

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2022

THE CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Miami, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Miami, Oklahoma, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Miami Industrial Development Authority ("MIDA"), which represent 10 percent, 9 percent, and 15 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for MIDA, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements, in 2022 the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 87 *Leases*. Also, in 2022 the City will not adopt guidance, GASB No. 92 paragraph 11, as it is not required. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in

accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension plan and other post-employment benefits funding schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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December 15, 2022

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Miami's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's total net position increased by \$6,858,155 or 16.3% from the prior year.
- During the year, the City's expenses for governmental activities were \$12.8 million and were funded by program revenues of \$2.1 million and further funded with taxes and other general revenues that totaled \$10 million.
- In the City's business-type activities, such as utilities, program revenues exceeded expenses by \$7.4 million.
- At June 30, 2022, the General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$992,034.
- For budgetary reporting purposes, the General Fund reported revenues under estimates of \$690,389 or 6.7%, while expenditures were under the final appropriations by \$1,061,317 or 9.9%.
- The City implemented GASB Statement 87, Leases, during the fiscal year. Leased assets and related amounts were recorded in the City's enterprise funds and MIPFA component unit fund.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Miami (the "City") and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statements No. 14, 34, 39, and 61. Included in this report are governmental-wide statements for each of three categories of activities – governmental, business-type, and discretely presented component units. The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets), and deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt) and deferred inflows of resources.

About the City

The City of Miami is an incorporated municipality with a population of approximately 13,570 located in northeastern Oklahoma. The City operates under a council-manager form of government with a charter that provides for three branches of government.

- Legislative the governing body includes an elected five-member City Council and Mayor
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Council

The City's Financial Reporting Entity

This annual report includes all activities for which the City Council of the City of Miami is fiscally responsible. These activities are operated within several separate legal entities that are reported together to make up the City's financial reporting entity.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the City of Miami, two blended component units, and four active discretely presented component units.

Primary Government:

The City of Miami – incorporated municipality that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities as a home rule charter city

Blended Component Units:

Miami Special Utility Authority (MSUA) – public trust that operates the electric, water, wastewater, and solid waste/sanitation services of the City.

Miami Development Authority (MDA) – public trust created to promote economic development in Miami.

Discretely Presented Component Units (separate legal entities for which the City Council is fiscally responsible, but appoints a separate governing body):

Miami Downtown Redevelopment Authority (MDRA) – public trust created to promote the redevelopment of the downtown area. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Miami Industrial and Public Facilities Authority (MIPFA) – public trust that promotes the use of facilities in the City of Miami area. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Miami Community Facilities Authority (MCFA) – public trust that promotes the development of commerce, housing, recreation, education and public facilities within the city. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Miami Industrial Development Authority (MIDA) – public trust that promotes industry in and around the City of Miami. The Authority issues separate financial statements, and can be obtained by contacting in the MIDA offices.

Miami Education Facilities Authority (MEFA) – public trust that promotes the development of educational facilities within the city. The trust is currently inactive.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report is presented in a format that substantially meets the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The presentation includes financial statements that communicate the City's financial position and changes therein at two distinct levels:

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- The City as a Whole (a government-wide presentation)
- The City's Funds (a presentation of the City's major and aggregate non-major funds)

The City's various government-wide and fund financial statements are presented throughout this annual report and are accompanied by:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis that provides useful analysis that facilitates a better understanding of the City's financial condition and changes therein.
- **Footnotes** that elaborate on the City's accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements and further explain financial statement elements.
- **Supplemental Information** that provide additional information about specified elements of the financial statements, such as budgetary comparison information, and capital assets and long-term debt information.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady over the past year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position and changes in them from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of the City.

As mentioned above, in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities -- Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities -- The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost
 of certain services it provides. The City's water, wastewater, electric, airport, and sanitation activities
 are reported here.
- Discretely-presented component units -- Accounts for various activities related to economic development, facility management, facility construction, and downtown development.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

Governmental funds -- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental und financial statement.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$48,828,404 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE 1 NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Govern Activ	ment vities	al	% Inc. (Dec.)	Business-Type % Inc. Activities (Dec.)			Tot	al	% Inc. (Dec.)				
	2022		2021			2022		2021			2022		2021	
Current assets	\$ 14,777	\$	11,474	29%	\$	25,318	\$	20,299	25%	6 \$	40,095	\$	31,773	26%
Capital assets, net	26,054		27,498	-5%		30,367		29,068	4%	Ď	56,421		56,566	0%
Total assets	40,831		38,972	5%		55,685		49,367	13%	<u> </u>	96,516	_	88,339	9%
Deferred outflows	2,320		2,738	-15%	_	753		998	-25%	б <u> </u>	3,073	_	3,736	-18%
Current liabilities	3,107		2,847	9%		6,883		4,803	43%	ó	9,990		7,650	31%
Non-current liabilities	21,783		26,493	-18%		10,836		13,061	-17%	ó	32,619		39,554	-18%
Total liabilities	24,890		29,340	-15%		17,719		17,864	-1%	ó _	42,609		47,204	-10%
Deferred inflows	 5,877		1,849	218%		2,276		1,051	117%	б <u> </u>	8,153		2,900	181%
Net position														
Net investment capital assets	17,144		18,279	-6%		19,375		17,616	10%	ó	36,519		35,895	2%
Restricted	3,404		2,943	16%		207		321	-36%	ó	3,611		3,264	11%
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,164)		(10,701)	24%		16,861		13,513	25%	ó	8,697		2,812	209%
Total net position	\$ 12,384	\$	10,521	18%	\$	36,443	\$	31,450	16%	ó \$	48,827	\$	41,971	16%

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its net investment capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. For 2022, the net investment in capital assets amounted to \$36,519,277. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A major portion of the City's net position, \$3,611,290 also represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is amounting to \$8,697,837.

Explanations of significant changes displayed in Table 1 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Current assets – increased \$3.3 million (29%) due to an increase in cash and cash equivalent and net pension asset.

Non-current liabilities – decreased \$4.5 million (18%) due to a decrease in net pension liability. Deferred inflows – increased \$4.0 million (218%) due to an increase in deferred amounts related to pensions.

Business-Type Activities:

Current assets – increased \$5.0 million (25%) mainly due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents.

Current liabilities – increased \$2.1 million (43%) mainly due to an advance utility payment of \$1.7 million from the tribe that has not yet been earned.

Deferred inflows – increased \$1.2 million (117%) mainly due to an increased in deferred amounts related to pensions.

Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net position of the primary government changed as follows:

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		% Inc. (Dec.)	Busine: Activ		% Inc. (Dec.)	To	% Inc. (Dec.)	
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021	
Revenues									
Charges for service	\$ 1,019	\$ 920	11%	\$ 32,053	\$ 28,057	14%	\$ 33,072	\$ 28,977	14%
Operating grants and contributions	1,046	1,962	-47%	57	422	-86%	1,103	2,384	-54%
Capital grants and contributions	65	604	-89%	209	552	-62%	274	1,156	-76%
Taxes	9,926	9,147	9%	-	-	-	9,926	9,147	9%
Investment income	11	12	-8%	9	12	-25%	20	24	-17%
Miscellaneous	107	193	-45%	8	3	167%	115	196	-41%
Total revenues	12,174	12,839	-5%	32,336	29,046	11%	44,510	41,885	6%
Expenses									
General government	1,694	1,223	39%	-	-	-	1,694	1,223	39%
Public safety	5,413	6,539	-17%	-	-	-	5,413	6,539	-17%
Streets	3,055	3,556	-14%	-	-	-	3,055	3,556	-14%
Culture and recreation	1,593	1,284	24%	-	-	-	1,593	1,284	24%
Economic development	392	394	-1%	-	-	-	392	394	-1%
Interest on debt	617	941	-34%	-	-	-	617	941	-34%
Water	-	-	-	2,453	2,877	-15%	2,453	2,877	-15%
Wastewater	-	-	-	1,406	1,680	-16%	1,406	1,680	-16%
Sanitation	-	-	-	1,697	2,195	-23%	1,697	2,195	-23%
Electric	-	-	-	18,939	13,185	44%	18,939	13,185	44%
Airport	-		-	393	492	-20%	393	492	-20%
Total expenses	12,764	13,937	-8%	24,888	20,429	22%	37,652	34,366	10%
Excess (deficiency) before									
transfers	(590)	(1,098)	46%	7,448	8,617	-14%	6,858	7,519	-9%
Transfers	2,453	2,434	1%	(2,453)	(2,434)	1%			-
Change in net position	\$ 1,863	\$ 1,336	39%	\$ 4,995	\$ 6,183	-19%	\$ 6,858	\$ 7,519	-9%

Explanations of significant changes in Table 2 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Public safety- decrease \$1.1 million (17%) due to a decrease in operational expenses.

Streets – decrease of \$0.5 million (14%) due to a decrease in street repairs and main street improvements in the current year.

General government- increase \$0.5 million (39%) due to an increase in operational expenses.

Operating grants and contributions – Decrease of \$0.9 million (47%) due to a decrease in general government and public safety grants.

Capital grants and contributions – decrease of \$0.5 million (89%) due to a decrease in culture and recreation and public safety grants.

Business-Type Activities:

Operating grants and contributions – decrease of \$0.4 million (86%) due to a decrease in water and airport grants.

Capital grants and contributions – decrease of \$.3 million (62%) due to a decrease in water and airport grants.

Electric expenses – increase of \$5.8 million (44%) due to an increase in purchase energy expenses.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

TABLE 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

	 Total E		% Inc. (Dec.)	Net Re (Expe of Ser	% Inc. (Dec.)	
	2022	<u>2021</u>		2022	2021	
General government	\$ 1,693	\$ 1,223	38%	\$ (1,209)	\$ (224)	440%
Public safety	5,414	6,539	-17%	(4,485)	(5,299)	-15%
Streets	3,055	3,556	-14%	(2,858)	(3,294)	-13%
Culture, parks and recreation	1,593	1,284	24%	(1,219)	(518)	135%
Economic development	392	394	-1%	(247)	(175)	41%
Interest on long-term debt	617	941	-34%	(617)	(941)	-34%
Total	\$ 12,764	\$ 13,937	-8%	(\$10,635)	\$ (10,451)	2%

For the year ended June 30, 2022 total expenses for governmental activities amounted to approximately \$12.8 million which was a decrease from the prior year of 8%. See Table 2 above for explanations of changes.

Business-type Activities

TABLE 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

	Total E	•		% Inc. Dec.	Net Ro (Expo of Se	% Inc. Dec.	
	<u>2022</u>		2021		2022	2021	
Water	\$ 2,453	\$	2,877	-15%	\$ 1,335	\$ 1,181	13%
Wastewater	1,406		1,679	-16%	1,164	874	33%
Sanitation	1,697		2,195	-23%	1,150	525	119%
Electric	18,939		13,185	44%	3,782	5,909	-36%
Airport	393		492	-20%	-	113	-100%
Total	\$ 24,888	\$	20,428	22%	\$ 7,431	\$ 8,602	-14%

The City's business-type activities include utility services for water, electric, wastewater, sanitation and airport.

In reviewing the business-type activities net (expense)/revenue, the following highlights should be noted:

• Total business-type activities reported net revenues of \$7,430,815 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2022 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9.2 million or an 18% increase of \$1,410,757. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$35.3 million or a 16.9% increase from 2021.

Fund Balance/Net Position

Governmen	tal Funds		Proprietary Funds	
Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	3,447,469 271,236 4,485,091 992,034	Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and other Unrestricted	\$ 19,374,799 207,449 15,685,695
Total Fund Balance	\$	9,195,830	Total Net Position	\$ 35,267,943

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For budgetary reporting purposes, the General Fund reported revenues under estimates of \$690,389 or 6.7%, while expenditures were under the final appropriations by \$1,061,317 or 9.9%.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had \$56.4 million invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, electrical infrastructure, water lines and sewer lines. (See table below). This represents a net decrease of \$0.1 million or 0.3% from the prior year.

TABLE 5
Capital Assets
(In Thousands)
(Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			Busine <u>Activ</u>	ss-Ty vities	•	<u>Total</u>			
	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$ 4,601	\$	4,601	\$ 791	\$	780		5,392	\$	5,381
Buildings	6,044		6,384	7,296		7,773		13,340		14,157
Machinery, furniture and equipment	2,829		2,895	5,094		4,890		7,923		7,785
Infrastructure	12,336		13,504	14,689		12,579		27,025		26,083
Construction in progress	243		114	 2,497		3,046		2,740		3,160
Totals	\$ 26,053	\$	27,498	\$ 30,367	\$	29,068	\$	56,420	\$	56,566

This year's more significant capital asset additions placed into service included:

Main street project phase III	\$989,756
Substation 1 rehabilitation	\$765,351
Airport pavement rehabilitation	\$676,532
SCADA design	\$303,925
East central water line project	\$263,381

See Note 6 to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's capital assets and changes therein.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$29.6 million in long-term debt outstanding which represents a \$1.1 million decrease, or 4%, from the prior year. The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

TABLE 6
Long-Term Debt
(In Thousands)

	Govern <u>Activ</u>		Busine <u>Acti</u>	ss-Ty vities	-	<u>Total</u>			
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>
Accrued absences	\$ 627	\$ 655	\$ 180	\$	184	\$	807	\$	839
Revenue Bonds	17,005	17,470	6,705		7,365		23,710		24,835
Bond Premium (Discount)	145	166	36		67		181		233
Notes Payable- Direct borrowing	-	-	4,251		4,021		4,251		4,021
Capital Leases	617	774	-		-		617		774
-		 	 						
Totals	\$ 18,394	\$ 19,065	\$ 11,172	\$	11,637	\$	29,566	\$	30,702

See Note 8 to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's long-term debt and changes therein.

The Upcoming Year

The City's FY 2022-2023 budget is expected to remain level with a few exceptions. In October of 2022, we received the second half of the \$2.2M in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), associated with the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recover Funds, plus an additional \$10,835.87. All monies received will be budgeted per the eligible categories. The continued electric, water, and wastewater utility rates will fund the needed electric, water, and wastewater system improvements. With the high inflation rate, the City expects to continue to be impacted by a struggling economy but continues building financial capacity by expanding utility services thereby improving budget stabilization for the future. Utility funds will continue to repay the utility bonds and loans for these projects.

The primary sources of revenue for the City of Miami are sales tax and utility (electric, water, and wastewater) revenues. Sales tax requires a vote of the people and cannot be adjusted without the people's consent. The online sales tax collections, located within our use tax, continues to have a positive impact on our budget capacity. The City continually looks for ways to enhance our revenue base that will assist in the completion of major infrastructure and development projects. The Covid-19 pandemic that hit our community in March of 2020 continues to affect decision making as we transition to more normal operations. Spending remains optimistically cautious as our use and sales tax revenues remain positively affected. Sales tax for FY 21/22 ended up 8.76% and use tax up 10.24% over the previous year. We do not expect this trend to continue, but with the current inflation it may.

Pensacola Dam Licensing

The City has experienced flooding at various degrees for many years which the City asserts has been aggravated by operational changes at a nearby lake. The City contends that the instances of flooding have increased because the quasi-governmental agency that operates the Pensacola Dam that forms Grand Lake (and its hydroelectric operations), the Grand River Dam Authority (GRDA), has been granted permission to raise lake levels by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), which licenses GRDA to operate the dam.

FERC has notified the City that the appropriate time to address these problems is at the time the operational license for the dam is renewed in 2022. That process started in 2018 and could potentially

take over five years to complete. The City has engaged legal counsel to represent its interest during the relicensing process and to require GRDA to modify its lake operations to reduce instances of flooding and to purchase flood easements.

GRDA Winter Storm Uri

In February 2021, the State of Oklahoma experienced a major winter storm, Uri, which caused electric wholesale prices to increase significantly. The City received information from GRDA, their wholesale electric provider, in August 2021, that Miami's portion of the electrical cost for the winter storm would be \$2,698,459. The City has opted to pay the amount by October 2022. The City has opted to allow their sixteen (16) industrial customers to repay their actual usage during this time totaling \$1,025,878.70 and has approved a Temporary Rate Adjustment ("TRA") shown as PCAX, to be added to the monthly bills of Rate Class Customers E.1, E.2, E.3 and E.5 to recover 100% of the Grand River Dam Authority's Temporary Production Cost Bill over an approximately 36-month term. We are tracking those repayments monthly and will eliminate the PCAX rate once the amount the City has paid GRDA has been recouped.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with an understanding of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

City of Miami PO Box 1288 Miami, OK 74355-1288



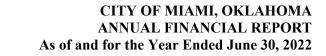
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE

Statement of Net Position-June 30, 2022

	1	Primary Governmen	t	Discretely Presented Component Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>	-
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 11,530,034	\$ 15,686,750	\$ 27,216,784	\$ 948,159
Investments	131,968	1,664,904	1,796,872	-
Accounts receivable, net	372,962	5,091,648	5,464,610	-
Due from other governments	1,501,855	-	1,501,855	-
Other receivables	569,344	436	569,780	100
Internal balances	(1,159,959)	1,159,959	-	-
Leases receivable	-	248,964	248,964	279,031
Inventory	-	1,465,814	1,465,814	-
Net pension asset	1,830,509	-	1,830,509	-
Capital Assets				
Land and construction in progress	4,844,164	3,288,076	8,132,240	350,792
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	21,209,755	27,079,036	48,288,791	8,173,108
Total assets	40,830,632	55,685,587	96,516,219	9,751,190
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS:				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,835,674	470,025	2,305,699	_
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	291,991	183,611	475,602	_
Deferred amount on refunding	192,326	105,011	192,326	_
Deferred amount related to GRDA settlement	1,52,520	99,788	99,788	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,319,991	753,424	3,073,415	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	558,146	3,498,943	4,057,089	11,531
Claims liability	687,229	, , , <u>-</u>	687,229	
Accrued interest payable	43,628	113,263	156,891	=
Unearned revenue	1,142,944	1,643,318	2,786,262	=
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year	675,047	1,627,610	2,302,657	211,290
Due in more than one year	21,782,726	10,835,557	32,618,283	-
Total liabilities	24,889,720	17,718,691	42,608,411	222,821
DEFERRED INFLOWS:				
Deferred amounts related to leases	_	249,720	249,720	275,470
Deferred amounts related to pensions	4,914,449	1,312,331	6,226,780	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	962,420	713,899	1,676,319	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,876,869	2,275,950	8,152,819	275,470
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	17,144,478	19,374,799	36,519,277	8,316,453
Net Position:				
Restricted	3,403,841	207,449	3,611,290	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,164,285)	16,862,122	8,697,837	936,446
Total net position	\$ 12,384,034	\$ 36,444,370	\$ 48,828,404	\$ 9,252,899

Statement of Activities – Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Capital Grants	Discretely Presented Component
Operating Capital Grants	Presented .
Charges for Grants and and Governmental Business-type C Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Primary government	Units
Governmental Activities	
General Government \$ 1,693,436 \$ 220,927 \$ 263,746 \$ - \$ (1,208,763) \$ - \$ (1,208,763) \$ Public Safety 5,413,391 420,374 469,725 38,445 (4,484,847) - (4,484,847) Public Works and Streets 3,054,893 50,735 146,156 - (2,858,002) - (2,858,002) Culture and Recreation 1,593,438 209,795 138,294 263,53 (1,218,996) - (246,759) Economic Development 391,723 116,775 28,189 - (246,759) - (246,759) Interest on long-term Debt 617,222 (617,222) - (617,222)	- - - -
Total governmental activities 12,764,103 1,018,606 1,046,110 64,798 (10,634,589) - (10,634,589)	
Business-type activities Water 2,453,269 3,731,628 56,682 1,335,041 1,335,041 Wastewater 1,405,471 2,569,106 1,163,635 1,163,635 Sanitation 1,696,538 2,846,793 1,150,255 1,150,255	- -
Electric 18,988,978 22,721,128 3,782,150 3,782,150	
Airport 393,479 184,731 - 208,482 - (266) (266)	_
Total business-type activities 24,887,735 32,053,386 56,682 208,482 - 7,430,815 7,430,815	-
Total primary government \$\\ 37,651,838 \\ \\$ 33,071,992 \\ \\$ 1,102,792 \\ \\$ 273,280 \\ (10,634,589) \\ 7,430,815 \\ (3,203,774)	-
Culture and Recreation \$ 645,371 \$ 388,792 \$ 165,762 \$ -	(90,817)
Economic Development 72,566 95,646	23,080
Total component units \$ 717,937 \$ 484,438 \$ 165,762 \$ -	(67,737)
General revenues: Taxes:	
Sales and use taxes 9,332,194 - 9,332,194	-
Property tax 13,343 - 13,343	-
Franchise and public service taxes 349,288 - 349,288	-
Hotel/motel taxes 232,309 - 232,309 Investment income 10,832 9,138 19,970	2 410
Investment income 10,832 9,138 19,970 Miscellaneous 106,548 8,277 114,825	3,418
Transfers - internal activity 2,453,335 (2,453,335) -	
Total general revenues and transfers 12,497,849 (2,435,920) 10,061,929	3,418
Change in net position 1,863,260 4,994,895 6,858,155	(64,319)
Net position - beginning 10,520,774 31,449,475 41,970,249	9,317,218
Net position - ending \$ 12,384,034 \$ 36,444,370 \$ 48,828,404 \$	9,252,899



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet - June 30, 2022

City of Miami 2013 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	~ -	&L Fiscal overy Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,572,110	\$	1,142,944	\$	4,428,519	\$	9,143,573
Receivables:								
Accounts receivable		282,991		-		91,721		374,712
Due from other funds		87,654		-		45,061		132,715
Due from other governments and entities		1,208,530		-		293,325		1,501,855
Other receivables		7,500						7,500
Total assets	\$	5,158,785	\$	1,142,944	\$	4,858,626	\$	11,160,355
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND B Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	SALANO \$	185,516	\$	-	\$	230,081	\$	415,597
Wages payable		131,738		-		2,891		134,629
Due to other funds		77,843		-		38,404		116,247
Total liabilities		395,097		<u>-</u>		271,376		666,473
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue		99,698		1,142,944		55,410		1,298,052
Fund balances:								
Restricted		-		-		3,447,469		3,447,469
Committed		-		-		271,236		271,236
Assigned		3,671,956		-		813,135		4,485,091
Unassigned		992,034		-				992,034
Total fund balances		4,663,990		<u> </u>		4,531,840		9,195,830
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	5,158,785	\$	1,142,944	\$	4,858,626	\$	11,160,355

<u>Governmental Funds Statement of Changes in Fund Balances – Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	General Fund	S&l Fiscal Recovery Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 7,450,209	\$ -	\$ 2,290,835	\$ 9,741,044
Intergovernmental	741,524	=	324,551	1,066,075
Charges for services	404,238	=	181,599	585,837
Fines and forfeitures	291,862	=	-	291,862
Licenses and permits	175,378	=	=	175,378
Investment income	10,359	=	473	10,832
Miscellaneous	337,633	-	82,367	420,000
Total revenues	9,411,203	-	2,879,825	12,291,028
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	1,459,448	=	48,286	1,507,734
Public Safety	6,179,614	=	131,159	6,310,773
Public works and streets	1,385,579	=	662,574	2,048,153
Culture and recreation	1,213,949	-	273,538	1,487,487
Economic development	420,219	-	-	420,219
Capital Outlay	-	-	417,928	417,928
Debt Service:				
Principal	104,947	-	517,071	622,018
Interest and other charges	11,168	-	538,341	549,509
Total expenditures	10,774,924	<u> </u>	2,588,897	13,363,821
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(1,363,721)	-	290,928	(1,072,793)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	10,376,083	-	562,421	10,938,504
Transfers out	(8,329,637)		(125,317)	(8,454,954)
Total other financing sources and uses	2,046,446		437,104	2,483,550
Net change in fund balances	682,725	-	728,032	1,410,757
Fund balances - beginning	3,981,265	-	3,803,808	7,785,073
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,663,990	\$ -	\$ 4,531,840	\$ 9,195,830

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 9,195,830
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net	
Position.	26,053,919
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current fund	
liabilities and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	155,108
Certain other assets and long-term elements are not available to pay current	
period expenditures and are classified as deferred outflows and are not	
reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	
Net pension asset	1,830,509
Pension related deferred outflows	1,835,674
OPEB related deferred outflows	291,991
Deferred amounts on refunding	192,326
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and they,	
along with deferred inflows, are not included in the fund financial	
statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement	
of Net Position:	(616 697)
Noe payable obligations Interest payable	(616,687) (43,628)
Net pension liability	(2,555,621)
Pension related deferred inflows	(4,914,449)
Total OPEB liability	(1,507,711)
OPEB related deferred inflows	(962,420)
Accrued compensated absences	(627,442)
Unamortized debt premium	(145,312)
Revenue bond payable	(17,005,000)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain	
activities that benefit multiple funds, such as self-insurance, to individual	
funds. The net position of the internal service funds are reported in	
governmental activities:	1 207 047
Internal service fund net position	1,206,947
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 12,384,034

Changes in Fund Balances – Changes in Net Position Reconciliation:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,410,757
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense Disposed capital assets		630,207 (2,059,539) (14,750)
In the Statement of Activities, the net cost of pension benefits earned is calculated and reported as pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures. This amount represents the difference between pension contributions and calculated pension expense.	d	1,549,482
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Change in unavailable revenue		878
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing deb increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principa is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:	1	
Note payable principal payments Revenue bond principal payments		157,019 465,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in accrued compensated absences Change in total OPEB liability Change in amortization of bond premium Change in amortization of unamortized gain/loss		775 28,016 (23,615) 20,276 (88,765)
Internal service fund activity is reported as a proprietary fund in fund financial statements, but certain net revenues are reported in governmental activities on the Statement of Activities:		(66,765)
Total change in net position for internal service funds		(212,481)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,863,260



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2022

	Enterprise	e Funds		
ASSETS	Miami Special Utility Authority	Airport Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,863,788	\$ 61,033	\$ 12,924,821	\$ 2,386,461
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	2,959,373		2,959,373	- 2,500,101
Investments	1,466,265	-	1,466,265	131,968
Accounts receivable, net	5,048,525	43,123	5,091,648	-
Leases receivables	18,471	-	18,471	-
Other receivable	436	-	436	560,094
Inventory	1,432,790	33,024	1,465,814	-
Due from other funds	41,593	30,128	71,721	458,448
Total current assets	23,831,241	167,308	23,998,549	3,536,971
Non-current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	1,195	_	1,195	_
Leases receivables	230,493	_	230,493	_
Capital assets:				
Land, construction in progress, and water rights	3,275,215	12,861	3,288,076	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	22,954,153	4,124,883	27,079,036	
Total non-current assets	26,461,056	4,137,744	30,598,800	
Total assets	50,292,297	4,305,052	54,597,349	3,536,971
DEFENDED OUTER OW OF DECOUDORS				
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	470.025		470.025	
Deferred amounts related to pensions Deferred amounts related to OPEB	470,025 183,611	-	470,025 183,611	-
Deferred amounts related to GRDA settlement	99,788	-	99,788	-
Total deferred outflow of resources	753,424		753,424	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,382,104	36,838	3,418,942	19,793
Claims liability			-	675,356
Wages payable	79,204	797	80,001	450.440
Due to other funds	86,341	1,848	88,189	458,448
Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences	113,263 17,675	146	113,263 17,821	-
Unearned revenue	1,643,318	140	1,643,318	
Refundable deposits	35,217	_	35,217	_
Capital lease payable	144,620	-	144,620	-
Revenue bond payable	465,000	-	465,000	-
Notes payable	964,952		964,952	
Total current liabilities	6,931,694	39,629	6,971,323	1,153,597
Non-current liabilities:	161 225	1 206	162.641	
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability	161,335 54,687	1,306	162,641 54,687	-
Total OPEB liability	884,690	-	884,690	-
Refundable deposits	315,798		315,798	-
Revenue bond payable	6,240,000	-	6,240,000	-
Notes payable, net	3,177,741	-	3,177,741	-
Total non-current liabilities	10,834,251	1,306	10,835,557	-
Total liabilities	17,765,945	40,935	17,806,880	1,153,597
DECEMBED INCLOSE OF DECOMPOSES				
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to leases	249,720		249,720	
Deferred amounts related to reases Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,312,331		1,312,331	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	713,899	_	713,899	_
Total deferred inflow of resources	2,275,950		2,275,950	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	15,237,055	4,137,744	19,374,799	-
Restricted for debt service	207,449	-	207,449	
Unrestricted	15,559,322	126,373	15,685,695	2,383,374
Total net position	\$ 31,003,826	\$ 4,264,117	\$ 35,267,943	\$ 2,383,374
Some amounts reported for business-type activities is because certain internal service fund balances are in reported as interfund balances Total net position per Government-Wide financia	cluded with business-type act		1,176,427 \$ 36,444,370	
<u>.</u> <u>.</u>				

Proprietary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Position - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds								
	Miami	Special Utility					Internal Service		
		Authority	Aiı	port Fund		Total	Fund		
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	30,960,775	\$	193,005	\$	31,153,780	\$	1,866,285	
Fees, licenses and permits		133,625		-		133,625		-	
Miscellaneous		790,398		-		790,398		1,058,177	
Total operating revenues		31,884,798		193,005		32,077,803		2,924,462	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal services		3,525,540		42,641		3,568,181		-	
Materials and supplies		13,936,612		84,728		14,021,340		-	
Other services and charges		4,551,745		(10,995)		4,540,750		489,621	
Insurance claims and expense		-		-		-		2,751,684	
Depreciation expense		2,091,470		277,105		2,368,575		-	
Total operating expenses		24,105,367		393,479		24,498,846		3,241,305	
Operating income (loss)		7,779,431		(200,474)		7,578,957		(316,843)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment income		9,138		-		9,138		495	
Miscellaneous		52,217		20		52,237		-	
Capital grant		-		208,482		208,482		-	
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(296,717)				(296,717)			
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(235,362)		208,502		(26,860)		495	
Income (loss) before contrbutions and transfers		7,544,069		8,028		7,552,097		(316,348)	
Contributed assets-governmental activities		30,215		-		30,215		_	
Transfers in		8,465,882		18		8,465,900		-	
Transfers out		(10,909,450)		(40,000)		(10,949,450)		-	
Change in net position		5,130,716		(31,954)		5,098,762		(316,348)	
Total net position - beginning		25,873,110		4,296,071		30,169,181		2,699,722	
Total net position - ending	\$	31,003,826	\$	4,264,117	\$	35,267,943	\$	2,383,374	
Change in net position above	41 04-4		1:00			5,098,762			
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in because the net revenue of certain internal service fun						(103,867)			
Change in Business-Type Activities in Net Position po	er Governn	nent-Wide Financial	Stateme	nts	\$	4,994,895			

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds Miami Special Utility						
		ecial Utility Authority	Air	port Fund	Total	Inte	rnal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers	\$	32,173,831		187,957	\$ 32,361,788	\$	3,447,599
Payments to suppliers		(17,458,995)		(614,698)	(18,073,693)		(469,828)
Payments to employees Receipts from other funds		(3,989,981) 18,329		(47,713)	(4,037,694) 18,329		249,863
Payments to other funds		57,647		-	57,647		(249,863)
Receipts of customer meter deposits		153,614		-	153,614		-
Refunds of customer meter deposits Claims and judgments paid		(172,911)		-	(172,911)		(2,895,304)
Net cash provided by operating activities		10,781,534		(474,454)	10,307,080		82,467
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers from other funds		8,465,882		18	8,465,900		_
Transfers to other funds		(10,909,450)		(40,000)	 (10,949,450)		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(2,443,568)		(39,982)	 (2,483,550)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Capital assets purchased		(3,557,690)		(79,557)	(3,637,247)		-
Principal paid on debt Proceeds of capital grants		(1,754,612)		602,697	(1,754,612) 602,697		-
Proceeds from debt		1,324,579		-	1,324,579		-
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt		(331,237) (4,318,960)		523,140	 (331,237)		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(4,318,960)		323,140	 (3,793,820)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		402.000			402.000		
Sale (Purchase) of investments Interest and dividends		193,888 9,138		-	193,888 9,138		(494) 495
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		203,026		-	203,026		1
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,222,032		8,704	4,230,736		82,468
Balances - beginning of year		11,602,324		52,329	 11,654,653		2,303,993
Balances - end of year	\$	15,824,356	\$	61,033	\$ 15,885,389	\$	2,386,461
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,863,788	\$	61,033	\$ 12,924,821	\$	2,386,461
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current		2,959,373		-	2,959,373		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,195 15,824,356	\$	61,033	\$ 1,195 15,885,389	\$	2,386,461
Total east and east equivalents, end of year		15,02 1,550		-	 15,005,505		2,300,101
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by							
(used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	7,779,431	\$	(200,474)	\$ 7,578,957	\$	(316,843)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	*	.,,	*	(=**,)	.,,	*	(0.10,0.10)
by operating activities:		2.091.470		277 105	2.269.575		
Depreciation expense Unearned revenue		1,643,318		277,105	2,368,575 1,643,318		-
Other nonoperating revenue		52,217		20	52,237		-
Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net		(1,157,538)		(5,068)	(1,162,606)		523,137
Leases receivable		(248,964)		-	(248,964)		323,137
Due from other funds		57,647			57,647		(249,863)
Inventory Deferred outflows related to pension		(136,670) 208,518		(8,885) 577	(145,555) 209.095		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		35,671		-	35,671		-
Accounts payable		1,166,032		(532,080)	633,952		19,793
Claims liability Due to other funds		18,329		-	18,329		(143,620) 249,863
Due to employees		(90,768)		(1,284)	(92,052)		
Refundable deposits		(19,297)		-	(19,297)		-
Total OPEB liability Net pension liability		(102,667) (1,740,807)		-	(102,667) (1,740,807)		-
Accrued compensated absences		(3,401)		105	(3,296)		-
Deferred inflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to leases		933,353		(4,470)	928,883		-
Deferred inflows related to leases Deferred inflows related to OPEB		249,720 45,940		-	249,720 45,940		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	10,781,534	\$	(474,454)	\$ 10,307,080	\$	82,467
Noncash activities:							
Assets contributed by governmental activities	\$	30,215	\$		\$ 30,215	\$	
	\$	30,215	\$		\$ 30,215	\$	-

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022
DACIC EINANCIAL CTATEMENTS DISCRETELV DECENTED COMPONENT UNITS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Net Position - June 30, 2022

	MCFA MDRA		MIDA		MIPFA		Total		
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,439	\$ 148,670	\$	236,809	\$	220,241	\$	948,159
Receivables:									
Leases receivable		-	-		-		7,508		7,508
Other receivable			 _		_		100		100
Total current assets		342,439	 148,670		236,809		227,849		955,767
Non-current assets:									
Leases receivable		-	-		-		271,523		271,523
Capital assets:									
Land, construction in progress, and water rights		-	-		102,571		248,221		350,792
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		7,239,199	-		684,178		249,731		8,173,108
Total non-current assets		7,239,199			786,749		769,475		8,795,423
Total assets		7,581,638	148,670		1,023,558		997,324		9,751,190
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	9,824		_		1,707		11,531
Accrued compensated absences		-	3,208		-		-		3,208
Accrued interest on notes payable		-	-		635		-		635
Notes payable		_	_		207,447		_		207,447
Total liabilities			13,032		208,082		1,707		222,821
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts related to leases			 				275,470		275,470
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		7,239,199	-		579,302		497,952		8,316,453
Unrestricted		342,439	135,638		236,174		222,195		936,446
Total net position	\$	7,581,638	\$ 135,638	\$	815,476	\$	720,147	\$	9,252,899

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position - Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	MCFA	MDRA	MIDA	MIPFA	Total
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 148,145	\$225,647	\$ 71,774	\$ 23,872	\$ 469,438
Miscellaneous	-	15,000	-	-	15,000
Total operating revenues	148,145	240,647	71,774	23,872	484,438
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	-	114,537	-	-	114,537
Materials and supplies	-	18,706	-	600	19,306
Other services and charges	65,789	197,645	11,750	2,293	277,477
Depreciation expense	246,170	2,524	20,727	28,713	298,134
Total operating expenses	311,959	333,412	32,477	31,606	709,454
Operating income (loss)	(163,814)	(92,765)	39,297	(7,734)	(225,016)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE	S)				
Investment income	149	-	1	3,268	3,418
Miscellaneous income	4,358	161,379	-	25	165,762
Interest expense and fiscal charges	-	-	(8,483)	-	(8,483)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	4,507	161,379	(8,482)	3,293	160,697
Change in net position	(159,307)	68,614	30,815	(4,441)	(64,319)
Total net position - beginning	7,740,945	67,024	784,661	724,588	9,317,218
Total net position - ending	\$ 7,581,638	\$135,638	\$815,476	\$720,147	\$9,252,899



FOOTNOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements:

1. Financial Reporting Entity

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City uses the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity", and Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus", and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable/fiscally responsible. The City's financial reporting entity primary government presentation includes the City of Miami and the certain component units as follows:

The City of Miami – that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, culture and recreation, and administrative activities.

The City of Miami is an incorporated municipality with a population of approximately 13,570 located in northeastern Oklahoma. The City operates under a council-manager form of government with a charter that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the governing body includes an elected five-member City Council and Mayor
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Council

Blended Component Units (separate legal entities for which the City Council is fiscally responsible, and for which the City Council members serve as the trustees/governing body of the entity):

Miami Special Utility Authority (MSUA) – public trust that operates the electric, water, wastewater, and solid waste/sanitation services of the City.

Miami Development Authority (MDA) – public trust created to promote the development of housing in Miami.

Discretely Presented Component Units (separate legal entities for which the City Council is fiscally responsible, but appoints a separate governing body):

Miami Downtown Redevelopment Authority (MDRA) – public trust created to promote the redevelopment of the downtown area. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Miami Industrial and Public Facilities Authority (MIPFA) – public trust that promotes the use of facilities in the City of Miami area. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Miami Community Facilities Authority (MCFA) – public trust that promotes the development of commerce, housing, recreation, education and public facilities within the city. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Miami Industrial Development Authority (MIDA) – public trust that promotes industry in and around the City of Miami. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the office of the City Clerk. MIDA's fiscal year end is July 31.

Miami Education Facilities Authority (MEFA) – public trust that promotes the development of educational facilities within the city. The trust is currently inactive.

Each of these component units listed above are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. In accordance with state law, the City Council must approve, by two-thirds vote, all debt obligations of these public trusts prior to incurring the obligation. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation for the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

This annual report is presented in a format that substantially meets the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The presentation includes financial statements that communicate the City's financial condition and changes therein at two distinct levels:

- The City as a Whole (a government-wide presentation)
- The City's Funds (a presentation of the City's major and aggregate non-major funds)

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, parks and recreation. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities – Services where the City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of these services it provides. The City's airport, water, sewer, electric and sanitation systems activities are reported here.

Discretely presented component units -- Accounts for various activities related to economic development, facility management, facility construction, and downtown development.

The Statements of Net Position and Activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental Funds:

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental

funds report their activities on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus that is different from other funds. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The City's governmental funds include:

Major Funds:

- General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds. For reporting purposes the General Fund includes the activities of the Municipal Court Account, Travel Center Account, MCVB & Tourism Account, and Demolition Account. The General Fund's major funding source is a three cent sales tax, franchise fees, hotel/motel tax, and miscellaneous charges for services.
- S&L Fiscal Recovery Fund –to account for activity related to ARPA funds received from the Federal Government.

Aggregated Non-Major Funds (reported as Other Governmental Funds):

Special Revenue Funds include the Fishing License Fund, Street and Alley, Drug Forfeiture Fund, Parks and Recreation Program, Grant and Donation Fund, MDA Housing Construction, and Police Grant.

Debt Service Funds – accounts for ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring court-assessed judgments, general obligation bonds, and their related interest expenses.

Capital Project Funds:

- Pool Improvements Fund accounts for funds used to rehabilitate the municipal pool.
- Parks Department Projects accounts for general obligation bond proceeds used to acquire, construct, and equip city park and recreation facilities.
- Main Street Project accounts for projects related to the revitalization of Main Street.
- Street and Stadium Project Fund is a capital project fund that accounts for a .65 cent sales tax restricted for streets and stadium projects.
- Cemetery Care Fund accounts for cemetery fees that are restricted for capital improvements.
- Capital Improvement Fund accounts for use tax used for city capital projects for various departments.

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and normally due and payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue availability as collected within 60 days of period end.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

Proprietary Funds:

When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Internal service funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to other funds or departments of the City. Proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability.

The City's proprietary funds include the following:

Enterprise Funds

Major Funds:

- Miami Special Utility Authority (MUSA) that accounts for the activities of the public trust in providing water, sewer, electric, and sanitation/solid waste services to the public.
- Airport Fund accounts for activities of the municipal airport.

Internal Service Funds (combined for reporting purposes)

- Health Insurance Fund that accounts for the cost of providing various group health and life insurance services to other funds and departments of the City.
- Workers Compensation Fund that accounts for the cost of providing workers compensation insurance to the other funds and departments of the City.
- Unemployment Compensation Reimbursement that accounts for the cost of providing unemployment benefits.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and money market investments. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents.

Investments consist of long-term certificates of deposits and government money market funds. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Deposits and Investments Risks

The City of Miami primary government and component units are governed by the deposit and investment limitations of state law and trust indentures. The deposits and investments held at June 30, 2022 by these entities are as follows:

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Maturitie	s in Ye	ears
	Fair		Credit	On		Less
Type		Value	Rating	Demand		Than One
Demand deposits	\$	24,181,467	N/A	\$ 24,181,467	\$	-
Cash on hand		3,395	N/A	3,395		-
Time deposits		1,796,872	N/A	-		1,796,872
Money Market Funds		3,031,922	Not rated	-		3,031,922
Sub-T otal	\$	29,013,656		\$ 24,184,862	\$	4,828,794
Reconciliation to Financial Statements:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,216,784				
Investments		1,796,872				
	\$	29,013,656				

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, established a hierarchy based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

• Money Market Mutual Funds of \$3,031,922 were valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 102% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The City's policy limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities, federally insured obligations, or direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in Oklahoma.

Also, as required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2022, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Component Unit:

The bank deposits of the MDRA component unit of \$148,670 at June 30, 2022 were fully insured by the F.D.I.C.

The bank deposits of the MCFA component unit of \$342,439 at June 30, 2022 were fully insured.

The bank deposits of the MIPFA component unit of \$220,241 at June 30, 2022 were fully insured by the F.D.I.C.

The bank deposits of the MIDA component unit of \$236,809 at June 30, 2022 were fully insured by the F.D.I.C.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments, excluding retirement trust fund investments, to the following:

- a. Obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities;
- b. Collateralized or insured non-negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with an in-state financial institution, and fully insured deposits in out-of-state institutions;
- c. Insured or fully collateralized negotiable certificates of deposit;
- d. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraph a above; and
- e. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraph a.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterpart to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—rating agencies—as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments by date range.

As noted in the schedule of deposits and investments above, at June 30, 2022, the investments held by the City mature between 2022 through 2023.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). No concentration of credit risk existed as of June 30, 2022.

Restricted Cash and Investments

The amounts reported as restricted assets of the Enterprise Funds on the Statement of Net Position are comprised of amounts held by the MSUA Enterprise Fund in accounts for the Oklahoma Water Resources Board promissory notes, 2001 Utility Revenue Bond and other accounts with restricted uses. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Cash Restricted for Refundable deposits	\$ 49,524
Money Markets Restricted for Debt Service	 2,711,210
	\$ 2,760,734
Cash and cash equivalents, noncurrent:	
Cash Restricted for Refundable deposits	 1,195
	\$ 1,195
Investments:	
Refundable deposits	\$ 198,639
	\$ 198,639

4. Receivables

Material receivables in the governmental fund types and the governmental activities include revenue accruals such as court fines and economic development loans. These are reported as *Due From Other Governments*. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Business-type activities and the proprietary type fund consist of revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Billed and unbilled utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of these receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

			Less	: Allowance		Net
		Accounts	for U	Incollectible		Accounts
	I	Receivable		Accounts]	Receivable
Governmental Activities:						
Taxes		1,309,483	\$	-	\$	1,309,483
Due from other governments		277,336		-		277,336
Court fines		706,795		(593,127)		113,668
Grants receivable		5,007		-		5,007
Other		738,667		-		738,667
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,037,288	\$	(593,127)	\$	2,444,161
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Posit	ion:					
Accounts receivable, net					\$	372,962
Due from other governmental agencies						1,501,855
Other receivable						569,344
Total					\$	2,444,161
Business-Type Activities:						
Utilities	\$	7,333,765	\$	(2,242,117)	\$	5,091,648

5. Leases Receivables

The City is a party as lessor for two noncancellable long-term leases of buildings, and infrastructure. The corresponding lease receivable, are recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments received or received, respectively, discounted by an applicable interest rate.

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the city is the lessor and are recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Business-type Activities

The City as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements involving an infrastructure. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$268,929.

Component Unit

The MIPFA as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements involving a building. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$5,938.

6. Inventories

Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventories in the proprietary funds relate to fuel at the airport and material and supplies for the water, wastewater and electric systems. The cost of proprietary funds inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital Assets:

For the primary government and component units, capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation where applicable. Donated capital assets are reported at the acquisition value at date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the capital assets acquired prior to June 30, 1992. The capitalization threshold is capital assets with a cost of \$10,000 or more.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, capital assets balances changed as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2021 Additions		Transfers/ Deductions		Balance at June 30, 2022			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,601,374	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,601,374
Construction in progress		113,519		188,701		59,430		242,790
Total capital assets not being depreciated		4,714,893		188,701		59,430		4,844,164
Other capital assets:			-					
Buildings		23,180,501		-		-		23,180,501
Infrastructure		47,549,569		-		-		47,549,569
Machinery, furniture and equipment		12,814,804		500,936		329,261		12,986,479
Total other capital assets at historical cost		83,544,874	-	500,936		329,261		83,716,549
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		16,796,183		339,894		-		17,136,077
Infrastructure		34,045,624		1,167,821		-		35,213,445
Machinery, furniture and equipment		9,919,959		551,824		314,511		10,157,272
Total accumulated depreciation		60,761,766		2,059,539		314,511		62,506,794
Other capital assets, net		22,783,108		(1,558,603)		14,750		21,209,755
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	27,498,001	\$	(1,369,902)	\$	74,180	\$	26,053,919

		Restated						
	I	Balance at			Tra	ansfers/		Balance at
	Ju	ıly 1, 2021	1	Additions		luctions	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	780,300	\$	10,500	\$	-	\$	790,800
Construction in progress		3,046,344		2,355,087	2	,904,155		2,497,270
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,826,643	-	2,365,587	2	,904,155		3,288,07
Other capital assets:			-					
Buildings and utility infrastructure		21,098,912		-		-		21,098,91
Machinery, furniture and equipment		19,969,056		1,026,193		253,153		20,742,09
Infrastructure		30,020,072		3,179,837		-		33,199,90
Total other capital assets at historical cost		71,088,040		4,206,030		253,153		75,040,91
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and utility infrastructure		13,326,038		476,870		-		13,802,90
Machinery, furniture and equipment		15,078,983		822,503		253,153		15,648,33
Infrastructure		17,441,437		1,069,202		-		18,510,63
Total accumulated depreciation		45,846,458		2,368,575		253,153		47,961,88
Other capital assets, net		25,241,582		1,837,455		-		27,079,03
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	29,068,225	\$	4,203,042	\$ 2	,904,155	\$	30,367,111

Depreciation:

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. The range of estimated lives by type of assets is as follows:

•	Buildings	25-50 years
•	Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
•	Utility property and improvements	15-50 years
•	Infrastructure	15-50 years
•	Machinery, furniture, and equipment	3–10 years

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset. Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 268,857
Public Safety	211,575
Streets	1,263,420
Culture and Recreation	315,687
Total	\$ 2,059,539
Business-Type Activities:	
Airport	\$ 277,105
Electric	871,846
Water	556,943
Wastewater	416,798
Sanitation	245,883
Total	\$ 2,368,575

Capital assets of the component units were:

	F	Balance at					В	salance at
	August 1, 2021		A	dditions	Deductions		July 31, 2022	
MIDA - Discreetly Presented Component unit								_
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	102,571	\$		\$		\$	102,571
Total capital assets not being depreciated		102,571		-		-		102,571
Other capital assets:			·-	_				_
Buildings and utility infrastructure		1,036,352		-		-		1,036,352
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and utility infrastructure		331,446		20,727		-		352,173
Other capital assets, net		704,906		(20,727)		-		684,179
MIDA capital assets, net	\$	807,477	\$	(20,727)	\$	-	\$	786,750

MDRA

	Ва	alance at					Ba	lance at
	July 1, 2021		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2022	
MDRA - Discreetly Presented Component unit								
Other capital assets:								
Buildings	\$	6,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,500
Machinery, furniture and equipment		18,756		-		-		18,756
Total other capital assets at historical cost		25,256		-		-		25,256
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		4,550		-		-		4,550
Machinery, furniture and equipment		18,182		2,524				20,706
Total accumulated depreciation		22,732		2,524		-		25,256
Other capital assets, net		2,524		(2,524)		-		-
MDRA capital assets, net	\$	2,524	\$	(2,524)	\$		\$	-

MIPFA

	Balance at July 1, 2021		Additions		Deductions		Balance at June 30, 2022	
MIPFA - Discreetly Presented Component unit						,		
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	248,221	\$	-	\$	-	\$	248,221
Total capital assets not being depreciated		248,221		-		_		248,221
Other capital assets:								
Buildings		570,924		-		-		570,924
Machinery, furniture and equipment		185,585		-		-		185,585
Total other capital assets at historical cost		756,509		-		-		756,509
Less accumulated depreciation for:		,				,		
Buildings		373,629		19,681		-		393,310
Machinery, furniture and equipment		104,435		9,032		-		113,467
Total accumulated depreciation		478,064		28,713		_		506,777
Other capital assets, net		278,445		(28,713)		-		249,732
MIPFA capital assets, net	\$	526,666	\$	(28,713)	\$		\$	497,953

	A	Additions	Dedu	ctions	_	Balance at ne 30, 2022
\$ 8,851,208	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,851,208
1,365,839		246,170		-		1,612,009
7,485,369		(246,170)				7,239,199
\$ 7,485,369	\$	(246,170)	\$		\$	7,239,199
-	1,365,839 7,485,369	\$ 8,851,208 \$ 1,365,839 7,485,369	July 1, 2021 Additions \$ 8,851,208 \$ - 1,365,839 246,170 7,485,369 (246,170)	July 1, 2021 Additions Dedu \$ 8,851,208 \$ - \$ 1,365,839 246,170 - 7,485,369 (246,170) -	July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions \$ 8,851,208 \$ - \$ - 1,365,839 246,170 - 7,485,369 (246,170) -	July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions July \$ 8,851,208 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,365,839 246,170 - - 7,485,369 (246,170) - -

8. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

Internal and Interfund Balances:

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund receivable and payables between funds in the Statement of Net Position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances due between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal balances and then offset in the total column.

Receivable Fund	_	Payable Fund			Amount	Natur	e of Interfund B	alan	ce
General Fund	*	Airport Fund	*	\$	1,313	Payrol	l reimbursement		
General Fund	*	MSUA	*		86,341	Payrol	l reimbursement		
Street and Alley		Capital Improvement Fund			38,404	Expens	se reimbursement		
Capital Improvement Fund		General Fund	*		6,657	Reclass	sification		
MSUA	*	Airport Fund	*		535	Expens	se reimbursement		
MSUA	*	General Fund	*		41,058	Postin	g correction		
Airport Fund	*	General Fund	*		30,128	Postin	g correction		
Workers Compensation Fund		Health Insurance Fund			458,448	deposit	to the wrong fun	d	
Total				\$	662,884				
	*	Denotes major fund.							
				Г	ue From		Due To	N	et Internal
Reconciliation to Fund Financial State	ement	s:		Ot	her Funds	O	ther Funds		Balances
Governmental Funds				\$	132,715	\$	(666,473)	\$	(533,758)
Proprietary Funds					71,721		-		71,721
Internal Service Funds					458,448		-		458,448
Total				\$	662,884	\$	(666,473)	\$	(3,589)
Reconciliation to Statement of Net P	ositio	1:							
Net Internal Balances				\$	71,721				
Internal Service Fund Activity repor	ted in	Business-type Activities			1,176,427				
Net Internal Balance				\$	1,248,148				

Internal and Interfund Transfers:

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers between funds in the Statement of Activities to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and then offset in the total column. Internal activities between funds and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Transfer In		Transfer Out		Amount	_	Nature of Interf	and Tra	nsfer
General Fund	*	MSUA	\$	8,835,750	_	Operating subsidy	pledged s	sales tax
Demolition account	*	MSUA		50,000		Operating subsidy		
General Fund	*	Street Project		1,490,133		Pledged sales tax		
Street and alley	*	MSUA		500,000	A	Operating subsidy		
Capital Improvement Fund	*	General Fund		3,151		Operating subsidy		
Police grant		General Fund		4	A	Operating subsidy		
Police grant		Grant Fund		117	A,B	Operating subsidy		
General Fund		Street and Alley		355	A	Operating subsidy		
General Fund		Grant Fund		200	В	Grant matching		
General Fund		Summer Recreation Program		227	A	Budgeted		
Summer Recreation Program		Street and Alley		25,000	A,B	Operating subsidy		
Grant Fund	*	MSUA		33,567	A	Budgeted		
MSUA		Airport		40,000		Budgeted		
Airport	*	General Fund		18		Budgeted		
Rainy Day		Capital Improvement Fund		100,000	В	Budgeted		
MSUA	*	General Fund		8,325,882		Operating subsidy	pledged s	sales tax
			\$	19,404,404				
Denotes Major Fund		Subtotal non-major Governmental Funds transfers in	\$	559,270	A			
		Subtotal non-major Governmental Funds transfers out	\$	25,317	В			
			Tra	nsfers to		Transfers from		Net
Reconciliation to fund financi	al state	ements:	Otl	ner Funds		Other Funds		Transfers
Governmental Funds			\$	(8,454,954)	,	\$ 10,938,504	\$	2,483,550
Enterprise Funds			(10,949,450)	8,465,900		(2,483,550)
Totals			\$ (19,404,404)	_	\$ 19,404,404	\$	-
Reconciliation to Statement o	f Activi	ties:						
Net Transfers							\$	(2,483,550)
	mental	Activities to Business Type Activities						30,215
Transfers - Internal Activity							\$	(2,453,335)

9. Long-Term Debt

The City's long term debt consists of revenue bonds and notes, capital lease obligations, accrued compensated absences and long-term deposits subject to refund.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's long-term debt balances changed as follows:

Primary Government:

Balance <u>July 1, 2021</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>			e Within ne Year
\$	165,589	\$	-	\$	20,277	\$	145,312	\$	-
	17,470,000		-		465,000		17,005,000		475,000
	773,706		-		157,019		616,687		137,302
	655,457				28,015		627,442		62,745
\$	19,064,752	\$		\$	670,311		18,394,441		675,047
							1,507,711		-
							2,555,621		-
						\$	22,457,773	\$	675,047
						\$	675,047		
							21,782,726		
						\$	22,457,773		
	<u>Ju</u>	July 1, 2021 \$ 165,589 17,470,000 773,706 655,457	\$ 165,589 \$ 17,470,000	July 1, 2021 Additions \$ 165,589 \$ - 17,470,000 - 773,706 - 655,457 -	July 1, 2021 Additions De \$ 165,589 \$ - \$ 17,470,000 - 773,706 - 655,457 -	July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions \$ 165,589 \$ - \$ 20,277 17,470,000 - 465,000 773,706 - 157,019 655,457 - 28,015	July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions July \$ 165,589 \$ - \$ 20,277 \$ 17,470,000 - 465,000 465,000 773,706 - 157,019 555,457 - 28,015 5 19,064,752 \$ - \$ 670,311 \$ \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 <td< td=""><td>July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions June 30, 2022 \$ 165,589 - \$ 20,277 \$ 145,312 17,470,000 - 465,000 17,005,000 773,706 - 157,019 616,687 655,457 - 28,015 627,442 \$ 19,064,752 \$ - \$ 670,311 18,394,441 - - \$ 670,311 2,555,621 \$ 22,457,773 - \$ 675,047 21,782,726</td><td>July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions June 30, 2022 O \$ 165,589 - \$ 20,277 \$ 145,312 \$ 17,470,000 - 465,000 17,005,000 17,005,000 616,687 655,457 - 28,015 627,442 627,442 627,442 18,394,441 1,507,711 2,555,621 12,555,621 12,2555,621 1,507,773 \$ 675,047 1,707,712 1,707,713<</td></td<>	July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions June 30, 2022 \$ 165,589 - \$ 20,277 \$ 145,312 17,470,000 - 465,000 17,005,000 773,706 - 157,019 616,687 655,457 - 28,015 627,442 \$ 19,064,752 \$ - \$ 670,311 18,394,441 - - \$ 670,311 2,555,621 \$ 22,457,773 - \$ 675,047 21,782,726	July 1, 2021 Additions Deductions June 30, 2022 O \$ 165,589 - \$ 20,277 \$ 145,312 \$ 17,470,000 - 465,000 17,005,000 17,005,000 616,687 655,457 - 28,015 627,442 627,442 627,442 18,394,441 1,507,711 2,555,621 12,555,621 12,2555,621 1,507,773 \$ 675,047 1,707,712 1,707,713<

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Type of Debt	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2021	<u> </u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>eductions</u>	Balance ne 30, 2022	ue Within <u>One Year</u>
Business-Type Activities:								
Notes Payable - Direct borrowings	\$	4,021,131	\$	1,324,589	\$	1,094,622	\$ 4,251,098	\$ 1,109,572
Unamortized Bond Premium (Discount)		66,642				30,427	36,215	=
Revenue Bonds		7,365,000		-		660,000	6,705,000	465,000
Accrued Compensated Absences		183,758		=_		3,296	 180,462	 17,821
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	11,636,531	\$	1,324,589	\$	1,788,345	11,172,775	1,592,393
Plus: Total OPEB liability							884,690	-
Net pension liability							54,687	-
Refundable deposits							351,015	35,217
							\$ 12,463,167	\$ 1,627,610
Reconcilation to Statement of Net Position:							 	
Due within one year							\$ 1,627,610	
Due in more than one year							10,835,557	
•							\$ 12,463,167	

Governmental activities long-term debt payable from property tax levies or other governmental revenues includes the following:

Revenue Bond Payable –

2016 Sales Tax Revenue Bond for \$19,375,000 with interest from .45% to 2.375% Debt service payments are due semi-annually through December 2046. Bonds are secured with net revenues of the Special Utility Authority and a pledged sales tax.	<u>\$17,005,000</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Notes Payable – Direct Borrowings:	\$475,000 16,530,000 \$17,005,000
\$304,491 capital lease obligation for the purchase of fire tanker trucks, matures August 2027 with a stated interest rate of 2.14%. If the City defaults, the collateralized equipment will be returned to the lender.	229,094
\$311,328 capital lease obligation for the purchase of police cars, matures August 2027 with a stated interest rate of 2.14%. If the City defaults, the collateralized equipment will be returned to the lender.	234,238
\$255,638 capital lease obligation for the purchase of excavator, matures February 2025 with a stated interest rate of 1.67%. If the City defaults, the collateralized equipment will be returned to the lender.	<u>153,355</u>
Total capital lease obligations	<u>\$616,687</u>
Current portion Non-current portion	\$137,302 479,385 \$ <u>616,687</u>

Business-type activities long-term debt payable from net revenues generated by and taxes pledged to the City's business-type activities include the following:

Revenue Bond Payable -

2018 Utility System Revenue Bond for \$8,000,000 with interest from 3.5% to 4.0% Debt service payments are due semi-annually through August 2033. Bonds are secured with net revenues of the Special Utility Authority and a pledged sales tax.

\$6,705,000

Total Revenue Bonds Payable

\$6,705,000

Current portion Non-current portion

\$465,000 6,240,000 \$6,705,000

Notes Payable – Direct Borrowings:

2003A Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated December 31, 2003, original amount \$1,760,000 with an annual administration fee of 0.5% due in semi-annual installments, with final payment due December 31, 2023 secured by and payable from utility revenues for sanitation, water, and sewer. Proceeds used for capital improvements related to waste water. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement.

\$132,000

2004A Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated June 25, 2004, original amount \$1,595,538 with an annual administration fee of 0.5% due in semi-annual installments, with final payment due June 25, 2024 secured by and payable from utility revenues for water, sewer, and garbage collection and disposal system. Proceeds used for capital improvements related to waste water. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement.

159,553

2004C Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated October 26, 2004, original Amount \$1,620,000 with interest rate of 3.0% and 0.5% annual administrative fee due in semi-annual installments, with final payment due October 26, 2024 secured by and payable from utility revenues for water, sewer, and garbage collection and disposal system. Proceeds used for capital improvement related to water. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement.

320,298

2005 Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated September 15, 2005, original Amount \$563,000 with an annual administration fee of 0.5% due in semi-annual installments, with final payment due September 15, 2025 secured by and payable from utility revenues for water, sewer, and garbage collection and disposal system. Proceeds used for capital improvements related to waste water. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement.

97,420

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

\$1,109,572

\$4,251,098

3,141,526

2019 Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated July 15, 2019, original amount \$1,830,000 with interest rate of 4.2% due in semi-annual installments, secured by and payable from utility revenues for water, sewer, and electric system, with final payment due September 15, 2023. This note is a current refunding of the outstanding portion of the Series 2003B note and the Series 2004B note, proceeds used for capital improvements related to water and sewer systems. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement. 915,000 CWSRF Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated September 1, 2019, original amount \$4,450,000 with interest rate of 1.24% and 0.5% annual administrative fee due in semiannual installments, secured by and payable from utility revenues for water, sewer, and garbage collection and disposal system, with final payment due March 15, 2041. Proceeds used for capital improvements related to improvements to the wastewater system. The MUSA has drawn \$1,144,862 of the note as of June 30. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement. 1,022,862 DWSRF Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated May 1, 2020, original amount \$2,785,000 with interest rate of 1.51% and 0.5% administrative fee due in semi-annual installments, secured by and payable from utility revenues for water, sewer, and garbage collection and disposal system, with final payment due March 15, 2042. Proceeds used for improvements for the drinking water treatment system drinking water project. The MUSA has drawn \$1,559,345 of the note as of June 30. In the event of default on the OWRB loans, the lender may: 1) file suit for specific performance of covenants contained in the agreement; 2) accelerate maturity; 3) gain control of operations through temporary trustees; or 4) file suit to enforce or enjoin action in action of parties under provisions of the indenture, security agreement or lease agreement. 1,459,344 \$369,500 note payable for the purchase of a refuse truck, matures February 2023 with a stated interest rate of 1.50%. If the Authority defaults, the collateralized equipment will be returned to the lender. 123,158 \$285,663 note payable for the purchase of a digger derrick truck, matures July 2021 with a stated interest rate of 1.95%. If the Authority defaults, the collateralized equipment will be returned to the lender. 16,553 \$95,994 note payable for the purchase of a truck for water, matures August 2022 with a stated interest rate of 2.99%. If the Authority defaults, the collateralized equipment will be returned to the lender. 4,910 Total Notes Payable - Direct Borrowings \$4,251,098

Current portion

Non-current portion

Long-term debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	Interest		
2023	\$	475,000	\$	518,788	\$	137,302	\$	10,338	
2024		485,000		509,188		140,023		7,617	
2025		495,000		499,387		142,798		4,843	
2026		505,000		489,388		92,794		2,012	
2027		515,000		479,188		93,383		1,424	
2028-2032		1,610,000		2,244,606		10,387		43	
2033-2037		4,435,000		2,099,550		-		-	
2038-2042		3,925,000		1,242,375		-		-	
2043-2047		4,560,000		641,250					
Total	Ф	17,005,000	s	8,723,720	\$	616,687	Φ.	26,27	

Business-Type Activities

	Notes Pay	yable-Direc	t Borrowings		Revenue Bo	nds Pa	ayable
Year Ending June 30,	Princip	al	Interest	P	rincipal		Interest
2023	\$ 1,10	9,572 \$	150,504	\$	465,000	\$	221,325
2024	1,22	9,897	124,340		485,000		202,725
2025	1,02	1,086	102,480		500,000		188,175
2026	34:	5,336	89,012		515,000		173,175
2027	30	3,250	84,358		530,000		157,725
2028-2032	1,56	7,250	345,537		2,905,000		531,725
2033-2037	1,66	6,250	211,760		1,305,000		68,950
2038-2042	1,639	9,250	71,299		-		-
Amount to be drawn	(4,63	0,793)					-
Total	\$ 4,25	1,098 \$	1,179,290	\$	6,705,000	\$	1,543,800

MDRA Debt:

Type of Debt	Balance <u>July 1, 2021</u>		Additions Deductions		Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>		Due Within One Year		
Component Unit: Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	2,927	\$	281	\$ _	\$	3.208	\$	321
Total MDRA	\$	2,927	\$	281	\$ 	\$	3,208	\$	321

MIDA Debt (direct borrowings):

The MIDA issued the 2005 note payable to the Miami Area Economic Development Services, Inc, payable in monthly Installments of \$3,300 with interest at 5.00% maturity date of February 1, 2020

\$114,368

The MIDA issued the 2005 note payable to the Miami Area Economic Development Services, Inc, payable in monthly Installments of \$1,918, with interest of 1.25%, maturity date of February 1,2020

71,452

The MIDA issued the 2005 note payable to the Miami Area Economic Development Services, Inc. payable in monthly Installments of \$607, with interest of 4.00%, maturity date of February 1, 2020

21,627

Total debt outstanding - MIDA

\$207,447

Type of Debt	lance t 1, 2021	<u>Additio</u>	<u>ns</u>	Dec	<u>ductions</u>	Balance y 31, 2022	e Within ne Year
Component Unit: MIDA Note payable (direct borrowings)	\$ 278,661	\$		\$	71,214	\$ 207,447	\$ 207,447

Compo	Component Unit - MIDA											
	Notes Payable - direct borrowi											
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest								
2023	\$	207,447		-								
Total	\$	207,447	\$	-								

Pledge of Future Revenues

Utility Net Revenues Pledge - The City and Special Utility Authority have pledged net utility revenues of the water, electric and wastewater systems to repay the OWRB Series 2003A, 2004A, 2004C, 2005, and 2019 promissory notes payable. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for capital assets. The notes are payable from net utility revenues and are payable through 2025. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these notes is \$1,665,491. The 2019 note refinanced the 2003B and 2004 B notes. Net utility revenues received in the current year were \$8,087,413. Debt service payments of \$885,951 for the current fiscal year were 11% of pledged net utility revenues.

Pledged Sales Tax — The City has pledged 3.65 cents (or 100%) of future sales tax revenues to repay \$1,915,000 of the Series 2011 Revenue Bonds, \$19,375,000 of the Series 2016 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, and 8,000,000 of the Series 2018 Revenue Bonds. Three cents of the sales tax was voted by the citizens for general operations and .65 cent is legally restricted by a vote of the citizens for street and stadium purposes. The 2011 Revenue bonds are for water improvements. The 2016 bonds refinanced the 2010 bonds that were originally for street purposes and the 2013 bond anticipation note for the stadium construction. The .65 sales tax is used to pay the debt service on the 2016 bonds and the three cents is sent back to the general fund if not needed for debt service. The bonds are payable from pledged sales tax and net utility revenues and are payable through 2021, 2046 and 2033, respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$33,977,519. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$8,325,882. Net revenues and sales tax pledged during the year was \$16,415,984. Debt service payments of \$1,900,558 for the current fiscal year were 11.6% of the pledged revenue.

10. Net Position and Fund Balances

Government-wide net position is displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

At June 30, 2022 net position restricted by enabling legislation totaled \$286,075.

Fund Balance:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed included amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision (city manager) when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for revenues in other governmental funds are made through budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The City's policy for the use of fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The following table shows the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

	Ge ne ral Fund	Major Capital Fund Capital Improvement	•	Go	Other vernmental Fund	Total
Fund Balance:						
Restricted For:						
Police operations - grants	\$ -	\$	-	\$	136,096	\$ 136,096
General obligation debt service	-		-		509,767	509,767
Capital improvements	-		-		126,339	126,339
Street improvements	-		-		1,100,654	1,100,654
Culture and rec programs	-		-		367,867	367,867
Economic development	-		-		91,716	91,716
Grant fund					1,089,550	1,089,550
Police - drug programs	-		-		25,480	25,480
Sub-total restricted	-		-		3,447,469	3,447,469
Committed for:						
Street operations	 -		-		271,236	271,236
Assigned for:						
Capital improvements	_		313,135		-	813,135
Demolition	285,882		-		-	285,882
Culture and rec programs	-		_		-	-
Supplement next year's budget	3,386,074		_		_	3,386,074
Sub-total assigned	3,671,956	8	813,135		-	4,485,091
Unassigned:	992,034		-		-	992,034
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,663,990	\$	813,135	\$	3,718,705	\$ 9,195,830

12. Revenues

Program Revenues:

Program revenues within the statement of activities that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside of the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- Public Safety Fire, Police, Court, Civil Defense, fire run charges, police sentinel charges for services, restricted operating grants, 911 revenue, court and restricted capital grants
- Streets Commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State
- Culture and recreation –pool fees, library fees, fishing permits, recreation fees, operating and capital grants
- General Government license and permits, fines, cemetery revenue, and operating grants
- Economic Development rents, operating grants

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Sales Tax Revenue:

Sales tax revenue represents a 3.65 cents tax on each dollar of taxable sales of which is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City. The sales tax is deposited 3 cents in the general fund and .65 cents in the Street and Stadium Bond Project Fund. The entire sales tax initially reported in the General Fund is then transferred to the MSUA per the bond indenture pledge then transferred back to

the appropriate funds. The .65 cents is legally restricted for street and stadium purposes by a vote of the citizens.

Property Tax Revenue:

In accordance with state law, a municipality may only levy a property tax to retire general obligation debt approved by the voters and to pay judgments rendered against the City. The City's property taxes are billed and collected by the County and remitted to the City. Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City did not assess a property tax.

13. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability Covered through purchased insurance
- Physical Property Covered through purchased insurance with a \$35,000 deductible.
- Workers' Compensation Workers' compensation is covered through self-insurance using a third party processor to process claims. The City also has a stop-loss policy which covers individual claims in excess \$550,000 for all classes of employees per occurrence.
- Employee's Group Medical –Covered through self-insurance using a third party processor to process medical claims. The City uses the third party processor's estimates to record group insurance claims payable. The City also has a stop-loss policy which covers individual claims in excess of \$75,000.
- Unemployment the City is self-insured.

Management believes the insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past two fiscal years.

		Vorker's	Health	Uner	nployment	T-4-1
	Cor	mpensation_	Care		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Claim liability, June 30, 2020	\$	503,243	\$ 107,697	\$	13,886	\$ 624,826
Claims and changes in estimates		471,680	750,341		6,075	1,228,096
Claims payments		(642,143)	(374,054)		(17,749)	 (1,033,946)
Claim liability, June 30, 2021		332,780	483,984		2,212	818,976
Claims and changes in estimates		1,109,891	2,163,138		6,295	3,279,324
Claims payments		(908,090)	(2,506,367)		(8,507)	(3,422,964)
Claim liability, June 30, 2022	\$	534,581	\$ 140,755	\$	-	\$ 675,336

14. Retirement Plan Participation

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability by the various plans as of June 30, 2022:

		Governmental		Business Type		Total
Deferred Outflows:						
Police Pension	\$	243,478	\$	-	\$	243,478
Fire Pension		1,144,046		-		1,144,046
OkMRF		448,150		470,025		918,175
Total	\$	1,835,674	\$	470,025	\$	2,305,699
Deferred Inflows:						
Police Pension	\$	1,412,113	\$	_	\$	1,412,113
Fire Pension	Ψ	2,319,536	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,319,536
OkMRF		1,182,800		1,312,331		2,495,131
Total	\$	4,914,449	\$	1,312,331	\$	6,226,780
Net Pension Liability:						
Fire Pension	\$	2,505,890	\$	_	\$	2,505,890
OkMRF	Ψ	49,731	Ψ	54,687	Ψ	104,418
Total	\$	2,555,621	\$	54,687	\$	2,610,308
Net Pension Asset:						
Police Pension	\$	1,830,509	\$		\$	1,830,509
Total	\$	1,830,509	\$	-	\$	1,830,509

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS), Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) and Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF) and additions to/deductions from OFPRS, OPPRS and OkMRF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OFPRS, OPPRS and OkMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by these funds are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows and OPEB expense for the single employer other postemployment benefit plan the measurement has been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Plan (OkMRF) - Defined Benefit Plan

A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pension Systems. The plan is an agent multiple employer - defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website: www.okmrf.org/reports.html. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

B. Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions

<u>Provision</u>	As of 07/01/21 OkMRF Plan
a. Eligible to participate	Full-time employees except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system.
b. Period Required to Vest	7 years of credited service beginning September 1, 2019
c. Eligibility for Distribution	-Normal retirement at age 65 with 7 years of service -Early retirement at age 55 with 7 years of service -Disability retirement upon disability with 7 years of vesting (20 years of service) -Death benefit with 10 years of service for married employees
d. Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary - the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last 10 calendar years of service
e. Benefit Determination Methods: Normal Retirement	-1.875% of final average salary multiplied by
Normal Retirement	credited years of service
Early Retirement	-Actuarially reduced benefit based upon age, final average salary, and years of service at termination
Disability Retirement Death Benefit	-Same as normal retirement -50% of employees accrued interest benefit, payable to spouse until death or spouse re- marriage. If not married, benefit is payable for 10 year certain
Prior to 7 Years' Service	-Return of employee contribution and interest
f. Benefit Authorization	-Benefits are established and amended by City Council adoption of an ordinance in accordance with O.S. Title, 11, Section 48-101-102
g. Form of Benefit Payments	Normal form is a 10 year or 120 months certain and life thereafter basis. Employee may elect, with City consent, option form based on actuarial equivalent.
C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	-1
Active Employees Deferred Vested Former Employees Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries Total	117 16 <u>83</u> <u>216</u>

September 2012 for fiscal years 2007 thru

Contribution Requirements

The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OkMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is 9.45% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$730,002 of employer contributions to the plan which is in excess of the actuarially determined amount by \$209,752 based on covered payroll of \$5,505,289. Employees contribute 3.75% to the plan in accordance with the plan provisions adopted by the City Council. Employee contributions for fiscal 2022 were \$198,934.

Actuarial Assumptions

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation	July 1, 2021			
a. Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal			
b. Rate of Return on Investments and Discount Rate	7.50%			
c. Projected Salary Increase	Varies between 7.42% and 4% based on age			
d. Post Retirement cost-of-Living Increase	None			
e. Inflation Rate	2.75%			
f. Mortality Table	UP 1994, with projected mortality improvement			
g. Percent of married employees	100%			
h. Spouse age difference	3 years (female spouses younger)			
i. Turnover	Select and ultimate rates Ultimate rates are age-related as shown			
	Additional rates per thousand are added during the first 5 years: Year 1: 225 Year 2: 140 Year 3: 100 Year 4: 70 Year 5: 40			

2011

i. Date of last experience study

D. Discount Rate -

The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.50% since the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.

The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.75%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large cap stocks S&P 500	25%	5.80%	1.45%
Small/mid cap stocks Russell 2500	10%	6.40%	0.64%
Long/short equity MSCI ACWI	10%	5.00%	0.50%
International stocks MSCI EAFE	20%	6.20%	1.24%
Fixed income bonds Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.30%	0.69%
Real estate NCREIF	5%	4.60%	0.23%
Cash equivalents 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	100%		
Average Real Return Inflation Long-term expected return			4.75% 2.75% 7.50%

E. Changes in Net Pension Liability – The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021 which is also the measurement date. There were no changes in assumptions or changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability. There were also no changes between the measurement date of July 1, 2021 and the City's report ending date of June 30, 2022, that would have had a significant

impact on the net pension liability. The following table reports the components of changes in net pension liability:

	Increase (Decrease)					
		al Pension Liability		Plan Net Position (b)	N	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances Beginning of Year	\$	14,976,088	\$	11,629,624	\$	3,346,464
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		390,061		-		390,061
Interest expense		1,085,829		-		1,085,829
Experience losses (gains) -		(643,221)		-		(643,221)
(amortized over avg remain svc period of actives & i	inactive)					
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
ContributionsCity		-		697,806		(697,806)
Contributionsmembers		-		197,343		(197,343)
Net investment income		-		3,203,292		(3,203,292)
Benefits paid		(1,015,092)		(1,015,092)		
Plan administrative expenses		- '		(23,726)		23,726
Benefit changes due to plan amendments		_		-		-
Change in deferred contributions made subsequent						
to the measurement date		_		-		-
Net Changes		(182,423)		3,059,623		(3,242,046)
Balances End of Year	\$	14,793,665	\$	14,689,247	\$	104,418

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

		1%	(Current	1%
]	Decrease	Γ	Discount	Increase
		(6.50%)	Rat	e (7.50%)	 (8.50%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,890,923	\$	104,418	\$ (1,368,183)

The City reported (\$397,981) in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	759,981	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		1,611,766	
Changes in assumptions		66,031		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
City contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions		104,486		104,486	
City contributions during measurement date		17,656		18,898	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		730,002			
Total	\$	918,175	\$	2,495,131	

The \$730,002 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Any other amounts reported as deferred

outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2023	\$ (668,380)
2024	(583,868)
2025	(564,171)
2026	(490,539)
2027	 -
	\$ (2,306,958)

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension – Statewide Cost Sharing Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Miami, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs

<u>Benefits provided</u> - FPRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

Normal Retirement:

• Hired Prior to November 1, 2013

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 20 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month.

• Hired After November 1, 2013

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 22 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 55% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. Also participants must be age 50 to begin receiving benefits. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months.

For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$175,750. The State of Oklahoma also made onbehalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$376.133 during the calendar year and this is reported as both expense and revenue in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$277,480. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$2,505,890 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .3805%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of (\$95,760). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred				
	O	Outflows of		red Inflows of	
	R	lesources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	908,829	\$	44,008	
Changes of assumptions		-		55,580	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments		-		1,992,075	
Changes in proportion		58,889		225,672	
Contributions during the measurement					
date		578		2,201	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		175,750		-	
Total	\$	1,144,046	\$	2,319,536	

In the year ending June 30, 2022, \$175,750 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
	2023	\$ (252,877)
	2024	(307,768)
	2025	(323,647)
	2026	(466,948)
	2027	
	Total	\$ (1,351,240)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Table, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale MP-2018 for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	3.53%
Domestic equity	47%	5.73%
International equity	15%	8.50%
Real estate	10%	7.97%
Other assets	8%	4.73%

<u>Discount Rate</u>- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease (6.5%)				1% Increase (8.5%)	
Employers' net pension liability	\$	3,915,971	\$	2,505,890	\$	1,325,363	

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Oklahoma Police Pension - Statewide Cost Sharing Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Miami, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/OPPRS</u>

Benefits provided - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later. Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$179,746. The State of Oklahoma also made onbehalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$153,825 during the calendar year and this is reported as both expense and revenue in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$108,247. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$1,830,509 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .3816%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of (\$183,388). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred		
	Οι	ıtflows of	Defer	red Inflows of
	R	esources	R	Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	26,282	\$	72,250
Changes of assumptions		27,836		-
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		-		1,335,295
Changes in proportion		7,312		2,269
Contributions during measurement date		2,302		2,299
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		179,746		
Total	\$	243,478	\$	1,412,113

In the year ending June 30, 2023, \$179,746 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Voor	ended	Iuma	20.
r ear	enaea	June	.50:

2023	\$ (305,481)
2024	(265,707)
2025	(336,454)
2026	(444,144)
2027	 3,405
Total	\$ (1,348,381)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed

Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an

increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully

generational improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational

improvement using scale AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined

table with age set forward 4 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.22%
Domestic equity	4.55%
International equity	8.50%
Real estate	7.97%
Private Equity	9.36%
Commodities	0.00%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate- The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	19	% Increase
		(6.5%)	R	ate (7.5%)		(8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	(686,496)	\$	(1,830,509)	\$	(2,797,858)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

City of Miami 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (DC Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City of Miami makes available to all full-time employees two Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The DC Plan was created in accordance with Section 457 of the *Internal Revenue Code*, and permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employee until retirement, termination, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Employees may choose investments offered by International City/County Management Association (ICMA) or the DC Plan. Separate audited financial statements are not available.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – DC Plan participants may contribute up to \$15,000 of eligible compensation per year. During the year ended June 30, 2022, employees contributed \$102,223 and the employer contributed \$0 to the DC Plan.

ICMA Retirement Deferred Compensation Plan

In addition to the above plans, the City of Miami offers a retirement plan through ICMA which is funded 18% by the employer and zero percent by employee contributions. There were no contributions to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Separate audited financial statements are not available.

15. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description. The City sponsors Medical, Rx, and Dental insurance to qualifying retirees and their dependents. Coverage is provided through fully-insured arrangements that collectively operate as a substantive single-employer defined benefit plan. A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the employer and the plan members. This understanding is based on communication between the employer and the plan member and historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs. Qualifying retirees are those employees who are eligible for immediate disability or retirement benefits under the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System, or the City of Miami Retirement Plan. Retirees may continue coverage with the City by paying the carrier premium rate. Coverage is available for retirees and their spouses until they reach age 65 or qualify for Medicare. Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rest with the City Council. Retirees may continue coverage with the City by paying the premium rate. Benefits are paid from general operating assets of the City.

Benefits provided - The Plan covers all current retirees of the City who elected postretirement medical coverage through the City Health Plan and future retired employees of the City fully self-insured health plan. In accordance with administrative policy, the benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees; this creates an implicit rate subsidy. The benefits offered by the City to retirees include health and prescription drug benefits. The retiree retains coverage with the City, by making an election within 30 days of termination of service and have 20+ years of creditable service in with the City.

The amount of benefit payments during fiscal year June 30, 2022 were \$90,502.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Active Employees	171
Inactive or beneficiaries receiving benefits	8
Total	179

Total OPEB Liability – The total OPEB liability was determined based on an alternative measurement method valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 which is also the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions- The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Discount Rate 2.21% based on the 20 year municipal bond yield
- Retirement Age Civilians 55 with 10 years of service, Police and Fire 20 years of service
- Medical Trend Rates:

2025	5.86%
2030	5.99%
2035	5.87%
2040	5.33%
2045	5.15%
2050	5.03%
2060	4.87%

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Changes in Total OPEB Liability -

	Total OP	EB Liability
Balances at Beginning of Year	\$	2,482,105
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		182,230
Interest expense		54,855
Change of benefit terms		107,385
Change in assumptions		(42,145)
Difference between expected and actual experience		(301,527)
Benefits paid		(90,502)
Net Changes		(89,704)
Balances End of Year	\$	2,392,401

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$82,341. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 688,673
Changes of assumptions	-	593,841
Changes in proportion	385,368	383,292
City Contributions during measurement date	10,452	10,513
Benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date	 79,782	
Total	\$ 475,602	\$ 1,676,319

In the year ending June 30, 2022, \$79,782 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (262,129)
2023	(262,129)
2024	(248,527)
2025	(207,507)
2026	(161,729)
Thereafter	(138,478)
	\$ (1,280,499)

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate- The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Current Discount Rate					
	 rease (1.16%)	(2.16%)	1% Inc	crease (3.16%)		
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$ 2,679,915 \$	2,392,401	\$	2,137,989		

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.99 percent decreasing to 3.87 percent) or 1- percentage point higher (6.99 percent decreasing to 5.87 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease (4.96%		(5.96% decreasing to		1% Increase (6.96%		
	decrea	decreasing to 3.87%)		4.87%)		decreasing to 5.87%)	
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$	2,087,135	\$	2,392,401	\$	2,758,393	

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grant Programs

The City of Miami participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. In 2022, the City's involvement in federal and state award programs was relatively immaterial. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Pensacola Dam Licensing

The City has experienced flooding at various degrees for many years which the City asserts has been aggravated by operational changes at a nearby lake. The City contends that the instances of flooding have increased because the quasi-governmental agency that operates the Pensacola Dam that forms Grand Lake (and its hydroelectric operations), the Grand River Dam Authority (GRDA), has been granted permission to raise lake levels by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), which licenses GRDA to operate the dam.

FERC has notified the City that the appropriate time to address these problems is at the time the operational license for the dam is renewed in 2022. That process started in 2018 and could potentially take over five years to complete. The City has engaged legal counsel to represent its interest during the relicensing process and to require GRDA to modify its lake operations to reduce instances of flooding and to purchase flood easements.

Asset Retirement Obligation

The City has incurred certain asset retirement obligations related to the operation of its wastewater utility system. The estimated liability of the legally required closure costs for the wastewater utility system cannot be reasonably estimated as of June 30, 2022, since the specific legally required costs of retirement have not yet been identified. The City anticipates identifying those specific legally required costs and obtaining an estimate of those costs in a subsequent fiscal year.

GRDA Winter Storm

In February 2021, the State of Oklahoma experienced a major winter storm, Uri, which caused electric wholesale prices to increase significantly. The City received information from GRDA, their wholesale electric provider, in August 2021, that Miami's portion of the electrical cost for the winter storm would be \$2,698,459. The City has opted to pay the amount by October 2022. The City has opted to allow their sixteen (16) industrial customers to repay their actual usage during this time totaling \$1,025,878.70 and has approved a Temporary Rate Adjustment ("TRA") shown as PCAX, to be added to the monthly bills of Rate Class Customers E.1, E.2, E.3 and E.5 to recover 100% of the Grand River Dam Authority's Temporary Production Cost Bill over an approximately 36-month term. We are tracking those repayments monthly and will eliminate the PCAX rate once the amount the City has paid GRDA has been recouped.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (Budgetary Basis) – Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND										
	D 1	1.4	Actual	Variance with							
	Original	l Amounts Final	Amounts (Budget basis)	Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ 2,481,641	\$ 2,481,641	\$ 3,529,969	\$ 1,048,328							
Resources (Inflows):	\$ 2,461,041	\$ 2,461,041	\$ 3,329,909	\$ 1,040,320							
Taxes and assessments	7,187,900	7,187,900	8,870,284	1,682,384							
Fees, licenses and permits	43,500	43,500	80,817	37,317							
Charges for services	134,745	134,745	133,466	(1,279)							
Fines and forfeitures	248,400	248,400	260,553	12,153							
Interest earned	10,300	10,300	10,350	50							
M iscellaneous	2,700	2,650,490	139,165	(2,511,325)							
Intergovernmental	74,600	74,600	164,911	90,311							
intergovernmental	74,000	74,000	104,711	70,511							
Total Resources (Inflows)	7,702,145	10,349,935	9,659,546	(690,389)							
Amounts available for appropriation	10,183,786	12,831,576	13,189,515	357,939							
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):											
General Government											
Muncipal Court	161,875	162,675	145,670	17,005							
General Government	744,876	763,223	580,208	183,015							
Human Resources	371,900	346,065	276,821	69,244							
Legal	109,450	109,470	77,149	32,321							
Public Safety	,	,.,.	,	,							
Police	2,503,496	2,499,757	2,413,720	86,037							
Fire	2,199,685	2,191,485	2,148,386	43,099							
Emergency Management	56,066	59,273	38,026	21,247							
Police Communications	502,886	577,875	520,512	57,363							
Code Compliance	108,722	120,722	73,461	47,261							
Risk Management	714,704	715,484	692,420	23,064							
Public Works and Streets	711,701	713,101	0,2,120	25,001							
Streets	756,394	793,160	675,573	117,587							
Cemetery	333,887	309,182	276,351	32,831							
Facilities	294,107	327,338	282,768	44,570							
Animal Control	223,439	224,039	176,078	47,961							
Culture and Recreation	223,137	221,037	170,070	17,501							
Parks	697,929	646,692	534,485	112,207							
Swimming Pool	212,526	212,579	131,034	81,545							
Library	572,550	615,400	570,440	44,960							
Total Charges to Appropriations	10,564,492	10,674,419	9,613,102	1,061,317							
Other financing sources (uses)		_	_								
Transfers from other funds	7,589,041	7,590,885	8,839,742	1,248,857							
Transfers to other funds	(6,974,246)	(7,045,748)	(8,512,186)	(1,466,438)							
Total other financing sources (uses)	614,795	545,137	327,556	(217,581)							
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 234,089	\$ 2,702,294	\$ 3,903,969	\$ 1,201,675							

See accompanying notes to this schedule.

Schedule Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison:

- 1. The budgetary comparison schedules and budgetary fund balance amounts are reported on a non-GAAP basis that report revenues on a cash basis, and expenditures in the period the invoice is received, except for payroll expenditures that are recorded when paid. In addition, obligations that are required to be funded from ending budgetary fund balances are subtracted from total ending budgetary fund balances to arrive at the unassigned budgetary fund balance. This presentation of unassigned fund balances on a budgetary basis is used to demonstrate compliance with Article 10, § 26 of the Oklahoma State Constitution.
- **2.** The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.
- 3. The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual (GAAP) basis as shown in the schedule below:

	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Net Change in Fund Balance	Fund Balance June 30, 2022
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation:			
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$3,981,265	\$682,725	\$4,663,990
Increases (Decreases):			
Revenues:			
Receivable from other governments and entities	(909,716)	(31,090)	(940,806)
Accounts receivable	(230,465)	45,801	(184,664)
State on behalf pension payments	(401,184)	(128,774)	(529,958)
Combining accounts	(302,828)	(110,463)	(413,291)
Expenditures:			
Accrued payroll	317,419	(188,620)	128,799
Other expenditures	674,294	(24,353)	649,941
State on behalf pension payments	401,184	128,774	529,958
Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$3,529,969	\$374,000	\$3,903,969

Pension Information

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF MIAMI'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.413176%	0.418954%	0.4143524%	0.4169184%	0.421250%	0.394823%	0.375765%	0.380507%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,887,039	\$ 4,446,809	\$ 5,062,191	\$ 5,243,677	\$ 4,741,794	\$ 4,171,963	\$ 4,629,102	\$2,505,890
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,089,326	\$ 1,144,680	\$ 1,159,023	\$ 1,185,003	\$ 1,208,603	\$ 1,220,957	\$ 1,206,179	\$1,236,103
City's proprotionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	449%	388%	437%	443%	392%	342%	384%	203%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%	68.12%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only the previous eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 160,255	\$ 162,264	\$ 165,905	\$ 169,204	\$ 170,934	\$ 168,865	\$ 173,054	\$ 175,750
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	160,255	162,264	165,905	169,204	170,934	168,865	173,054	175,750
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,144,680	\$ 1,159,023	\$ 1,185,033	\$ 1,208,603	\$ 1,220,957	\$ 1,206,179	\$1,236,103	\$ 1,255,355
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the previous eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF MIAMI PORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.4416%	0.3977%	0.4577%	0.3683%	0.4088%	0.3946%	0.3839%	0.3816%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (148,685)	\$ 16,217	\$ 700,954	\$ 29,715	\$ (194,728)	\$ (25,191)	\$ 440,848	\$(1,830,509)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,184,882	\$ 1,131,472	\$ 1,201,369	\$ 1,169,953	\$ 1,246,941	\$ 1,283,171	\$1,285,623	\$ 1,378,435
City's proprotionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.55%	1.43%	58.35%	2.54%	15.62%	1.96%	-34.29%	132.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.8%	117.07%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only the previous eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 145,903	\$ 156,178	\$ 152,094	\$ 162,102	\$ 166,813	\$ 167,131	\$ 171,661	\$ 179,197
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	145,903	156,178	152,094	162,102	166,813	167,131	171,661	179,746
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (549)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,131,472	\$ 1,201,369	\$ 1,169,953	\$ 1,246,941	\$ 1,283,171	\$ 1,285,623	\$1,320,463	\$ 1,378,435
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.89%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the previous eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Required Supplementary Information Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Total pension liability		2015		2016		2017	_	2018	20	19		2020		2021		2022
Service cost	s	276,403	s	308,701	s	344,545	S	330,866	S 2	283,926	s	346,075	S	345,024	e	390,061
Interest		1,034,763	э	1,037,326	3		3	1,087,717			3	1,044,256	3	/-	3	
		1,034,763		1,037,320		1,073,154		1,08/,/1/	1,0	061,577		1,044,236		1,070,892		1,085,829
Changes of benefit terms		-		102.207		(202 215)		(525,490)		41.500		(272.005)		(100.240)		((42.221)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		102,207		(202,315)		(535,480)	(2	541,596)		(272,005)		(198,240)		(643,221)
Changes of assumptions		(007.120)		(1.00 (.420)		(064662)		321,010	(1.6	-		208,546		(1.021.010)		(1.015.000)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(997,138)		(1,006,438)		(964,663)		(1,092,673)	(1,0	076,009)		(992,188)		(1,021,818)		(1,015,092)
Benefit changes due to plan amendments		214020		441.706	_	250 721	_	111.440		72 102	_	35,013		105.050		(102 (22)
Net change in total pension liability		314,028		441,796		250,721		111,440	(2	272,102)		369,697		195,858		(182,423)
Total pension liability - beginning	1	3,564,650		13,878,678		14,320,474		14,571,195	14,6	682,635		14,410,533	1	14,780,230	1	4,976,088
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 1	3,878,678	\$	14,320,474	\$	14,571,195	\$	14,682,635	\$ 14,4	110,533	\$	14,780,230	\$ 1	14,976,088	\$ 1	14,793,665
Plan fiduciary net position																
Contributions - employer	\$	569,542	\$	618,748	\$	640,172	\$	650,799	\$ 6	35,453	\$	646,533	\$	657,276	\$	697,806
Contributions - member		166,578		175,420		181,046		183,989	1	79,680		182,834		185,855		197,343
Net investment income		1,363,071		261,920		83,267		1,149,965	7	55,918		735,845		465,013		3,203,292
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(997,138)		(1,006,438)		(964,663)		(1,092,673)	(1,0	76,009)		(992,188)		(1,021,818)		(1,015,092)
Administrative expense		(20,151)		(19,533)		(18,698)		(20,154)		(21,162)		(22,670)		(23,361)		(23,726)
Other		-		-		-		-								
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,081,902		30,117		(78,876)		871,926	- 4	173,880		550,354		262,965	-	3,059,623
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,437,357		9,519,259		9,549,376		9,470,500	10,3	342,425		10,816,305	1	11,366,659	1	1,629,624
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	9,519,259	\$	9,549,376	\$	9,470,500	\$	10,342,426	\$ 10,8	316,305	\$	11,366,659	\$	1,629,624	\$ 1	4,689,247
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,359,419	\$	4,771,098	\$	5,100,695	\$	4,340,209	\$ 3,5	594,228	\$	3,413,571	\$	3,346,464	\$	104,418
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.59%		66.68%		64.99%		70.44%		75.06%		76.90%		77.65%		99.29%
Covered employee payroll	\$	4,356,987	\$	4,742,831	\$	4,657,554	\$	4,735,571	\$ 4,9	20,014	\$	4,576,812	\$	5,258,704	\$	5,505,289
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		100.06%		100.60%		109.51%		91.65%		73.05%		74.58%		63.64%		1.90%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only the previous eight fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

CITY OF MIAMI, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Required Supplementary Information Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	 2015	_	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		2022
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 616,160	\$	643,059	\$ 592,589	\$ 590,967	\$ 512,617	\$ 518,316	\$ 551,638 \$	S	577,505
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	616,160		643,059	623,633	635,553	647,362	655,182	697,304		730,002
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$ (31,044)	\$ (44,586)	\$ (134,745)	\$ (136,866)	\$ (145,666) \$	S	(152,497)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,661,027	\$	4,849,681	\$ 4,703,091	\$ 4,792,921	\$ 4,882,062	\$ 4,941,046	\$ 5,258,704 \$	S :	5,505,289
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.22%		13.26%	13.26%	13.26%	13.26%	13.26%	13.26%		13.26%

Notes to Schedule:

- 1. Only the previous seven fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.
- 2. Latest Valuation Date: July 1, 2021
- 3. Actuarially determined contribution rate is calculated as of July 1, 2021July 2021 through June 2022 contributions were at a rate of 9.45%.
- 4. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method - Entry age normal Amortization method - Level percent of payroll, closed Remaining amortization period - 29 years Asset valuation method - Actuarial: Smoothing period - 4 years Recognition method - Non-asymptotic Corridor - 70% - 130%

Salary increases - 4.00% to 7.42% (varies by attained age)

Investment rate of return - 7.50%

Required Supplementary Information – OPEB

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Postemployment Health Insurance Implcit Rate Subsidy Plan

	2018		2019		2020		2021		 2022
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	233,167	\$	206,592	\$	180,562	\$	182,138	\$ 182,230
Interest		91,262		125,031		120,692		96,946	54,855
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-		-	107,385
Changes in assumptions		(280,566)		(378,465)		(162,177)		(237,748)	(42,145)
Differences between expected and actual experience				(17,115)		(388,393)		(237,298)	(301,527)
Benefit payments		(78,120)		(103,265)		(99,477)		(91,824)	(90,502)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(34,257)	_	(167,222)		(348,793)		(287,786)	 (89,704)
Balances at Beginning of Year		3,320,163		3,285,906		3,118,684		2,769,891	2,482,105
Balances End of Year	\$	3,285,906	\$	3,118,684	\$	2,769,891	\$	2,482,105	\$ 2,392,401
Covered employee payroll	\$	7,400,000	\$	7,310,000	\$	7,011,000	\$	7,564,000	\$ 7,458,000
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-									
employee payroll		44.40%		42.66%		39.51%		32.81%	32.08%

Notes to Schedule:

Only Five fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund Accounts - June 30, 2022

			Munic	cipal Court	Travel I	nformation	MCVI	3 &Tourism	De	molition	Tot	tal General
	Ge	neral Fund	A	ccount	Center	r Account	A	ccount	A	ccount		Fund
ASSETS						<u>-</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,478,601	\$	15,276	\$	-	\$	97,077	\$	(18,844)	\$	3,572,110
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts receivable		184,664		-		-		40,330		57,997		282,991
Due from other funds		87,654		-		-		-		-		87,654
Due from other accounts		6,696		-		-		-		-		6,696
Receivable from other governments		940,806		-		-		20,995		246,729		1,208,530
Other receivables						7,500				-		7,500
Total assets	\$	4,698,421	\$	15,276	\$	7,500	\$	158,402	\$	285,882	\$	5,165,481
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND E Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages payable Due to other funds Due to other accounts Total liabilities	\$	141,382 128,799 77,843 - 348,024	\$	8,385 - - 6,696 15,081	\$	(410) - - - (410)	\$	36,159 2,939 - - - 39,098	\$	- - - -	\$	185,516 131,738 77,843 6,696 401,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred revenue		99,698							_	-		99,698
Fund balances:												
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		3,386,074		-		-		-		285,882		3,671,956
Unassigned (deficit)		864,625		195		7,910		119,304		-		992,034
Total fund balances		4,250,699		195		7,910		119,304		285,882		4,663,990
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	4,698,421	\$	15,276	\$	7,500	\$	158,402	\$	285,882	\$	5,165,481

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund Accounts – Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

	General Fund	Municipal Court Account	Travel Information Center Account	MCVB & Tourism Account	Demolition Account	Total General Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 7,217,900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 232,309	\$ -	\$ 7,450,209
Intergovernmental	741,524	-	-	-	-	741,524
Charges for services	143,344	-	-	22,624	238,270	404,238
Fines and forfeitures	248,934	-	-	-	42,928	291,862
Licenses and permits	93,448	-	-	-	81,930	175,378
Investment income	10,359	-	-	-	-	10,359
Miscellaneous	263,339		30,264	44,030		337,633
Total revenues	8,718,848		30,264	298,963	363,128	9,411,203
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,069,018	-	-	-	390,430	1,459,448
Public safety	6,179,614	-	-	-	-	6,179,614
Public works and streets	1,385,579	-	-	-	-	1,385,579
Culture and recreation	1,213,949	-	-	-	-	1,213,949
Economic development	-	-	6,371	413,848	-	420,219
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:						
Principal	104,947	-	-	-	-	104,947
Interest and fiscal charges	11,168	-	-	-	-	11,168
Total expenditures	9,964,275		6,371	413,848	390,430	10,774,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(1,245,427)		23,893	(114,885)	(27,302)	(1,363,721)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in - interaccount	3,792	-	-	182,531	18	186,341
Transfers out - interaccount	(182,549)	-	(3,792)	-	-	(186,341)
Transfers in	10,326,083	-	-	-	50,000	10,376,083
Transfers out	(8,329,637)					(8,329,637)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,817,689		(3,792)	182,531	50,018	2,046,446
Net change in fund balances	572,262	-	20,101	67,646	22,716	682,725
Fund balances - beginning	3,678,437	195	(12,191)	51,658	263,166	3,981,265
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,250,699	\$ 195	\$ 7,910	\$ 119,304	\$ 285,882	\$ 4,663,990

Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds - June 30, 2022

							SPECIA	AL REVENUE FUNDS	s				
		SHING STREET AND SEE FUND ALLEY		DRUG FORFEITURE FUND		PARKS AND RECREATION PROGRAM		GRANT AND DONATION FUND		MDA-HOUSING CONSTRUCTION FUND		POLICE GRANTS	
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,792	\$	341,316	\$	25,480	\$	299,262	\$	1,130,496	\$ 91,716		\$ 136,096
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		1,750			-
Due from other governments		-		10,696		-		-		39,065	•		-
Due from other funds		- 01.702	_	38,404		25.400		200.262			0.717		- 126 noc
Total assets	\$	81,792	\$	390,416	\$	25,480	\$	299,262	\$	1,171,311	\$ 91,716		\$ 136,096
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALA	ANCES												
Liabilities:				440.400				40.000		0.00			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	119,180	\$	-	\$	10,296	\$	81,761	\$		\$ -
Wages payable		-		-		-		2,891		-	•		-
Due to other funds Total liabilities				110 190				12 107		01.761	-		
Total naomities				119,180		-		13,187		81,761	-		
Deferred Inflows:													
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-		-			-
Fund balances:													
Restricted		81,792		-		25,480		286,075		1,089,550	91,716		136,096
Committed		-		271,236		-		-		-			-
Assigned								<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _			
Total fund balances		81,792		271,236		25,480		286,075		1,089,550	91,716		136,096
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	81,792	\$	390,416	\$	25,480	\$	299,262	\$	1,171,311	\$ 91,716		\$ 136,096
													(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds - June 30, 2022, Continued

		FUND						CAPITA	AL PROJ	ECT FUNDS						
ACCUMA		O. BOND ING FUND		METERY CARE		CAPITAL PROVEMENT FUND		STREET JECT		TREET AND DIUM PROJECT FUND	IMPR	POOL OVEMENT FUND	DEP	PARK ARTMENT ROJECTS	T	OTALS
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	s	189,056	s	86,575	\$	759,255	S		s	1,235,461	\$	9,973	\$	42,041	•	4,428,519
Accounts receivable	Φ	102,030	Φ	-	Φ	89,971	Φ	-	J	1,233,401	Φ),)13 -	J	72,041	Φ	91,721
Due from other governments		55,409		_		-		_		188,155		_		_		293,325
Due from other funds		-		-		6,657		-		-		_		-		45,061
Total assets	\$	244,465	\$	86,575	\$	855,883	\$	-	\$	1,423,616	\$	9,973	\$	42,041	\$	4,858,626
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	12,250	\$	4,344	\$	-	\$	2,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	230,081
Wages payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,891
Due to other funds						38,404						-				38,404
Total liabilities		<u> </u>		12,250		42,748		<u> </u>		2,250				<u> </u>		271,376
Deferred Inflows:																
Deferred revenue		55,410				-			-					<u> </u>	-	55,410
Fund balances:																
Restricted		189,055		74,325		-		-		1,421,366		9,973		42,041		3,447,469
Committed		-		-		=		-		-		=		=		271,236
Assigned						813,135				-		-		-		813,135
Total fund balances		189,055		74,325		813,135		<u> </u>		1,421,366		9,973		42,041		4,531,840
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	244,465	\$	86,575	\$	855,883	\$		\$	1,423,616	\$	9,973	\$	42,041	\$	4,858,626

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2022

			SP	ECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
	FISHING LICENSE FUND	STREET AND ALLEY	DRUG FORFEITURE FUND	PARKS AND RECREATION PROGRAM	GRANT AND DONATION FUND	MDA-HOUSING CONSTRUCTION FUND	POLICE GRANTS
REVENUES	•	•			•	0	•
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	5,000	125,982	22,315	-	129,245	-	42,009
Charges for services	-	-	-	173,158	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous				326	72,041		
Total revenues	5,000	125,982	22,315	173,484	201,286		42,009
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	_	_	_	-	41,691	_	_
Public safety	_	_	9,449	_	103,361	_	18,349
Public works	_	624,091	-,	_	35,573	_	
Culture and recreation	_		_	159,883	90,305	_	_
Capital Outlay	_	_	_		10,500	_	_
Debt Service					10,500		
Principal retirement	_	52,071	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	-	3,404	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	679,566	9,449	159,883	281,430		18,349
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,000	(553,584)	12,866	13,601	(80,144)		23,660
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,000	(333,364)	12,000	13,001	(00,144)	-	23,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-	500,355	-	227	33,567	-	121
Transfers out				(25,000)	(317)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		500,355	<u> </u>	(24,773)	33,250		121
Net change in fund balances	5,000	(53,229)	12,866	(11,172)	(46,894)	-	23,781
Fund balances - beginning	76,792	324,465	12,614	297,247	1,136,444	91,716	112,315
Fund balances - ending	\$ 81,792	\$ 271,236	\$ 25,480	\$ 286,075	\$ 1,089,550	\$ 91,716	\$ 136,096
							(continued)

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2022, Continued</u>

	SERVICE UND					CAP	ITAL PRO	JECT FUNDS				•	
	BOND	CEMETERY CARE	IMPRO	TTAL VEMENT IND	MAIN ST		STADIU	REET AND IM PROJECT FUND	POOL IMPROVEN FUND		PARK DEPARTMENT PROJECTS	. <u>-</u>	TOTALS
REVENUES	12.242			77 0 0 7 0									2 200 025
Taxes	\$ 13,343	\$ -	\$	779,058	\$	-	\$	1,498,434	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,290,835
Intergovernmental	-	- 0.441		-		-		-		-	-		324,551
Charges for services	-	8,441		-		-		-		-	-		181,599
Investment earnings	-	-		473		-		-		-	-		473
Miscellaneous	 	-		10,000									82,367
Total revenues	 13,343	8,441		789,531				1,498,434					2,879,825
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
General government	-	6,595		-		-		_		-	-		48,286
Public safety	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		131,159
Public works	-	-		-		-		2,910		-	-		662,574
Culture and recreation	-	-		-		-		_		23,350	-		273,538
Capital Outlay	-	12,250		395,178		-		-		-	-		417,928
Debt Service													
Principal retirement	-	-		-		-		465,000		-	-		517,071
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-		-		534,937		-	-		538,341
C													
Total Expenditures	 -	18,845		395,178		-		1,002,847		23,350			2,588,897
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over													
expenditures	13,343	(10,404)		394,353		_		495,587		(23,350)	-		290,928
•													
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in	-	-		3,151		-		-		25,000	-		562,421
Transfers out	 			(100,000)					-				(125,317)
Total other financing sources and uses	 			(96,849)				-		25,000			437,104
Net change in fund balances	13,343	(10,404)		297,504		-		495,587		1,650	-		728,032
Fund balances - beginning	175,712	84,729		515,631		-		925,779		8,323	42,041		3,803,808
Fund balances - ending	\$ 189,055	\$ 74,325	\$	813,135	\$		\$	1,421,366	\$	9,973	\$ 42,041	\$	4,531,840

Combining Schedule of Net Position – Special Utility Authority Accounts – June 30, 2022

		Miami Special Utility	Authority Accounts		_
100000	Public Utilities	Utility Improvement Account	Stormwater Account	Rainy Day Account	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	\$ 8,808,905 841,228	\$ (97,455) 2,118,145	\$ 499,682	\$ 3,652,656	\$ 12,863,788 2,959,373
Investments Accounts receivable, net Leases receivables	5,048,525 18,471	-	-	1,466,265	1,466,265 5,048,525 18,471
Other receivable	436	-	_	_	436
Inventory	1,432,790	-	-	-	1,432,790
Due from other accounts	269,125	-	-	-	269,125
Due from other funds Total current assets	41,593 16,461,073	2,020,690	499,682	5,118,921	41,593 24,100,366
Non-current assets: Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	1,195				1,195
Leases receivables Capital assets:	230,493	-	-	-	230,493
Land, construction in progress, and water rights	3,275,215	-	-	-	3,275,215
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	22,954,153				22,954,153
Total non-current assets	26,461,056	2,020,600	499,682	5 110 021	26,461,056
Total assets	42,922,129	2,020,690	499,082	5,118,921	50,561,422
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pension	470,025	-	-	-	470,025
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	183,611	-	-	-	183,611
Deferred amounts related to GRDA settlement	99,788	-			99,788
Total deferred outflow of resources	753,424				753,424
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages payable	3,369,035 79,204	13,069			3,382,104 79,204
Due to other accounts	-	-	269,125	-	269,125
Due to other funds	86,341	-	-	-	86,341
Accrued interest payable	21,045	92,218	440	-	113,263
Accrued compensated absences Unearned revenue	17,235 1,643,318	-	440	-	17,675 1,643,318
Refundable deposits	35,217	-	-	-	35,217
Capital lease payable	144,620	-	_	_	144,620
Revenue bond payable	· -	465,000	-	-	465,000
Notes payable	964,952				964,952
Total current liabilities	6,360,967	570,287	269,565		7,200,819
Non-current liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	155,168	-	6,167	-	161,335
Net pension liability	54,687	-	-	-	54,687
Total OPEB liability	884,690	-	-	-	884,690
Refundable deposits	315,798	- 240.000	-	-	315,798
Revenue bond payable Notes payable, net	3,177,741	6,240,000	-	-	6,240,000 3,177,741
Total non-current liabilities	4,588,084	6,240,000	6,167		10.834.251
Total liabilities	10,949,051	6,810,287	275,732		18,035,070
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	240.720				240 520
Deferred amounts related to leases	249,720 1,312,331	-	-	-	249,720
Deferred amounts related to pensions Deferred amounts related to OPEB	713,899	-	-	-	1,312,331 713,899
Total deferred inflow of resources	2,275,950				2,275,950
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	21,942,055	(6,705,000)	-	-	15,237,055
Restricted for debt service	207,449	-	-	-	207,449
Unrestricted	8,301,048	1,915,403	223,950	5,118,921	15,559,322
Total net position	\$ 30,450,552	\$ (4,789,597)	\$ 223,950	\$ 5,118,921	\$ 31,003,826

<u>Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Special Utility Authority Accounts - Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

			Miam	i Special Utility	Authority	Accounts				
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Utility	ruthority	Accounts				
	Publ	lic Utilities		nprovement Account		rmwater account		niny Day Account		Total
REVENUES				_						
Charges for services	\$	30,960,775	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,960,775
Fees, licenses and permits		-		-		133,625		-		133,625
Miscellaneous		790,398		-		-		-		790,398
Total operating revenues		31,751,173	_	-		133,625	_		_	31,884,798
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personal services		3,446,870		-		78,670		-		3,525,540
Materials and supplies		13,930,787		-		5,825		-		13,936,612
Other services and charges		4,228,383		314,828		8,534		-		4,551,745
Depreciation expense		2,091,470		-		-		-		2,091,470
Total operating expenses		23,697,510		314,828		93,029		-		24,105,367
Operating income (loss)		8,053,663		(314,828)		40,596				7,779,431
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Investment income		75		4,867		-		4,196		9,138
Miscellaneous		40,522		-		-		11,695		52,217
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(63,016)		(233,701)						(296,717)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(22,419)		(228,834)		-		15,891		(235,362)
Income (loss) before contrbutions and transfers		8,031,244		(543,662)		40,596		15,891		7,544,069
Contributed assets-governmental activities		30,215		-		-		-		30,215
Transfers in, interaccount		94,728		781,531		(15,000)		372,232		1,233,491
Transfers out, interaccount		(1,153,763)		(79,728)		-		-		(1,233,491)
Transfers in		8,365,882		-		-		100,000		8,465,882
Transfers out		(10,909,450)				<u>-</u>				(10,909,450)
Change in net position		4,458,856		158,141		25,596		488,123		5,130,716
Total net position - beginning		25,991,696		(4,947,738)		198,354		4,630,798		25,873,110
Total net position - ending	\$	30,450,552	\$	(4,789,597)	\$	223,950	\$	5,118,921	\$	31,003,826

Combining Schedule of Cash Flows – Special Utility Authority Accounts - Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Miami	Special Utility	Authori	ty Accounts				
		The Park		Utility		ormwater		tainy Day		T
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Publ	ic Utilities		Account	A	Account		Account		Total
Receipts from customers	\$	32,028,511	\$	-	\$	133,625	\$	11,695	\$	32,173,831
Payments to suppliers		(17,059,957)		(384,679)		(14,359)		-		(17,458,995)
Payments to employees		(3,913,472)		-		(76,509)		-		(3,989,981)
Receipts from other funds		-		-		18,329		-		18,329
Payments to other funds Receipts of customer meter deposits		57,647 153,614		-		-		-		57,647 153,614
Refunds of customer meter deposits		(172,911)		-		-				(172,911)
Net cash provided by operating activities		11,093,432	_	(384,679)	_	61,086	_	11,695	_	10,781,534
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Transfers from other funds		8,365,882		-		-		100,000		8,465,882
Transfers to other funds Interaccount transfer in		(10,909,450) 94,728		781,531		-		372,232		(10,909,450) 1,248,491
Interaccount transfer in Interaccount transfer out		(1,153,763)		(79,728)		(15,000)		312,232		(1,248,491)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(3,602,603)		701,803		(15,000)		472,232		(2,443,568)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED										
FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Capital assets purchased		(3,557,690)		-		-		-		(3,557,690)
Principal paid on debt		(1,094,612)		(660,000)		-		-		(1,754,612)
Note proceeds Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt		1,324,579 (90,651)		(240,586)		-		-		1,324,579 (331,237)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(3,418,374)		(900,586)						(4,318,960)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Sale (Purchase) of investments		198,084		-		-		(4,196)		193,888
Interest and dividends		75		4,867		-		4,196		9,138
Net cash provided by investing activities		198,159		4,867		-	_	<u> </u>		203,026
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,270,614		(578,595)		46,086		483,927		4,222,032
Balances - beginning of year		5,380,714		2,599,285		453,596		3,168,729		11,602,324
Balances - end of year	\$	9,651,328	\$	2,020,690	\$	499,682	\$	3,652,656	\$	15,824,356
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,808,905	\$	(97,455)	\$	499,682	\$	3,652,656	\$	12,863,788
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current		841,228		2,118,145		-		-		2,959,373
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent		1,195				-		-		1,195
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,651,328	\$	2,020,690	\$	499,682	\$	3,652,656	\$	15,824,356
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities:										
Operating income	\$	8,053,663	\$	(314,828)	\$	40,596	\$	-	\$	7,779,431
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided										
by operating activities:										
Depreciation expense		2,091,470		-		-		-		2,091,470
Unearned revenue Other nonoperating revenue		1,643,318 40,522						11,695		1,643,318 52,217
Change in assets and liabilities:		40,322		-		-		11,093		32,217
Receivables, net		(1,157,538)		_		_		_		(1,157,538)
Leases receivable		(248,964)								(248,964)
Due from other funds		57,647		-		-		-		57,647
Inventory		(136,670)		-		-		-		(136,670)
Deferred outflows related to pension		208,518		-		-		-		208,518
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		35,671		-		-		-		35,671
Accounts payable		1,235,883		(69,851)		10.220		-		1,166,032
Due to other funds Due to employees		(90,768)		-		18,329		-		18,329 (90,768)
Refundable deposits		(19,297)		-		-		-		(19,297)
Total OPEB liability		(102,667)		_		-		_		(102,667)
Net pension obligation		(1,740,807)		-		-		-		(1,740,807)
Accrued compensated absences		(5,562)		-		2,161		-		(3,401)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		45,940		-		-		-		45,940
Deferred inflows related to leases		249,720		-		-		-		249,720
Deferred inflows related to pension	_	933,353		(207.580)			_	11.505		933,353
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	11,093,432	\$	(384,679)	\$	61,086	\$	11,695	\$	10,781,534
Noncash activities:		20.24-								20.5:-
Assets contributed by governmental activities	<u>\$</u> \$	30,215 30,215	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u> \$	30,215
	3	30,213	٥		3		٥		J.	30,215

Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds – June 30, 2022

		In	ternal S	ervice Funds				
		Worker's mpensation Fund	Uner	mployment Fund		Health surance Fund		Total
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,519,281	\$	215,636	\$	651,544	\$	2,386,461
Investments		131,968		-		-		131,968
Other receivable		486,472		-		73,622		560,094
Due from other funds		458,448				-		458,448
Total current assets		2,596,169		215,636		725,166		3,536,971
Total assets	_	2,596,169		215,636		725,166		3,536,971
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		11,873		-		7,920		19,793
Claims liability		534,581		-		140,775		675,356
Due to other funds		-		-		458,448		458,448
Total current liabilities		546,454		-		607,143		1,153,597
Total liabilities		546,454	_	-	_	607,143	_	1,153,597
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted		2,049,715		215,636		118,023		2,383,374
Total net position	\$	2,049,715	\$	215,636	\$	118,023	\$	2,383,374

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

		Internal Service Funds		
	Worker's Compensation Fund	Unemployment Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 306,546	\$ 21,539	\$ 1,538,200	\$ 1,866,285
Miscellaneous	586,632	-	471,545	1,058,177
Total operating revenues	893,178	21,539	2,009,745	2,924,462
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Other services and charges	119,840	-	369,781	489,621
Insurance claims and expense	582,251	6,295	2,163,138	2,751,684
Total operating expenses	702,091	6,295	2,532,919	3,241,305
Operating income	191,087	15,244	(523,174)	(316,843)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Investment income	495	-	-	495
Total non-operating revenue	495			495
Income before transfers	191,582	15,244	(523,174)	(316,348)
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Change in net position	191,582	15,244	(523,174)	(316,348)
Total net position - beginning	1,858,133	200,392	641,197	2,699,722
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,049,715	\$ 215,636	\$ 118,023	\$ 2,383,374

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	COM	ORKER'S PENSATION FUND	PLOYMENT FUND		HEALTH SURANCE FUND		<u>TOTALS</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers	\$	738,315	\$ 21,539	\$	2,687,745	\$	3,447,599
Payments to suppliers		(107,967)	-		(361,861)		(469,828)
Payments to other funds		-	-		249,863		249,863
Payments from other funds		(249,863)	-		-		(249,863)
Claims and benefits paid		(380,450)	 (8,507)		(2,506,347)		(2,895,304)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		35	 13,032		69,400	_	82,467
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest and dividends		495	-		-		495
Sale (purchase) of investments		(494)	-		-		(494)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1			-		1
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		36	13,032		69,400		82,468
Balances - beginning of the year		1,519,245	 202,604	_	582,144		2,303,993
Balances - end of the year	\$	1,519,281	\$ 215,636	\$	651,544	\$	2,386,461
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,519,281	\$ 215,636	\$	651,544	\$	2,386,461
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,519,281	\$ 215,636	\$	651,544	\$	2,386,461
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided							
by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$	191,087	\$ 15,244	\$	(523,174)	\$	(316,843)
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Receivables, net		(154,863)	-		678,000		523,137
Accounts payable		11,873	-		7,920		19,793
Claims liability		201,801	(2,212)		(343,209)		(143,620)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	35	\$ 13,032	\$	69,400	\$	82,467

<u>Combining Schedule of Cash Flows – Discretely Presented Component Units - Year Ended June 30, 2022</u>

		MCFA		MDRA		MIPFA		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$	160,168	\$	402,026	\$	(255,234)	\$	306,960
Payments to suppliers		(66,058)		(222,360)		(4,900)		(293,318)
Payments to employees		-		(117,464)		275,470		158,006
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		94,110		62,202		15,336		171,648
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest and dividends		149		-		3,268		3,417
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		149		-		3,268		3,417
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		94,259		62,202		18,604		175,065
Balances - beginning of the year		248,180		73,436		199,930		521,546
Balances - end of the year	\$	342,439	\$	135,638	\$	218,534	\$	696,611
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,439	\$	148,670	\$	220,241	\$	711,350
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,439	\$	148,670	\$	220,241	\$	711,350
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(163,814)	\$	(92,765)	\$	(7,734)	\$	(264,313)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	Ψ	(103,014)	Ψ	(72,703)	Ψ	(7,754)	Ψ	(204,313)
by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		246,170		2,524		28,713		277,407
Other nonoperating revenue		4,358		161,379		25		165,762
Change in assets and liabilities:		,		- ,				,
Other receivable		7,665		-		(100)		7,565
Leases receivabe		-		-		(279,031)		(279,031)
Accounts payables		(269)		(6,009)		(2,007)		(8,285)
Deferred inflows related to leases		- ′		-		275,470		275,470
Accrued compensated absences		-		(2,927)		-		(2,927)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	94,110	\$	62,202	\$	15,336	\$	171,648

Schedule of State Awards - Year Ended June 30, 2022

City of Miami, Oklahoma SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

State Grantor/ Pass-through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Grant I.D. Number	<u>r</u>	Award Amount	<u>Ex</u>	<u>enditures</u>
STATEAWARDS:					
Oklahoma Department of Libraries: State aid	22 State Aid	\$	10,825	\$	10,825
Oklahoma Aeronautics Commission: Airfield Pavement Rehabilitation	FY 2022	\$	212,951	\$	212,951
Total State Awards		\$	223,776	\$	223,776

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

June 30, 2022

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES: Reports related to financial statements of the reporting entity Required by GAO Government Auditing Standards: Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Required by GAO Government Auditing Standards: Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
1 0
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 1
Reports related to Federal Assistance Programs Required by the Uniform Guidance:
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance 3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 6
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 7
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 8
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs 9
Summary Schedule of Frior Flucht Findings and Questioned Costs



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Miami, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Miami, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Miami Industrial Authority ("MIDA"), as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edmond, Oklahoma

Holefoze & Hissociates DC

December 15, 2022





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Miami, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2022 which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Arledoje & Associates DC

Edmond, Oklahoma December 15, 2022



Miami, City of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster-Cluster			
United States Environmental Protection Agency			
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds		Oklahoma Water Resource Board,	
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Total Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving	66.458	ORF-14-0011-CW	686,209
Funds			686,209
Total United States Environmental Protection Agency			686,209
Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster-Cluster Other Programs			686,209
Department of Homeland Security Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)			
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	Oklahoma Department of Emergency Management, FEMA- 4256-HMPG	6,000
		Oklahoma Department of Emergency Management and Homeland Security, FEMA-4438-	
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	DR-OK	238,270
Total Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)			244,270 244,270
Total Department of Homeland Security United States Department of Justice			244,270
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding			
		Oklahoma District Attorneys	
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding	16.034	Council,20E128	45,061
Total Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Forces			45,061
Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Forces	16.809		18,390
Total Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Forces			18,390
Total United States Department of Justice			63,450
National Endowment for the Humanities Promotion of the HumanitiesFederal/State Partnership			
		Oklahoma Humanities Council, Y-	
Promotion of the HumanitiesFederal/State Partnership	45.129	21.319	15,000
Promotion of the HumanitiesFederal/State Partnership	45.129	Oklahoma Humanities Council, Y- 22.004	1,000
•		Oklahoma Humanities Council, Y-	•
Promotion of the HumanitiesFederal/State Partnership	45.129	22.047	1,000
Total Promotion of the HumanitiesFederal/State Partnership			17,000
Grants to States			•
Grants to States	45.310	Oklahoma Department of Libraries, F-22.004	9,000
0 0	45.210	Oklahoma Department of Libraries,	0.000
Grants to States Total Grants to States	45.310	F-22.104	25,000
Total Orants to States Total National Endowment for the Humanities			34,000 51,000
Total Other Programs			358,720
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,044,929

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE A--BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Miami, Oklahoma (the "City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C-INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D—SUBRECIPIENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City did not provide federal awards to subrecipients.

NOTE E—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 15, 2022, the date on which the report on schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by the uniform guidance were available to be issued. No items of significance were determined.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section ISummary of Auditor's Results			
Financial statements			
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X no	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmod	lified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Identification of major federal programs:			
<u>Program</u>		CFDA Number	
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds		66.458	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	X no	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Cont'd) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Compliance Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

Internal Control Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Compliance Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

Internal Control Findings

There are no findings requiring reporting under this section.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Compliance Findings

None noted in prior year audit.

<u>Internal Control Findings</u>

None noted in prior year audit.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Compliance Findings

None noted in prior year audit.

Internal Control Findings

None noted in prior year audit.