

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

**HARDESTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-15,  
TEXAS COUNTY, OKLAHOMA**

**JUNE 30, 2013**

Audited by

**SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP**

**BROKEN ARROW, OK**

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS  
JUNE 30, 2013

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**SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER**

Alberta Brown

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
JUNE 30, 2013

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JUNE 30, 2013

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# SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 4, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education  
Hardesty School District Number I-15  
Hardesty, Texas County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Hardesty School District Number I-15, Hardesty, Texas County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles**

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

### **Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles**

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the “Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles” paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2013, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the “Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting” Paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2013, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 4, 2013 on our consideration of the District’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and to other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett  
Certified Public Accounts, LLP



# SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING  
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL  
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH  
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

October 4, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education  
Hardesty School District Number I-15  
Hardesty, Texas County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Hardesty School District Number I-15, Hardesty, Texas County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2013, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement, compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett  
Certified Public Accounts, LLP



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL  
INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE  
JUNE 30, 2013

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS  
JUNE 30, 2013

**Section 1** – Summary of Auditor’s Results:

1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.

**Section 2** – A finding relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -  
 ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS  
 JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash	\$ 35,855	72,859	4,069	214,151	35,131		362,065
Investments	338,501				8,379		346,880
Amounts available on debt service						4,069	4,069
Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt						210,931	210,931
Total Assets	<u>\$ 374,356</u>	<u>72,859</u>	<u>4,069</u>	<u>214,151</u>	<u>43,510</u>	<u>215,000</u>	<u>923,945</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u>							
Liabilities:							
Warrants payable	\$ 25,325	4,806		2,092	250		32,473
Encumbrances	100						100
Funds held for school organizations					34,726		34,726
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable						215,000	215,000
Total liabilities	<u>25,425</u>	<u>4,806</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,092</u>	<u>34,976</u>	<u>215,000</u>	<u>282,299</u>
Fund Equity:							
Cash fund balances	<u>348,931</u>	<u>68,053</u>	<u>4,069</u>	<u>212,059</u>	<u>8,534</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>641,646</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	<u>\$ 374,356</u>	<u>72,859</u>	<u>4,069</u>	<u>214,151</u>	<u>43,510</u>	<u>215,000</u>	<u>923,945</u>

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES  
 - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS	
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 332,340	68,915	40,395			441,650
Intermediate sources	15,625					15,625
State sources	459,251	828	47			460,126
Federal sources	39,994	31,133				71,127
Interest earnings	2,324		152		93	2,569
Total revenues collected	<u>849,534</u>	<u>100,876</u>	<u>40,594</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>991,097</u>
Expenditures:						
Instruction	621,189					621,189
Support services	358,636	51,399		11,407	1,000	422,442
Operation of non-instructional services	28,667	49,114				77,781
Debt service requirements			44,760			44,760
Total expenditures	<u>1,008,492</u>	<u>100,513</u>	<u>44,760</u>	<u>11,407</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,166,172</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(158,958)	363	(4,166)	(11,407)	(907)	(175,075)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond sale proceeds	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>215,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>215,000</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(158,958)	363	(4,166)	203,593	(907)	39,925
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	<u>507,889</u>	<u>67,690</u>	<u>8,235</u>	<u>8,466</u>	<u>9,441</u>	<u>601,721</u>
Cash fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 348,931</u>	<u>68,053</u>	<u>4,069</u>	<u>212,059</u>	<u>8,534</u>	<u>641,646</u>

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND  
 CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND		
	Original/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 281,005	332,340	51,335
Intermediate sources	17,636	15,625	(2,011)
State sources	444,473	459,251	14,778
Federal sources	39,664	39,994	330
Interest earnings		2,324	2,324
Total revenues collected	782,778	849,534	66,756
Expenditures:			
Instruction	711,389	621,189	90,200
Support services	567,620	358,636	208,984
Operation of non-instructional services	11,658	28,667	(17,009)
Total expenditures	1,290,667	1,008,492	282,175
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(507,889)	(158,958)	348,931
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	507,889	507,889	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	348,931	348,931

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND  
 CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		
	Original/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 56,549	68,915	12,366
State sources	751	828	77
Federal sources	29,021	31,133	2,112
Total revenues collected	86,321	100,876	14,555
Expenditures:			
Support services	93,750	51,399	42,351
Operation of non-instructional services	60,261	49,114	11,147
Total expenditures	154,011	100,513	53,498
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(67,690)	363	68,053
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	67,690	67,690	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	68,053	68,053

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND  
 CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -  
 BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	DEBT SERVICE FUND		
	Original/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 36,525	40,395	3,870
State sources		47	47
Interest earnings		152	152
Total revenues collected	36,525	40,594	4,069
Requirements:			
Bonds	43,000	43,000	
Coupons	1,760	1,760	
Total expenditures	44,760	44,760	0
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(8,235)	(4,166)	4,069
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	8,235	8,235	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	4,069	4,069

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Hardesty Public Schools Independent District No. I-15 (the “District”) have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body’s ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District’s reporting entity.



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

**B. Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate “fund types.”

**Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government’s general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds include the District’s building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain a co-op fund during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

Building Fund – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

Co-op Fund – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

Child Nutrition Fund - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is the District’s sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is the District’s bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

**Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms “non-expendable” and “expendable” refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District only maintained a gifts and endowments during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

Gifts and Endowments Fund – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont’d**

B. Fund Accounting – cont’d

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

Medical Insurance Fund – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

Workers Compensation Fund – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

Insurance Recovery Fund – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

Agency Fund – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

**Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

General Fixed Assets Account Group – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

**Memorandum Only - Total Column**

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned “memorandum only” to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

**D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate. A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

**E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity**

Cash – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

Investments – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Inventories – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2013, is not material to the combined financial statements.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

Warrants Payable – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

Encumbrances – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

Unmatured Obligations – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Funds Held for School Organizations – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

Cash Fund Balance – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

Intermediate Revenues - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

State Revenues – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

Federal Revenues – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Interest Earnings – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

Non-Revenue Receipts – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Support Services Expenditures – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

Interfund Transactions – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

Cash – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2013, was \$677,458. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

Investments – At June 30, 2013, the District's investments consisted certificates of deposits and of investment pools (sweep accounts) invested in money market funds with an approximate fair market value of \$346,879.

*Interest rate risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

*Credit risk – Investments* – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with Bank of the Panhandle and City National Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

**3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2012.

**4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT**

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd**

voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Bonds Payable
Balance, July 1, 2012	\$ 65,000
Additions	215,000
Retirements	(65,000)
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 215,000

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2013, is set forth below:

	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2012, original issue \$215,000, interest rates of 0.75% to 2.15%, due in annual installments of \$55,000, final payment of \$55,000, due 7-01-17	<u>\$ 215,000</u>

The annual debt service requirements for retirement of bond principal, capital lease principal and payment of interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$	3,043	3,043
2015	50,000	3,042	53,042
2016	55,000	2,668	57,668
2017	55,000	2,007	57,007
2018	55,000	1,183	56,183
Total	\$ 215,000	11,943	226,943

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd**

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2012-13 fiscal year totaled \$2,113.

**5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN**

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2011-12 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.50% and the

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd**

Funding Policy – cont'd

school district. For the 2012-13 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.50% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during this year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$98,039, \$94,948 and \$97,075, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2013. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due.

**6. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**6. RISK MANAGEMENT** – cont'd

liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

**7. CONTINGENCIES**

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2012-13 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2012-13 fiscal year, therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 4, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -  
 ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS  
 JUNE 30, 2013

	<u>BUILDING FUND</u>	<u>CHILD NUTRITION FUND</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 57,949	14,910	72,859
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u>			
Liabilities:			
Warrants payable	\$ 4,806		4,806
Fund Equity:			
Cash fund balances	53,143	14,910	68,053
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 57,949	14,910	72,859

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES  
 IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 50,882	18,033	68,915
State sources	54	774	828
Federal sources		31,133	31,133
Total revenues collected	<u>50,936</u>	<u>49,940</u>	<u>100,876</u>
Expenditures:			
Support services	51,399		51,399
Operation of non-instructional services		49,114	49,114
Total expenditures	<u>51,399</u>	<u>49,114</u>	<u>100,513</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(463)	826	363
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	<u>53,606</u>	<u>14,084</u>	<u>67,690</u>
Cash fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 53,143</u>	<u>14,910</u>	<u>68,053</u>



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES  
 IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON  
 ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND			CHILD NUTRTION FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 40,144	40,144	50,882	\$ 16,405	16,405	18,033
State sources			54	751	751	774
Federal sources				29,021	29,021	31,133
Total revenues collected	<u>40,144</u>	<u>40,144</u>	<u>50,936</u>	<u>46,177</u>	<u>46,177</u>	<u>49,940</u>
Expenditures:						
Support services	93,750	93,750	51,399			
Operation of non-instructional services				60,261	60,261	49,114
Total expenditures	<u>93,750</u>	<u>93,750</u>	<u>51,399</u>	<u>60,261</u>	<u>60,261</u>	<u>49,114</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(53,606)	(53,606)	(463)	(14,084)	(14,084)	826
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	<u>53,606</u>	<u>53,606</u>	<u>53,606</u>	<u>14,084</u>	<u>14,084</u>	<u>14,084</u>
Cash fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>53,143</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>14,910</u>

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -  
 ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS  
 JUNE 30, 2013

	<u>EXPENDABLE TRUST</u>	<u>AGENCY FUNDS</u>	
	<u>GIFTS AND</u>	<u>SCHOOL</u>	
	<u>ENDOWMENTS</u>	<u>ACTIVITY</u>	
<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>FUND</u>	<u>FUNDS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Cash	\$ 405	34,726	35,131
Investments	8,379		8,379
Total Assets	<u>\$ 8,784</u>	<u>34,726</u>	<u>43,510</u>
 <u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u>			
Liabilities:			
Warrants Payable	\$ 250		250
Funds held for school organizations		34,726	34,726
Total liabilities	<u>250</u>	<u>34,726</u>	<u>34,976</u>
Fund Equity:			
Cash fund balances	<u>8,534</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8,534</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	<u>\$ 8,784</u>	<u>34,726</u>	<u>43,510</u>

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -  
 AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	<u>BALANCE</u> 7-01-12	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>NET</u> <u>TRANSFERS</u>	<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> 6-30-13
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$ 31,163	77,407	0	73,844	34,726
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Petty Cash	\$ 0	100		100	0
Miscellaneous	18	108		70	56
Jr/Sr Concession	0	14,012		14,012	0
Athletics	4,616	8,517		8,063	5,070
Vo-Ag	5,245	21,509		23,804	2,950
Hardesty Stock Show	934	1,605		1,098	1,441
Cheerleading	333	4,229		3,844	718
Pool	842	982		268	1,556
Yearbook	3,326	1,182		2,089	2,419
Library	774	1,000		935	839
Music	1,450	5,054		3,918	2,586
Memorial Monies	176	50		0	226
Academic Team	73	0		0	73
FCA	14	0		0	14
Computer Department	737	633		221	1,149
Summer Program	581	0		0	581
Class of 2012	4,506	0		4,506	0
Class of 2013	3,136	4,659		2,888	4,907
Class of 2014	909	6,112		3,037	3,984
Class of 2015	202	150		0	352
Class of 2016	110	148		0	258
Class of 2017	111	123		55	179
Class of 2018	0	87		0	87
Elementary	2,053	1,549		2,063	1,539
Life Program	1,017	5,598		2,873	3,742
Total Liabilities	\$ 31,163	77,407	0	73,844	34,726

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.</u>	<u>Program or Award Amount</u>	<u>Balance at 07/01/12</u>	<u>Revenue Collected</u>	<u>Total Expenditures</u>	<u>Balance at 06/30/13</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u>							
Small, Rural School Ach. Prog	84.358	S358A120205	\$ 13,667	0	13,667	13,667	0
<u>State Department of Education</u>							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010		21,968		19,017	19,017	
Title I, Basic Program 2011-12 - Note	84.010			2,800	2,800		
Title II, Part A	84.367		4,552		4,510	4,510	
Sub Total			<u>26,520</u>	<u>2,800</u>	<u>26,327</u>	<u>23,527</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u>							
<u>Passed Through State Department of Education</u>							
Child Nutrition Programs:							
National school breakfast program	10.553				8,708	8,708	
National school lunch program	10.555				22,425	22,425	
Sub Total					<u>31,133</u>	<u>31,133</u>	
<u>Passed Through Department of Human Services:</u>							
Non-cash assistance - commodities							
National school lunch program - Note 1	10.555				2,826	2,826	
 Total Federal Assistance			 <u>\$ 40,187</u>	 <u>2,800</u>	 <u>73,953</u>	 <u>71,153</u>	 <u>0</u>

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$2,826 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>BONDING COMPANY</u>	<u>POSITION COVERED</u>	<u>BOND NUMBER</u>	<u>COVERAGE AMOUNT</u>	<u>EFFECTIVE DATES</u>
CNA Surety	Treasurer	68137	\$ 50,000	6/30/12 - 6/29/13
	Superintendent	71299978	100,000	7/1/12 - 7/1/13
	Encumbrance Clerk/AF Cust.	68137	50,000	6/30/12 - 6/29/13
	Principal/AF Cust.	18106696	10,000	10/8/12 - 10/8/13
	Superintendent	18106696	10,000	10/8/12 - 10/8/13

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-15, TEXAS COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE  
AFFIDAVIT  
JULY 1, 2012 TO JUNE 30, 2013

State of Oklahoma            )  
  ) ss  
County of Tulsa             )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Hardesty Public Schools for the audit year 2012-13.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett,  
Certified Public Accountants, LLP  
Auditing Firm

By \_\_\_\_\_  
Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me  
This 4<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2013

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016  
Commission No. 00008621