stable each year since 1998. It is believed that we have adequately stated our potential liability on the 2014 Statement of Net Assets. Any catastrophic loss resulting from any of the pre-JOA injuries would require payment from cash reserves and would result in a decrease in changes in net assets in the payment period.



KPMG LLP 210 Park Avenue, Suite 2850 Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5683

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the University Hospitals Authority and Trustees of the University Hospitals Trust:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of net position, revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows of the University Hospitals Authority and University Hospitals Trust (together referred to as TUH), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the TUH's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and that standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of TUH as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1–12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the TUH's basic financial statements. The supplementary combining statements on pages 33–38 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary combining statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2014 on our consideration of TUH's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering TUH's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Oklahoma City, Oklahoma October 1, 2014

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Assets	2014	2013
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 94,808,225 1,680,821	71,496,621 1,694,475
Receivables: Institutional and other Interest Prepaid expenses	4,922,293 12,764 3,367	524,734 16,740 3,467
Total current assets	101,427,470	73,736,037
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Real estate Total restricted assets	538,026 885,160 35,989 1,459,175	675,712 885,516 35,989 1,597,217
Noncurrent:	1,439,173	1,397,217
Other Working capital settlement Investment in joint venture equipment, net Capital assets, net	89,482 20,000,000 25,698,931 227,466,228	95,695 20,000,000 29,358,897 222,916,778
Total assets	\$ 376,141,286	347,704,624
Liabilities		
Current liabilities: Trade payables Accrued expenses Current portion of bonds payable Current portion of accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 2,916,496 21,236,811 1,235,000 161,710 88,432	2,697,416 21,458,392 1,170,000 170,553 3,938
Total current liabilities	25,638,449	25,500,299
Noncurrent: Bonds payable, net of unamortized discount of \$120,751 and \$129,134 in 2014 and 2013, respectively Accrued liabilities	46,439,249 339,653	47,665,866 287,968
Total liabilities	\$ 72,417,351	73,454,133
Net Position		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 205,490,910 1,459,175 96,773,850	203,439,809 1,597,217 69,213,465
Total net position	\$ 303,723,935	274,250,491

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	_	2014	2013
Operating revenues:	_		
Teaching Hospital Reimbursement/Level I trauma revenue	\$	148,700,155	119,428,422
GME revenue		20,195,732	12,967,214
Grant and program revenue		9,948,386	9,725,497
Joint venture revenue		35,476,650	23,814,300
Services provided to others		8,699,244	8,312,801
Other revenue	-	640,098	229,145
Total operating revenues	-	223,660,265	174,477,379
Operating expenses:			
GME expense		50,290,415	43,289,018
Indigent care expense Grants and contributions		141,842,136	124,869,204
Professional services		13,161,948 2,217,185	18,267,767 1,264,516
Compensation and benefits		1,515,218	1,109,817
Supplies, services, and other		7,759,412	7,534,890
	-	.,	.,
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	_	216,786,314	196,335,212
Operating income (loss) before depreciation			
and amortization		6,873,951	(21,857,833)
Depreciation and amortization	_	(18,963,384)	(18,788,126)
Operating loss	-	(12,089,433)	(40,645,959)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Indigent care subsidies		44,530,391	41,624,391
Investment income		103,030	109,019
Debt-related expenses		(445,837)	(514,819)
Miscellaneous expense	-	(2,624,707)	(2,672,220)
Total nonoperating revenues	-	41,562,877	38,546,371
Change in net position		29,473,444	(2,099,588)
Net position, beginning of year	_	274,250,491	276,350,079
Net position, end of year	\$	303,723,935	274,250,491

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers \$ Joint operating agreement receipts Grant receipts (IME, GME, MTH) Indigent care payments Grant payments GME match payments Goods and service payments Payments to employees Other operating receipts	30,909,900 184,440,240 (138,140,616) (19,479,950) (56,108,333) (9,000,805) (1,450,119) 626,914	8,118,101 23,814,300 147,620,271 (124,869,204) (12,004,541) (48,811,059) (8,460,315) (1,072,487) 226,502
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	733,248	(15,438,432)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activity: Subsidies	44,530,391	41,624,391
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payment Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on bonds Other bond related costs Nonoperating revenue	$(1,170,000) \\ (17,971,360) \\ (52,457) \\ (380,614) \\ (2,625,000)$	(1,095,000) (25,742,900) (101,724) (403,092) (1,940,963)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(22,199,431)	(29,283,679)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income Purchase of investments	109,710	99,890 (1,626,250)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	109,710	(1,526,360)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	23,173,918	(4,624,080)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	72,172,333	76,796,413
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$	95,346,251	72,172,333
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss \$	(12,089,433)	(40,645,959)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Increase in receivables, net (Decrease) increase in payables and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Decrease in prepaid expenses	18,963,384 (4,398,291) (1,827,006) 84,494 100	18,788,126 (43,286) 6,546,128 (83,541) 100
Total adjustments	12,822,681	25,207,527
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$	733,248	(15,438,432)
Noncash capital financing and investing activity: Capital assets purchased remaining in accrued expenses \$	4,274,692	2,404,906

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

(1) Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Nature of the Entity

The University Hospitals Authority (the Authority) was created in July 1993 by Oklahoma State Senate Bill 423. The bill transferred substantially all assets, liabilities, fund balance, and operations of Oklahoma Medical Center from the Oklahoma Department of Human Services to the Authority at historical cost. The Authority is a nonmajor component unit of the State of Oklahoma (the State). The Authority consists of the University Hospital, Children's Hospital of Oklahoma, and their related clinics and other services, collectively called the University Hospitals. For management and reporting purposes, these facilities collectively comprise the Authority. The Authority is governed by a six-member board. Three of the six members are appointed as follows: one by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, one by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one by the Governor. The other three members serve based on their position as agency head for the Medicaid program, the Provost of the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center (OUHSC), and the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority (ex officio). All the Authority's facilities are located in Oklahoma.

During 1995, Oklahoma State House Bill 1751 was passed, which, among other actions, allowed for the creation of the University Hospitals Trust (the Trust). The Trust can accept a leasehold interest in the University Hospitals from the Authority and negotiate with private entities for the operation of the University Hospitals. The Trust cannot accept title to real property or pledge any indebtedness against the real property. The Trust was created September 18, 1997. The members of the Authority are the trustees of the Trust. The Trust is included in the financial statements of the Authority as a blended component unit. The operations and activities of the Authority and the Trust are hereinafter referred to as "TUH."

On February 4, 1998, the Authority through an agreement with the Trust, entered into an agreement to lease and jointly operate substantially all of the operations and facilities of TUH (including O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute (ORI), which has remained closed since March 1995 as a cost cutting measure) with a subsidiary of Columbia/HCA (HCA).

The agreement with the Trust provides that the Authority will lease certain buildings, structures, improvements, and personal property utilized in connection with the operation of the University Hospitals (including ORI) to the Trust. The Trust then entered into an agreement with HCA to jointly operate the University Hospitals and Presbyterian Hospital, which is adjacent to the University Hospitals.

TUH is affiliated with the OUHSC, whose medical school residents and staff provide patient care, in-service education, and certain administrative functions for the benefit of TUH.

The jointly operated hospitals and other healthcare facilities are collectively known as OU Medical System (OUMS). TUH operated the University Hospitals until February 4, 1998, when the Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) went into effect.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

After February 4, 1998, TUH, (through the Trust) is eligible to share in the net profits of the joint operations of OUMC as described more fully in note 9. The estimated net profits of the joint venture accruing to TUH and the Trust for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are presented in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as "joint venture revenue."

(b) Basis of Accounting and Presentation

Under the terms of the JOA described in note 9, the Authority has retained title to substantially all of the property, plant and equipment formerly used in the hospital operations of the University Hospitals and now used in the joint operations of OUMC. This property, plant and equipment was leased from the Authority to the Trust and then subleased from the Trust to the joint operations of the OUMC. The JOA provides for the Trust to share in the net profits of the joint operations of University Hospitals.

As discussed previously, the Trust is considered to be a blended component unit of the Authority and the financial position and results of operations of the Trust and Authority are presented together as "TUH." For ease of presentation, certain agreements between either the Authority or Trust and HCA and others are described herein as between TUH and other parties.

TUH's basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as they apply to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The operations of TUH are accounted for as an enterprise fund on an accrual basis in order to recognize the flow of economic resources. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, depreciation and amortization of assets is recognized, and all assets and liabilities associated with the operations of TUH are included in the statement of net assets. TUH recognizes revenue related to the JOA, teaching hospitals and grant and program as operating revenues. Operating expenses for TUH include the costs of administering the funds, grants and contributions expense, indigent care costs, amounts paid for Graduate Medical Education (GME) programs, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Net position is restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

(c) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, TUH considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of the cash equivalents and investments is fair value. The net change in fair value of investments and interest income are recorded as investment income in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and includes the unrealized and realized gains and losses on investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

(d) Restricted Assets

Certain assets of TUH are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by grant agreements or by bond trust agreements. Management has adopted the policy to spend restricted funds before the use of unrestricted resources when donor-imposed stipulations and funding agreement requirements have been met.

The Authority has certain assets that are restricted by donor-imposed stipulations. The majority of these funds have been restricted for construction or specific purposes at Children's Hospital.

(e) Capital Assets

All capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at the date of donation, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Capital assets are defined as long-lived assets with initial costs equal to or greater than \$2,500. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Building and improvements	25–40 years
Equipment	5–25 years
Infrastructure	40 years

Expenses that increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Routine maintenance, repairs, and renewals are charged to operations. Upon disposition, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in the period in which the asset is disposed. Substantial capital assets, except construction-in-progress and certain capital additions since 2003, as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 have been leased to the joint operations of the OUMC or the OU Board of Regents for uses related to the mission of TUH. Certain capital additions since 2003 are owned and operated by TUH and are not leased to the joint operations of OUMC.

(f) Compensated Absences

Unused annual leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 480 hours. All accrued leave is payable upon termination, resignation, retirement, or death. Vested or accumulated vacation leave is recorded as an expense and a liability as the benefits accrue to employees. Sick leave does not vest to the employee and therefore is not recorded as a liability.

(g) Income Taxes

As an integral part of the State, the income of the Authority and of the Trust is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

(h) Use of Estimates

Management of TUH has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these financial

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(i) Subsidy Income

TUH receives an annual appropriation or subsidy from the State Legislature. The indigent care subsidy is recorded as revenue in the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made. Indigent care expense is recorded when funds are paid out to cover indigent care. Future state subsidies will be used to offset the cost of indigent care provided by the joint operations of the OUMC.

(j) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

For the year ended June 30, 2013, TUH adopted GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. These statements provided financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as well as, established accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The objective of these statements is to clarify the appropriate use of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The adoption of these statements resulted in no impact to net position of TUH at June 30, 2014 or 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, TUH adopted GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 GASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* This statement had no impact on TUH's accounting policies.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The objective of this statement is to improve the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. In financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, a cost-sharing employer that does not have a special funding situation is required to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Management is evaluating the impact of adopting this Standard; however, the impact could be material to TUH's financial position.

(2) **Deposits and Investments**

(a) Deposits

At June 30, 2014 and 2013, TUH held deposits and cash equivalents with the State Treasurer and other financial institutions. The State Treasurer requires all state funds be either insured by federal

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

deposit insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in United States government obligations. TUH's deposits with the State Treasurer are pooled with the funds of other state agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, placed in financial institutions or invested as the State Treasurer may determine, in the State's name.

The Authority's unrestricted deposits with the State Treasurer at June 30, 2014 and 2013 are approximately \$9,441,000 and \$5,262,000, respectively. The Authority's reserved deposits with the State Treasurer at June 30, 2014 and 2013 are approximately \$248,000 and \$245,000, respectively.

At June 30, 2014 and 2013, the bank balance of the Trust's cash equivalents were approximately \$85,658,000 and \$66,666,000, respectively, which equals carrying amount. The bank balance is collateralized with securities held by an agent in the Trust's name. Approximately \$291,000 and \$431,000 was restricted as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(b) Investments

At June 30, TUH's investments at fair value consisted of the following:

	 2014	2013
Mutual funds Equities	\$ 882,049 1,683,932	883,600 1,696,391
Total	\$ 2,565,981	2,579,991

TUH is not subject to credit risk, custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk.

(c) Concentration of Credit Risk

TUH places no limit on the amount it can invest in any one issuer. Investments at Morgan Stanley Smith Barney represented 34.4% and 34.3% of total investments at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(3) **Receivables**

At June 30, the accounts receivable are as follows:

	_	2014	2013
Institutional and other	\$	4,922,293	524,734
Working capital settlement		20,000,000	20,000,000

In the event the JOA has not been terminated prior to September 11, 2023, HCA Health Services of Oklahoma, Inc., a subsidiary of HCA, (the Company) agreed to reimburse the Trust \$20,000,000 on September 11, 2023. The Company agreed to transfer and assign to the Trust the aggregate amount of \$20,000,000 of accounts receivable and notes receivable of the Hospitals, net of the Company's good faith estimate of an allowance for uncollectibles at the date of the transfer, September 11, 2023.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

On March 11, 2024, the Company shall determine the Actual Value of Receivables, which is the actual aggregate amount of collections from such accounts and notes receivables. If the Actual Value of Receivables is in excess of \$20,000,000, the Trust shall repay the excess to the Company within five business days after determination thereof. If the Actual Value of Receivables is less than \$20,000,000, the Company shall pay to the Trust in cash an amount equal to such deficiency within five business days of determination thereof. Management has no knowledge of the Company's intent to terminate the JOA prior to September 11, 2023.

(4) Capital Assets

A substantial amount of all capital assets are leased to the joint operations of OUMC or to OU Health Sciences Center. At June 30, capital assets consisted of the following:

	2014	2013
Land	\$ 4,009,252	4,009,252
Buildings and improvements	330,926,831	325,610,238
Equipment	127,908,737	127,847,707
Construction-in-progress	19,579,016	12,030,302
Infrastructure	7,700,830	7,670,326
	490,124,666	477,167,825
Less accumulated depreciation	(262,658,438)	(254,251,047)
	\$ 227,466,228	222,916,778

The following summarizes the additions and deductions from net capital assets during fiscal years 2014 and 2013:

	-	July 1, 2013	Additions and transfers in	Depreciation, deductions and transfers out	June 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	4,009,252			4,009,252
Construction-in-progress		12,030,302	7,548,714		19,579,016
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		167,167,192	5,356,134	(6,777,276)	165,746,050
Equipment		36,043,317	62,286	(1,486,580)	34,619,023
Infrastructure	-	3,666,715	30,504	(184,332)	3,512,887
Net capital assets	\$	222,916,778	12,997,638	(8,448,188)	227,466,228

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

	_	July 1, 2013	Additions and transfers in	Depreciation, deductions and transfers out	June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	4,009,252			4,009,252
Construction-in-progress		12,215,326	2,616,898	(2,801,922)	12,030,302
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		162,261,194	11,958,523	(7,052,525)	167,167,192
Equipment		37,992,791	361,235	(2,310,709)	36,043,317
Infrastructure	-	3,758,331	90,899	(182,515)	3,666,715
Net capital assets	\$	220,236,894	15,027,555	(12,347,671)	222,916,778

For the years ended at June 30, 2014 and 2013, depreciation expense related to capital assets was \$8,407,391 and \$8,807,652, respectively.

(5) Investment in Joint Venture Equipment

The following summarizes the additions and deductions from net investment in joint venture equipment during fiscal years 2014 and 2013:

	_	July 1, 2013	Additions and transfers in	Depreciation, deductions and transfers out	June 30, 2014
Net equipment	\$	29,358,897	6,896,027	(10,555,993)	25,698,931

				Depreciation, deductions	
	_	July 1, 2012	Additions and transfers in	and transfers out	June 30, 2013
Net equipment	\$	24,489,291	14,850,080	(9,980,474)	29,358,897

For the years ended at June 30, 2014 and 2013, depreciation expense related to investment in joint venture equipment was \$10,555,993 and \$9,980,474, respectively. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of five years.

(6) **Operating Lease**

TUH entered into multiple leases, whereby for the majority of leases TUH will receive rental income for leased office and clinical space. Terms of leases range from one to thirty-five years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

The following schedule shows future minimum lease rent receipts:

2015	\$	2,572,873
2016	Ŧ	2,372,917
2017		1,020,461
2018		730,447
2019		707,411
2020–2024		3,428,326
2025–2029		3,379,380
2030–2034		3,379,380
2035–2039		3,379,380
2040–2044		3,379,380
2045–2049		3,120,294

(7) Bonds Payable

In October 2005, the Trust issued Tax Exempt Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A (Series 2005A) and Taxable Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B (Series 2005B) to partially finance the construction of new pediatric care facilities and the phase II basic research center. The \$36,715,000 Series 2005A bonds were used for design and construction of the O.U. Children's Pediatric Ambulatory Care building. The attached 1,000 car parking garage was funded with Trust cash and a central connecting atrium and education center was paid for with a combination of contributions and Trust cash. The \$18,745,000 Series 2005B bonds use is for the phase II basic research building constructed by the University of Oklahoma. Both variable rate bond issues are credit enhanced with irrevocable letters of credit that will mature September 30, 2014. The Trust makes interest payments monthly based on weekly rate resets with principal payments made annually each August. The bonds are secured with Trust revenues and the indenture and letter of credit agreements place liquidity, debt service, and capitalization covenants on the Trust. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the balances outstanding are approximately \$36,715,000 and \$36,715,000 for Series 2005A and \$11,080,000 and \$12,250,000 for Series 2005B, respectively. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the interest rates were 0.10% and 0.09% for Series 2005A and 0.14% and 0.22% for Series 2005B, respectively.

The underlying trust agreement contains certain bond covenants that TUH is aware of and monitors for compliance throughout the year. TUH has complied with all bond covenants throughout fiscal year 2014.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

The debt service requirements as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

		Series 2005A			Series 2005B			
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
Year ending June 30:								
2015	\$ —	569,083	569,083	1,235,000	278,184	1,513,184		
2016		572,201	572,201	1,310,000	248,550	1,558,550		
2017	_	566,360	566,360	1,385,000	213,679	1,598,679		
2018	_	568,691	568,691	1,475,000	180,041	1,655,041		
2019-2023	3,090,000	2,829,498	5,919,498	5,675,000	329,717	6,004,717		
2024-2028	10,955,000	2,287,080	13,242,080	_	_	_		
2029-2033	13,325,000	1,367,476	14,692,476	_	_	_		
2034-2037	9,345,000	298,475	9,643,475					
	\$	9,058,864	45,773,864	11,080,000	1,250,171	12,330,171		

As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized bond discount was \$91,020 and \$29,729 for Series 2005A and Series 2005B, respectively. Amortization expense related to debt service costs for 2014 and 2013 was \$6,213 and \$6,213, respectively.

(8) Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

2014	 July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2014	Current portion
Accrued liabilities Bonds payable, net	\$ 458,521 48,835,866	42,842 8,383	(1,170,000)	501,363 47,674,249	161,710 1,235,000
	\$ 49,294,387	51,225	(1,170,000)	48,175,612	1,396,710
2013	 July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2013	Current portion
Accrued liabilities Bonds payable, net	\$ 511,788 49,922,482	8,384	(53,267) (1,095,000)	458,521 48,835,866	170,553 1,170,000

(9) Joint Operating Agreement

Effective February 4, 1998, the Authority, the Trust, and OUHSC entered into certain agreements with the Company, pursuant to which, among other things, the land, buildings, and other improvements and equipment utilized in connection with and comprising the University Hospitals are being leased to the Company on a long-term basis; certain other assets of the University Hospitals were transferred to and are operated by the Company; the academic program of the OUHSC is to continue to be affiliated with the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

University Hospitals as the OUHSC's primary teaching hospitals; the Company will provide certain medical care and services to the indigent; and the Trust and the Company have entered into agreements setting forth the terms and conditions of the joint operation by the Trust and the Company of the Presbyterian Hospitals and the University Hospitals. These joint operations are referred to as OUMC.

On December 21, 1997, the Trust and the Company entered into a joint operating agreement (the JOA) that set forth the terms and conditions of the joint operation of the Presbyterian Hospitals and the University Hospitals by the Trust and the Company and the financial compensation to the Trust in consideration for the right of the Company to lease and operate the University Hospitals from and after February 4, 1998 (Closing). As consideration for the right to operate the University Hospitals, the Company shall pay to the Trust a Trust Preference Amount and a Trust Excess Payment each agreement year. The Trust Preference Amount is the first \$9,000,000 of pre-tax earnings of the hospitals, to the extent earned in any agreement year. Pre-tax earnings are defined as net income before deductions for income taxes, depreciation, amortization, interest expense and aggregate defined changes in net working capital. The Trust Excess Payment is equal to 30% of pre-tax earnings over \$39,000,000 plus any accumulated trust deficit from previous agreement years. In the event that either net income from continuing operations of the hospitals or pre-tax earnings of the operating loss. On April 1, 2010, the JOA was amended to add the Edmond Hospital and certain related facilities to the agreement.

In the event the JOA is terminated prior to the 25th anniversary of the Closing, the Company is not obligated to pay the working capital settlement. The party initiating termination of the agreement shall pay the other party an amount as determined by the JOA. Both the Trust and the Company have the right to initiate termination of the JOA and the right to exercise reverse termination. Therefore, it cannot be determined if the Company would pay the Trust or the Trust would pay the Company upon termination prior to the 25th anniversary of the Closing.

(10) Employee Retirement Plan

TUH contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the System). The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State of Oklahoma. Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 901-943, as amended, assigns the authority for management and operation of the Plan to the Board of Trustees of the System. The System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That annual report may be obtained by writing to the System, 6601 N. Broadway Extension, Suite 129, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73116 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Plan members and TUH are required to contribute at a rate set by statute. The contribution requirements of plan members and TUH are established and may be amended by the legislature of the State of Oklahoma. The contribution rate for TUH and plan members is as follows:

Fiscal year 2014							
TUH employees all salary	TUH All salary						
3.5%	16.5%						
Fiscal year 2013							
TUH employees all salary	TUH All salary						
3.5%	16.5%						

TUH's contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2011 were approximately \$161,000, \$155,000, and \$142,000, respectively, and was equal to its required contribution for each year.

(11) Deferred Compensation Plan

The State offers to its own employees, state agency employees and other duly constituted authority or instrumentality employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 and Chapter 45 of Title 74, Oklahoma Statutes. The Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan (the 457 Plan), also known as SoonerSave, is a voluntary plan that allows participants to defer a portion of their salary into the 457 Plan. Participation allows a person to shelter the portion of their salary that they defer from current federal and state income tax. Taxes on the interest or investment gains on this money, while in the 457 Plan, are also deferred. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or approved unforeseeable emergency.

Under SoonerSave, the untaxed deferred amounts are invested as directed by the participant among various 457 Plan investment options. Effective January 1, 1998, a Trust and Trust Fund covering the 457 Plan assets was established pursuant to federal legislation enacted in 1996, requiring public employers to establish such trusts for plans meeting the requirements of Section 457 of the IRC. Under terms of the Trust, the corpus or income of the Trust Fund may be used only for the exclusive benefit of the 457 Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Further information may be obtained from the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan audited financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. TUH believes that it has no liabilities in respect to the State's plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

(12) Risk Management

TUH participates in the Oklahoma Risk Management Division's (a division of the Department of Central Services) insurance pool, which covers all governmental tort claims against TUH. TUH pays a monthly premium to the Department to participate in the insurance pool. Premiums paid are not subject to retroactive adjustment.

TUH is self-insured for nongovernmental tort claims. It is the opinion of management, however, after consulting with its legal counsel that estimated costs to be incurred for nongovernmental tort claims included in other liabilities are adequate.

Workers' compensation claims arising from incidents occurring during the year are paid with current operating funds. TUH accrues estimated annual amounts to cover claims arising from each year's operations. Payments for claims in excess of a certain retention amount are made by the State Insurance Fund.

(13) Commitments and Contingencies

TUH is required by the JOA to pay for all workers compensation liabilities for hospital employees injured prior to February 5, 1998. The related liability is accrued as accrued liabilities on the statement of net assets.

In the normal course of operations, TUH is a defendant in several lawsuits; however, TUH officials are of the opinion, based on the advice of the attorney general, that the ultimate outcome of this litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the future operations or financial position of TUH.

The U.S. Department of Justice and other federal and state agencies are increasing resources dedicated to regulatory investigations and compliance audits of healthcare providers. TUH is subject to these regulatory efforts. Costs questioned as a result of investigations or audits, if any, may result in refunds to these governmental agencies.



KPMG LLP 210 Park Avenue, Suite 2850 Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5683

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the University Hospitals Authority and Trustees of the University Hospitals Trust:

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the University Hospitals Authority and University Hospitals Trust (together referred to as TUH), which comprise the statement of financial position of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered TUH's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of TUH's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of TUH's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might by material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether TUH's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the TUH's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the TUH's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LIP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma October 1, 2014

Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

	_	Authority Fund	Trust Fund	Total
Current assets:	¢	0 440 710		04 909 225
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	9,440,719 38,225	85,367,506 1,642,596	94,808,225 1,680,821
Institutional and other Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	_	22,600 12,764 —	4,899,693 — 3,367	4,922,293 12,764 3,367
Total current assets		9,514,308	91,913,162	101,427,470
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Real estate	_	247,511 885,160 35,989	290,515 	538,026 885,160 35,989
Total restricted assets		1,168,660	290,515	1,459,175
Noncurrent: Other Working capital settlement Investment in joint venture equipment, net Capital assets, net		 17,702,193	89,482 20,000,000 25,698,931 209,764,035	89,482 20,000,000 25,698,931 227,466,228
Total assets	\$	28,385,161	347,756,125	376,141,286
Current liabilities: Trade payables Accrued expenses Current portion of bonds payable Current portion of accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	161,980 5,651,548 	2,754,516 15,585,263 1,235,000 161,710 85,062	2,916,496 21,236,811 1,235,000 161,710 88,432
Total current liabilities		5,816,898	19,821,551	25,638,449
Noncurrent: Bonds payable, net Accrued liabilities	_	339,653	46,439,249	46,439,249 339,653
Total liabilities	\$ _	6,156,551	66,260,800	72,417,351
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	17,702,193 1,168,660 3,357,757	187,788,717 290,515 93,416,093	205,490,910 1,459,175 96,773,850
Total net position	\$ _	22,228,610	281,495,325	303,723,935

Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2013

	_	Authority Fund	Trust Fund	Total
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	5,262,106 38,225	66,234,515 1,656,250	71,496,621 1,694,475
Institutional and other Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	_	78,840 16,740 —	445,894 	524,734 16,740 3,467
Total current assets		5,395,911	68,340,126	73,736,037
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Real estate	_	244,511 885,516 35,989	431,201	675,712 885,516 35,989
Total restricted assets		1,166,016	431,201	1,597,217
Noncurrent: Other Working capital settlement Investment in joint venture equipment, net Capital assets, net		 20,642,265	95,695 20,000,000 29,358,897 202,274,513	95,695 20,000,000 29,358,897 222,916,778
Total assets	\$	27,204,192	320,500,432	347,704,624
Current liabilities: Trade payables Accrued expenses Current portion of bonds payable Current portion of accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	57 2,253,314 170,553 3,467	2,697,359 19,205,078 1,170,000 — 471	2,697,416 21,458,392 1,170,000 170,553 3,938
Total current liabilities		2,427,391	23,072,908	25,500,299
Noncurrent: Bonds payable, net Accrued liabilities	_	287,968	47,665,866	47,665,866 287,968
Total liabilities	\$	2,715,359	70,738,774	73,454,133
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	20,642,265 1,166,016 2,680,552	182,797,544 431,201 66,532,913	203,439,809 1,597,217 69,213,465
Total net position	\$ _	24,488,833	249,761,658	274,250,491

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2014

	_	Authority Fund	Trust Fund	Total
Operating revenues: Teaching Hospital Reimbursement/Level I				
trauma revenue GME revenue	\$	61,071,839 20,195,732	87,628,316	148,700,155 20,195,732
Grant and program revenue Joint venture revenue			9,948,386 35,476,650	9,948,386 35,476,650
Services provided to others Other revenue	_	142,622 76,465	8,556,622 563,633	8,699,244 640,098
Total operating revenues	-	81,486,658	142,173,607	223,660,265
Operating expenses: GME expense Indigent care expense		50,290,415 70,567,696	71,274,440	50,290,415 141,842,136
Grants and contributions Professional services		773,357 1,151,342	12,388,591 1,065,843	13,161,948 2,217,185
Compensation and benefits Supplies, services, and other		10,725 17,950	1,504,493 7,741,462	1,515,218 7,759,412
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	_	122,811,485	93,974,829	216,786,314
Operating (loss) income before depreciation and amortization		(41,324,827)	48,198,778	6,873,951
Depreciation and amortization	-	(2,940,072)	(16,023,312)	(18,963,384)
Operating (loss) income	-	(44,264,899)	32,175,466	(12,089,433)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Indigent care subsidies Interest income Debt-related expenses Miscellaneous expense	_	44,530,391 98,992 (2,624,707)	4,038 (445,837)	44,530,391 103,030 (445,837) (2,624,707)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	42,004,676	(441,799)	41,562,877
Change in net position		(2,260,223)	31,733,667	29,473,444
Net position, beginning of year	-	24,488,833	249,761,658	274,250,491
Net position, end of year	\$	22,228,610	281,495,325	303,723,935

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2013

	_	Authority Fund	Trust Fund	Total
Operating revenues: Teaching Hospital Reimbursement/Level I				
trauma revenue GME revenue	\$	51,027,037 12,967,214	68,401,385	119,428,422 12,967,214
Grant and program revenue Joint venture revenue			> 9,725,497 23,814,300	9,725,497 23,814,300
Services provided to others Other revenue	_	204,918 88,811	8,107,883 140,334	8,312,801 229,145
Total operating revenues	-	64,287,980	110,189,399	174,477,379
Operating expenses: GME expense Indigent care expense		43,289,018 58,325,264	66,543,940	43,289,018 124,869,204
Grants and contributions		58,525,204 773,357	17,494,410	18,267,767
Professional services		560,817	703,699	1,264,516
Compensation and benefits Supplies, services, and other		293,970 105,829	815,847 7,429,061	1,109,817 7,534,890
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	_	103,348,255	92,986,957	196,335,212
Operating (loss) income before depreciation and amortization		(39,060,275)	17,202,442	(21,857,833)
Depreciation and amortization	-	(3,238,584)	(15,549,542)	(18,788,126)
Operating (loss) income	_	(42,298,859)	1,652,900	(40,645,959)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Indigent care subsidies Interest income Debt-related expenses Miscellaneous expense	-	41,624,391 105,081 (2,374,131)	3,938 (514,819) (298,089)	41,624,391 109,019 (514,819) (2,672,220)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	39,355,341	(808,970)	38,546,371
Change in net position		(2,943,518)	843,930	(2,099,588)
Net position, beginning of year	_	27,432,351	248,917,728	276,350,079
Net position, end of year	\$	24,488,833	249,761,658	274,250,491

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2014

	_	Authority Fund	Trust Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	_			
Receipts from customers Joint operating agreement receipts	\$	177,611	8,758,406 30,909,900	8,936,017 30,909,900
Grant receipts (IME, GME, MTH)		81,267,571	103,172,669	184,440,240
Indigent care payments		(66,866,176)	(71,274,440)	(138,140,616)
Grant payments		(1,447,925)	(18,032,025)	(19,479,950)
IME match payments		(50,512,366)	(5,595,967)	(56,108,333)
Goods and service payments Payments to employees		(428,708) (104,214)	(8,572,097) (1,345,905)	(9,000,805) (1,450,119)
Other operating receipts		83,503	543,411	626,914
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	-	(37,830,704)	38,563,952	733,248
Cash flows from noncapital financing activity:				
Subsidies		44,530,391		44,530,391
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Principal payment		_	(1,170,000)	(1,170,000)
Purchase of capital assets		—	(17,971,360)	(17,971,360)
Interest paid on bonds			(52,457)	(52,457)
Other bond related costs Nonoperating revenue		(2,625,000)	(380,614)	(380,614) (2,625,000)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(2,625,000)	(19,574,431)	(22,199,431)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income		106,926	2,784	109,710
Purchase of investment	_			
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	106,926	2,784	109,710
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,181,613	18,992,305	23,173,918
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	5,506,617	66,665,716	72,172,333
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,688,230	85,658,021	95,346,251
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash (used in)				
provided by operating activities:	¢	(44.064.000)	22 175 466	(12,000,422)
Operating (loss) income	\$	(44,264,899)	32,175,466	(12,089,433)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash				
(used in) provided by operating activities:		2 0 40 072	16 000 010	19.062.294
Depreciation and amortization Decrease (increase) in receivables, net		2,940,072 56,240	16,023,312 (4,454,531)	18,963,384 (4,398,291)
Increase (decrease) in payables and accrued expenses		3,437,983	(5,264,989)	(1,827,006)
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue		(100)	84,594	84,494
Decrease in prepaid expenses	-		100	100
Total adjustments	_	6,434,195	6,388,486	12,822,681
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(37,830,704)	38,563,952	733,248
Noncash capital financing and investing activity: Capital assets purchased remaining in accrued expenses	\$		4,274,692	4,274,692

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2013

	_	Authority Fund	Trust Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$	214,612	7,903,489	8,118,101
Joint operating agreement receipts		· · · ·	23,814,300	23,814,300
Grant receipts (IME, GME, MTH)		63,994,251	83,626,020	147,620,271
Indigent care payments		(58,325,264)	(66,543,940)	(124,869,204)
Grant payments		(1,180,357)	(10,824,184)	(12,004,541)
IME match payments		(43,311,921)	(5,499,138)	(48,811,059)
Goods and service payments		(342,483)	(8,117,832)	(8,460,315)
Payments to employees		(258,040)	(814,447)	(1,072,487)
Other operating receipts	-	86,168	140,334	226,502
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	-	(39,123,034)	23,684,602	(15,438,432)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activity: Subsidies		41,624,391	_	41,624,391
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Principal payment			(1,095,000)	(1,095,000)
Purchase of capital assets		_	(25,742,900)	(25,742,900)
Interest paid on bonds			(101,724)	(101,724)
Other bond related costs		(2.074.100)	(403,092)	(403,092)
Nonoperating revenue	-	(2,374,133)	433,170	(1,940,963)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(2,374,133)	(26,909,546)	(29,283,679)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income		98,645	1,245	99,890
Purchase of investment	_		(1,626,250)	(1,626,250)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	98,645	(1,625,005)	(1,526,360)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		225,869	(4,849,949)	(4,624,080)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	5,280,748	71,515,665	76,796,413
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,506,617	66,665,716	72,172,333
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash (used in)				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating (loss) income	\$	(42,298,859)	1,652,900	(40,645,959)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		3,238,583	15,549,542	18,788,125
Decrease (increase) in receivables, net		7,610	(50,895)	(43,285)
(Decrease) increase in payables and accrued expenses		(70,268)	6,616,396	6,546,128
Decrease in unearned revenues		(100)	(83,441)	(83,541)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	-		100	100
Total adjustments	-	3,175,825	22,031,702	25,207,527
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(39,123,034)	23,684,602	(15,438,432)
Noncash capital financing and investing activity: Capital assets purchased remaining in accrued expenses	\$		2,404,906	2,404,906