



#### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Prepared by the
Department of Finance
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www.sandspringsok.org

City of Sand Springs 100 E Broadway Sand Springs, Oklahoma 74063

#### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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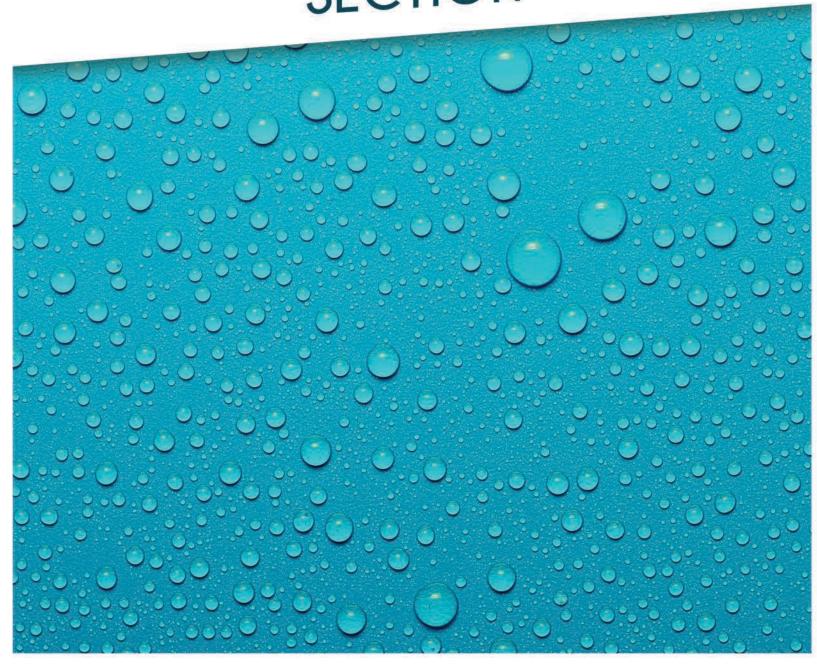
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## City of Sand Springs

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December 31, 2016

Honorable Mayor, members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Sand Springs (the "City") for the year ended June 30, 2016, is hereby submitted as mandated by the city charter and state statutes. The City is required to publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accounts.

Responsibility of both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Arledge & Associates, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent audit was conducted to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Sand Springs is located in Northeast Oklahoma, six miles west of Tulsa. The City was incorporated as a city in 1912, just five years after statehood. The city is continually flourishing with an area of 22 square miles, an extended growth area of 150 square miles, and a city population estimated by INCOG at 19,783.

The City has been governed by the Council-Manager form of government since the adoption of a charter in 1969. This form of government most closely resembles the private sector with the Manager serving as the Chief Executive Officer, the Mayor as the Chairman of the Board, and the Council as the Board of Directors.

The City Council is the legislative body for the City of Sand Springs. It is comprised of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and five council members who are elected to serve three-year terms. The seven members represent each of the City's six wards; one member serving an at-large position. The City Council members are also the Trustees of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority.

The duties of the Council include, but are not limited to, adopting the City's annual budget, adopting ordinances, establishing personnel policies, appointing or electing members of all quasi-legislative boards and commissions, enacting legislation, regulating all other fiscal affairs of the City, and appointing the City Manager.

The City provides its residents with a variety of municipal services, including police and fire protection, comprehensive land use, planning and zoning services, parks and recreational activities, cultural events, and the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure. The City also provides water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste services to its residents under the legal entity of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA). SSMA is a public trust created under applicable Oklahoma statutes on March 14, 1966, with the City named as the beneficiary thereof. These utility systems operate for the benefit of the City of Sand Springs and are an integral part of City operations. The City owns and operates an 18-hole golf course. The Canyons at Blackjack Ridge, and the Sand Springs-Pogue Airport under the SSMA. SSMA's financial statements are blended into the City's financial statements and together they comprise the City's primary financial presentation. The City is also financially accountable for a legally separate economic development authority (SSEDA) and a legally separate cultural – historical trust (SSCHMTA). Both of these entities are reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1.A).

The City operates on a fiscal year basis, beginning July 1<sup>st</sup> and ending June 30<sup>th</sup>. All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual

budgets. The City Manager's proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 is submitted to the City Council prior to June 1. A public hearing is held prior to June 15 to obtain citizen comments. Subsequent to the public hearing but not later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. All supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes the Sand Springs Municipal Authority, Sand Springs Economic Development Authority, and the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary.

#### Local Economy

The City relies on sales and other taxes to fund the majority of its governmental operations. These revenue streams are volatile and consequently the City's finances are directly impacted by economic conditions and weather patterns. Sales tax revenues earned over the last couple years have grown at a much slower pace than in previous years. Fiscal year 2016 ended with sales tax revenues up only 0.7% from prior year revenues, compared to an average of 2% growth in prior years. This is largely due to the decline in oil and natural gas prices, which continues to negatively impact the overall economy in Oklahoma. This could be closely tied to the unemployment rate in the Tulsa metropolitan area which went up from 4.3% in 2014 to 5.6% in 2015.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The City continued worked on several initiatives and construction projects during FY16. City staff continues to work with the developer to attract businesses to the River West development area. One of those businesses coming to the River West corridor during fiscal year 2017 includes a local Mexican restaurant, anticipated to open early Spring.

The City completed the construction on two new splash pads approved in the 2014 GO bond package, and continued work on other improvements to the Museum, Golf Course, and Keystone Ancient Forest.

The City completed construction on the new Spring Lake Complex, which houses Public Works administration, Fleet maintenance, Facilities management along with a central warehouse, Street Maintenance, Water Maintenance, Solid Waste, and a vehicle wash bay. Progress is continuing on the Wastewater Treatment Plant improvement project which will include constructing a new 4-cell sequential batch reactor. Construction is expected to be completed by the end of the current fiscal year.

The City was approved to receive \$4.4 million in Vision 2025 funds from Tulsa County to be used for park improvements and highway corridor enhancements. In addition, Mike and Pat Case have pledged to match these funds with a private donation of an additional \$2 million. The City has selected a construction manager and will begin construction soon.

The City held a sales tax election in the Fall of 2015 and voters approved dedicated sales tax increases in the amount of .45% for public safety and .10% for economic development effective January 1, 2017. The public safety sales tax revenue will pay for a new Public Safety complex. We are currently in the design phase of this project and expect construction to begin within the year.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the 26th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received its 20th consecutive Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2015. This award recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local popular reports. The popular report is an easily understandable financial report on all activities for the general public at large.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is a combined effort of the Accounting staff of the Finance Department with the professional assistance of Crawford & Associates, P.C. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all who contributed to its preparation.

We would also like to thank the Mayor and the members of the City Council for their leadership, encouragement and support in strengthening and improving the fiscal policies of the City of Sand Springs.

Respectfully Submitted,

Elizabeth a. Hay

Elizabeth A Gray City Manager Kelly A Lamberson Finance Director

Kelly A Lamberson

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA

# PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS and STAFF

## JUNE 30, 2016

# MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Vice Mayor	Councilmember	Councilmember	
John Fothergill	Brian Jackson	Jim Spoon	
Ward 3	Ward 2	Ward 1	Ward 5
Mayor	Councilmember	Councilmember	Councilmember
Mike Burdge	Patty Dixon	Phil Nollan	Beau Wilson

Ward 4 Ward 6 At-Large

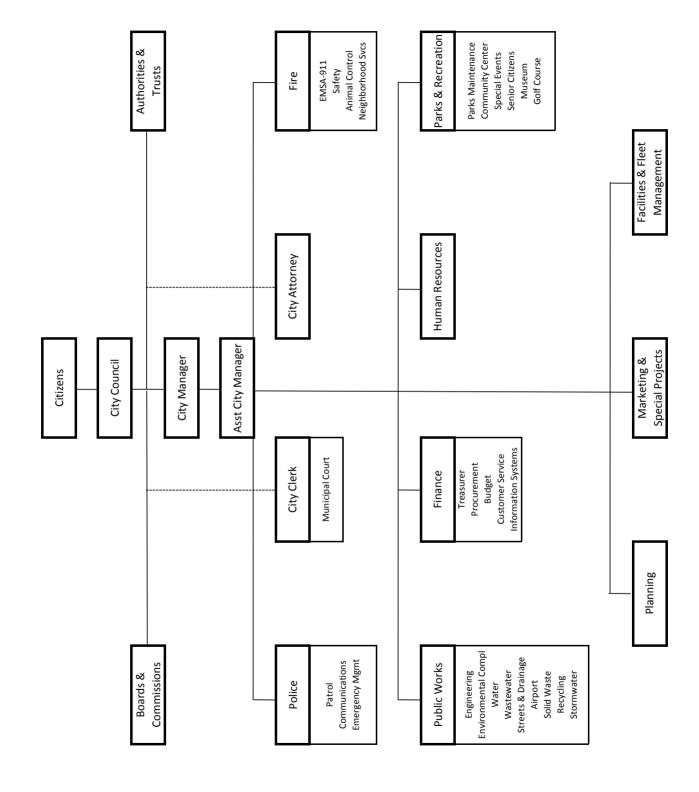
## FINANCE COMMITTEE

Member Member Member		Finance Director City Planner Parks Director Fire Chief City Clerk Human Resources
Elizabeth Gray Kelly Lamberson Arlena Barnes	ATION	Kelly Lamberson Brad Bates Grant Gerondale Mike Wood Janice Almy Amy Fairchild
Chairman Member Member	ADMINISTRATION	City Manager Public Works Director Asst City Manager Police Chief City Attorney Marketing & Special Projects Mgr
Mike Burdge Patty Dixon Jim Spoon		Elizabeth Gray Derek Campbell Daniel Bradley Mike Carter David Weatherford Kasey St. John

## ACCOUNTING STAFF

Budget Officer	Accountant	Payroll Specialist
Arlena Barnes	Jamie Muns-Dobson	Samantha Portilloz
Finance Director	Purchasing Agent	Accounts Payable Specialist
Kelly Lamberson	Michelle Dawes	Nadine Rogers

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

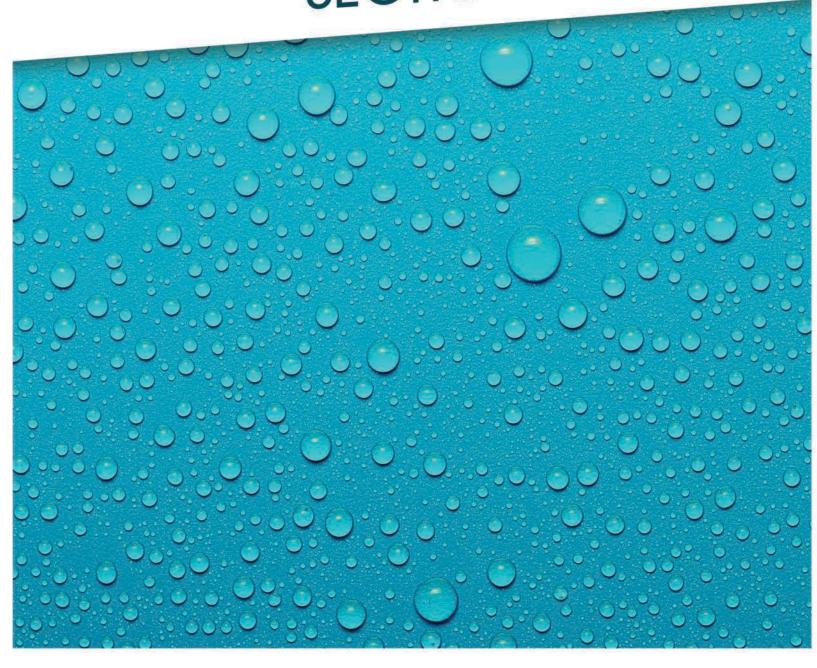
## City of Sand Springs Oklahoma

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension exhibits, and other post-employment benefits funding schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

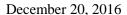
The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Aledge + Associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



As Management of the City of Sand Springs, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Sand Springs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$2.8 million and the assets and deferred outflows of the City continued to exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2016, by \$121.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$22.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44.7 million.
- At the end of fiscal year 2016, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4.8 million or 28% of General Fund revenues.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Sand Springs (the "City"), the Sand Springs Municipal Authority (the "Authority") and two discretely presented component units. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type, along with the two discretely-presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) and deferred outflows as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole - Statements of Net Position and Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Sand Springs' basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 21 & 22, respectively) report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer questions. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues, expenses and deferrals are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities -- Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities -- The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or
  most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, stormwater
  and refuse utilities are reported here, along with the golf course and airport
  enterprises.
- Discretely-presented component units -- These account for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending.

#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. The City of Sand Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City of Sand Springs can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds -- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds -- When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary funds and are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, solid waste collection and disposal services, stormwater drainage, the operations of the municipal golf course, and the operations of the municipal airport. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 31-73 of this report.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which includes General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Notes to Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedules of Share of Net Pension Liability for both Police and Firefighter's Pension, Schedule of City Contributions for Police, Firefighter's and OkMRF Retirement Systems, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Employee Contributions for OkMRF, and Schedule of OPEB Status and Funding Progress. Other supplementary information includes Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, Budgetary Comparison Combining Schedules for Non-major Governmental Funds, Cash Flow Statements for component units, a Schedule of Debt Service and Schedule of Federal Awards. This information can be found on pages 75-102 of this report.

Also included in this report is the Statistical Section which can be found on pages 103-127. This section presents detailed information, typically in ten-year trends, that assists users in utilizing the basic financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to assess the economic condition of the City of Sand Springs.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. This year the net investment in capital assets amounted to \$71.4 million. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Discretely-Presented Component Units are excluded from the following table.

#### The City of Sand Springs' Net Position

(expressed in \$ 000's)

	Go	vernmental	Activities	Busines Activ		To	otal	
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016		2015
Assets:								<u>.</u>
Current and other assets	\$	33,274	\$ 19,913	\$ 28,472	\$ 37,789	\$ 61,746	\$	57,702
Capital assets		42,087	40,578	88,237	78,329	 130,324		118,907
Total assets		75,361	60,491	 116,709	116,118	192,070		176,609
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred amount on refunding		15	29	-	-	15		29
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,443	647	-	-	1,443		647
Total deferred outflows		1,458	676	-	-	1,458		676
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities		31,401	15,918	36,250	37,494	67,651		53,412
Other liabilities		1,268	1,270	 1,450	1,945	 2,718		3,215
Total liabilities		32,669	17,188	 37,700	39,439	70,369		56,627
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,447	1,785	-	-	1,447		1,785
Total deferred inflows		1,447	1,785	 -	-	1,447		1,785
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		18,346	33,248	53,054	51,548	71,400		84,796
Restricted		25,073	10,590	2,403	2,386	27,476		12,976
Unrestricted (deficit)		(716)	(1,644)	23,552	22,745	22,836		21,101
Total net position	\$	42,703	\$ 42,194	\$ 79,009	\$ 76,679	\$ 121,712	\$	118,873

A portion of the City's net position, \$27.1 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$23.2 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table reflects the changes in the City's net position as a result of revenue collection and payment of expenses during the fiscal year. A comparison is made between the two fiscal years to show the change in net position.

\$ 1,421 1,297	\$ 1,422	2016	2015	2016	201-
1,297	¢ 1.422			2010	2015
1,297	¢ 1.422				
1,297	¢ 1.400				
		\$ 14,989	\$ 14,586	, -	\$ 16,008
	1,014	-	2	1,297	1,016
620	1,435	354	157	974	1,592
	,	-	-	,	11,070
3,589		-	-	3,589	3,802
808		118	134	926	1,464
18,849	20,073	15,461	14,879	34,310	34,952
1.383	1.323	_	_	1.383	1,323
*	,	_	_		102
798		_	_	798	826
		_	_		8,211
		_	_		2,281
	34	_	_	31	34
1,368	1,286	-	-	1,368	1,286
887	615	-	-	887	615
620	596	-	-	620	596
492	220	-	-	492	220
-	-	7,582	6,950	7,582	6,950
-	-	3,464	3,699	3,464	3,699
-	-	1,357	1,384	1,357	1,384
-	-	673	342	673	342
-	-	869	707	869	707
-	-	1,042	914	1,042	914
16,484	15,494	14,987	13,996	31,471	29,490
2,365	4,579	474	883	2,839	5,462
(1,856)	(398)	1,856	398		
509 42,194 \$ 42,703	4,181 38,013 \$ 42,194	2,330 76,679 \$ 79,009	1,281 75,398 \$ 76,679	2,839 118,873 \$ 121,712	5,462 113,411 \$ 118,873
	11,114 3,589 808 18,849  1,383 156 798 8,832 1,917 31 1,368 887 620 492 16,484  2,365 (1,856)	11,114 11,070 3,589 3,802 808 1,330  18,849 20,073  1,383 1,323 156 102 798 826 8,832 8,211 1,917 2,281 31 34 1,368 1,286 887 615 620 596 492 220	620       1,435       354         11,114       11,070       -         3,589       3,802       -         808       1,330       118         18,849       20,073       15,461         1,383       1,323       -         156       102       -         798       826       -         8,832       8,211       -         1,917       2,281       -         31       34       -         1,368       1,286       -         887       615       -         620       596       -         492       220       -         -       7,582         -       3,464         -       1,357         -       673         -       869         -       1,042         16,484       15,494       14,987         2,365       4,579       474         (1,856)       (398)       1,856         509       4,181       2,330         42,194       38,013       76,679	620       1,435       354       157         11,114       11,070       -       -         3,589       3,802       -       -         808       1,330       118       134         18,849       20,073       15,461       14,879         1,383       1,323       -       -         156       102       -       -         798       826       -       -         8,832       8,211       -       -         1,917       2,281       -       -         31       34       -       -         4,368       1,286       -       -         887       615       -       -         620       596       -       -         492       220       -       -         -       -       7,582       6,950         -       -       3,464       3,699         -       -       1,357       1,384         -       -       673       342         -       -       869       707         -       -       1,042       914         16,484       15,494	620         1,435         354         157         974           11,114         11,070         -         -         11,114           3,589         3,802         -         -         3,589           808         1,330         118         134         926           18,849         20,073         15,461         14,879         34,310           1,383         1,323         -         -         1,56           798         826         -         -         798           8,832         8,211         -         -         8,832           1,917         2,281         -         -         1,917           31         34         -         -         31           1,368         1,286         -         -         1,368           887         615         -         -         887           620         596         -         -         620           492         220         -         -         492           -         -         3,464         3,699         3,464           -         -         1,357         1,384         1,357           -         -

In governmental activities, capital grants and contributions decreased from prior year by \$0.8 million. General government expenses increased approximately \$0.6.

In business-type activities, charges for services increased over prior year of approximately \$403,000.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City's governmental activities' increase in net position of \$0.5 million represents a 1.2% increase.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The business-type activities' increase in net position of \$2.3 million represents a 3% increase in net position.

Overall, total business-type activities' revenues are sufficient to cover their total business-type activities' expenses. Individually, Water, Solid Waste, and Stormwater revenues cover more than their expenses, and make up for the revenue deficiencies in the Wastewater, Airport, and Golf business-type functions.

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2016 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$44.7 million, or a 41.7% increase from the prior year. This increase is directly related to the \$16 million in unspent bond proceeds. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$65.9 million, or a 4% increase from 2015. The fund balance and net position restrictions are listed below.

Fund Balance Classifications:		
Nonspendable	\$ 21,720	
Restricted	32,959,989	
Assigned	8,560,654	
Unassigned	3,137,337	
Total Fund Balance		\$ 44,679,700
Enterprise Funds Net Position Restrictions: Restricted for debt service	\$ 2,403,088	
Total Net Position Restrictions		\$ 2,403,088

#### Other fund highlights include:

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the General Fund's total fund balance decreased by \$865,981, or 13.3%, due to a decrease in taxes and intergovernmental revenues and offset by a larger increase in overall expenditures. The Council has established a policy for maintaining the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at not less than 10% of net revenues. Net revenues equals total revenues less required sales tax transfers out. The total unassigned fund balance at year end was 28.4% of net revenues.

- The Street Improvement Fund's total fund balance increased by \$604,122 due to a smaller number of projects in progress.
- The SSMA Water Fund reported a decrease in net position of \$6.3 million, after transfers, for the year, but overall the total change in net position for all of the enterprise funds was an increase of \$2.7 million.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Comparing the fiscal year 2016 original budget (or adopted) General Fund expenditures and transfers amount of \$19,340,908 to the final budgeted amount of \$20,316,436 shows a net increase of \$975,528 or 5%. Total original budgeted revenues and transfers were revised from \$17,534,059 to \$18,327,275, an increase of \$793,216 or 4.5%.

General Fund actual revenues and transfers totaled \$1,294,762 less than final estimates, while expenditures and transfers out were under final appropriations by \$2,412,915. Public safety and other financing uses functions were the primary reason, coming in approximately \$1.4 million under budget appropriations.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of June 30, 2016, the City had \$130.3 million invested in capital assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads and bridges. This represents a net increase of \$11.4 million over last year.

Following are details regarding the change in the City's capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to page 52, Note 3.D. Capital Assets

#### The City of Sand Springs' Capital Assets

(expressed in \$ 000's)

		mental vities	Busines Activ	• •	Tot	als
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land	\$ 10,920	\$ 10,904	\$ 2,169	\$ 2,169	\$ 13,089	\$ 13,073
Buildings	8,557	8,614	22,154	22,148	30,711	30,762
Improvements & Other	4,116	4,078	38,628	29,632	42,744	33,710
Equipment	9,148	9,194	5,493	4,880	14,641	14,074
Infrastructure	40,297	40,106	56,305	56,235	96,602	96,341
Intangible	-	-	6,703	6,703	6,703	6,703
Construction-in-progress	7,181	4,323	25,611	22,482	32,792	26,805
Totals	80,219	77,219	157,063	144,249	237,282	221,468
Less Depreciation	(38,132)	(36,641)	(68,826)	(65,920)	(106,958)	(102,561)
Totals, Net	\$ 42,087	\$ 40,578	\$ 88,237	\$ 78,329	\$ 130,324	\$ 118,907

This year's more significant capital asset additions include utility infrastructure improvements of approximately \$9 million.

#### **Debt Administration**

At year-end, the City had \$59.1 million in long-term debt outstanding, which represents a \$13,600,931 increase from the prior year. These debts are further detailed as follows: <sup>2</sup>

#### The City of Sand Springs' Long-term Debt

(expressed in \$ 000's)

	Govern Activ	 	Busine Activ		To	tals	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016		2015
General Obligation Bonds, Net	\$ 5,245	\$ 6,255	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 5,245	\$	6,255
Capital Lease Obligations	941	1,104	-	-	941		1,104
Notes Payable	-	-	6,758	7,412	6,758		7,412
Revenue Bonds	16,000	-	28,495	29,170	44,495		29,170
Accrued Compensation	902	840	313	276	1,215		1,116
Utility Deposits	-	-	459	455	459		455
Totals	\$ 23,088	\$ 8,199	\$ 36,025	\$ 37,313	\$ 59,113	\$	45,512

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For more detailed information on long-term debt activity please refer to page 53, Note 3.E. Long-Term Debt

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The economic outlook for Sand Springs remains fairly stable but with slowed growth, as sales tax revenues increased by only 0.7% over prior year for FY16. So far this year, sales tax revenues are up 1% over prior year but down from the budget estimate by 0.1%. Spending in the retail trade sector has slowed down but was offset by an increased spending in the accommodation and food services sector. The slowed spending is likely the result of an increase in the unemployment rate in the Tulsa metropolitan area in 2015 from 4.3% to 5.6% and a reduction in personal income by 2%. However, a significant increase in building permits over the last few months and the expansion of a large manufacturing facility in Sand Springs indicates there may be an improvement in the local economy and city staff continues to work diligently with prospective businesses to build in the River West corridor. Overall, despite a slump in local spending and in the overall local economy over the past year, city officials are hopeful we will soon begin to see some economic stabilization.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at 100 E. Broadway, Sand Springs, Oklahoma or phone at (918) 246-2518. This report may be found on the City's website, www.sandspringsok.org.

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
  - -Governmental funds
  - -Proprietary (enterprise) funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

		Primary Governmen	t	Compon	ent Units
		<u> </u>			Economic
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Museum Trust Authority	Development Authority
ASSETS	7.00.7.000	71011711100		710010110	710.0.1011
Cash and equivalents	\$ 22,767,050	\$ 17,551,981	\$ 40,319,031	\$ 166,651	\$ 2,293
Investments	7,752,869	8,706,197	16,459,066	-	-
Deposit with insurance pool	307,608	-	307,608	-	-
Interest receivable	12,154	8,913	21,067	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	483,570	1,608,099	2,091,669	-	-
Internal balances	(499,402)	499,402	-	-	_
Due from other governmental agencies	2,428,839	· -	2,428,839	-	_
Inventories	20,132	97,776	117,908	-	-
Other assets	1,588	234	1,822	-	_
Capital assets:	.,		.,		
Capital assets, nondepreciable	18,101,007	34,482,999	52,584,006	-	_
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	23,986,446	53,753,982	77,740,428	_	_
Total Assets	75,361,861	116,709,583	192,071,444	166.651	2.293
Total Assets	73,301,001	110,709,303	192,071,444	100,001	2,295
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amount on refunding	14,660	-	14,660	-	-
Deferred amounts related to pension	1,443,343		1,443,343		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,458,003		1,458,003		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	546,087	1,124,675	1,670,762	27	-
Accrued interest payable	244,331	212,817	457,148	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	266,415	105,296	371,711	520	-
Due to other governmental agencies	144,962	1,816	146,778	27	-
Amounts held in escrow	66,534	· -	66,534	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	5,224	5,224	-	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,393,271	1,562,025	2,955,296	-	-
Due in more than one year	30,008,105	34,688,136	64,696,241	-	_
Total Liabilities	32,669,705	37,699,989	70,369,694	574	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pension	1,447,641	-	1,447,641	-	-
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	18,346,326	53,054,629	71,400,955	_	_
Restricted for:	,, 520	,,020	,,		
Capital projects	23,401,194	_	23,401,194	_	_
Public safety	680,603	_	680,603	-	_
Debt service	536,140	2,403,088	2,939,228	-	_
Economic development	310,771	_, 100,000	310,771	-	-
Culture and recreation	51,563	_	51,563	-	_
Other projects	92,295	_	92,295	-	_
Unrestricted (deficit)	(716,374)	23,551,877	22,835,503	166,077	2,293
Total Net Position	\$ 42,702,518	\$ 79,009,594	\$ 121,712,112	\$ 166,077	\$ 2,293

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Activities

					1	,					Net (Expense) R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	gesin M	et Position		
					Progra	Program Revenue					Primary Government	1		Component Units	ent Un	ııts
			ć	10400010	o E	Operating	Capita	Capital Grants	300	letaoma	ourt seculent		2	Museum Trust	ш 2	Economic
ā	Finctions/Programs	Fxnenses	5 %	Chargestor	S G	Gontributions	Contri	and Contributions	905	Governmentar	Business-type Activities	Total	Ē	useum irust Authority	<b>3</b> 7	Development Authority
4	Primary government		<u>'</u>										 	far constant		6
_	Governmental Activities	4000000	6	340.046	6	42,000	6	16 700	6	(1 112 080)	e	4 440 000	6		6	
	General government	-	0	210,245	Ð	42,000	0	10,700	0	(1,113,909)					Ð	
	Flanning and zoning	155,661		2,190						(150,707)	•	(150,707)	⊃í			•
	Financial administration	606,767		' 1		' '				(497,905)		(797,905)	Ĉ í	•		
	Public sarety	8,831,758		1,103,750		1,074,941				(6,653,067)	•	(0,653,00)		•		
	Highways and streets	1,917,538		114		180,055				(1,737,369)	•	(1,737,369)	<u>@</u>	•		•
	Health and welfare	31,587		•						(31,587)	•	(31,587)	<u></u>	•		
	Culture and recreation	1,368,145		101,860				603,364		(662,921)		(662,921)	_	•		•
	Economic development	887,161		•		•				(887,161)		(887, 161	_	•		•
	Facilities management and fleet maintenance	619,711		•				,		(619,711)		(619,711	· <del>_</del>	'		•
	Interest on long-term debt	491,729		٠		٠		,		(491,729)	•	(491,729)	· (6	•		•
	Total governmental activities	16,484,365		1,421,159		1,296,996		620,064		(13,146,146)		(13,146,146	    @	•		
_	Business-type activities	1		1												
	Water operations	7,582,078		7,676,330						•	94,252	94,252	~1	•		•
	Wastewater operations	3,463,644		3,233,067		•					(230,577)	(230,577)	$\sim$	•		
2	Solid waste operations	1,356,840		1,906,505		•				•	549,665	549,665		•		•
2	Stormwater operations	673, 179		1,183,770		•		•			510,591	510,591	_	•		•
	Airport operations	869,466		418,815		٠		354,139		•	(96,512)	(96,512)	<u>~</u>	•		•
	Golf course operations	1,042,559		571,012		•		,		٠	(471,547)	(471,547	· c	•		
	Total business-type activities	14.987.766		14,989,499				354.139		-	355.872	355.872	    -			
	Total primary dovernment	\$ 31 472 131	<del>U</del> .	16 410 658	<del>U</del>	1 296 996	<del>U</del> .	974 203		(13 146 146)	355 872	(12 790 274)	  a			
S	Component Unite	ı	ı	000	<b>→</b>	000,001,	<b>→</b>	001		(2) (2)	1000	1100 (11)	:I			
3	Culture and recreation	\$ 5.937	49	3.074	49	3.227	49	٠						364		,
	Economic development		<b>+</b>	5	+	j '	<b>+</b>	,						}		(3 335)
	Total commonstration		ŧ	2 0 2	e	700.0	ŧ							100		(3,000)
	lotal component units	9,272	A	3,074	Ð	3,221	Ð	1						304		(3,335)
		General revenues:	id.													
		Taxes:	5													
		Sales and use taxes	taxes							11.114.194	•	11.114.194	-	•		٠
		Property taxes								1,256,849		1,256,849		•		•
		Franchise taxes	ď							792 394	•	792 394		•		•
		Abatement taxes	2 0							55,034		55,035	- "			
			3							120,000	•	20,000		•		Ī
		L-911 laxes								103,772	•	129,772	N 6	•		•
		Hotel/Motel taxes	(es							193,952	•	193,952	N (			•
		Payment in lieu or tax	u or tax							1,161,172	•	7/1,101,1	N.	•		
		Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ibutions	not restricted t	specific	programs				399, 296		399,296	<b>~</b>	•		•
		Unrestricted investment earnings	stment e	arnings						274,233	75,790	350,023	~	630		10
		Miscellaneous								134, 148	42,441	176,589	•	•		•
		Transfers								(1,856,367)	1,856,367			•		•
		Total genera	l revenue:	Total general revenues and transfers						13,654,679	1,974,598	15,629,277	  -	930		10
		Change in net position	net posit	ion						508,533	2.330.470	2.839.003	 	994		(3.325)
		Net position - beginning	ning							42, 193, 985	76.679.124	118.873.109		165.083		5.618
		Net position - ending	פייי ב						€:	42 702 518	\$ 79,009,594	\$ 121,712,112	یا ما	166.077	€:	2,213
		Not position - circui	פֿ							14,104,010		4(1.,1.1)	•		>	1,1

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Ge	neral Fund	<u>Im</u>	Street provement		Capital provement r/Wastewater		ublic Safety Capital ovement Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•	0.500.470	•	0.054.007	•	0.440.700	•	45.040.440	•	F 000 750	•	00 017 077
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,566,176 1,463,227	\$	2,654,937 5,767,846	\$	6,416,792 2,876,679	\$	15,342,419	\$	5,636,753 1,782,584	\$	32,617,077 11,890,336
Investments				5,767,846		2,870,079		-		1,782,584		
Deposit with insurance pool		307,608 2.067		9.078		2.047		-		2 500		307,608
Accrued interest receivable		,		9,078		3,017		-		3,522		17,684
Taxes receivable, net		170,161		-		-		-		770.004		170,161
Due from other governments		1,479,444		-		-		-		779,234		2,258,678
Court fines receivable, net		174,843		-		-		-		-		174,843
Other receivables		308,727		-		-		-		-		308,727
Inventories		20,132		-		-		-		-		20,132
Prepaid items		1,588						-				1,588
Total assets	\$	6,493,973	\$	8,431,861	\$	9,296,488	\$	15,342,419	\$	8,202,093	\$	47,766,834
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALA Liabilities:	NCES											
Accounts payable	\$	162,572	\$	258,538	\$	860,975	\$	5,899	\$	124,234	\$	1,412,218
Payable to other governments		144,962		-		-		-		-		144,962
Due to other funds		-		-		-		7,500		491,902		499,402
Other accrued expenditures		242,440		-		-		200,289		-		442,729
Amounts held in escrow		40,606		_		-		-		-		40,606
Other payables		50,946		_		_		_		_		50,946
Total liabilities		641,526		258,538		860,975		213,688		616,136		2,590,863
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Deferred revenues		227,290		2,839		2,929		-		263,213		496,271
Fund balances:												
Non-spendable		21.720		_		_		_		_		21.720
Restricted		712,637		8,041,278		7,771,024		15,122,635		1,312,415		32,959,989
Assigned		1,718,537		129,206		661,560		6,096		6,045,255		8,560,654
Unassigned		3,172,263		,		,-50		-,		(34,926)		3,137,337
Total fund balances	-	5,625,157	-	8,170,484		8,432,584		15,128,731		7,322,744		44,679,700
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	6,493,973	\$	8,431,861	\$	9,296,488	\$	15,342,419	\$	8,202,093	\$	47,766,834
	Ť	3, 100,010	Ť	5, 101,001	Ť	0,200, .00	<u> </u>	.0,0.2,.10	Ť	3,202,000	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,

## City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 44,679,700
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$38,637,344	42,087,453
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Court fines receivable	174,843
Other receivables	44,453
Receivable from other governments	272,722
Deferred outflows of resources are not outflows that relate to the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred amount on bond refunding	14,660
Pension related deferred outflows	1,443,343
Capital project funds are used by management to purchase or construct certain capital assets for the City. The assets and liabilities of certain capital project funds	
are included in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position:  Fund balance of the Water and Wastew ater CIP Fund	(0.420.504)
Fund balance of the vivater and vivastew ater CIP Fund  Fund balance of the SSMA CIP Fund	(8,432,584)
Fund balance of the SSIVIA CIP Fund Fund balance of the Airport CIP Fund	(447,872) (83,299)
Fund balance of the Stormwater CIP Fund	(4,083,201)
Fund balance of the Golf Course CIP Fund	(80,840)
Certain long-term liabilities and related accounts are not due and payable from	
current financial resources and they, along with deferred inflows, therefore, are	
not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability	(7,522,369)
Pension related deferred inflows	(1,447,641)
Accrued interest payable	(37,843)
General obligation bonds payable	(5,245,000)
Revenue bonds payable	(16,000,000)
Capital lease payable	(940,810)
Unamortized premium on debt	(123,220)
Accrued compensated absences	(902,056)
Other post employment benefits obligation	(667,921)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 42,702,518

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Street Improvement	Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater	Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 13,438,092	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,348,254	\$ 14,786,346
Fees and fines	317,676	-	-	-	-	317,676
Licenses and permits	138,566	-	-	-	-	138,566
Intergovernmental	1,644,473	-	-	-	999,503	2,643,976
Charges for services	1,013,936	-	46,350	-	4,000	1,064,286
Investment earnings	43,788	64,575	27,539	6,096	19,672	161,670
Miscellaneous	172,682		777		122,532	295,991
Total revenues	16,769,213	64,575	74,666	6,096	2,493,961	19,408,511
EXPENDITURES						
Current: General government	1,051,201					1,051,201
•	1,051,201	-	-	-	-	152,352
Planning and zoning Financial administration	766.834	-	-	-	-	766.834
Public safety	8,199,873	-	-	696,715	-	8,896,588
Highways and streets	628,541	-	-	090,713	-	628.541
Health and welfare	28,577	-	-	-	-	28,577
Culture and recreation	1,066,160	-	-	-	-	1,066,160
Community and economic development	342,415	-	-	-	532,443	874,858
Facilities management and fleet maintenance	728,308	-	-	-	332,443	728,308
Debt Service:	720,300	-	-	-	-	720,300
Principal	163,192				1,010,000	1,173,192
Interest and other charges	9.020	-	-	200.289	289,999	499,308
Capital Outlay	317,250	1,029,754	13,470,766	13,399	3,234,681	18,065,850
Total expenditures	13,453,723	1,029,754	13,470,766	910,403	5,067,123	33,931,769
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,315,490	(965,179)	(13,396,100)	(904,307)	(2,573,162)	(14,523,258)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_					_
Proceeds and premiums from long-term debt	_	_	_	16,033,038	2,403,316	18,436,354
Payment to refunding/escrow account	_	_	_	-	(2,310,000)	(2,310,000)
Transfers in	1,198,556	1,569,301	12,792,085	_	2,520,401	18,080,343
Transfers out	(5,380,027)	-,000,001	(800,000)	_	(358,089)	(6,538,116)
Total other financing sources and uses	(4,181,471)	1,569,301	11,992,085	16,033,038	2,255,628	27,668,581
Net change in fund balances	(865,981)	604.122	(1,404,015)	15,128,731	(317,534)	13,145,323
Fund balances - beginning	6,491,138	7,566,362	9,836,599		7,640,278	31,534,377
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,625,157	\$ 8,170,484	\$ 8,432,584	\$ 15,128,731	\$ 7,322,744	\$ 44,679,700
~						

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 13,145,323
mounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different ecause:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities	
report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	0.555.047
Capital asset purchases capitalized	3,555,917
Book value of capital assets disposed or sold  Depreciation expense	(49,608) (1,996,717)
Depresidant expense	(1,000,717
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee	
contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements	
report pension contributions as expenditures.	593,838
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current	
obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when	
earned. This is the change in deferred revenues.	(23,771
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt	
increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal	
is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities	
in the Statement of Net Position:	
Capital lease obligation proceeds	163,192
General obligation bond principal payments	1,010,000
General obligation bond proceeds	(2,310,000
Revenue bond proceeds	(16,000,000
Payments to escrow agent Amortization of bond premium	2,310,000 (126,354
Amortization of bond premium	(120,334
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental	
funds:	
Changes in:	
Accrued interest	19,115
Amortization expense	(11,536
Accrued compensated absences	(62,268
Net OPEB obligation	(108,407
Capital project funds are used by management to purchase or construct certain capital	
assets for the City. The net change in fund balances of certain capital project funds are	
included in the business-type activities column of the Statement of Activities:	
Water and Wastewater CIP	1,404,015
SSMA Capital Fund	(287,955
Airport CIP Fund	36,809
Stormwater CIP Fund	(726,349
Golf Course CIP Fund	(26,711
Change in net postion of governmental activities	\$ 508,533

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total
ASSETS	ounty r unu	Ounty 1 unu	- I unu		COMP CON LANG		
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,374,167	\$ 2,088,734	\$ 467,767	\$ 216,805	\$ 141.886	\$ 394,412	\$ 6.683.771
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	770.094	109.038	-	-	-	-	879.132
Investments	1,910,166	351,217	250.338	_	-	_	2.511.721
Interest receivable	1.744	908	731	_	_	_	3.383
Accounts receivable, net	895,291	338,047	199,666	23,700	28,653	122,742	1,608,099
Due from other funds	499,402	-	-	-	-	· -	499,402
Inventories	86,755	_	_	11,021	_	_	97,776
Prepaid expenses	234	_	_	-	_	_	234
Total current assets	7,537,853	2,887,944	918,502	251,526	170,539	517,154	12,283,518
Noncurrent assets:	.,,				,		,,
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	129.676	_	_	_	_	129.676
Restricted investments	2,033,048	33,336	_	_	_	_	2,066,384
Capital assets, nondepreciable	18,364,667	15,475,093	-	272,357	354,203	16,679	34,482,999
Other capital assets, net	25,944,711	15,711,868	398,450	5,801,185	802,620	5,095,148	53,753,982
Total noncurrent assets	46,342,426	31,349,973	398,450	6,073,542	1,156,823	5,111,827	90,433,041
Total assets	53,880,279	34,237,917	1,316,952	6,325,068	1,327,362	5,628,981	102,716,559
Total assets	50,000,210	04,207,317	1,010,302	0,020,000	1,027,002		102,110,000
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	137,975	37,442	11,366	5,568	71,382	121	263,854
Accrued payroll liabilities	62,414	25,758	13,210	2,584		1,176	105,142
Accrued interest payable	180,146	32,671	· -		-	· -	212,817
Payable to other governments		1,816	-	-	-	-	1,816
Unearned revenue	1,581	908	731	-	2,004	-	5,224
Current portion of:							
Compensated absences	39,185	11,227	10,264	923	-	175	61,774
Deposits subject to refund	146,298	· -	· -	-	-	_	146,298
Notes payable	99,649	564,304	-	-	-	-	663,953
Revenue bonds payable	690,000	· -	-	-	-	-	690,000
Total current liabilities	1,357,248	674,126	35,571	9,075	73,386	1,472	2,150,878
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences	156,740	44,909	41,058	8,303	-	701	251,711
Deposits subject to refund	312,265	-	-	-	-	-	312,265
Net OPEB obligation	176,653	71,462	38,109	4,818	2,016	2,703	295,761
Notes payable	1,699,952	4,433,731	-	-	-	-	6,133,683
Revenue bonds payable	27,694,716	-	-	-	-	-	27,694,716
Total non-current liabilities	30,040,326	4,550,102	79,167	13,121	2,016	3,404	34,688,136
Total liabilities	31,397,574	5,224,228	114,738	22,196	75,402	4,876	36,839,014
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	14,125,061	26,188,926	398,450	6,073,542	1,156,823	5,111,827	53,054,629
Restricted for debt service	2,163,710	239,378	-	-,	-,,	-,,	2,403,088
Unrestricted	6,193,934	2,585,385	803,764	229,330	95,137	512,278	10,419,828
Total net position	\$ 22,482,705	\$ 29,013,689	\$ 1,202,214	\$ 6,302,872	\$ 1,251,960	\$ 5,624,105	65,877,545
Capital project funds are used by manageme The assets and liabilities of certain capital practivities in the Statement of Net Position: Water and Wastewater CIP SSMA Capital Fund Airport CIP Fund Stormwater CIP Fund							8,432,584 447,872 83,299 4,083,201
Golf Course CIP Fund							80,840

Revenue deferred in governmental capital project funds because the revenue is not available to pay fund liabilities has been recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities for capital project funds classified as business type activities.

Total net position per Government-Wide financial statements

ess type activities. 4,253 \$ 79,009,594

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 7,585,876	\$ 3,217,602	\$ 1,900,035	\$ 119,652	\$ 243,678	\$ 1,182,779	\$14,249,622
Miscellaneous			- 4 000 005	296,652		- 4 400 770	296,652
Total operating revenues	7,585,876	3,217,602	1,900,035	416,304	243,678	1,182,779	14,546,274
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	2,419,757	976,739	549,139	89,547	965	32,666	4,068,813
Operations and maintenance	2,018,191	1,181,806	673,315	370,221	554,770	210,614	5,008,917
Depreciation	1,409,902	1,007,517	95,464	407,307	151,806	141,547	3,213,543
Total operating expenses	5,847,850	3,166,062	1,317,918	867,075	707,541	384,827	12,291,273
Operating income (loss)	1,738,026	51,540	582,117	(450,771)	(463,863)	797,952	2,255,001
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest and investment revenue	25,993	4,170	3,130	24	21	55	33.393
Miscellaneous revenue	8,829	.,	-	121	32.080	-	41,030
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital asset	404	1.530	_	121	(7,608)	_	(5,674)
Interest expense and fiscal agent charges	(1,042,416)	(104,516)	_	_	(76)	_	(1,147,008)
Debt issuance costs	(15,268)	(18,294)	_	_	()	_	(33,562)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(1,022,458)	(117,110)	3,130	145	24,417	55	(1,111,821)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	715,568	(65,570)	585,247	(450,626)	(439,446)	798,007	1,143,180
Capital contributions	3.414.767	9.309.270	_	390.959	13,241	_	13.128.237
Transfers in	3,859,536	-	_	100,000	220,000	_	4,179,536
Transfers out	(14,257,885)	(74,000)	(363, 175)	-	(26,703)	(1,000,000)	(15,721,763)
Change in net position	(6,268,014)	9,169,700	222,072	40,333	(232,908)	(201,993)	2,729,190
Total net position - beginning	28,750,719	19,843,989	980,142	6,262,539	1,484,868	5,826,098	63,148,355
Total net position - ending	\$ 22,482,705	\$ 29,013,689	\$ 1,202,214	\$ 6,302,872	\$ 1,251,960	\$ 5,624,105	\$65,877,545
Change in net position, per above							\$ 2,729,190
Capital project funds are used by management to pu The activities of certain capital project governmental Statement of Activities:							
Water and Wastewater CIP							(1,404,015)
SSMA Capital Fund							287,955
Airport CIP Fund							(36,809)
Stormwater CIP Fund							726,349
							•
Golf Course CIP Fund							26,711
Revenue deferred in governmental capital project fun recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities							1,089
Change in Business-Type Activities in Net Position	per Government-Wic	de Financial Statemer	nts				\$ 2,330,470

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from other funds Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Receipts of customer meter deposits Refunds of customer meter deposits	\$ 7,576,814 593,630 (2,081,360) (2,358,612) 92,885 (89,627)	\$ 3,216,648 (1,202,163) (959,220)	\$ 1,897,076 - (707,168) (536,201)	\$ 414,035 - (370,164) (89,507)	\$ 275,696 - (582,091) (965)	\$ 1,176,459 - (214,351) (30,153)	\$ 14,556,728 593,630 (5,157,297) (3,974,658) 92,885 (89,627)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,733,730	1,055,265	653,707	(45, 636)	(307, 360)	931,955	6,021,661
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	3,859,536 (14,257,885)	_ (74,000)	. (363,175)	100,000	220,000 (26,703)	(1,000,000)	4,179,536 (15,721,763)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	(10,398,349)	(74,000)	(363, 175)	100,000	193,297	(1,000,000)	(11,542,227)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal paid on capital debt interest paid on capital debt issuance costs paid Cash received on disposal of capital assets Transfer of capital assets Purchase of capital assets	(771,424) (1,041,282) (15,288) 10,879 45,105 (9,536)	(553,157) (108,072) (18,294) - (45,105)			(9, 942) (76) -		(1,334,523) (1,149,430) (33,562) 10,879 (9,536)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,781,526)	(724,628)			(10,018)		(2,516,172)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale (Purchase) of investments Interest and dividends	9,314,218 25,867	(2,918) 4,668	(339)	, 24	, <sub>2</sub>	. 55	9,310,961 33,765
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	9,340,085	1,750	2,791	24	21	25	9,344,726
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	893,940	258,387	293, 323	54,388	(124,060)	(67,990)	1,307,988
Balances - beginning of the year	3,250,321	2,069,061	174, 444	162,417	265,946	462,402	6,384,591
Balances - end of the year	\$ 4,144,261	\$ 2,327,448	\$ 467,767	\$ 216,805	\$ 141,886	\$ 394,412	\$ 7,692,579
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,374,167 770,094 \$ 4,144,261	\$ 2,088,734 109,038 129,676 \$ 2,327,448	\$ 467,767	\$ 216,805	\$ 141,886 - \$ 141,886	\$ 394,412	\$ 6,683,771 879,132 129,676 \$ 7,692,579

(Continued)

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Continued)

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	Wa	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	Soli	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SS Fi	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	Sto	SSMA Stormwater Fund	4	Total Proprietary Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,738,026	69	51,540	€9	582,117	\$	(450,771)	\$ (463,863)	69	797,952	s	2,255,001
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided												
by (used in) operating activities:												
Depreciation expense	1,409,902		1,007,517		95,464		407,307	151,806		141,547		3,213,543
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)	8,829						121	32,080				41,030
Change in assets and liabilities:												
Receivables, net	(17,891)		(924)		(2,959)		(2,390)	55		(6,319)		(30,458)
Inventory	42,000						962					42,796
Uneamed revenue							,	(117)				(117)
Prepaid expenses	(49)											(49)
Due from other funds	593,630											593,630
Accounts payables	(105,120)		(17,875)		(33,853)		(741)	(27,321)		(3,738)		(188,648)
Customer meter deposits payable	3,258											3,258
Payable to other governments			(2,482)									(2,482)
Net OPEB obligation	27,525		10,917		5,689		292			461		45,360
Accrued payroll liabilities	4,953		3,651		1,107		455			1,176		11,342
Accrued compensated absences	28,667		2,951		6,142		(1,181)	1		876		37,455
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 3,733,730	€	1,055,265	↔	653,707	↔	(45,636)	\$ (307,360)	↔	931,955	↔	6,021,661
Noncash activities: Contributed capital assets	\$ 3,414,767	9	9.309.270	ь		49	390.959	\$ 13.241	49		49	13.128.237
Total Noncash Activities	\$ 3,414,767	↔	9,309,270	↔			390,959		မှ		↔	13,128,237

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY
- B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION
- C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND EQUITY
- E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES
- F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES
- G. USE OF ESTIMATES
- H. PENSIONS

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS
- B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS
- C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS
- D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS
- E. FUND EQUITY / NET POSITION RESTRICTIONS
- F. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

# NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

- A. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS
- B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE
- C. RESTRICTED ASSETS
- D. CAPITAL ASSETS
- E. LONG-TERM DEBT
- F. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES
- G. FUND EQUITY

### NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

- A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS
- **B. RISK MANAGEMENT**
- C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES
- D. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

#### 1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: City of Sand Springs

Blended Component Unit: Sand Springs Municipal Authority

Discretely Presented Component Units: Sand Springs Economic Development Authority

Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by Statement 61 and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable.

Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

### **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate fund category to comprise the primary government presentation.

The component unit that is blended into the primary government's fund categories is presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Included Funds
Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA)	Created March 14, 1966, to finance, develop and operate the water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste disposal facilities. Also, the Authority operates and maintains the golf course and airport facilities. The current City Council serves as the entire governing body (Trustees) of the SSMA. Any issuances of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council. Management and staff of the City also serve as management and staff of the Authority.	Enterprise Funds: Water Fund Wastewater Fund Solid Waste Fund Airport Fund Golf Fund Stormwater Fund

# **DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS**

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending.

Component units that are discretely presented in the City's report are presented below:

Sand Springs Economic Development Authority (Economic Development Authority)	Created October 24, 1980, to promote and encourage development of industry and commerce on behalf of the City. This Trust was primarily set up to be the loan servicing agent for Community Development Block Grant Economic Development Loans, and lender for Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority Loans to private enterprises. The SSEDA governing body is comprised of eight members; two appointed council members and six other members appointed by the full City Council. Any issuances of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.
Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (Museum Trust Authority)	Created December 20, 1990, to promote cultural and historical activities within the City. The governing body is comprised of seven members appointed by the full City Council. No current City Council members serve on the board. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

The discretely presented component units of the City do not issue separately audited component unit financial statements.

#### RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The following related organizations are not included in the financial reporting entity:

Sand Springs Development Authority An Authority created on February 14, 1983, pursuant to Title 11 of Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 38-101, regarding urban renewal through private and public resources. This authority was created to formulate a workable program of urban renewal. The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body; however, the City does not have the ability to impose its will on the governing body, nor does a financial benefit or burden relationship exist between the two. Of the governing body appointed, no member shall hold any other public office under the City.

#### 1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets (plus deferred outflows), liabilities (plus deferred inflows), revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets (plus deferred outflows), liabilities (plus deferred inflows), revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund that does not meet the criteria of (a) or (b), but for which management has determined is of such significance to be reported as a major fund.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. It includes the Special Programs sub-fund account for reporting purposes. This sub-fund accounts for revenues assigned for specific public safety activities and recreational services provided by the City.

### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

CDBG Home Investment Partnership Fund Vision 2025 Fund

#### Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for restricted ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest and fiscal agent fees.

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays. The reporting entity includes the following capital project funds:

Street Improvement Fund Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund – EDIF Park and Recreation Fund T.I.D. Cimarron Center Fund Short-term Capital Improvements Fund ODOC EECBG Fund Capital Improvement Fund Airport Construction Fund Stormwater Capital Improvement Fund SSMA Capital Fund 2002 General Obligation Bond Fund 2006 General Obligation Bond Fund 2014 General Obligation Bond Capital Improvement Fund Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund Golf Course Capital Improvement Fund Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds:

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Water Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Wastewater Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Solid Waste Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Airport Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Golf Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Stormwater

#### COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities whose governing body (in majority) is appointed by the Mayor or City Council, but whose governing body is not substantially the same as the City Council nor is an entity established to provide services primarily to the primary government. Since these component units are not as closely associated with the City as are the blended component units, they are reported in discretely presented columns on the government-wide financial statements labeled "Component Units." The reporting entity includes the following discretely presented component units:

- Sand Springs Economic Development Authority (Economic Development Authority)
- Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (Museum Trust Authority)

### Major and Non-Major Funds

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description
<i>Major:</i> General	See previous description.
Capital Project Funds:	
Street Improvement	Accounts for the permanent half-cent sales tax extension approved by the voters in September 11, 2007 with effective date of January 1, 2008. These funds are to be used to make capital improvements to the roads, streets and bridges.
Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater	Accounts for the one-cent increase in sales tax approved by the citizens in 1979. These funds are to be expended for water and wastewater capital improvement projects and retirement of debt as provided in the ordinance.
Public Safety Capital Improvement	Accounts for the forty-five hundredths of one-cent increase in sales tax approved by the citizens in 2015 which go into effect January 2017 to repay the debt.

for the benefit of the City as provided in the ordinance.

Also, accounts for the bonds proceeds to be expended for building and improving public safety facilities and land acquisition for public safety facilities

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citizens.

SSMA Wastewater Fund Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing wastewater services to the

citizens.

SSMA Solid Waste Fund Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing solid waste services to the

citizens.

SSMA Airport Fund Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the operations of the airport

facility and financing for future airport improvements.

SSMA Golf Fund Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the operation of the golf course,

payment of debt service requirements on the debt issued related to the golf

course and financing for future golf improvements.

SSMA Stormwater Fund Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the maintenance of stormwater

operations.

Non-Major:

Special Revenue Fund

Community Development Accounts for grant HOME Development a

Block Grant HOME Investment Partnership Accounts for grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban

Development and transfers from the City for housing rehabilitation.

Vision 2025 Accounts for grants received from Tulsa County restricted for the river park

project.

Capital Project Funds:

Community Development Block Grant - EDIF Accounts for grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban

Development and transfers from the City for infrastructure.

Park and Recreation Accounts for revenues from housing developers restricted for park

improvements.

Short-term Capital Improvements

Accounts for revenues, transfers from other City funds and certain bond

proceeds as the City Council may designate for the City's short-term capital

needs, consisting of items having a useful life of ten years or less.

T.I.D. #1 Cimarron

Center

Accounts for tax increment financing revenues initially collected by the General

Fund and related economic development expenditures.

ODOC ECBG Accounts for revenues from grants received from the Oklahoma Department of

Commerce or transfers from other City funds and expenditures for various

capital projects, related to energy efficiency at City facilities.

funds and expenditures for various capital projects as the City Council may

designate.

Stormwater Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the Municipal Authority stormwater revenues set aside for stormwater capital improvement projects.
Airport Construction	Accounts for governmental grants and transfers from the City set aside for capital improvement projects of the airport.
SSMA Capital	Accounts for transfers from the Municipal Authority water, wastewater, solid waste, airport and golf revenues set aside for capital improvement projects.
2002 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for streets and bridges, public safety, public parks and park lands, cultural and recreational facilities, and acquiring and rehabilitating land, rights-of-way and improvements for flood mitigation.
2006 General Obligation Bond Fund	Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for fire land and equipment, street improvements, and a community center.
2014 General Obligation Bond CIP Fund	Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for public parks and park land and culture and recreation facilities.
Golf Course Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the Golf Course Fund set aside for golf course capital improvement projects
Debt Service Fund	See previous description.

### 1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

1. All governmental fund types and similar component units utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

2. Proprietary fund types and similar component units utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) and deferred outflows and deferred inflows associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available".

Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (defined by the City as 60 days after year end) to pay current liabilities. Sales tax and franchise taxes are major revenues that meet this criteria. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recorded when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

### 1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND EQUITY

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Revenue bond and promissory note trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents.

### **Investments**

Investments consist of money market investments and government securities that are reported at fair value unless they had remaining maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase, in which case they are carried at amortized cost. All non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. Additional investment risk disclosures are presented in Notes 2.B. and 3.A.

#### Receivables and Related Deferred Inflows

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants and court fines. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

#### **Inventories and Prepaids**

The City has chosen to record consumable materials and supplies as inventory in the governmental funds at the time of purchase and expense when consumed. In addition, in the Sand Springs Municipal Authority Water Fund and Sand Springs Municipal Authority Airport Enterprise Funds, the water and airport fuel inventories, respectively, are recorded as an asset when purchased and expensed when consumed. Such inventory is valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Prepaid expenses are recorded as expense when goods or services are received.

#### Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations or proprietary fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000.

#### Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Prior to July 1, 2000, governmental activities' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (dating back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	20-100 years
Other Improvements	20-100 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-25 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets reported in the fund financial statements include current assets of enterprise funds and similar discretely presented component units that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to revenue bond and promissory note trustee accounts restricted for debt service and deposits held for refund.

#### Long-Term Debt

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and similar discretely presented component unit resources and business-type and similar discretely presented component unit resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences, other post employment benefits payable, general obligation bonds payable, capital leases payable, notes payable and revenue bonds payable.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Compensated Absences

All regular and part-time employees are granted vacation benefits in amounts from 10 to 20 days depending upon tenure with the City. These benefits accumulate pro rata by pay period. Accumulated vacation leave vests and the City is obligated to make payment even if the employee terminates. After a probationary period, police officers receive vacation ranging from 168 to 248 hours per year depending upon years of service. Members of the Fire Department receive vacation ranging from 4 to 15 shifts per year, after a probationary period, depending upon years of service. Employees may accrue ten days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 100 days accrued. Employees with accrued sick leave in excess of 100 days on or about December 15 of each year are paid for the excess accrual at the rate of one day's pay for each three days of accumulated sick leave. The City did not have a liability for this excess leave at June 30, 2016. However, any employee leaving the service of the City after a period of 10 years are paid at the rate of one day's pay for each four days of accumulated leave and the City reports a liability for this leave type.

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability that has matured and is payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. The compensated absence obligation of the governmental funds are typically liquidated through the use of General Fund resources.

#### **Equity Classifications**

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority to the city manager, which is currently the case here. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through the budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balances prior to the use of unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### 1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

#### Sales Tax

The City levies a three and one-half cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The entire sales tax is recorded as revenue within the General Fund. Upon receipt, the General Fund distributes the dedicated portion of the sales tax as follows:

- 2 cents retained by the General Fund
- 1 cent transferred to the Sand Springs Municipal Authority Water Fund as required by revenue bond indenture, and then transferred to the Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund.
- 1/2 cent transferred to the Street Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance.
- 9/20 cent transferred to Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance and as required by revenue bond indenture.

#### Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments.

At the present time the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds. The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11 percent or more than 13 ½ percent.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. Property taxes levied, but not collected during the year or within 60 days of year-end are reported as deferred revenue.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$129,590,630. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$9.70.

#### Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General government Inspection fees, rent and royalties, special assessment fees, other

fees, licenses and permits, state operating grants and capital grants.

Planning and zoning Zoning charges.

Public safety Fine and forfeiture revenue, court costs and fees, fire run fees,

rentals, donations; operating grants include Federal Emergency Management Agency and Oklahoma Highway Safety Office grants, state on-behalf pension contributions, individual donations,

and Homeland Security grants.

Highways and streets Street and curb permits; capital grants and contributions from the

Department of Housing and Urban Development, motor fuel and

commercial vehicle revenues.

Culture and recreation Park and recreation fees; and state operating grant

Economic development Federal operating grant

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax and Utility Net Revenues Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one cent (or 28.5%) of future sales tax revenues to repay \$30,510,000 of the Series 2012 Revenue Bonds and \$14,606,515 of OWRB Notes Payable Series 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2009, 2012, and 2013. Proceeds from the bonds and notes provided financing for capital assets. The bonds and notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues and further secured by net water and wastewater revenues. The bonds and notes are payable through 2023, 2024, 2027, 2026, 2030, 2023, and 2023 respectively. If the net utility revenues are sufficient to service the debt, the pledged sales taxes are transferred to the Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund to be used for capital purchases. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds and notes is \$52,332,244. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$3,059,536 and the net utility revenues were \$4,006,985. Debt service payments of \$2,483,952 for the current fiscal year were 81.2% of the pledged sales taxes and 35.2% of both pledged sales taxes and utility revenues.

<u>Sales Tax Revenues Pledge</u> – The City, as approved by a vote of the citizens, an additional .45% of one cent of sales tax for the repayment of the Series 2015 and 2016 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. This sales tax will not go into effect until January 2017, therefore, the first payment of the debt was made from the proceeds. Proceeds of these bonds provided financing for public safety capital assets, including facilities. These bonds are payable through 2042. If the pledged sales tax isn't sufficient at any time, the remaining net utility revenues can be used to service the debt.

### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds and similar discretely presented component units are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are reported on the accrual basis and are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures/expenses are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Capital outlay
Debt service

Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### 1.F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities.

The effect of interfund services between funds are not eliminated in the statement of activities.

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances - resource flows between the primary government and the discretely-presented component units are reported as if they were external transactions.

#### 1.G. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 1.H. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS) and Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS), and additions to/deductions from OFPRS and OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OFPRS and OPPRS. For this purpose, benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by these funds are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

### 2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The City complies, in all material respects, with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include the following:

Fund Required By

Airport Construction Fund State Law
Debt Service Fund State Law
Sand Springs Municipal Authority Utility Funds Trust Indenture
Sand Springs Economic Development Authority Fund Trust Indenture
Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority Fund Trust Indenture

#### 2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at no more than market value. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds, or certain letters of credit. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee. As reflected in Note 3.A., the City's uninsured deposits were sufficiently collateralized in accordance with these provisions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Investments of a City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State Law to the following:

- Direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with instate financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitations, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a., b., c. and d.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60 are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indentures. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City and its public trusts complied, in all material respects, with these investment restrictions.

#### 2.C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

> Revenue Source Legal Restrictions of Use

See Note 1.E. Sales Tax

Gasoline Excise & Commercial Vehicle Tax Street and Alley Purposes

E-911 Emergency Services Purposes E-911 Revenue

Debt Service and Utility Operations Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Revenue Debt Service on Bonds and Judgments (Also see Ad Valorem Tax

Note 1.E.)

Airport Revenue Airport Operations Based upon Individual Grant Agreements Grants Revenue

Hotel/Motel Tax Economic Development

Special Program Fund Revenue Public Safety and Parks and Recreation

Park and Recreation Developer Fees Park Improvements

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

# 2.D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

### General Obligation Debt

Article 10, Sections 26 and 27 of the Oklahoma Constitution Limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City complied with this restriction.

#### Other Long-Term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. For the year ended June 30, 2016, no such debt was incurred by the City.

#### Revenue Bond and Note Payable Debt

The bond indenture and note agreements relating to the long-term debt issues of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority contains a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, required reserve account balances, and debt service coverage requirements. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2016.

#### Requirement

#### Level of Compliance

a. Flow of Funds:

- 2003 Bond Account
- 2003 Reserve Account
- 2004 Bond Account
- 2004 Project Account
- -2004 Reserve Account
- 2012 Bond Account
- 2012 Project Account
- -2012 Reserve Account

All required accounts have been established and are used per Bond Indenture requirements.

### b. Reserve Account Requirement:

2012 OWRB Promissory Note: Required balance is \$129,666.

te is \$129,666. Balance in Reserve Account at June 30, 2016 is \$129,676.

2012 Revenue Bonds:

Required balance is \$1,678,162.

Balance in Reserve Account at June 30, 2016 is \$1.681.874.

# c. 2003, 2004 2005, 2006, 2009, 2012 and 2013 Series OWRB Notes:

Net revenues of the Authority plus transferred sales tax should be at least 125% of maximum annual principal and interest requirements on this note and any senior debt.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, net revenues plus sales tax amounted to \$7,066,521 maximum annual principal and interest requirements was \$1,927,071. Actual coverage was 367%.

#### 2012 Revenue Bonds:

Net revenues of the Authority plus transferred sales tax should be at least 125% of average annual principal and interest requirements on the bonds and OWRB notes listed above.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, net revenues plus sales tax amounted to \$7,066,521 average annual principal and interest requirements was \$1,675,637. Actual coverage was 422%.

#### 2.E. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

#### **Budget Law**

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Sand Springs Municipal Authority, the Sand Springs Economic Development Authority and the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal level of control.

#### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

### 3.A. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS

### **Primary Government:**

The City of Sand Springs, including its blended component units held the following deposits and investments at June 30, 2016:

			Fair Value	Carryin	ıg
Туре	Maturities	Rating	Heirarchy	Value	
Deposits:					
Demand deposits				\$ 24,056	5,027
Time deposits	Due within 1 year		N/A	14,704	1,944
Total deposits				38,760	),971
Investments:					
Cavanal Hill Govt Sec Money Market Inst 1949		Aaa-mf	N/A	16,335	5,252
Cavanal Hill US Money Market Treas-Admin #0002		Aaa-mf	N/A	1,681	1,874
Total investments				18,017	7,126
Total deposits and investments				\$ 56,778	3,097
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and cash equivalents				\$ 40,319	9,031
Investments				16,459	9,066
				\$ 56,778	3,097

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 110% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities and direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2016, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments to those allowed in state law applicable to municipalities. These investment limitations are described in Note 2.B. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—rating agencies—as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

As noted in the schedule of deposits and investments above, at June 30, 2016, all of the City's investments in debt securities were rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value heirachy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets' Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits investments to those with a maturity no more than three years from the date of purchase, except for reserve funds, as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments and indicates that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single financial institution.

At June 30, 2016, the City had no concentration of credit risk.

### **Component Units:**

Total bank deposits of the discretely presented component units were insured with Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Insurance and not subject to the custodial credit risk as defined above.

#### 3.B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers' utilities, airport and golf accounts receivable. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists primarily of police fines. Receivables detail at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	 vernmental activities	<u>Total</u>		
Service receivables	\$ 195,555	2,489,288	\$ 2,684,843	
Other receivables	113,172	86,725	199,897	
Municipal court fines receivable	1,756,450	-	1,756,450	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	 (1,581,607)	(967,914)	 (2,549,521)	
Net accounts receivable	\$ 483,570	\$ 1,608,099	\$ 2,091,669	

#### 3.C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets in the fund financial statements are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the public trust (Authority) related to their required revenue bond and promissory note accounts as described in Note 2.D. and deposits held for refund.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	(	Current Noncurrent						
	Cash and Cash		Cash	Cash and Cash		Noncurrent		
Types of Restricted Assets	Eq	uivalents	Equ	uivalents_	<u>Investments</u>			
ENTERPRISE FUND:								
Trustee Accounts:								
2009 OWRB Notes:								
Bond Fund Account	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,909		
2012 OWRB Notes:								
Reserve Fund Account		109,038		129,676		-		
Bond Fund Account		-		-		33,336		
2012 Revenue Bonds:								
Bond Fund Account		623,796		-		-		
Reserve Fund Account		-		-		1,681,874		
Deposits held for refund		146,298				312,265		
Total	\$	879,132	\$	129,676	\$	2,066,384		

# 3.D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

		Balance at uly 1, 2015	A	Additions	Dec	ductions	Т	Transfers		Balance at ne 30, 2016
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	_		-							
Governmental Activities:										
Capital asets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	10,903,651	\$	16,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,920,351
Construction-in-progress		4,323,331		3,005,360		-		(148,035)		7,180,656
Total capital assets not being depreciated		15,226,982		3,022,060		-		(148,035)		18,101,007
Other capital assets:										
Buildings		8,614,104		_		56,836		_		8,557,268
Other improvements		4,077,334		44,092		5,574		-		4,115,852
Machinery and equipment		9,193,866		300,906		492,696		146,505		9,148,581
Infrastructure		40,106,202		190,389		-		-		40,296,591
Total other capital assets at historical cost		61,991,506		535,387		555,106		146,505		62,118,292
Less accumulated depreciation for:								-,,		
Buildings		2,295,842		179,803		33,732		_		2,441,913
Other improvements		1,551,213		160,613		5,574		_		1,706,252
Machinery and equipment		6,228,709		569,315		466,192		_		6,331,832
Infrastructure		26,564,863		1,086,986		-		_		27,651,849
Total accumulated depreciation		36,640,627	_	1,996,717		505,498		-		38,131,846
Other capital assets, net		25,350,879		(1,461,330)		49,608		146,505		23,986,446
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	40,577,861	\$	1,560,730	\$	49,608	\$	(1,530)	\$	42,087,453
Business-Type Activities:										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	2,169,204	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,169,204
Intangible assets		6,702,666		-		-		-		6,702,666
Construction in progress		22,482,272		12,687,408		-		(9,558,551)		25,611,129
Total capital assets not being depreciated		31,354,142		12,687,408		-		(9,558,551)		34,482,999
Other capital assets:										
Buildings		22,147,918		9,536		3,000		-		22,154,454
Improvements other than buildings		29,631,821		19,750		25,385		9,001,488		38,627,674
Machinery and equipment		4,879,837		362,441		313,136		563,863		5,493,005
Infrastructure		56,235,470		69,211		-		-		56,304,681
Total other capital assets at historical cost		112,895,046		460,938		341,521		9,565,351		122,579,814
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		10,127,052		457,952		3,000		-		10,582,004
Improvements other than buildings		14,788,506		1,164,488		3,559		-		15,949,435
Machinery and equipment		3,378,553		350,307		306,306		5,270		3,427,824
Infrastructure		37,625,773		1,240,796		-		-		38,866,569
Total accumulated depreciation		65,919,884		3,213,543		312,865		5,270		68,825,832
Other capital assets, net		46,975,162		(2,752,605)		28,656		9,560,081		53,753,982
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	78,329,304	\$	9,934,803	\$	28,656	\$	1,530	\$	88,236,981

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the statement of activities as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 198,459
Financial Administration	25,107
Public Safety	393,812
Highways and Streets	1,186,585
Health and Welfare	2,625
Culture and Recreation	188,439
Economic Development	 1,690
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 1,996,717
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,409,902
Wastewater	1,007,517
Solid Waste	95,464
Storm Water	141,547
Airport	407,307
Golf	 151,806
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 3,213,543

### 3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities, amounts to be repaid from business-type activities, and amounts to be repaid from component units.

# Governmental Activities:

At June 30, 2016, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds: \$2,310,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2016, used for advanced refunding of the 2006, due in annual installments of \$450,000, final payment due March 1, 2021, with interest rates of 3.7% to 5.0%	\$2,310,000
\$1,510,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2012 A, used for advanced refunding of the 2002, due in annual installments varying from \$155,000 to \$210,000, final payment due June 1, 2018, with interest rates of 1.2% to 9.5%	320,000
\$1,030,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2012 B, used for advanced Refunding of 2003, due in annual installments varying from \$285,000 to \$320,000, final payment due June 1, 2017, with interest rates of 3.15% to 3.85%	365,000
\$2,365,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2014B, used for park lands and culture and recreation facilities, due in annual installments varying from \$115,000 to \$125,000, final payment due March 1, 2034, with interest rates of 2.0% to 3.5%	2,250,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$5,245,000</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total General Obligation Bonds	\$1,050,000 _4,195,000 <u>\$5,245,000</u>
Revenue Bonds: \$8,640,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2015 dated January 1, 2016, used for capital improvements for public safety, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by dedicated sales tax, interest rates 2.0% to 4.25%, due in annual installments varying from \$245,000 to \$510,000, final payment due January 1, 2042	\$8,640,000
\$7,360,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2016 dated January 1, 2016, used for capital improvements for public safety, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by dedicated sales tax, interest rates 2.0% to 4.0%, due in annual installments varying from \$210,000 to \$430,000, final payment due January 1, 2042	_7,360,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$16,000,000
Current portion Non-current portion Total Revenue Bonds	\$0 <u>16,000,000</u> <u>\$16,000,000</u>

Capital Leases Payable: \$647,799 capital lease with Motorola for police radio equipment, due in annual installments of \$92,543, final payment due August 1, 2021,	
with no interest	\$ 555,256
\$66,418 capital lease with Motorola for fire radio equipment, due in annual installments of \$10,411, final payment due May 1, 2022, with interest rate of 3.21%	56,007
\$496,304 capital lease with Community First National Bank for fire pumper, due in monthly installments of \$5,747, final payment due May 1, 2016, with interest rate of 2.406%	329,547
Total Capital Leases Payable	<u>\$940,810</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Capital Leases Payable	\$162,860 
Accrued Compensated Absences: Current portion Non-current portion Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$180,411 <u>721,645</u> <u>\$902,056</u>
Business-Type Activities:	
As of June 30, 2016, the long-term debt payable from business-type activities resources consisted of following:	the
Notes Payable: 2003A OWRB SRF Note Payable dated January 1, 2003, original amount of \$1,200,000 with an annual administration fee of 0.5%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment September 15, 2022, used for sewer improvements.	\$389,991
2004A OWRB Note Payable dated April 1, 2004, original amount of \$950,806, with an annual interest rate of 0% plus 0.5% admin fee, installments due semiannually, final installment March 8, 2024, used for sewer improvements.	380,323
2005A OWRB Note Payable dated June 29, 2006, original amount of \$2,314,000 with an annual interest rate of 2.60%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment September 15, 2026, used for sewer improvements.	1,303,568
2006 OWRB Note Payable dated August 30, 2005, original amount of \$2,250,000 with an interest rate of 2.60% plus a .5% admin fee, with semi-annual payments, final payment due March 15, 2026, used for sewer improvements.	1,224,492
2009 OWRB SRF Note Payable dated December 9, 2009, original amount of \$5,631,709 with an interest rate of 3.11% with semi-annual payments, final payment due September 15, 2030, used for water improvements; remaining funds left to draw are \$187,337.	1,799,599

2012 OWRB Note Payable dated August 29, 2012, original amount of \$1,240,000 with a variable interest rate ranging from 0.25% to 4.00% plus a .5% admin fee, with semi-annual payments, final payment due September 1, 2022, used for refinancing 2003B OWRB Note that was issued for sewer improvements	895,000
2013 Note Payable dated October 1, 2013, original amount of \$1,020,000 with a annual interest rate ranging of 3.05%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment October 1, 2022, used for refinancing 2004B OWRB Note that was issued for sewer improvements.	765,000
Total Notes Payable	<u>\$6,757,973</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Notes Payable	\$663,953 6,094,020 \$6,757,973
Revenue Bonds:  2012 Series Utility System Revenue Bonds dated November 1, 2012, original amount of \$30,510,000, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rates from 2.0% to 4.0%, final maturity November 1, 2042, used for water and sewer improvements and pay off notes payable.	<u>\$28,495,000</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$690,000 27,805,000 \$28,495,000
Accrued Compensated Absences: Current portion Non-current portion Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$61,774 <u>251,711</u> <u>\$313,485</u>
Deposits Subject to Refund: Current portion Non-current portion Total Deposits Subject to Refund	\$146,298 <u>312,265</u> <u>\$458,563</u>

# Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Type of Debt Primary Government		Balance uly 1, 2015	<u>4</u>	Additions	<u>D</u>	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2016	Dι	Amounts ae Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Capital Leases Payable Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	6,255,000 - 1,104,003 839,788	\$	2,310,000 16,000,000 - 554,737	\$	3,320,000 - 163,193 492,469	\$	5,245,000 16,000,000 940,810 902,056	\$	1,050,000 - 162,860 180,411
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,198,791	\$	18,864,737	\$	3,975,662		23,087,866	\$	1,393,271
Plus: Net OPEB obligation (See Note	e 4A)							667,921		
Unamortized bond premium (Se	e Note	3E)						123,220		
Net pension liability (See Note	4A)							7,522,369		
							\$	31,401,376		
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Po- Due in one year Due in more than one year	sition:						\$	1,393,271 30,008,105 31,401,376		
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Deposits Subject to Refund	\$	7,411,830 29,170,000 276,030 455,305	\$	- - 190,250 92,885	\$	653,857 675,000 152,795 89,627	\$	6,757,973 28,495,000 313,485 458,563	\$	663,953 690,000 61,774 146,298
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	37,313,165	\$	283,135	\$	1,571,279		36,025,021	\$	1,562,025
Plus: Net OPEB obligation (See Note	e 4A)							295,761		
Unamortized bond premium (Se	e Note	3E)						39,663		
Less: Unamortized bond discount (S	See Note	e 3E)					\$	110,284 36,250,161		
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Po- Due in one year Due in more than one year	sition:						\$ \$	1,562,025 34,668,136 36,230,161		

The General, SSMA Water, SSMA Wastewater, SSMA Solid Waste, SSMA Airport, and SSMA Golf Course funds have been used to liquidate the net pension liability and net OPEB obligation.

# Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Primary Government

The debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	General Obl	igation Bonds	Revenu	e Bonds	Capital Leas	Capital Leases Payable				
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2017	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 102,583	\$ -	\$ 459,764	\$ 162,860	\$ 9,053				
2018	785,000	109,770	455,000	516,750	164,639	7,274				
2019	575,000	92,562	465,000	507,650	166,462	5,451				
2020	575,000	77,876	475,000	498,350	168,331	3,581				
2021	635,000	63,188	485,000	488,850	170,248	1,665				
2022-2026	625,000	207,500	2,580,000	2,054,253	108,270	336				
2027-2031	625,000	123,436	2,915,000	1,951,455	-	-				
2032-2036	375,000	25,752	3,475,000	1,392,387	-	-				
2037-2041	-	-	4,210,000	657,651	-	-				
2042			940,000	35,035						
Totals	\$ 5,245,000	\$ 802,667	\$16,000,000	\$ 8,562,145	\$ 940,810	\$ 27,360				

	Business-Type Activities						
	Notes P	ay able	2		Revenue Bor	nds F	ay able
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2017	\$ 663,953	\$	148,062	\$	690,000	\$	977,950
2018	673,919		133,040		705,000		964,000
2019	694,202		117,107		720,000		949,750
2020	709,534		101,429		735,000		932,444
2021	725,748		84,231		755,000		911,012
2022-2026	2,697,825		191,529		4,110,000		4,204,995
2027-2031	703,522		47,832		4,880,000		3,412,747
2032-2036	76,607		1,022		5,785,000		2,483,060
2037-2041	-		-		6,945,000		1,295,862
2042-2043	 -				3,170,000		123,200
Totals	\$ 6,945,310	\$	824,252	\$	28,495,000	\$	16,255,020
Remaining loan proceeds							
to be drawn	(187,337)						
	\$ 6,757,973						

# **Advance Refunding**

On May 1, 2016, the City issued \$2,310,000 General Obligation Refunding Series 2016, with annual interest rate varying from 2.5% to 2.75% to refund \$2,310,000 of the 2006 Series General Obligation Bonds. The proceeds were placed in escrow to pay the principal and interest at the next redemption date. As a result, the 2006 Series Bonds are considered to be paid in full and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$0. The City completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 5 years by \$89,202.

# 3.F. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

						3	TRANSFERS OUT					
				CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	SSMA		SSMA	SSMA	SSMA	SSMA		HER
TRANSFERS IN			GENERAL FUND	WATER/WASTEWATER FUND	WATE FUND		WASTEWATER FUND	SOLID WASTE FUND	GOLF FUND	STORMWATER FUND		IMENTAL NDS
TRANSPERS IIV			FUND	FUND	FUND		FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FU	NDS
Primary Government:												
Governmental Activities:												
Major Funds:												
General Fund	\$	1,198,556	\$ -	S -	\$	980,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	S -	S -	S	118,556
Street Improvement Fund		1,569,301	1,529,768	-		-	-	-	-	-		39,533
Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater Fund		12,792,085	-	-	12	2,792,085	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Project Funds		14,361,386	1,529,768		12	2,792,085						39,533
Sub-total Major Funds		15,559,942	1,529,768		13	3,772,085		100,000				158,089
Non-Major Funds		2,520,401	790,723			165,800	74,000	263,175	26,703	1,000,000		200,000
Total Governmental Activities		18,080,343	2,320,491		13	3,937,885	74,000	363,175	26,703	1,000,000		358,089
Business-Type Activities:												
Major Funds:												
SSMA Water Fund		3,859,536	3,059,536	800,000		-	-	-	-	-		-
SSMA Airport Fund		100,000	-	-		100,000	-	-	-	-		-
SSMA Golf Fund		220,000	-			220,000						
Total Business-Type Activities		4,179,536	3,059,536	800,000		320,000						
Total Primary Governemnt	s	22,259,879	\$ 5,380,027	\$ 800,000	\$ 14	1,257,885	\$ 74,000	\$ 363,175	\$ 26,703	\$ 1,000,000	s	358,089

Transfer From		Transfer To	Amount		Purpose of Transfer
General Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement	\$ 15,200	A	E911 wireless system
Short-Term Capital Improvement	*	General Fund	95,000	В	E911 wireless system
Sinking Fund	*	General Fund	3,556	В	Interest earnings
SSMA Water Fund	*	General Fund	980,000		Operating subsidy
SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	*	General Fund	100,000		Operating subsidy
SSMA Water Fund		Capital Improvement Fund	130,800	A	Capital asset purchases
General Fund	*	Street Improvement Fund	1,529,768		Sales taxtransfer
Park & Recreation Fund	*	General Fund	20,000	В	Operating subsidy
Park & Recreation Fund		2014 G.O. Bond Fund	200,000	A/B	Capital asset purchases
2006 G.O. Bond Fund	*	Street Improvement Fund	39,533	В	Capital asset purchases
General Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement	206,980	A	Capital asset purchases
General Fund		Capital Improvement Fund	36,100	A	Capital asset purchases
General Fund		T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center Fund	532,443	A	Property tax transfer
SSMA Golf Course Fund		Golf Course Capital Improvement	26,703	A	Capital asset purchases
Capital Improvement W&WW Fund	*	SSMA Water Fund	800,000		Debt service
SSMA Water Fund	*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund	9,732,549		Operating subsidy
General Fund	*	SSMA Water Fund	3,059,536		Sales tax trans fer
SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund		SSMA Capital Fund	74,000	A	Capital asset purchases
SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund		SSMA Capital Fund	263,175	A	Capital asset purchases
SSMA Stormwater Fund		Stormwater Capital Improvement	1,000,000	A	Operating subsidy
SSMA Water Fund	*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund	3,059,536		Sales tax trans fer
SSMA Water Fund	*	SSMA Golf Course Fund	220,000		Operating subsidy
SSMA Water Fund	*	SSMA Airport Fund	100,000		Operating subsidy
SSMA Water Fund		SSMA Capital Fund	35,000	A	Capital asset purchases
			\$ 22,259,879	-	
Denotes major fund					
Sub-tota	lof	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Transfers In	2,520,401	Sum	of A

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	Net Transfers	
Reconciliation to Fund Financials:	•		,		
Governmental Funds	\$ 18,080,343	\$	(6,538,116)	\$	11,542,227
Enterprise Funds	4,179,536		(15,721,763)		(11,542,227)
Total Transfers	\$ 22,259,879	\$	(22,259,879)	\$	-
Reconciliation to Statement of Activi Net Transfers Governmental Funds Net transfer for Capital project fun Capital outlay for governmental cap Capital assets transferred to govern	\$	11,542,227 (13,390,963) (14,251,338) 14,243,707			
Net Transfers/Internal Activity				\$	(1,856,367)

(358,089) Sum of B

Sub-total of Nonmajor Governmental Fund Transfers Out

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund			<u>Amount</u>		Nature of Interfund Balance		
SSMA Water	Vision 2025			491,902	Advance for project costs			
SSMA Water	Public Safety Capital Improvement			7,500 499,402	Adva	nce for project costs		
		Due From Other Funds		Due To her Funds	I	t Activity/ nternal Balances		
Reconciliation to Fund						<u> </u>		
Financial Statements:								
Governmental Funds	\$	-	\$	(499,402)	\$	(499,402)		
Enterprise Funds		499,402				499,402		
Total Interfund Balances	\$	499,402	\$	(499,402)	\$	<u> </u>		

# 3.G. FUND EQUITY

# **Fund Balance and Net Position:**

The following tables show the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position:

			Major Capital Project	Other		
	General	Street	Capital Improvement	Public Safety	Governmental	TOTAL
	Fund	Improvement	Water & Wastewater	Capital Improvement	Funds	101112
Fund Balances:				1		I.
Nonspendable:						
Inventory & prepaids	\$ 21,720	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,720
Sub-total Nonspendable	21,720	-	-	-	-	21,720
Restricted for:	, ,					
Animal Sterilization	21,148	_	_	_	-	21,148
Jail Reserves	100,480	_	_	_	-	100,480
Substance Abuse	92,473	_	_	_	-	92,473
Juvenile Programs	70,270		_	_	_	70,270
Economic Development	310,771	_	_	_	_	310,771
Streets	-	8,041,278	_	_	_	8,041,278
Housing Rehabilitation	_	-	_	_	51,563	51,563
License Plates	25,200	_	_	_	-	25,200
Public Safety Capital Improvements	20,200	_	_	15,122,635	_	15,122,635
Capital Improvements	_	_	_	-	109,349	109,349
Contract Wages	92,295	_	_	_	-	92,295
E911	,2,2,5	_	_		371,032	371,032
Utility Capital Projects	_	_	7,771,024		5/1,052	7,771,024
Debt Service	_	_	7,771,024	_	780,471	780,471
Sub-total Restricted	712,637	8,041,278	7,771,024	15,122,635	1,312,415	32,959,989
Assigned to:	/12,03/	0,041,270	7,771,024	13,122,033	1,312,413	32,939,969
Subsequent Year Budget	1,229,403					1,229,403
Community Center	310,675	-	-	-	-	310,675
Police	160,136	-	-	-	-	160,136
Fire	7,227	-	-	-	-	7,227
Alive at 25	5,191	-	-	-	-	5,191
		120.207	-	-	-	
Streets	-	129,206	-	-	-	129,206
Public Safety Capital Improvements	-	-	-	6,096	1 220 406	6,096
Capital Improvements	- 5 02 4	-	-	-	1,339,406	1,339,406
Parks	5,034	-	-	-	29,231	34,265
Energy Efficiency Projects	-	-	-	-	6	6
River City Crossing		-	-	-	51,225	51,225
South Side Park	-	-	-	-	10,750	10,750
Stormwater Projects	-	-		-	4,083,201	4,083,201
Utility Capital Projects	-	-	661,560	-	447,872	1,109,432
Golf Course	-	-	-	-	80,840	80,840
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	2,724	2,724
Other	871					871
Sub-total Assigned	1,718,537	129,206	661,560	6,096	6,045,255	8,560,654
Unassigned (deficit):	3,172,263	-	-	-	(34,926)	3,137,337
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,625,157	\$ 8,170,484	\$ 8,432,584	\$ 15,128,731	\$ 7,322,744	\$44,679,700

Enterprise Funds:

Restriced for Debt Service:

 Cash and Cash Equivalents
 \$ 861,787

 Investments
 1,754,118

 2,615,905

 Less: accrued interest payable
 (212,817)

Total Enterprise Fund Restricted Net Position \$ 2,403,088

#### NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

#### 4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan/System Type of Plan

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund

Plan

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund

Plan

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)

Defined Contribution Plan

 $Defined\ Contribution\ Plan-CMO$ 

Defined Contribution Plan - CMO Special Incentive

#### Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Systems

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) and additions to/deductions from OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Sand Springs, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/OPPRS">www.ok.gov/OPPRS</a>

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on

the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$214,512. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$197,487 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$197,218. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$22,670 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2015. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .5557%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$89,693. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 l Outflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	125,298	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	406,049		493,241	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24,916		1,814	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 214,512		-	
Total	\$ 645,477	\$	620,353	

The \$214,512 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

2017	\$ (87,742)
2018	(87,742)
2019	(87,742)
2020	79,621
2021	 (5,783)
Total	\$ (189,388)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 4.5% to 17% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using scale

AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully generational improvement using Scale

AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return		
Fixed income	2.24%		
Domestic equity	4.87%		
International equity	7.68%		
Real estate	5.47%		
Private Equity	5.80%		
Commodities	2.96%		

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The</u> following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	I	I% Decrease (6.5%)		Current Discount Rate (7.5%)		I% Increase (8.5%)	
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,361,547	\$	22,670	\$	(1,106,116)	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/OPPRS">www.ok.gov/OPPRS</a>.

#### Oklahoma Fire Pension and Retirement Systems

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS) and additions to/deductions from FPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Sand Springs, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs

<u>Benefits provided</u> - FPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have complete 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have complete 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 3 0 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$282,811. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$694,901 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$644,654. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$7,499,699 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2015. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .7066%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$655,634. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	148,170	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		265,868		824,916
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		101,017		-
City contributions during the measurement date		-		2,372
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		282,811		-
Total	\$	797,866	\$	827,288

The \$282,811 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

2017	\$ (154,904)
2018	(154,904)
2019	(154,904)
2020	120,068
2021	26,225
Thereafter	 6,186
Total	\$ (312,233)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 9.0% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	5.13%
Domestic equity	37%	8.02%
International equity	20%	9.94%
Real estate	10%	7.40%
Other assets	13%	6.25%

**Discount Rate**-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
		(6.5%)	R	ate (7.5%)		(8.5%)	
Employers' net pension liability	\$	9,737,573	\$	7,499,699	\$	5,622,784	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at <a href="www.ok.gov/fprs">www.ok.gov/fprs</a>.

### Defined Contribution Plan - OMRF

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Sand Springs Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase of Oklahoma City. The OMRF Plan issues a separate financial report that may be obtained from OMRF. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in state fire or police program and the City Manager. Employees are eligible on the employee's employment commencement date. Each employee shall be required to contribute 4% (not to exceed 10%) of his or her compensation. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions to the plan, under the government pick-up option, at a rate of 8% of covered payroll. The City has also elected the variable funding option. The contribution rate of the employer may be determined annually by the City council. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at a rate of 50% after completion of five years of service and then 10% per year for the next five years. The employee is fully vested after 10 years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are allocated back to remaining eligible participants. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the following amounts related to the defined contribution plan:

Employee contributions made	\$208,910
Employer (City) contributions made	\$409,320

#### Defined Contribution Plan – OMRF - CMO Plan

The City has also provided a defined contribution plan in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). The defined contribution plan is available to any person who is in the position of City Manager as of August 14, 2006. Employees are eligible on the employee's employment commencement date. The City has elected the variable funding option. The City intends to make a contribution to the Plan for the benefit of the participants on a monthly basis. The contribution may be varied from year to year by the City. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at 100% immediately upon the participation date. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council. The City contributes 13% to the plan and the employee does not contribute to the plan. The total contributions by the City for fiscal year 2016 were \$13,030 which is 100% of the required contribution.

### Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description: The City provides post-retirement benefit options for health care, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits for retired employees and their dependents that elect to make required contributions. The benefits are provided in accordance with State law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). The relationship for these benefits is not formalized in a contract or plan document, only a few sentences in the administrative policy. These benefits are considered for accounting purposes to be provided in accordance with a single employer substantive plan. A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the city and plan members. This understanding is based on communications between the employers and plan member and the historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs. Substantially all of the government's employees may become eligible for those post-retirement benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. As of June 30, 2016, approximately 7 retired employees are receiving benefits under this plan. The Plan does not have a separate, audited financial report prepared.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirement of the City is an implicit subsidy. The implicit subsidy is not a direct payment from the employer on behalf of the member but rather stems from retiree contribution levels that are less than the claims cost at retiree ages. Since claims experience for employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees are pooled when determining premiums, these retired members pay a premium based on a pool of members that, on average, are younger and healthier. There is an implicit subsidy from the employee group since the premiums paid by the retirees are lower than they would have been if the retirees were insured separately. The subsidies are valued using the difference between the age-based claims costs and the premium paid by the retiree. The amount required to fund the implicit rate is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2016 the City contributed \$14,273 to the plan. Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$14,273, or approximately 100 percent of the total premiums, through their required contribution of \$503.17 per month for retiree-only coverage and \$1,001.38 for retiree and spouse medical/dental coverage.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Annual required contribution	\$200,423
Interest on OPEB obligation	28,498
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(60,881)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	168,040
Contributions made	(14,273)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	153,767
Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year	809,915
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	\$963,682
Governmental Activities	\$667,921
Business-Type Activities	295,761
	\$963,682

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 was as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/20/11	0156 110	10.00/	#240.21 <b>7</b>
6/30/11	\$156,119	19.0%	\$349,317
6/30/12	\$156,118	19.0%	\$475,483
6/30/13	\$116,889	18.0%	\$565,815
6/30/14	\$110,866	19.0%	\$656,144
6/30/15	\$168,044	8.0%	\$809,915
6/30/16	\$168,040	8.0%	\$963,682

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 100% percent unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,545,544, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,545,544. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$8.2 million.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.35 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.87 percent in 2060, based upon dependent rates. There were no assets to determine the actuarial value of assets. Projected salary increases are assumed at 4%. The inflation rate assumed is 2.5% and the post-retirement benefit increases are included in the healthcare cost trend rate. The UAAL is being amortized over a closed 30 year period as level payments. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was twenty-three years.

#### 4.B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
<ul> <li>a. General Liability:</li> <li>- Torts</li> <li>- Errors and omissions</li> <li>- Police liability</li> <li>- Vehicle</li> </ul>	Purchased commercial insurance.	None
<ul><li>b. Physical Property:</li><li>Theft</li><li>Damage to assets</li><li>Natural disasters</li></ul>	All physical property except vehicles is insured through commercial insurance with deductible of \$1,000.	All physical property except vehicles - None
	Vehicle damage is not covered by insurance.	Vehicles - entire risk of loss retained through fund incurring the loss.
c. Workers Compensation: - Employee injuries	Participates in OMAG risk entity pool. Participation fee includes an actuarially determined amount held by OMAG as the loss reserve fund, to pay claims incurred. Claims are administered by the State Insurance Fund.	Specific aggregate stop loss coverage is provided by the State Insurance Fund and covers all claims above the loss reserve fund.
d. Health and Life: - Medical - Dental	All group health and life coverage is insured through a commercial carrier.	None

### OMAG Worker's Compensation

The title to all assets acquired by the Plan is vested in the Plan. In the event of termination of the Plan, such property shall belong to the then members of the Plan in equal shares. Each participating City pays for all costs, premiums, or other fees attributable to its respective participation in the Plan, policy or service established under the agreement establishing the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group, and is responsible for its obligations under any contract entered into with the Plan.

Reserves for policy and contract claims provide for reported claims on a case basis and a provision for incurred but not reported claims limited to specific retention levels for each member as outlined in the Plan's reinsurance agreement.

The Plan's worker's compensation coverage is reinsured for losses in excess of respective retention levels. The reinsurance agreement covers losses incurred within the effective period of the agreement. Each Plan member's liability for claims losses is limited to their individual retention levels as outlined in the Plan's reinsurance agreement.

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 4.C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### Contingencies:

### **Grant Program Involvement**

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

### Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. This statutory taxing ability is not available to the City's public trusts (Authorities).

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### Commitments:

### **Construction Projects**

At June 30, 2016, the City had several construction projects ongoing. The material projects are noted below:

Project	<u>C</u>	Total Contracts		emaining Contracts	Funding <u>Source</u>	
Main Street Improvements	\$	664,478	\$	39,356	Street Improvement Fund	
Spring Lake Campus		7,680,174		100,267	2012 Revenue Bond	
WWTP Improvements		14,889,104		2,409,147	2012 Revenue Bond	
Splashpads/Playgrounds-		1,280,279		1,940	GO Bond 14	
RCP and Pratt Civitan Parks						

#### Tax Increment Financing District

The City established a tax increment financing district (the "District") for the purpose of assisting an existing company within the City to expand its business. Under terms of the agreement, the Company agreed to relocate/expand its business on an underdeveloped parcel of land within the City. Pursuant to the agreement, sales tax generated within the District would be rebated by the City to the company on allowable construction costs incurred in the District as defined in the agreement. In addition, one hundred percent of the ad valorem tax generated within the District in excess of the base assessed value of the District is to be apportioned and used to reimburse the company for certain allowable project costs. The apportionment of ad valorem will terminate upon the final payment for all allowable project costs incurred, less previous apportionments of sales tax, but in no case shall extend beyond twenty-five years from the original effective date. During fiscal 2016, the ad valorem assessments on the District totaled \$532,443.

### 4.D. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued several new accounting pronouncements, which will be effective in subsequent years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements, the fiscal year in which they are effective, and the City's consideration of the impact of these pronouncements are described below:

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 – GASB No. 73 was issued in June 2015 and establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement is for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The City has not yet determined the impact that implementation of GASB 73 will have on its net position.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans - GASB No. 74 was issued in June 2015, and replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension

*Disclosures*. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The City has not yet determined the impact that implementation of GASB 74 will have on its net position.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – GASB No. 75 was issued in June 2015, and addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For a defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The City has not yet determined the impact that implementation of GASB 75 will have on its net position.

GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures - GASB 77 was issued in August 2015, and establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments. The disclosures required by this Statement encompass tax abatements resulting from both (a) agreements that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The City has not yet determined the impact that implementation of GASB 77 will have on its net position.

GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans GASB 78 was issued in December 2015, and amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The statement does not affect the System's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants - GASB 79 was issued in December 2015, and addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015, except for certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. Those provisions are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. At this time, the impact to the System is unknown.

GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 – GASB 80 was issued in January 2016, and amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. At this time, the impact to the System is unknown.

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* - GASB 81 was issued in March 2016, to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The System does not believe that GASB No. 81 will have significant impact on its financial statements.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information (RSI) includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Defined Benefit Cost Sharing Plans:
  - Police
    - Schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
    - Schedule of City contributions
  - Fire
    - Schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
    - Schedule of City contributions
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Notes to RSI Budgetary Comparison Schedule
- Schedule of OPEB Status and Funding Process

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.5255%	0.5557%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (176,923)	\$ 22,670
City's covered-employee payroll	\$1,522,161	\$ 1,649,772
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(11.62%)	1.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	101.53%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

### Notes to Schedule:

### SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2015	2016
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 204,866	\$ 214,512
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	 204,866	214,512
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,522,161	\$ 1,649,772
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.46%	13.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

### **Notes to Schedule:**

## Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.696226%	0.7066%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,159,629	\$ 7,499,699
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,941,928	\$ 2,020,060
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	369%	371%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.12%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

### Notes to Schedule:

### SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015		2016	
Statutorially required contribution	\$	271,870	\$	282,811
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution		271,870		282,811
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,941,928	\$	2,020,060
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.00%		14.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

### Notes to Schedule:

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$4,374,739	\$6,372,017	\$6,372,017	-	
Resources (Inflows):					
TAXES:					
Sales tax	10,798,180	10,798,180	10,708,375	(89,805)	
Use tax	402,360	402,360	405,819	3,459	
Hotel/Motel tax	157,200	157,200	193,952	36,752	
Incremental tax	750,000	1,172,336	110,107	(1,062,229)	
Franchise tax	838,700	838,700	792,394	(46,306)	
Video Provider Fee	30,000	30,000	50,705	20,705	
Emergency telephone tax	38,000	38,000	32,258	(5,742)	
VOIP fees	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)	
Abatement fees	25,000	25,000	34,015	9,015	
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,155,739	1,155,739	1,161,172	5,433	
Total Taxes	14,205,179	14,627,515	13,488,797	(1,138,718)	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL:					
Taxes	213,200	213,200	213,542	342	
Cigarette tax	125,000	125,000	127,808	2,808	
Grants	· -	269,966	242,538	(27,428)	
Total Intergovernmental	338,200	608,166	583,888	(24,278)	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:					
Court costs	181,500	150,000	152.567	2.567	
Zoning and inspection fees	84,000	84,000	61,570	(22,430)	
Park and recreation fees	62,300	62,300	97,860	35,560	
Fire run fees	2.000	2.000	1,875	(125)	
Fire protection fee	158,000	158,000	159,394	1,394	
First responder runs	20,000	20,000	8,200	(11,800)	
First responder fees	242,000	242,000	243,747	1,747	
EMSA fees	266,000	266,000	271,486	5,486	
Other fees	25,380	25,380	17,237	(8,143)	
Total Charges for Services	1,041,180	1,009,680	1,013,936	4,256	
FINES AND FORFEITURES	339,000	376,500	278,610	(97,890)	
				(5:,525)	
LICENSES AND PERMITS:	407 400	407 400	400.000	(4.400)	
Licenses Permits	107,400 49,600	107,400 49,600	106,238 32,328	(1,162) (17,272)	
Total Licenses and Permits	157,000	157,000	138,566	(18,434)	
OTHER:					
Capital lease proceeds	-	67,914	-	(67,914)	
Transfers from other funds	1,176,500	1,196,500	1,198,556	2,056	
Interest on taxes	5,000	5,000	4,985	(15)	
Interest	7,000	7,000	12,001	5,001	
Other	265,000	272,000	296,474	24,474	
Total Other	1,453,500	1,548,414	1,512,016	(36,398)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	17,534,059	18,327,275	17,015,813	(1,311,462)	
Amounts available for appropriation	21,908,798	24,699,292	23,387,830	(1,311,462)	

(Continued)

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:					
General Administration:					
Materials and supplies	\$ 700	\$ 1,700	\$ 633	\$ 1,067	
Other services and charges	158,125	174,235	118,900	55,335	
Total General Administration	158,825	175,935	119,533	56,402	
Municipal Court:					
Personal services	176,655	182,210	144,787	37,423	
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	1,825 18,151	2,800 19,651	1,999 15,684	801 3,967	
Total Municipal Court	196,631	204.661	162,470	42,191	
·	190,031	204,001	162,470	42,191	
City Manager: Personal services	335,480	348,746	345,937	2,809	
Materials and supplies	1,465	1,463	1,248	215	
Other services and charges	2,600	4,580	4,367	213	
Total City Manager	339,545	354,789	351,552	3,237	
City Clerk:					
Personal services	151,895	160,190	124,926	35,264	
Materials and supplies	2,500	4,300	3,068	1,232	
Other services and charges	14,420	14,620	10,665	3,955	
Total City Clerk	168,815	179,110	138,659	40,451	
Information Services:					
Personal services	131,146	136,206	127,643	8,563	
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	5,925 178,682	6,025 178,822	5,690 145,654	335 33,168	
Total Information Services	315,753	321,053	278,987	42,066	
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,179,569	1,235,548	1,051,201	184,347	
PLANNING AND ZONING:					
Planning and Development:	132,333	137,913	124.060	2,944	
Personal services Materials and supplies	1,300	1,330	134,969 672	2,944 658	
Other services and charges	20,140	20,110	16,711	3,399	
TOTAL PLANNING AND ZONING	153,773	159,353	152,352	7,001	
FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION:					
Human Resources:					
Personal services	172,696	187,142	171,690	15,452	
Materials and supplies	4,310	5,265	5,045	220	
Other services and charges	13,289	12,219	10,315	1,904	
Total Human Resources	190,295	204,626	187,050	17,576	
Finance:					
Personal services	409,135	425,450	365,655	59,795	
Materials and supplies	6,524	6,629	3,016	3,613	
Other services and charges	167,876	207,597	110,327	97,270	
Total Finance	583,535	639,676	478,998	160,678	
City Attorney:	04.400	00.400	00.046	4 ===	
Personal services Materials and supplies	21,109	22,188 1	20,610	1,578 1	
Other services and charges	83,700	83,700	80,176	3,524	
Total City Attorney	104,809	105,889	100,786	5,103	
TOTAL FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION	878,639	950,191	766,834	183,357	
TO THE FRANCIAL ADMINISTRATION	070,039	330,131	100,034		
				(Continued)	

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

				Variance with
		d Amounts	Actual	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY:				
Police:				
Personal services	\$ 3,044,605	\$ 3,052,255	\$ 2,788,213	\$ 264,042
Materials and supplies	194,658	179,788	124,538	55,250
Other services and charges	57,526	57,526	46,338	11,188
Total Police	3,296,789	3,289,569	2,959,089	330,480
Emergency Management:				
Personal services	37,409	39,253	37,978	1,275
Materials and supplies	5,921	5,506	1,572	3,934
Other services and charges	14,892	15,193	10,660	4,533
Total Emergency Management	58,222	59,952	50,210	9,742
Animal Control:				
Personal services	87,851	94,949	93,039	1,910
Materials and supplies	16,480	9,480	7,655	1,825
Other services and charges	1,356	19,046	16,868	2,178
Total Animal Control	105,687	123,475	117,562	5,913
Communications:				
Personal services	462,750	463,180	449,480	13,700
Materials and supplies	17,945	10,945	9,735	1,210
Other services and charges	118,193	130,193	126,169	4,024
Total Communications	598,888	604,318	585,384	18,934
Fire:				
Personal services	3,104,544	3,079,707	2,869,832	209,875
Materials and supplies	122,292	107,779	91,101	16,678
Other services and charges	323,005	323,120	267,372	55,748
Capital outlay	67,914	242,914	178,283	64,631
Total Fire	3,617,755	3,753,520	3,406,588	346,932
Neighborhood Services:				
Personal services	266,077	264.977	239,404	25.573
Materials and supplies	10,150	9,150	2,502	6,648
Other services and charges	82,516	92,516	87,188	5,328
Total Neighborhood Services	358,743	366,643	329,094	37,549
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	8,036,084	8,197,477	7,447,927	749,550
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:				
Street and Alley:				
Personal services	495,558	495,558	365,622	129,936
Materials and supplies	206,670	206,670	91,315	115,355
Other services and charges	245,956	245,956	171,604	74,352
TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND STREETS	948,184	948,184	628,541	319,643
HEALTH AND WELFARE:				
Senior Citizens:				
Personal services	24,053	24,543	23,842	701
Materials and supplies	8,070	8,070	3,224	4,846
Other services and charges	1,999	1,999	1,511	488
TOTAL HEALTH AND WELFARE	34,122	34,612	28,577	6,035
. C C C C C C C C		07,012	20,011	(Continued)
				(Continued)

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
CULTURE AND RECREATION:				
Parks and Recreation: Personal services	\$ 551,548	\$ 570,215	\$ 555,959	\$ 14,256
Materials and supplies	128,155	137,001	118,758	18,243
Other services and charges	384,603	427,170	347,166	80,004
Capital outlay		173,786	112,807	60,979
Total Parks and Recreation	1,064,306	1,308,172	1,134,690	173,482
Museum:	0.040	10.270	0.606	672
Personal services Materials and supplies	9,848 5,400	10,279 8,073	9,606 6,701	673 1,372
Other services and charges	31,899	31,810	27,970	3,840
Total Museum	47,147	50,162	44,277	5,885
TOTAL CULTURE AND RECREATION	1,111,453	1,358,334	1,178,967	179,367
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT:				
Economic Development: Personal services	71,818	76,437	74,689	1,748
Materials and supplies	500	500	191	309
Other services and charges	262,608	277,577	267,535	10,042
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	9,460	540
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	344,926	364,514	351,875	12,639
FACILITIES MANAGEMENT AND FLEET MAINTENANCE:				
Facilities Management:				
Personal services	242,839	246,384	243,905	2,479 49,938
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	116,650 188,008	110,689 189,354	60,751 155,489	33,865
Total Facilities Management	547,497	546,427	460,145	86,282
Fleet Maintenance:				
Personal services	249,160	243,450	231,380	12,070
Materials and supplies	15,835	19,060	9,396	9,664
Other services and charges	34,090	28,654	27,387	1,267
Total Fleet Maintenance	299,085	291,164	268,163	23,001
TOTAL FACILITIES MANAGEMENT AND FLEET MAINTENANCE	846,582	837,591	728,308	109,283
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers to other funds  Debt service:	5,636,073	6,058,409	5,380,027	678,382
Capital lease principal	162,782	163.202	163,192	10
Capital lease interest	8,721	9,021	9,020	1
Total Other Financing Uses	5,807,576	6,230,632	5,552,239	678,393
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	19,340,908	20,316,436	17,886,821	2,429,615
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 2,567,890	\$ 4,382,856	5,501,009	\$ 1,118,153
Less:				
Encumbrances Ending Unobligated Budgetary Fund Balance			(61,137) \$ 5,439,872	
			\$ 5,439,872	
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes Total Resources per Budgetary Comparison Schedule Add State Fire and Police pension on-behalf payments	S III FUIIU DAIAIICE	s.	\$ 17,015,813 892,388	
Add Special Programs sub-fund account revenues  Add Proceeds from contributed assets			42,868 16,700	
Less transfer in	ana in Frank Dale		(1,198,556)	
Total Revenues per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Char	nges in runa Bala	ance	\$ 16,769,213	
Total Charges to Appropriations per Budgetary Comparison Schedule	Э		\$ 17,886,821	
Add State Fire and Police pension on-behalf payments Add Special Programs sub-fund account expenditures			892,388 37,841	
Add contributed assets			16,700	
Less transfer out	–		(5,380,027)	
Total Expenditures per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and C	hanges in Fund E	Balance	\$ 13,453,723	

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

### **Budgetary Accounting**

The City prepares its budget for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not considered expenditures for budgetary purposes, but are reported as a assignment of fund balance since the City intends to honor the commitments and provide for supplemental appropriations in the following budget year. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

### **CITY OF SAND SPRINGS**

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF OPEB STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

### **JUNE 30, 2016**

### Required Supplementary Information

The funded status and funding progress of the City's defined benefit OPEB plan for the most recent actuarial valuations is as follows:

	July 1, 2010
Actuarial accrued liability - AAL (a) Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	\$1,319,030
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability – UAAL (funding excess) (a) – (b)	\$1,319,030
Funded ratio (b)/(a) Covered payroll (c)	0% \$6,819,000
UAAL (funding excess) as a % of covered payroll [UAAL/(c)]	19%
	July 1, 2012
Actuarial accrued liability - AAL (a)	\$1,089,982
Actuarial value of plan assets (b) Unfunded actuarial accrued liability – UAAL (funding excess) (a) – (b)	\$1,089,982
Funded ratio (b)/(a) Covered payroll (c)	0% \$7,501,000
UAAL (funding excess) as a % of covered payroll [UAAL/(c)]	15%
	July 1, 2014
Actuarial accrued liability - AAL (a) Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	\$1,375,683
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability – UAAL (funding excess) (a) – (b)	\$1,375,683
Funded ratio (b)/(a) Covered payroll (c)	0% \$8,170,000
UAAL (funding excess) as a % of covered payroll [UAAL/(c)]	17%

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information (OSI) includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Combining Schedules General fund accounts
- Combining Statements Non-major governmental funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Non-major governmental funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major governmental funds (capital project funds and debt service)
- Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Units
- Schedule of Debt Coverage

### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet General Fund Accounts June 30, 2016

	Ge	neral Fund	Pı	Special rograms account	Total
ASSETS					 
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,466,723	\$	99,453	\$ 2,566,176
Investments		1,412,604		50,623	1,463,227
Deposits with insurance pool		307,608		· -	307,608
Accrued interest receivable		2,067		-	2,067
Taxes receivable, net		170,161		-	170,161
Receivable from other governments		1,479,444		-	1,479,444
Court fines receivable, net		174,843		-	174,843
Other receivables		308,727		-	308,727
Inventories		20,132		-	20,132
Prepaid items		1,588		-	1,588
Total assets	\$	6,343,897	\$	150,076	\$ 6,493,973
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable to other governments Other accrued expenses Amounts held in escrow Other payables Total liabilities	\$	162,572 144,962 242,440 40,606 25,018 615,598	\$	- - - - 25,928 25,928	\$ 162,572 144,962 242,440 40,606 50,946 641,526
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Deferred revenues		227,290		-	227,290
Fund balances:					
Non-spendable		21,720		-	21,720
Restricted		712,637		-	712,637
Assigned		1,594,389		124,148	1,718,537
Unassigned		3,172,263		· -	3,172,263
Total fund balances		5,501,009		124,148	 5,625,157
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	6,343,897	\$	150,076	\$ 6,493,973

## City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	G	eneral Fund	P	Special rograms Account	_	Total
REVENUES Tayon	r.	12 120 002	œ		æ	40 400 000
Taxes Fees and fines	\$	13,438,092 278,610	\$	39,066	\$	13,438,092 317,676
		,		39,066		,
Licenses and permits		138,566		-		138,566
Intergovernmental		1,644,473		-		1,644,473
Charges for services Investment earnings		1,013,936		1,055		1,013,936
Miscellaneous		42,733		,		43,788
Total revenues		169,935		2,747		172,682
rotal revenues		16,726,345	-	42,868		16,769,213
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		1,051,201		-		1,051,201
Planning and zoning		152,352		-		152,352
Financial administration		766,834				766,834
Public Safety		8,162,032		37,841		8,199,873
Highways and streets		628,541		-		628,541
Health and welfare		28,577		-		28,577
Culture and recreation		1,066,160		-		1,066,160
Community and economic development		342,415		-		342,415
Facilities management and fleet maintenance		728,308		-		728,308
Debt Service:						
Principal		163,192		-		163,192
Interest and other charges		9,020		-		9,020
Capital Outlay		317,250		-		317,250
Total expenditures		13,415,882		37,841		13,453,723
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,310,463		5,027		3,315,490
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		1,198,556		-		1,198,556
Transfers out		(5,380,027)		-		(5,380,027)
Total other financing sources and uses		(4,181,471)		-		(4,181,471)
Net change in fund balances		(871,008)	-	5,027		(865,981)
Fund balances - beginning		6,372,017		119,121		6,491,138
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,501,009	\$	124,148	\$	5,625,157

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	SPE	SPECIAL REV	REVENUE FUNDS	NDS					CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	OJECT	FUNDS				
	CDRG Home				,	Short-Term	ပြ	Community							
	Investment	ment			0	Capital	8 8	Block Grant -	T.I.D. #1	_	Park and			Airport	ort
G F L G G G	Partnership	rship	Visi	Vision 2025	Impr	Improvements		EDIF	Cimarron Center	~	Recreation	ODOC EECBG	ر ق	Construction	rction
ASSELS Cash and cash equivalents	↔	51,563	↔	٠	€	626,104	€	26,050	• <del>•</del>	€9	29,231	↔	9	€9	83,299
Investments Accrued interest receivable Receivable from other governments				- - 491,902		6,209									
Total assets	↔	51,563	₩	491,902	↔	632,313	↔	26,050		↔	29,231	<del>\$</del>	9	\$	83,299
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	ALANCES														
Accounts payable Due to other funds	€		↔	34,926 491,902	<del>⇔</del>		↔		 ↔	↔		↔		€	
Total liabilities		1		526,828		-							  -		
Deferred inflows of resources:															
Deferred revenues		1		•		•		•			•		1		'
Fund balances:															
Restricted		51,563		•		371,032		26,050	•		•				83,299
Assigned		•		•		261,281		•	•		29,231		9		•
Unassigned (deficit)		•		(34,926)					•		-				•
Total fund balances		51,563		(34,926)		632,313		26,050	•		29,231		9		83,299
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	€	51,563	ક	491,902	છ	632,313	<del>s</del>	26,050	· \$	છ	29,231	€	9	\$	83,299

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

				CAPITAL PR	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS			DEBT SERVICE FUND	
	Capital Improvement	Stormwater Capital Improvement	SSMA Capital	2002 General Obligation Bond Fund	2006 General Obligation Bond Fund	2014 GO Capital Improvement	Golf Course Capital Improvement	Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable	\$ 838,359 91,121	\$ 2,830,599 1,251,413 2,513	\$ 447,872	 ⊕	\$ 18,852 50	\$ 281,026	\$ 80,840	\$ 322,952 440,000 1,009	\$ 5,636,753 1,782,584 3,522
Receivable from other governments Total assets	\$ 929,480	\$ 4,084,525	\$ 447,872	\$	\$ 18,902	\$ 281,026	\$ 80,840	281,123 \$ 1,045,084	779,234 \$ 8,202,093
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BAL	۲ <b>۲</b>								
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 611	 ↔	 ↔	· ·		\$ 88,697	· ·	 ↔	\$ 124,234 491,902
Total liabilities	611		1	1		88,697			616,136
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred revenues		1,324	•	•		•		261,889	263,213
Fund balances: Restricted	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	780,471	1,312,415
Assigned Hnaccinned (deficit)	928,869	4,083,201	447,872		18,902	192,329	80,840	2,724	6,045,255
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	928,869 \$ 929,480	4,083,201 \$ 4,084,525	447,872 \$ 447,872	₩	18,902 \$ 18,902	192,329 \$ 281,026	80,840 \$ 80,840	783,195 \$ 1,045,084	7,322,744 \$ 8,202,093

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	SPECIAL	- REVEN	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND			CAPIT	AL PROJE	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS		
	CDBG Home Investment Partnership		Vision 2025	Short-Term Capital	Community Development Block Grant - EDIF	T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center		Park and Recreation	ODOC EECBG	Airport Construction
<b>REVENUES</b> Taxes	↔	<i>↔</i>   '		\$ 97,514	€	€		,	€	€
Intergovernmental			603,364					- 000 F		354,139
Investment earnings		24		58			33	15		- 12
Miscellaneous Total revenues			603,364	69,671 167,243			33	4,015		354,151
EXPENDITURES  Ourrent										
Community development Debt Service:			1	1	•	532,443	43	•	1	1
Principal Interest and other charact										
Capital Outlay			638,290	153,461						390,960
Total expenditures		  -	638,290	153,461		532,443	43			390,960
expenditures		24	(34,926)	13,782		(532,410)	10)	4,015	1	(36,809)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds and premiums from long-term debt			,	•	•					
Payment to refunding/escrow account Transfers in				- 222 180		532 443	- 43			
Transfers out		  -	'	(95,000)			 : • :	(220,000)		•
lotal other financing sources and uses			1	127,180	•	532,443	84	(220,000)	1	•
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	24 539	24	(34,926)	140,962	- 26.050		33	(215,985)	۱ دو	(36,809)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 51,563	33	(34,926)	\$ 632,313	↔	↔	<b>⇔</b>	29,231	9	\$ 83,299

City of Sand Springs
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS  FUND  FUND	Stormwater 2002 General 2006 General Golf Course Total Other Capital Obligation Bond Obligation Bond Obligation Bond Fund Improvement Improvement Fund Fund Fund Funds	\$ . \$ . \$ . 1250,740 \$ 1348,254 999,503 13,710 39 . 8 . 90 8 . 3696 19,672 13,710 10,400 . 8 . 1,254,436 2,493,961	532,443		372,175 - (39,533) - 200,000 26,70 - 2	
CAPITAL PROJEC			•			
	2002 Obliga F	↔				
	SSMA Capital	10,3	•	94,620	372,175	287,955 159,917
	Stormwater Capital Improvement		•	287,361	1,000,000	726,349
	Capital Improvement	\$ 42,000 1,979 43,979	ī	27,417	166,900	183,462 745,407
			XPENDITURES urrent: Community development	Principal Interest and other charges Capital Outlay Total expenditures Total expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds and premiums from long-term debt Payment to refunding/escrow account Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		SPECIA COMMUNITY DEVE HOME INVEST	SPECIAL REVENUE - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP	RANT		CAPII SHORT-TERM C	CAPITAL PROJECT - SHORT-TERM CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	MENTS
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Taxes Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 20	**************************************	*	S - 1	\$ 95,000 20,526 200.	\$ 95,000 20,526 200 34,788	\$ 97,514	\$ 2.514 (20.526) (142) (142) 34,883
Total Revenues	20	20	24	4	115,726	150,514	167,243	16,729
Expenditures: Parks and Recreation: Capital outlay			•	,		,	•	
Total Parks and recreation								
Facilities Management: Capital outlay	•				26,000	26,000		26,000
Police: Capital outlay	•	٠	•		123,080	153,612	151,785	1,827
Total Police		•	•		123,080	153,612	151,785	1,827
Emergency Management: Capital outlay			•			5,545	1,676	3,869
Total Fire						5,545	1,676	3,869
Streets: Capital outlay					157,900	160,979	•	160,979
Public Works: Capital outlay						7,808	•	7,808
Total Expenditures		'	•		306,980	353,944	153,461	200,483
Revenues over (under) expenditures	20	20	24	4	(191,254)	(203,430)	13,782	217,212
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					222,180 (95,000)	222,180 (95,000)	222,180 (95,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					127,180	127,180	127,180	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	20	20	24	4	(64,074)	(76,250)	140,962	217,212
Fund Balance - beginning of year	51,536	51,539	51,539	•	478,184	491,351	491,351	•
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 51,556	\$ 51,559	\$ 51,563	\$	\$ 414,110	\$ 415,101	\$ 632,313	\$ 217,212

(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

	o	CAPITAL PROJECT - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT - EDIF	CAPITAL PROJECT - EVELOPMENT BLOCK GRA	NT - EDIF		CAPI PARK	CAPITAL PROJECT - PARK AND RECREATION	
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted Amount€	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Bavenies:	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Taxes Intercovernmental	€9	. 155.910		\$ (155 910)	· ·		· · ·	€
Charges for services	•			(25,001)	7,000	7,000	4,000	(3,000)
Miscellaneous		•	•		3	3	2 '	(cot)
Total Revenues		155,910		(155,910)	7,500	7,500	4,015	(3,485)
Expenditures: Parks and Recreation: Capital outlay		•	•		•	•	•	
Streets: Capital outlay	•	155,910	•	155,910	•	•	•	
Wastewater: Capital outlay						•		1
Total Expenditures		155,910		155,910		•	·	,
Revenues over (under) expenditures	•	•	•	•	7,500	7,500	4,015	(3,485)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out						(220,000)	(220,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(220,000)	(220,000)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		٠			7,500	(212,500)	(215,985)	(3,485)
Fund Balance - beginning of year	26,314	26,050	26,050		245,403	245,216	245,216	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 26,314	\$ 26,050	\$ 26,050	•	\$ 252,903	\$ 32,716	\$ 29,231	\$ (3,485)

(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		CAPITA T.I.D. #1 CIM	CAPITAL PROJECT - T.I.D. #1 CIMARRON CENTER			CAPI	CAPITAL PROJECT - ODOC EECBG	
	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts inal Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	· ·	·	·	. ·	υ •	65	€	· ·
Intergovernmental	•	,	,	•	,	,	,	,
Charges for services Investment income			. 83	. 88				
Miscellaneous	•	i	'	'	•		,	
Total Revenues			33	33				
Expenditures: Economic Development: Capital Outlay	750,000	1,172,336	532,443	639,893				
Community Development: Other Services and Charges		•	•	•	•		•	•
Facilities Management: Capital Outlay				•		•		
Street: Capital Outlay			•			1	•	
Total Expenditures	750,000	1,172,336	532,443	639,893	1	1	•	•
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(750,000)	(1,172,336)	(532,410)	639,926	•	•		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	750,000	1,172,336	532,443	(639,893)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	750,000	1,172,336	532,443	(639,893)				
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	•	٠	33	33				•
Fund Balance - beginning of year	•	(33)	(33)	•	•	9	9	•
Fund Balance - end of year	↔	\$ (33)	\$	\$ 33	· \$	\$	9 \$	\$

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		CAPITA CAPITAL	CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT			CAPI STORMWATER	CAPITAL PROJECT · STORMWATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	EMENT
	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Integovernmental Charges for services	æ	168,000	\$ 42,000	\$ (126,000)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		&	e9
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	1,500	169,500	43,979	(125,521)	000'5	2000's	13,710	8,710
Expenditures: Current Fleet Maintenance: Capital Outlay	10,000	10,000	•	10,000	,	•	•	
Economic Development: Capital Outlay	49,880	436,317	7,563	428,754				
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay	•	217,874	14,244	203,630	•	•		
Streets: Capital Outlay		15,817		15,817	•	1	1	
Emergency Management: Capital Outlay	•	4,660	•	4,660		•	1	
Facilities Management: Capital Outlay	26,100	60,457		60,457		•	1	
Public Works: Capital Outlay		2,000		7,000			•	•
Golf Course: Capital Outlay	•	113,862	5,610	108,252			•	
Water: Capital Outlay	70,800	60,800	•	908'09		•		
Stormwater: Capital Outlay		•			1,053,351	4,335,000	287,361	4,047,639
Total Expenditures	156,780	926,787	27,417	899,370	1,053,351	4,335,000	287,361	4,047,639
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(155,280)	(757,287)	16,562	773,849	(1,048,351)	(4,330,000)	(273,651)	4,056,349
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	166,900	166,900	166,900		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	166,900	166,900	166,900		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	11,620	(590,387)	183,462	773,849	(48,351)	(3,330,000)	726,349	4,056,349
Fund Balance - beginning of year	69,954	745,407	745,407	1	74,073	3,356,852	3,356,852	•
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 81,574	\$ 155,020	\$ 928,869	\$ 773,849	\$ 25,722	\$ 26,852	\$ 4,083,201	\$ 4,056,349
								(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		CAPITAL PROJ	CAPITAL PROJECT - SSMA CAPITAL	ı		CAPITAL PRO	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2002 G.O. BOND	BOND
	Budgeted Amounts Orlginal	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Ravenues: Taves Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	ea	*	\$	\$ 24 10.361	 Э	φ	φ.	φ.
Total Revenues	15	15	10,400	10,385				
Expenditures: Ourrent: Water: Capital Outlay	35,000	35,000	27,551	7,449	•		•	
Engineering: Capital Outlay		•	•				•	,
Wastewater: Capital Outlay	74,000	74,000	38,683	35,317			•	
Police: Capital Outlay		•	•				•	,
Fire: Capital Outlay	•	•	•	•	•			
Parks & Recreation: Capital Outlay	•	1	•			,	1	•
Solid Waste: Capital Outlay	263,175	265,675	28,386	237,289			•	
Environmental Compliance: Capital Outlay	•	•	•		•		•	•
Total Expenditures	372,175	374,675	94,620	280,055	1			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(372,160)	(374,660)	(84,220)	290,440	•			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	372,175	372,175	372,175					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	372,175	372,175	372,175					
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	15	(2,485)	287,955	290,440	•		•	•
Fund Balance - beginning of year	22,587	159,917	159,917		,			
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 22,602	\$ 157,432	\$ 447,872	\$ 290,440	· •	· •	· \$	•

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

CAPITAL PROJECT -

		CAPITAL PROJ	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2006 G.O. BOND	<b>-</b>		GOLF COURSE	GOLF COURSE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	FMENT
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	€9	υ	€	49		· ·	69	
Intergovernmental		,			,		,	
Charges for services Investment income	- 01	- 01	. 8	(2)	- 10	- 10	. 80	(2)
Miscellaneous	•							
Total Revenues	10	10	80	(2)	10	10	80	(2)
Expenditures: Park and Recreation:								
Capital Outlay								
Fire: Capital Outlay		26,396	7,500	18,896				•
Golf Course: Capital Outlay			•		25,000	54,129		54,129
Wastewater: Capital Outlay	•							
Total Expenditures	•	26,396	7,500	18,896	25,000	54,129		54,129
Revenues over (under) expenditures	10	(26,386)	(7,492)	18,894	(24,990)	(54,119)	ω	54,127
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1 1	. (39,531)	(39,533)	. (2)	25,500	25,500	26,703	1,203
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1	(39,531)	(39,533)	(2)	25,500	25,500	26,703	1,203
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	10	(65,917)	(47,025)	18,892	510	(28,619)	26,711	55,330
Fund Balance - beginning of year	33,842	65,927	65,927	•	969	54,129	54,129	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 33,852	\$ 10	\$ 18,902	\$ 18,892	\$ 1,205	\$ 25,510	\$ 80,840	\$ 55,330 (Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		2014 G.O. CAF	2014 G.O. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT			AIRPOR	AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION	
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental	 ∽	· ·	· ·	· · ·		\$ 380,895	\$	. (26,756)
Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	150	- 150 72,500	- 90 42,500	(60) (30,000)	· '		. 12	
Total Revenues	150	72,650	42,590	(30,060)	5	380,900	354,151	(26,749)
Expenditures: Current: Finance: Capital Outlay		3,093		3,093			,	
Airport: Capital Outlay		•	'	•	3,120	480,491	390,960	89,531
Parks & Recreation: Capital Outlay		1,530,869	1,334,433	196,436		•		•
Museum: Capital Outlay		299,922	293,008	6,914		•		•
Golf Course: Capital Outlay		20,947	7,631	13,316	•	•	•	
Total Expenditures	•	1,854,831	1,635,072	219,759	3,120	480,491	390,960	89,531
Revenues over (under) expenditures	150	(1,782,181)	(1,592,482)	189,699	(3,115)	(99,591)	(36,809)	62,782
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		200,000	200,000					•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		200,000	200,000		1			
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	150	(1,582,181)	(1,392,482)	189,699	(3,115)	(99,591)	(36,809)	62,782
Fund Balance - beginning of year	2,441	1,584,811	1,584,811	•	13,632	120,108	120,108	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,630	\$ 192,329	\$ 189,699	\$ 10,517	\$ 20,517	\$ 83,299	\$ 62,782

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		NIS	VISION 2025			DEBT	DEBT SERVICE FUND	
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
revenues: Taxes	. ↔		· &		\$ 1,335,530	\$ 1,335,530	\$ 1,250,740	\$ (84,790)
Intergovernmental Charges for services		3,305,301	603,364	(2,701,937)				
Investment income					1,750	1,750	3,696	1,946
Miscellaneous								•
Total Revenues		3,305,301	603,364	(2,701,937)	1,337,280	1,337,280	1,254,436	(82,844)
Expenditures: Water: Capital Outlay	1							
Parks & Recreation: Capital Outlay		3,305,301	638,290	2,667,011				
Wastewater: Capital Outlay								
Debt Service					1,101,888	3,610,625	3,609,999	626
Total Expenditures	•	3,305,301	638,290	2,667,011	1,101,888	3,610,625	3,609,999	626
Revenues over (under) expenditures			(34,926)	(34,926)	235,392	(2,273,345)	(2,355,563)	(82,218)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Long-term debt proceeds Transfers out					. (1,500)	2,403,317 (1,500)	2,403,316 (3,556)	(1) (2,056)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					(1,500)	2,401,817	2,399,760	(2,057)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			(34,926)	(34,926)	233,892	128,472	44,197	(84,275)
Fund Balance - beginning of year	•	•	1	•	833,206	738,998	738,998	•
Fund Balance - end of year	· •	· •	\$ (34,926)	\$ (34,926)	\$ 1,067,098	\$ 867,470	\$ 783,195	\$ (84,275)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

		CAPITAL PROJECT - STREET IMPROVEMENT	STREET IMPROVEM	ENT	CAPITAL	PROJECT - CAPITAL	CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT WATER/WASTEWATER	'ER/WASTEWATEF	CAPITA	CAPITAL PROJECT - PUBLIC SAFETY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	C SAFETY CAPITAL	IMPROVEMENT
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Takes integovermmental Chargas for services Investment income Miscellameous	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,750,000 25,000		\$ (1,750,000)	000°02 000°02 9°000°02	000,07	\$ - - 46,350 27,539 777	\$ (23,650) 21,539 777		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	960'9	960'9
Total Revenues	25,000	1,775,000	64,575	(1,710,425)	76,000	76,000	74,666	(1,334)			960'9	960'9
Expenditures: Finance: Capital Outlay										710,139	696,715	13,424
Police: Capital Outlay										7,556,568	13,399	7,543,169
Fire: Capital Outlay		•							1	7,306,567		7,306,567
Water: Capital Outlay					1,616,997	4,189,765	2,119,158	2,070,607	1			
Wastewater: Capital Outlay					814,712	13,907,743	9,456,898	4,450,845				
Public Works: Capital Outlay			·		•	2,205,226	1,894,710	310,516				
Street: Capital Outlay	1,596,395	10,807,562	1,029,754	9,777,808								
Debt Service			•				•			205,000	200,289	4,711
Total Expenditures	1,596,395	10,807,562	1,029,754	9,777,808	2,431,709	20,302,734	13,470,766	6,831,968		15,778,274	910,403	14,867,871
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,571,395)	(9,032,562)	(965,179)	8,067,383	(2,355,709)	(20,226,734)	(13,396,100)	6,830,634		(15,778,274)	(904,307)	14,873,967
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Long-term debt proceeds Transfers in Transfers out	1,542,598	1,582,129	1,569,301	(12,828)	3,085,195	12,816,891 (800,000)	12,792,085 (800,000)	(24,806)		15,778,274	16,033,038	254,764
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,542,598	1,582,129	1,569,301	(12,828)	2,285,195	12,016,891	11,992,085	(24,806)		15,778,274	16,033,038	254,764
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(28,797)	(7,450,433)	604,122	8,054,555	(70,514)	(8,209,843)	(1,404,015)	6,805,828	ı	٠	15,128,731	15,128,731
Fund Balance - beginning of year	58,499	7,566,362	7,566,362		419,339	9,836,599	9,836,599					
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 29,702	\$ 115,929	\$ 8,170,484	\$ 8,054,555	\$ 348,825	\$ 1,626,756	\$ 8,432,584	\$ 6,805,828	↔	· <del>•</del>	\$ 15,128,731	\$ 15,128,731

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

	luseum Trust uthority	Dev	onomic elopment uthority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 6,301 (3,980) (1,876)	\$	(3,335)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	445_		(3,335)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale of investments Interest and dividends	- 630		3,792 10
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 630		3,802
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,075		467
Balances - beginning of the year	 165,576		1,826
Balances - end of the year	\$ 166,651	\$	2,293
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Change in assets and liabilities:  Accounts payable  Accrued payroll liabilities  Due to other governmental agencies	\$ 364 (453) 520 14	\$	(3,335)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 445	\$	(3,335)

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF DEBT COVERAGE For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

Series 2003, 2004,

2005, 2006, 2009, 2012 & 2013 OWRB Notes and Series 2012 Revenue Bond Gross Revenue Available for Debt Service: Charges for services: Water charges \$ 7.385.876 Wastewater charges 3,217,602 Sales tax pledged and transferred 3,059,536 Total Gross Revenues Available 13,663,014 Operating Expenses: Water 4,437,948 Wastewater 2,158,545 **Total Operating Expenses** 6,596,493 Net Revenues Available for Debt Service 7,066,521 **Debt Service Requirements:** Average annual debt service - 2012 Revenue Bonds 1,675,637 Maximum annual debt service - 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2009, 2012 and 2013 OWRB Notes 1,927,071 **Total Debt Service Requirements** 3,602,708 \$ **Computed Coverage** 196% Coverage Requirement 125%

NOTE: The above gross revenue and operating expenses only include the activities of the Authority related to water and wastewater services, excluding depreciation and amortization expense.

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal/State Grantor/Pass Through Agency <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA#	Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	\$ 53,280	\$ 53,280
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	380895 434,175	354140 407,420
Passed Through Oklahoma Highway Safety Office:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	48,720	18,238
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	50,000	31,880
		98,720	50,118
Total U. S. Department of Transportation <u>U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:</u>		532,895	457,538
Bulletproof vests	16.607	3,979	2,352
Total Department of Justice		3,979	2,352
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY: Federal Emergency Management Agency: Passed through Oklahoma Civil Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Preparedness Grant	97.042	20,000	15,609
		20,000	15,609
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	159,091	158,946
		159,091	158,946
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency		179,091	174,555
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 715,965	\$ 634,445

# Statistical SECTION



#### STATISTICAL SECTION

The STATISTICAL SECTION presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sourced, sales tax and property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in FY 2001; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 1

							Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011		2012		2013	2014	2015		2016
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	\$25,487,774	\$26,609,943	\$ 27,381,827	\$ 28,851,218	\$ 30,52	30,526,321	\$ 30,816,820	8	32,505,624	\$ 33,255,246	\$ 33,248,179	G	18,346,326
Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	4,678,135	6,438,915	7,083,138	7,722,731	8,13	8,138,469	8,213,492	01.0	8,213,492	9,112,520	10,589,915		25,072,566
Total governmental activities net position	\$33,626,380	3,735,791	\$ 38,403,017	\$ 40,830,307	\$ 43,30	4,635,252	6,649,538 \$ 45,679,850	e	48,323,189	4,246,875 \$ 46,614,641	(1,644,109)	s	(716,374) 42,702,518
Business-type activities													
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$42,403,325	\$48,620,995	\$ 49,632,325	\$ 49,617,735	\$ 51,59	51,590,911 602.187	\$ 51,114,327 573,042	69	50,561,549	\$ 50,419,150 2.468.184	\$ 51,548,644 2.385,880	છ	53,054,629 2,403.088
Unrestricted	9,710,518	8,616,261	8,881,754	10,182,084	11,62	11,623,672	14,033,434	-	18,929,949	22,510,729	22,744,600		23,551,877
Total business-type activities net position	\$52,707,148	\$57,843,161	\$ 59,126,238	\$ 60,423,341	\$ 63,87	63,816,770	\$ 65,720,803	8	72,190,055	\$ 75,398,063	\$ 76,679,124	છ	79,009,594
Primary government Net investment in capital assets	\$67,891,099	\$75,230,938	\$ 77,014,152	\$ 78,468,953	\$ 82,11	82,117,232	\$ 81,931,147	69	83,067,173	\$ 83,674,396	\$ 84,796,823	s	71,400,955
Restricted	5,271,440	7,044,820	7,695,297	8,346,253	8,72	8,740,656	8,786,534	_	10,912,049	11,580,704	12,975,795		27,475,654
Unrestricted	13,170,989	12,352,052	12,819,806	14,438,442	16,25	16,258,924	20,682,972	ا ما	26,534,022	26,757,604	21,100,491		22,835,503
Total primary government net position	\$86,333,528	\$94,627,810	\$ 97,529,255	\$ 101,253,648	\$ 107,11	107,116,812	\$ 111,400,653	8	120,513,244	\$ 122,012,704	\$ 118,873,109	မှ	121,712,112

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 2

	2000	0000	Fiscal Year	0700	2004	CF CC	6700	7 707	1000	0.500
Expenses	7007	7000	2003	0107	107	707	2013	<u> </u>	6107	8107
Government activities:										
Government government	\$ 660,936	\$ 947,343	\$ 965,662	\$ 945,967	\$ 1,082,775	\$ 1,433,226	\$ 1,164,073	\$ 2,662,169	\$ 1,322,426	\$ 1,382,934
Planning and zoning	166,669	224,498	167,527	155,859	156,231	107,071	123,879	136,407	101,842	155,897
Financial administration	826,693	797,290	768,416	635,064	677,511	655,916	778,035	891,880	826,352	797,905
Public Safety	6,611,563	8,446,033	7,357,456	7,183,822	7,184,873	7,824,047	8,239,023	8,482,160	8,211,241	8,831,758
Highways and streets	2,738,366	3,244,249	2,662,136	2,110,331	2,136,980	2,562,148	2,306,716	2,295,442	2,280,869	1,917,538
Health and Welfare	65,755	808'69	67,528	78,942	220,668	55,807	35,958	38,152	34,322	31,587
Culture and recreation	1,085,249	1,190,069	1,232,443	988,997	712,249	1,103,527	1,181,165	1,334,749	1,286,258	1,368,145
Economic development	245,110	201,337	177,654	169,517	186,419	346,436	503,795	718,360	614,822	887,161
Facilities Mgmt & Fleet Maint	666,365	582,302	531,806	523,629	486,409	453,988	606,146	600,341	595,485	619,711
Interest on long-term debt	413,384	453,445	404,049	352,741	316,308	222,039	186,830	202,090	220,338	491,729
Total governmental activities expenses	13,480,090	16,156,374	14,334,677	13,144,869	13,160,423	14,764,205	15,125,620	17,361,750	15,493,955	16,484,365
Business-type activities:										
Water	5,958,896	5,977,518	5,551,089	5,710,896	5,468,136	5,643,653	7,276,661	7,217,517	6,950,079	7,582,078
Wastewater	2,938,901	3,135,457	3,680,021	3,267,638	3,111,019	4,082,209	3,454,771	3,542,099	3,699,133	3,463,644
Solid Waste	1,206,394	1,252,313	1,248,133	1,264,220	1,286,736	1,316,341	1,343,240	1,373,312	1,383,708	1,356,840
Stormwater	265,620	336, 197	312,960	344,514	341,465	324,183	325,681	387,534	341,828	673,179
Airport	672,050	645,473	580,753	523,944	547,780	645,081	646,802	765,017	706,851	869,466
Golf course	843,319	872,651	768,141	806,336	797,618	832,127	788,392	818,843	914,668	1,042,559
Total business-type activities expenses	11,885,180	12,219,609	12,141,097	11,917,548	11,552,754	12,843,594	13,835,547	14,104,322	13,996,267	14,987,766
Total primary government expenses	\$ 25,365,270	\$ 28,375,983	\$ 26,475,774	\$ 25,062,417	\$ 24,713,177	\$ 27,607,799	\$ 28,961,167	\$ 31,466,072	\$ 29,490,222	\$ 31,472,131
Program Revenues										
Government activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 231,003	\$ 257,035	\$ 319,310	\$ 214,752	\$ 258,705	\$ 276,483	\$ 306,843	\$ 303,965	\$ 214,664	\$ 210,245
Planning and zoning	11,248	11,131	9,758	10,206	8,424	10,033	10,220	9,873	5,482	5,190
Public safety	308,505	920,555	1,033,857	1,262,554	1,127,012	1,217,555	1,134,480	1,201,771	1,101,018	1,103,750
Highways and streets	1,625	1,155	1,275	1,545	1,180	1,475	1,298	1,294	386	114
Culture and recreation	39,197	29,641	59,683	29,997	71,802	84,991	99,001	104,868	100,759	101,860
Operating grants and contributions	1,058,660	1,937,238	927,006	967,138	1,231,916	1,650,439	1,366,190	1,105,579	1,013,534	1,296,996
Capital grants and contributions	1,918,152	3,033,260	500,299	821,415	182,110	395,186	3,237,687	78,024	1,434,539	620,064
Total governmental activities program revenues	3,568,390	6,190,015	2,851,188	3,337,607	2,881,149	3,636,162	6,155,719	2,805,374	3,870,382	3,338,219

	2007	2008	Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Business-type activities: Charges for services:	ĺ									
	6,472,253	6,447,181	6,548,363	6,383,640	6,743,572	7,444,684	7,692,277	7,838,862	7,394,814	7,676,330
	2,570,584	2,611,393	2,663,316	2,615,660	2,783,389	2,928,048	3,122,031	3,305,188	3,269,735	3,233,067
Solid Waste	1,289,409	1,332,182	1,409,823	1,519,914	1,575,918	1,622,290	1,725,143	1,794,651	1,841,535	1,906,505
	423,312	430,029	435,950	495,067	575,355	701,081	848,193	1,016,272	1,143,193	1,183,770
	222,268	234,067	229,342	222,551	242,640	344,829	340,534	398,421	413,053	418,815
	452,656	410,977	444,065	414,739	470,994	512,909	506,516	535,236	524,171	571,012
Operating grants and contributions	•	•	•	•	167,252	25,100	•	•	2,208	•
Capital grants and contributions	1,448,481	3,857,066	184,335	1,399,517	1,428,524	304,391	3,347,274	673,634	157,268	354,139
Total business-type activities program revenues	12,878,963	15,322,895	11,915,194	13,051,088	13,987,644	13,883,332	17,581,968	15,562,264	14,745,977	15,343,638
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 16,447,353	\$ 21,512,910	\$ 14,766,382	\$ 16,388,695	\$ 16,868,793	\$ 17,519,494	\$ 23,737,687	\$ 18,367,638	\$ 18,616,359	\$ 18,681,857
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Government activities: Business-type activities:	\$ (9,911,700)	\$ (9,966,359)	\$ (11,483,489)	\$ (9,807,262) 1 133,540	\$ (10,279,274) 2 434 890	\$ (11,128,043) 1 039 738	\$ (8,969,901) 3 746 421	\$ (14,556,376) 1 457 942	\$ (11,623,573) 749 710	\$ (13,146,146) 355,872
Total primary government net expense	\$ (8,917,917)	\$ (6,863,073)	\$ (11,709,392)	\$ (8,673,722)	\$ (7,844,384)	\$ (10,088,305)	\$ (5,223,480)	\$ (13,098,434)	\$ (10,873,863)	\$ (12,790,274)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets	ssets									
Government activities: Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$ 9,923,881	\$ 10,236,749	\$ 10,109,396	\$ 9,238,802	\$ 9,595,485	\$ 10,493,465	\$ 10,555,793	\$ 10,883,650	\$ 11,070,144	\$ 11,114,194
Property taxes	1,366,579	1,227,930	1,243,884	1,246,910	1,207,441	1,145,387	1,172,499	406,950	1,497,025	1,256,849
Franchise and public service taxes	1,092,544	1,118,390	1,188,713	820,678	845,865	817,700	796,444	833,193	856,339	792,394
Other taxes	1,178,664	1,168,310	1,195,425	1,156,779	1,213,471	1,321,145	1,396,360	1,479,104	1,448,920	1,539,932
Unrestricted grants and contributions	164,064	282, 188	282,315	328,756	337,019	306,994	526,006	723,417	1,079,758	399,296
Investment earnings	655,958	535,617	303,822	181,840	187,952	221,243	192,065	189,547	201,361	274,233
Miscellaneous	103,704	301,570	13,425	28,495	277,837	38,446	75,382	36,714	48,281	134,148
		1		296,703	1	•	1	1	1	'
	(717,269)	(1,746,122)	(1,235,120)	(1,094,411)	(916,062)	(836,527)	(3,018,162)	(1,704,747)	(397,664)	(1,856,367)
Total governmental activities	13,768,125	13,124,632	13,101,860	12,234,552	12,749,008	13,507,853	11,696,387	12,847,828	15,804,164	13,654,679
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	493,795	282, 182	256, 198	120,158	40,910	26,365	42,218	39,496	48,937	75,790
	•	•	•	•		(1,523)	•		•	•
Miscellaneous	6,380	4,426	17,662	873	1,567	3,844	2,738	5,823	84,750	42,441
	717,269	1,746,122	1,235,120	1,094,411	916,062	836,213	3,018,162	1,704,747	397,664	1,856,367
Total business-type activities	1,217,444	2,032,730	1,508,980	1,215,442	958,539	864,899	3,063,118	1,750,066	531,351	1,974,598
Total primary government	\$ 14,985,569	\$ 15,157,362	\$ 14,610,840	\$ 13,449,994	\$ 13,707,547	\$ 14,372,752	\$ 14,759,505	\$ 14,597,894	\$ 16,335,515	\$ 15,629,277
Change in Net Assets Government activities	\$ 3,856,425	\$ 3,158,273	\$ 1,618,371	\$ 2,427,290	\$ 2,469,734	\$ 2,379,810	\$ 2,726,486	\$ (1,708,548)	\$ 4,180,591	\$ 508,533
business-type activities Total primary government	\$ 6,067,652	\$ 8,294,289	\$ 2,901,448	\$ 4,776,272	\$ 5,863,163	1,904,637	\$ 9,536,025	3,200,000	\$ 5,461,652	\$ 2,839,003

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2016 TABLE 3

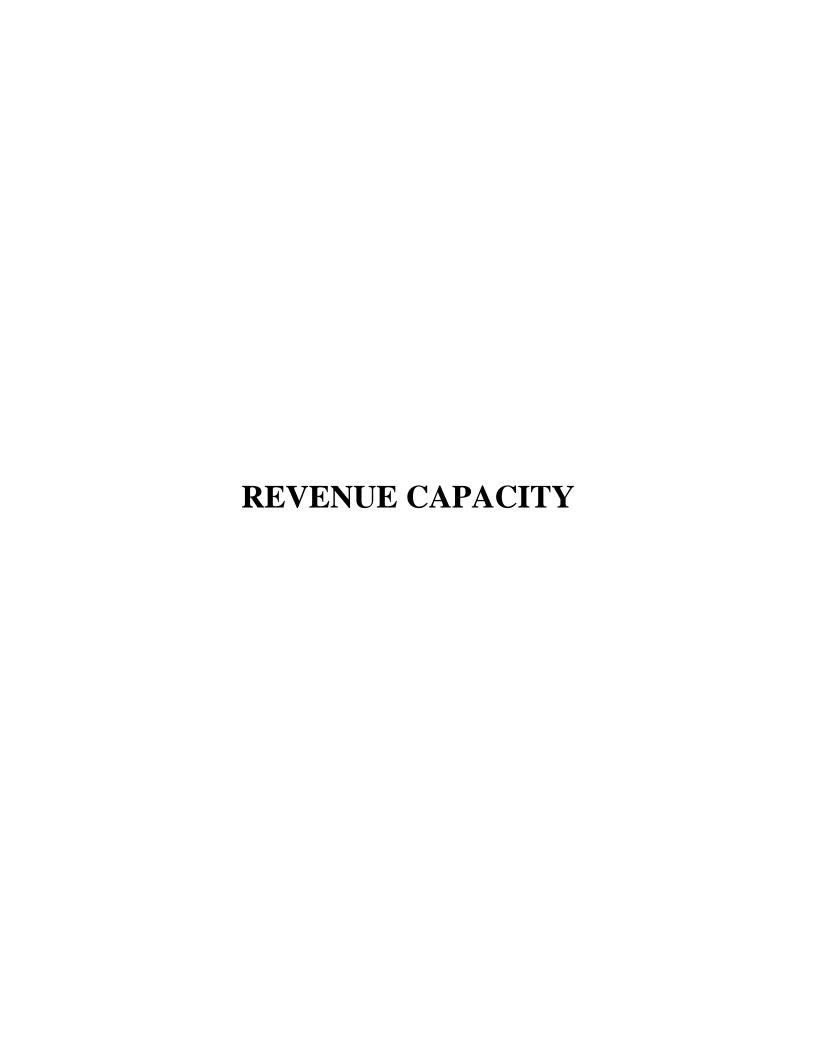
2015 2016	- \$	47 \$ 6,491,138 \$ 5,625,157	. \$ \$	27 \$ 25,043,239 \$ 39,054,543	74 \$ 31,534,377 \$ 44,679,700
3 2014	22,982 30,035 400,085 524,551 432,738 1,825,667 320,280 3,129,894	3 5,510,147	346,865 17,488,846 - 17,488,846 - 395,998 7,643,981	,236 \$ 25,132,827	30,642,974
2 2013	22,597 22,982 319,094 400,085 1,322,428 1,432,738 3,161,144 3,320,280	4,825,263	13,041,167 16,346,865 43,536 4,787,572 4,395,998 (973,423) (36,627	8,852 \$ 20,706,236	4,115 \$ 25,882,321
<u>11</u> 201 <u>2</u>	23,616 2. 289,763 311 1,052,274 1,32. 2,785,293 3.16	4,130,946 \$ 4,82	. \$ 	01,210 \$ 16,898,852	32,156 \$ 21,724,115
2010 2011	484,790 \$ 2,645,547 \$ 26 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3,130,337 \$ 4,13	4,198,748 \$ 599,264 1,080,982 7,832,523 11,96 2,94	11,517 \$ 14,301,210	41,854 \$ 18,432,156
iscal Year <u>2009                                   </u>	430,283 \$ 4 3,032,268 2,6	3,462,551	1,426,121 \$ 4,1 562,483 5 1,102,825 1,0 8,923,255 7,8	\$ 12,014,684	15,477,235 \$ 16,841,854
Fiscs 2008 2	882,736 \$ 4 2,224,572 3,0	\$ 3,107,308	\$ 1,260,303 \$ 1,4 390,572 E 1,139,456 1,1	\$ 11,525,773	\$ 14,633,081
2007	\$ 1,045,543 \$ 1,570,957 2	\$ 2,616,500 \$ 3	\$ 5,131,179 \$ 1 545,923 1,263,778 1 9,247,365 8	\$ 16,188,245	\$ 18,804,745
	General Fund Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total general fund	All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Debt service funds Capital project funds Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total all other governmental funds	GRAND TOTAL

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in fiscal year 2011. Years prior to implementation of GASB 54 have not been restated.

	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	[2]	2015	[2]	2016
Revenues																			
Taxes	\$ 13,521,336	မာ	13,771,835	s	13,728,301	G	12,444,830	Θ	12,909,683	G	13,786,404	ω	14,096,209	G	14,018,930	so	15,373,972	s	14,786,346
Intergovernmental	1,424,660		2,484,795		1,572,496		1,769,104		1,675,578		2,356,440		4,430,432		1,973,647		2,753,093		2,643,976
Charges for services	458,241		1,061,311		1,046,901		1,023,287		1,069,579		1,145,909		1,099,110		1,142,732		1,064,055		1,064,286
Fines and forfeitures	154,594		205,494		252,006		302,569		371,277		413,805		415,268		432,401		393,102		317,676
Investment Income	817 798		768 500		152,113		250.813		112 131		62 465		694,444		68 370		114 015		161,670
Miscellaneous	216.008		402.072		166.948		591.137		465.838		199.827		288.530		561.977		287.885		295.991
Total Revenues	\$ 16,720,821	es	18,808,298	es	17,349,411	69	16,497,045	G	16,751,843	s	18,096,572	69	20,593,710	s	18,377,555	s	20,127,843	69	19,408,511
Expenditures:																			
General government	\$ 566,298	ø	758,973	s	752,642	s	756,851	မှ	671,627	69	778,817	မှ	875,356	s	835,759	s	856,027	s	1,051,201
Planning and zoning	164,969		223,746		167,431		156,007		154,985		103,903		121,776		140,877		101,272		152,352
Financial administration	774,229		787,438		763,458		643,633		571,438		654,358		763,850		795,667		795,137		766,834
Public safety	6,283,029		7,982,580		6,908,601		6,798,342		6,750,855		7,071,741		7,465,352		8,012,482		8,194,641		8,896,588
Highways and streets	918,413		896,688		904,388		853,007		827,665		648,994		643,840		675,929		664,245		628,541
Health and welfare	876,09		65,526		62,815		71,857		51,842		51,572		32,088		34,219		31,108		28,577
	244 891		215 964		160 612		143.509		137 435		341 095		493.817		697 993		586.018		874.858
D Facilities Momt & Fleet Maint	560 109		578 014		527 770		523.870		478 511		454 319		703 484		716 874		709,666		728.308
	'		. '		'		'		42,221		14,989						'		'
Capital outlay	5,325,002		9,717,407		5,220,108		5,055,225		6,649,063		5,097,127		7,293,491		5,966,389		21,014,013		18,065,850
Debt service																			
Principal	1,408,531		1,374,779		946,003		946,030		943,896		507,967		991,142		1,030,859		1,035,360		1,173,192
Interest			440,853		402,579		361,914		325,066		233,420		179,312		172,495		212,826		499,308
Total Expenditures	\$ 17,780,539	ю	24,111,533	မာ	17,837,907	ь	17,155,328	ю	18,305,460	ь	16,877,305	es.	20,497,536	ь	20,166,378	ю	35,255,329	so.	33,931,769
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures	\$ (1,059,718)	69	(5,303,235)	ь	(488,496)	ь	(658,283)	ø	(1,553,617)	ø	1,219,267	ь	96,174	ь	(1,788,823)	· •	(15,127,486)	69	(14,523,258)
Other financing sources(uses)																			
Issuance of debt	\$ 12,142	ø	408,047	s		69		s	٠	↔	•	s	496,304	69	2,367,241	s	714,217	s	18,436,354
Transfers in	9,007,653		8,724,058		6,723,405		7,922,227		8,608,201		8,856,527		10,696,533		11,118,523		22,278,068		18,080,343
Transfers out	(6,418,316)	_	(8,000,529)		(5,390,750)		(5,899,323)		(5,464,282)		(6,307,866)		(7,130,805)		(6,936,288)		(6,973,396)		(6,538,116)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	•		•		•		•		•		. 00								
Premium on bonds sold	' '								' '		2,340,000								
Payment of issue costs	•		•		,		•		•		(74,611)		•		•		•		•
Transfer to bond escrow			'		'		'		'		(2,941,356)		'		•		'		(2,310,000)
Total other financing sources(uses)	\$ 2,601,479	s	1,131,576	69	1,332,655	69	2,022,904	es	3,143,919	es.	2,072,694	8	4,062,032	69	6,549,476	es	16,018,889	69	27,668,581
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,541,761	es	(4,171,659)	es	844,159	es.	1,364,621	s	1,590,302	s	3,291,961	69	4,158,206	es.	4,760,653	s	891,403	€9	13,145,323
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	15.2%		12.6%		8.2%		8.6%		7.8%		4.7%		9.7%		8.5%		9.6%		11.8%

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 5

Ad Valorem Tax		Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Use Tax	Emergency Telephone Tax	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	Abatement Tax	Incremental Property Tax	Totals
<del>-</del>	1,355,511	9,631,280	1,092,544	124,960	292,601	149,711	903,993	11,068		13,561,668
<del>_</del>	1,227,930	9,953,972	1,118,390	129,021	282,777	139,899	884,807	14,583		13,751,379
_	1,243,884	9,801,602	1,188,713	112,617	307,794	146,920	912,146	23,742		13,737,418
~	1,246,910	8,982,429	850,678	94,065	256,373	131,685	902,686	25,343	•	12,493,169
~	1,207,441	9,220,076	845,865	96,017	375,409	140,836	964,375	12,243	•	12,862,262
~	1,145,387	10,096,850	817,700	98,154	396,615	139,986	1,045,046	37,959	•	13,777,697
_	1,160,778	10,133,835	796,444	123,728	421,958	146,279	1,103,053	23,300	186,834	14,096,209
	419,689	10,492,846	833,193	157,200	390,804	142,163	1,149,337	30,404	403,294	14,018,930
_	1,300,930	10,631,021	856,339	153,898	439,123	135,272	1,124,972	18,762	713,655	15,373,972
~	1,250,740	10,708,375	792,394	193,952	405,819	129,772	1,161,172	34,015	110,107	14,786,346



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA SALES TAX RATES OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2016 TABLE 6

									正	Fiscal Year	Year								
	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		<u>2013</u>	2014		2015		<u>2016</u>	
General Fund Operations	1.980	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%
Water & Wastewater Improvements	0.989		1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000	1.000		1.000		1.000	
Stand Springs Total		%		%	3.500	%		%		%		%	3.500		%		%		%
Osage County			1.250	%	1.250		1.250	%		8 %	1.250	%	1.250		8 %		8 %		8 %
Tulsa County	1.017		1.017		1.017		1.017		1.017		0.850		0.850	0.850		0.920		0.920	
State of Oklahoma	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%
Total (Osage County)	9.250					%	9.250	%	9.250	%	9.250	%	9.250	9.250	%	9.250	%		%
Total (Tulsa County)	9.017	%	9.017	%	9.017	%	9.017	%		%	8.850	%	8.850	8.850	%	8.920	%	8.920	%

1. City sales tax rate - City Finance Department 2. State & County tax rate - Oklahoma Tax Commission

**Note:**1. City sales tax increases must be approved by voters.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 7

					Fiso	Fiscal Year				
Category	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Manufacturing	\$ 6,190,383	\$ 5,953,722	\$ 5,821,246	\$ 4,579,167	\$ 4,865,836	\$ 6,474,226	\$ 6,733,569	\$ 7,564,199	\$ 7,255,899	7,135,431
Telecommunications & Other	9,528,113	9,885,585	10,297,993	10,464,868	10,386,773	11,683,916	8,223,040	6,143,900	6,439,582	6,368,003
Public Utilities	20,948,925	19,909,178	19,411,239	11,989,841	17,945,755	18,032,682	16,426,109	18,203,837	19,469,901	18,374,328
Wholesale trade	12,742,978	12,861,982	11,221,153	8,751,312	10,278,070	17,835,578	15,467,491	18,781,723	16,877,375	18,999,974
Retail - Building Materials	9,741,230	8,970,644	8,588,221	7,407,764	6,342,063	8,787,999	8,603,061	7,670,664	9,717,333	7,205,809
Retail - General Merchandise	114,331,070	118,663,516	120,144,526	112,456,892	106,016,119	109,547,834	104,402,935	105,798,763	106,713,323	104,434,347
Retail - Food	25,096,753	26,301,397	26,984,740	26,092,097	27,023,835	28,800,036	36,373,046	32,841,537	34,151,564	42,613,748
Retail - Automotive	8,242,938	8,708,689	9,161,857	9,084,846	9,753,355	9,667,077	10,541,623	10,321,611	10,662,095	9,040,782
Retail - Apparel	3,583,126	3,424,991	2,966,055	2,784,830	2,937,195	3,043,655	3,391,412	3,428,369	3,332,375	3,594,669
Retail - Furniture & Accessories	7,363,451	8,673,964	8,855,436	8,025,192	7,776,746	6,990,153	10,123,520	11,209,826	10,823,357	9,952,364
Retail - Restaurants	29,871,371	32,536,241	31,440,715	30,529,296	33,419,129	38,597,334	36,561,022	36,421,806	38,056,035	41,034,691
Retail - Miscellaneous	15,070,351	15,218,655	14,385,069	13,908,037	14,647,439	16,173,648	17,209,459	18,972,661	19,403,128	15,673,799
Retail - Hotel	2,480,909	2,578,607	2,242,911	1,853,185	1,917,219	1,923,991	2,060,773	2,487,256	576,134	1,691,857
Services - Business	6,426,879	3,983,746	4,518,959	1,509,937	1,432,019	1,335,123	2,843,803	1,847,657	2,370,215	884,919
Services - Other	5,814,532	6,729,053	6,484,679	8,785,053	8,660,226	10,557,317	9,040,125	11,781,384	11,509,395	11,975,167
All Other Categories	728,657	1,956,101	1,194,079	1,469,187	1,494,020	1,363,093	1,853,813	8,659,817	9,287,849	8,874,337
Total	\$ 278,161,666	\$ 286,356,071	\$ 283,718,878	\$ 259,691,506	\$ 264,895,799	\$ 290,813,662	\$ 289,854,801	\$ 302,135,010	\$ 306,645,560	\$ 307,854,225

**Source:** 1. Oklahoma Tax Commission

Note:

1. The City is prohibited by state law from reporting individual sales tax payers.

2. See Table 6 for City direct sales tax rates

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
June 30, 2016

**TABLE 8** 

1,036,050,155 1,193,563,573 943,367,082 1,127,417,473 1,128,593,645 1,183,284,073 1,214,649,909 1,061,829,882 1,165,229,800 1,158,140,864 **Estimated** Actual Value Direct 9.55 3.23 9.70 13.41 11.25 10.74 10.06 10.08 9.52 10.50 Rate Tax 99,542,448 112,509,955 123,936,609 123,219,414 127,218,583 129,590,630 109,670,228 119,768,502 119,937,191 126,014,837 Assessed Value Total Homestead Exemption 4,295,289 4,291,332 4,238,669 4,247,420 4,146,411 4,073,410 4,020,860 4,227,931 4,205,921 4,176,081 103,770,379 127,395,495 130,161,248 131,291,993 133,611,490 128,175,278 124,145,301 113,965,517 124,015,922 116,801,287 Assessed Value Total 7,488,210 8,387,535 6,397,195 6,364,548 7,110,571 3,490,138 8,459,397 8,108,272 7,652,889 **Property** 8,284,161 Service **Public** 18,076,819 20,591,649 22,683,328 25,551,946 18,670,079 20,304,774 17,445,941 19,974,137 19,617,887 18,912,594 **Property** Personal 107,629,055 78,205,350 94,163,935 96,715,793 98,591,088 100,441,255 104,590,024 86,263,297 90,627,821 102,534,222 **Property** Real Fiscal Year 2008 2009 2010 2013 2014 2015 2016 2007 2012 2011

# Source:

1. Tulsa County Excise Board

## Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Property in the county is reassessed annually. The ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11% nor more than 13.5%.

<sup>2.</sup> Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

June 30, 2016 TABLE 9 CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City Direct Rate		;) Overlap	(2) Overlapping Rates		
Fiscal Year	Debt Service Fund*	Sand Springs School District	Tulsa County	Tulsa Community College	Tulsa Technology Center	Total Sand Springs City Resident
2007	13.41	73.45	22.21	7.21	13.33	129.61
2008	11.25	71.81	22.21	7.21	13.33	125.81
2009	10.74	68.35	22.21	7.21	13.33	121.84
2010	10.06	69.71	22.21	7.21	13.33	122.52
2011	10.08	73.92	22.21	7.21	13.33	126.75
2012	9.55	73.42	22.24	7.21	13.33	125.75
2013	9.52	72.83	22.24	7.21	13.33	125.13
2014	3.23	73.27	22.23	7.21	13.33	119.27
2015	10.50	72.61	22.23	7.21	13.33	125.88
2016	9.70	72.31	22.22	7.21	13.33	124.77
The levy certifie	ed to the tax rolls f	The levy certified to the tax rolls for the upcoming fiscal year is as follows:	al year is as follo	WS:		
2017	8.70	71.51	22.24	7.21	13.33	122.99

## Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Tulsa County Excise Board

City property tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and
any court assessed judgments.
 Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Sand Springs.

<sup>\*</sup> Direct rate is solely for direct and overlapping debt

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
Current Year And Nine Years Ago
June 30, 2016
TABLE 10

				2016		20	2007
Тахрауег	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Total Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Total Assessed Value
Chemlink Inc/Baker Petrolite	Manufacturing	6,253,283	-	4.69%	2,378,278	က	2.21%
Webco Industries/Southwest Tube	Manufacturing	5,115,786	7	3.83%	2,708,978	2	2.52%
Public Service Co of Okla	Utility	3,884,392	က	2.91%	2,369,500	4	2.20%
Wal-Mart	Retail	2,549,742	4	1.91%	2,276,277	2	2.12%
Sand Springs Home	Real Estate	1,443,194	2	1.08%	1,337,518	9	1.24%
Highland Crossing	Apartment	1,295,317	9	%26.0	I		I
Yellowhouse Machinery	Equipment	1,104,844	7	0.83%	1,009,829	6	0.94%
Gerdau Ameristeel	Manufacturing	1,007,204	∞	0.75%	6,487,926	~	6.03%
RockTenn/Stone Container Corp	Manufacturing	997,168	<b>o</b>	0.75%	I		I
Sand Springs Railway Co	Estate	899,147	10	0.67%	1,143,692	80	1.06%
Cust-O-Fab/B P Enterprises	Manufacturing	897,552	7	0.67%	I		I
Holiday Inn Express	Hotel	733,352	12	0.55%	I		I
Oklahoma Natural Gas Co	Utility	718,461	13	0.54%	I		I
Green Tree	Real Estate	650,386	4	0.49%	946,900	10	0.88%
AT&T	Utility	630,241	15	0.47%	1,216,318	7	1.13%
Totals		\$ 28,180,069		21.11%	\$ 21,875,216		20.33%

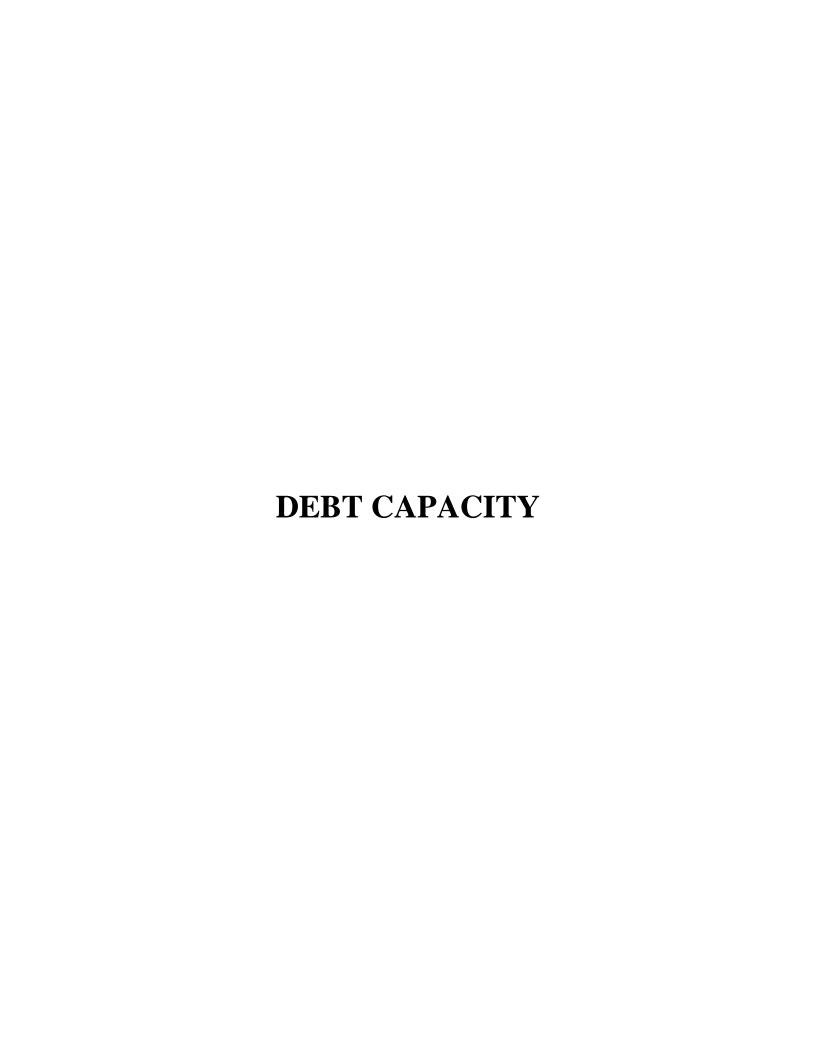
Source:
1. Tulsa County Assessors Office

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 11

	Actual	Tax Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	within the of the Levy	Sol	Collections	Total Collections To Date	ons To Date	Net	
Fiscal Year	Levy Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Sul	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Assessed Value	Mill
2007	2006	\$ 1,335,081	\$ 1,297,983	%26	↔	26,723	\$ 1,324,707	99.2%	\$ 99,542,448	13.41
2008	2007	\$ 1,234,615	\$ 1,208,401	%86	↔	20,391	\$ 1,228,791	%9.66	\$ 109,670,228	11.25
2009	2008	\$ 1,243,871	\$ 1,205,963	%26	↔	17,521	\$ 1,223,484	98.4%	\$ 112,509,955	10.74
2010	2009	\$ 1,246,887	\$ 1,202,135	%96	↔	15,691	\$ 1,217,826	%2'.26	\$ 123,936,609	10.06
2011	2010	\$ 1,207,455	\$ 1,184,282	%86	↔	20,533	\$ 1,204,815	%8'66	\$ 119,768,502	10.08
2012	2011	\$ 1,145,387	\$ 1,111,816	%26	↔	17,474	\$ 1,129,290	%9.86	\$ 119,937,191	9.55
2013	2012	\$ 1,172,499	\$ 1,126,854	%96	↔	19,268	\$ 1,146,122	%8'26	\$ 123,219,414	9.52
2014	2013	\$ 406,950	\$ 387,732	%56	↔		\$ 387,732	95.3%	\$ 126,014,837	3.23
2015	2014	\$ 1,335,530	\$ 1,281,373	%96	↔	19,557	\$ 1,300,930	97.4%	\$ 129,590,630	10.50
2016	2015	\$ 1,256,849	\$ 1,201,748	%96	↔	48,992	\$ 1,250,740	%5.66	\$ 129,590,630	9.70

Sources: Tulsa County Assessor's Office, Tulsa County Excise Board, and City of Sand Springs Department of Finance

Use Revenue and Expenditure Report for Property Taxes



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED June 30, 2016 **TABLE 12 VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Net Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Less Debt Service Funds	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2007	17,877	99,542,448	11,445,000	1,245,860	10,199,140	10.25%	571
2008	18,450	109,670,228	10,080,000	1,250,185	8,829,815	8.05%	479
2009	18,489	112,509,955	9,195,000	1,225,985	7,969,015	7.08%	431
2010	18,868	123,936,609	8,310,000	1,225,238	7,084,762	5.72%	375
2011	18,906	119,768,402	7,425,000	1,132,394	6,292,606	5.25%	333
2012	19,140	119,937,191	6,650,000	1,139,037	5,510,963	4.59%	288
2013	19,116	123,219,414	5,720,000	1,198,452	4,521,548	3.67%	237
2014	19,339	126,014,837	7,165,000	547,774	6,617,226	5.25%	342
2015	19,553	129,590,630	6,255,000	738,998	5,516,002	4.26%	282
2016	19,783	129,590,630	5,245,000	783,195	4,461,805	3.44%	226

Represents outstanding general obligation bonds financed through ad valorem and sales tax.
 Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT
June 30, 2016
TABLE 13

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage (1) Applicable to City of Sand Springs	Amount Applicable to City of Sand Springs
City of Sand Springs	\$ 5,245,000	100.00%	\$ 5,245,000
Overlapping Debt: Sand Springs School District	17,265,000	75.05%	12,957,383
Berryhill School District	2,560,000	21.07%	539,392
Tulsa County	0	2.44%	0
Tulsa Community College Total overlapping debt	19,825,000	2.49%	13,496,775
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 25,070,000		\$ 18,741,775

1. Tulsa & Osage County Assessors Office

# Note:

1. Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in the City of Sand Springs.

						Fiscal Year			,		
	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>
Debt limit	\$ 9,351,361	\$ 9,954,245	\$ 10,967,023	\$ 11,579,257	\$ 12,393,661	\$ 11,976,850	\$ 11,993,938	\$ 12,321,941	\$ 12,601,484	\$ 12,721,858	\$ 12,959,063
Total net debt applicable to limit	7,945,207	7,682,782	7,064,879	6,447,018	5,829,158	5,211,297	4,668,269	4,119,634	5,820,184	5,163,023	4,329,211
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,406,154	\$ 2,271,463	\$ 3,902,144	\$ 5,132,239	\$ 6,564,503	\$ 6,765,553	\$ 7,325,669	\$ 8,202,307	\$ 6,781,300	\$ 7,558,835	\$ 8,629,852
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	84.96%	77.18%	64.42%	55.68%	47.03%	43.51%	38.92%	33.43%	46.19%	40.58%	33.41%
									Legal Det	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016	v Fiscal Year 2016
		Net assessed valuation	ıation								\$ 129,590,630
		Debt limit (10% of total and Debt applicable to limit:	Debt limit (10% of total assess value) Debt applicable to limit:								\$ 12,959,063
		General obligation bonds Less: Street bonds outsta Total net debt applicable Legal debt margin	General obligation bonds Less: Street bonds outstanding Total net debt applicable to limit jal debt margin								\$ 5,245,000 915,789 4,329,211 \$ 8,629,852

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Note:

1. Article 10, Section 28 of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma limits municipal debt to 10% of net assessed valuation.

2. Article 10, Section 27 of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma limits municipal debt to non-utility or non-street purposes.

Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2016 TABLE 15 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY

<sup>1.</sup> Average annual debt service includes principal, interest and fee payments to fiscal agents for revenue bonds payable secured by or for which debt service is paid from trust revenue.

2. Beginning in fiscal year 2003, the SSMA issued OWRB Notes Payable that contained a coverage requirement based on maximum annual deb service on the OWRB notes and all parity debt. The maximum annual debt service totaled \$1,927,071 with coverage computed at 3.67.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
RATIO FOR OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 16

	Governme	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities	• Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds Payable	Capital Leases Payable	Revenue Bonds Payable	Unamortized Discount/ Premium	Notes Payable	Capital Leases Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2007	11,445,000	•	31,572	3,475,000	ī	15,937,925	131,078	31,020,575	2%	1,735
2008	10,080,000	•	429,840	2,815,000	ı	14,839,240	139,430	28,303,510	4%	1,534
2009	9,195,000	1	368,838	2,120,000	ı	13,916,658	91,328	25,691,824	4%	1,390
2010	8,310,000	1	307,769	1,390,000	ı	13,946,941	35,601	23,990,311	3%	1,271
2011	7,425,000	•	248,085	620,000	ı	13,328,720	12,279	21,634,084	3%	1,144
2012	6,650,000	•	190,017	ı	ı	12,867,801	ı	19,707,818	2%	1,030
2013	5,720,000	•	625,673	30,510,000	66,348	9,070,394	ı	45,992,415	4%	2,406
2014	7,165,000	•	514,814	29,830,000	67,773	8,146,832	ı	45,724,419	4%	2,364
2015	6,255,000	1	1,104,003	29,170,000	69,197	7,411,830	ı	44,010,030	4%	2,248
2016	5,245,000	16,000,000	940,810	28,495,000	70,621	6,757,973		57,509,404	4%	2,907

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUILDING PERMITS, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS Last Ten Calendar Years June 30, 2016 TABLE 17

	Number				Estimated Actual	
	of	S	Construction Values		Value	
Calendar	Building				of Taxable	Bank
Year	Permits	Residential	Commercial	Total	Property	Deposits
2006	273	14,862,545	11,365,538	26,228,083	943,367,082	248,778,000
2007	214	18,188,885	27,922,578	46,111,463	1,036,050,155	275,757,000
2008	190	15,838,709	14,167,699	30,006,408	1,036,050,155	279,222,000
2009	195	12,901,230	7,665,365	20,566,595	1,061,829,882	272,193,000
2010	190	10,910,659	27,059,845	37,970,504	1,127,417,473	275,391,000
2011	178	37,056,719	12,670,862	49,727,581	1,128,593,645	301,579,000
2012	250	15,046,585	7,292,732	22,339,317	1,158,140,864	311,563,000
2013	290	15,610,436	7,816,622	23,427,058	1,183,284,073	304,006,000
2014	238	14,969,551	17,720,381	32,689,932	1,193,563,573	329,335,000
2015	179	9,875,122	12,403,063	22,278,185	1,214,649,909	319,397,000

Source:
1. City Neighborhood Services Department

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Last Ten Calendar Years June 30, 2016 TABLE 18 CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS** 

<sup>1.</sup> INCOG

<sup>2.</sup> Per Capita Personal Income - U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) for the Tulsa metropolitan area (information for Sand Springs unavailable) \* Calendar years 2012 and 2013 were restated based on most recent information provided by BEA.

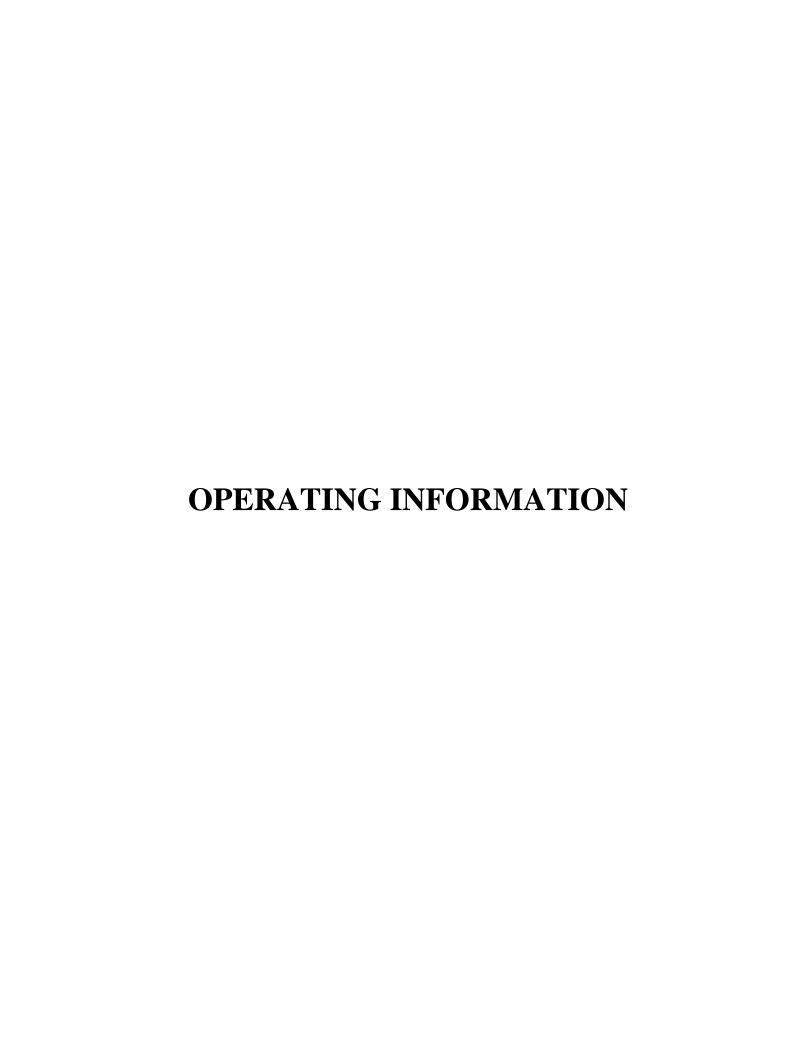
Municipal Net Guide
 Sand Springs School District
 Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the Tulsa metropolitan area.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year And Nine Years Ago June 30, 2016 TABLE 19

		2016			2007	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Sand Springs Schools	612	~	8.75%	645	~	%92'6
Webco	432	7	6.17%	435	4	6.58%
Wal Mart	350	က	2.00%	502	7	%09'2
Piping Enterprise	233	4	3.53%	100	1	1.51%
Cust-O-Fab	193	2	2.76%	167	80	2.53%
City of Sand Springs	190	9	2.72%	274	9	4.15%
Baker Petrolite	157	7	2.24%	140	6	2.12%
Osage Million Dollar Elm	145	<b>∞</b>	2.07%	I		I
Tulsa Community College	118	6	1.69%	221	7	3.35%
Keystone Chevrolet	108	10	1.54%	96	12	1.45%
Totals	2,538		36.47%	2,580		39.06%

1. U S Census Bureau ZIP Code Business Patterns (NAICS) website provided the total labor force numbers

2016 percentage is based on the U S Census Bureau 2014 totals
 2007 numbers total 6,606 and 2014 numbers total 6,998
 The total number of employees includes full and part time employees



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2016 TABLE 20

			בסיבו בסינו	ופשו						
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government	2	7	7	2	2	9	∞	ω	6	6
Planning and Zoning	_	_	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	7	2	7
Financial Administration	22	22	20	18	16	19	17	13	13	13
Public Safety	82	87	84	82	92	62	62	98	85	98
Highways and Streets	14	14	12	12	∞	o	o	0	6	0
Culture and Recreation	13	41	4	=	7	9	9	∞	∞	œ
Economic Development	_	_	_	<b>—</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_
Facilities Management & Maint	10	10	10	10	ø	o	10	10	10	10
Water Operations	33	33	32	32	31	31	31	32	33	33
Stormwater	_	_	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	_	_	0	0	0	_
Wastewater Operations	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Solid Waste Operations	1	1	1	<del></del>	1		1	7	7	1
Airport Operations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	~	_
Golf Course Operations	80	80	ω	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	222	225	230	204	185	193	193	200	201	203

**Source:** 1. City Finance Office

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 21

Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Public Safetv										
Police Stations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Patrol Units	31	31	33	33	33	38	38	40	36	33
Fire Stations	7	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	2
Fire Trucks	10	7	7	7	13	13	6	10	10	10
Highways and Streets										
Roadways (arterial lane miles)	170	170	170	170	170	172	173	173	173	173
Streetlights	1,074	1,096	1,208	1,209	1,209	1,211	1,211	1,214	1,214	1,214
Signalized Intersections	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	19	19
Culture and Recreation										
Acreage	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	269	569
Tennis Courts	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	4	4
Ball diamonds	13	13	13	13	13	7	7	7	7	1
Community Centers	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Senior Centers	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Operations										
Treatment Plants	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	_	_	~	_	_	<del>-</del>
Water Mains (miles)	426	430	431	448	452	452	454	454	455	455
Storage capacity (thousands										
of gallons)	6,550	7,023	7,023	7,023	7,023	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,523
Wastewater Operations										
Treatment Plants	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	120	122	122	126	126	126	127	128	128	128
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120
Solid Waste Operations										
Collection Trucks	6	∞	80	10	10	10	∞	80	6	6
Stormwater Operations										
Storm sewers (miles)	20	20	20	20	20	20	21	21	21	51

Source:
1. City Departments

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2016
TABLE 22

Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Public Safety										
Police										
Number of Violations (Citations)	5,448	6,433	5,031	10,029	8,859	8,810	6,677	6,181	6,240	4,840
Fire										
Call Responses	2,866	3,452	3,054	3,033	3,475	3,959	4,023	4,114	4,226	4,386
Highways and Streets										
Streets Resurfacing (miles)	•	31	7	7	14	2	6		80	•
Asphalt Repairs (tons)	255	86	82	145	258	208	208	147	280	213
Culture and Recreation										
Community Center Visitors (daily average)	119	125	264	348	338	310	293	269	254	265
Water and Wastewater Operations										
Number of Water Consumers	11,007	11,059	11,151	11,828	11,774	11,767	11,836	12,008	12,027	12,134
Average Daily Water Consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	3,446	3,175	3,072	2,844	2,839	3,073	3,065	2,986	2,840	2,754
Number of Sewer Consumers	6,701	089'9	6,731	6,827	6,792	6,780	6,835	6,907	6,925	9/6,9
Solid Waste Operations										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	53.3	50.4	48.3	41.3	41.1	38.7	39.3	40.4	34.5	38.8
Active Refuse Accounts	6,703	6,740	6,789	6,883	6,850	6,859	6,911	7,038	7,048	7,107
Airport Operations										
Annual Aviation/Jet Fuel Sales 1	38,470	34,868	30,944	29,168	30,006	47,481	43,357	62,754	64,832	84,989
Golf Operations										
Number of Rounds Played	20,533	18,269	19,942	19,542	23,880	24,919	25,254	25,699	25,201	26,884

Source: City Departments

**Note:** 1. FY 2007 City no longer selling jet aviation fuel



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www.facebook.com/SandSprings.OK



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2016.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 20, 2016

Aledge + Associates, P.C.