Independent Auditor's Report

Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 Amber, Oklahoma

June 30, 2011

June 30, 2011

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	A –1
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund Type	B – 1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets – Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund Types	B-2
Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund Type	B-3
Notes to Financial Statements	C – 1
Other Supplementary Information	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	D-1
Schedule of Findings and Recommendations	E – 1
Disposition of Prior Year Audit Exceptions	F – 1
Schedule of Insurance Coverage	G – 1

P.O. BOX 706 • 2700 SOUTH FOURTH CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA 73023 PHONE (405) 224-6363 • FAX (405) 224-6364 ajb-cpas.com

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Board of Directors Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 Amber, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and major fund of the **Grady County Rural Water District No. 6**, Amber, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the District prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position-modified cash basis of the business-type activities and major fund of the **Grady County Rural Water District No. 6** as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position-modified cash basis and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 April 30, 2012

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated April 30, 2012 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary information which the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements.

Angel, Johnston & Blasingame, P.C.

angel, Johnston + Blasingame, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Chickasha, Oklahoma April 30, 2012

GRADY COUNTY RURAL WATER DISTRICT NO. 6

AMBER, OKLAHOMA

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

-Modified Cash Basis-

Proprietary Fund Types

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	June 30, 2011
Current Assets	
Gross Revenue Fund - Cash	\$ 225,619
Maintenance and Operation Fund - Cash	12,078
Reserve Fund - MMF - Cash	58,827
Petty Cash Fund	261
Certificates of Deposit - O&M Fund	58,475
Construction Account	27,020
Membership Deposit Cash	54,694
Petty Cash	7
Total Current Assets	436,981
Fixed Assets	
Land	187,940
Construction in Process	4,365
Furniture and Fixtures	20,503
Machinery and Equipment	35,917
Vehicles	56,428
Buildings	70,427
Water System	3,255,174
Total	3,630,754
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,311,986)
Total Fixed Assets	1,318,768
Total Assets	1,755,749
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Prepaid Membership	1,725
Cogar Well Project Membership	50,000
Customer Deposit Liability	50,701
Payroll Taxes Payable	3,199
Current Portion Long-Term Debt	70,151
Notes Payable - FNB	160,000
Total Current Liabilities	335,776
Non Current Liabilities	
Notes Payable - USDA	873,458
Total Liabilities	1,209,234
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	215,159
Restricted	136,548
Unrestricted	194,808
Total Net Assets	\$ 546,515
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the final	ancial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets -Modified Cash Basis-

Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Operating Revenue	Ju	ne 30, 2011
Water Revenue	\$	1,035,163
Memberships and Meter Installations		52,435
Late Payment Fees		22,476
Reimbursements		4,414
Miscellaneous Fees		4,492
ODOT Reimbursements & Other Revenue		89,126
Water Line Repair/Other		20,537
Construction		1,443
Total Operating Revenue	\$	1,230,086
Cost of Goods Sold		
Cost of Goods Sold		(542,461)
Total Gross Income		687,625
Operating Expenses		
Accounting and Legal		121,371
Backhoe Work		3,658
Contract Labor		9,184
Insurance and Bonds		54,859
Maintenance and Operations		73,913
Miscellaneous		17,324
Office Expense and Postage		12,696
Payroll Taxes		11,490
Professional Fees - Engineerng		7,328
Retirement Expense		6,077
Salaries and Wages		137,807
Truck & Auto		21,992
Utilities and Telephone		42,057
Total Operating Expenses	\$	519,756
Operating Income before Depreciation	\$	167,869
Depreciation Expense		69,412
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	98,457
Non Operating Revenues (Expense)		
Interest Revenue		2,139
Interest Expense		(55,047)
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		(1,801)
Total Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(54,709)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	43,748
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		502,767
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	546,515
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the fir	nancial	statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

GRADY COUNTY RURAL WATER DISTRICT NO. 6

AMBER, OKLAHOMA

Statement of Cash Flows

- Modified Cash Basis -

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Jur	ne 30, 2011
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Receipts from customers	\$	1,134,259
Other Receipts	Ψ	89,127
Customer deposits - meter		6,700
Customer deposits - Cogar Well		50,000
Payments to employees		(155,373)
Payments for water purchases		(542,461)
Payments to suppliers		(360,019)
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities		222,233
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchases of capital assets		(133,203)
Principal Payment		(72,469)
Interest Expense		(55,047)
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(260,719)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Received		2,139
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Investing Activities		2,139
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(36,347)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		473,328
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	436,981
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)		98,457
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided		90,437
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense		69,412
Change in payroll taxes payable		464
Change in customer deposits - Cogar Well		50,000
Change in customer deposits - Meter		3,900
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities	\$	222,233

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 complies with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units with a change for the modified cash basis. Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent that they are applicable, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- 1. For the first time the financial statements should include:
 - a. Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.
 - b. Financial statements prepared using a full accrual accounting.
- 2. A change in the fund financial statements to focus on major funds.

However, the District only has a proprietary fund.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Grady County Rural Water District No. 6, (the "District"), was incorporated under the laws of the State of Oklahoma in accordance with O.S. 82, as a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma. The District operates and maintains a water treatment and distribution system within Grady County, Oklahoma, and provides potable water services to members of the District. The governing board consists of five trustees with one acting as the Chairman. The District retains title to all assets which are acquired or constructed with District debt or other District generated resources.

The accompanying financial statements include all functions and activities over which the District exercises financial accountability. The District is considered a primary government as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and has no other component units within its reporting entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. All the activities of the District are business-type activities. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds – These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. There are three funds within this fund type:

<u>Gross Revenue</u> – Collects the revenue generated by the water service provided by the District. Transfers funds as required to the Maintenance and Operations fund and the Reserve fund.

<u>Maintenance and Operations</u> – Maintained to pay the operating expenses of the District.

<u>Reserve Fund</u> – Required by loan agreement to be maintained to guarantee uninterrupted payments of outstanding loans.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. This relates to the timing of the revenues, expenditures/expenses regardless of the measurement focus applied. Measurement focus identifies which transactions and events should be recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (continued)

The fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation. Also, the unpaid payroll taxes are reflected in the statements since most of the liability is generated from taxes withheld from payroll. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America.

If the District used the basis of accounting required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements would us the accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues would be recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. both measurable and available) and expenditures would be recorded when the current liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash & Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, accounts receivable and other revenue related receivables are not reported in the financial statements.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment

Fixed assets acquired by proprietary type funds are capitalized and accounted for as property, plant and equipment within the Enterprise Fund.

Recorded fixed assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Depreciation of exhaustible fixed assets is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the balance sheet. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated lives using the straight-line method. The estimated lives are as follows:

Buildings	25 - 30 years
Water & Sewer System	30 - 40 years
Machinery & Equipment	3-10 years
Furniture & Fixtures	3-10 years
Vehicles	5 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity, (continued)

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt to be repaid from District resources are reported as liabilities in the balance sheet. The long-term debt is presently comprised of seven USDA notes and one First National Bank Note. See Note 3-C.

Inventories

The District does not maintain inventories. Inventory items are expenses in the year purchased. This method of accounting is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles which require inventories to be established and expenses to be incurred only when an inventory item is used.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include assets that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to customer deposits.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt* Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net assets* All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

E. Differences from GAAP

For purposes of the operating statement, revenues and expenses are classified by operating expenses. The District reports expenses relating to use of economic resources including depreciation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

E. Differences from GAAP, (continued)

Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1.B., the District uses the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The District has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis which the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Deposits and Investment Laws and Regulations

In accordance with O. S. Title 62, Section 516.3, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds and other political subdivisions in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. *Custodial Credit Risk* - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a written deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but *Oklahoma Statutes* requires collateral for all uninsured deposits of public trust funds in financial institutions. As of June 30, 2011, the District's bank balances of \$442,242.18 were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

B. Debt Restrictions and Covenants

The note indenture relating to the seven (7) USDA Rural Development notes of the District contains a loan resolution that requires that certain sums be set aside each month in a Reserve Account. The balance in the reserve account at June 30, 2011 was \$58,827. The total reserve amount should be \$118,716. To catch back up, the District is funding the reserve account at a rate of \$1,000 per month.

Note 3 – Detail Notes-Transaction Classes/Accounts

A. Restricted Assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets of the District on the balance sheet are comprised of amounts held by the District for utility deposits (refunded upon termination of service or applied to final bill), Cogar Well Service Membership Deposits and amounts relating to debt restrictions as listed in Note 2.B. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2011 were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 3 – Detail Notes-Transaction Classes/Accounts, (continued)

A. Restricted Assets, (continued)

Type of Restricted Asset

	<u>6-30-2011</u>
Customers Meter Deposits	\$ 50,701
USDA Rural Development Reserve	58,827
Cogar Well Membership Deposits	27,020
Total	<u>\$ 136,548</u>

Cogar Well Membership Deposit

The District has started efforts to construct their own well located in Cogar, Oklahoma. The District has begun taking deposits from customers whom wish to acquire service from the District's Cogar well once the project is completed. Potential members are required to sign a membership agreement and pay the regular District membership fee of \$2,000 (\$1,500 prior to January 2011). A separate Construction bank account was set up to hold these funds until the project is completed with anticipation that the funds will be refunded to the customers if the project fails completion. Some of the funds have been used to pay for initial legal and professional fees associated with the project. The total Cogar Well Membership Deposit Liability as of June 30, 2011 is \$50,000. Of this amount, \$27,020 remains in the Construction bank account as restricted funds.

B. Property, Plant and Equipment

Fixed assets of the District were comprised of the following:

	Balance 6-30-10	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6-30-11
Land	\$ 162,360	\$ 25,580	\$ 0	\$ 187,940
Construction on Process	0	4,365		4,365
Furniture and Fixtures	42,032	0	21,529	20,503
Machinery and Equipment	41,595	0	5,677	35,918
Vehicles	65,288	0	8,860	56,428
Buildings	70,427	0	0	70,427
Water System	3,155,784	103,258	3,868	3,255,174
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 3,537,486</u>	<u>\$ 133,203</u>	<u>\$ 39,934</u>	\$ 3,630,755
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,280,709	\$ 69,412	\$ 38,135	\$ 2,311,986
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 1,256,777	\$ 63,791	<u>\$ 1,799</u>	\$ 1,318,769

Depreciation expense for the year was \$69,412 and all was charged to the enterprise fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 3 – Detail Notes-Transaction Classes/Accounts, (continued)

C. Long Term Debt

The District has entered into seven notes payable with Rural Economic and Community Development/USDA (formerly FmHA). The notes bear an interest rate of 4.5 to 5%.

	Principal			Principal
	Balance			Balance
	06-30-10	Additions	Retirement	06-30-11
RECD Notes Payable	\$ 1.016.077	\$ -0-	\$ 72,469	\$ 943,608

Debt service requirements for the next five years are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	70,151.11	44,606.49	114,757.60
2013	69,515.91	41,136.09	110,652.00
2014	56,267.43	37,699.12	93,966.55
2015	35,417.67	34,926.33	70,344.00
2016	31,891.23	33,197.85	65,089.08
2017 - 2021	148,199.43	144,600.57	292,800.00
2022 - 2026	113,441.19	108,350.00	221,791.19
2027 - 2031	78,676.77	88,903.23	167,580.00
2032 - 2036	98,045.57	69,534.43	167,580.00
2037 - 2041	122,182.61	45,397.39	167,580.00
2042 - 2046	119,819.67	15,255.22	135,074.89
Total	\$ 943,608.59	\$ 663,606.72	\$ 1,607,215.31

The District borrowed \$160,000 on December 4, 2006 at a rate of 7% maturing on November 20, 2007. Notes Payable on this note remains at \$160,000 as of June 30, 2011. Those funds were used to acquire additional property for future well development.

D. Fund Equity

Net Assets

Net Asset restricted at June 30, 2011 relates to meter deposits, cogar well deposits and to promissory note reserve accounts. Balances at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Restricted	Account	for
------------	---------	-----

Customer Meter Deposits	\$	50,701
Cogar Well Membership Deposits		27,020
USDA Reserve Account		58,827
	<u>\$</u>	<u>136,548</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011

Note 4 – Other Notes

A. Income Taxes

The District as a governmental entity is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(C)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code.

B. Compensated Absences

The District does not accrue liability for compensated absences. This is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, because of the limited number of people employed by the organization, any liability for compensated absences at June 30, 2011 would not be material to the financial statements takes as a whole.

C. Retirement Contributions

The District participates in The Rural/Municipal Retirement Plan, which is a defined contribution plan. Under this plan, employees contribute 3% of their gross wages and the employer contributes 7 %. Employees vest after one year service. The District's retirement fund contributions during the fiscal year 10-11 equaled \$6,077.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Current Water Rates (rates approved 05-07-2007)

\$22.00 for the first 1,000 gallons All over 1,000: \$7.00 per 1,000 gallons

F. Litigation

As of June 30, 2011, the parties had reached a settlement regarding the service area dispute regarding the Grady County District Court Case with the City of Tuttle. In July of 2011 the USDA approved the Settlement Agreement and the Water Purchase Contract. The lawsuits were dismissed with prejudice on September 8, 2011.

As of June 30, 2011 the Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 was not involved in any other litigation proceedings other than as listed above.



P.O. BOX 706 • 2700 SOUTH FOURTH CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA 73023 PHONE (405) 224-6363 • FAX (405) 224-6364 ajb-cpas.com

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Board of Directors Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 Amber, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the business-type activities and major fund of the **Grady County Rural Water District No. 6,** Amber, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2012. The report was a special report on the District's use of a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Management Discussion and Analysis is not presented as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Grady County Rural Water District No. 6's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Grady County Rural Water District No. 6 April 30, 2012

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations that we consider to be material weaknesses. 11-01. We also identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. 11-01, 11-02, 11-03, 11-04, 11-05 and 11-06. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Grady County Rural Water District No. 6's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Angel, Johnston & Blasingame, P.C.

angel, Johnston + Blasingame, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

Chickasha, Oklahoma April 30, 2012

Schedule of Findings and Recommendations June 30, 2011

11 – 01 <u>Criteria</u> – A good system of internal controls provides for a proper segregation of the accounting functions.

<u>Condition</u> – The District has a small number of employees that perform the duties that would normally be divided among a large number of employees.

<u>Effect</u> – This could result in more than a low risk that errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected within a timely period.

<u>Recommendation</u> – It may not be cost effective to hire the additional administrative staff that would be necessary in order to adequately segregate the responsibilities.

Management's Response - Management agrees.

11 – 02 <u>Criteria</u> – A policy/procedure manual should be available with information detailing payroll, benefits, retirement contributions, sick/personal leave and vacation.

<u>Condition</u> – During payroll testing, we noted that the District does not have any type of policy/procedure manual relating to payroll & benefits with information regarding payroll procedures, retirement contributions, paid sick/personal leave and vacation.

Cause – A personnel policy has not been established by management.

<u>Effect</u> – Without a personnel policy, there is not a direct explanation of rules and/or restrictions for personnel regarding payroll, retirement, leave and vacation time. This provides a risk that the district could be introduced to unexpected liabilities.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should establish a personnel policy regarding rules and/or restrictions on payroll, retirement contributions, paid sick/personal leave and vacation.

Management's Response – Management agrees with this recommendation.

11 – 03 Criteria – The District should have a process in place to track sick and personal leave time.

<u>Condition</u> – Through inquiry with management, we noted that paid sick/personal leave accrues from year to year, however, it is not being tracked.

Cause - A procedure for tracking sick and personal leave has not been established.

Effect – When paid/personal leave is not tracked, it could result in a liability in the future.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that the District establish a procedure to adequately track sick/personal leave available and used during the year for all employees.

Management's Response – Management agrees with this recommendation.

Schedule of Findings and Recommendations June 30, 2011

11 – 04 <u>Criteria</u> – Board minutes should be signed by board members at the time of approval.

<u>Condition</u> – 6 of the 17 board minutes available for the year were not signed for approval by any of the board members.

Cause – Lack of internal control surrounding approval procedures.

Effect – Potential for changes and alterations without proper approval.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The board members should sign the board minutes when they are approved at the subsequent meeting to indicate that they are accurate and true.

Management's Response - Management agrees.

11 – 05 <u>Criteria</u> – Detailed general ledger reports should be prepared and maintained including dates, payee name/source, check number and amounts to support revenues and expenditures reported on the financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – The general ledger does not provide any detail to support the revenues and expenditures of the District.

<u>Cause</u> – Lack of appropriately designed reporting procedures.

<u>Effect</u> – There is more than a low risk that error or irregularities may occur and not be detected within a timely period.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that the District ensure that the general ledger is prepared with detailed information including dates, payee name/source, check number and amounts in order to support the revenue and expenditures reported on other financial statements.

Management's Response – Management agrees.

11-06 <u>Criteria</u> – Board approval is required prior to opening or closing any bank accounts of the District.

<u>Condition</u> – A Construction Account was opened at the banking institution without proper documentation of approval by the District's Board.

Cause – Lack of internal control surrounding District assets.

<u>Effect</u> – Potential for fraud or misappropriation of assets to occur and not be detected within a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that Board approval be sought and documented prior to any District bank accounts and/or investments being opened or closed.

Management's Response - Management agrees.

Disposition of Prior Year Audit Exceptions
June 30, 2011

10-01 **Finding** – A good system of internal control provides for a proper segregation of the accounting functions. The District has a small number of employees that perform the duties that would normally be divided among a large number of employees.

Recommendation – It may not be cost effective to hire the additional administrative staff that would be necessary in order to adequately segregate the responsibilities.

Disposition – **This continues to be a finding.*

10–02 **Finding** –The District does not have any type of policy/procedure manual relating to payroll & benefits with information regarding payroll procedures, retirement contributions, paid sick/personal leave and vacation. There is no direct explanation of rules and/or restrictions for personnel regarding payroll, retirement, leave and vacation time.

Recommendation – The District should establish a personnel policy regarding rules and/or restrictions on payroll, retirement contributions, paid sick/personal leave and vacation.

Disposition – **This continues to be a finding.*

10–03 **Finding** –Yearly accrual of paid sick/personal leave is not being track by the District.

Recommendation – The District should establish a procedure to adequately track and approve sick/personal leave available and used during the year for all employees.

Disposition – **This continues to be a finding.*

10–04 **Finding** – 2 of 10 expenditures tested did not have any supporting documentation. These included \$1,027.39 for fuel and \$900 for catering.

Recommendation – The District should implement procedures to ensure the purchasing process is followed correctly. Documentation should be obtained for all goods or services ordered.

Disposition – This appears to have been corrected and is no longer a finding.

Disposition of Prior Year Audit Exceptions
June 30, 2011

10–05 **Finding** – 6 of 13 board minutes available for the year were not signed for Approval by any of the board members.

Recommendation – The board members should sign the board minutes when they are approved at the subsequent meeting to indicate that they are accurate and true.

Disposition – **This continues to be a finding.*

10–06 **Finding** – The general ledger does not provide any detail to support the revenues and expenditures of the District.

Recommendation — We recommend that the District ensure that the general ledger is prepared with detailed information including dates, payee name/source, check number and amounts in order to support the revenues and expenditures reported on other financial statements.

Disposition – **This continues to be a finding.*

10–07 **Finding** –Utility accounts receivables are not being reconciled on a monthly basis to ensure all billings, collections and adjustments are properly accounted for within the utility billing system.

Recommendation – The District should implement procedures for staff to reconcile beginning and ending utility accounts receivable on a monthly basis by using monthly billing reports, daily deposit records, penalties applied and adjustment authorization forms.

Disposition – This appears to have been corrected and is no longer a finding.

GRADY COUNTY RURAL WATER DISTRICT NO. 6

Amber, Oklahoma Schedule of Insurance Coverage

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

<u>Company</u>	Coverage	Amount	Policy Number	Expiration Date
Oklahoma Rural Water Assurance Group	General Liability	\$1,000,000 (Aggregate)	101-70	6/1/2011
	Building and Personal Property	756,391		
	Automobile - Bodily Injury and Property Damage	Limited by Law to 1,000,000		
	Directors and Officers Liability	****		
	BONDS: Blanket Employee Dishonsety Crime	10,000 10,000 10,000		
CompSource Oklahoma	Worker's Compensation	****	360434	11/1/2011