## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'

FORT GIBSON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-3, Muskogee County, Oklahoma

JUNE 30, 2019

Audited by

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C. SHAWNEE, OK

## SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	Page No.
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	4-6
COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Fund Types and Account Groups	7
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Governmental Fund Types Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	8
Balances – Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis – Budgeted Governmental Fund Types	9-11
Notes to Combined Financial Statements	12-28
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Combining Financial Statements	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and	29
Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds	30
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis –	
All Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis –	31-32
All Fiduciary Fund Types Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory	33
Basis – Agency Funds Supporting Schedules	34-36
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis	37-38
INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	39-40
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	41-42
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
Summary of Auditors' Results Findings Related to Financial Reporting	43 44
Findings Related to Financial Reporting Findings Related to Federal Awards Compliance	44 44
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	45
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANTS' PROFFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT	46

# WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Members

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Honorable Board of Education Fort Gibson School District Number I-3 Muskogee County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statementsregulatory basis of the Fort Gibson School District No. I-3, Muskogee County, Oklahoma (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

## Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2019, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

## Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Other Matters

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements-regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole arising from regulatory basis transactions.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Don' associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma March 26, 2020

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2019

					FIDUCIARY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP	
	(	GOVERNMENT	AL FUND TYPES	6	TYPES	GENERAL	TOTALS
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL	DEBT	AGENCY	LONG-TERM	(MEMORANDUM
	GENERAL	REVENUE	PROJECTS	SERVICE	FUNDS	DEBT	ONLY)
ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 2,549,826	903,787	2,472,516	1,380,823	471,239	-	7,778,191
Investments	-	-	-	-	200,000	-	200,000
Amounts available in debt service	-	-	-	-	-	1,380,823	1,380,823
Amounts to be provided for retirement							
of general long-term debt	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			5,119,177	5,119,177
Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,549,826</u>	903,787	2,472,516	1,380,823	671,239	6,500,000	14,478,191
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Warrants payable	\$ 619.579	25,997	_	-	_	-	645,576
Encumbrances	107,724	94,467	564,106	-	-	-	766,297
Funds held for school organizations	-	-	-	-	671,239	-	671,239
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable						6,500,000	6,500,000
Total liabilities	727,303	120,464	564,106		671,239	6,500,000	8,583,112
Fund Balances							
Restricted	-	783,323	1,908,410	1,380,823	-	-	4,072,556
Unassigned	1,822,523		<u> </u>				1,822,523
Total fund balances	1,822,523	783,323	1,908,410	1,380,823	-		5,895,079
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 2,549,826</u>	903,787	2,472,516	1,380,823	671,239	6,500,000	14,478,191

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		GOVERNMENTA	L FUND TYPES		TOTALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues collected:					<u>.</u>
Local sources	\$ 4,754,574	972,893	-	1,491,605	7,219,072
Intermediate sources	335,232	-	-	-	335,232
State sources	6,912,351	6,978	-	-	6,919,329
Federal sources	1,104,878	431,326	-	-	1,536,204
Non-revenue receipts	77,691		10,000		87,691
Total revenues collected	13,184,726	1,411,197	10,000	1,491,605	16,097,528
Expenditures:					
Instruction	8,912,168	1,005	21,289	-	8,934,462
Support services	3,915,844	848,962	2,223,463	-	6,988,269
Operation of non-instruction services	126,202	655,194	-	-	781,396
Facilities acquisition & construction services	-	600	202,174	-	202,774
Other outlays	935		10,000	1,579,730	1,590,665
Total expenditures	12,955,149	1,505,761	2,456,926	1,579,730	18,497,566
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures					
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	229,577	(94,564)	(2,446,926)	(88,125)	(2,400,038)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	15,840	22,234	144,205		182,279
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	245,417	(72,330)	(2,302,721)	(88,125)	(2,217,759)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,577,106	855,653	4,211,131	1,468,948	8,112,838
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 1,822,523</u>	783,323	1,908,410	1,380,823	5,895,079

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)			
	DODGET		ACTORE				
Revenues collected:							
Local sources	\$ 3,946,545	4,275,956	4,754,574	478,618			
Intermediate sources	298,944	298,944	335,232	36,288			
State sources	6,631,366	6,631,366	6,912,351	280,985			
Federal sources	401,696	731,742	1,104,878	373,136			
Non-revenue receipts	-		77,691	77,691			
Total revenues collected	11,278,551	11,938,008	13,184,726	1,246,718			
Expenditures:							
Instruction	8,900,000	9,639,421	8,912,168	727,253			
Support services	3,715,000	3,743,625	3,915,844	(172,219)			
Operation of non-instruction services	185,000	62,327	126,202	(63,875)			
Other outlays	-	54,993	935	54,058			
Unbudgeted	40,909			-			
Total expenditures	12,840,909	13,500,366	12,955,149	545,217			
Excess of revenues collected over (under)							
expenditures before adjustments to prior							
year encumbrances	(1,562,358)	(1,562,358)	229,577	1,791,935			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			15,840	15,840			
Excess of revenues collected over (under)	(4 500 050)	(4 500 050)	045 447	4 007 775			
expenditures	(1,562,358)	(1,562,358)	245,417	1,807,775			
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,562,358	1,562,358	1,577,106	14,748			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>		1,822,523	1,822,523			

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		SPECIAL R	EVENUE FUI	NDS
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	\$ 747,984	747,984	972,893	224,909
State sources	119,540	119,540	6,978	(112,562)
Federal sources	450,585	450,585	431,326	(19,259)
Total revenues collected	1,318,109	1,318,109	1,411,197	93,088
Expenditures: Instruction	50,000		1,005	(1,005)
Support services	800,000	- 1,248,158	848,962	399,196
Operation of non-instruction services	775,000	925,604	655,194	270,410
Facilities acquisition & construction services	60,000	-	600	(600)
Unbudgeted	488,762	-	-	-
Total expenditures	2,173,762	2,173,762	1,505,761	668,001
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior				
year encumbrances	(855,653)	(855,653)	(94,564)	761,089
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			22,234	22,234
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(855,653)	(855,653)	(72,330)	783,323
Fund balance, beginning of year	855,653	855,653	855,653	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$-</u>		783,323	783,323

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	SINKING FUND					
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected: Local sources	\$ 1,424,933	1,424,933	1,491,605	66,672		
Expenditures: Other outlays	1,579,730	1,579,730	1,579,730			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(154,797)	(154,797)	(88,125)	66,672		
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,468,948	1,468,948	1,468,948			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,314,151</u>	1,314,151	1,380,823	66,672		

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Fort Gibson School District Number I-3, Fort Gibson, Muskogee County, Oklahoma (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting polices are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statues.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education (Board) composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial oversight responsibility. interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluation potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The District has various supporting groups. However, the District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over these groups and the dollar amounts are not material to the District.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### **B. Measurement Focus**

The accounts of the District are organized and operate on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are reporting devices to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in other funds.

The District has the following fund types and account groups:

**Governmental funds** – are used to account for most of the District's general activities and general long-term debt account group, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including property taxes, entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

<u>General fund</u> – is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools expect for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction, and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The General Fund also accounts for federal and state financed programs where restricted monies must be expended for specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of these funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

<u>Special Revenue funds</u> – account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The special revenue funds are composed of the District's Building Fund and Child Nutrition Fund. These are budgeted funds and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Building fund</u> – consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – The Child Nutrition Fund consists of monies derived from local food sales and federal and state financial assistance. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District's Child Nutrition Fund is currently maintaining a balance in excess of three months expenditures, based on the previous year, normally allowed by the State Department of Education. The District is holding these funds for future purchases. A waiver for the maintenance of these excess funds will be obtained from the State Department of Education.

<u>Capital Projects fund</u> – consists of the District's Bond Funds and accounts for the proceeds of bonds sales used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and the acquisition of transportation equipment.

<u>Debt Service fund</u> – consists of the District's Sinking Fund and accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for servicing of general long-term debt (principal, interest and related costs). This is a budgeted fund. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service.

**Fiduciary funds** – account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

<u>Agency fund</u> – is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or has a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. This fund is the School Activities Fund used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. This is an unbudgeted fund. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

These funds have no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the District.

**Account Groups** are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over general fixed assets and long-term debt.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – is used to account for the outstanding principal balances of all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is paid.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

State statues govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost. The School District invests entirely in certificates of deposit, U. S. Treasury Securities, and participates in the Secured Investment Program of Oklahoma State School Boards Association, as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes Title 62, Section 348.

#### 2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### 3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

#### 5. Inventories

Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

#### 6. Fixed Assets

The regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education requires the presentation of fixed assets. The District has not maintained a record of its fixed assets, and, accordingly, a statement of fixed assets required by generally accepted accounting principles prior to the issuance of GASB No. 34, is not included in the financial statements. Fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statues, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 8. Long-term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt at face value in the general long-term debt account group. Certain other lease obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the general long-term debt account group.

#### 9. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e. fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and note receivables, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted, committed, assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as committed for amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as assigned for amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

#### 10. Property Taxes and Other Local Revenues

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

#### 10. Property Taxes and Other Local Revenues – cont'd

provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

#### 11. Intermediate Revenues

Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

#### 12. State Revenues

Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

#### 13. Federal Revenues

Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

#### 14. Instruction Expenditures

Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

#### **15. Support Services Expenditures**

Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

#### 16. Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures

These expenditures are activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

#### 17. Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures

These expenditures consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

#### 18. Other Outlays Expenditures

A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) and certain transfers of monies from one fund to another.

#### **19. Other Uses Expenditures**

Other uses expenditures include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also,

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

#### 20. Repayment Expenditures

Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

#### 21. Non-Monetary Transactions

The District receives commodities from the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been reflected in the combined financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

#### 22. Memorandum Only – Total Columns

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### 23. Resource Use Policy

It is the District's policy for all funds that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the District's policy when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers committed amounts to be spent first followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

## 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY – cont'd

#### Budgetary Information – cont'd

approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget

The 2018-19 Estimate of Needs was amended by the following supplemental appropriation:

Fund	•	plemental ropriations	Original Appropriations	Final Appropriations
General	\$	659,457	12,840,909	13,500,366

This supplemental appropriation was approved by the Muskogee County Excise Board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

## 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the District holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the District holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the District must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

#### A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

At June 30, 2019 the District held deposits of approximately \$7,817,451 and investments, consisting of certificates of deposit, of \$200,000 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing accounts, and investments are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name. Therefore, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

## Investment Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies.
- 3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
- 5. County, municipal or school district debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

## 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

#### A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

The investments held at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Туре	Weighted Avg. Maturity (Months)	Credit Rating	 Market Value	Cost
Investments: Certificates of deposit	6	N/A	\$ 200,000	200,000

The District had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2019, as defined above.

#### Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

#### Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the District. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2019, the District had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

#### B. Long-term Debt

State statues prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue. Debt Service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

On June 1, 2018, the District issued combined purpose bonds in the amount of \$6,500,000 with interest rates ranging from 2.40% to 2.80%. Bond maturities begin June 1, 2020, with an initial installment of \$1,625,000 and increments of \$1,625,000 per year, thereafter, with a final maturity of \$1,625,000 due June 1, 2023.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

Voor

#### B. Long-term Debt – cont'd

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Ended	 General Obl	Total	
_June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Requirements
2020	\$ 1,625,000	169,813	1,794,813
2021	1,625,000	124,312	1,749,312
2022	1,625,000	78,813	1,703,813
2023	 1,625,000	39,812	1,664,812
Total	\$ 6,500,000	412,750	6,912,750

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the current year totaled \$174,730.

## C. Changes in General Long-term Debt

General long-term debt consists of general obligation bonds payable. The following is a summary of the changes in the general long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1,			June 30,
	2018	Additions	Retirements	2019
Bonds	\$ 7,905,000	-	1,405,000	6,500,000

## 4. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 4. OTHER INFORMATION – cont'd

#### A. Risk Management – cont'd

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of their taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each district are kept separate and districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in their account they would be liable for the excess.

The School participates in a risk pool for Worker's compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

#### B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## C. Non-Monetary Transactions

The fair market value as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services of the commodities received during the period under audit was \$52,573.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

## 4. OTHER INFORMATION – cont'd

## D. Retirement System and Plan

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.00% of covered compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The matching contribution rate was 7.70%. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 5.00% of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District's employer contribution rate was 9.50%. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2019

#### 4. OTHER INFORMATION – cont'd

#### D. Retirement System and Plan – cont'd

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions, including the state credit, for 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$1,560,338, \$1,401,185 and \$1,408,013, respectively.

#### E. Surety Bonds

The treasurer is bonded by CNA Surety, bond number 72045931 for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning July 1, 2018 and ending June 30, 2019. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The activity fund custodian, minutes clerk and encumbrance clerk are bonded by CNA Surety, bond number 68408596 for the penal sums of \$1,000, \$1,000 and \$2,500, respectively, terms beginning March 19, 2019 and ending March 19, 2020. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The superintendent is bonded by CNA Surety, bond number 68408596 for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning March 19, 2019 and ending March 19, 2020. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 626,558	277,229	903,787
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Total liabilities	\$ 13,665 <u>86,514</u> 100,179	12,332 7,953 20,285	25,997 94,467 120,464
Fund balances Restricted	526,379	256,944	783,323
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 626,558</u>	277,229	903,787

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues collected:			
Local sources	\$ 715,456	257,437	972,893
State sources	-	6,978	6,978
Federal sources	45,190	386,136	431,326
Total revenues collected	760,646	650,551	1,411,197
Expenditures:			
Instruction	1,005	-	1,005
Support services	848,962	-	848,962
Operation of non-instruction services	-	655,194	655,194
Facilities acquisition & construction services	600	-	600
Total expenditures	850,567	655,194	1,505,761
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures			
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(89,921)	(4,643)	(94,564)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	22,768	(534)	22,234
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(67,153)	(5,177)	(72,330)
Fund balances, beginning of year	593,532	262,121	855,653
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 526,379	256,944	783,323

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		BUILD	ING FUND					
	VARIANCE WITH FINAL							
				BUDGET				
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	A OT1 44	FAVORABLE				
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)				
Revenues collected:								
Local sources	\$ 600,342	600,342	715,456	115,114				
State sources	54,284	54,284	-	(54,284)				
Federal sources			45,190	45,190				
Total revenues collected	654,626	654,626	760,646	106,020				
Expenditures:								
Instruction	50,000	-	1,005	(1,005)				
Support services	800,000	1,248,158	848,962	399,196				
Facilities acquisition & construction services	60,000	-	600	(600)				
Unbudgeted	338,158	-		-				
Total expenditures	1,248,158	1,248,158	850,567	397,591				
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures								
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(593,532)	(593,532)	(89,921)	503,611				
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			22,768	22,768				
Excess of revenues collected over (under)								
expenditures	(593,532)	(593,532)	(67,153)	526,379				
Fund balance, beginning of year	593,532	593,532	593,532					
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>		526,379	526,379				

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			CHILD NU	TRITION FUI	ND
	-	RIGINAL 3UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Revenues collected:	•	4 47 0 40	4.47.0.40	057 407	400 705
Local sources	\$	147,642	147,642	257,437	109,795
State sources Federal sources		65,256	65,256	6,978	(58,278)
		450,585	450,585	386,136	(64,449)
Total revenues collected		663,483	663,483	650,551	(12,932)
Evpenditures					
Expenditures:		775 000	025 604	655 104	270 440
Operation of non-instruction services Unbudgeted		775,000 150,604	925,604	655,194	270,410
		· · · · ·			
Total expenditures		925,604	925,604	655,194	270,410
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures					
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(262,121)	(262,121)	(4,643)	257,478
before adjustments to phor year encumbrances		(202,121)	(202,121)	(4,043)	237,470
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		-	-	(534)	(534)
				(00.)	(00.)
Excess of revenues collected over (under)					
expenditures		(262,121)	(262,121)	(5,177)	256,944
				(-, , ,	,-
Fund balance, beginning of year		262,121	262,121	262,121	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	-	256,944	256,944

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	A	GENCY FUND CTIVITY FUND
Cash Investments	\$	471,239 200,000
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	671,239
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities Funds held for school organizations	<u>\$</u>	671,239

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	ALANCE 7-01-18	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-19
Cash Investments	\$ 413,556 200,000	1,067,911	27,345	1,037,573	471,239 200,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 613,556	1,067,911	27,345	1,037,573	671,239
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	\$ 88,358	135,864	1,410	127,180	98,452
Concession	5,000	45,855	(1,650)	29,241	19,964
General	3,079	12,482	(1,676)	2,102	11,783
FFA	15,308	60,432	1,976	63,775	13,941
Special Olympics	3,027	4,449	(59)	4,669	2,748
Drama	9,996	31,979	603	26,525	16,053
Juniors	7,912	10,055	(168)	9,027	8,772
FCCLA	1,861	8,229	13	7,463	2,640
Spirit Club	12,169	17,304	1,153	17,685	12,941
Seniors	698	2,395	(70)	2,372	651
FCA	251	-	-	73	178
Student Council	1,952	1,926	1,975	4,303	1,550
Baseball Camp	2	-	-	-	2
Soccer Camp	-	1,240	(125)	1,000	115
Band Parents	8,496	79,701	2,114	82,996	7,315
Newspaper	962	-	(962)	-	-
Interest	4,104	-	6,592	2,224	8,472
NHS	2,584	3,484	(397)	3,283	2,388
Before & After School	82,214	91,047	1,322	43,812	130,771
Banquet	22,935	1,853	778	2,832	22,734
Refund	15,248	17,498	-	29,993	2,753
Swim Team	29,135	14,976	(2,469)	10,503	31,139
Elementary Yearbook	4,989	4,905	4,878	7,304	7,468
ELC Activity	2,824	634	256	3,591	123
Tiger Sharks	3,522	11,294	1,558	10,944	5,430
Math & Science Club	4,442	1,046	(2,506)	1,757	1,225
IE PE	2,556	2,691	-	3,258	1,989
Coca Cola	9,750	-	-	39	9,711
Slow Pitch	6,436	2,892	1,448	9,195	1,581
Technology Student Assoc.	1,812	-	-	-	1,812

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BALANCE 7-01-18	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ <u>TRANSFERS</u>	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-19
Funds held for school organizations	(cont'd):				
Girls Basketball Boosters	\$ 4,922	27,577	(1,167)	25,488	5,844
NASA	φ 4,922 425	191	(1,107)	123	278
MS Academic Team	76	114	(210)	60	130
ELC PE	2,913	4,140	_	3,503	3,550
IE Building	3,756	731	1,000	4,559	928
HS JA Company Program	18	-	-	-,000	18
Soccer Booster Club	-	475	-	-	475
Spanish Club	812	-	(35)	-	777
ELC PTO	22,186	43,252	(5,043)	51,013	9,382
Touchdown Club	14,124	22,820	(3,360)	25,433	8,151
General Clearing	357		-	-	357
Boys Basketball Booster Club	6,824	15,984	2,947	15,442	10,313
MS Student Council	12,200	4,802	_,	6,666	10,336
Fast Pitch	3,376	19,144	(584)	14,626	7,310
Alpha/Omega Club	8	-	-	-	8
PDC	2,873	-	-	-	2,873
Livestock Booster Club	2,466	22,316	-	16,053	8,729
Sophomore Class	126	-	-	-	126
MS Library	1,064	5,062	-	5,053	1,073
Vocal Music	7,053	23,259	638	26,160	4,790
Takedown Club	6,206	19,497	3,443	29,111	35
Advisory Council	1,548	-	-	-	1,548
IE Student Council	751	1,165	-	796	1,120
MS Teacher Pop	902	201	-	500	603
HS Pop Fund	1,146	359	-	852	653
Adm. Building Pop Fund	2,096	69	-	432	1,733
Dugout Club	1,429	40,547	2,050	39,753	4,273
Proverbs 31	178	-	-	-	178
Girls BB Camp	12,304	14,125	(366)	25,939	124
ELC Library	3,125	11,574	(268)	10,893	3,538
Teens for Christ	15	-	-	-	15
HS Art	265	335	(85)	262	253
MS Cheerleaders	4,956	5,284	(100)	6,489	3,651
HS Yearbook	23,689	33,643	(290)	27,495	29,547
Life Skills	3,486	480	25	2,062	1,929
IE PTO	3,808	26,540	(839)	21,631	7,878
IE Library	1,195	9,955	12	9,262	1,900
Softball Camp	187	-	-	-	187
Boys BB Camp	1,794	-	-	1,007	787

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		ALANCE 7-01-18	ADDITIONS	ADJUST./ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-19
Funds held for school organizations	(cont	'd):				
Football Camp	\$	1,646	5,980	-	4,360	3,266
Youth Basketball League		478	7,581	135	7,981	213
MS Student Pop		9,863	51	-	-	9,914
Alt Ed Pop		596	-	-	96	500
Tiger Vision		9,622	6,815	1,020	7,375	10,082
Jazz Band		3,628	2,510	-	1,069	5,069
Freshman Cheer		4,290	7,933	-	5,564	6,659
Freshman Class		27	300	-	-	327
Excel		585	1,691	(35)	1,304	937
Golf		651	7,403	(1,515)	5,381	1,158
Tiny Tigers		35,781	18,725	-	-	54,506
Robotics		16,498	25,743	10,439	40,377	12,303
History		2,057	8,753	247	10,255	802
IE Music		1,139	1,944	1	1,810	1,274
Cheerleading Booster Club		2,266	675	-	1,624	1,317
Elementary Art		194	-	-	-	194
Book Club		84	1,645	(35)	1,587	107
Girls Soccer		6,355	29,453	97	34,238	1,667
Boys Soccer		11,515	22,837	3,234	36,743	843
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	613,556	1,067,911	27,345	1,037,573	671,239

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2018	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2019
U.S. Department of Education: Direct Programs:							
Title VIII Impact Aid	84.041	591	\$-	45,642	134,180	-	179,822
Title VIII Impact Aid	84.041	592	-	14,923	15,835	763	29,995
Title VIA, Indian Education	84.060A	561	184,920	-	41,068	184,920	-
Title VIA, Indian Education 2017-18 - Note 1	84.060A	799			64,682		-
Sub Total			184,920	60,565	255,765	185,683	209,817
Passed Through Oklahoma State Department of Education:							
Title I	84.010	511	408,092	-	335,137	402,117	5,975
Title I 2017-18 - Note 1	84.010	799	-	-	93,302		-
Total Title I Cluster			408,092		428,439	402,117	5,975
IDEA-B Discretionary Professional Development - OSDE *	84.027	613	2,500	_	_	-	2,500
IDEA-B Discretionary Professional Development - District *	84.027	615	5,341	-	-	5,003	338
IDEA-B Disc. Professional Dev District 2017-18 - Note 1	84.027	799	-,	-	1,655	-	-
IDEA-B Flow Through *	84.027	621	360,820	-	261,167	311,023	49,797
IDEA-B Flow Through 2017-18 - Note 1	84.027	799	-	-	143,538	-	-
IDEA-B Preschool *	84.173	641	5,340	-	-	5,165	175
IDEA-B Preschool 2017-18 - Note 1	84.173	799	-		110		
Total Special Education Cluster			374,001		406,470	321,191	52,810
Title VB, REAP	84.358B	587	37,666	-	-	37,666	-
Title VB, REAP 2017-18 - Note 1	84.358B	587		-	4,271		
Sub Total			37,666		4,271	37,666	
Passed Through Oklahoma State Department of Career and Technol	blogy Education:						
Carl Perkins Grant	84.048	421	20,223	-	12,079	20,223	-
Carl Perkins Grant 2017-18 - Note 1	84.048	799	-	-	20,671	-	-
Sub Total			20,223	-	32,750	20,223	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,024,902	60,565	1,127,695	966,880	268,602
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services: Passed Through the Oklahoma Department of Human Services:	00 770	<u></u>			4.440	4 440	
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid)	93.778	698			4,449	4,449	-
Sub Total			-	-	4,449	4,449	-
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			-	-	4,449	4,449	-

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2018	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2019
U.S. Department of the Interior: Passed Through the Cherokee Nation:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	<u>\$ 33,240</u>		16,480	32,804	436
Sub Total			33,240		16,480	32,804	436
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			33,240	-	16,480	32,804	436
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed Through Oklahoma State Department of Education:							
School Breakfast Program *	10.553	764	-	199,969	76,350	113,558	162,761
National School Lunch Program *	10.555	763	-	482,659	309,786	301,946	490,499
National School Lunch Program - Commodities * - Note 4	10.555		-	-	52,573	52,573	-
Summer Food Service Program *	10.559	766	-	7,168	-	7,168	-
Sub Total			-	689,796	438,709	475,245	653,260
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			-	689,796	438,709	475,245	653,260
Other Federal Assistance:							
Flood Control	12.112	770	<u> </u>	1,569	1,444		3,013
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,058,142	751,930	1,588,777	1,479,378	925,311

Note 1: These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 2: Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the School under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only selected portions of the operations of the School, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the School.

Note 3: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements. except for nonmonetary assistance noted in note 4. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Food Distribution - Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

\* Major programs

# WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Fort Gibson School District Number I-3 Muskogee County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis within the combined financial statements, of the Fort Gibson School District No. I-3, Muskogee County, Oklahoma (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2020. The report on these financial statements was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Eton: associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma March 26, 2020

# WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Fort Gibson School District Number I-3 Muskogee County, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Fort Gibson School District No. I-3, Fort Gibson, Muskogee County, Oklahoma's (the "District's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

907 EAST 35<sup>TH</sup> UNIT 4, SHAWNEE, OK 74804 (405) 273-4838 1-800-550-2948 FAX (405) 273-5846

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Don's associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma March 26, 2020

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I – Summar	y of Auditors' Results
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#### Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Adverse (wi respect to the opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education)					
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> <li>Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?</li> </ul>		No None reported No			
Federal Awards					
<ul> <li>Internal control over major programs:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered</li> </ul>		No			
to be material weakness(es)?	None reported				
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major program	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		No			
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal prog	ram or Cluster			
10.553 10.555	School Breakfast Prog National School Lunch NSLP-Commoditie:	Program and			
10.559	Summer Food Service	e Program			
84.027	IDEA-B Flow Through Professional Develo				
84.173	IDEA-B Preschool				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No			

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## Section II – Findings Related to Financial Reporting

There were no material weaknesses or instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Section III – Findings Related to Federal Awards Compliance

There were no findings or questioned costs, or material weakness or reportable conditions in internal control that are required to be reported.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

There were no prior year findings or questioned costs.

#### SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANTS' PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2019

State of Oklahoma ) )ss County of Pottawatomie )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountants' Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Fort Gibson Public Schools for the audit year 2018-19.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C.

Auditing Firm

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by\_\_\_\_\_ Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2020.

spi Cook

Notary Public (Commission #11002236) My commission expires March 10, 2023

LISA COOK NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF OKLAHOMA MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MAR. 10, 2023 COMMISSION # 11002236