FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2015



GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3 LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2015

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GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3 LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2015

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President Betty Sue Tow

Vice-President Lee Siller

Clerk Sydney Holt

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Jason Midkiff

MINUTES CLERK & SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Dorothy Kisselburg

JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Greenville School District No. C-003 Marietta, Oklahoma 73448-9746

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements-regulatory basis of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Greenville School District No. C-003, Marietta, Oklahoma (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our modified audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Greenville School District No. C-003, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although reasonably determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the previous paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining

fund information of the Greenville School District No. C-003, Love County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2015, the changes in its financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position-regulatory basis of the government activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position-regulatory basis for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements, regulatory basis, listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 14, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jenkins & Kemper

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Jenkons & Kumpur, LPAS P.C.

April 14, 2016



GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>	GENERAL	GOVERNMENT SPECIAL REVENUE	AL FUND TYPES DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS 2015
Cash	\$ 455,689	55,948	35,088	23,793	18,090		588,608
Investments	15,248						15,248
Amounts available in debt service Amounts to be provided for retirement of						1,113	1,113
general long-term debt						133,887	133,887
Total Assets	470,937	55,948	35,088	23,793	18,090	135,000	738,856
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Unmatured obligations Long-term debt: Bonds payable	<u>S</u> 154,876 12,433	2,353 36	33,975	8,043	18,090	135,000	165,272 12,469 18,090 33,975
Total liabilities	167,309	2,389	33,975	8,043	18,090	135,000	364,806
Fund balances Restricted for: Capital projects				15,750	,		15,750
Debt service			1,113				1,113
Building		53,559					53,559
Unassigned	303,628						303,628
Total fund balances	303,628	53,559	1,113	15,750			374,050
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 470,937	55,948	35,088	23,793	18,090	135,000	738,856

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2015

			GOVERNMENTAL	L FUND TYPES		
			SPECIAL	DEBT	CAPITAL	TOTALS
The state of the s	Gl	ENERAL	REVENUE	SERVICE	PROJECTS	2015
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	251,036	294,729	34,511		580,276
Intermediate sources		28,887				28,887
State sources		642,588				642,588
Federal sources		166,107			_	166,107
Total revenues		1,088,618	294,729	34,511	-	1,417,858
Expenditures						
Instruction		563,101				563,101
Support services		331,646	326,053		25,767	683,466
Operation of non-instructional services		106,618				106,618
Other uses		18,824				18,824
Debt service				33,975		33,975
Total expenditures		1,020,189	326,053	33,975	25,767	1,405,984
Revenues over (under) expenditures		68,429	(31,324)	536	(25,767)	11,874
Other financing sources (uses)						
Lapsed appropriations		197				197
Estopped warrants		75				75
Total other financing sources (uses)		272			- -	272
Revenue and other sources over (under)						
expenditures and other uses		68,701	(31,324)	536	(25,767)	12,146
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		234,927	84,883	577	41,517	361,904
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	303,628	53,559	1,113	15,750	374,050

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - BUDGETED GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

			GENERAL FUND	
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	220,211	220,211	251,036
Intermediate sources		18,242	18,242	28,887
State sources		527,397	527,397	642,588
Federal sources		120,862	120,862	166,107
Total revenues		886,712	886,712	1,088,618
Expenditures				
Instruction				563,101
Support services				331,646
Operation of non-instructional services				106,618
Other uses				18,824
Non-categorical		1,121,639	1,121,639	
Total expenditures		1,121,639	1,121,639	1,020,189
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(234,927)	(234,927)	68,429
Other financing sources (uses)				
Lapsed appropriations				197
Estopped warrants				75
Total other financing sources (uses)				272
Revenue and other sources over (under)				
expenditures and other uses		(234,927)	(234,927)	68,701
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		234,927	234,927	234,927
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	_	-	303,628

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
		RIGINAL SUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL			
Revenues							
Local sources	\$	31,012	241,170	294,729			
Total revenues		31,012	241,170	294,729			
Expenditures							
Support services				326,053			
Non-categorical		115,895	326,053				
Total expenditures		115,895	326,053	326,053			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(84,883)	(84,883)	(31,324)			
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		84,883	84,883	84,883			
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	-	-	53,559			

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	DEBT SERVICE FUND						
	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET			ACTUAL			
Revenues							
Local sources	\$	33,398	33,398	34,511			
Total revenues		33,398	33,398	34,511			
Expenditures Other outlays							
Debt service		33,975	33,975	33,975			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(577)	(577)	536			
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		577	577	577			
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		<u>-</u>	1,113			

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Greenville Public Schools, District No. C-3 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over the PTA.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for the school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary fund types.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under a trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used depending on whether there is an obligation to maintain trust principal. Agency funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> - Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> - The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> - The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> - The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the student and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, in collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Group

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

- *C.* Basis of Accounting and Presentation contd.
- Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

The District may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the District voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, bank and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies;

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – contd.

and warrants, bonds or judgments of the district. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2015 is not material to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> - The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> - Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the district, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity- contd.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> - Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owned. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include interest earnings, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

All of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the General fund.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Other Outlays/Uses Expenditures - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) when applicable. Other uses include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditure for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Inter-fund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no inter-fund transfers made during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

2. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2015, the District held deposits of approximately \$603,855 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposits or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipations notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- d. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- e. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

2. **Deposits and Investments** – cont'd

The investments held at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Weighted Average Maturity			
Type	•	Market V	/alue_	Cost
Investments				
Money Market		\$	0	0
Municipal tax-supported money judgmen	ts		0	0
Certificate of Deposit		_1.	5,248	15,248
Total investments		\$ <u>1</u>	<u>5,248</u>	15,248

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 0% in Money Market funds, 0% in Municipal tax-supported money judgments and 100% in CDs (\$15,248).

3. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue. General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Bonds
	<u>Payable</u>
Balance, July 1, 2014	\$ 135,000
Additions	0
Retirements	0
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ <u>135,000</u>

3. **General Long-term Debt** – cont'd

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2015 is set forth below:

Amount outstanding

General Obligation Bonds

Building Bonds, Series 2013, original issue \$135,000, interest rate of 0.50-2.50%, due in annual installments of \$30,000, beginning 7-1-15, final payment of \$35,000 due 7-1-18;

\$ 135,000

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, and payment of interest are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 30,000	1,988	31,988
2017	35,000	1,837	36,837
2018	35,000	1,575	36,575
2019	35,000	875	35,875
Totals	\$135,000	6,275	141,275

There was no interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the current year.

4. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

4. **Employee Retirement System** – contd.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employees who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension liability amount is not required to be presented on the financial statements. The amount of calculated net pension liability for the District at June 30, 2014 (latest information available) was \$603,451.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Beginning, July 1, 2010, the District and State were required to contribute 14.5% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System are from a percentage of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% beginning January 1, 2010 and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining 5.0% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's portion of the total contributions for 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$50,291, \$45,544, and \$45,363 respectively.

5. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.



GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	2009 TRANS BOND FUND	2013 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTALS 2015
Expenditures			
Support services	5,548	20,219	25,767
Total expenditures	5,548	20,219	25,767
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,548)	(20,219)	(25,767)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	5,548	35,969	41,517
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ -	15,750	15,750

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Е	Balance		Net		Balance
	<u>Jul</u>	<u>y 1, 2014</u>	Additions	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2015
Assets						
Cash	\$	25,457	23,316		30,683	18,090
Liabilities						
Funds held for student organizations						
Early Childhood	\$	64	-	-	-	64
Fourth Grade		165	-	-	-	165
Sixth Grade		36	-	-	-	36
Seventh Grade		-	213	-	213	-
Student Resource		1,037	1,737	-	2,172	602
Library		2,658	-	-	28	2,630
Yearbook		3,394	1,310	-	2,407	2,297
Office		3,260	2,042	-	3,696	1,606
Physical Education		3,728	7,330	-	10,862	196
PTO		4,161	6,295	-	4,716	5,740
Cafeteria		127	-	-	29	98
4-H Club		119	-	-	-	119
Booster Club		3,279	2,740	-	3,592	2,427
Marquee		1,319	-	-	1,319	-
After School Program		1,058	699	-	121	1,636
Tri County		1,052	950		1,528	474
Total Liabilities	\$	25,457	23,316		30,683	18,090

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Pass-through						
	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	CFDA	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/01/2014	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2015
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Title VII-Part A, Indian Education	84.060	561	\$ 11,917		9,699	11,917	(2,218)
Title VI-Small, Rural School Ach. Program	84.358	588	14,435		14,435	14,435	
Title VI-Small, Rural School Ach. Program 2013-14 - Note 1	84.358	799		(2,617)	2,617		
Subtotal - Direct Programs			26,352	(2,617)	26,751	26,352	(2,218)
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	45,163		34,773	45,163	(10,390)
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs 2013-14 - Note 1	84.010	799	,	(4,067)	4,067	,	(-,,
Title II-Part A, REAP Flex	84.367	586	5,973	(, ,	5,656	5,973	(317)
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept. of Education			51,136	(4,067)	44,496	51,136	(10,707)
				<u> </u>			
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):							
National School Lunch Program	10.555	n/a			6,364	6,364	
Non-Cash Assistance Subtotal					6,364	6,364	
Cash Assistance:							
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763			61,004	60,930	74
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764			33,856	33,825	31
Cash Assistance Subtotal					94,860	94,755	105
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)					101,224	101,119	105
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	564			564	(564)
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 78,052	(6,684)	172,471	179,171	(13,384)

Note 1 - Project number 799 refers to revenues received from prior-year programs.

Note 2 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$6,364 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

Note 3 - This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements.

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND <u>NUMBER</u>	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Company	Superintendent Treasurer Encumbrance Clerk Activity Fund Custodian Minutes Clerk	71305054 71493042 POB1108949 POB1108949 POB1108949	\$100,000 \$100,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000	7/1/14/7/1/15 1/15/15-1/15/16 2/16/14-2/16/15 2/16/14-2/16/15 2/16/14-2/16/15



JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Greenville School District No. C-003 Marietta, Oklahoma 73448-9746

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Greenville School District No. C-003, Marietta, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2016. This report was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one (1) instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We also reported this matter to the District's management in a separate letter dated April 14, 2016.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the letter following the audit acknowledgement page. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kemper

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Jenkins & Kumper, CPAS P.C.

April 14, 2016

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

Findings – Financial Statement Audit

15-01 – Treasurer Reports

<u>Condition</u>: The District Treasurer did not reconcile the books to the bank statements on a monthly basis. The balance sheet at June 30, 2015 reflected total cash of \$313,501 when the actual amount was \$570,518. This was partly due to the District's financial software being corrupted by a hardware crash during the year.

<u>Criteria</u>: Compare the monthly bank statements with the accounting software to ensure the bank statements are reconciled each month in a timely manner.

Effect: The Board of Education could receive inaccurate cash and fund balance information.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District Treasurer reconcile the bank statements to the financial software on a monthly basis and in a timely manner.

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

There were no material instances of non-compliance in the previous fiscal year.

GREENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-3, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

State of Oklahoma County of Tulsa	
that said firm had i	liting firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and it engagement with Greenville School District for the audit year 2014-15.
	Jenkins Kemper, CPAs, P.C. AUDITING FIRM BY AUTHÓRIZED AGENT
	Subscribed and sworn to before me on this
	Oessica, Oemica NOTARY TUBLIC
	JESSICA JENNINGS Notary Public in and for the

Joy Hofmeister State Superintendent of Public Instruction Oklahoma State Department of Education 2500 North Lincoln Boulevard, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-4599

AUDIT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

District Name	GREENVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOLS		Dis	District Number C-3		
County Name	LOVE			County Code 43		
	Au	udit Year: 2014	1-2015			
The annual inc	lependent audit for the	GREENVILI			-	
was presented	to the Board of Education in	an Open Board		istrict Name) 4-18-16		
by JENKINS	S & KEMPER, CPAs, P.C.	T	M	(Date of Meeting)).	
	(Independent Auditor)			(Independent Auditor's Signature)	
The School Boar	rd acknowledges that as the g mpliance operations, the audi	overning body o t findings and ex	of the district acceptions hav	, responsible for the distrive been presented to them.	ct's	
A copy of the au the State Audito	idit, including this acknowled r and Inspector within 30 day	gement form, w s from its preser	ill be sent to itation, as sta	the State Board of Educated in 70 O.S. § 22-108:	tion and	
"The district boa statements to the receipt of the au	ard of education shall forward e State Board of Education an dit."	l a copy of the auding the State Audi	uditor's opin itor and Insp	ions and related financial ector within thirty (30) day	ys after	
Superintendent	MS of School	Boa	See_	S. Cor- ion Vice President		
Board of Educat	Sue Tour		Selegal	ion Member	_	
Bound of your		Boa	rd of Educat	ion Member	<u> </u>	
		Boa	rd of Educat	ion Member	-	
		Boa	rd of Educat	ion Member	-	
		Boa	rd of Educat	ion Member		
		Boa	ard of Educat	ion Member	-8	
Subscribed and	sworn before me on(Sw	vorn On)	My Commis	ssion expires		
	(Notary Public)					

^{* * *} A copy of the Board Agenda and Board Minutes with the approval of the audit must accompany the audit. * * *