#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

#### FREDERICK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2012

Audited by

#### SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

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# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

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# SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Board of Education Frederick School District No. I-158 Frederick, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements of Frederick School District No. I-158 (the District), Tillman County, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as combined financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements – regulatory basis are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement – regulatory basis presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As also discussed in Note 1, the combined financial statements – regulatory basis referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets account group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is not known, but presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, and because of the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2012, or the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

However, in our opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and cash flows of each fund type, where applicable, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules and other schedules as listed in the table of contents under other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis taken as a whole.

Sanders, Bledese & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

February 20, 2013



SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STANDARDS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Frederick School District No. I-158 Frederick, Oklahoma

We have audited the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of Frederick School District (the District) No. I-158, Frederick, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, have been prepared on a basis prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Danders, Bladsoe & Newett-

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

February 20, 2013



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Frederick School District No. I-158 Frederick, Oklahoma

Compliance

We have audited Frederick School District (the District) No. I-158, Frederick, Oklahoma's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

# Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board, management, the Oklahoma State Department of Education and the Federal Clearinghouse, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Bladsoe & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

February 20, 2013

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2012

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2012

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which were material to the financial statements.
- 4. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 5. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 § 510(a).
- 7. Programs determined to be major are the Child Nutrition Programs (10.553, 10.555), Title I (84.010) and Title I Migrant Programs (84.011), which were clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

Section 3 – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

None

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

			GOVERNMENTAL	_ FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	
	(	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement	\$	2,361,393	106,502	426,233	480,112	88,885	20,732	3,463,125 20,732
of long-term debt							1,625,396	1,625,396
Total Assets	\$	2,361,393	106,502	426,233	480,112	88,885	1,646,128	5,109,253
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Unmatured obligations Long-term debt: Bonds payable Capital leases	\$	100,122 878,687	5,358	405,500		88,885	1,300,000 <u>346,128</u>	100,122 884,045 88,885 405,500 1,300,000 <u>346,128</u>
Total liabilities		978,809	5,358	405,500	0	88,885	1,646,128	3,124,680
Fund Equity Cash fund balances		1,382,584	101,144	20,733	480,112	0_	0	1,984,573
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	2,361,393	106,502	426,233	480,112	88,885	1,646,128	5,109,253

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	G	ENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	773,735	96,795	397,456		1,267,986
Intermediate sources		91,338	10.110			91,338
State sources		4,380,209	43,140			4,423,349
Federal sources		1,086,748		0 500	040	1,086,748
Interest earnings		13,161	400.005	3,530	210	16,901
Total revenues collected		6,345,191	139,935	400,986	210	6,886,322
Expenditures:						
Instruction		3,811,000	38,913			3,849,913
Support services		2,469,406	7,830			2,477,236
Operation of non-instructional services		420,742	68,183			488,925
Facilities acquisition and construction services		90,645			144	90,789
Other outlays:						
Debt service				405,500		405,500
Total expenditures		6,791,793	114,926	405,500	144	7,312,363
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(446,602)	25,009	(4,514)	66	(426,041)
		(110,002)	20,000	(1,011)		(120,011)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond sale proceeds		105101			480,000	480,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		135184			46	135230
Total other financing sources (uses)		135,184	0	0	480,046	615,230
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(311,418)	25,009	(4,514)	480,112	189,189
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		1,694,002	76,135	25,247	0_	1,795,384
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	1,382,584	101,144	20,733	480,112	1,984,573

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:	•	700.000			•
Local sources	\$	720,200	773,735	773,735	0
Intermediate sources		91,680	91,338	91,338	0
State sources		4,068,714	4,380,209	4,380,209	0
Federal sources		1,093,893	1,086,748	1,086,748	0
Interest earnings		10,000	13,161	13,161	0
Non-revenue receipts		1,500	0.045.404	0.045.404	0
Total revenues collected		5,985,987	6,345,191	6,345,191	0_
Expenditures:					
Instruction		3,375,742	3,810,558	3,811,000	(442)
Support services		2,546,159	2,470,170	2,469,406	764
Operation of non-instructional services		382,737	420,358	420,742	(384)
Facilities acquisition and construction services		70,000	90,645	90,645	0
Other outlays:					
Correcting entry		1,500	62		62
Total expenditures		6,376,138	6,791,793	6,791,793	0_
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(390,151)	(446,602)	(446,602)	0
Other financing sources (uses):					
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	135,184	135,184	0
Total other financing sources (uses)		0	135,184	135,184	0
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures		(390,151)	(311,418)	(311,418)	0
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		1,292,824	1,694,002	1,694,002	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	902,673	1,382,584	1,382,584	0

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
		Original Budget	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:	•		~~~~~	~~~~~	
Local sources	\$	85,950	96,795	96,795	0
State sources		40,871	43,140	43,140	0
Total revenues collected		126,821	139,935	139,935	0
Expenditures: Instruction Support services		52,019 86,365	38,913 7,830	38,913 7,830	0
Operation of non-instructional services		49,662	68,183	68,183	0
Total expenditures Excess of revenues collected		188,046	114,926	114,926	0_
over (under) expenditures		(61,225)	25,009	25,009	0
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		76,946	76,135	76,135	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	15,721	101,144	101,144	0

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 D	EBT SERVICE FUND	
	ginal/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected: Local sources Interest earnings	\$ 380,253	397,456 3,530	17,203 3,530
Total revenues	 380,253	400,986	20,733
Requirements Bonds Coupons Total expenditures	 385,000 20,500 405,500	385,000 20,500 405,500	0
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures	(25,247)	(4,514)	20,733
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	 25,247	25,247	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	20,733	20,733

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Frederick Public Schools Independent District No. I-158 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity service. benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District maintains the child nutrition program within the general fund.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

### B. <u>Fund Accounting</u> - cont'd

 $\underline{\text{Co-op Fund}}$  – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

# **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any of these funds during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

### B. <u>Fund Accounting</u> – cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund, which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for property, plant and equipment.

#### Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

# C. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> – cont'd

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District has resolved to comply with the School District Budget Act to govern its budget procedures. The Act requires the District to approve a budget within the thirty-day period preceding the beginning of each fiscal year. A public hearing must be held on the proposed budget within forty-five (45) days preceding the beginning of the budget year to obtain comments, recommendations, or information from the general public. The adopted budget must be in effect no later than the first day of the fiscal year to which it applies. The budget must then be amended after the beginning of the fiscal year to include certain information regarding ad valorem valuation of the school district, debt information, and levy calculations.

Any taxpayer may file budget protests with the Oklahoma State Auditor's Office with fifteen (15) days after the budget is filled with the State Auditor's Office.

The budget may be amended to make supplemental appropriations as additional revenues are received.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

 $\underline{Cash}$  – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity</u> – cont'd

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2012, is not material to the combined financial statements and therefore not included in them.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property</u>, <u>Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Un-matured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity</u> – cont'd

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to Districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>Inter-fund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2012, was \$3,463,125. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

Investments – At June 30, 2012, the District had no outstanding investments.

*Interest rate risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

*Credit risk – Investments –* Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - cont'd

form. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

#### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2012.

# 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of a bonds payable and a capital lease. Debt service requirements for bonds and judgments are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	 Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Total
Balance, July 1, 2011 Additions	\$ 1,255,000 480,000	400,684	1,655,684 480,000
Retirements	 (435,000)	(54,556)	(489,556)
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 1,300,000	346,128	1,646,128

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2012, is set forth below:

Amount Outstanding

#### General Obligation Bonds:

Building Bonds, Series 2011, original issue	
\$480,000, interest rate of .75%, due in an initial	
installment of \$15,000, final installment of	
\$465,000, due 12/1/14	\$ 480,000

# 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

			ount anding
Building Bonds, Series 2010, original issue \$820,000, interest rate of 1.25%, due in annual installments of \$435,000, final payment, due 7/1/13		8	20,000
Capital Leases:			
Lease purchase for energy management project, dated 3-6-06, totaling \$464,380, @ 5.346% due in annual principal and interest installments of \$45,301, final payment due 12-15-20			317,089
Lease purchase for copiers, dated 6-1-08, totaling \$133,862, due in monthly principal and interest installments of \$2.485, final payment due 6-13-13	\$_		29,039
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,(	<u>546,128</u>

The annual debt service requirements for retirement of bond principal, capital lease principal and payment of interest are as follows:

June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 442,389	31,582	473,971
2014	479,865	24,473	504,338
2015	496,462	17,326	513,788
2016	33,144	12,157	45,301
2017	34,915	10,385	45,300
2018-2022	 159,353	52,820	212,173
Total	\$ 1,646,128	148,743	1,794,871

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2011-12 fiscal year totaled \$45,170.

# 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2011-12 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.50% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$582,641, \$570,149 and \$599,455, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2012. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

#### 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS

In December, 2011, the Tillman County Industrial Authority issued \$6,355,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds (Frederick Public School Project) Series 2011A&B, to provide funds required for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling school buildings, acquiring school furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of the Frederick School District. Series A, \$6,110,000, were Taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds, in which the District will receive \$2,190,101, in federal subsidy payments. Series B, \$245,000, were Taxable Non-Qualified School Construction Bonds. Also in December, 2011, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Tillman County Industrial Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Tillman County Industrial Authority. The sublease calls for annual payments starting September 1, 2012. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$6,745,000. Frederick Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made.

# 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS - cont'd

As of June 30, 2012, approximately \$320,240 has been paid out for construction costs. \$5,676,554 remains in the respective trust accounts to pay for future construction costs.

The rental and acquisition payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Payment	Federal Interest Subsidy
	 1 w)	Sucoraj
2012-13	\$ 20,000	328,048
2013-14	903,800	260,148
2014-15	20,000	245,652
2015-16	903,800	225,312
2016-17	20,000	204,972
2017-18	903,800	184,632
2018-19	20,000	164,292
2019-20	903,800	143,840
2020-21	20,000	123,388
2021-22	903,800	102,935
2022-23	20,000	82,484
2023-24	903,800	62,031
2024-25	20,000	41,578
2025-26	 893,800	20,789
Totals	\$ 6,456,600	2,190,101

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	TOTAL
Cash	<u>\$ 97,577</u>	8,925	106,502
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities: Encumbrances Total Liabilities	\$5,358 5,358	0	5,358 5,358
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances	92,219	8,925	101,144
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 97,577	8,925	106,502

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 JILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected: Local sources State sources Total revenues collected	\$ 96,795 807 97,602	42,333	96,795 43,140 139,935	
Expenditures:	\$ 97,002	38,913	38,913	
Support services Operation of non-instructional services Total expenditures	 7,830 68,183 76,013	38,913	7,830 68,183 114,926	
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures	21,589	3,420	25,009	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 70,630	5,505	76,135	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 92,219	8,925	101,144	

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	BUILDING FUND				CO-OP FUND				
		GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected: Local sources	\$	85,000	96,795	5	96,795	\$	950		
State sources	Ŧ	,	807		807	Ŧ	40,871	42,333	42,333
Total revenues collected		85,000	97,602	2	97,602		41,821	42,333	42,333
Expenditures: Instruction Support services		86,365	7,830	J	7,830		52,019	38,913	38,913
Facilities acquisition & construction services		49,662	68,183		68,183				
Total expenditures		136,027	76,013	3	76,013		52,019	38,913	38,913
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(51,027)	21,589	9	21,589		(10,198)	3,420	3,420
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		63,030	70,630	)	70,630		13,916	5,505	5,505
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	12,003	92,219	9	92,219	\$	3,718	8,925	8,925

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		ALANCE 7-01-11	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-12
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	95,704	435,102	0	441,921	88,885
LIABILITIES						
Funds held for school organizations:						
Athletics	\$	24,860	78,219		84,052	19,027
Softball Concession	,	0	28,448		26,473	1,975
Instrumental Music		2,463	24,637		25,284	1,816
Concession		5,124	18,436		18,516	5,044
Yearbook		4,192	9,410		8,967	4,635
FFA		7,706	43,689		48,867	2,528
Science Club		772	0		0	772
Senior Class		0	1,361		1,267	94
Junior Class		791	10,159		8,976	1,974
Vocal Music		284	25,945		24,550	1,679
Refund		0	179		179	0
HS Cheerleaders		2,181	24,985		22,014	5,152
Student Council		7,223	12,442		14,967	4,698
Miscellaneous		7,581	27,642		29,158	6,065
HS Academic Excellence		2,178	0		2,109	69
Special Education		479	0		438	41
Spanish Club		2,484	967		1,528	1,923
BOAC		587	3,000		1,027	2,560
Freshmen Class		20	0		0	20
Interactive Club		435	0		0	435
Administrative		2,534	3,109		2,462	3,181
Child Nutrition Fund-LO		0	43,621		43,621	0
MS Concessions		25	0		0	25
MS Pep Club		2,111	16,223		15,765	2,569
MS Junior Varsity Choir		96	14,508		12,898	1,706
MS Student Council		1,364	11,469		11,305	1,528
		0	260		259	1
MS Miscellaneous		8,651	13,260		14,222	7,689
Elementary Teacher		10,191	20,921		20,280	10,832
2Much2Lose		42	0		0	42
MS Library		1,330	2,212		2,737	805
Total Liabilities	\$	95,704	435,102	0	441,921	88,885

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - GAAP BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor / Pass Through	Federal CFDA	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through	Program or	Revenue	Total
Grantor / Program Title	Number	Grantor's No.	Award Amount	Recognized	Expenditures
	Number	Orantor 3 No.	Awara Amount	Recognized	
U.S. Department of Education					
Direct Programs:					
Alcohol Grant - Note	84.184A		\$	78,117	
Sub total	••		0	78,117	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:					
*Title I	84.010		279,518	186,211	236,288
Title I - Note	84.010			71,560	
*Title I Migrant	84.011		283,963	124,738	235,145
Title I Migrant - Note	84.011			21,519	
IDEA-B flowthrough	84.027		166,723	127,051	152,462
IDEA-B flowthrough - Note	84.027			36,028	
IDEA-B ARRA	84.391		3,016	3,016	3,016
IDEA-B preschool	84.173		10,823	7,686	9,223
IDEA-B preschool - Note	84.173			3,118	
Title III Part A	84.365		12,161	2,441	2,441
Title VI Part B Subpart 2	84.298		33,747	9,436	16,591
Title II Part A Teacher Training	84.367		74,990	58,556	63,190
Title II Part A Teacher Training - Note	84.367		,	2,402	,
Title II Part D Technology	84.281		28,552	10,410	22,873
Title II Part D Technology - Note	84.281		-,	202	,
Education JOBS - Note	84.410			13,828	
Sub total			893,493	678,202	741,229
Passed Through State Department of Vocational T	echnical Education				
Carl Perkins grant	84.048		4,737	4,737	4,737
Carl Perkins grant - Note	84.048			5,371	
Sub total			4,737	10,108	4,737
			<u>.</u>	. <u></u>	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
*Child Nutrition Programs:					
School breakfast program	10.553			120,132	81,619
National school lunch program	10.555			200,189	143,557
Sub Total				320,321	225,176
Passed Through Department of Human Services					
*Non-cash assistance - Commodities - Note 1					
National school lunch program	10.555			18,110	18,110
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 898,230	1,104,858	989,252

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$18,465 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

\* Major programs

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety - Western Surety Company				
western Surety Company	Treasurer	18202783	\$ 100,000	3/16/12 - 3/16/13
	Superintendent	70982967	100.000	8/23/11 - 8/23/12
	Activity Fund Custodian	68441209	1,000	7/25/11 - 7/25/12
	Encumbrance Clerk	68441209	1,000	7/25/11 - 7/25/12
	Minutes Clerk	68441209	1,000	7/25/11 - 7/25/12
	Lunch Fund Custodian	68441209	1,000	7/25/11 - 7/25/12
	Business Manager	70983012	100,000	8/23/11 - 8/23/12
	Accounts Payable	70982989	100,000	8/23/11 - 8/23/12
	Federal Programs Director	70983003	100,000	8/23/11 - 8/23/12
	Activity Fund Custodian	70982969	100,000	8/23/11 - 8/23/12

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-158, TILLMAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma ) ) ss County of Tulsa )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Frederick Public Schools for the audit year 2011-12.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

By \_\_\_\_\_ Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 20<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2013

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016 Commission No. 00008621