

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR 2023

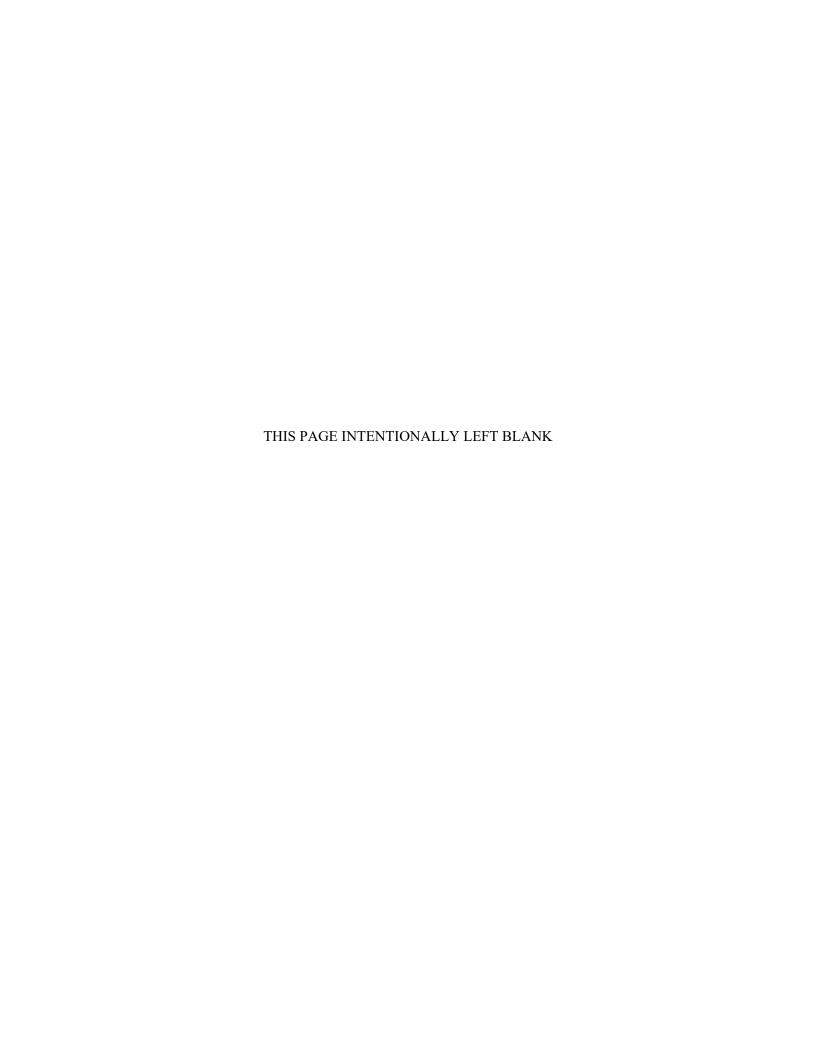
City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Sand Springs Municipal Authority

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared By: City of Sand Springs Department of Finance Arlena Barnes, Finance Director



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Introduction Section



April 9, 2024

Honorable Mayor, members of the City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Sand Springs (the "City") for the year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted as mandated by the City Charter and state statutes. The City is required to publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accounts.

Responsibility of both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Arledge & Associates, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent audit was conducted to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

Sand Springs is located in Northeast Oklahoma, six miles west of Tulsa. The City was incorporated as a city in 1912, just five years after statehood. The city is continually flourishing with an area of 22 square miles, an extended growth area of 150 square miles, and a city population estimated by INCOG at 20,471.

The City has been governed by the Council-Manager form of government since the adoption of a charter in 1969. This form of government most closely resembles the private sector with the Manager serving as the Chief Executive Officer, the Mayor as the Chairman of the Board, and the Council as the Board of Directors.

The City Council is the legislative body for the City of Sand Springs. It is comprised of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and five council members who are elected to serve three-year terms. The seven members represent each of the City's six wards; one member serving an atlarge position. The City Council members are also the Trustees of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority.

The duties of the Council include, but are not limited to, adopting the City's annual budget, adopting ordinances, establishing personnel policies, appointing or electing members of all quasi-legislative boards and commissions, enacting legislation, regulating all other fiscal affairs of the City, and appointing the City Manager.

The City provides its residents with a variety of municipal services, including police and fire protection, comprehensive land use, planning and zoning services, parks and recreational activities, cultural events, and the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure. The City also provides water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste services to its residents under the legal entity of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA). SSMA is a public trust created under applicable Oklahoma statutes on March 14, 1966, with the City named as the beneficiary thereof. These utility systems operate for the benefit of the City of Sand Springs and are an integral part of City operations. The City owns and operates an 18-hole golf course, The Canyons at Blackjack Ridge, and the Sand Springs-Poque Airport under the SSMA. SSMA's financial statements are blended into the City's financial statements, and together they comprise the City's primary financial presentation. The City is also financially accountable for a legally separate economic development authority (SSEDA) and a legally separate cultural - historical trust; the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (SSCHMTA) is reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1.A).

The City operates on a fiscal year basis, beginning July 1, and ending June 30. All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The City Manager's proposed operating budget for the fiscal year, commencing the following July 1, is submitted to the City Council prior to June 1. A public hearing is held prior to June 15, to obtain citizen comments. Subsequent to the public hearing but not later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of The State Auditor and Inspector. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. All supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Sand Springs Municipal Authority, Sand Springs Economic Development Authority, and the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary.

Local Economy

The local economy for Sand Springs remained steady during the 2023 fiscal year. Taxable sales went up by 5% in the areas of public utilities, retail- general merchandise, and retail- restaurants. Net assessed valuation for Sand Springs also went up 7%, as the City issued several new building permits during the 2022 calendar year. The unemployment rate in the Tulsa metro area went up slightly to 2.4% by the end of the fiscal year.

Major Initiatives

The City of Sand Springs worked on several large projects throughout the year designed to improve quality of life and enhance economic development opportunities. Following is a brief listing of current projects:

- Sheffield Crossing Development- The development of the City's 25-acre project continues. The Chick-fil-A restaurant has been very successful and a Dutch Bros. has opened in the development. A Tropical Smoothie has opened and it is expected that other lot sales will occur during 2024. Additionally, it is anticipated the road and infrastructure improvements needed for the south 9 acres will open during 2024, allowing additional lots to be available for sale.
- River West Development- The City began the RiverWest development in 2004, with the purchase of approximately 180 lots. The project envisioned a new retail

development that would enhance the retail base of the city. Since 2004, the City (with the benefit of County Vision 2025 fund for economic development) has invested approximately 21 million dollars into the project and has received proceeds from land sales, taxes and utilities to generate approximately 16 million dollars. The project currently generates approximately \$900,000 per year in sales tax revenue for the City. Additionally, the remaining land within the development is currently under contract or sold, with a Chili's opening in late 2023 and a Planet Fitness scheduled to finish construction in 2024.

65 Acre Development- The City purchased a 65-acre parcel of land in the spring
of 2020 for future residential development. The site is currently awaiting final
engineering drawings so road and utility portions can be bid. The City has been
performing some of the earth work and the project should see substantial progress
during 2024.

Highway 97 Widening Project – This project will widen Highway 97 from 2nd Street to the Main Street Intersection. It will also improve signal light communication allowing the corridor to move traffic more efficiently and serve the area in a more flexible manner with changes in traffic patterns. ODOT will administer this project which will also include upgrades to the storm water system and reduce the impact of heavy rains upon the local shopping district. This project has started and is expected to continue into 2025.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the 33rd consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received its 27th consecutive Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2022. This award recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local popular reports.

The popular report is an easily understandable financial report on all activities for the general public at large.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is a combined effort of the Accounting staff of the Finance Department with the professional assistance of Crawford & Associates, P.C. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all whom contributed to its preparation.

We would also like to thank the Mayor and the members of the City Council for their leadership, encouragement, and support in strengthening and improving the fiscal policies of the City of Sand Springs.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael S. Carter

City Manager

Arlena H Barnes

Finance Director

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND STAFF

JUNE 30, 2023

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

John Cody Worrell Mike Burdge Beau Wilson James O. Spoon	Councilmember Wa Vice Mayor Wa	ard 3	Matthew Barnett Nancy Riley Brian Jackson	Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember	Ward 2 Ward 4 Ward 6				
	FINAN	NCE COMM	<u> MITTEE</u>						
Brian Jackson John Cody Worrell James O. Spoon	Councilmember Councilmember Chairman]	Mike Carter Kelly Lamberson Arlena Barnes	Staff Member Staff Member Staff Member					
	ADN	MINISTRAT	ΓΙΟΝ						
Mike Carter David Weatherford Arlena Barnes Brad Bates John Mars	City Manager City Attorney Finance Director City Planner Police Chief]	Derek Campbell Janice Almy Kristin Johnston Jeremy Wade Joe Medlin	Public Works Director City Clerk Human Resources Fire Chief Parks Director	or				
ACCOUNTING STAFF									
Arlena Barnes Shonna Mudd	Finance Director Purchasing Agent		Arlena Barnes Jamie Muns-Dobson	Budget Officer Accountant					

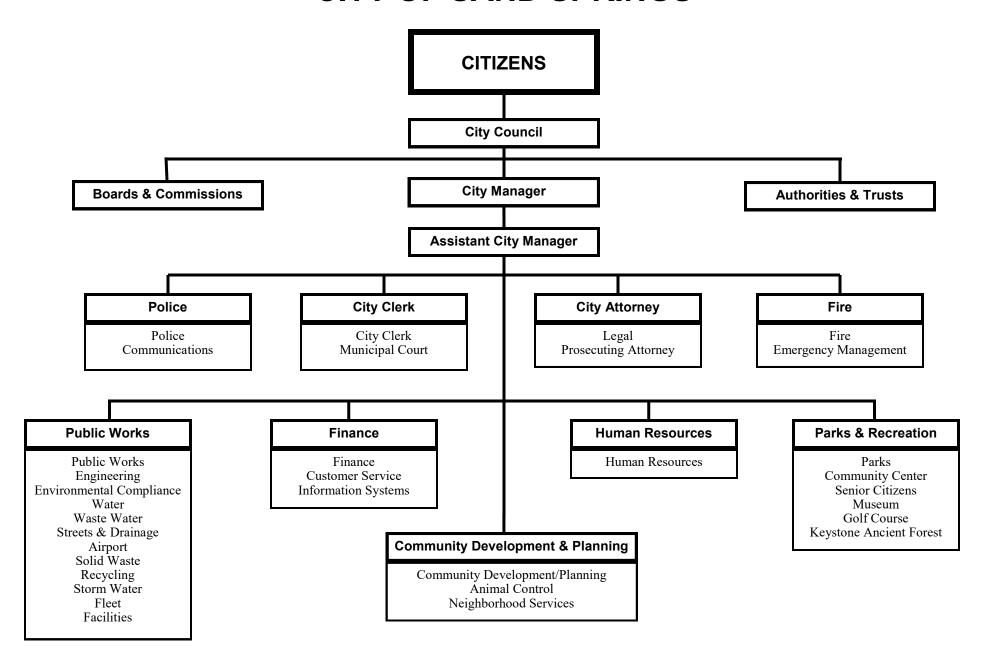
Twyla Miller

Payroll Specialist

Accounts Payable Specialist

Jennifer McVay

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Sand Springs Oklahoma

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3.H to the financial statements, the beginning net position was restated in the business-type activities and the proprietary funds to correct accumulated depreciation. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension plan and other post-employment benefits funding schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 9, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Edmond, Oklahoma

April 9, 2024



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As Management of the City of Sand Springs, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Sand Springs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$9.7 million, and the assets and deferred outflows of the City continued to exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2023, by \$172.1 million (net position). Of this amount, \$42.5 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$67.3 million.
- At the end of fiscal year 2023, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7.5 million or 44.7% of General Fund revenues.
- The City implemented GASB 94 and 96, during the fiscal year. The City did not have any arrangements that met the statement's criteria.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Sand Springs (the "City"), the Sand Springs Municipal Authority (the "Authority") and a discretely presented component unit. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type, along with two discretely presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) and deferred outflows as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

Reporting the City as a Whole - Statements of Net Position and Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Sand Springs' basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 23 & 24, respectively) report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer questions. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues, expenses and deferrals are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities -- Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities -- The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or
 most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, stormwater
 and refuse utilities are reported here, along with the golf course and airport
 enterprises.
- Discretely presented component unit -- This accounts for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. The City of Sand Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City of Sand Springs can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds -- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds -- When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary fund and are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, solid waste collection and disposal services, stormwater drainage, the operations of the municipal golf course, and the operations of the municipal airport. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 33-76 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which includes General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Notes to Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedules of Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for both Police and Firefighter's Pension, Schedule of City Contributions for Police and Firefighter's Retirement Systems, and a Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios. Other supplementary information includes Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, Budgetary Comparison Combining Schedules for Nonmajor and Major Governmental Funds, Cash Flow Statements for the component unit. This information can be found on pages 77-104 of this report.

Also included in this report is the Statistical Section which can be found on pages 105-127. This section presents detailed information, typically in ten-year trends, that assists users in utilizing the basic financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to assess the economic condition of the City of Sand Springs.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. This year the net investment in capital assets amounted to \$108.0 million. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Discretely Presented Component Unit is excluded from the following table.

The City of Sand Springs' Net Position (expressed in \$ 000's)

	Governmental Activities				Activ	ities	Total				
						(Restated)	(Restated)				
		2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022			
Assets:											
Current and other assets	\$	55,859	\$ 44,343	\$	44,048	\$ 38,438	\$ 99,907	\$ 82,781			
Capital assets		74,357	73,739		87,794	88,773	162,151	162,512			
Total assets		130,216	118,082		131,842	127,211	262,058	245,293			
Deferred outflows of resources:											
Deferred amount on refunding		-	-		81	85	81	85			
Deferred amounts related to pension		4,161	2,795		-	-	4,161	2,795			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		223	277		235	190	458	467			
Total deferred outflows		4,384	3,072		316	275	4,700	3,347			
Liabilities:											
Long-term liabilities		49,666	39,730		33,624	35,541	83,290	75,271			
Other liabilities		5,242	1,834		3,549	1,771	8,791	3,605			
Total liabilities		54,908	41,564		37,173 37		92,081	78,876			
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Deferred amounts related to leases		-	-		112	119	112	119			
Deferred amounts related to pension		694	6,732		-	-	694	6,732			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		1,145	285		663	233	1,808	518			
Total deferred inflows		1,839	7,017		775	352	2,614	7,369			
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		44,775	44,136		63,273	62,527	108,048	106,663			
Restricted		20,863	17,982		618	610	21,481	18,592			
Unrestricted		12,215	10,455		30,319	26,685	42,534	37,140			
Total net position	\$	77,853	\$ 72,573	\$	94,210	\$ 89,822	\$ 172,063	\$ 162,395			

The following table reflects the changes in the City's net position as a result of revenue earnings and the incurring of expenses during the fiscal year. A comparison is made between the two fiscal years to show the change in net position.

The City of Sand Springs' Change in Net Position (expressed in \$ 000's)

	Govern Activ	Busine Activ	ss-type vities	Total				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 1,422	\$ 1,449	\$ 19,013	\$ 17,986	\$ 20,435	\$ 19,435		
Grants & Contributions	1,358	925	1	6	1,359	931		
Capital Grants & Contributions	73	290	48	140	121	430		
General Revenues:								
Sales & Use Tax	18,732	17,779	-	-	18,732	17,779		
Other Taxes	5,610	5,304	-	-	5,610	5,304		
Other General Revenues	3,749	671	1,238	972	4,987	1,643		
Total Revenues	30,944	26,418	20,300	19,104	51,244	45,522		
Program Expenses:								
General Government	1,836	1,935	_	_	1,836	1,935		
Planning & Zoning	225	215	_	_	225	215		
Financial Administration	1,054	1,010	_	_	1,054	1,010		
Public Safety	11,386	8,671	_	_	11,386	8,671		
Highways & Streets	2,905	3,220	_	_	2,905	3,220		
Health & Welfare	43	36	_	_	43	36		
Culture & Recreation	2,517	2,547	_	_	2,517	2,547		
Economic Development	883	898	-	-	883	898		
General Properties	686	669	-	-	686	669		
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,173	1,008	-	-	1,173	1,008		
Water	-	-	9,635	7,923	9,635	7,923		
Wastewater	-	-	4,459	5,317	4,459	5,317		
Solid Waste	-	-	2,053	1,766	2,053	1,766		
Storm Water	-	-	452	414	452	414		
Airport	-	-	978	1,014	978	1,014		
Golf Course		_	1,291	1,584	1,291	1,584		
Total Expenses	22,708	20,209	18,868	18,018	41,576	38,227		
Excess	8,236	6,209	1,432	1,086	9,668	7,295		
Net Transfers	(2,956)	(1,261)	2,956	1,261				
Increase in Net Position Beginning net position	5,280 72,573	4,948 67,625	4,388 89,822	2,347 87,475	9,668 162,395	7,295 155,100		
Ending net position	\$ 77,853	\$ 72,573	\$ 94,210	\$ 89,822	\$ 172,063 \$ 162,395			

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities' increase in net position of \$5.3 million represents a 7.3% increase. The increase was due primarily to the increase in grants and contributions and general revenue. In governmental activities, operating grants and contributions increased from the prior year by \$0.4 million which was in conjunction with the increase in Public Safety expenses. A large portion of the increase in Public Safety expenses related to pension expenses of \$1.7 million.

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities' increase in net position of \$4.4 million represents a 5.0% increase. This increase is due to the increase in charges for services and net transfers in from governmental activities for capital improvements.

Overall, total business-type activities' revenues are sufficient to cover their total business-type activities' expenses. Individually, Water, Solid Waste, and Stormwater revenues cover their expenses, and make up for the revenue deficiencies in the Wastewater, Airport, and Golf business-type functions.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2023 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$67.3 million, or a 24.8% increase from the prior year. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$78.3 million, or a 2.4% increase from 2022. The fund balance and net position restrictions are listed below.

Fund Balance Classifications:		
Nonspendable	\$ 23,343	
Restricted	44,587,568	
Assigned	15,175,107	
Unassigned	7,504,779	
Total Fund Balance		\$ 67,290,797
Enterprise Funds Net Position Restrictions: Restricted for debt service Total Net Position Restrictions	\$ 617,951	\$ 617,951

Other fund highlights include:

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$0.8 million, or 8.9%. The Council has established a policy for maintaining the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at not less than 10% of revenues. The total unassigned fund balance at year end was 44.7% of revenues.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparing the fiscal year 2023 original budget (or adopted) General Fund expenditures and transfers amount of \$17,899,004 to the final budgeted amount of \$18,951,162 shows a net increase of \$1,052,158 or 5.9%. Total original budgeted revenues and transfers were revised from \$16,586,251 to \$16,759,850, an increase of \$173,599 or 1.1%.

General Fund actual revenues and transfers totaled \$935,252 more than final estimates, while expenditures and transfers out were under final appropriations by \$2,096,202. General government, public safety, highways and streets and culture and recreation were the primary reasons, coming in approximately \$1.6 million under budget appropriations.

The expenditure budget increase was due to various reasons; (1) purchase order and project rollovers from prior year of approximately \$127,000, and (2) various other budget adjustments. Actual revenues exceeded budget estimates due to sales and franchise tax revenues exceeding projections.

CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2023, the City had \$162.2 million invested in capital assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads and bridges. This represents a net decrease of \$0.3 million over last year.

Following are details regarding the change in the City's capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2023.¹

¹ For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to page 54, Note 3.E. Capital Assets

The City of Sand Springs' Capital Assets

(expressed in \$ 000's)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Totals				
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Land	\$ 18,021	\$	18,581	\$	2,190	\$	2,190	\$	20,211	\$	20,771		
Buildings	26,140		26,140		48,517		48,517		74,657		74,657		
Improvements & Other	9,612		9,612		47,511		47,481		57,123		57,093		
Equipment	13,363		12,803		10,564		9,995		23,927		22,798		
Infrastructure	47,749		47,749		61,827		61,038		109,576		108,787		
Intangible	-		-		6,703		6,703		6,703		6,703		
Construction-in-progress	11,716		8,389		4,179		2,760		15,895		11,149		
Totals	126,601		123,274		181,491		178,684		308,092		301,958		
Less Depreciation	(52,244)		(49,535)		(93,697)		(89,911)		(145,941)		(139,446)		
Totals, Net	\$ 74,357	\$	73,739	\$	87,794	\$	88,773	\$	162,151	\$	162,512		

This year's more significant capital asset additions include:

•	Utility improvements	\$0.7 million
•	Storm sirens	\$0.6 million
•	Refuse truck	\$0.3 million

Debt Administration

At year-end, the City had \$69.4 million in long-term debt outstanding, which represents a \$4.6. million increase from the prior year. These debts are further detailed as follows: ²

The City of Sand Springs' Long-term Debt

(expressed in \$ 000's)

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities	Totals				
	2023 2022		2023 2022	2023 2022				
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 24,955	\$ 18,325	\$ - \$ -	\$ 24,955 \$ 18,325				
Judgment Payable	-	82		- 82				
Notes Payable	-	-	1,812 2,355	1,812 2,355				
Revenue Bonds	13,120	13,625	28,105 29,050	41,225 42,675				
Accrued Compensation	1,069 1,016		354 316	1,423 1,332				
Totals	\$ 39,144	\$ 33,048	\$ 30,271 \$ 31,721	\$ 69,415 \$ 64,769				

² For more detailed information on long-term debt activity please refer to page 56, Note 3.F. Long-Term Debt

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Sand Springs' local economy remained strong in 2023, despite the continuing global pandemic. This was evident with an increase in sales and use tax revenues by 6%, due to an increase in taxable sales from restaurants, online sales, utilities, and other retail sales. The unemployment rate for the metro area went up slightly to 2.4%. Per capita personal income was slightly lower than last year. The net assessed valuation for Sand Springs increased by 7.0%.

The FY24 budget assumed revenues generated from sales tax would exceed FY23 budget by 2.5% and increase 2% in FY24. However, actual FY23 revenues reflected a 5% increase in sales tax over budget and are slightly above projections during the first quarter of FY24. Use tax revenues were budgeted to decrease by 0.3% from FY23 budget, and so far in FY24 have been above projections during the first quarter. As a result of this, the City was able to fully fund its 30% reserves policy set forth by City ordinance. Council and staff was also able to include in the FY24 budget the continued funding for projects to enhance economic development for the City. Furthermore, the FY24 budget allows for a 3% rate increase on sewer, refuse, stormwater rates and water rates due to the increase in costs for treating water and sewer as well as landfill dump charges.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at 100 E. Broadway, Sand Springs, Oklahoma, or phone at (918) 246-2518. This report may be found on the City's website, www.sandspringsok.org.

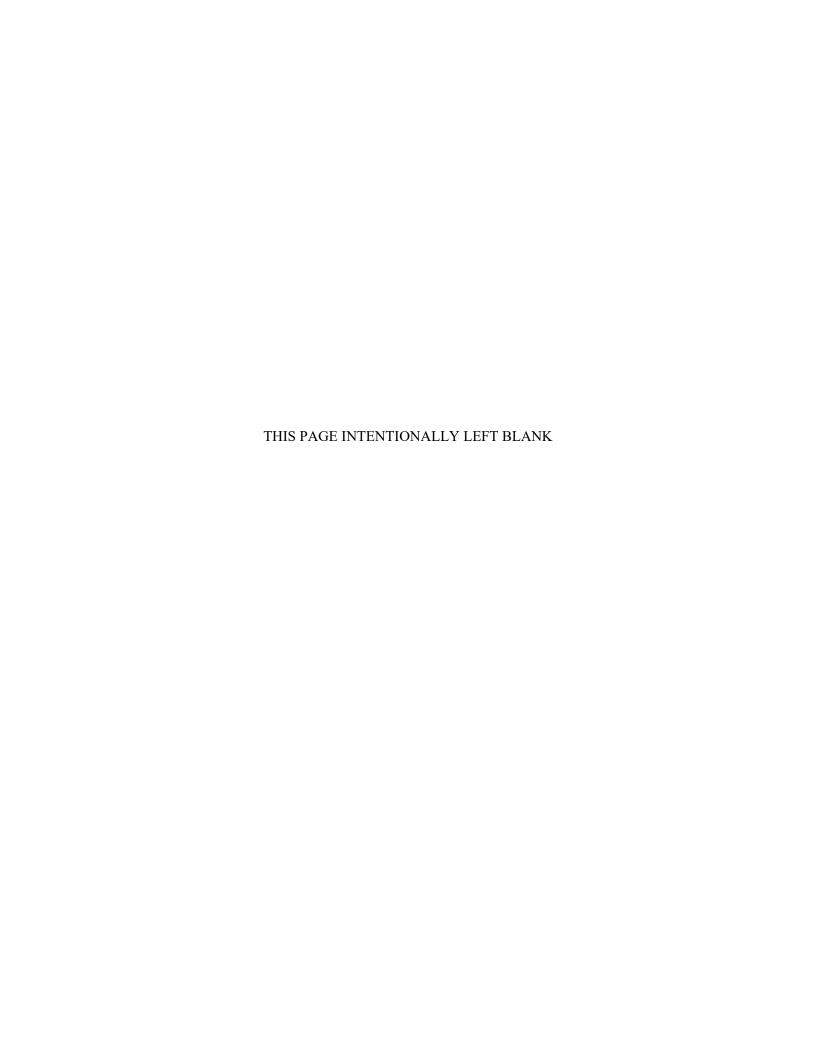
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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - -Governmental funds
 - -Proprietary (enterprise) funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Governmen	t	Compon	nponent Unit			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Museum Trust Authority	Economic Development Authority			
ASSETS								
Cash and equivalents	\$ 44,144,425	\$ 33,522,763	\$ 77,667,188	\$ 95,269	\$ 340,842			
Investments	7,695,124	6,931,474	14,626,598	-	-			
Deposit with insurance pool	1,248,387	-	1,248,387	-	-			
Interest receivable	8,743	6,146	14,889	-	-			
Accounts receivable, net	252,051	2,052,958	2,305,009	-	-			
Internal balances	(664,971)	664,971	- 0.044.450	45.000	-			
Due from other governmental agencies	2,706,175	538,284	3,244,459	15,962	-			
Inventories	23,845	218,450	242,295	-	-			
Other assets	(502)	464	(38)	-	-			
Leases receivable	445.002	112,074	112,074	-	-			
Net pension asset	445,983	-	445,983	-	-			
Capital assets:	20 727 420	42.070.000	40 000 404					
Capital assets, nondepreciable	29,737,436	13,072,028	42,809,464	-	-			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total Assets	44,619,384 130,216,080	74,722,240 131,841,852	119,341,624 262,057,932	111,231	340.842			
Total Assets	130,216,080	131,841,852	262,057,932	111,231	340,842			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amount on refunding	-	80,683	80,683	-	-			
Deferred amounts related to pension	4,161,484	-	4,161,484	-	-			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	222,804	235,588	458,392					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,384,288	316,271	4,700,559					
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,716,671	832,092	2,548,763	2,038	-			
Accrued interest payable	563,022	177,752	740,774	-	-			
Accrued payroll liabilities	207,684	77,129	284,813	102	-			
Due to other governmental agencies	1,141	9,870	11,011	50	-			
Amounts held in escrow	54,035	-	54,035	-	-			
Unearned revenue	2,700,014	2,452,163	5,152,177	-	-			
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year	1,848,734	1,497,564	3,346,298	-	-			
Due in more than one year	37,569,642	31,544,016	69,113,658	-	-			
Net pension liability	9,104,441	-	9,104,441	-	-			
Total OPEB liability	1,143,331	582,452	1,725,783					
Total Liabilities	54,908,715	37,173,038	92,081,753	2,190				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to leases	-	112,183	112,183	-	-			
Deferred amounts related to pension	694,378	-	694,378	-	-			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	1,144,525	662,848	1,807,373					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,838,903	775,031	2,613,934					
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	44,775,205	63,272,507	108,047,712	-	-			
Capital projects	17,170,095		17,170,095					
Public safety	1,090,908	-	1,090,908	-	-			
Debt service	628,901	- 617,951		-	-			
Economic development	,	108,110	1,246,852 6,302,043	-	-			
Other projects	6,302,043 217,242	-	6,302,043 217,242	-	-			
Net pension asset	390,671	-	390,671	-	-			
Unrestricted	7,277,685	30,319,596	37,597,281	109,041	340,842			
Total Net Position	\$ 77,852,750	\$ 94,210,054	\$ 172,062,804	\$ 109,041	\$ 340,842			
TOTAL MOLT CONTOUR	Ψ 11,002,100	Ψ 5-,210,004	Ψ 112,002,004	Ψ 100,011	Ψ 070,072			

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Program Revenue **Primary Government** Component Unit Operating Capital Grants Economic Business-type Charges for Grants and and Governmental Museum Trust Development Functions/Programs Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Authority Authority Expenses Primary government Governmental Activities General government 1.836.365 234.923 8.833 (1,592,609)(1,592,609)Planning and zoning 225,195 10,082 (215, 113)(215, 113)Financial administration 1,054,477 (1,054,477)(1,054,477)11,385,649 Public safety 1,036,780 1,177,083 (9,171,786)(9,171,786)Highways and streets 2.904.724 180 181.130 63.771 (2,659,643)(2,659,643)Health and welfare 42,979 (42,979)(42,979)Culture and recreation 2,516,520 134,600 (2,381,920)(2,381,920)Economic development 883,066 5,775 (877, 291)(877, 291)Facilities management and fleet maintenance 686.128 (686, 128)(686, 128)Interest on long-term debt 1.173.022 (1.173.022)(1.173.022)Total governmental activities 22,708,125 1,422,340 1,358,213 72,604 (19,854,968) (19,854,968) Business-type activities Water operations 9.635.565 10.078.037 47,499 489.971 489.971 Wastewater operations 4,458,842 3,785,860 (672, 982)(672, 982)2,052,702 2,295,683 1,156 244,137 Solid waste operations 244,137 969,668 Stormwater operations 452.007 1,421,675 969,668 Airport operations 978.017 541.525 (436, 492)(436.492)Golf course operations 1,291,338 890,263 (401,075)(401,075)Total business-type activities 18,868,471 19,013,043 1,156 47,499 193,227 193,227 Total primary government 41,576,596 20,435,383 1,359,369 120,103 (19,854,968) 193,227 (19,661,741) Component Units Culture and recreation 50,285 5,488 17,315 15,946 (11,536)50,285 5,488 17,315 15,946 Total component units (11,536)General revenues: Taxes: Sales and use taxes 18,731,599 18,731,599 2,551,083 2,551,083 Property taxes Franchise taxes 1.084.413 1.084.413 Abatement taxes 45.132 45.132 E-911 taxes 180,491 180,491 277,930 Hotel/Motel taxes 277,930 Payment in lieu of tax 1,470,913 1.470.913 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 308.080 49.029 357,109 Unrestricted investment earnings 1,545,713 1,137,736 2,683,449 330 Miscellaneous 1,894,894 51,423 1,946,317 2,955,979 Transfers (2,955,979)Total general revenues and transfers 25,134,269 4.194.167 29.328.436 330 Change in net position 5.279.301 4.387.394 9.666.695 (11.206)Net position - beginning, restated 72,573,449 89,822,660 162,396,109 120,247 340,842 Net position - ending 77,852,750 94,210,054 172,062,804 109.041 340.842

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Ge	eneral Fund	_Im	Street provement		Capital nprovement er/Wastewater		velopment Capital provement	Obli	18 General gation Bond Project Fund		GO Bond City oject Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	s	6,899,620	s	5,384,502	s	10,962,223	s	7,247,994	s	3,911,371	s	6,079,180	\$	19,235,800	\$	59,720,690
lnvestments	>	1,509,520	>	5,384,502	\$	3,110,347	>	7,247,994	\$	3,911,371	\$	6,079,180	\$	1,154,968	\$	11,720,424
Deposit with insurance pool		1,309,713		5,945,590		3,110,347		-		-		-		1,104,900		1,248,387
Accrued interest receivable		2.059		6.372		1.792		-		-		-		4.045		1,240,367
Taxes receivable, net		320,844		0,372		1,752		-		-				35,465		356,309
Due from other governments		1.387.237		269.142		538,284		-		-				728,952		2,923,615
Court fines receivable, net		148.524		205, 142		330,204		-		-				120,532		148,524
Other receivables		103,527		-				-		-						103,527
Inventories		23,845		-				-		-						23,845
Prepaid items		(502)		-				-		-						(502)
Total assets	\$	11,643,254	\$	11,605,412	\$	14,612,646	\$	7,247,994	\$	3,911,371	\$	6,079,180	\$	21,159,230	\$	76,259,087
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALAN Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable to other governments Other accrued expenditures Amounts held in escrow Other payables Unearmed revenues Advance from other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues	\$	569,632 1,141 202,279 40,911 18,529 832,492	\$	19,113 - - - - - 19,113	\$	212,417 	\$	366,726 - - - 2,700,014 - 3,066,740	\$	667,310 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	56,384	\$	183,860 231,636 231,636 664,971 _ 1,312,103 349,151	\$	2,075,442 1,141 433,915 40,911 250,165 5,151,556 664,971 8,618,101
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		23,343 879,962 2,175,977 7,504,779		- 10,725,444 855,883		11,035,135 912,551		- 4,181,254 - -		3,244,061 - -		- 6,022,796 - -		8,498,916 11,230,696		23,343 44,587,568 15,175,107 7,504,779
Total fund balances		10,584,061		11,581,327		11,947,686		4,181,254		3,244,061		6,022,796		19,729,612		67,290,797
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	11,643,254	\$	11,605,412	\$	14,612,646	\$	7,247,994	\$	3,911,371	\$	6,079,180	\$	21,390,866	\$	76,490,723

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	67,290,797
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$52,244,627		74,356,820
Certain long-term and other assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported, or reported as unavailable in the funds:		
Accrued interest receivable		5,828
Court fines receivable		113,648
Other receivables		458,420
Net pension asset		445,983
Deferred outflows of resources are not outflows that relate to the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Pension related deferred outflows		4,161,484
OPEB related deferred outflows		222,804
Capital project funds are used by management to purchase or construct certain capital assets for the City. The assets and liabilities of certain capital project funds are included in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position:		
Fund balance of the Water and Wastewater CIP Fund		(11,947,686)
Fund balance of the SSMA CIP Fund		(610,811)
Fund balance of the Airport CIP Fund		(178,250)
Fund balance of the Stormwater CIP Fund		(4,623,897)
Fund balance of the Golf Course CIP Fund		(15,486)
Certain long-term liabilities and related accounts are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore they, along with deferred inflows, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(9,104,441)
Pension related deferred inflows		(694,378)
OPEB related deferred inflows		(1,144,525)
Accrued interest payable		(321,853)
General obligation bonds payable		(24,955,000)
Revenue bonds payable		(13,120,000)
Unamortized premium on debt Accrued compensated absences		(274,705) (1,068,671)
Total OPEB liability		(1,143,331)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$	77,852,750
	<u> </u>	. 1,002,100

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Ge	General Fund		Street Improvement		Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater		Development Capital Improvement		2018 General Obligation Bond City Project Fund		2022 GO Bond City Project Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES																	
Taxes	\$	13,199,143	\$	2,067,075	\$	4,134,149	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,979,848	\$	24,380,215	
Fees and fines		194,502		-		-		-		-		-		-		194,502	
Licenses and permits		165,765		-		-		-		-		-		5,775		171,540	
Intergovernmental		1,747,918		-		49,029		-		-		-		63,771		1,860,718	
Charges for services		1,025,871		-		73,150		-		-		-		47,157		1,146,178	
Investment earnings		294,809		278,140		367,535		162,083		123,038		165,749		566,474		1,957,828	
Miscellaneous		157,343		(11)		(2)		-		-		-		2,875,524		3,032,854	
Total revenues		16,785,351		2,345,204		4,623,861		162,083		123,038		165,749		8,538,549		32,743,835	
EXPENDITURES Current:																	
General government		1,141,653		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,141,653	
Planning and zoning		219,349		-		-		-		-		-		-		219,349	
Financial administration		1,059,714		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,059,714	
Public safety		10,881,651		-		-		-		-		-		-		10,881,651	
Highways and streets		901,727		-		-		-		-		-		-		901,727	
Health and welfare		42,979		-		-		-		-		-		-		42,979	
Culture and recreation		1,671,257		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,671,257	
Community and economic development		105,815		-		-		-		-		-		616,157		721,972	
Facilities management and fleet maintenance		858,190		-		-		-		-		-		-		858,190	
Debt Service:																	
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,760,000		1,760,000	
Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,086,673		1,086,673	
Capital Outlay		260,159		1,477,893		1,612,567		1,426,125		1,315,352		892,953		3,308,058		10,293,107	
Total expenditures		17,142,494		1,477,893		1,612,567		1,426,125		1,315,352		892,953		6,770,888		30,638,272	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(357, 143)		867,311		3,011,294		(1,264,042)		(1,192,314)		(727,204)		1,767,661		2,105,563	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																	
Issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-		6,750,000		1,135,000		7,885,000	
Premiums from issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,539		3,539	
Transfers in		2,009,313		-		-		114,888		974,984		-		2,842,870		5,942,055	
Transfers out		(789, 182)		-		(810,000)						-		(949,381)		(2,548,563)	
Total other financing sources and uses		1,220,131		-		(810,000)		114,888		974,984		6,750,000		3,032,028		11,282,031	
Net change in fund balances		862,988		867,311		2,201,294		(1,149,154)		(217,330)		6,022,796		4,799,689		13,387,594	
Fund balances - beginning		9,721,073		10,714,016		9,746,392		5,330,408		3,461,391				14,929,923		53,903,203	
Fund balances - ending	\$	10,584,061	\$	11,581,327	\$	11,947,686	\$	4,181,254	\$	3,244,061	\$	6,022,796	\$	19,729,612	\$	67,290,797	

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 13,387,594
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized Book value of capital assets disposed or sold	4,301,631 (973,950)
Depreciation expense	(2,710,003)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.	303,007
report periodici contributione de experianteree.	000,007
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. This is the change in unavailable revenues.	(21,076)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:	
General obligation bond principal payments	1,255,000
General obligation bond proceeds	(7,885,000)
Judgment principal payment	82,500
Revenue bond principal payments	505,000
Premium on bonds issued	(3,509)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Changes in:	(404.040)
Accrued interest	(191,646) 22,797
Amortization expense Accrued compensated absences	(52,974)
Total OPEB liability	(49,479)
Capital project funds are used by management to purchase or construct certain capital assets for the City. The net change in fund balances of certain capital project funds are included in the business-type activities column of the Statement of Activities:	
Water and Wastew ater CIP	(2,201,294)
SSMA Capital Fund	(4,855)
Airport CIP Fund	(5,738)
Stormw ater CIP Fund	(535,418)
Golf Course CIP Fund	56,714
Change in net postion of governmental activities	\$ 5,279,301

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position **Proprietary Funds** June 30, 2023

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total
ASSETS		- Curry I unu					
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,830,760	\$ 1,962,417	\$ 1,664,230	\$ 402,693	\$ 225,558	\$ 325,144	\$ 9,410,802
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	8,535,696	-	-	-	-	-	8,535,696
Investments	2,238,902	232,795	-	-	-	-	2,471,697
Interest receivable	621	-	-	-	-	-	621
Accounts receivable, net	1,178,305	419,437	258,945	11,624	863	148,319	2,017,493
Advance to other funds	664,971	-	-	-	-	-	664,971
Inventories	209,323	-	-	9,127	-	-	218,450
Prepaid expenses	464	-	-	-	-	-	464
Leases receivable				112,074			112,074
Total current assets	17,659,042	2,614,649	1,923,175	535,518	226,421	473,463	23,432,268
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted investments	434,476	1	-	-	-	-	434,477
Capital assets, nondepreciable	9,803,851	176,856	-	685,556	521,639	1,884,126	13,072,028
Other capital assets, net	34,083,923	26,945,565	757,506	4,504,578	2,615,178	5,815,490	74,722,240
Total noncurrent assets	44,322,250	27,122,422	757,506	5,190,134	3,136,817	7,699,616	88,228,745
Total assets	61,981,292	29,737,071	2,680,681	5,725,652	3,363,238	8,173,079	111,661,013
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred amounts on refunding	80.683	_	_	_	_	_	80.683
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	161,344	58,927	12,365	2,618	_	334	235,588
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	242,027	58,927	12,365	2,618		334	316,271
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	261,798	119.748	35,845	10,921	53,862	862	483.036
Accrued payroll liabilities	48,116	16,657	10,178	1,996	- 00,002	-	76,947
Accrued interest payable	174,998	2,754	.0,0	-,,,,,,	_	_	177,752
Payable to other governments	174,000	9,870	_	_	_	_	9,870
Unearned revenue	621	5,010	_	_	_	_	621
Current portion of:	OLI						021
Compensated absences	37,969	14,837	14,607	1,752			69,165
Deposits subject to refund	108.619	14,037	14,007	1,732			108.619
Notes payable	132,891	330,508	_				463,399
Revenue bonds payable	965,000	330,300	_				965,000
Total current liabilities	1,730,012	494,374	60,630	14,669	53,862	862	2,354,409
Noncurrent liabilities:	1,730,012	434,374	00,030	14,003	30,002	002	2,554,405
Compensated absences	151,876	59,349	58,430	15,768			285,423
Deposits subject to refund	434,476	33,343	50,450	13,700			434,476
Total OPEB liability	345,157	151,005	75,503	10,786		1	582,452
Notes payable	841,097	507,326	75,505	10,760	-	ļ	1,348,423
Revenue bonds payable	29,367,075	307,320	-	-	-	-	29,367,075
Total non-current liabilities	31,139,681	717,680	133,933	26,554			32,017,849
Total liabilities	32,869,693	1,212,054	194,563	41,223	53,862	863	34,372,258
DEFENDED INC. OWO OF DEGOLUTORS							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				110 100			440 100
Deferred amounts related to leases	-	107.05:	100.00=	112,183	-		112,183
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	368,541	167,351	106,607	10,443		9,906	662,848
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	368,541	167,351	106,607	122,626		9,906	775,031
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	20,203,847	26,284,587	757,506	5,190,134	3,136,817	7,699,616	63,272,507
Restricted for debt service	617,951	-	-	-	-	-	617,951
Unrestricted	8,163,287	2,132,006	1,634,370	374,287	172,559	463,028	12,939,537
Total net position	\$ 28,985,085	\$ 28,416,593	\$ 2,391,876	\$ 5,564,421	\$ 3,309,376	\$ 8,162,644	76,829,995
Capital project funds are used by management: The assets and liabilities of certain capital proje activities in the Statement of Net Position:	to purchase or constr	uct certain capital asso	ets for the City.				-,,-

activities in the Statement of Net Position: Water and Wastewater CIP SSMA Capital Fund Airport CIP Fund Stormwater CIP Fund Golf Course CIP Fund

11,947,686 610,811 178,250 4,623,897 15,486

Revenue deferred in governmental capital project funds because the revenue is not available to pay fund liabilities has been recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities for capital project funds classified as business type activities.

Total net position per Government-Wide financial statements

94,210,054

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 9,915,600	\$ 3,767,959	\$ 2,286,129	\$ 194,007	\$ 890,263	\$ 1,419,129	\$ 18,473,087
Miscellaneous	9,915,600	3,767,959	2,286,129	333,029 527,036	890,263	1 410 120	333,029
Total operating revenues	9,915,000	3,707,939	2,200,129	327,030	090,203	1,419,129	18,806,116
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	2,643,164	1,178,894	746,451	121,621	1,480	45,450	4,737,060
Operations and maintenance	3,372,857	1,700,905	1,060,138	492,105	955,890	223,480	7,805,375
Depreciation	1,949,202	1,307,745	188,491	355,327	220,635	180,531	4,201,931
Total operating expenses	7,965,223	4,187,544	1,995,080	969,053	1,178,005	449,461	16,744,366
Operating income (loss)	1,950,377	(419,585)	291,049	(442,017)	(287,742)	969,668	2,061,750
NON OPERATING DEVENUES (EXPENSES)							
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and investment revenue	475,847	55,954	50.706	13.281	8.517	9.119	613.424
Miscellaneous revenue	10,177	1,753	1,156	5,525	0,517	9,119	18,611
Loss on disposal of capital asset	(34,400)	1,700	(48,068)	5,525	-	-	(82,468)
Interest expense and fiscal agent charges	(814,546)	(14,515)	(40,000)	-	_		(829,061)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(362,922)	43.192	3,794	18,806	8.517	9.119	(279,494)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,587,455	(376,393)	294,843	(423,211)	(279,225)	978,787	1,782,256
,		, ,	•	, , ,	, ,	•	
Capital contributions	1,758,529	145,380	276,512	87,500	94,665	943,136	3,305,722
Transfers in	800,000	-	-	150,000	250,000	-	1,200,000
Transfers out	(2,372,326)	(501,572)	(588,842)		(130,752)	(1,000,000)	(4,593,492)
Change in net position	1,773,658	(732,585)	(17,487)	(185,711)	(65,312)	921,923	1,694,486
Total net position - beginning, restated	27,211,427	29,149,178	2,409,363	5,750,132	3,374,688	7,240,721	75,135,509
Total net position - ending	\$ 28,985,085	\$ 28,416,593	\$ 2,391,876	\$ 5,564,421	\$ 3,309,376	\$ 8,162,644	\$ 76,829,995
Change in net position, per above Capital project funds are used by management to pu The activities of certain capital project governmental			•				\$ 1,694,486
Statement of Activities: Water and Wastewater CIP							2.201.294
SSMA Capital Fund							4.855
Airport CIP Fund							5.738
Stormwater CIP Fund							535,418
Golf Course CIP Fund							(56,714)
30.1 304.133 3.1 7 4.14							(55,11)
Revenue deferred in governmental capital project fun recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities							2,317
Change in Business-Type Activities in Net Position p	er Government-Wid	de Financial Statemer	nts				\$ 4,387,394

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	 SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund		SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$ 9,847,888	\$ 3,749,598	\$ 2,268,832	\$	569,273	\$ 893,151	\$ 1,408,607	\$ 18,737,349
Receipts from other funds	158,174	-	-		-	-	-	158,174
Payments to suppliers	(3,369,853)	(1,666,221)	(1,047,334)		(489,810)	(962,970)	(223,381)	(7,759,569)
Payments to employees	(2,670,075)	(1,200,829)	(752,955)		(121,706)	(1,480)	(49,830)	(4,796,875)
Receipts of customer meter deposits	146,993	-	-		-	-	-	146,993
Refunds of customer meter deposits	(138,440)	-	-		-	-	-	(138,440)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,974,687	882,548	468,543		(42,243)	(71,299)	1,135,396	6,347,632
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers from other funds	800,000	-	-		150,000	250,000	-	1,200,000
Transfers to other funds	(2,372,326)	(501,572)	(588,842)		-	(130,752)	(1,000,000)	(4,593,492)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,572,326)	(501,572)	(588,842)	_	150,000	119,248	(1,000,000)	(3,393,492)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,176,036)	(419,130)						(1,595,166)
Interest paid on capital debt	(811,993)	(17,947)	-		-	-	-	(829,940)
	(=::,===)	(,=,						(===,= .=)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,988,029)	(437,077)	-		-	-		(2,425,106)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Sale of investments	2,145	282,991	-		-	-	-	285,136
Interest and dividends	475,847	55,954	50,706		13,281	8,517	9,120	613,425
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	477,992	 338,945	50,706		13,281	8,517	9,120	898,561
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	892,324	282,844	(69,593)		121,038	56,466	144,516	1,427,595
not morouse in outsi una outsi Equitarente	002,021	202,011	(00,000)		121,000	00, 100	111,010	1, 127,000
Balances - beginning of the year	12,474,132	 1,679,573	1,733,823		281,655	169,092	180,629	16,518,904
Balances - end of the year	\$13,366,456	\$ 1,962,417	\$ 1,664,230	\$	402,693	\$ 225,558	\$ 325,145	\$ 17,946,499
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,830,760	\$ 1,962,417	\$ 1,664,230	\$	402,693	\$ 225,558	\$ 325,144	\$ 9,410,802
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	8,535,696	-	-		-	-	-	8,535,696
	\$13,366,456	\$ 1,962,417	\$ 1,664,230	\$	402,693	\$ 225,558	\$ 325,144	\$ 17,946,498
								(Continued)

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(Continued)

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund		SSMA lid Waste ility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA ormwater Fund	P	Total roprietary Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided									
by (used in) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,950,377	\$ (419,585)	\$	291,049	\$ (442,017)	\$ (287,742)	\$ 969,668	\$	2,061,750
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided									
by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation expense	1,949,202	1,307,745		188,491	355,327	220,635	180,531		4,201,931
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)	10,177	1,753		1,156	5,525	-	-		18,611
Change in assets, liabilities and deferrals:									
Receivables, net	(77,889)	(20,114)		(18,453)	37,627	2,888	(10,522)		(86,463)
Lease receivables and related deferral	-	-		-	(915)	-	-		(915)
Inventory	139	-		-	-	-	-		139
Prepaid expenses	(26,632)	-		-	-	-	-		(26,632)
Due from other funds	158,174	-		-	-	-	-		158,174
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(76,451)	14,231		4,290	149	-	94		(57,687)
Accounts payables	29,497	29,007		12,804	2,293	(7,080)	99		66,620
Customer meter deposits payable	8,553	-		-	-	-	-		8,553
Payable to other governments	-	5,677		-	-	-	-		5,677
Total OPEB liability	(161,362)	(120,343)		(69,217)	(7,304)	-	1		(358, 225)
Accrued payroll liabilities	(62,888)	(30,427)		(12,353)	(3,696)	-	(2,519)		(111,883)
Accrued compensated absences	24,761	457		9,940	3,014	-	-		38,172
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	249,029	 114,147	_	60,836	 7,754	 -	 (1,956)		429,810
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 3,974,687	\$ 882,548	\$	468,543	\$ (42,243)	\$ (71,299)	\$ 1,135,396	\$	6,347,632
Noncash activities:									
Contributed capital assets	\$ 1,758,529	\$ 145,380	\$	276,512	\$ 87,500	\$ 94,665	\$ 943,136	\$	3,305,722
Total Noncash Activities	\$ 1,758,529	\$ 145,380	\$	276,512	\$ 87,500	\$ 94,665	\$ 943,136	\$	3,305,722

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY
- B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION
- C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND EQUITY
- E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES
- F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES
- G. USE OF ESTIMATES
- H. PENSIONS
- I. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

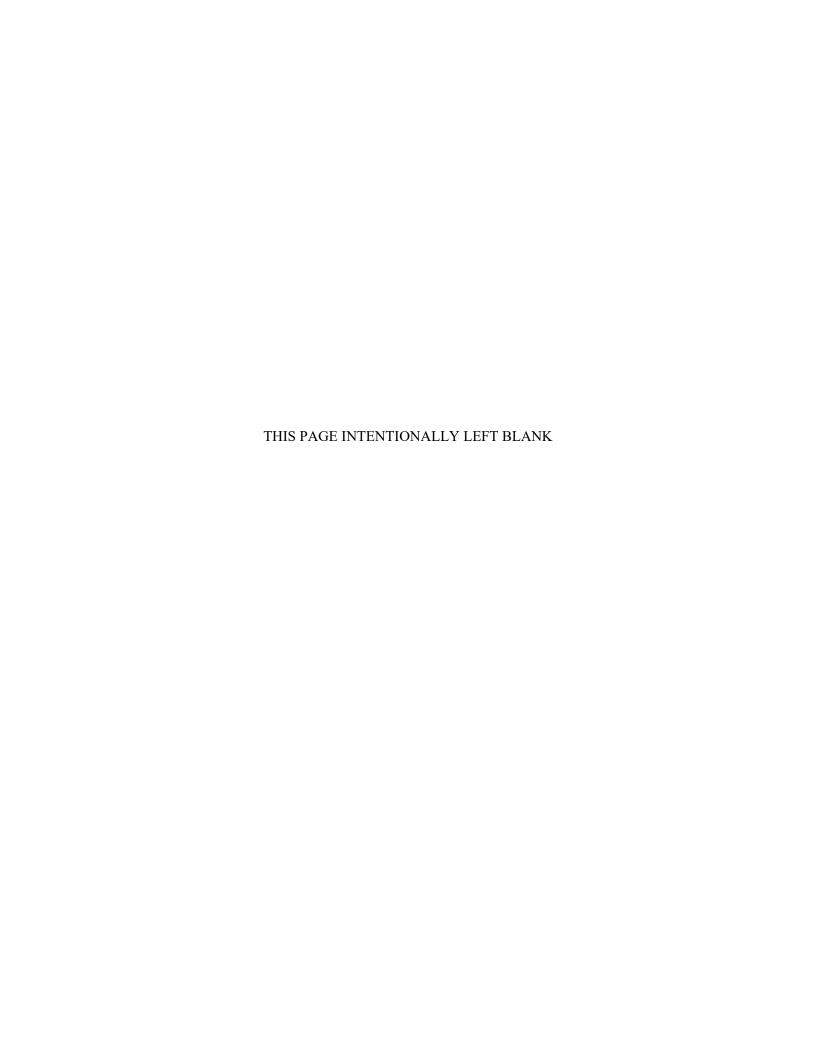
- A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS
- B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS
- C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS
- D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS
- E. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

- A. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS
- B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE
- C. LEASES RECEIVABLE
- D. RESTRICTED ASSETS
- E. CAPITAL ASSETS
- F. LONG-TERM DEBT
- G. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES
- H. FUND EQUITY

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

- A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS
- B. TAX ABATEMENTS
- C. RISK MANAGEMENT
- D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES



NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: City of Sand Springs

Blended Component Unit: Sand Springs Municipal Authority

Discretely Presented Component Unit: Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by Statement 61 and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable.

Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate fund category to comprise the primary government presentation.

The component unit that is blended into the primary government's fund categories is presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Included Funds
Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA)	Created March 14, 1966, to finance, develop and operate the water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste disposal facilities. Also, the Authority operates and maintains the golf course and airport facilities. The current City Council serves as the entire governing body (Trustees) of the SSMA. Any issuances of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council. Management and staff of the City also serve as management and staff of the Authority.	Enterprise Funds: Water Fund Wastewater Fund Solid Waste Fund Airport Fund Golf Fund Stormwater Fund

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending.

Component units that would normally be discretely presented in the City's report are presented below:

Sand Springs Economic Development Authority (Economic Development Authority) Created October 24, 1980, to promote and encourage development of industry and commerce on behalf of the City. This Trust was primarily set up to be the loan servicing agent for Community Development Block Grant Economic Development Loans, and lender for Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority Loans to private enterprises. The SSEDA governing body is comprised of eight members; two appointed council members and six other members appointed by the full City Council. Any issuances of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (Museum Trust Authority) Created December 20, 1990, to promote cultural and historical activities within the City. The governing body is comprised of seven members appointed by the full City Council. No current City Council members serve on the board. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

The discretely presented component units of the City do not issue separately audited component unit financial statements.

RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The following related organizations are not included in the financial reporting entity:

Sand Springs Development Authority An Authority created on February 14, 1983, pursuant to Title 11 of Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 38-101, regarding urban renewal through private and public resources. This authority was created to formulate a workable program of urban renewal. The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body; however, the City does not have the ability to impose its will on the governing body, nor does a financial benefit or burden relationship exist between the two. Of the governing body appointed, no member shall hold any other public office under the City.

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets (plus deferred outflows), liabilities (plus deferred inflows), revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets (plus deferred outflows), liabilities (plus deferred inflows), revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund that does not meet the criteria of (a) or (b), but for which management has determined is of such significance to be reported as a major fund.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. It includes the Special Programs account for reporting purposes. This accounts for revenues assigned for specific public safety activities and recreational services provided by the City.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

Vision 2025 Fund

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for restricted ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest and fiscal agent fees.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays. The reporting entity includes the following capital project funds:

Street Improvement Fund
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund – EDIF
Park and Recreation Fund
T.I.D. Cimarron Center Fund
Short-term Capital Improvements Fund
Capital Improvement Fund
Airport Construction Fund

Stormwater Capital Improvement Fund SSMA Capital Fund

Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund

Golf Course Capital Improvement Fund

Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund

Economic Development Capital Improvement Fund 2018 General Obligation Bond City Project Fund

2018 General Obligation Bond Economic Development Fund

Development Capital Improvement Fund

2022 General Obligation Bond City Project Fund

2022 General Obligation Bond Community Development Fund

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds:

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Water

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Wastewater

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Solid Waste

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Airport

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Golf

Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) – Stormwater

COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities whose governing body (in majority) is appointed by the Mayor or City Council, but whose governing body is not substantially the same as the City Council nor is an entity established to provide services primarily to the primary government. Since these component units are not as closely associated with the City as are the blended component units, they are reported in discretely presented columns on the government-wide financial statements. The reporting entity includes the following discretely presented component unit:

- Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (Museum Trust Authority)
- Sand Springs Economic Development Authority (Economic Development Authority)

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

<u>Fund</u> <u>Brief Description</u>

Major:

General See previous description.

Capital Project Funds:

Street Improvement Accounts for the permanent half-cent sales tax extension approved by the voters

on September 11, 2007 with effective date of January 1, 2008. These funds are to

be used to make capital improvements to the roads, streets and bridges.

Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater	Accounts for the one-cent increase in sales tax approved by the citizens in 1979. These funds are to be expended for water and wastewater capital improvement projects and retirement of debt as provided in the ordinance.			
Development Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the SSMA Water Fund for land purchase.			
2018 General Obligation Bond City Project	Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for streets, bridges, public safety equipment, park improvement, and municipal facilities improvements.			
2022 General Obligation Bond City Project	Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for streets, bridges, public safety equipment, park improvement, and municipal facilities improvements.			
Enterprise Funds: SSMA Water Fund	Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing water services to the citizens.			
SSMA Wastewater Fund Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing wastewater so citizens.				
SSMA Solid Waste Fund	Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing solid waste services to the citizens.			
SSMA Airport Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the operations of the airport facility and financing for future airport improvements.			
SSMA Golf Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the operation of the golf course, payment of debt service requirements on the debt issued related to the golf course and financing for future golf improvements.			
SSMA Stormwater Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the maintenance of stormwater operations.			
Nonmajor:				
Special Revenue Fund				
Vision 2025	Accounts for grants received from Tulsa County restricted for the river park project.			
Capital Project Funds:				
Community Development Block Grant - EDIF	Accounts for grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and transfers from the City for infrastructure.			
Park and Recreation	Accounts for revenues from housing developers restricted for park improvements.			
Short-term Capital Improvements	Accounts for revenues, transfers from other City funds and certain bond proceeds as the City Council may designate for the City's short-term capital needs, consisting of items having a useful life of ten years or less.			
T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center	Accounts for tax increment financing revenues initially collected by the General Fund and related economic development expenditures.			

Capital Improvement	Accounts for contributions and specific revenues and transfers from other City funds and expenditures for various capital projects as the City Council may designate.
Public Safety Capital Improvement	Accounts for the forty-five hundredths of one-cent increase in sales tax approved by citizens in 2015 which went into effect January 2017 to repay the debt. Also, accounts for the bonds proceeds to be expended for building and improving public safety facilities and land acquisition for public safety facilities for the benefit of the City as provided in the ordinance.
Stormwater Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the Municipal Authority stormwater revenues set aside for stormwater capital improvement projects.
Airport Construction	Accounts for governmental grants and transfers from the City set aside for capital improvement projects of the airport.
SSMA Capital	Accounts for transfers from the Municipal Authority water, wastewater, solid waste, airport and golf revenues set aside for capital improvement projects.
Golf Course Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the Golf Course Fund set aside for golf course capital improvement projects.
Economic Development Capital Improvement	Accounts for the ten hundredths of one-cent increase in sales tax approved by citizens in 2015 which went into effect January 2017 for the purpose of promoting economic development and repayment of any debt issued for that purpose for the benefit of the City as provided in the ordinance.
2018 General Obligation Economic Development	Accounts for the proceeds of land sale that was purchased with general obligation bond monies. These funds will be used to purchase additional land for economic development.
2022 General Obligation Community Development	Accounts for the proceeds of land sale that was purchased with general obligation bond monies. These funds will be used to purchase additional land for community development.
Debt Service Fund	Accounts for restricted ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest and fiscal agent fees.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental fund types and similar component units utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. Proprietary fund types and similar component units utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) and deferred outflows and deferred inflows associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available".

Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (defined by the City as 60 days after year end) to pay current liabilities. Sales tax and franchise taxes are major revenues that meet this criteria. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recorded when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND EQUITY

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Revenue bond and promissory note trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments consist of money market investments and government securities that are reported at fair value unless they had remaining maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase, in which case they are carried at amortized cost. All non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. Additional investment risk disclosures are presented in Notes 2.B. and 3.A.

Receivables and Related Deferred Inflows

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants and court fines. Business-type activities report utilities, leases and interest earnings as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Leases

The City is a party as lessor for various noncancellable long-term leases of land. The corresponding lease receivable is recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments received, discounted by an applicable interest rate.

Inventories and Prepaids

The City has chosen to record consumable materials and supplies as inventory in the governmental funds at the time of purchase and expense when consumed. In addition, in the Sand Springs Municipal Authority Water Fund and Sand Springs Municipal Authority Airport Enterprise Funds, the water and airport fuel inventories, respectively, are recorded as an asset when purchased and expensed when consumed. Such inventory is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value on a first-in, first-out basis. Prepaid expenses are recorded as expense when goods or services are received.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations or proprietary fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Prior to July 1, 2000, governmental activities' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (dating back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings 20-100 years
Other Improvements 20-100 years
Equipment and vehicles 3-25 years
Infrastructure 25-50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets reported in the fund financial statements include current assets of enterprise funds and similar discretely presented component units that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to revenue bond and promissory note trustee accounts restricted for debt service and deposits held for refund.

Long-Term Debt

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and similar discretely presented component unit resources and business-type and similar discretely presented component unit resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences, other post employment benefits payable, general obligation bonds payable, leases payable, notes payable and revenue bonds payable.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

All regular and part-time employees are granted vacation benefits in amounts from 10 to 20 days depending upon tenure with the City. These benefits accumulate pro rata by pay period. Accumulated vacation leave vests and the City is obligated to make payment even if the employee terminates. After a probationary period, police officers receive vacation ranging from 168 to 248 hours per year depending upon years of service. Members of the Fire Department receive vacation ranging from 4 to 15 shifts per year, after a probationary period, depending upon years of service. Employees may accrue ten days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 100 days accrued. Employees with accrued sick leave in excess of 100 days on or about December 15 of each year are paid for the excess accrual at the rate of one day's pay for each three days of accumulated sick leave. The City did not have a liability for this excess leave at June 30, 2023. However, any employee leaving the service of the City after a period of 10 years are paid at the rate of one day's pay for each four days of accumulated leave and the City reports a liability for this leave type.

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability that has matured and is payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. The compensated absence obligation of the governmental funds is typically liquidated through the use of General Fund resources.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows

Deferred outflows and inflows represent a consumption or acquisition of net position by the City that are applicable to a future reporting periods. At June 30, 2023, the City's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources were comprised of pension, OPEB related deferrals and lease receivable deferrals. Certain pension and OPEB amounts are deferred, some as outflows and other as inflows, amortized as a component of pension and insurance expense in future periods.

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the City is the lessor and are recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any leases incentives paid to, or on behalf of, lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow or resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance of the City's governing body.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by City Council action or management decision when the City Council has delegated that authority to the City Manager, which is currently the case here. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through the budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balances prior to the use of unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Sales Tax

The City levies a four and 5 hundredths (4.05) cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The entire sales tax is recorded as revenue within the General Fund. Upon receipt, the General Fund distributes the dedicated portion of the sales tax as follows:

- 2 cents retained by the General Fund
- 1 cent recorded to the Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund.
- 1/2 cent recorded to the Street Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance.
- 9/20 cent recorded to Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance and as required by revenue bond indenture.
- 1/10 cent recorded to Economic Development Capital Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance.

Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments.

At the present time the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds. The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11 percent or more than 13 ½ percent.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. Property taxes levied, but not collected during the year or within 60 days of year end are reported as deferred revenue.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$167,110,293. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$11.51.

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General government Inspection fees, rent and royalties, special assessment fees, other

fees, licenses and permits, state operating grants and capital grants.

Planning and zoning Zoning charges.

Public safety Fine and forfeiture revenue, court costs and fees, fire run fees,

rentals, donations; operating grants include Federal Emergency Management Agency and Oklahoma Highway Safety Office grants, state on-behalf pension contributions, individual donations, and

Homeland Security grants.

Highways and streets Street and curb permits; capital grants and contributions from the

Department of Housing and Urban Development, motor fuel and

commercial vehicle revenues.

Culture and recreation Park and recreation fees; and state operating grant

Economic development Federal operating grant

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax and Utility Net Revenues Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one cent (or 24.7%) of future sales tax revenues to repay \$29,660,000 of the Series 2020 and Series 2022 Revenue Bonds and \$11,465,515 of OWRB Notes Payable Series 2004, 2005, 2006, and 2009. Proceeds from the bonds and notes provided financing for capital assets. The bonds and notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues and further secured by net water and wastewater revenues. The bonds and notes are payable through 2043, 2047, 2024, 2027, 2026, and 2031 respectively. If the net utility revenues are sufficient to service the debt, the pledged sales taxes are transferred to the Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund to be used for capital purchases. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds and notes is \$40,419,117. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$4,134,149 and the net utility revenues were \$4,787,739. Debt service payments of \$2,420,167 for the current fiscal year were 59% of the pledged sales taxes and 27% of both pledged sales taxes and utility revenues.

<u>Sales Tax Revenues Pledge</u> – The City, as approved by a vote of the citizens, added an additional .45% of one cent of sales tax for the repayment of the Series 2015 and 2016 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. This sales tax went into effect January 2017. Proceeds of these bonds provided financing for public safety capital assets, including facilities. These bonds are payable through 2042. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds and notes is \$18,498,951. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$1,860,367. Debt service payments of \$974,250 for the current fiscal year were 52% of the pledged sales taxes. If the pledged sales tax is not sufficient at any time, the remaining net utility revenues can be used to service the debt.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds and similar discretely presented component units are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are reported on the accrual basis and are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures/expenses are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character: Current (further classified by function)
Capital outlay

Debt service

Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

1.F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities.

The effect of interfund services between funds are not eliminated in the statement of activities.

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances - resource flows between the primary government and the discretely presented component units are reported as if they were external transactions.

1.G. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

1.H. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS) and Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS), and additions to/deductions from OFPRS and OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OFPRS and OPPRS. For this purpose, benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by these funds are reported at fair value.

1.I. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

New accounting pronouncements adopted in Fiscal Year 2023 GASB Statement No. 96, SBITAs, was issued in May 2020; GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs for government and users (governments). This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by require recognition of certain subscription based information technology assets and their associated liabilities. Also effective was GASB Statement No. 94, PPPs, the City did not have any arrangements that met the statements criteria.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The City complies, in all material respects, with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Required By
Airport Construction Fund	State Law
Debt Service Fund	State Law
Sand Springs Municipal Authority Utility Funds	Trust Indenture
Sand Springs Economic Development Authority Fund	Trust Indenture
Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority Fund	Trust Indenture

2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at no more than market value. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds, or certain letters of credit. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee. As reflected in Note 3.A., the City's uninsured deposits were sufficiently collateralized in accordance with these provisions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Investments of a City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State Law to the following:

- Direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with instate financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitations, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a., b., c. and d.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60 are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indentures. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City and its public trusts complied, in all material respects, with these investment restrictions.

2.C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

> Revenue Source Legal Restrictions of Use

Sales Tax

Gasoline Excise & Commercial Vehicle Tax

E-911 Revenue

Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Revenue

Ad Valorem Tax

Airport Revenue

Grants Revenue

See Note 1.E.

Street and Alley Purposes

E-911 Emergency Services Purposes Debt Service and Utility Operations

Debt Service on Bonds & Judgments (Also see

Note 1.E.)

Airport Operations

Based upon Individual Grant Agreements

Hotel/Motel Tax Special Program Fund Revenue Park and Recreation Developer Fees Economic Development
Public Safety and Parks and Recreation
Park Improvements

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

2.D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

General Obligation Debt

Article 10, Sections 26 and 27 of the Oklahoma Constitution limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City complied with this restriction.

Other Long-Term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. For the year ended June 30, 2023, no such debt was incurred by the City.

Revenue Bond and Note Payable Debt

The bond indenture and note agreements relating to the long-term debt issues of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority contains a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, required reserve account balances, and debt service coverage requirements. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2023.

Requirement

- a. Flow of Funds:
 - 2012 Bond Account
 - 2012 Reserve Account
 - 2020 Bond Account
 - -2020 Reserve Account
 - 2021 Bond Account
 - 2021 Project Account
 - -2021 Reserve Account

b. 2004, 2005, 2006 and

2009 Series OWRB Notes:

Net revenues of the Authority plus transferred sales tax should be at least 125% of maximum annual principal and interest requirements on this note and any senior debt.

2020 and 2022 Revenue Bonds:

Net revenues of the Authority plus transferred sales tax should be at least 125% of average annual principal and interest requirements on the bonds and OWRB notes listed above.

Level of Compliance

All required accounts have been established and are used per Bond Indenture requirements.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, net revenues plus sales tax amounted to \$8,921,888. Maximum annual principal and interest requirements were \$779,530. Actual coverage was 1145%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, net revenues plus sales tax amounted to \$8,921,888. Average annual principal and interest requirements were \$1,848,700. Actual coverage was 480%.

2.E. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Sand Springs Municipal Authority, the Sand Springs Economic Development Authority and the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal level of control.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

3.A. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS

Primary Government:

The City of Sand Springs, including its blended component units held the following deposits and investments at June 30, 2023:

Туре	Maturities	Rating	Fair Value Heirarchy	Carrying Value
Deposits:				
Demand deposits				\$ 68,746,517
Time deposits			N/A	 14,626,595
Total deposits				 83,373,112
Investments:				
Invesco Prem US Gov Money Market - Inst 1949		Aaa-mf	Level 2	493,597
Cavanal Hill US Money Market Treas-Admin #0002		Aaa-mf	Level 2	41,503
Money Market Funds		Aaa	N/A	8,385,574
Total investments				 8,920,674
Total deposits and investments				\$ 92,293,786
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and cash equivalents				\$ 77,667,188
Investments				 14,626,598
				\$ 92,293,786

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 110% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities and direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2023, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments to those allowed in state law applicable to municipalities. These investment limitations are described in Note 2.B. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—rating agencies—as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

As noted in the schedule of deposits and investments above, at June 30, 2023, all of the City's investments in debt securities were rated by Moody's.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets; Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; Level 3 inputs to valuation methodology are unobservable. An entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use the pricing the assets and liabilities are used for determining the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits investments to those with a maturity no more than three years from the date of purchase, except for reserve funds, as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments and indicates that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single financial institution.

At June 30, 2023, the City had no concentration of credit risk.

Component Units:

Total bank deposits of the discretely presented component unit were insured with Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Insurance and not subject to the custodial credit risk as defined above.

3.B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers' utilities, airport and golf accounts receivable. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists primarily of police fines. Receivables detail at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business- Type Activities	<u>Total</u>		
Service receivables	\$	48,096	3,593,089	\$	3,641,185	
Other receivables		55,431	70,000		125,431	
Municipal court fines receivable		4,212,089	-		4,212,089	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(4,063,565)	 (1,610,131)		(5,673,696)	
Net accounts receivable	\$	252,051	\$ 2,052,958	\$	2,305,009	

3.C. LEASES RECEIVABLE

The City as a lessor, has entered into leases agreements involving land. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$6,498.

3.D. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets in the fund financial statements are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the public trust (Authority) related to their required revenue bond and promissory note accounts as described in Note 2.D. and deposits held for refund.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	(Current					
	Cash	and Cash	No	ncurrent			
Types of Restricted Assets	<u>Eq</u> ı	uivalents	Inv	estments			
ENTERPRISE FUND:							
Trustee Accounts:							
2009 OWRB Notes:							
Bond Fund Account	\$	41,503	\$	-			
2012 OWRB Notes:							
Bond Fund Account		-		1			
2020 Revenue Bonds:							
Bond Fund Account		628,816		-			
Sinking Fund Account		1,417		-			
Redemption Fund Account		1,098		-			
2022 Revenue Bonds:							
Bond Fund Account		121,213		-			
Construction Fund Account		7,622,136		-			
COI Fund Account		10,894		-			
Deposits held for refund		108,619		434,476			
Total	\$	8,535,696	\$	434,477			

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

		Balance at uly 1, 2022		Additions	Do	ductions	т	rans fers		Balance at ne 30, 2023
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>J</u>	uly 1, 2022	<u> </u>	<u>ruuitioiis</u>	Dec	uuctions	Τ.	Iansieis_	<u>Ju</u>	HE 30, 2023
Governmental Activities:										
Capital asets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	18,580,834	\$	414,346	\$	973,950	\$	_	\$	18,021,230
Construction-in-progress	Ψ	8,388,616	Ψ	3,327,590	Ψ	-	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	11,716,206
Total capital assets not being depreciated		26,969,450	-	3,741,936		973,950	-			29,737,436
Other capital assets:		20,505,150	-	3,7 .1,230		713,750				25,757,150
Buildings		26,140,263		_		_		_		26,140,263
Other improvements		9,611,407		_		_		_		9,611,407
Machinery and equipment		12,803,406		559,694		_		_		13,363,100
Infrastructure		47,749,241		-		_		_		47,749,241
Total other capital assets at historical cost		96,304,317		559,694						96,864,011
Less accumulated depreciation for:		2 0,0 0 1,0 2 7		,						,,
Buildings		4,219,358		546,972		-		-		4,766,330
Other improvements		2,997,744		378,081		-		-		3,375,825
Machinery and equipment		7,623,201		805,980		-		-		8,429,181
Infrastructure		34,694,321		978,970		-		-		35,673,291
Total accumulated depreciation		49,534,624		2,710,003		-		-		52,244,627
Other capital assets, net		46,769,693		(2,150,309)		-		-		44,619,384
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	73,739,143	\$	1,591,627	\$	973,950	\$		\$	74,356,820
Business-Type Activities:										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	s	2,190,396	\$		S		\$		s	2,190,396
Intangible assets	Ф		Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	
Construction in progress		6,702,666 2,759,522		2,338,862		-		(919,418)		6,702,666 4,178,966
Total capital assets not being depreciated		11,652,584		2,338,862				(919,418)		
Other capital assets:		11,032,384		2,336,602				(919,418)		13,072,028
Buildings		48,517,240								48,517,240
Improvements other than buildings				31,191		-		-		
Machinery and equipment		47,480,661 9,995,103		888,171		496,903		177,779		47,511,852
Infrastructure				47,500		490,903		741,639		10,564,150
Total other capital assets at historical cost		61,037,813		966,862		496,903		919,418		61,826,952 168,420,194
Less accumulated depreciation for:		107,030,817		900,802		490,903		717,410		100,420,194
Buildings		15,428,225		961,814						16,390,039
Improvements other than buildings		23,798,374		1,315,399		-		-		25,113,773
Machinery and equipment				809,594		414,436		-		5,867,590
Infrastructure		5,472,432				414,430		-		
		45,211,428 89,910,459		1,115,124 4,201,931		414,436				46,326,552
Total accumulated depreciation Other capital assets, net		77,120,358		(3,235,069)		82,467		919,418		93,697,954 74,722,240
•	•		•		•		•	919,418	•	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	88,772,942	\$	(896,207)	\$	82,467	\$	-	\$	87,794,268

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the statement of activities as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 509,143
Financial Administration	3,375
Public Safety	413,984
Highways and Streets	1,098,656
Culture and Recreation	671,795
Economic Development	 13,050
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 2,710,003
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,949,202
Wastewater	1,307,745
Solid Waste	188,491
Storm Water	180,531
Airport	355,327
Golf	220,635
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 4,201,931

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities, amounts to be repaid from business-type activities, and amounts to be repaid from component units.

Governmental Activities:

At June 30, 2023, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds: \$3,500,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2018, used for streets, parks and municipal facilities, due in annual installments of \$185,000, final payment due April 1, 2038, with interest rates of 2.0% to 3.25%	\$2,775,000
\$6,180,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds of 2018, used for economic development purposes, due in annual installments of \$325,000, final payment due April 1, 2038, with interest rates of 2.9% to 3.45%	4,880,000
\$1,510,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2021A, used for park lands and culture and recreation facilities, due in annual installments varying from \$120,000 to \$300,000, final payment due June 1, 2031, with interest rates of 2.0% to 3.0%	960,000
\$6,500,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2019, used for capital improvement purposes, due in annual installments of \$340,000, final payment due July 1, 2039, with interest rate of 3.0%	5,820,000
\$2,900,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2020, used for capital improvement purposes, due in annual installments of \$155,000, final payment due June 1, 2040, with interest rates of 2.0% to 2.3%	2,635,000
\$1,135,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds of 2022, used for capital improvement purposes, due in annual installments of \$60,000, final payment due November 1, 2042, with interest rates of 4.0% to 4.15%	1,135,000
\$6,750,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2022, used for capital improvement purposes, due in annual installments of \$355,000, final payment due November 1, 2042, with interest rates of 3.0% to 4.125%	6,750,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$24,955,000
Current portion Non-current portion Total General Obligation Bonds	\$1,125,000 <u>23,830,000</u> <u>\$24,955,000</u>
Revenue Bonds: \$8,640,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2015 dated January 1, 2016, used for capital improvements for public safety, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by dedicated sales tax, interest rates 2.0% to 4.25%, due in annual installments varying from \$245,000 to \$510,000, final payment due January 1, 2042	\$7,095,000

\$7,360,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2016 dated January 1, 2016, used for capital improvements for public safety, issued by Sand Springs Municipal	
Authority, secured by dedicated sales tax, interest rates 2.0% to 4.0%, due in annual	
installments varying from \$210,000 to \$430,000, final payment due January 1, 2042	6,025,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$13,120,000
Plus: Unamortized Premium	274,705
Total Revenue Bonds, net	\$ <u>13,394,705</u>
Current portion	\$510,000
Non-current portion, net	12,884,705
Total Revenue Bonds	<u>\$13,394,705</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences:	
Current portion	\$ 213,734

Business-Type Activities:

Non-current portion

As of June 30, 2023, the long-term debt payable from business-type activities resources consisted of the following:

Notes Payable (direct borrowings):

Total Accrued Compensated Absences

2004A OWRB Note Payable dated April 1, 2004, original amount of \$950,806, with an annual interest rate of 0% plus 0.5% admin fee, installments due semiannually, final installment March 8, 2024, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the Secured Party may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Debtor under the provisions of the loan agreement.

\$ 47,541

854,937

\$1,068,671

2005A OWRB Note Payable dated June 29, 2006, original amount of \$2,314,000 with an annual interest rate of 2.60%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment September 15, 2026, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the Secured Party may, at its' discretion, require the Debtor to assemble the collateral and make available to the Secured Party.

432,103

2006 OWRB Note Payable dated August 30, 2005, original amount of \$2,250,000 with an interest rate of 2.60% plus a .5% admin fee, with semi-annual payments, final payment due March 15, 2026, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the Secured Party may, at its' discretion, require the Debtor to assemble the collateral and make available to the Secured Party.

358,191

2009 OWRB SRF Note Payable dated December 9, 2009, original amount of \$5,631,709 with an interest rate of 3.11% with semi-annual payments, final payment due September 15, 2030, used for water improvements; remaining funds left to draw are \$187,337. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.	973,987
Total Notes Payable	<u>\$1,811,822</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Notes Payable	\$463,399 1,348,423 \$1,811,822
Revenue Bonds: 2020 Series Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds dated August 1, 2020, original amount of \$21,920,000, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rates from 2.0% to 4.0%, final maturity November 1, 2042, used for water and sewer improvements and pay off notes payable.	\$20,560,000
2022 Series Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds dated April 1, 2022, original amount of \$7,740,000, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rates of 4.0%, final maturity April 1, 2047, used for water and sewer improvements and pay off notes payable. Plus: Unamortized discount Total Revenue Bonds, net	7,545,000 2,227,075 \$30,332,075
Current portion Non-current portion, net Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$965,000 <u>29,367,075</u> <u>\$30,332,075</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences: Current portion Non-current portion Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$69,165 285,423 \$354,588
Deposits Subject to Refund: Current portion Non-current portion Total Deposits Subject to Refund	\$108,619 434,476 \$543,095

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Type of Debt Primary Government		nnce , 2022	<u>A</u>	.dditions	<u>D</u>	eductions_	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2023	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Judgment Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Total Governmental Activities		8,325,000 3,625,000 82,500 1,015,697	\$ 	7,885,000 - - 810,813 8,695,813	\$ 	1,255,000 505,000 82,500 757,839	\$	24,955,000 13,120,000 - 1,068,671 39,143,671	\$ 	1,125,000 510,000 - 213,734 1,848,734
Total Governmental Activities	Φ 5.	5,046,197	Ф	8,093,813	Φ	2,000,339			Ф	1,040,734
Plus: Unamortized bond premium								274,705		
							\$	39,418,376		
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Pos Due in one year Due in more than one year	sition:						\$	1,848,734 37,569,642 39,418,376		
Type of Debt		nnce , 2022	<u>A</u>	.dditions	<u>D</u>	eductions_	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2023	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable (direct borrowings) Revenue Bonds Payable Accrued Compensated Absences	<u>July 1</u>		<u>A</u> \$	- - 237,779	<u>D</u>	542,618 945,000 199,607	<u>Ju</u> \$		D	463,399 965,000 69,165
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable (direct borrowings) Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 29	2,354,440 9,050,000	_	- -		542,618 945,000		1,811,822 28,105,000	D:	463,399 965,000
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable (direct borrowings) Revenue Bonds Payable Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 29	2,354,440 9,050,000 316,416	\$	- - 237,779	\$	542,618 945,000 199,607		1,811,822 28,105,000 354,588	\$	463,399 965,000 69,165
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable (direct borrowings) Revenue Bonds Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 29	2,354,440 9,050,000 316,416	\$	- - 237,779	\$	542,618 945,000 199,607		1,811,822 28,105,000 354,588 30,271,410	\$	463,399 965,000 69,165

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Primary Government

The debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Government	al Activities			
	General Obli	gation Bonds	Revenue Bonds			
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest		
2024	\$ 1,125,000	\$ 926,363	\$ 510,000	\$ 459,150		
2025	1,540,000	739,994	530,000	447,930		
2026	1,540,000	696,318	540,000	435,343		
2027	1,540,000	652,001	550,000	421,843		
2028	1,540,000	607,506	565,000	407,543		
2029-2033	7,460,000	2,348,125	3,105,000	1,762,801		
2034-2038	7,105,000	1,199,457	3,760,000	1,106,478		
2039-2043	3,105,000	244,822	3,560,000	337,863		
Totals	\$ 24,955,000	\$ 7,414,586	\$13,120,000	\$ 5,378,951		

Business-Type Activities	

	 Notes I	Pay able			Revenue Bor	nds Payable		
	 (Direct bo	rrowing	<u>gs)</u>					
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		
2024	\$ 463,399	\$	28,423	\$	965,000	\$	874,888	
2025	427,254		18,359		985,000		847,538	
2026	357,968		14,246		1,020,000		815,563	
2027	145,178		10,004		1,055,000		782,438	
2028	149,470		5,666		1,090,000		743,888	
2029-2033	268,553		2,045		6,035,000		3,140,165	
2034-2038	-		-		7,045,000		2,122,496	
2039-2043	-		-		8,195,000		955,038	
2043-2047					1,715,000		141,538	
Totals	\$ 1,811,822	\$	78,743	\$	28,105,000	\$	10,423,552	

3.G. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The City reported an advance from the Sand Springs Municipal Authority Water Fund to the Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund in the amount of \$664,971. A schedule has been established for the payback of the advanced monies.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

							TRANSFERS OUT					
		GENERAL	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT WATER/WASTEWATER	DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	2018 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND CITY	2022 GO BOND CITY PROJECT	SSMA WATER	SSMA WASTEWATER	SSMA SOLID WASTE	SSMA GOLF	SSMA STORMWATER	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL
TRANSFERS IN		FUND	FUND	FUND	PROJECT FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Major Funds: General Fund Capital Project Funds:	\$ 2,009,313	s -	s -	s -	s -	s -	\$ 1,079,899	\$ 430,572	\$ 278,842	s -	s -	\$ 220,000
Capital Project Funds: Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater Fund Development Capital Improvement Fund 2018 GO Bond City Project Fund 2022 GO Bond City Project Fund	114,888 974,984	326,950	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	114,888	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - 648,034 -
Capital Project Funds	974,984	326,950					114,888					648,034
Sub-total Major Funds	2,984,297	326,950					1,194,787	430,572	278,842			868,034
Nonmajor Funds	2,842,870	462,232	10,000				777,539	71,000	310,000	130,752	1,000,000	81,347
Total Governmental Activities	5,827,167	789,182	10,000				1,972,326	501,572	588,842	130,752	1,000,000	949,381
Business-Type Activities: Major Funds: SSMA Water Fund SSMA Wastewater Fund SSMA A Arport Fund SSMA Golf Fund	800,000 - 150,000 250,000	:	800,000 - - -	- - - -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	150,000 250,000	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Total Business-Type Activities	1,200,000	-	800,000				400,000					
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,027,167	\$ 789,182	\$ 810,000	s -	s -	s -	\$ 2,372,326	\$ 501,572	\$ 588,842	\$ 130,752	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 949,381

	Transfer From		Transfer To	Amount		Purpose of Transfer
*	General Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement	\$ 4,400	A	E911 wireless system
*	General Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement	285,500	A	Capital asset purchases
*	General Fund		T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center Fund	22,332	A	T.I.F. sales taxtransfer
	Short-Term Capital Improvement	*	General Fund	120,000	В	E911 wireless system
*	General Fund		Capital Improvement Fund	150,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	General Fund	*	2018 GO Bond City Project Fund	326,950		Capital asset purchases
	Capital Improvement Fund		Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund	81,347	A/B	Capital asset purchases
	Economic Development Capital Impr Fund	*	2018 GO Bond City Project Fund	75,000	В	Capital asset purchases
	2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fun	ċ*	2018 GO Bond City Project Fund	573,034	В	Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	General Fund	1,079,899		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Wastewater Fund	*	General Fund	430,572		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	*	General Fund	278,842		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund		Capital Improvement Fund	150,000	A	Capital asset purchases
	Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund	*	General Fund	100,000	В	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Golf Course Fund		Golf Course Capital Improvement	60,752	A	Capital asset purchases
*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund	*	SSMA Water Fund	800,000		Debt service
*	SSMA Stormwater Fund		Stormwater Capital Improvement	1,000,000	A	Budgeted subsidy
*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund		CDBG EDIF Fund	10,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		CDBG EDIF Fund	46,958	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement	93,500	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		Airport Construction Fund	87,500	A	Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	Development Capital Improvement Fund	114,888		Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund	399,581	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	SSMA Golf Course Fund	250,000		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	SSMA Airport Fund	150,000		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Wastewater Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund	71,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Solid Waste Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund	310,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Golf Course Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund	70,000	Α	Capital asset purchases
				\$ 7,142,055	_	
*	- Denotes major fund			 •	-	

Sub-total of Nonmajor Governmental Fund Transfers In
Sub-total of Nonmajor Governmental Fund Transfers Out

2,842,870 Sum of A
(949,381) Sum of B

		Transfers In	Fransfers Out	Ne	t Transfers
Reconciliation to Fund Financials:	•				
Governmental Funds	\$	5,942,055	\$ (2,548,563)	\$	3,393,492
Enterprise Funds		1,200,000	 (4,593,492)		(3,393,492)
Total Transfers	\$	7,142,055	\$ (7,142,055)	\$	-
Reconciliation to Statement of Activit Net Transfers Governmental Funds Net transfers for Capital project fun Net transfers of capital assets betw Sales tax of Capital project funds rep	ds reported as business een governmental and b	usiness-type activities		\$	3,393,492 (1,188,833) (1,026,489) (4,134,149)
Net Transfers/Internal Activity				\$	(2,955,979)

3.H. FUND EQUITY

Fund Balance and Net Position:

The following tables show the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position:

		Major Capital Project Funds				Other		
	General	Street Capital Improvement		Development 2018 GO Bond		2022 GO Bond		TOTAL
	Fund	Improvement	Water & Wastewater			City Project	Funds	
Fund Balances:		T		1				
Nonspendable:								
Inventory & prepaids	\$ 23,343	s -	\$ -	S -	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,343
Sub-total Nonspendable	23,343	_	_	_	-	-		23,343
Restricted for:	25,5 .5							20,0 10
Animal Sterilization	3,950	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,950
Jail Reserves	107,843							107,843
Substance Abuse	123,148	_	=	-	-	-	_	123,148
Juvenile Programs	72,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,275
e	372,541		-	4 101 254	-	-	4 900 075	9,362,870
Economic Development		10.725.444	-	4,181,254	-	-	4,809,075	
Streets	-	10,725,444	-	-	-	-	-	10,725,444
Community Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,120,427	1,120,427
License Plates	43,580	-	-	-	-	-		43,580
Public Safety Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	255,688	255,688
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	3,244,061	6,022,796	381,691	9,648,548
Contract Wages	156,625	-	-	-	-	-	-	156,625
E911	-	-	-	-	-	-	740,112	740,112
Utility Capital Projects	-	-	11,035,135	-	-	-	-	11,035,135
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,191,923	1,191,923
Sub-total Restricted	879,962	10,725,444	11,035,135	4,181,254	3,244,061	6,022,796	8,498,916	44,587,568
Assigned to:								<u>.</u>
Subsequent Year Budget	1,454,108	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,454,108
Encumbrances	127,505	-	-	-	-	-	-	127,505
Economic Development Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	_	-	603,076	603,076
Community Center	297,925	-	-	_		-	-	297,925
Police	227,734	_	_	_	_	_	_	227,734
Fire	15,018	_	_	_	_	_	_	15,018
Municipal Court Technology	48,496	_	_	_	_	_		48,496
Alive at 25	5,191	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,191
Streets	5,171	855,883	_	_	_	_	_	855,883
Public Safety Capital Improvements		055,005					302,737	302,737
Capital Improvements	-	_	=	=	-	-	2,344,206	2,344,206
Parks	-	-	-	-	-	-	130,332	130,332
River West	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,565,935	2,565,935
South Side Park		-	-	-	-	-	10,750	10,750
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stormwater Projects	-	-	- 012.551	-	-	-	4,623,897	4,623,897
Utility Capital Projects	-	-	912,551	-	-	-	610,811	1,523,362
Golf Course	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,486	15,486
Debt Service		-		-	-	-	23,466	23,466
Sub-total Assigned	2,175,977	855,883	912,551	-	-	-	11,230,696	15,175,107
Unassigned	7,504,779	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,504,779
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$10,584,061	\$ 11,581,327	\$ 11,947,686	\$ 4,181,254	\$ 3,244,061	\$ 6,022,796	\$19,729,612	\$ 67,290,797

The amount assigned to encumbrances of \$127,505 in the General Fund is disaggregated further as follows:

Function:	
General Government	\$ 2,472
Financial Administration	33,082
Public Safety	58,113
Highways and Streets	671
Culture and Recreation	20,314
Economic Development	4,259
Facilities Management and Fleet Maintenance	8,594
	\$ 127,505

The amounts in other major and nonmajor governmental funds are listed in total by fund as follows:

Major Funds:				
Street Improvement	\$	788,215		
Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater		1,327,395		
2018 GO Bond City Project Fund		2,338,436		
Development Capital Improvement Fund		1,010,383		
2022 GO Bond City Project Fund		305,685		
Nonmajor Funds:				
Capital Improvement Fund		33,713		
Golf Course Capital Improvement Fund		19,120		
Stormwater Capital Improvement		105,716		
Airport Construction		20,413		
General Short Term Capital Improvement		107,621		
Public Safety Capital Improvement		28,236		
Economic Development Capital Improvement		63,796		
CDBG EDIF Fund	38,868			
2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fund	17,509			
2022 GO Bond Community Development Fund		4,050		
SSMA Capital Fund		415,382		
Enterprise Funds:				
Restriced for Debt Service:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$ 792,949		
Less: accrued interest payable		(174,998)		
Total Enterprise Fund Restricted Net Position		\$ 617,951		

Beginning net position was restated in the business-type activities and the proprietary funds to correct the accumulated depreciation.

	Gov	Government-Wide			
	Bı	usiness-type			
		Activities		Proprietary Funds	
Beginning net position, as previously reported	\$	91,154,431	\$	76,467,280	
Understatement of accumulated depreciation		(1,331,771)		(1,331,771)	
Beginning net position, restated	\$	89,822,660	\$	75,135,509	

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan/System Type of Plan

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund Plan

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)

Defined Contribution Plan

Defined Contribution Plan - CMO

A summary of all the amounts recorded in the City's financial statements for the plans is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Net Pension Asset			
Police Pension System	\$	445,983	
Total Net Pension Asset	\$	445,983	
Net Pension Liability			
Firefighter's Pension System	\$	9,104,441	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	9,104,441	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Police Pension System	\$	1,014,274	
Firefighter's Pension System		3,147,210	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,161,484	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Police Pension System	\$	55,312	
Firefighter's Pension System		639,066	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	694,378	
Pension Expense			
Police Pension System	\$	118,302	
Firefighter's Pension System		1,173,960	
Total Pension Expense	\$	1,292,262	

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Systems

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) and additions to/deductions from OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Sand Springs, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later. Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$299,705. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$247,240 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$221,612. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Net Pension Liability(Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2023, the City reported an asset of \$445,983 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .55614%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$118,302. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	218,760	\$	48,579
	15,527		-
	435,189		-
	34,032		6,733
	11,061		-
<u> </u>	299,705	2	55,312
	Re	15,527 435,189 34,032 11,061 299,705	Resources Resources \$ 218,760 \$ 15,527 435,189 34,032 11,061 299,705

The \$299,705 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction/addition of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	Inne	30.

2024	\$ 149,624
2025	45,339
2026	(111,414)
2027	542,599
2028	33,109
Total	\$ 659,257

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section

50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage

inflation).

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back of 4 years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using scale

AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set

forward 4 years with fully generational improvement using scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.34%
Domestic equity	4.69%
International equity	8.34%
Real estate	7.64%
Private equity	9.66%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)		 ent Discount ate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,292,146	\$ (445,983)	\$ (1,915,128)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Oklahoma Fire Pension and Retirement Systems

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS) and additions to/deductions from FPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Sand Springs, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs

<u>Benefits provided</u> - FPRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$360,751. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$795,697 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$713,201. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$9,104,441 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .69619%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,173,960. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,168,767	\$	45,962	
Changes of assumptions	-		58,048	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,058,035		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	555,568		513,931	
City contributions during the measurement date	4,089		21,125	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	360,751	•	-	
Total	\$ 3,147,210	\$	639,066	

The \$360,751 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	June	30:
------	-------	------	-----

2024	\$ 548,562
2025	473,715
2026	127,206
2027	997,905
2028	 5
Total	\$ 2,147,393

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustment: Paid firefighters with 20 years of service prior to May 26, 1983, receive an

increase of half of the dollar amount of a 2.75% assumed pay increase in base

pay. No COLA is assumed for members not eligible for this increase.

Mortality rates were based on the following:

- Active members PUB-2010 Public Safety Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018.
- Retired members PUB-2010 Public Safety Below Median Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018.
- Disabled members PUB-2010 Public Safety Disabled Table set forward 2 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return	
Fixed income	20%	3.62%	
Domestic equity	47%	5.66%	
International equity	15%	8.34%	
Real estate	10%	7.64%	
Other assets	8%	5.08%	

Discount Rate-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease (6.5%)	 ent Discount ate (7.5%)	 1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 11,731,776	\$ 9,104,440	\$ 6,906,806

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Defined Contribution Plan - OkMRF

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Sand Springs Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OkMRF). OkMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase of Oklahoma City. The OkMRF Plan issues a separate financial report that may be obtained from OkMRF. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in state fire or police program and the City Manager. Employees are eligible on the employee's employment commencement date. Each employee shall be required to contribute 4% (not to exceed 10%) of his or her compensation. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions to the plan, under the government pick-up option, at a rate of 8% of covered payroll. The City has also elected the variable funding option. The contribution rate of the employer may be determined annually by the City council. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at a rate of 50% after completion of five years of service and then 10% per year for the next five years. The employee is fully vested after 10 years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are allocated back to remaining eligible participants. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the following amounts related to the defined contribution plan:

Employee contributions made \$261,359 Employer (City) contributions made \$500,284

<u>Defined Contribution Plan - OkMRF - CMO Plan</u>

The City has also provided a defined contribution plan in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OkMRF). The defined contribution plan is available to any person who is in the position of City Manager as of August 14, 2006. Employees are eligible on the employee's employment commencement date. The City has elected the variable funding option. The City intends to make a contribution to the Plan for the benefit of the participants on a monthly basis. The contribution may be varied from year to year by the City. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at 100% immediately upon the participation date. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council. The City contributes 13% to the plan and the employee does not contribute to the plan. The total contributions by the City for fiscal year 2023 were \$21,376 which is 100% of the required contribution.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan description</u> – The City's single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB to eligible retirees and their dependents. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – The City provides medical and prescription drug benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. The benefits are provided in accordance with State law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). The retirees and dependents pay 110% of the active employee coverage rates; this results in the retirees and beneficiaries receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Retirees and dependents coverage ceases at age 65 and are no longer eligible for the City's OPEB plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At June 30, 2023 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	194
Inactives or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	0
Total	194

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,725,783 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions- The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Discount Rate 4.09%, based on June 30, 2022
- Termination Civilian employees are based on actual experience of the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund. Rates for police and firefighters are based on rates for these groups in Oklahoma.

Retirement Age:

	Retirement
Age	Rate
55	7%
56	7%
57	7%
58	7%
59	7%
60	7%
61	7%
62	30%
63	17.5%
64	17.5%

Civilian

Retirement :	Rate
--------------	------

Years of Service	Police	Fire
20	20%	10%
21	6%	5%
22	6%	5%
23	6%	5%
24	10%	10%
25	20%	15%
26	10%	15%
27	10%	15%
28	10%	15%
29	15%	15%
30	100%	20%
31	100%	20%
32	100%	20%
33	100%	20%
34	100%	25%
35 and thereafter	100%	100%

- Participation 25% of currently covered civilian employees are assumed to elect retiree medical coverage and 50% for police and firefighters. Dependents are assumed acceptance rate is 50%
- Healthcare cost trend rates Plan year dependent rates graded from 3.09% to 5.09%
- Mortality Rates RPA-2000 Mortality Table with cohort mortality projection

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The following table reports the components of changes in total OPEB liability:

	_	otal OPEB Liability
Balances Beginning of Year	\$	2,948,662
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		243,180
Interest expense		68,944
Difference between expected and actual		
experience		(1,018,049)
Changes in assumptions		(516,954)
Benefits paid		
Net changes		(1,222,879)
Balances Ending of Year	\$	1,725,783
Governmental Activities	\$	1,143,331
Business-type Activities		582,452
	\$	1,725,783

Changes of assumptions reflects a change in discount rate of 4.09 percent.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the total OPEB liability of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	19	6 Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1% Increase			
		3.09%		4.09%		5.09%		
	·					_		
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$	1,924,979	\$	1,725,783	\$	1,548,331		

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate</u>-The following presents the total OPEB liability of the employer calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 5.96% grading to 4.87%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.96% grading to 3.87%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.96% grading to 5.87%) than the current rate:

		Healthcare Costs							
	1%	% Decrease 3.09%		Trend Rates 4.09%	1% Increase 5.09%				
Employers' net OPEB liability	\$	1,499,563	\$	1,725,783	\$	1,994,945			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB-

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$75,469. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,890	\$	553,934	
Changes of assumptions	274,335		1,076,272	
Changes in proportion	176,885		176,886	
Benefit payments during measurement date	282		281	
Total	\$ 458,392	\$	1,807,373	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2024	\$ (236,656)
2025	(218,686)
2026	(192,365)
2027	(162,943)
2028	(157,528)
Thereafter	(380,803)
Total	\$ (1,348,981)

4.B. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City enters into sales tax rebate agreements with local businesses as allowed in the Oklahoma State Constitution, Article 10, Section 14. Under this law, the City may establish economic development programs and provide sales tax increments for development as part of its economic development plan.

The sales tax rebate program allows a retail store business or developer to receive rebated sales tax in an amount equal to one cent (\$0.01) from every \$0.0405 of sales tax that the business generates. To be eligible for this program, the project area should be developed or redeveloped after a significant vacancy to provide economic opportunity to the City and its citizens.

Due to the confidentiality laws in Oklahoma Statutes, Title 68, Section 1354.11, the amounts of sales taxes rebated will not be disclosed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City had no rebate agreements in place.

The City is subject to ad valorem tax abatements granted by the State of Oklahoma in accordance with the Oklahoma Constitution, Article X, Section 6B for qualifying manufacturing concerns.

Under this program, a 5 year ad valorem tax exemption exempts all real and personal property that is necessary for the manufacturing of a product and facilities engaged in research and development which meet the requirements set by the Oklahoma Constitution and Statutes. In exchange for the 5 year exemption, qualifying manufacturing concerns must incur investment costs of \$250,000 or more for construction, acquisition, or expansion of a manufacturing facility. In addition, there are general minimal payroll requirements that must be met and qualifying manufacturing concerns must offer a basic health benefit plan to all full-time employees within 180 days of employment.

4.C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
a. General Liability:TortsErrors and omissionsPolice liabilityVehicle	Purchased commercial insurance.	None
b. Physical Property:- Theft- Damage to assets- Natural disasters	All physical property except vehicles is insured through commercial insurance with deductible of \$1,000.	All physical property except vehicles - None
	Vehicle damage is not covered by insurance.	Vehicles - entire risk of loss retained through fund incurring the loss.
c. Workers' Compensation: - Employee injuries	Participates in OMAG risk entity pool. Participation fee includes an actuarially determined amount held by OMAG as the loss reserve fund, to pay claims incurred. Claims are administered by the State Insurance Fund.	Specific aggregate stop loss coverage is provided by the State Insurance Fund and covers all claims above the loss reserve fund.
d. Health and Life: - Medical - Dental	All group health and life coverage is insured through a commercial carrier.	None

OMAG Workers Compensation

The title to all assets acquired by the Plan is vested in the Plan. In the event of termination of the Plan, such property shall belong to the then members of the Plan in equal shares. Each participating City pays for all costs, premiums, or other fees attributable to its respective participation in the Plan, policy or service established under the agreement establishing the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group, and is responsible for its obligations under any contract entered into with the Plan.

Reserves for policy and contract claims provide for reported claims on a case basis and a provision for incurred but not reported claims limited to specific retention levels for each member as outlined in the Plan's reinsurance agreement.

The Plan's workers compensation coverage is reinsured for losses in excess of respective retention levels. The reinsurance agreement covers losses incurred within the effective period of the agreement. Each Plan member's liability for claims losses is limited to their individual retention levels as outlined in the Plan's reinsurance agreement.

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4.D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies:

Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. This statutory taxing ability is not available to the City's public trusts (Authorities).

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Asset Retirement Obligation

The City has incurred certain asset retirement obligations related to the operation of its wastewater utility system. The estimated liability of the legally required closure costs for the wastewater utility system cannot be reasonably estimated as of June 30, 2023, since the specific legally required costs of retirement have not yet been identified. The City anticipates identifying those specific legally required costs, if any, and obtaining an estimate of those costs in a subsequent fiscal year.

Commitments:

Construction Projects

At June 30, 2023, the City had several construction projects ongoing. The material projects are noted below:

Project	Total Contract		Remaining Contract		Funding Source	
Main Street Improvements	\$	3,179,362	\$	83,790	Street Improvement Fund	
Morrow Road Widening		1,706,349		1,410	Vision 2025	
113th W Ave Widening Project		1,339,802		38,037	Street Improvement Fund	
Sheffield Crossing Stormwater		841,273	73 1,393		GO Bond 2018 Economic Devel Fund	
65 Acre Development		1,019,425		504,477	Development Capital Improvement Fund	
Roadway over Levee		2,281,672		1,708,949	GO Bond 2018 City Project Fund	
SH-97 Right Turn Lane		616,015		541,199	Street Improvement Fund	
Downtown Streetscapes		1,356,650		681,733	GO Bond 2018 City Project Fund	
9ac Stormwater, Water and WW Improv		1,590,310		547,818	Development Capital Improvement Fund	
Citywide Storm Sirens		794,023		792,352	GO Bond 2022 City Project Fund	
Animal Welfare Facility		222,200		120,288	GO Bond 2022 City Project Fund	

Tax Increment Financing District

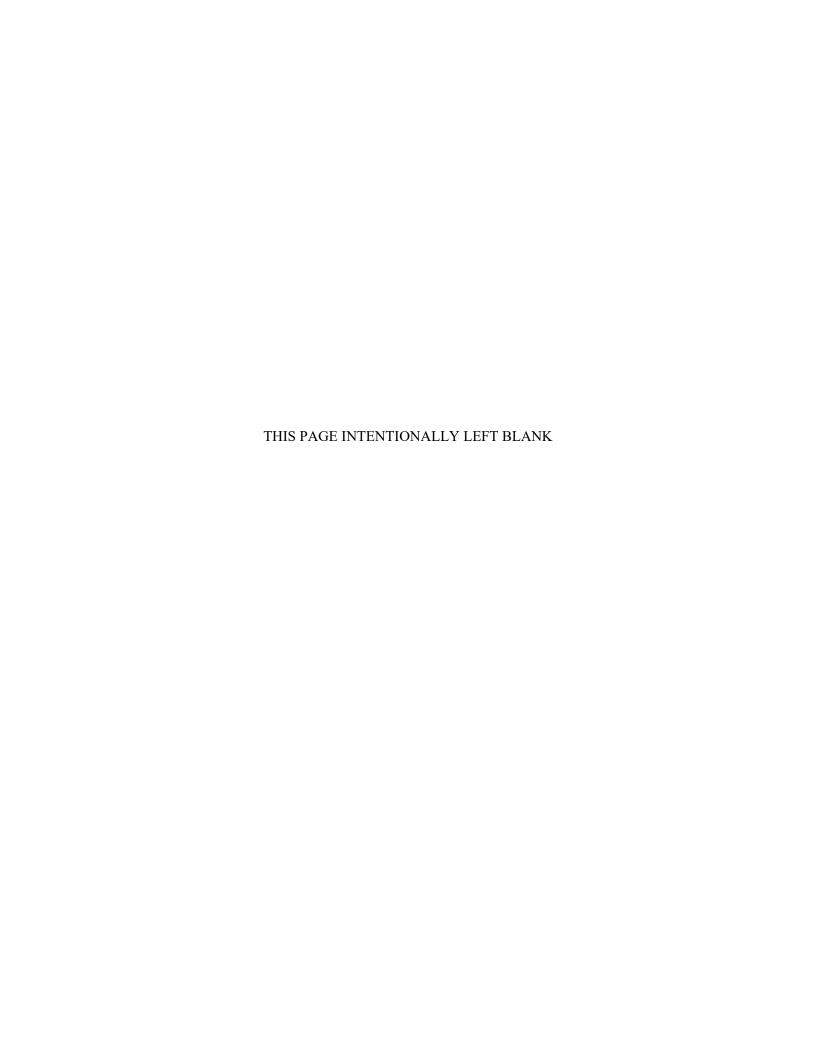
The City established a tax increment financing district (the "District") for the purpose of assisting an existing company within the City to expand its business. Under terms of the agreement, the Company agreed to relocate/expand its business on an underdeveloped parcel of land within the City. Pursuant to the agreement, sales tax generated within the District would be rebated by the City to the company on allowable construction costs incurred in the District as defined in the agreement. In addition, one hundred percent of the ad valorem tax generated within the District in excess of the base assessed value of the District is to be apportioned and used to reimburse the company for certain allowable project costs. The apportionment of ad valorem will terminate upon the final payment for all allowable project costs incurred, less previous apportionments of sales tax, but in no case shall extend beyond twenty-five years from the original effective date. During fiscal 2023, the ad valorem assessments on the District totaled \$630,247.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information (RSI) includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Defined Benefit Cost Sharing Plans:
 - Police
 - Schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
 - Schedule of City contributions
 - Fire
 - Schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
 - Schedule of City contributions
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Notes to RSI Budgetary Comparison Schedule
- Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios



Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.5255%	0.5557%	0.5755%	0.5571%	0.5806%	0.5776%	0.6026377%	0.5883450%	0.55614%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (176,923)	\$ 22,670	\$ 881,406	\$ 42,849	\$ (276,540)	\$ (36,875)	\$ 692,099	\$ (2,822,387)	\$ (445,983)
City's covered payroll	\$1,497,869	\$ 1,522,161	\$1,649,772	\$1,802,485	\$ 1,847,846	\$ 1,953,454	\$2,097,300	\$ 2,035,969	\$1,989,531
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(11.81%)	1.49%	53.43%	2.38%	(14.97%)	(1.89%)	33.00%	-138.63%	-22.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%	117.07%	102.74%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 204,866	\$ 214,512	\$ 234,323	\$ 240,220	\$ 253,949	\$ 272,649	\$ 264,676	\$ 258,639	\$ 299,705
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	204,866	214,512	234,323	240,220	253,949	272,649	264,676	258,639	299,705
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,522,161	\$ 1,649,772	\$1,802,485	\$1,847,846	\$ 1,953,454	\$ 2,097,300	\$ 2,035,969	\$ 1,989,531	\$ 2,305,423
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.46%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.69623%	0.7066%	0.7441%	0.71246%	0.66754%	0.64270%	0.73129%	0.66511%	0.69619%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,159,629	\$ 7,499,699	\$ 9,090,642	\$ 8,960,763	\$ 7,514,168	\$ 6,790,981	\$ 9,008,797	\$ 4,380,173	\$ 9,104,441
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,785,586	\$ 1,941,928	\$ 2,020,060	\$ 2,030,414	\$ 2,067,307	\$ 2,060,843	\$ 2,070,707	# \$ 2,160,643	\$ 2,218,864
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	401%	386%	450%	441%	363%	330%	435%	203%	410%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%	68.12%	69.49%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 271,870	\$ 282,811	\$ 284,258	\$ 289,423	\$ 288,518	\$ 289,899	\$ 302,490	\$ 310,641	\$ 360,751
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	271,870	282,811	284,258	289,423	288,518	289,899	302,490	310,641	360,751
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,941,928	\$ 2,020,060	\$ 2,030,414	\$ 2,067,307	\$ 2,060,843	\$ 2,070,707	\$ 2,160,643	\$ 2,218,864	\$ 2,576,793
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$8,272,236	\$9,601,060	\$9,601,060	-
Resources (Inflows):				
TAXES:				
Sales tax	7,917,064	7,917,064	8,268,298	351,234
Use tax	1,983,900	1,983,900	1,988,295	4,395
Hotel/Motel tax	265,000	265,000	319,584	54,584
Franchise tax	871,500	871,500	1,084,413	212,913
Video Provider Fee	20,000	20,000	15,683	(4,317)
Emergency telephone tax	11,000	11,000	6,825	(4,175)
Abatement fees	25,000	25,000	45,132	20,132
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,368,783	1,368,783	1,470,913	102,130
Total Taxes	12,462,247	12,462,247	13,199,143	736,896
INTERGOVERNMENTAL:				
Taxes	254,000	254,000	243,318	(10,682)
Cigarette tax	141,000	141,000	112,677	(28,323)
Local revenues	42,541	42,541	30,703	(11,838)
Grants	-	168,161	209,419	41,258
Total Intergovernmental	437,541	605,702	596,117	(9,585)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:				
Court costs	95,200	95,200	114,739	19,539
Zoning and inspection fees	85,000	85,000	63,318	(21,682)
Park and recreation fees	61,000	61,000	75,183	14,183
Fire protection fee	164,000	164,000	164,914	914
First responder runs	5,000	5,000	2,000	(3,000)
First responder fees	251,000	251,000	254,765	3,765
EMSA fees	279,000	279,000	283,675	4,675
Other fees	72,000	42,688	67,277	24,589
Total Charges for Services	1,012,200	982,888	1,025,871	42,983
FINES AND FORFEITURES	120,000	120,000	173,074	53,074
LICENSES AND PERMITS:				
Licenses	106,250	106,250	124,481	18,231
Permits	52,500	52,500	41,284	(11,216)
Total Licenses and Permits	158,750	158,750	165,765	7,015
OTHER:				
Transfers from other funds	2,010,013	2,010,013	2,009,313	(700)
Interest on taxes	6,500	6,500	8,604	2,104
Interest	51,000	51,000	281,430	230,430
Other	328,000	362,750	235,785	(126,965)
Total Other	2,395,513	2,430,263	2,535,132	104,869
Total Resources (Inflows)	16,586,251	16,759,850	17,695,102	935,252
Amounts available for appropriation	24,858,487	26,360,910	27,296,162	935,252

(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

				Variance with
	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Fillal	Amounts	Fositive (Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:				
General Administration:				
Personal services	\$ 25,748	\$ 23,249	\$ 1,934	\$ 21,315
Materials and supplies	10,600	10,600	3,841	6,759
Other services and charges	170,303	239,796	120,069	119,727
Total General Administration	206,651	273,645	125,844	147,801
Municipal Court:				
Personal services	180,013	178,713	127,845	50,868
Materials and supplies	3,713	3,713	1,169	2,544
Other services and charges	42,735	44,035	68,455	(24,420)
Total Municipal Court	226,461	226,461	197,469	28,992
City Manager:				
Personal services	390,123	390,123	211,736	178,387
Materials and supplies	2,200	2,200	549	1,651
Other services and charges	6,030	2,030	360	1,670
Total City Manager	398,353	394,353	212,645	181,708
City Clerk:				
Personal services	209,771	213,015	190,604	22,411
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	2,500 14,623	2,937 14,688	924 8,816	2,013 5,872
Other services and charges				
Total City Clerk	226,894	230,640	200,344	30,296
Information Services:				
Personal services	244,949	243,560	210,158	33,402
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	18,425 226,985	18,675 228,335	18,499 176,694	176 51,641
•				
Total Information Services	490,359	490,570	405,351	85,219
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,548,718	1,615,669	1,141,653	474,016
PLANNING AND ZONING:				
Planning and Development:				
Personal services	188,187	198,495	195,866	2,629
Materials and supplies	1,390	3,154	2,815	339
Other services and charges	30,633	28,933	20,668	8,265
TOTAL PLANNING AND ZONING	220,210	230,582	219,349	11,233
FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION:				
Human Resources:				
Personal services	237,440	234,890	156,769	78,121
Materials and supplies	6,425	6,975	5,361	1,614
Other services and charges	19,246	21,246	15,230	6,016
Total Human Resources	263,111	263,111	177,360	85,751
Firm				
Finance: Personal services	E04 006	E0E 100	E17 E66	77 557
Materials and supplies	594,906 9,504	595,123 10,712	517,566 5,621	77,557 5,091
Other services and charges	215,640	268,234	236,795	31,439
•				
Total Finance	820,050	874,069	759,982	114,087
City Attorney:				
Personal services	22,801	22,800	16,716	6,084
Other services and charges	123,110	123,110	105,656	17,454
Total City Attorney	145,911	145,910	122,372	23,538
TOTAL FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION	1,229,072	1,283,090	1,059,714	223,376
·				
				(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	Dudmata	d A	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original		Amounts	1 ositive (ivegative)		
PUBLIC SAFETY:						
Police:						
Personal services	\$ 3,988,964	\$ 4,005,870	\$ 3,645,740	\$ 360,130		
Materials and supplies	168,480	202,501	197,783	4,718		
Other services and charges	168,223	147,790	122,260	25,530		
Total Police	4,325,667	4,356,161	3,965,783	390,378		
Emergency Management:						
Personal services	39,362	38,521	10,055	28,466		
Materials and supplies	15,044	45,944	56,048	(10,104)		
Other services and charges	18,268	88,312	42,995	45,317		
Capital outlay	-	26,920	24,585	2,335		
Total Francisco Management	70.674	400.607	422 602	66.044		
Total Emergency Management	72,674	199,697	133,683	66,014		
Animal Control:						
Personal services	142,416	138,856	132,209	6,647		
Materials and supplies	33,140	33,140	32,116	1,024		
Other services and charges	21,977	43,037	39,114	3,923		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-		
Total Animal Control	197,533	215,033	203,439	11.594		
rotal / tillinal control		210,000	200,100			
Communications:						
Personal services	608,019	605,569	559,468	46,101		
Materials and supplies	14,450	16,900	13,570	3,330		
Other services and charges	244,866	246,091	241,430	4,661		
Total Communications	867,335	868,560	814,468	54,092		
_						
Fire: Personal services	2.745.024	2.700.020	2 004 402	(44.446)		
	3,745,931	3,760,036	3,801,182	(41,146)		
Materials and supplies	123,382	132,179	131,336	843		
Other services and charges	370,921	360,817	344,582	16,235		
Capital outlay	3,000	195,751	195,711	40		
Total Fire	4,243,234	4,448,783	4,472,811	(24,028)		
Neighborhood Services:						
Personal services	375,216	373,715	327,087	46,628		
Materials and supplies	8,957	10,076	7,005	3,071		
Other services and charges	126,754	130,051	100,955	29,096		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-		
Total Notable advantage (Occasions	540,007	540.040	405.047	70 705		
Total Neighborhood Services	510,927	513,842	435,047	78,795		
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	10,217,370	10,602,076	10,025,231	576,845		
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:						
Street and Alley:						
	570 F27	615 440	474 002	140 546		
Personal services	570,537	615,449	474,903	140,546 51.533		
Materials and supplies	217,679	249,934	198,401	. ,		
Other services and charges	287,200	287,199	228,423	58,776		
TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND STREETS	1,075,416	1,152,582	901,727	250,855		
HEALTH AND WELFARE:						
Senior Citizens:						
Personal services	35,766	36,088	36,556	(468)		
Materials and supplies	7,874	7,874	4,429	3,445		
Other services and charges	4,069	4,069	1,994	2,075		
TOTAL LIEALTH AND WELFARE	47 700	40.004	10.070			
TOTAL HEALTH AND WELFARE	47,709	48,031	42,979	5,052		
				(Continued)		

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

I Final	Amounts	Final Budget
		Positive (Negative)
066 \$ 996,025	\$ 859,970	\$ 136,055
533 202,329	172,620	29,709
808 697,012	590,096	106,916 25,963
00,020	39,003	23,903
740 1,961,192	1,662,549	298,643
100 6,300	6,124	176
113 49,835	42,447	7,388
513 56,135	48,571	7,564
253 2,017,327	1,711,120	306,207
285 137,285	39,668	97,617
	·	3,430
80,588	63,559	17,029
567 223,891	105,815	118,076
791 285 346	250 801	34.545
	·	32,705
961 271,899	259,129	12,770
122 684.697	604.677	80,020
200 005 000	400.000	05.740
		85,710
		(18,382) 5,526
20,331	15,005	3,320
326,367	253,513	72,854
789 1,011,064	858,190	152,874
900 766,850	789,182	(22,332)
766,850	789,182	(22,332)
18,951,162	16,854,960	2,096,202
\$ 7,409,748	\$ 10,441,202	\$ 3,031,454
	100 6,300 113 49,835 131 56,135 13253 2,017,327 135 137,285 136 137,285 137,285 130 6,018 130 80,588 137,285 130 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,452 127,899 122 684,697 136 20,444 131 20,531 1367 326,367 1367 326,367 100 766,850 100 766,850 100 18,951,162	740 1,961,192 1,662,549 100 6,300 6,124 113 49,835 42,447 513 56,135 48,571 253 2,017,327 1,711,120 285 137,285 39,668 100 6,018 2,588 182 80,588 63,559 567 223,891 105,815 791 285,346 250,801 570 127,452 94,747 361 271,899 259,129 422 684,697 604,677 392 285,392 199,682 444 20,444 38,826 331 20,531 15,005 367 326,367 253,513 789 1,011,064 858,190 300 766,850 789,182 300 766,850 789,182 300 18,951,162 16,854,960

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Budgetary Accounting

The City prepares its budget for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are not considered expenditures for budgetary purposes, but are reported as an assignment of fund balance since the City intends to honor the commitments and provide for supplemental appropriations in the following budget year. All appropriations lapse at year end.

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years*

	2018		2019	2020	2021 2022		2023	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	159,662	\$ 146,215	\$ 142,934	\$ 158,968	\$	221,514	\$ 243,180
Interest		60,022	76,493	78,245	75,524		58,836	68,944
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	(135,792)	(123,765)	(127,409)		9,132	(1,018,049)
Change in assumptions		(203,174)	(180,592)	49,358	397,410		(3,102)	(516,954)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(27,737)	(21,169)	(10,819)	 		-	 -
Net change in total OPEB liability		(11,227)	 (114,845)	135,953	504,493		286,380	(1,222,879)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,147,908	2,136,681	2,021,836	2,157,789		2,662,282	 2,948,662
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,136,681	\$ 2,021,836	\$ 2,157,789	\$ 2,662,282	\$	2,948,662	\$ 1,725,783
Covered employee payroll	\$	9,012,000	\$ 8,900,000	\$ 8,917,000	\$ 8,909,000	\$	9,429,000	\$ 9,981,533
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		23.71%	22.72%	24.20%	29.88%		31.27%	17.29%

Notes to Schedule:

Only six years are presented because 10 year data is not yet available

The change in assumption is a result of an increase in the discount rate from 2.85% to 3.58% in 2018, from 3.58% to 3.87% in 2019, from 3.87% to 3.50% in 2020, from 3.50% to 2.21% in 2021, from 2.216% to 3.16% in 2022 and 3.16% to 4.09% in 2023

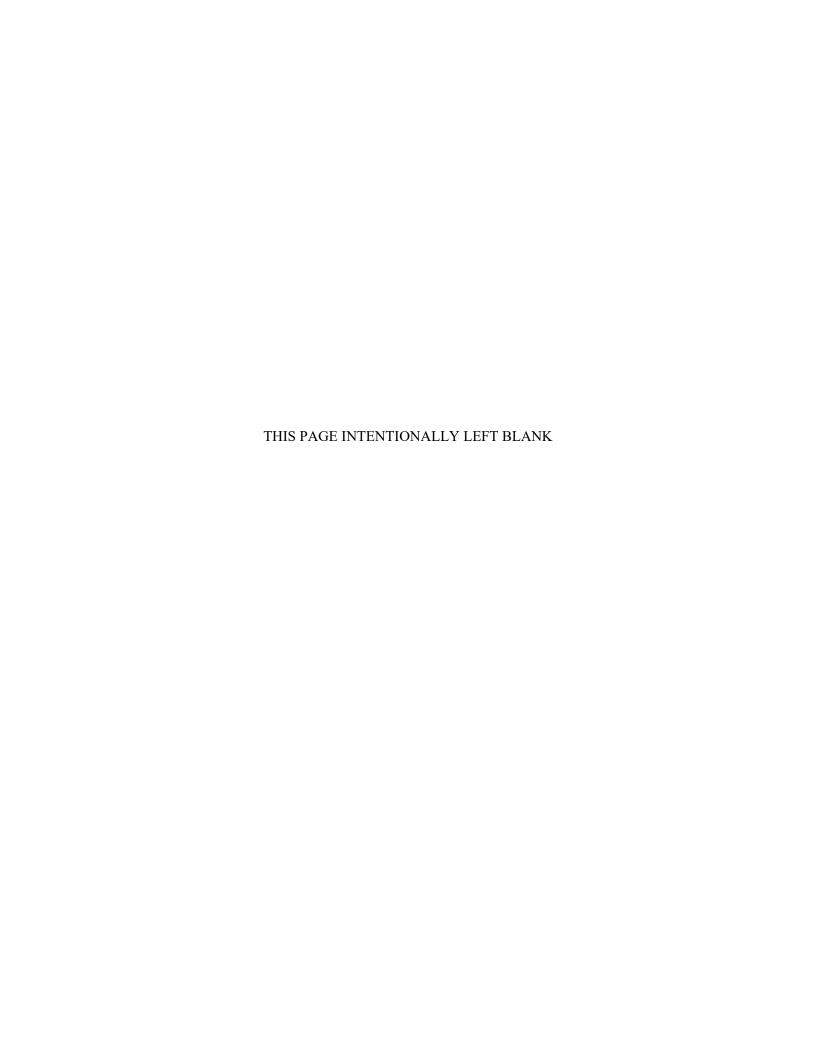
There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information (OSI) includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Combining Schedules General fund accounts
- Combining Statements Nonmajor governmental funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor governmental funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major governmental funds (capital project funds and debt service)
- Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Units
- Schedule of Debt Coverage
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards



City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet General Fund Accounts June 30 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	P	Special rograms Account		Total
ASSETS	Φ.	0.744.000	Φ.	457.004	Φ.	0.000.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,741,999	\$	157,621	\$	6,899,620
Investments Deposits with insurance pool		1,509,713		-		1,509,713
Accrued interest receivable		1,248,387		-		1,248,387
, 100, 404		2,059		-		2,059
Taxes receivable, net		320,844		-		320,844
Receivable from other governments		1,387,237		-		1,387,237
Court fines receivable, net		148,524		=		148,524
Other receivables		103,527		=		103,527
Inventories		23,845		-		23,845
Prepaid items	_	(502)	_		_	(502)
Total assets	\$	11,485,633	\$	157,621	\$	11,643,254
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable to other governments Other accrued expenses Amounts held in escrow Other payables Total liabilities	\$	567,994 1,141 202,279 40,911 5,405 817,730	\$	1,638 - - - 13,124 14,762	\$	569,632 1,141 202,279 40,911 18,529 832,492
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues		226,701		-		226,701
Fund balances:						
Non-spendable		23,343		-		23,343
Restricted		879,962		- .		879,962
Assigned		2,033,118		142,859		2,175,977
Unassigned		7,504,779		-		7,504,779
Total fund balances		10,441,202		142,859		10,584,061
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	11,485,633	\$	157,621	\$	11,643,254
,	<u> </u>	,,	<u> </u>	- ,		,,

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			P	Special rograms		
	G	eneral Fund		ccount		Total
REVENUES		10 100 110	•		•	10 100 110
Taxes	\$	13,199,143	\$	-	\$	13,199,143
Fees and fines		173,074		21,428		194,502
Licenses and permits		165,765		-		165,765
Intergovernmental		1,747,918		-		1,747,918
Charges for services		1,025,871		-		1,025,871
Investment earnings		290,034		4,775		294,809
Miscellaneous		126,921		30,422		157,343
Total revenues		16,728,726		56,625		16,785,351
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		1,141,653		-		1,141,653
Planning and zoning		219,349		-		219,349
Financial administration		1,059,714		-		1,059,714
Public safety		10,847,872		33,779		10,881,651
Highways and streets		901,727		-		901,727
Health and welfare		42,979		-		42,979
Culture and recreation		1,671,257		-		1,671,257
Community and economic development		105,815		-		105,815
Facilities management and fleet maintenance		858,190		-		858,190
Capital Outlay		260,159		-		260,159
Total expenditures		17,108,715		33,779		17,142,494
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(379,989)		22,846		(357,143)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		2,009,313		_		2,009,313
Transfers out		(789,182)		_		(789,182)
Total other financing sources and uses		1,220,131				1,220,131
Net change in fund balances	-	840,142		22,846	-	862,988
Fund balances - beginning		9,601,060		120,013		9,721,073
Fund balances - ending	\$	10,441,202	\$	142,859	\$	10,584,061
-		-, , :-		,	<u> </u>	- , ,

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE

	F	UND				CA	PITAL P	ROJECT FUN	DS							
ASSETS		ion 2025		hort-Term Capital provements	Dev Blo	mmunity relopment ck Grant - EDIF		I.D. #1 rron Center		Park and ecreation		Airport nstruction		Capital provement		blic Safety Capital provement Fund
	æ	26.422	•	1 102 165	•	00.050	\$	852	•	420.222	•	205 750	•	4 576 500	•	4 222 227
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	36,423	\$	1,103,465	\$	99,258	ъ	852	\$	130,332	\$	265,750	\$	4,576,509	\$	1,222,337
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-		_		-
Taxes receivable, net		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		
Loan proceeds receivable		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Receivable from other governments		_		15,446		23,966		36,422		_		_		_		242,228
Total assets	\$	36,423	\$	1,118,911	\$	123,224		37,274	\$	130,332	\$	265,750	\$	4,576,509		1,464,565
LIADULTUS DEFENDES INFLOMS AND FINIS DAY AND SO																
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	3.356	\$		\$	_	\$	87.500	\$	24,541		9.533
Retainage payable	ф	-	ф	-	Ф	3,356	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	67,500	Ф	24,541		9,533
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payable to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other accrued expenses												_		_		231.636
Other payables		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		201,000
Advance from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		664,971
Total liabilities						3,356						87,500		24,541		906,140
···																
Deferred inflows of resources:																
Unavailable revenues		_		-		_		-		_		-		-		-
Fund balances:																
Restricted		36,423		749,988		119,868		37,274				178,250				255,688
Assigned		<u>-</u>		368,923				-		130,332		-		4,551,968		302,737
Total fund balances	•	36,423		1,118,911	•	119,868	•	37,274	•	130,332	•	178,250		4,551,968	•	558,425
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	36,423	\$	1,118,911	\$	123,224	\$	37,274	\$	130,332	\$	265,750	\$	4,576,509	\$	1,464,565

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

						CAPITAL F	ROJE	CT FUNDS					DEE	ST SERVICE FUND		
100570		tormwater Capital provement	SSI	MA Capital	E	2018 GO Economic evelopment Fund		olf Course Capital provement	De	conomic velopment Capital provement	С	2 GO Bond ommunity velopment Fund	De	ebt Service Fund		otal Other vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable Taxes receivable, net Loan proceeds receivable Due from other funds Receivable from other governments	\$	3,728,852 914,953 3,733 - -	\$	586,633 - - 35,465 - -	\$	4,809,075 - - - - -	\$	32,807 - - - - -	\$	558,857 - - - - - 53,828	\$	1,120,427 - - - - -	\$	964,223 240,015 312 - - - 357,062	\$	19,235,800 1,154,968 4,045 35,465 - 728,952
Total assets	\$	4,647,538	\$	622,098	\$	4,809,075	\$	32,807	\$	612,685	\$	1,120,427	\$	1,561,612	\$	21,159,230
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	20,713	\$	11,287	\$	_	\$	17,321	\$	9,609	\$	_	s	_	\$	183,860
Retainage payable Due to other funds Payable to other governments	Ť		Ů		Ů	- - -	Ů		Ů	- - -	Ť	- - -	Ť	- - -	Ů	- -
Other accrued expenses Other payables Advance from other funds		- - -		- - -		- -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		231,636 - 664,971
Total liabilities		20,713		11,287	_			17,321	_	9,609				<u> </u>		1,080,467
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues		2,928			_			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		346,223	_	349,151
Fund balances: Restricted Assigned Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances		4,623,897 4,623,897 4,647,538		610,811 610,811 622,098	\$	4,809,075 - 4,809,075 4,809,075	\$	15,486 15,486 32,807	<u> </u>	603,076 603,076 612,685	<u> </u>	1,120,427 - 1,120,427 1,120,427		1,191,923 23,466 1,215,389 1,561,612		8,498,916 11,230,696 19,729,612 21,159,230

(continued)

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE

	FUND CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS										
	Vision 2025	Short-Term Capital Improvements	Community Development Block Grant - EDIF	T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center	Park and Recreation	Airport Construction	Capital Improvement	Public Safety Cap Imp Fund			
REVENUES Taxes	•	\$ 173,666	\$ -	\$ 630,247	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 1,860,367			
Licenses and permits		9 173,000	φ - -	φ 030,247 -	-	· -	· -	φ 1,000,307			
Intergovernmental		1	63,771								
Charges for services		28,157	00,777		19,000						
Investment earnings	1,172	38,654	1		3,858	5,738	104,971	40,725			
Miscellaneous	.,	1,092			-		2,464,377	2			
Total revenues	1,172	241,569	63,772	630,247	22,858	5,738	2,569,348	1,901,094			
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development	-	-	-	616,157		-					
Debt Service: Principal		_	_				_	505,000			
Interest and other charges		1						487,903			
Capital Outlay		263,069	75,191			87,500	222.303	954.385			
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	263,069	75,191	616,157	<u>-</u> _	87,500	222,303	1,947,288			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		200,000	70,101	010,107		01,000	LLL,000	1,017,200			
expenditures	1,172	(21,500)	(11,419)	14,090	22,858	(81,762)	2,347,045	(46,194)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Premiums from issuance of long-term debt	-				-						
Transfers in	-	383,400	56,958	22,332	-	87,500	300,000	81,347			
Transfers out		(120,000)	= =====================================				(81,347)	(100,000)			
Total other financing sources and uses		263,400	56,958	22,332		87,500	218,653	(18,653)			
Net change in fund balances	1,172	241,900	45,539	36,422	22,858	5,738	2,565,698	(64,847)			
Fund balances - beginning	35,251	877,011	74,329	852	107,474	172,512	1,986,270	623,272			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 36,423	\$ 1,118,911	\$ 119,868	\$ 37,274	\$ 130,332	\$ 178,250	\$ 4,551,968	\$ 558,425			

City of Sand Springs Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS									
	Stormwater Capital Improvement	Stormwater Capital		2018 GO Economic Development Fund	Golf Course Capital Improvement		Economic Development Capital Improvement	2022 GO Bond Community Development Fund	FUND Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES					_					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	413,415	\$ -	\$ 1,902,153	\$ 4,979,848
Licenses and permits			-				5,775			5,775
Intergovernmental	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	63,771
Charges for services			-	-	-		-	-	-	47,157
Investment earnings	122,894			164,726	2,226		15,382	29,111	13,414	566,474
Miscellaneous		49,6		360,390			(7)			2,875,524
Total revenues	122,894	73,2	72	525,116	2,226		434,565	29,111	1,915,567	8,538,549
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Community development			-							616.157
Debt Service:										
Principal									1.255.000	1,760,000
Interest and other charges									598.770	1.086.673
Capital Outlay	587.476	918.99	28	5,456	119.692		30.304	43.684	550,770	3.308.058
Total expenditures	587,476			5,456	119,692	-	30,304	43,684	1,853,770	6,770,888
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		310,3	,,,	- 0,400	113,032	_	30,304	40,004	1,000,770	0,770,000
expenditures	(464,582) (845,72	26)	519,660	(117,466)		404,261	(14,573)	61,797	1,767,661
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Issuance of long-term debt								1,135,000		1,135,000
Premiums from issuance of long-term debt			-	•	-		-	1,135,000	3,539	3.539
Transfers in	1,000,000	850,58			60.752		-	•	3,339	2.842.870
	1,000,000	850,50	31	(570.004)	60,752		(75,000)	-		
Transfers out	4 000 000	050.5	-	(573,034)		-	(75,000)	4.405.000	0.500	(949,381)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,000,000	850,58	51	(573,034)	60,752	_	(75,000)	1,135,000	3,539	3,032,028
Net change in fund balances	535,418	4,85	55	(53,374)	(56,714)		329,261	1,120,427	65,336	4,799,689
Fund balances - beginning	4,088,479	605,9	56	4,862,449	72,200		273,815	-	1,150,053	14,929,923
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4.623.897		11	\$ 4,809,075	\$ 15,486	\$	603.076	\$ 1,120,427	\$ 1,215,389	\$ 19,729,612
•	(continued)		_			_				

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

SPECIAL REVENUE -VISION 2025

CAPITAL PROJECT -SHORT-TERM CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

		VI		SHORT-TERM CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS					
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes	S -	s -	Amounts	\$ -	\$ 165,000	\$ 165,000	\$ 173,666	\$ 8.666	
Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	- - -	-	1,172	1,172	20,526 50	20,526 50	28,157 38,654 1,092	7,631 38,604 1,092	
Total Revenues			1,172	1,172	185,576	185,576	241,569	55,993	
Expenditures: Neighborhood Services: Capital outlay		<u> </u>		·	34,000	66,000	28,621	37,379	
Information Services: Capital outlay					187,000	187,000		187,000	
Communications: Capital outlay					5,000	5,000	3,659	1,341	
Police: Capital outlay						3,933		3,933	
Parks & Recreation: Capital outlay		35,219		35,219	125,000	197,872	171,600	26,272	
Public Works: Capital outlay						3,508		3,508	
Streets: Capital outlay		. <u>-</u>	-		33,000	93,957	59,189	34,768	
Total Expenditures		35,219		35,219	384,000	557,270	263,069	294,201	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(35,219)	1,172	36,391	(198,424)	(371,694)	(21,500)	350,194	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	:	-	- -	<u>:</u>	383,400 (120,000)	383,400 (120,000)	383,400 (120,000)	:	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					263,400	263,400	263,400		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	-	(35,219)	1,172	36,391	64,976	(108,294)	241,900	350,194	
Fund Balance - beginning of year	5	35,251	35,251	-	690,127	877,011	877,011	-	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 5	\$ 32	\$ 36,423	\$ 36,391	\$ 755,103	\$ 768,717	\$ 1,118,911	\$ 350,194	

(Continued)

CAPITAL PROJECT -

	c	CAPITA OMMUNITY DEVELOR	L PROJECT - PMENT BLOCK GRAP	NT - EDIF	CAPITAL PROJECT - T.I.D. #1 CIMARRON CENTER								
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Ar Original	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ - - -	\$ - 93,868 -	\$ - 63,771 1	\$ - (30,097) 1	\$ 750,000 - -	\$ 750,000 - -	\$ 630,247 - -	\$ (119,753) - -					
Total Revenues		93,868	63,772	(30,096)	750,000	750,000	630,247	(119,753)					
Expenditures: Parks and Recreation: Capital outlay		2,000		2,000				<u>-</u>					
Economic Development: Other services and charges	- _	- _			750,000	750,000	616,157	133,843					
Water: Capital outlay		154,981	75,191	79,790		<u>-</u>							
Total Expenditures		156,981	75,191	81,790	750,000	750,000	616,157	133,843					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(63,113)	(11,419)	51,694	-	-	14,090	14,090					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	-	56,958	56,958	-	-	-	22,332	22,332					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		56,958	56,958				22,332	22,332					
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	-	(6,155)	45,539	51,694	-	-	36,422	36,422					
Fund Balance - beginning of year	106,501	74,329	74,329	-	851	852	852	-					
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 106,501	\$ 68,174	\$ 119,868	\$ 51,694	\$ 851	\$ 852	\$ 37,274	\$ 36,422					

(Continued)

CAPITAL PROJECT -PARK AND RECREATION

CAPITAL PROJECT -AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION

				PARK AN	D RECK	REATION		_	AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION									
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with Actual Final Budget Amounts Positive (Negative)			Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:	•	00.000		00.000	•	40.000	•	(4.000)	•		•		•	_				
Charges for services Investment income	\$	20,000 20	\$	20,000 20	\$	19,000 3,858	\$	(1,000) 3,838	\$	12	\$	1,200	\$ - 5,738	\$	4,538			
Total Revenues		20,020		20,020		22,858		2,838		12		1,200	5,738	_	4,538			
Expenditures: Airport:																		
Capital Outlay								<u> </u>		75,000		244,912	87,500	_	157,412			
Total Expenditures										75,000		244,912	87,500	_	157,412			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		20,020		20,020		22,858		2,838		(74,988)		(243,712)	(81,762)		161,950			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		87,500	87,500		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		-		87,500	87,500	_	-			
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		20,020		20,020		22,858		2,838		(74,988)		(156,212)	5,738		161,950			
Fund Balance - beginning of year		98,361		107,474		107,474		-		88,214		172,512	172,512		-			
Fund Balance - end of year	\$	118,381	\$	127,494	\$	130,332	\$	2,838	\$	13,226	\$	16,300	\$ 178,250	\$	161,950			

(Continued)

CAPITAL PROJECT -CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT

CAPITAL PROJECT PUBLIC SAFETY CAPITAL IMPROVEMEN

		CAPITAL	IMPROVEMENT		PUBLIC SAFETY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT									
	Budgeted a	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ 1,781,339	\$ 1,781,339	\$ 1,860,367	\$ 79,028						
Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	300	185,600 15,000 705,059	104,971 2,464,377	(185,600) 89,971 1,759,318	90	90	40,725	40,635 2						
Total Revenues	300	905,659	2,569,348	1,663,689	1,781,429	1,781,429	1,901,094	119,665						
Expenditures: Facilities Management: Capital Outlay	200,000	254,829	85,395	169,434		60,000		60,000						
Police: Capital Outlay					156,305	278,632	133,577	145,055						
Fire: Capital Outlay					97,000	1,708,270	820,808	887,462						
Emergency Management: Capital Outlay		4,660		4,660										
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay	68,882	39,446		39,446										
Golf Course: Capital Outlay		29,319		29,319	- _									
Neighborhood Services: Capital Outlay		4,337		4,337										
Public Works: Capital Outlay	300,000	917,000	3,137	913,863										
Streets: Capital Outlay		90,723	5,300	85,423										
Economic Development: Capital Outlay		483,316	128,471	354,845										
Water: Capital Outlay		59,584		59,584										
Airport: Capital Outlay		199,825		199,825										
Debt Service:	<u></u>				980,928	493,713	992,903	(499,190)						
Total Expenditures	568,882	2,083,039	222,303	1,860,736	1,234,233	2,540,615	1,947,288	593,327						
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(568,582)	(1,177,380)	2,347,045	3,524,425	547,196	(759,186)	(46,194)	712,992						
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	150,000	300,000 (81,347)	300,000 (81,347)	-	(100,000)	81,347 (100,000)	81,347 (100,000)	:						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	150,000	218,653	218,653		(100,000)	(18,653)	(18,653)	-						
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(418,582)	(958,727)	2,565,698	3,524,425	447,196	(777,839)	(64,847)	712,992						
Fund Balance - beginning of year	909,800	1,986,270	1,986,270	-	567,283	623,272	623,272	-						
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 491,218	\$ 1,027,543	\$ 4,551,968	\$ 3,524,425	\$ 1,014,479	\$ (154,567)	\$ 558,425	\$ 712,992						

(Continued)

CAPITAL PROJECT -CAPITAL PROJECT -STORMWATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SSMA CAPITAL FUND Variance with Variance with Final Budget Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** Actual **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Positive (Negative) Original Final Original Final Positive (Negative) Amounts Amounts Revenues: Investment income 7,000 25,000 122,894 23,602 23,602 97,894 \$ \$ \$ \$ Miscellaneous 49,670 49,670 7,000 25,000 122,894 97,894 73,272 73,272 Total Revenues Expenditures: Water: Capital Outlay 348,514 47,510 189,000 301,004 Wastewater: Capital Outlay 71,000 164,599 152,170 12,429 Sanitation: Capital Outlay 380,673 310,000 657,185 276,512 Public Works: Capital Outlay 101,057 101,006 51 Engineering: Capital Outlay 10,000 10,000 Airport: Capital Outlay 10,515 10,515 Golf Course: Capital Outlay 140,000 164,142 88,306 75,836 Stormwater: 390,000 3,958,287 587,476 3,370,811 Capital Outlay Total Expenditures 390,000 3,958,287 587,476 3,370,811 710,000 1,456,012 918,998 537,014 Revenues over (under) expenditures (383,000) (3,933,287) (464,582) 3,468,705 (710,000) (1,456,012) (845,726) 610,286 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 710,000 850,581 850,581 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 710,000 850,581 850,581 Revenues and other sources over (under) (2,933,287) 3,468,705 610,286 expenditures and other uses 617,000 535,418 (605,431) 4,855 Fund Balance - beginning of year 524,974 4,088,479 4,088,479 145,963 605,956 605,956 Fund Balance - end of year 1,141,974 \$ 1,155,192 \$ 4,623,897 3,468,705 145,963 525 \$ 610,811 610,286

CAPITAL PROJECT -

CAPITAL PROJECT -

	 2	2018 G.O. EC	ONOMIC	DEVELO	PMENT PLA	N FUND		GOLF COURSE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT									
	 Budgeted				ctual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget		Budgeted				Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
	 Original	Fina	11	Am	nounts	Posit	tive (Negative)	0	riginal	Fina	<u>al</u>	Ar	nounts		Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 300	\$ 1	0,300	\$	164,726 360,390	\$	154,426 360,390	\$	5	\$	5	\$	2,226	\$	2,221		
Total Revenues	300	1	0,300		525,116		514,816		5		5	_	2,226		2,221		
Expenditures: Streets: Capital Outlay	 	13	9,473				139,473								<u> </u>		
Economic Development: Capital Outlay	 	10	0,244		5,456		94,788								<u>-</u> _		
Golf Course: Capital Outlay	 <u> </u>								100,000	14	0,657		119,692		20,965		
Water: Capital Outlay	 	71	7,533				717,533										
Stormwater: Capital Outlay	 	2,69	3,436				2,693,436								<u>-</u> _		
Total Expenditures	 	3,65	0,686	-	5,456		3,645,230		100,000	14	0,657		119,692		20,965		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	300	(3,64	0,386)		519,660		4,160,046		(99,995)	(14	0,652)		(117,466)		23,186		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	:	(57	3,034)		(573,034)		-		53,850	6	8,850		60,752		(8,098)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	(57	3,034)		(573,034)				53,850	6	8,850		60,752		(8,098)		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	300	(4,21	3,420)		(53,374)		4,160,046		(46,145)	(7	1,802)		(56,714)		15,088		
Fund Balance - beginning of year	577,455	4,86	2,449	4	1,862,449		-		49,998	7	2,200		72,200		-		
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 577,755	\$ 64	9,029	\$ 4	1,809,075	\$	4,160,046	\$	3,853	\$	398	\$	15,486	\$	15,088 (Continued)		

CAPITAL PROJECT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

CAPITAL PROJECT -2022 G.O. BOND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

	ECO	NOMIC DEVELOPMEN	T CAPITAL IMPROVE	MENT FUND	2022 G.O. BOND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND								
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 395,853 13,125 200	\$ 395,853 13,125 200	\$ 413,415 5,775 15,382 (7)	\$ 17,562 (7,350) 15,182 (7)	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 29,111 -	\$ - 29,111					
Total Revenues	409,178	409,178	434,565	25,387			29,111	29,111					
Expenditures: Economic Development: Capital Outlay	43,000	280,398	30,304	250,094									
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay						1,135,000	43,684	1,091,316					
Total Expenditures	43,000	280,398	30,304	250,094		1,135,000	43,684	1,091,316					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	366,178	128,780	404,261	275,481	-	(1,135,000)	(14,573)	1,120,427					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of long-term debt Transfers out	- -	(75,000)	(75,000)	- -	- -	1,135,000	1,135,000	- -					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(75,000)	(75,000)			1,135,000	1,135,000	-					
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	366,178	53,780	329,261	275,481	-	-	1,120,427	1,120,427					
Fund Balance - beginning of year	725,894	273,815	273,815	-	-	-	-	-					
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 1,092,072	\$ 327,595	\$ 603,076	\$ 275,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,120,427	\$ 1,120,427					

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budget Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	4 4 4 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			(40,000)
Taxes Investment income	\$ 1,849,722	\$ 1,920,835	\$ 1,902,153	\$ (18,682)
invesiment income	3,200	3,200	13,414	10,214
Total Revenues	1,852,922	1,924,035	1,915,567	(8,468)
Expenditures:				
Debt Service	1,855,027	1,940,727	1,853,770	86,957
Total Expenditures	1,855,027	1,940,727	1,853,770	86,957
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,105	(16,692)	61,797	78,489
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Premium from issuance of long-term debt	-	-	3,539	3,539
Transfers out	(700	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(700		3,539	3,539
Total Otto: Titaliong Godices (Oses)			0,000	0,000
Revenues and other sources over (under)				
expenditures and other uses	(2,805	(16,692)	65,336	82,028
Fund Balance - beginning of year	1,311,821	1,150,053	1,150,053	-
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 1,309,016	\$ 1,133,361	\$ 1,215,389	\$ 82,028
r una Balance - one or year	ψ 1,309,010	ψ 1,133,301	Ψ 1,210,309	Ψ 02,020

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	-	CAPITAL PROJECT -	STREET IMPROVE	MENT	CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT WATER/WASTEWATER								
	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,979,266 - 26,900	\$ 1,979,266 361,600 - 70,000	\$ 2,067,075 - - 278,140 (11)	\$ 87,809 (361,600) - 208,140 (11)	\$ 3,958,532 - 170,000 12,800	\$ 3,958,532 600,270 170,000 100,000	\$ 4,134,149 49,029 73,150 367,535 (2)	\$ 175,617 (551,241) (96,850) 267,535 (2)					
Total Revenues	2,006,166	2,410,866	2,345,204	(65,662)	4,141,332	4,828,802	4,623,861	(204,941)					
Expenditures: Water: Capital Outlay					3,560,000	9,662,429	1,388,762	8,273,667					
Wastewater: Capital Outlay					550,000	3,755,759	223,265	3,532,494					
Public Works: Capital Outlay						138,300	540	137,760					
Street: Capital Outlay	3,945,000	12,935,681	1,477,893	11,457,788									
Total Expenditures	3,945,000	12,935,681	1,477,893	11,457,788	4,110,000	13,556,488	1,612,567	11,943,921					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,938,834)	(10,524,815)	867,311	11,392,126	31,332	(8,727,686)	3,011,294	11,738,980					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	-			-	(800,000)	(810,000)	(810,000)	-					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					(800,000)	(810,000)	(810,000)						
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(1,938,834)	(10,524,815)	867,311	11,392,126	(768,668)	(9,537,686)	2,201,294	11,738,980					
Fund Balance - beginning of year	2,194,208	10,714,016	10,714,016	-	978,472	9,746,392	9,746,392	-					
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 255,374	\$ 189,201	\$ 11,581,327	\$ 11,392,126	\$ 209,804	\$ 208,706	\$ 11,947,686	\$ 11,738,980 (Continued)					

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	CAPITA	AL PROJECT - DEVELO	PMENT CAPITAL IM	IPROVEMENT	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2018 G.O. CITY PROJECT								
	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental	-	2,700,015	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	-	20,000	162,083	142,083	200	10,200	123,038	112,838					
Total Revenues		2,720,015	162,083	142,083	200	10,200	123,038	112,838					
Expenditures: Streets: Capital Outlay	_	1,000,000	_	1,000,000	286,223	3,583,826	1,154,344	2,429,482					
, ,		1,000,000		1,000,000	200,220	0,000,020	1,101,011	2,120,102					
Economic Development: Capital Outlay	-	1,161,532	474,290	687,242									
Water: Capital Outlay		3,721,331	588,762	3,132,569	- _			<u>-</u> _					
Wastewater: Capital Outlay		4,541,189		4,541,189									
Information Services: Capital Outlay		-			<u>-</u> _	421	<u>-</u> _						
Police: Capital Outlay		<u> </u>			<u>-</u> _	142,581	132,861	9,720					
Stormwater: Capital Outlay		4,319,317	363,073	3,956,244									
Public Works: Capital Outlay					1,493								
Fire: Capital Outlay						6,713		6,713					
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay						228,805	28,147	200,658					
Golf Course: Capital Outlay						3,770		3,770					
Museum: Capital Outlay		<u> </u>				257		257					
Total Expenditures	_	14,743,369	1,426,125	13,317,244	287,716	3,966,373	1,315,352	2,650,600					
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(12,023,354)	(1,264,042)	13,459,327	(287,516)	(3,956,173)	(1,192,314)	2,763,438					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	-	8,234,028	114,888	(8,119,140)	-	505,438	974,984	469,546					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,234,028	114,888	(8,119,140)		505,438	974,984	469,546					
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(3,789,326)	(1,149,154)	5,340,187	(287,516)	(3,450,735)	(217,330)	3,232,984					
Fund Balance - beginning of year	3	5,330,408	5,330,408	-	288,122	3,461,391	3,461,391	-					
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 3	\$ 1,541,082	\$ 4,181,254	\$ 5,340,187	\$ 606	\$ 10,656	\$ 3,244,061	\$ 3,232,984					
		<u></u>	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	(Continued)					

CAPITAL PROJECT - 2022 G.O. BOND CITY PROJECT

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2022 G.O. BOND CITT PROJECT											
	Budg Original	eted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)								
Revenues: Taxes Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 165,749 -	\$ - 165,749 -								
Total Revenues	-		165,749	165,749								
Expenditures: Emergency Management: Capital Outlay		825,000	628,166	196,834								
Police: Capital Outlay		3,090,000	187,060	2,902,940								
Fire: Capital Outlay	<u> </u>	<u> </u>										
Museum: Capital Outlay		205,000	5,565	199,435								
Golf Course: Capital Outlay		190,000	5,194	184,806								
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay		2,440,000	66,968	2,373,032								
Total Expenditures		6,750,000	892,953	5,857,047								
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(6,750,000)	(727,204)	6,022,796								
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of long-term debt	-	6,750,000	6,750,000	-								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,750,000	6,750,000									
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	-	-	6,022,796	6,022,796								
Fund Balance - beginning of year	-	-	-	-								
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,022,796	\$ 6,022,796								

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	•	useum Trust uthority	Dev	conomic elopment uthority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	22,787 (29,625) (19,730)	\$	- -
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(26,568)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends		330		-
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		330		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(26,238)		-
Balances - beginning of the year		121,507		340,842
Balances - end of the year	\$	95,269	\$	340,842
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities: Due from other governmental agencies Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Due to other governmental agencies	\$	(11,536) (15,962) 991 (83) 22	\$	- - - - -
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(26,568)	\$	

Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION

The STATISTICAL SECTION presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sourced, sales tax and property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

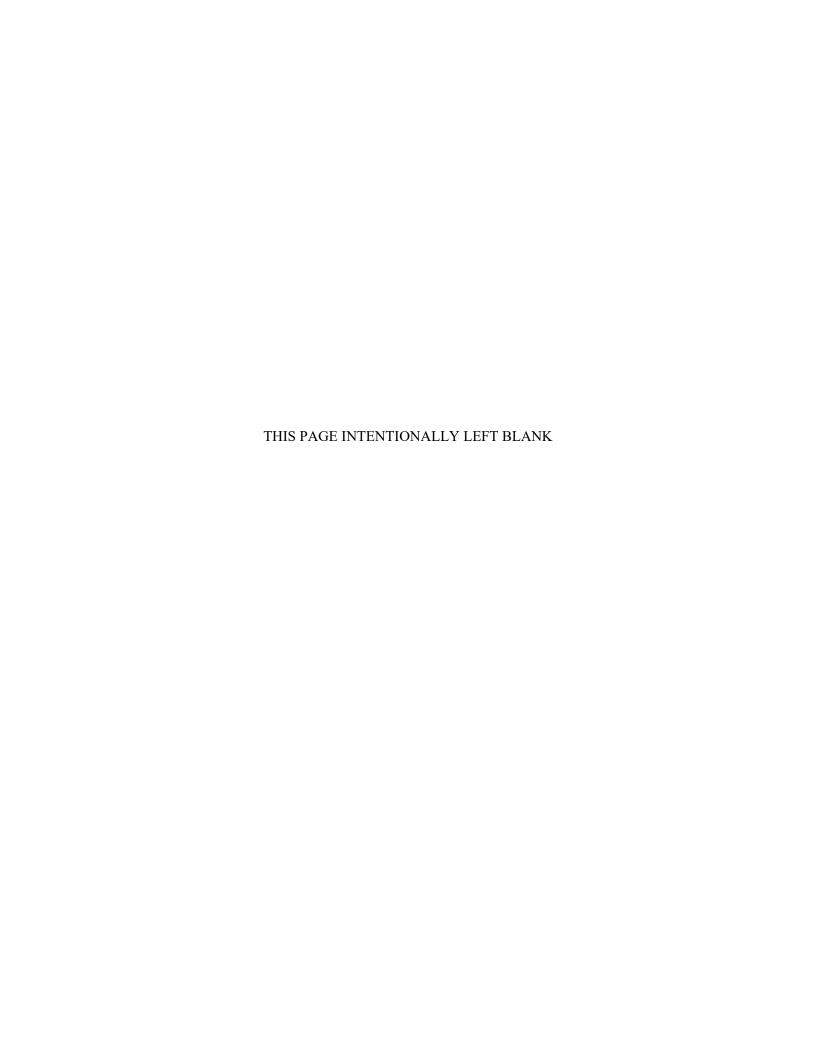
Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

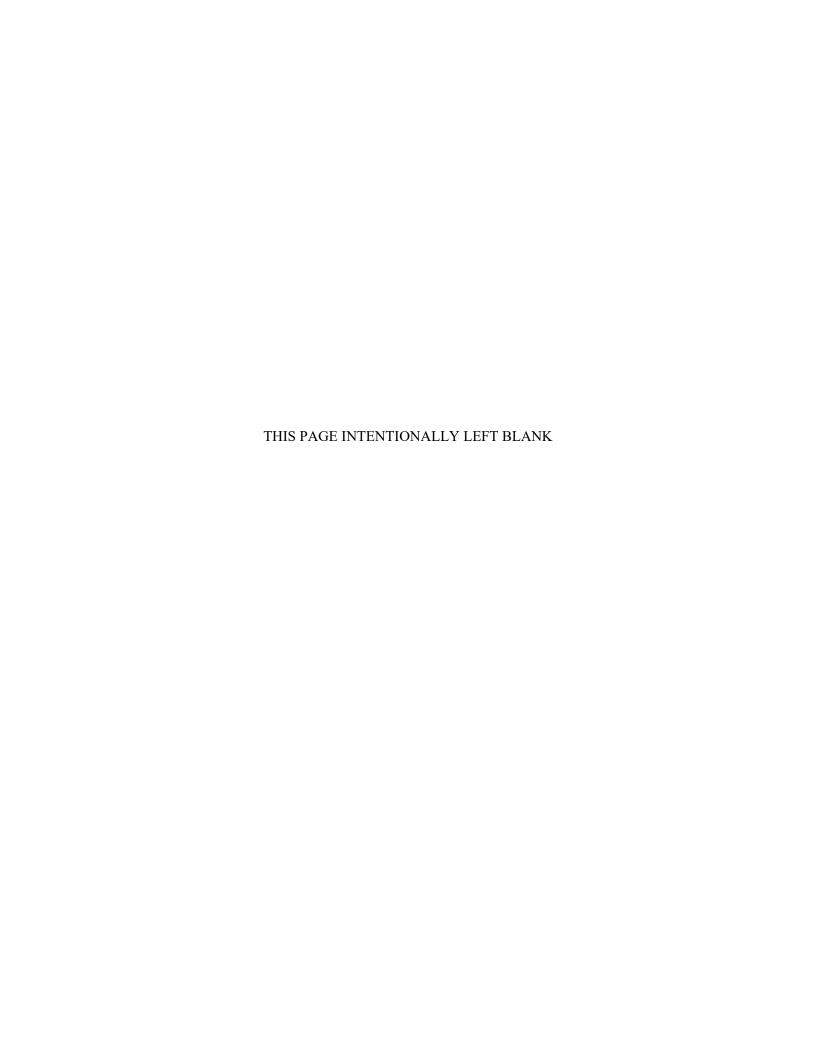
Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in FY 2001; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.







	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	Fisca 2018	al Year <u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities net position	\$ 33,255,246	\$ 33,248,179	\$ 18,346,326	\$ 37,376,826	\$ 40,483,621	\$ 41,002,139	\$ 44,057,690	\$ 44,253,029	\$ 44,135,635	\$ 44,775,205
	9,112,520	10,589,915	25,072,566	11,329,895	10,452,886	10,746,541	12,906,656	18,963,127	17,982,547	25,799,860
	4,246,875	(1,644,109)	(716,374)	604,043	457,605	5,349,907	797,159	4,409,090	10,455,267	7,277,685
	\$ 46,614,641	\$ 42,193,985	\$ 42,702,518	\$ 49,310,764	\$ 51,394,112	\$ 57,098,587	\$ 57,761,505	\$ 67,625,246	\$ 72,573,449	\$ 77,852,750
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 50,419,150	\$ 51,548,644	\$ 53,054,629	\$ 54,851,506	\$ 56,884,600	\$ 57,984,084	\$ 60,181,560	\$ 60,949,849	\$ 63,858,605	\$ 63,272,507
	2,468,184	2,385,880	2,403,088	2,420,288	2,450,805	2,498,430	2,532,310	726,744	609,989	617,951
	22,510,729	22,744,600	23,551,877	24,278,798	23,513,064	24,636,613	27,585,776	25,798,569	26,685,837	30,319,596
	\$ 75,398,063	\$ 76,679,124	\$ 79,009,594	\$ 81,550,592	\$ 82,848,469	\$ 85,119,127	\$ 90,299,646	\$ 87,475,162	\$ 91,154,431	\$ 94,210,054
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 83,674,396	\$ 84,796,823	\$ 71,400,955	\$ 92,228,332	\$ 97,368,221	\$ 98,986,223	\$ 104,239,250	\$ 105,202,878	\$107,994,240	\$ 108,047,712
	11,580,704	12,975,795	27,475,654	13,750,183	12,903,691	13,244,971	15,438,966	19,689,871	18,592,536	26,417,811
	26,757,604	21,100,491	22,835,503	24,882,841	23,970,669	29,986,520	28,382,935	30,207,659	37,141,104	37,597,281
	\$ 122,012,704	\$ 118,873,109	\$ 121,712,112	\$ 130,861,356	\$ 134,242,581	\$ 142,217,714	\$ 148,061,151	\$ 155,100,408	\$163,727,880	\$ 172,062,804

	2	2014		2015		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		2018		<u>2019</u>		2020		2021		2022		2023
Expenses																				
Government activities:																				
Government government	\$	2,662,169	\$	1,322,426	\$	1,382,934	\$	1,452,911	\$	1,418,445	\$	1,484,936	\$	2,266,358	\$	2,079,767	\$	1,934,948	\$	1,836,365
Planning and zoning		136,407		101,842		155,897		152,884		159,519		172,027		183,962		198,610		214,934		225,195
Financial administration		891,880		826,352		797,905		814,019		865,794		909,514		964,129		1,019,307		1,009,596		1,054,477
Public safety		8,482,160		8,211,241		8,831,758		8,731,211		9,182,181		8,396,933		10,419,130	1	11,487,138		8,671,164		11,385,649
Highways and streets		2,295,442		2,280,869		1,917,538		2,666,478		2,069,886		2,130,852		2,431,763		2,605,660		3,219,870		2,904,724
Health and welfare		38,152		34,322		31,587		30,003		29,826		25,629		26,708		2,257		35,866		42,979
Culture and recreation		1,334,749		1,286,258		1,368,145		1,431,045		1,528,516		1,749,415		3,369,982		2,201,588		2,547,224		2,516,520
Economic development		718,360		614,822		887,161		930,693		2,147,387		1,145,882		864,239		1,584,029		897,555		883,066
Facilities mgmt & fleet maint		600,341		595,485		619,711		625,920		586,098		530,176		548,790		644,355		668,923		686,128
Interest on long-term debt		202,090		220,338		491,729		647,737	_	684,270	_	836,705		833,740		1,572,123		1,007,870	_	1,173,022
Total governmental activities expenses	1	7,361,750	_	15,493,955	_	16,484,365	_	17,482,901	_	18,671,922	_	17,382,069	_	21,908,801		23,394,834	_	20,207,950	_	22,708,125
Business-type activities:																				
Water		7,217,517		6,950,079		7,582,078		7,542,148		7,763,775		7,343,452		7,969,207		8,546,991		7,922,362		9,635,565
Wastewater		3,542,099		3,699,133		3,463,644		3,676,656		3,905,087		3,663,633		4,306,628		3,619,192		3,984,716		4,458,845
Solid Waste		1,373,312		1,383,708		1,356,840		1,379,454		1,522,908		1,469,884		1,554,069		1,523,893		1,766,352		2,052,702
Stormwater		387,534		341,828		673,179		403,009		445,087		389,921		411,619		392,304		414,148		452,007
Airport		765,017		706,851		869,466		943,452		912,916		807,343		750,220		824,049		1,014,315		978,017
Golf course		818,843		914,668	_	1,042,559		868,605	_	852,479	_	810,275		776,491	_	1,007,133	_	1,584,244	_	1,291,338
Total business-type activities expenses		4,104,322		13,996,267		14,987,766	_	14,813,324	_	15,402,252	_	14,484,508	_	15,768,234		15,913,562	_	16,686,137	_	18,868,474
Total primary government expenses	\$ 3	1,466,072	\$	29,490,222	\$	31,472,131	\$	32,296,225	\$	34,074,174	\$	31,866,577	\$	37,677,035	\$ 3	39,308,396	\$	36,894,087	\$	41,576,599
Program Revenues																				
Government activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	303,965	\$	214,664	\$	210,245	\$	208,693	\$	297,522	\$	197,181	\$	211,668	\$	261,996	\$	305,126	\$	234,923
Planning and zoning		9,873		5,482		5,190		8,679		6,781		10,309		13,388		15,150		12,472		10,082
Public safety		1,201,771		1,101,018		1,103,750		961,100		921,272		1,007,835		961,576		805,963		966,286		1,036,780
Highways and streets		1,294		386		114		497		400		211		354		469		520		180
Culture and recreation		104,868		100,759		101,860		117,420		135,398		121,890		92,370		95,430		146,461		134,600
Economic development		_		_		-		_		_		-		3,150		13,650		17,850		5,775
Operating grants and contributions		1,105,579		1,013,534		1,296,996		3,213,149		1,141,401		1,221,164		1,982,653		2,932,777		924,547		1,358,213
Capital grants and contributions		78,024		1,434,539		620,064		3,095,037		1,142,314		18,990		276,969		562,540		289,768		72,604
Total governmental activities program revenues		2,805,374		3,870,382	-	3,338,219	-	7,604,575		3,645,088		2,577,580	-	3,542,128		4,687,975		2,663,030		2,853,157

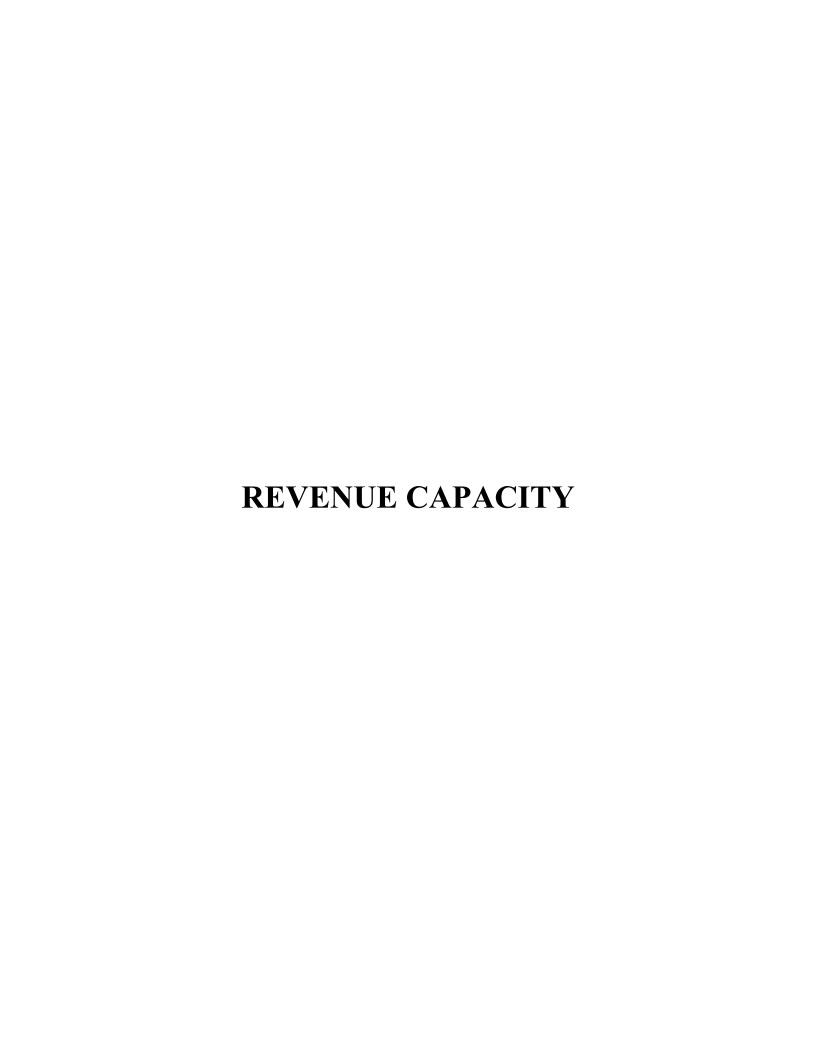
	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	\$ 7,838,862	\$ 7,394,814	\$ 7,676,330	\$ 8,032,553	\$ 8,444,082	\$ 7,978,639	\$ 8,367,537	\$ 8,819,294	\$ 9,458,541	\$ 10,078,037
Wastewater	3,305,188	3,269,735	3,233,067	3,315,927	3,413,943	3,422,291	3,456,129	3,503,813	3,640,917	3,785,860
Solid Waste	1,794,651	1,841,535	1,906,505	1,985,233	2,032,671	2,091,316	2,146,427	2,176,448	2,232,809	2,295,683
Stormwater	1,016,272	1,143,193	1,183,770	1,220,885	1,238,509	1,316,046	1,378,803	1,411,568	1,423,526	1,421,675
Airport	398,421	413,053	418,815	396,386	405,962	397,663	352,918	374,251	412,704	541,525
Golf course	535,236	524,171	571,012	566,917	554,969	521,587	297,277	525,134	817,364	890,263
Operating grants and contributions		2,208		43,926	335	700	572,511	1,938	6,053	1,156
Capital grants and contributions	673,634	157,268	354,139	458,814	929,426	461,785	435,770	1,052,204	140,453	47,499
Total business-type activities program revenues	15,562,264	14,745,977	15,343,638	16,020,641	17,019,897	16,190,027	17,007,372	17,864,650	18,132,367	19,061,698
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 18,367,638	\$ 18,616,359	\$ 18,681,857	\$ 23,625,216	\$ 20,664,985	\$ 18,767,607	\$ 20,549,500	\$ 22,552,625	\$ 20,795,397	\$ 21,914,855
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Government activities:	\$ (14,556,376)	\$ (11,623,573)	\$ (13,146,146)	\$ (9,878,326)	\$ (15,026,834)	\$ (14,804,489)	\$ (18,366,673)	\$ (18,706,859)	\$ (17,544,920)	\$ (19,854,968)
Business-type activities:	1,457,942	749,710	355,872	1,207,317	1,617,645	1,705,519	1,239,138	1,951,088	1,446,230	193,224
Total primary government net expense	\$ (13,098,434)	\$ (10,873,863)	\$ (12,790,274)	\$ (8,671,009)	\$ (13,409,189)	\$ (13,098,970)	\$ (17,127,535)	<u>\$ (16,755,771)</u>	\$ (16,098,690)	\$ (19,661,744)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net As:	sets									
Government activities:										
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$ 10,883,650	\$ 11,070,144	\$ 11,114,194	\$ 11,897,949	\$ 13,668,341	\$ 14,273,057	\$ 15,300,573	\$ 16,887,650	\$ 17,778,920	\$ 18,731,599
Property taxes	406,950	1,497,025	1,256,849	1,182,844	815,000	1,033,290	1,465,671	3,051,201	2,469,567	2,551,083
Franchise and public service taxes	833,193	856,339	792,394	841,487	898,716	873,276	826,021	817,525	983,715	1,084,413
Other taxes	1,479,104	1,448,920	1,539,932	1,568,453	1,722,928	1,676,745	1,725,552	1,826,625	1,851,053	1,974,466
Unrestricted grants and contributions	723,417	1,079,758	399,296	789,523	757,328	1,472,465	657,831	369,678	367,623	308,080
Investment earnings	189,547	201,361	274,233	320,110	642,317	911,143	740,329	383,074	124,862	1,545,713
Miscellaneous	36,714	48,281	134,148	75,248	40,287	319,481	1,815,698	400,154	86,801	1,894,894
Special item	-	-	-	1,077,719	105,876	-	-	-	91,312	-
Transfers	(1,704,747)	(397,664)	(1,856,367)	(1,266,761)	168,929	(50,493)	(3,502,084)	4,834,693	(1,260,730)	(2,955,979)
Total governmental activities	12,847,828	15,804,164	13,654,679	16,486,572	18,819,722	20,508,964	19,029,591	28,570,600	22,493,123	25,134,269
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	992,423	49,029
Investment earnings	39,496	48,937	75,790	64,926	231,774	510,809	419,301	35,198	(52,468)	1,137,736
Miscellaneous	5,823	84,750	42,441	1,994	5,256	3,837	19,996	23,923	32,354	51,423
Transfers	1,704,747	397,664	1,856,367	1,266,761	(168,929)	50,493	3,502,084	(4,834,693)	1,260,730	2,955,979
Total business-type activities	1,750,066	531,351	1,974,598	1,333,681	68,101	565,139	3,941,381	(4,775,572)	2,233,039	4,194,167
Total primary government	\$ 14,597,894	\$ 16,335,515	\$ 15,629,277	\$ 17,820,253	\$ 18,887,823	\$ 21,074,103	\$ 22,970,972	\$ 23,795,028	\$ 24,726,162	\$ 29,328,436
Change in Net Position										
Government activities	\$ (1,708,548)	\$ 4,180,591	\$ 508,533	\$ 6,608,246	\$ 3,792,888	\$ 5,704,475	\$ 662,918	\$ 9,863,741	\$ 4,948,203	\$ 5,279,301
Business-type activities	3,208,008	1,281,061	2,330,470	2,540,998	1,685,746	2,270,658	5,180,519	(2,824,484)	3,679,269	4,387,391
Total primary government	\$ 1,499,460	\$ 5,461,652	\$ 2,839,003	\$ 9,149,244	\$ 5,478,634	\$ 7,975,133	\$ 5,843,437	\$ 7,039,257	\$ 8,627,472	\$ 9,666,692

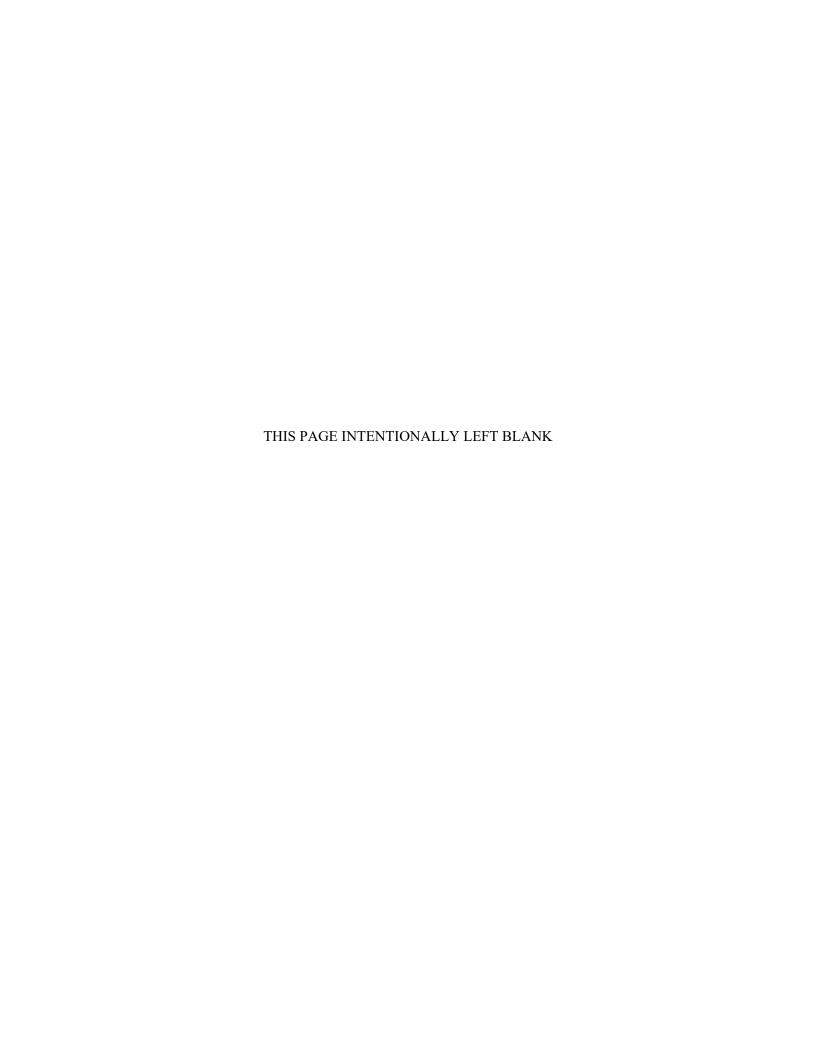
	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 30,03	35 \$ 18,653	\$ 21,720	\$ 17,607	\$ 18,816	\$ 28,627	\$ 20,941	\$ 19,491	\$ 18,094	\$ 23,343
Restricted Committed	524,55	51 680,401 - 240,318	712,637	560,464	662,747	669,090	653,982	771,408 -	1,000,326	879,962
Assigned	1,825,66	2,283,351	1,718,537	1,753,911	1,916,526	2,529,887	2,447,155	3,225,478	2,365,883	2,175,977
Unassigned	3,129,89	3,268,415	3,172,263	3,492,317	4,067,043	4,117,003	3,228,072	5,715,044	6,336,770	7,504,779
Total general fund	\$ 5,510,14	<u>\$ 6,491,138</u>	\$ 5,625,157	\$ 5,824,299	\$ 6,665,132	\$ 7,344,607	\$ 6,350,150	\$ 9,731,421	\$ 9,721,073	\$ 10,584,061
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Committed	\$ 17,488,84	\$ 17,685,547	\$ 32,247,352	\$ 31,996,951	\$ 30,292,777	\$ 21,411,924	\$ 27,342,465	\$ 30,587,815	\$ 30,260,456	\$ 43,707,606
Assigned Unassigned	7,643,98		6,842,117	10,059,269	10,478,637	11,960,154	12,630,977	11,822,030	13,921,674	12,999,130
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 25,132,82	\$ 25,043,239	\$ 39,054,543	\$ 42,056,220	\$ 40,771,414	\$ 33,372,078	\$ 39,973,442	\$ 42,409,845	<u>\$ 44,182,130</u>	\$ 56,706,736
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 30,642,97	<u>\$ 31,534,377</u>	\$ 44,679,700	\$ 47,880,519	\$ 47,436,546	\$ 40,716,685	\$ 46,323,592	\$ 52,141,266	\$ 53,903,203	\$ 67,290,797

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Revenues																				
Taxes	\$	14,018,930	\$	15,373,972	\$	14,786,346	\$	15,984,007	\$	17,593,384	\$	18,480,803	\$	19,510,127	\$	22,520,143	\$	23,204,778	\$	24,380,215
Intergovernmental		1,973,647		2,753,093		2,643,976		6,484,625		1,658,566		1,965,953		2,066,688		4,212,911		2,559,944		1,860,718
Charges for services		1,142,732		1,064,055		1,064,286		1,123,472		1,131,286		1,097,494		1,091,854		1,142,416		1,231,516		1,146,178
Fines and forfeitures		432,401		393,102		317,676		202,411		154,171		132,093		174,271		157,256		132,855		194,502
Licences and permits		179,498		141,721		138,566		129,844		195,881		128,450		141,246		174,879		232,155		171,540
Investment Income Miscellaneous		68,370 561,977		114,015 287,885		161,670 295,991		189,198 190,401		557,892 226,973		907,309 993,947		668,670 2,026,238		131,569 566,519		(54,435) 1,792,983		1,957,828 3,032,854
Total Revenues	•	18,377,555	•	20,127,843	•	19,408,511	•	24,303,958	Φ.	21,518,153	Ф.	23,706,049	•	25,679,094	•	28,905,693	•	29,099,796	¢	32,743,835
Total Revenues	ъ.	10,377,555	<u> </u>	20,127,043	Φ	19,406,511	p	24,303,936	Φ	21,516,155	Φ	23,700,049	p	25,679,094	<u>\$</u>	20,905,095	<u>ā</u>	29,099,790	Ф	32,743,033
Expenditures:																				
General government	\$	835,759	\$	856,027	\$	1,051,201	\$	1,037,386	\$	1,064,084	\$	1,072,013	\$	1,092,373	\$	1,177,325	\$	1,216,379	\$	1,141,653
Planning and zoning		140,877		101,272		152,352		151,910		156,593		168,156		179,330		186,100		199,320		219,349
Financial administration		795,667		795,137		766,834		782,783		835,743		881,904		932,417		1,002,749		1,002,659		1,059,714
Public safety		8,012,482		8,194,641		8,896,588		8,170,498		8,490,471		8,699,216		9,483,554		9,413,782		9,920,790		10,881,651
Highways and streets		675,929		664,245		628,541		606,133		646,379		726,931		745,982		815,522		862,113		901,727
Health and welfare Culture and recreation		34,219 1,086,835		31,108 1,055,016		28,577 1,066,160		27,287 1,124,552		27,291 1,098,999		24,452 1,202,663		28,273 1,430,587		3,460 1,496,453		35,866 1,659,897		42,979 1,671,257
Economic development		697,993		586,018		874,858		871,292		808,600		1,100,129		729,115		1,343,516		779,252		721,972
Facilities mgmt & fleet maint		716,874		709,666		728,308		739,918		729,145		639,563		698,125		753,135		807,001		858,190
Capital outlay		5,966,389		21,014,013		18,065,850		10,141,265		20,229,861		17,727,802		14,160,574		9,189,156		11,566,495		10,293,107
Debt service																				
Principal		1,030,859		1,035,360		1,173,192		1,212,860		1,404,638		1,206,461		1,713,331		1,800,249		1,863,376		1,760,000
Interest		172,495		212,826		499,308		655,503		638,497		900,197		874,445		1,355,722		1,118,655		1,086,673
Total Expenditures	\$	20,166,378	\$	35,255,329	\$	33,931,769	\$	25,521,387	\$	36,130,301	\$	34,349,487	\$	32,068,106	\$	28,537,169	\$	31,031,803	\$	30,638,272
Excess of revenues																				
over(under) expenditures	\$	(1,788,823)	\$	(15,127,486)	\$	(14,523,258)	\$	(1,217,429)	\$	(14,612,148)	\$	(10,643,438)	\$	(6,389,012)	\$	368,524	\$	(1,932,007)	\$	2,105,563
Other financing sources(uses)																				
Issuance of debt	\$	2,367,241	\$	714,217	\$	18,436,354	\$	-	\$	9,717,203	\$	130,000	\$	9,270,000	\$	1,510,000	\$	-	\$	7,885,000
Premiums from issuance of debt		-		22,278,068		18,080,343		0.000.500		-		13,199,831		209,739 14,573,618		74,035		40.450.000		3,539
Transfers in Transfers out		11,118,523 (6,936,288)		(6,973,396)		(6,538,116)		9,309,506 (7,277,798)		12,191,177 (8,391,801)		(9,406,254)		(12,057,438)		14,568,640 (9,078,525)		10,150,926 (6,456,982)		5,942,055 (2,548,563)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(0,930,200)		(0,973,390)		(0,556,116)		2,386,540		(6,391,601)		(9,406,254)		(12,057,456)		(9,076,525)		(0,450,962)		(2,546,563)
Transfer to bond escrow		-		_		(2,310,000)		2,300,340		-		_		-		(1,625,000)		-		_
Total other financing sources(uses)	\$	6,549,476	\$	16,018,889	\$	27,668,581	\$	4,418,248	\$	14,168,175	\$	3,923,577	\$	11,995,919	\$	5,449,150	\$	3,693,944	\$	11,282,031
roan one. manoning obaroos(aboo)	<u> </u>	0,010,110	<u>*</u>	10,010,000	<u> </u>	21,000,001	<u>*</u>	1,110,210	<u> </u>	11,100,110	<u> </u>	0,020,011	<u>*</u>	11,000,010	<u> </u>	0,110,100	<u> </u>	0,000,011	<u>*</u>	11,202,001
Net change in fund balances	\$	4,760,653	\$	891,403	\$	13,145,323	\$	3,200,819	\$	(443,973)	\$	(6,719,861)	\$	5,606,907	\$	5,817,674	\$	1,761,937	\$	13,387,594
Debt service as a percentage of																				
noncapital expenditures		8.5%		9.6%		5.5%		9.0%		9.5%		11.5%		10.8%		13.3%		10.9%		10.8%

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 5

Fiscal Year	Ad Valorem Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Use Tax	Emergency Telephone Tax	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	Abatement Tax	Incremental Property Tax	Totals
2014	419,689	10,492,846	833,193	157,200	390,804	142,163	1,149,337	30,404	403,294	14,018,930
	,	, ,			,					, ,
2015	1,300,930	10,631,021	856,339	153,898	439,123	135,272	1,124,972	18,762	713,655	15,373,972
2016	1,250,740	10,708,375	792,394	193,952	405,819	129,772	1,161,172	34,015	110,107	14,786,346
2017	1,182,844	11,445,609	841,487	179,577	452,340	150,745	1,201,702	36,429	499,304	15,990,037
2018	815,375	12,859,605	898,716	249,941	808,736	171,718	1,244,157	57,112	450,987	17,556,347
2019	1,013,101	13,312,916	873,276	140,147	960,141	175,942	1,212,599	26,153	742,335	18,456,610
2020	1,448,649	14,011,907	826,021	154,122	1,288,666	178,047	1,283,105	38,477	253,802	19,482,796
2021	2,213,760	15,036,741	817,525	257,758	1,850,909	181,108	1,303,484	23,489	811,629	22,496,403
2022	1,851,366	15,944,949	983,715	297,395	1,833,971	177,405	1,388,649	88,244	620,219	23,185,913
2022	1,902,153	16,743,304	1,084,413	319,584	1,988,295	180,491	1,470,913	45,132	630,247	24,364,532





CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA SALES TAX RATES OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS **Last Ten Fiscal Years** June 30, 2023 TABLE 6

	Fiscal Year																
-	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		2021	2022	2023	
General Fund Operations TIF District (Economic Development)	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000 %	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000 %	2.000 %	2.000	%
Water & Wastewater Improvements	1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000	1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000	1.000	1.000	
Street Improvements	0.500		0.500		0.500		0.500	0.500		0.500		0.500		0.500	0.500	0.500	
Public Safety Improvements	-		-		-		0.450	0.450		0.450		0.450		0.450	0.450	0.450	
Economic Development Improvements_	-		-		-		0.100	0.100		0.100		0.100		0.100	0.100	0.100	
Sand Springs Total	3.500	%	3.500	%	3.500	%	4.050 %	4.050	%	4.050	%	4.050	%	4.050 %	4.050 %	4.050	%_
Osage County	1.250	%	1.250	%	1.250	%	1.250 %	1.250	%	1.250	%	1.250	%	1.250 %	1.250 %	1.250	%
Tulsa County	0.850		0.920		0.920		0.367	0.367		0.367		0.367		0.367	0.367	0.367	
-																	
State of Oklahoma	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500 %	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500 %	4.500 %	4.500	%
Total (Osage County) Total (Tulsa County)	9.250 8.850	%	9.250 8.920	%	9.250 8.920	% %	9.800 % 8.917 %	9.800 8.917	% %	9.800 8.917	%	9.800 8.917	% %	9.800 % 8.917 %	9.800 % 8.917 %	9.800 8.917	%
Total (Tuisa County)	0.000	/0	0.920	/0	0.920	/0	0.517 70	0.917	/0	0.917	/0	0.917	/0	0.517 70	0.517 70	0.917	/0

Source:

- City sales tax rate City Finance Department
 State & County tax rate Oklahoma Tax Commission

Note:

1. City sales tax increases must be approved by voters.

						Fisca	al Yea	nr				
Category	2	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018		2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	 2023
Manufacturing	\$ 7	7,564,199	\$ 7,255,899	\$ 7,135,431	\$ 8,295,991	\$ 9,918,200	\$	9,594,475	\$ 9,329,446	\$ 20,580,290	\$ 19,892,813	\$ 24,707,818
Telecommunications & Other	6	5,143,900	6,439,582	6,368,003	6,674,048	5,936,649		5,839,059	5,828,919	5,803,702	5,736,117	5,408,938
Public Utilities	18	3,203,837	19,469,901	18,374,328	20,164,230	21,195,677		21,441,429	20,488,260	15,407,177	19,352,506	22,872,427
Wholesale trade	18	3,781,723	16,877,375	18,999,974	16,356,165	17,296,837		18,724,960	18,516,773	22,143,315	14,212,778	14,922,673
Retail - Building Materials	7	7,670,664	9,717,333	7,205,809	7,471,911	8,281,968		7,491,029	11,553,644	14,354,310	19,038,247	17,039,747
Retail - General Merchandise	105	5,798,763	106,713,323	104,434,347	104,257,661	106,560,567		107,839,421	115,037,240	116,203,613	122,055,874	128,044,698
Retail - Food	32	2,841,537	34,151,564	42,613,748	46,866,946	51,916,906		55,976,128	64,315,168	61,152,380	61,954,205	65,674,760
Retail - Automotive	10	0,321,611	10,662,095	9,040,782	8,303,489	8,141,945		8,089,889	8,706,619	9,911,345	13,749,781	15,848,609
Retail - Apparel	3	3,428,369	3,332,375	3,594,669	3,101,555	2,868,340		2,891,581	2,773,525	1,944,320	2,012,435	1,765,051
Retail - Furniture & Accessories	11	1,209,826	10,823,357	9,952,364	10,780,993	12,776,588		12,459,135	14,109,806	15,389,463	15,840,887	16,255,369
Retail - Restaurants	36	3,421,806	38,056,035	41,034,691	41,434,696	42,208,637		45,738,166	46,219,795	54,926,494	60,672,490	63,648,478
Retail - Miscellaneous	18	3,972,661	19,403,128	15,673,799	14,260,866	14,143,759		15,725,983	8,590,653	15,484,290	17,003,975	16,385,141
Retail - Hotel	2	2,487,256	576,134	1,691,857	2,244,784	3,522,902		3,639,076	3,130,074	3,662,528	4,181,038	3,998,267
Services - Business	1	1,847,657	2,370,215	884,919	750,809	931,537		1,055,136	779,466	1,027,113	1,367,835	1,616,946
Services - Other	11	1,781,384	11,509,395	11,975,167	12,171,906	12,171,191		12,868,507	14,877,056	14,137,481	15,980,733	15,641,704
All Other Categories	8	3,659,817	9,287,849	8,874,337	3,208,498	789,259		856,569	698,666	764,717	1,747,989	 920,084
Total	\$ 302	2,135,010	\$ 306,645,560	\$ 307,854,225	\$ 306,344,548	\$ 318,660,962	\$	330,230,543	\$ 344,955,110	\$ 372,892,538	\$ 394,799,703	\$ 414,750,710

Source:

1. Oklahoma Tax Commission

- The City is prohibited by state law from reporting individual sales tax payers.
 See Table 6 for City direct sales tax rates

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2023 TABLE 8

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Public Service Property	Total Assessed Value	Homestead Exemption	Net Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value
2014	102,534,222	19,974,137	7,652,889	130,161,248	4,146,411	126,014,837	3.23	1,183,284,073
2015	104,590,024	20,304,774	6,397,195	131,291,993	4,073,410	127,218,583	10.50	1,193,563,573
2016	107,629,055	19,617,887	6,364,548	133,611,490	4,020,860	129,590,630	9.70	1,214,649,909
2017	111,031,577	22,243,308	6,511,249	139,786,134	3,960,860	135,825,274	8.70	1,270,783,036
2018	113,632,937	19,172,369	7,077,847	139,883,153	3,908,371	135,974,782	5.99	1,271,665,027
2019	117,201,300	19,575,863	6,989,751	143,766,914	3,810,371	139,956,543	7.38	1,279,212,909
2020	121,339,680	21,737,444	7,301,207	150,378,331	3,773,982	146,604,349	10.00	1,367,075,736
2021	125,421,219	23,651,052	8,209,858	157,282,129	3,764,230	153,517,899	14.59	1,429,837,536
2022	130,350,351	20,112,497	10,166,962	160,629,810	4,006,467	156,623,343	11.81	1,460,271,000
2023	140,975,394	21,818,440	10,715,371	173,509,205	6,398,912	167,110,293	11.51	1,577,356,409

Source:

- 1. Property in the county is reassessed annually. The ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11% nor more than 13.5%.
- 2. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

^{1.} Tulsa County Excise Board; Oklahoma State Auditor

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 9

	City Direct Rate											
Fiscal Year	Debt Service Fund*	Sand Springs School District	Tulsa County	Tulsa Community College	Tulsa Technology Center	Total Sand Springs City Resident						
2014	3.23	73.27	22.23	7.21	13.33	119.27						
2015	10.50	72.61	22.23	7.21	13.33	125.88						
2016	9.70	72.31	22.22	7.21	13.33	124.77						
2017	8.70	71.51	22.24	7.21	13.33	122.99						
2018	5.99	71.74	22.24	7.21	13.33	120.51						
2019	7.38	72.29	22.74	7.21	13.33	122.95						
2020	10.00	73.04	22.66	7.21	13.33	126.24						
2021	14.59	71.51	23.25	7.21	13.33	129.89						
2022	11.81	69.83	23.26	7.21	13.33	125.44						
2023	11.51	68.16	23.16	7.21	13.33	123.37						
The levy certified	The levy certified to the tax rolls for the upcoming fiscal year is as follows:											
2024	12.13	70.94	22.27	7.21	13.33	125.88						

Source:

^{1.} Tulsa County Excise Board

^{1.} City property tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court assessed judgments.

^{2.} Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Sand Springs.

^{*} Direct rate is solely for direct and overlapping debt

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year And Nine Years Ago June 30, 2022 TABLE 10

		2023			2	014	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Net Total Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Net Total Assessed Value
Webco Industries/Southwest Tube	Manufacturing	9,980,750	1	5.52%	3,491,204	3	2.80%
AEP/Public Service Co of Okla	Utility	8,125,356	2	4.50%	4,016,920	2	3.22%
Sterling Specialty Chemicals LLC (formerly Baker Petrolite)	Manufacturing	2,975,118	3	1.65%	5,180,457	1	4.15%
Wal-Mart	Retail	2,410,342	4	1.33%	2,407,010	4	1.93%
Sand Springs Home	Real Estate	1,971,997	5	1.09%	1,347,904	6	1.08%
Highland Crossing	Apartment	1,367,036	6	0.76%	1,233,899	8	0.99%
Sand Springs Railway Co	Estate	1,217,652	7	0.67%	_		_
Cust-O-Fab/B P Enterprises	Manufacturing	1,047,378	8	0.58%	887,713	10	0.71%
Yellowhouse Machinery	Equipment	1,033,182	9	0.57%	1,021,433	9	0.82%
Oklahoma Natural Gas Co	Utility	1,004,783	10	0.56%	769,261	11	0.62%
RSB Hotels LLC	Real Estate	881,866	11	0.49%	_		_
Parker Plastics	Manufacturing	860,853	12	0.48%	693,698	12	0.56%
Dunham Asphalt Services	Manufacturing	786,780	13	0.44%	_		_
Quik Trip Corp	Convenience Store	782,878	14	0.43%	_		_
Valued Partners Investments LLC	Real Estate	715,640	15	0.40%	_		_
Totals		\$ 35,161,611		<u>19.47</u> %	\$ 21,049,499		<u>16.88</u> %

Source:

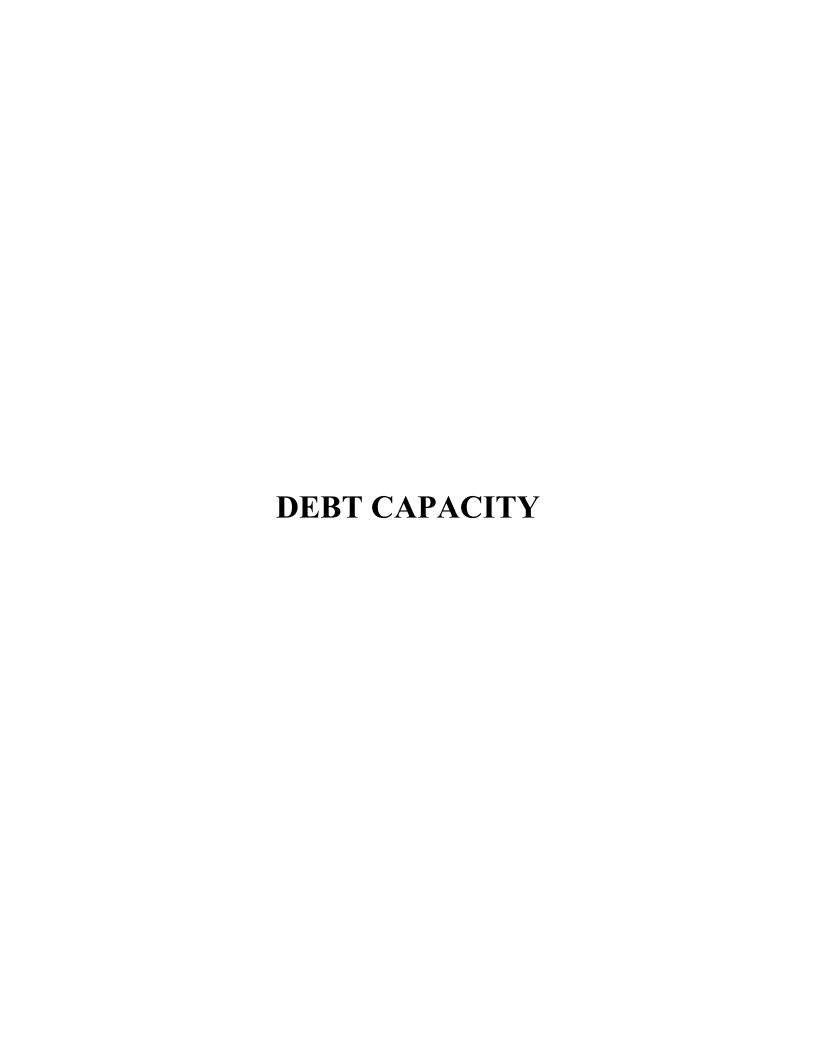
1. Tulsa County Assessors Office

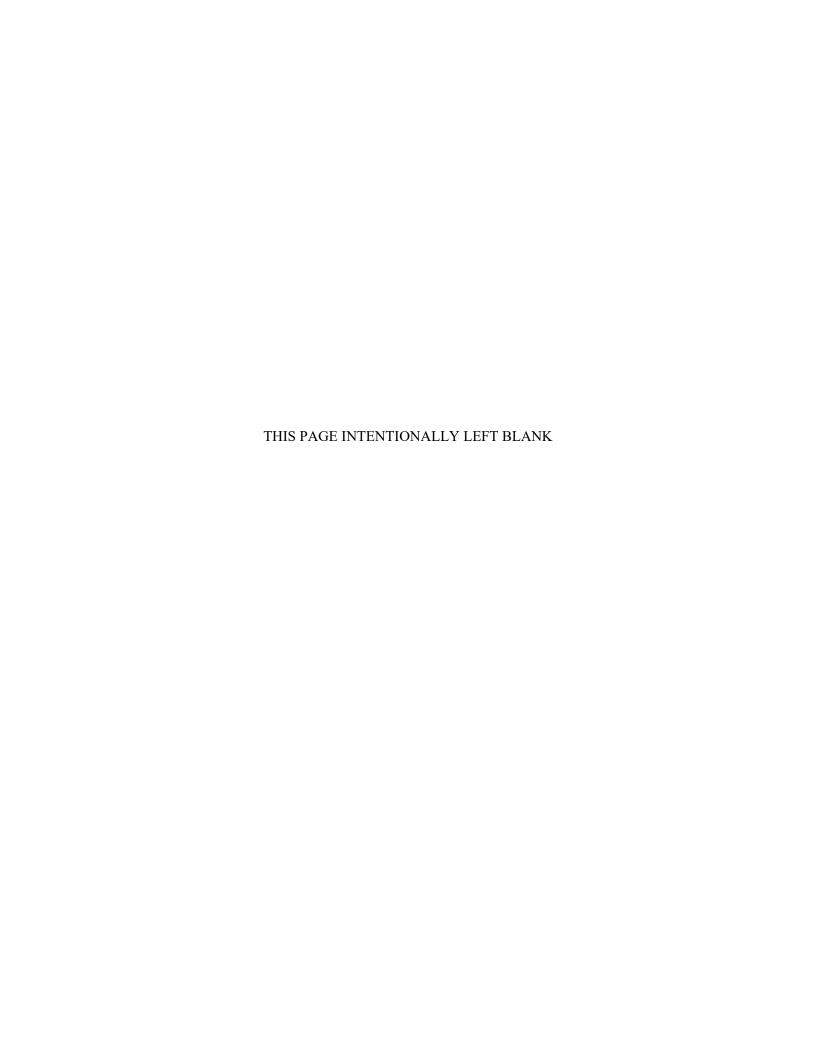
CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 11

	Actual	Tax Levied		within the of the Levy	Col	llections	Total Collect	ions To Date	Net	
Fiscal Year	Levy Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		ibsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Assessed Value	Mill Levy
2014	2013	\$ 406,950	\$ 387,732	95%	\$	-	\$ 387,732	95.3%	\$ 126,014,837	3.23
2015	2014	\$ 1,335,530	\$ 1,281,373	96%	\$	19,557	\$ 1,300,930	97.4%	\$ 127,218,583	10.50
2016	2015	\$ 1,256,849	\$ 1,201,748	96%	\$	48,992	\$ 1,250,740	99.5%	\$ 129,590,630	9.70
2017	2016	\$ 1,182,844	\$ 1,141,493	97%	\$	35,321	\$ 1,176,814	99.5%	\$ 135,825,274	8.70
2018	2017	\$ 815,001	\$ 798,676	98%	\$	16,699	\$ 815,375	100.0%	\$ 135,974,782	5.99
2019	2018	\$ 1,033,291	\$ 993,652	96%	\$	19,449	\$ 1,013,101	98.1%	\$ 139,956,543	7.38
2020	2019	\$ 1,465,671	\$ 1,412,871	96%	\$	35,778	\$ 1,448,649	98.8%	\$ 146,604,349	10.00
2021	2020	\$ 2,239,572	\$ 2,170,446	97%	\$	43,314	\$ 2,213,760	98.8%	\$ 153,517,899	14.59
2022	2021	\$ 1,849,348	\$ 1,790,761	97%	\$	60,605	\$ 1,851,366	100.3%	\$ 156,623,343	11.81
2023	2022	\$ 1,924,035	\$ 1,855,283	96%	\$	46,870	\$ 1,902,153	98.9%	\$ 167,110,293	11.51

Sources: Tulsa County Assessor's Office, Tulsa County Excise Board, and City of Sand Springs Department of Finance

Use Revenue and Expenditure Report for Property Taxes





CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED
VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2023
TABLE 12

Fiscal Year	Population	Net Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Less Debt Service Funds	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2014	19,339	126,014,837	7,165,000	547,774	6,617,226	5.25%	342
2015	19,553	127,218,583	6,255,000	738,998	5,516,002	4.34%	282
2016	19,783	129,590,630	5,245,000	783,195	4,461,805	3.44%	226
2017	19,822	135,825,274	4,195,000	788,253	3,406,747	2.51%	172
2018	20,558	135,974,782	13,090,000	745,741	12,344,259	9.08%	600
2019	20,527	139,956,543	12,645,000	44,975 *	12,600,025	9.00%	614
2020	20,394	146,604,349	20,845,000	1,338,716 *	19,506,284	13.31%	950
2021	20,526	153,517,899	19,585,000	1,558,563 *	18,026,437	11.74%	878
2022	20,682	156,623,343	18,325,000	706,907 *	17,618,093	11.25%	852
2023	20,471	167,110,293	24,955,000	879,962 *	24,075,038	14.41%	1,176

- 1. Represents outstanding general obligation bonds financed through ad valorem and sales tax.
- 2. Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} In calculating ratio, beginning 2019 the restricted for debt service on the government-wide statement of net position is used.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2023 TABLE 13

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage (1) Applicable to City of Sand Springs	Amount Applicable to City of Sand Springs
City of Sand Springs	\$ 38,349,705	100.00%	\$ 38,349,705
Overlapping Debt: Sand Springs School District	21,605,000	75.05%	16,214,553
Berryhill School District	3,120,000	21.07%	657,384
Tulsa County (2)	79,812,960	2.44%	1,947,436
Tulsa Community College Total overlapping debt	0 104,537,960	2.49%	18,819,373
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$142,887,665		\$ 57,169,078

Source:

1. Tulsa & Osage County Assessors Office

- 1. Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in the City of Sand Springs.
- 2. Does not include leases payable under GASB 87, as the information was not available

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 14

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Direct Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Average Annual Debt Service (1)	Debt Service Coverage
2014	14,053,576	6,023,712	8,029,864	1,675,637	4.79
2015	13,527,517	6,334,327	7,193,190	1,675,637	4.29
2016	13,912,884	6,595,546	7,317,338	1,675,637	4.37
2017	14,224,955	6,581,138	7,643,817	1,675,637	4.56
2018	14,812,289	7,328,159	7,484,130	1,675,637	4.47
2019	14,462,872	7,032,694	7,430,178	1,675,637	4.43
2020	14,976,735	7,835,251	7,141,484	1,675,637	4.26
2021	15,840,682	8,065,455	7,775,227	1,383,986	5.62
2022	16,731,267	7,894,568	8,836,699	1,848,700	4.78
2023	17,817,708	8,895,820	8,921,888	1,848,700	4.80

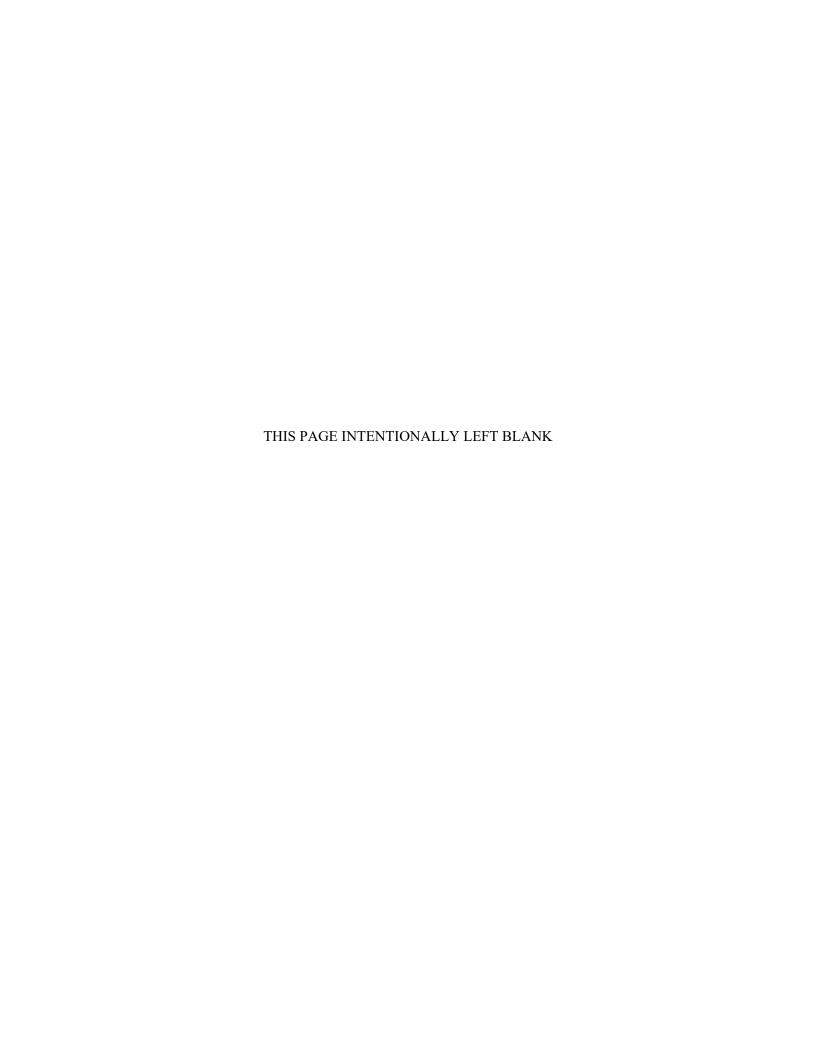
Note

^{1.} Average annual debt service includes principal, interest and fee payments to fiscal agents for revenue bonds payable secured by or for which debt service is paid from trust revenue.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA RATIO FOR OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 15

Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities							
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds Payable	Unamortized Discount/ Premium	Capital Leases Payable	Revenue Bonds Payable	Unamortized Discount/ Premium	Notes Payable	Leases Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2014	7,165,000	-	-	514,814	29,830,000	67,773	8,146,832	-	45,724,419	4%	2,364
2015	6,255,000	-	-	1,104,003	29,170,000	69,197	7,411,830	-	44,010,030	4%	2,248
2016	5,245,000	16,000,000	123,220	940,810	28,495,000	70,621	6,757,973	-	57,491,382	5%	2,900
2017	4,195,000	16,000,000	102,422	777,950	27,805,000	72,050	6,089,553	-	54,897,875	5%	2,758
2018	13,090,000	15,545,000	118,529	613,406	27,100,000	73,470	5,406,695	-	61,800,160	5%	3,006
2019	12,645,000	15,080,000	95,698	446,945	26,380,000	74,897	4,703,564	-	59,276,310	5%	2,888
2020	20,845,000	14,605,000	271,394	278,614	25,645,000	76,322	3,985,097	-	65,553,783	5%	3,194
2021	19,585,000	14,120,000	316,611	108,354	21,920,000	2,360,536	3,250,413	-	56,939,842	4%	2,753
2022	18,325,000	13,625,000	293,993	-	29,050,000	2,344,746	2,354,440	-	61,303,687	5%	2,964
2023	24,955,000	13,120,000	274,705	-	28,105,000	2,227,075	1,811,822	-	66,039,452	5%	3,226

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUILDING PERMITS, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS Last Ten Calendar Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 16

	Number of	c	onstruction Values	Estimated Actual Value		
Calendar Year	Building Permits	Residential	Commercial	Total	of Taxable Property	Bank Deposits
2013	290	15,610,436	7,816,622	23,427,058	1,183,284,073	304,006,000
2014	238	14,969,551	17,720,381	32,689,932	1,193,563,573	329,335,000
2015	179	9,875,122	12,403,063	22,278,185	1,214,649,909	319,397,000
2016	158	7,861,535	19,058,803	26,920,338	1,270,783,036	321,528,000
2017	189	11,699,939	25,506,012	37,205,951	1,271,665,027	319,563,000
2018	159	9,695,049	6,347,082	16,042,131	1,279,212,909	329,866,000
2019	227	14,798,575	15,264,448	30,063,023	1,367,075,736	362,110,000
2020	80	17,491,290	11,745,037	29,236,327	1,367,075,736	366,489,000
2021	242	16,563,863	2,881,002	19,444,865	1,460,271,000	382,979,000
2022	178	11,159,797	26,537,570	37,697,367	1,577,356,409	379,986,000

Source:

^{1.} City Neighborhood Services Department

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
Last Ten Calendar Years
June 30, 2023
TABLE 17

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Current Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal (2) Income (MSA)	Median Age of Population (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)
2014	19,553	1,384,646	70,815 *	34.3	5,336	4.3%
2015	19,783	1,247,971 *	63,083 *	34.3	5,236	5.6%
2016	19,822	1,070,071 *	53,984 *	36.1	5,141	4.9%
2017	19,909	1,174,332	58,985	36.8	5,144	3.5%
2018	20,558	1,174,643	57,138	36.8	5,101	3.1%
2019	20,527	1,157,312	56,380	37.3	5,063	3.1%
2020	20,394	1,266,753	62,114	37.4	4,874	2.3%
2021	20,526	1,344,309	65,493	37.6	4,879	2.1%
2022	20,682	1,354,319	65,483	37.6	4,965	2.0%
2023	20,471	1,324,379	64,695	37.6	5,147	2.4%

Source:

- 1. INCOG
- 2. Per Capita Personal Income U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) for the Tulsa metropolitan area (information for Sand Springs unavailable)
- * Calendar years 2015 and 2016 were restated based on most recent information provided by BEA.
- 3. Municipal Net Guide
- 4. Sand Springs School District
- 5. Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the Tulsa metropolitan area.
- 6. Claritas-Pop Facts

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year And Nine Years Ago June 30, 2023 TABLE 18

		2023		2014					
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City Employment			
Sand Springs Schools	780	1	10.57%	819	1	12.83%			
Webco	609	2	8.25%	575	2	9.01%			
Wal Mart	260	3	3.52%	412	3	6.45%			
City of Sand Springs	197	4	2.67%	200	5	3.13%			
Cust-O-Fab	192	5	2.60%	182	7	2.85%			
Osage Million Dollar Elm Sterling Specialty Chemicals	131	6	1.78%	123	9	1.93%			
LLC (formerly Baker	116	7	1.57%	182	6	2.85%			
Tulsa Community College	93	8	1.26%	128	8	2.01%			
Piping Enterprise	90	9	1.22%	230	4	3.58%			
Parker Plastics	80	10	1.08%	_		_			
Totals	2,548		34.52%	2,851		44.64%			

Source:

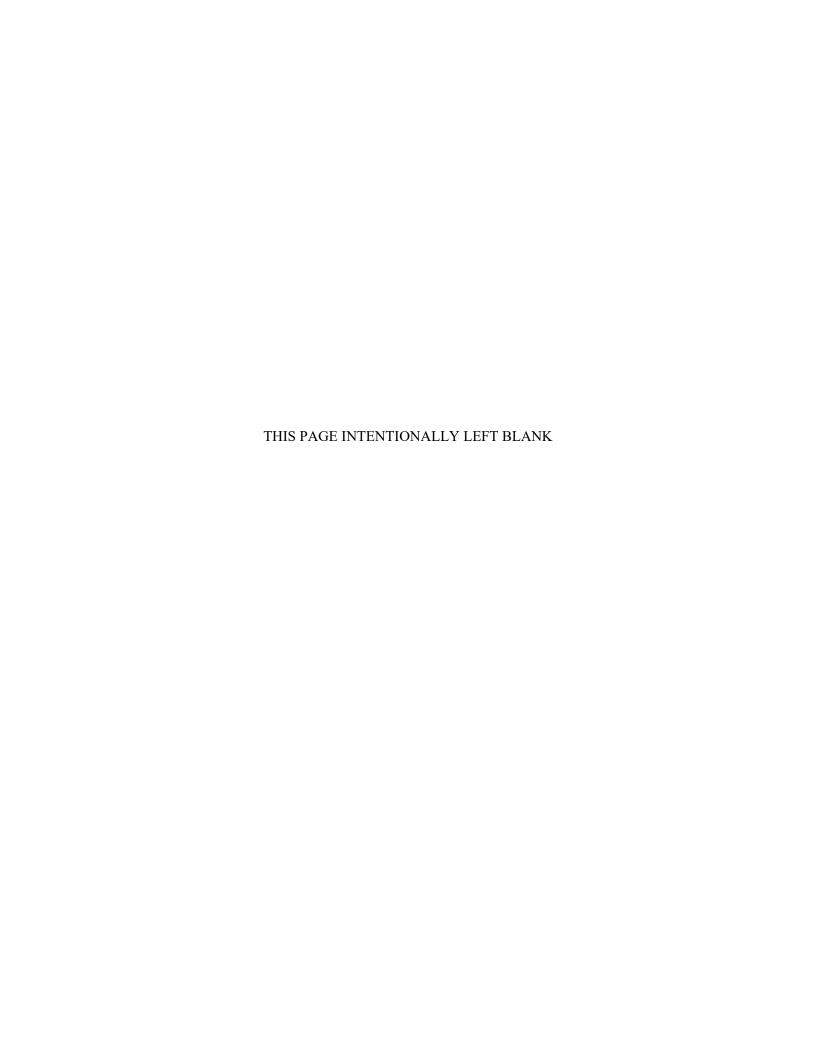
- 1. U S Census Bureau ZIP Code Business Patterns (NAICS) website provided the total labor force numbers
- 2. Environics Analytics-Pop Facts

Note:

1. The total number of employees includes full and part time employees

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OPERATING INFORMATION	



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 19

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8
Planning and Zoning	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Financial Administration	13	13	13	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Public Safety	86	85	86	84	85	83	86	88	88	87
Highways and Streets	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Culture and Recreation	8	8	8	8	8	8	12	12	14	15
Economic Development	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Facilities Management & Maint	10	10	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	8
Water Operations	32	33	33	30	30	31	32	31	33	34
Stormwater	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wastewater Operations	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	19
Solid Waste Operations	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Airport Operations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Course Operations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	200	201	203	200	201	199	206	207	210	213

Source:

1. City Finance Office

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 20

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Public Safety											
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Patrol Units	40	36	33	37	37	39	40	43	43	43	
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	
Fire Trucks	10	10	10	10	12	13	13	13	13	13	
Highways and Streets											
Roadways (arterial lane miles)	173	173	173	173	173	174	234	234	236	238	
Streetlights	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,253	1,284	1,284	1,291	1,291	1,291	1,306	
Signalized Intersections	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	20	
Culture and Recreation											
Acreage *	1,623	1,629	1,629	1,635	1,655	1,680	1,680	1,680	1,680	1,680	
Tennis Courts/Pickle Ball	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Ball Diamonds	11	11	11	11	17	19	18	18	18	18	
Soccer Fields	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Basketball Courts	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	
BMX Track	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Shelters	5	5	5	5	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Disc Golf 18 Holes	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Playgrounds	8	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Splash Pads	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Skate Park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
City Multi-Use Trails (miles)	12	12	12	12	12	15	15	15	15	15	
Keystone Ancient Forest	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	
Primitive Hiking Trails (miles)	3	4	4	8	8	8	12	12	12	12	
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Museum	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Golf Course 18 Holes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Senior Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Water Operations											
Treatment Plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Water Mains (miles)	454	455	455	456	404	404	404	404	404	408	
Storage capacity (thousands of c	6.523	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,178	6,178	6,250	6,250	6,250	6,250	
Wastewater Operations	-,-	-,-	-,-	-,-	-, -	-, -	-,	-,	,	-,	
Treatment Plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	128	128	128	128	136	136	136	137	138	138	
Treatment capacity (thousands c		3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	
Solid Waste Operations	-,	-,3	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,9	-,	-,	-, 3	
Collection Trucks	8	9	9	10	10	10	10	7	8	8	
Stormwater Operations	J	3	J	. 3		.5	.5	•	•	3	
Storm sewers (miles)	51	51	51	51	55	51	51	52	53	53	
2.2 0011010 (1111100)	01	01	٥.	01	55	01	٠.	02	00	55	

Source:

- 1. City Departments
- 2. Culture and Recreation acreage restated to include Keystone Ancient Forest

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2023 TABLE 21

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Safety										
Police										
Number of Violations (Citations)	6,181	6,240	4,840	3,541	2,265	2,174	2,305	2,219	2,029	3,319
Fire										
Call Responses	4,114	4,226	4,386	4,324	3,628	2,930	2,783	3,037	3,375	3,720
Highways and Streets										
Streets Resurfacing (miles)	-	8	-	12	-	-	-	7	-	9
Asphalt Repairs (tons)	147	280	213	164	153	109	147	279	244	399
Culture and Recreation										
Community Center Visitors (daily average)	269	254	265	262	251	254	201	154	217	261
Water and Wastewater Operations										
Number of Water Consumers	12,008	12,027	12,134	12,207	12,359	12,432	12,551	12,684	12,808	12,907
Average Daily Water Consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	2,986	2,840	2,754	2,804	2,892	2,613	2,551	2,774	2,783	3,061
Number of Sewer Consumers	6,907	6,925	6,976	7,031	7,070	7,135	7,211	7,273	7,319	7,991
Solid Waste Operations										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	40.4	34.5	38.8	37.9	38.6	34.7	31.9	36.1	34.3	34.6
Active Refuse Accounts	7,038	7,048	7,107	7,172	7,214	7,275	7,432	7,428	7,474	7,569
Airport Operations										
Annual Aviation/Jet Fuel Sales 1	62,754	64,832	84,989	87,836	73,522	68,348	63,389	70,222	54,004	62,469
Golf Operations										
Number of Rounds Played	25,699	25,201	26,884	25,708	25,211	25,065	14,413	19,714	30,449	30,374

Source: City Departments

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sand Springs, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 9, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

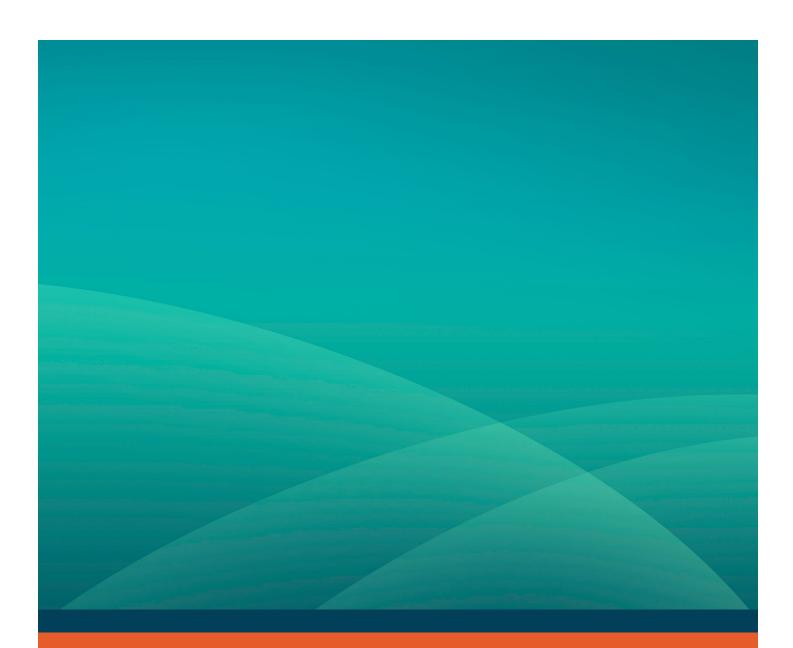
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edmond, Oklahoma

lefoze £/fssountes PC

April 9, 2024







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