Independent Auditor's Report

Grady County School Finance Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2023

GRADY COUNTY SCHOOL FINANCE AUTHORITY CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA June 30, 2023

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Trustees Grady County School Finance Authority Chickasha, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the business-type activities of Grady County School Finance Authority, Chickasha, Oklahoma, a component unit of Grady County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the business-type activities of Grady County School Finance Authority, Chickasha, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Grady County School Finance Authority, Chickasha, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2024, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chickasha, Oklahoma

February 20, 2024

Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2023

ASSETS Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 565,078
Total Assets	565,078
LIABILITIES	
<u> Marie III as</u>	
Total Liabilities	0
NET POSITION Unrestricted	565,078
Omesticied	303,076
Total Net Position	\$ 565,078

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating Revenues	
Administration acceptance fees	\$ 131,396
Total Operating Revenues	131,396
Operating Expenses	
Audit and legal fees	16,930
Total Operating Expenses	16,930
Operating Income (Loss)	114,466
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_
Change in Net Position	114,466
Net Position - Beginning of Year	450,612
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 565,078

Statement of Cash Flows Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	\$	131,396
Payments to vendors		(16,930)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	114,466
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		114,466
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		450,612
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ <u></u>	565,078
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	114,466
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	114,466

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1.A. Financial Reporting Entity

Grady County School Finance Authority is a public trust, created under an indenture dated June 23, 2008. The Authority was created pursuant to Title 60 of the Oklahoma statutes 2001 as amended, section 176, et seq., with Grady County Oklahoma named as beneficiary, to furnish the beneficiary with services and facilities, promote local industrial development, provide cultural and educational activities and facilities, and to assist in financing and constructing other facilities, all for the benefit of the County. The Authority accomplishes its mission through various educational development trusts. The Authority is empowered to borrow money and to pledge assets, properties and revenue as security against its borrowings.

Grady County School Finance Authority generally does not acquire any assets or incur any liability when it issues bonds for eligible entities. It may earn and collect administrative fees and must be informed of the unpaid balances. If, however Grady County School Finance Authority manages the assets and liabilities and does not assign them, the assets and liabilities would be recognized. Note 3 – Conduit Debt Obligations, discloses the outstanding obligation, which the Authority has facilitated.

Related Organizations

<u>Grady County</u> - Grady County is the beneficiary of the trust. The elected Grady County Commissioners are the Authority's trustees. Therefore, the Authority is considered to be a component unit of Grady County.

The accompanying financial statements include all functions and activities over which the Authority exercises financial accountability. Grady County School Finance Authority is a component unit of the governmental entity of Grady County, Oklahoma. Grady County's financial information is not presented in these financial statements. Grady County financial audits are readily obtainable at, www.sai.ok.gov, the State Auditor's website.

1.B. Basis of Presentation

The Authority's fund is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are proprietary funds used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. All the activities of the Authority are business type activities. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to how transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Authority's financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received and expenses are recorded when paid.

This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. If the Authority utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the financial statements would use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

1.D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

<u>Cash & Cash Equivalents</u> – The Authority considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, interest bearing checking accounts and time deposit accounts including certificates of deposit and U.S. Treasury bills with maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Net Position – Net Position is divided into three components:

- a. *Net Investment in Capital Assets* Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the Authority's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.E. Revenues and Expenses

<u>Operating and Nonoperating Revenues</u> - Operating revenues are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating.

Expenses - The Authority reports expenses relating to the use of economic resources.

Note 2 – Deposits, Investments and Collateral

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The Authority does not have a written investment policy that limits its investment choices. Investments are limited by State Statutes and declaration of trust.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u> - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a written policy for custodial risk, but *Oklahoma Statutes* require collateral for uninsured deposits of public trust funds in financial institutions. At June 30, 2023 the Authority was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 – Conduit Debt Obligations

<u>GCSFA- Conduit Debt</u> – The Grady County School Finance Authority has the following conduit debt outstanding at June 30, 2023, in the form of Lease Revenue Bonds:

<u> </u>	Original Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2023
GCSFA - Chickasha Public School (2010A)	\$ 12,835,000	\$ 5,250,000
GCSFA - Minco Public School (2013)	\$ 9,295,000	\$ 4,155,000
GCSFA - Bridge Creek Public School (2015)	\$ 11,955,000	\$ 7,560,000
GCSFA - Tuttle Public School (2015)	\$ 25,665,000	\$ 16,290,000
GCSFA - Alex Public School (2016)	\$ 12,865,000	\$ 8,280,000
GCSFA - Amber-Pocasset Public School (2016)	\$ 3,485,000	\$ 3,360,000
GCSFA - Alex Public School (2018)	\$ 9,455,000	\$ 8,615,000
GCSFA - Minco Public School (2018)	\$ 8,725,000	\$ 8,370,000
GCSFA - Bridge Creek Public School (2018A)	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 1,615,000
GCSFA - Amber-Pocasset Public School (2019)	\$ 14,920,000	\$ 14,020,000
GCSFA - Tuttle Public School (2019)	\$ 26,950,000	\$ 25,540,000
GCSFA - Tuttle Public School (2021)	\$ 3,045,000	\$ 3,045,000
GCSFA - Bridge Creek Public School (2023)	\$ 8,365,000	\$ 8,365,000
GCSFA - Middleburg Public School (2023)	\$ 8,215,000	\$ 8,215,000
GCSFA - Chickasha Public Schools (2022)	\$ 24,965,000	\$ 24,965,000
TOTAL	\$ 182,925,000	\$ 147,645,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 – Conduit Debt Obligations, (continued)

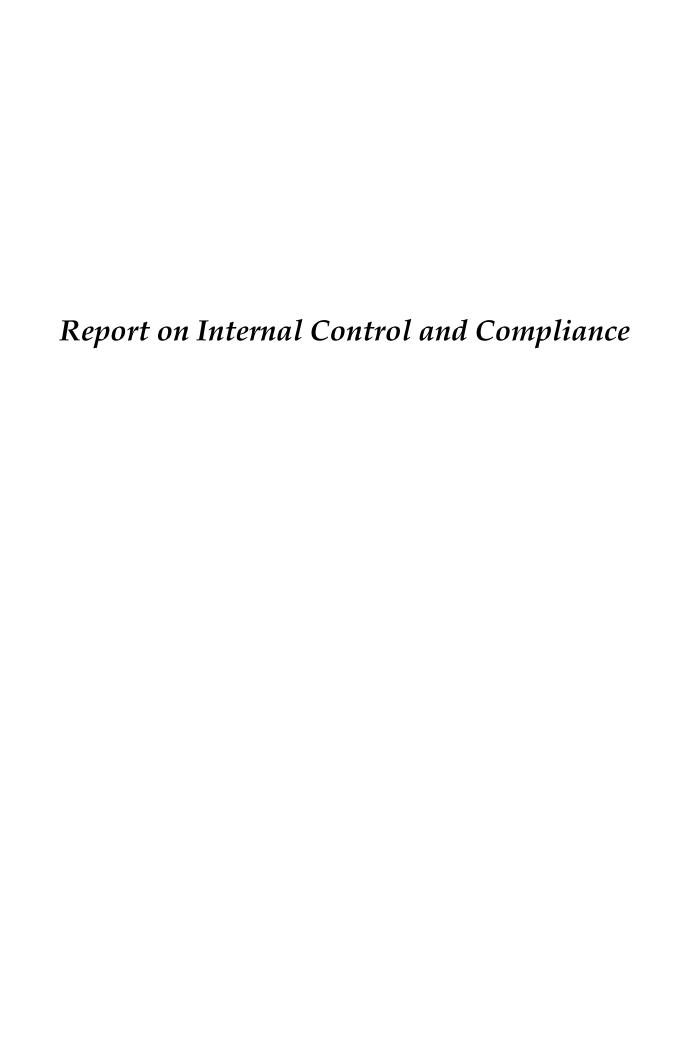
This debt is considered non-commitment debt to the Authority since debt payments are made solely by the schools. Payments are made directly by Bridge Creek, Chickasha, Tuttle, Amber-Pocasset, Middleberg, Minco and Alex Public Schools to the Trustee banks. In the event of default by the schools, the Authority has no obligation, in substance, to make any payments on the debt since the note receivable, financing agreements and mortgages on the property with the school are the only security for the debt. As a result of the non-commitment determination, the Authority's indebtedness and related receivables from the schools are not recorded in the financial statements. Total conduit debt on June 30, 2023 was \$147,645,000.

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies.

The Authority is dependent upon repayment of debt solely from the beneficiary (school) of the bond issues. If the beneficiary (school) defaulted on the payments it would not have a significant impact on the Authority's financial condition. Conduit debt is non-recourse debt.

Note 5 – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events though the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.





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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Trustees Grady County School Finance Authority Chickasha, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the business-type activities of the Grady County School Finance Authority, Chickasha, Oklahoma, a component unit of Grady County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated, February 20, 2024. Our report on the financial statements disclosed, that, as described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Authority prepares its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Grady County School Finance Authority, Chickasha, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Grady County School Finance Authority, Chickasha, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chickasha, Oklahoma February 20, 2024

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