

CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICALS

City Council

Graham FishburnMayorJames Ted CoxVice-MayorJames Jay TateCouncilmanTheda EngertCouncilmanAllen EubanksCouncilman

Dale Bunn City Manager

Victor Lohn Finance Director

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Purcell, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Purcell, Oklahoma ("the City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. We did not audit the financial statements of Purcell Municipal Hospital, which is a component unit of Purcell Public Works Authority. These statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City is based solely on the report of the other auditors. Reasonable assurance is a high level of

assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of the net pension liability (asset) of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System and Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, schedules of City contributions to the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System and Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and debt service coverage schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the debt service coverage schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report (under separate cover) dated June 30, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dillon & Associates, PC

Midwest City, Oklahoma November 16, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Purcell, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Purcell for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total net position increased by \$9,439,924 and the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities \$38,541,547 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,013,783 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,800,798. Of this total amount, \$2,616,899 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of fiscal year 2022, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,616,899, or approximately 43.0% of total General Fund expenditures.
- Sales and use taxes totaled \$8,075,826 for the year, an increase of \$498,396 or 6.6% over the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Purcell (the "City") and the Purcell Public Works Authority (PPWA). Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities - governmental and business-type, along with one discretely-presented component unit.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources' measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type of activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all of the assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets) as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt), along with any inflows and outflows that are deferred.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way determining whether the City's overall financial condition improved, declined, or remained steady over the past year. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are considered regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's Net Position and Changes in Net Position from the prior year. You can think of the City's Net Position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows - as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City's activities that charge a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's electric, water, sewer, solid waste utilities, golf course and airport operations are reported here.
- Discretely-presented component units This account for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending and include the Purcell Municipal Hospital.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds. When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary funds and are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, sewer, solid waste utilities, golf course and airport operations

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net position for governmental activities and business-type activities increased \$9,439,924. The results indicate the City, as a whole, incurred an increase in its financial condition from the prior year.

The following is a summary comparison of changes in net position from last year for the City:

Table 1
Net Position (In Thousands)

	Gover	Governmental			Business-type			Total		
	Act	<u>ivities</u>	% Inc.	<u>Acti</u>	<u>Activities</u>		Primary G	overnment	% Inc.	
	2022	2021	(Dec.)	2022	2021	(Dec.)	2022	<u>2021</u>	(Dec.)	
Current and										
other assets	\$ 11,530	8,028	44%	12,524	20,193	-38%	24,054	28,221	-15%	
Capital assets	10,702	10,008	7%	32,281	24,351	33%	42,983	34,359	25%	
Total assets	22,232	18,036	23%	44,805	44,544	1%	67,037	62,580	7%	
Deferred outflow of resource	3,895	1,103		-	-		3,895	1,103		
Long-term debt										
outstanding	1,962	3,246	-40%	27,710	28,511	-3%	29,672	31,757	-7%	
Other liabilities	1,012	514	97%	1,734	2,058	-16%	2,746	2,572	7%	
Total liabilities	2,974	3,760	-21%	29,444	30,569	-4%	32,418	34,329	-6%	
Deferred inflow of resources	61	253		-	-		61	253		
Net assets:										
Invested in capital										
assets, net of debt	10,702	10,008	7 %	9,169	7,791	18%	19,871	17,799	12%	
Restricted	6,183	4,655	33%	2,473	2,745	-10%	8,656	7,400	17%	
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,295	463	1260%	3,719	3,439	8%	10,014	3,902	157%	
Total net assets	\$ 23,180	15,126	53%	15,361	13,975	10%	38,541	29,101	32%	

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$8,656,656 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is an unrestricted net position of \$10,013,783.

Change in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022 net position of the primary government changed as follows:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

	Govern	nmental Business-type					Total			
	Acti	vities	% Inc.	Activ	<u>rities</u>	% Inc.	Primary Government		% Inc.	
	2022	2021	(Dec.)	2022	2021	(Dec.)	2022	2021	(Dec.)	
Revenues										
Charges for services \$	758	587	29 %	11,806	11,307	4%	12,564	11,894	6%	
Operating grants	435	1,037	-58%	392	24	-	827	1,061	-22%	
Capital grants	33	140	0%	-	-	-	33	140	0%	
Sales and use taxes	8,076	7,577	7 %	-	-	-	8,076	7,577	7%	
Franchise tax (fees)	76	67	13%	-	-	-	76	67	13%	
Other taxes	307	110	179%	-	-	-	307	110	179%	
Investment income	6	17	-65%	-	15	-100%	6	32	-81%	
Other	326	414	-21%	503	333	0%	829	747	11%	
Total revenues	10,017	9,949	1%	12,701	11,679	9%	22,718	21,628	5%	
Expenses										
General government	796	892	-11%	1,107	665	66%	1,903	1,557	22%	
Public safety	(1,042)	5,431	-119%	, -	-	-	(1,042)	5,431	-119%	
Public works	1,104	1,304	-15%	-	-	-	1,104	1,304	-15%	
Cultural & recreation	569	366	55%	_	-	-	569	366	55%	
Economic development	49	70	-30%	-	-	-	49	70	-30%	
Electric	-	-	-	4,983	4,631	8%	4,983	4,631	8%	
Water	-	-	-	1,608	2,335	-31%	1,608	2,335	-31%	
Sewer	-	-	-	711	792	-10%	711	792	-10%	
Sanitation	-	-	-	758	736	3%	758	736	3%	
Ambulance	-	-	-	364	359	-	364	359	-	
Golf course	-	-	-	603	643	-6%	603	643	-6%	
Hospital subsidy	-	-	-	1,536	1,376	12%	1,536	1,376	12%	
Airport	-	-	-	132	66	100%	132	66	100%	
Total expenses	1,476	8,063	-82%	11,802	11,603	2%	13,278	19,666	-32%	
Increase in net position										
before transfers	8,541	1,886	353%	899	76 "	1083%	9,440	1,962	381%	
Capital contributions	(960)	(438)	-	960	438	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	473	1,046	-55%	(473)	(1,046)	-55%	-	-	-	
Change in net position	8,054	2,494	0%	1,386	(532)	-361% ¹	9,440	1,962	381%	
Begininng net position	15,126	12,632	20%	13,975	14,507	-4%	29,101	27,139	7%	
Ending net position \$	23,180	15,126	53%	15,361	13,975	10%	38,541	29,101	32%	

Under Governmental Activities, the public safety expense includes pension income from the City's proportionate share of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund in the amount of \$3,235,667 shown as a credit reducing public safety expense.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Table 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

			Net Revenue					
	Total Ex	xpenses	% Inc.	(Expe	% Inc.			
	of Ser	rvices	(Dec.)	of Se	rvices	(Dec.)		
	 2022	2021	_	2022	2021	•		
General government	\$ 796	892	-11%	(529)	(394)	34%		
Public safety	(1,042)	5,431	-11 9 %	1,454	(4,513)	-132%		
Public works	1,104	1,304	-15%	(700)	(1,096)	-36%		
Cultural & recreation	569	366	55%	(425)	(226)	88%		
Economic development	49	69	-29 %	(49)	(69)	-29 %		
Total	\$ 1,476	8,062	-82%	(249)	(6,298)	-96%		

For the year ended June 30, 2022, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$1,475,555 which is a 82% decrease from the prior year.

Business-type Activities

Table 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

			Net Revenue					
	Total E	xpenses	% Inc.	(Exp	% Inc.			
	of Se	rvices	(Dec.)	of Se	rvices	(Dec.)		
	2022	2021	<u>-</u>	2022	2021	•		
General government	\$ 698	665	5 %	(698)	(665)	5 %		
Electric	4,983	4,631	8 %	1,713	1,801	-5%		
Water	1,608	2,335	-31%	861	47	1732%		
Sewer	711	792	-10%	(130)	(211)	-38%		
Sanitation	758	736	3%	219	187	17 %		
Ambulance	364	359	1%	12	11	9 %		
Golf course	603	643	-6%	90	(34)	-365%		
Airport	132	66	100%	274	(32)	-956%		
Total	\$ 9,857	10,227	-4%	2,341	1,104	112%		

The City's business-type activities include utility services for electric, water, sewer, sanitation, golf course, airport operations.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2022 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,800,798, or 20.3% increase from the prior year. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$15,361,147, or 9.9% increase from 2021.

Other Fund Highlights Include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund's total fund balance decreased by \$390,485 or 13.0%, due to a moderate increase in expenditures.
- The PPWA Enterprise Fund reported a net position increase of \$967,263, or 8.5%.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund reported actual budgetary basis revenues were over final estimates by \$903,049 or a 11.0% positive variance. General Fund actual expenditures were under final appropriations by \$831,893 or an 12.0% positive variance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the City had \$42,983,144 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads, and bridges. This represents a net increase of approximately \$8,623,277 over last year.

Table 5 Capital Assets (In Thousands)

		Governmental		Business	-type	Total		
		<u>Activit</u>	<u>ties</u>	<u>Activit</u>	<u>ties</u>	Primary Government		
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Construction in progress	\$	1,990	1,116	18,861	10,668	20,851	11,784	
Land		826	826	522	511	1,348	1,337	
Buildings		7,586	7,566	999	940	8,585	8,506	
Machinery and equipment		2,367	2,110	1,511	1,337	3,878	3,447	
Vehicles		4,097	3,899	1,548	1,548	5,645	5,447	
Infrastructure		24,313	24,313	28,480	28,329	52,793	52,642	
Less: Accum. depreciation	_	(30,477)	(29,822)	(19,640)	(18,982)	(50,117)	(48,804)	
					_			
Total capital assets, net	\$_	10,702	10,008	32,281	24,351	42,983	34,359	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Recreational facilities and trails.
- Costs associated with the construction of the municipal hospital.
- Vehicle purchases for various departments.
- Public works facilities.

Long-term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$27,259,484 in long-term debt outstanding, excluding accrued compensated absences, due to depositors and net pension liability, which represents approximately a \$764,603 decrease from the prior year.

Table 6
Outstanding Debt
(In Thousands)

	Governm	ental	Business	-type	Total Primary Government		
	<u>Activit</u>	<u>cies</u>	<u>Activi</u>	<u>ties</u>			
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Revenue bonds payable \$	-	-	20,190	20,190	20,190	20,190	
Revenue notes payable	-	-	7,069	7,834	7,069	7,834	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total long-term debt \$	-		27,259	28,024	27,259	28,024	

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

- The unemployment rate for the Oklahoma City metropolitan area which includes Purcell is currently 4.4 percent, which is a decrease of 2.3 percent from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.7 percent and favorably to the national average rate of 5.9 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- The City's major source of revenue is sales and use tax revenue. Sales and use tax revenue increased 6.6% over the prior year total.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, bond rating agencies and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances reflecting the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at 230 W. Main Street, Purcell, Oklahoma 73080.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Component

		Prir	Unit		
		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Municipal Hospital
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,310,874	1,707,018	9,017,892	3,142,304
Investments	•	1,226,577	2,060,540	3,287,117	-
Restricted assets:				, ,	
Restricted cash and investments		25,314	7,569,712	7,595,026	355,741
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		71,724	1,030,320	1,102,044	1,268,135
Due from other government agencies		1,440,098	-	1,440,098	-
Prepaids and other		-	-	-	147,003
Inventories		-	156,629	156,629	136,215
Net pension asset		1,455,574	-	1,455,574	
Lease assets, net		-	-	-	311,023
Capital assets:					
Land, improvements and construction in progress		2,815,959	19,382,545	22,198,504	22,186
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		7,885,817	12,898,823	20,784,640	2,418,039
Investment in and advances to equity investee					130,014
Total assets		22,231,937	44,805,587	67,037,524	7,930,660
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		3,984,664		3,984,664	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		284,724	682,920	967,644	2,442,904
Accrued interest payable		-	246,789	246,789	-
Due to bondholders		420	-	420	-
Deferred revenue - ARPA grant		560,644	-	560,644	-
Current portion of long-term debt		167,006	804,865	971,871	122,932
Long-term liabilities:					
Long-term debt and other liabilities		501,019	27,709,866	28,210,885	193,055
Net pension liability		1,460,637	-	1,460,637	
Total liabilities		2,974,450	29,444,440	32,418,890	2,758,891
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		61,751		61,751	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		10,701,786	9,169,322	19,871,108	2,435,261
Restricted for:			, ,	, ,	, ,
Debt service		-	2,316,128	2,316,128	-
Capital improvements		4,861,733	-	4,861,733	-
Risk management		428,001	-	428,001	-
Inventory		-	156,629	156,629	-
Other purposes		894,165	-	894,165	-
Unrestricted (deficit)		6,294,715	3,719,068	10,013,783	2,736,508
Total net position	\$	23,180,400	15,361,147	38,541,547	5,171,769

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				es		
				Operating	Capital	Net
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	(Expense)
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenue
Primary government:	_					
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	795,704	90,781	167,800	-	(537,123)
Public safety		(1,042,094)	120,256	259,064	32,693	1,454,107
Public works		1,104,165	404,233	-	-	(699,932)
Culture and recreation		568,515	143,161	-	-	(425,354)
Economic deveolpment		49,265	-	-	-	(49,265)
Total government activities	_	1,475,555	758,431	426,864	32,693	(257,567)
Business-type activities:						
Administration		698,364	-	-	-	(698, 364)
Electric		4,983,316	6,696,666	-	-	1,713,350
Water		1,608,013	2,468,888	-	-	860,875
Sewer		711,202	581,683	-	-	(129,519)
Sanitation		757,531	976,506	-	-	218,975
Ambulance		363,614	375,380	-	-	11,766
Golf course		602,796	692,663	-	-	89,867
Airport		131,956	13,910	391,650	-	273,604
Total business-type activities	_	9,856,792	11,805,696	391,650	-	2,340,554
Total primary government	_	11,332,347	12,564,127	818,514	32,693	2,082,987
COMPONENT UNIT						
Purcell Municipal Hospital		11,786,666	8,722,209	1,895,616	-	(1,168,841)
Total component units	\$	11,786,666	8,722,209	1,895,616		(1,168,841)

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Pr	:	Component Unit	
	-	Governmental	Business-type		Municipal
	_	Activities	Activities	Total	Hospital
Change in Net Position:					
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(257,567)	2,340,554	2,082,987	(1,168,841)
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Sales and use		8,075,826	-	8,075,826	-
Franchise		76,050	-	76,050	-
Other		306,513	-	306,513	-
Unrestricted investment income		6,428	367	6,795	2,555
Sale of property		-	502,780	502,780	-
Operating subsidy - Purcell Municipal Hospital		-	(734,665)	(734,665)	746,870
Interest expense - Hospital debt		-	(801,456)	(801,456)	-
Miscellaneous		334,069	(408,975)	(74,906)	29,273
Transfers - internal activity		472,908	(472,908)	-	· -
Contributed capital - fixed assets		(959,907)	959,907	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers	-	8,311,887	(954,950)	7,356,937	778,698
Change in net position		8,054,320	1,385,604	9,439,924	(390,143)
Net Position - beginning	-	15,126,080	13,975,543	29,101,623	5,561,912
Net Position - ending	\$	23,180,400	15,361,147	38,541,547	5,171,769

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

ACCETTO	-	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Cash - Police bond account	\$	1,357,523 2,152	4,474,839	1,048,359	6,880,721 2,152
Restricted cash and investments Investments Receivables, net		1,093,897 53,738	25,314 107,680 -	25,000 17,986	25,314 1,226,577 71,724
Due from other governments Due from other funds	_	1,440,098	850,368	231,021	1,440,098 1,081,389
Total assets	=	3,947,408	5,458,201	1,322,366	10,727,975
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Police bonds outstanding		248,700 420	35,824	200	284,724 420
Unearned revenue - ARPA grant Due to other funds	_	1,081,389	560,644	-	560,644 1,081,389
Total liabilities (Note 2)	_	1,330,509	596,468	200	1,927,177
Fund balances: Restricted Unassigned	_	- 2,616,899	4,861,733	1,322,166	6,183,899 2,616,899
Total fund balances	_	2,616,899	4,861,733	1,322,166	8,800,798
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$_	3,947,408	5,458,201	1,322,366	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stat	eme	nt of net posit	tion are differen	t because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not and therefore are not required in the funds, net of a				77,432	10,701,776
Internal service funds are used by management to cha individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal the statement of net position.	_			0	428,001
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cu and therefore are deferred in the funds:	rren	t period exper	nditures		120,001
Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows					1,455,574 3,984,654
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the curre financial resources, and therefore are not reported i Net pension liability			rrent		(1,460,637)
Pension related deferred inflows Accrued compensated absences					(61,751) (668,015)
Net position of governmental activities					\$ 23,180,400

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General	Capital Improvement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES	-	Turiu			1 41143
Taxes	\$	8,151,876	-	_	8,151,876
Intergovernmental	•	512,588	32,693	207,579	752,860
Licenses and permits		66,777	-	-	66,777
Charge for services		120,073	-	224,190	344,263
Fines and forfeitures		33,783	-	-	33,783
Interest		-	6,158	172	6,330
Miscellaneous		260,077	-	129,002	389,079
Total revenues	_	9,145,174	38,851	560,943	9,744,968
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		697,897	19,476	-	717,373
Public safety		4,074,106	282,677	19,947	4,376,730
Public works		914,836	608,488	165,242	1,688,566
Culture and recreation		399,416	439,951	3,800	843,167
Economic development	_	<u>-</u>		49,265	49,265
Total expenditures	_	6,086,255	1,350,592	238,254	7,675,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	3,058,919	(1,311,741)	322,689	2,069,867
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		1,207,573	3,830,227	-	5,037,800
Transfers out		(4,656,977)	-	-	(4,656,977)
Contributed capital - fixed assets	_	-	(959,907)		(959,907)
Total other financing sources and uses	_	(3,449,404)	2,870,320		(579,084)
Net change in fund balances		(390,485)	1,558,579	322,689	1,490,783
Fund balances-beginning		3,007,384	3,303,154	999,477	7,310,015
Fund balances-ending	\$	2,616,899	4,861,733	1,322,166	8,800,798

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,490,783
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital assets additions Depreciation expense		1,348,560 (655,206)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.		5,872,808
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in accrued compensated absences		(81,082)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal is reported with governmental activities.		78,457
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	8,054,320

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Internal
	Total				
	Purcell Public W	orks Authority	Airport	Enterprise	Service
	<u>Utilities</u>	Golf Course	Authority	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
·	\$ 1,541,393	213,184	(47,559)	1,707,018	428,001
Restricted:					
Cash and investments	308,839	-	-	308,839	-
Accounts, net of allowance for uncollectibles	1,026,109	1,841	-	1,027,950	-
Accrued interest	2,370	-	-	2,370	-
Inventories	150,039	6,590		156,629	
Total current assets	3,028,750	221,615	(47,559)	3,202,806	428,001
Non-current assets:					
Investments	2,060,540	-	-	2,060,540	-
Restricted cash and investments	7,260,873	-	-	7,260,873	-
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	18,830,895	-	551,650	19,382,545	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	10,420,710	1,133,583	1,344,530	12,898,823	-
Total non-current assets	38,573,018	1,133,583	1,896,180	41,602,781	
Total assets	41,601,768	1,355,198	1,848,621	44,805,587	428,001
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	638,756	31,364	12,800	682,920	-
Accrued interest payable	246,789	, -	-	246,789	-
Accrued compensated absences	19,815	19,508	-	39,323	-
Current portion of long-term obligations	740,000	25,542	-	765,542	-
Total current liabilities	1,645,360	76,414	12,800	1,734,574	
Non-current liabilities:					
Notes payable, net of current portion	27,202,309	88,942	_	27,291,251	_
Deposits subject to refund	300,648	-	_	300,648	_
Accrued compensated absences	59,444	58,523	_	117,967	_
Total non-current liabilities	27,562,401	147,465		27,709,866	
Total liabilities	29,207,761	223,879	12,800	29,444,440	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	6,254,041	1,019,100	1,896,181	9,169,322	-
Restricted:					
Debt service	2,316,128	-		2,316,128	-
Inventory	150,039	6,590	-	156,629	-
Payment of claims	-	-	-	-	428,001
Unrestricted	3,673,799	105,629	(60,360)	3,719,068	
Total net position	\$ 12,394,007	1,131,319	1,835,821	15,361,147	428,001

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Postion - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental	
	_				Total	Internal
		Purcell Public V	Vorks Authority	Airport	Enterprise	Service
	_	<u>Utilities</u>	Golf Course	Authority	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
REVENUES						
Electric	\$	6,573,192	-	-	6,573,192	-
Water		2,468,888	-	-	2,468,888	-
Sewer		581,683	-	-	581,683	-
Sanitation		976,506	-	-	976,506	-
Other		123,474	-	-	123,474	24,003
Ambulance		375,380	-	-	375,380	-
Golf		-	692,663	-	692,663	-
Airport		-	-	13,910	13,910	-
Total operating revenues	=	11,099,123	692,663	13,910	11,805,696	24,003
OPERATING EXPENSES						
General and administration		303,622	_	_	303,622	37,729
Purchasing		24,663	_	_	24,663	57,727
Electric		4,865,884	_	_	4,865,884	_
Water		1,185,665	_		1,185,665	_
Sewer		574,744			574,744	
Sanitation		757,531			757,531	
Customer services		312,197	-	-	312,197	-
		25,814	-	-	25,814	-
Information technologies			-	-		-
Ambulance		363,614	-		363,614	-
Golf		-	580,555	- 79,525	580,555 79,525	-
Airport Perceptation and amortization		- E02 (E0	22 244			-
Depreciation and amortization	_	582,659	22,241	52,431	657,331	27 720
Total operating expenses	_	8,996,393	602,796	131,956	9,731,145	37,729
Operating income (loss)	_	2,102,730	89,867	(118,046)	2,074,551	(13,726)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Grant income		-	-	391,650	391,650	-
Miscellaneous revenues (expense)		(429,352)	18,577	1,800	(408,975)	-
Sale of property		502,780	-	-	502,780	-
Interest income		367	-	-	367	98
Purcell Municipal Hospital assistance		(734,665)	-	-	(734,665)	-
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(922,306)	(4,797)	-	(927,103)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	=	(1,583,176)	13,780	393,450	(1,175,946)	98
OPERATING TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL ITEMS						
Transfers in		734,665	-	23,375	758,040	92,085
Transfers out		(1,230,948)	-		(1,230,948)	,
Contributed capital - fixed assets		943,992	-	15,915	959,907	_
Total operating transfers and capital contributions	_	447,709	-	39,290	486,999	92,085
Change in net position	-	967,263	103,647	314,694	1,385,604	78,457
Net Position - beginning		11,426,744	1,027,672	1,521,127	13,975,543	349,544
Net Position - ending	\$	12,394,007	1,131,319	1,835,821	15,361,147	428,001
	=					

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
				Total	Internal
	Purcell Public V	Vorks Authority	Airport	Enterprise	Service
	<u>Utilities</u>	Golf Course	Authority	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	\$ 10,730,944	692,663	13,911	11,437,518	24,003
Payments to suppliers and employees	(8,049,804)	(566,862)	(65,000)	(8,681,666)	(37,729)
Other receipts and payments, net		-	-	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,681,140	125,801	(51,089)	2,755,852	(13,726)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purcell Municipal Hospital assistance	(734,665)	-	-	(734,665)	-
Operating transfers in (out)	(496,283)	-	23,375	(472,908)	92,085
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,230,948)		23,375	(1,207,573)	92,085
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Grant proceeds	-	-	391,650	391,650	-
Principal paid on long-term debt	(821,294)	(24,603)	-	(845,897)	-
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(922,306)	(4,797)	-	(927,103)	-
(Acquisition) disposition of capital assets	(8,154,650)	-	(407,565)	(8,562,215)	-
Governmental type assets purchased with proprirtary type funds	943,992		15,915	959,907	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and	(8,954,258)	(20, 400)		(8 083 658)	
related financing activities	(8,954,258)	(29,400)		(8,983,658)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease (increase) in investments	81,696	-	-	81,696	-
Interest received	367	-	-	367	98
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	82,063			82,063	98
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(7,422,003)	96,401	(27,714)	(7,353,316)	78,457
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	16,533,108	141,783	(19,845)	16,655,046	349,544
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 9,111,105	238,184	(47,559)	9,301,730	428,001
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,541,393	213,184	(47,559)	1,707,018	428,001
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	7,569,712	-	-	7,569,712	-
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 9,111,105	213,184	(47,559)	9,276,730	428,001
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH					
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	2,102,730	89,867	(118,046)	2,074,551	(13,726)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Cash flows reported in other categories:					
Depreciation expense	582,659	22,241	52,431	657,331	-
Miscellaneous revenue	73,428	18,577	1,800	93,805	-
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Receivable, net	(18,927)	-	-	(18,927)	-
Due from other funds	239,853	-	-	239,853	-
Due to Purcell Municipal Hospital	(239,853)	-	-	(239,853)	-
Refundable deposits	44,699	-	-	44,699	-
Accounts payable	(107,514)	1,975	12,726	(92,813)	-
Accrued expenses	4,065	(6,859)	-	(2,794)	-
Total adjustments	578,410	35,934	66,957	681,301	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,681,140	125,801	(51,089)	2,755,852	(13,726)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Purcell, Oklahoma (the "City") conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for municipalities are defined as those principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices of the City.

Financial Reporting Entity - The City is an incorporated municipality located in central Oklahoma. The City operates under a council-manager form of government with a charter that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the governing body includes an elected five-member City Council and Mayor
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Council

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and therefore data from these units are combined with the data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year end.

Blended Component Units - The Purcell Public Works Authority (PPWA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture, for the benefit of the City of Purcell. PPWA was established to acquire, construct, develop, equip, operate, and maintain the City's electric, water, sanitary sewer, solid waste disposal systems and golf course. The water, sanitary sewer and solid waste disposal systems owned by the City have been leased to PPWA, including long-term financing and capital development. Council members serve as Trustees and the City Manager is General Manager. The Authority is reported as an enterprise fund.

The Purcell Municipal Hospital's ownership was transferred to Purcell Public Works Authority on April 4, 1969 to operate, regulate, and administer the hospital. The governing body consists of six members composed of two at large members who are residents of Purcell, two members who are residents of McClain County or a Lexington zip code, a member from the medical industry, and the hospital chief of staff who is a non-voting member. All Board members shall be approved and appointed by the Authority. Any issuance of debt requires a 2/3 approval of the PPWA board of trustees.

The Purcell Municipal Hospital issued separate financial statements audited by another independent firm, which are available by contacting their administrative office.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The Purcell Airport Authority (PAA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture, for the benefit of the City of Purcell. PPA was created to operate and maintain the municipal airport. City Council members serve as Trustees and the City Manager is General Manager. The Authority is reported as an enterprise fund.

Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the blended component units.

Each component unit is a Public Trust established pursuant to Title 60 of the Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through the issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. In accordance with state law, all debt obligations incurred by public trusts require 2/3 approval by the City Council. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation for the Authority to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trust, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

Basis of presentation and accounting:

The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") statements in the preparation of its financial statements. The presentation includes financial statements that communicate the City's financial condition and changes therein at two distinct levels:

- The City as a Whole (a government-wide presentation)
- The City's Funds (a presentation of the City's major and aggregate non-major funds)

Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities.

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, general administration, streets, parks and recreation. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of the activities.

Business-type activities - Services where the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of the services it provides. The City's electric, water, sewer and sanitation systems are reported here. Additionally, operation of the golf course and municipal airport are reported as business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Financial Statements -

Governmental Funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how much money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds report their activities on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus that is different from other funds. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for reimbursement type grants that are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, judgments, and pension liabilities are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures driven grants are recognized as revenues when qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine (through a review of changes in fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for general operations of the City including public safety, parks, public facilities, street maintenance and internal service support.
- Capital Projects Fund accounts major capital improvement projects

The following are the City's aggregate non-major governmental funds:

- Street & Alley Fund
- Rural Fire Fund
- Drug Enforcement Fund
- Economic Development Fund
- Cemetery Care Fund
- Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund

The reconciliation of the governmental fund financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Proprietary Funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Internal service funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to other funds or departments of the City. Proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as reductions to the liability.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported an nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The following are the City's proprietary funds:

- Purcell Public Works Authority (PPWA accounts for the revenues from operations of water, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and golf course.
- Purcell Airport Authority (PAA) accounts for the revenues from operations of the municipal airport.
- Internal Service Fund accounts for unemployment insurance management functions provided to various funds of the City.

The following are the City's internal service funds:

- Unemployment Insurance Fund
- HSA Fund

Accounting Policies -

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

- a. Cash and Cash Equivalents The City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.
- b. Pooled Cash and Investments The City Charter requires all cash belonging to the City to be placed in the custody of the Financial Services Department of the City. A "Pooled Cash" concept is used in maintaining the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes and each fund has an equity in the pooled amounts. Investments are allocated to the individual participating funds based upon a percentage determined by the Financial Services Department of the City. An interfund receivable/payable is recognized if the allocation of investments to a particular fund exceeds the fund's pooled cash amount before the allocation of the pooled investments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Purchases and maturities of the pooled investments, as reported in the fund's statement of cash flow, are allocated to the participating proprietary funds based on their portion of total pooled investments.

c. Investments - Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The City considers quoted market price on June 30, 2022, to be the fair value of its investments.

Oklahoma Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions located in this state, or fully insured certificates of deposit at banks, savings bank, savings and loan associations and credit unions located out of state; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank, a savings bank, a savings and loan association or a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank; prime banker's acceptances which are eligible for purchases by the Federal Reserve System and which do not exceed 270 days' maturity; prime commercial paper which shall not have a maturity that exceeds 180 days nor represent more than 10% of the outstanding paper of an issuing corporation; repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified above; and money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of those items noted above.

d. Receivables and payables - In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received.

- e. Interfund Receivable and Payables Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to / due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to / from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to / from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."
- f. Restricted Assets Restricted assets include cash and investments of both governmental activities and business-type activities that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are primarily related to debt trustee accounts and guaranty deposits.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

g. Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, the majority of which generally consists of donated land and infrastructure which is recorded in the governmental funds and donated water and sewer distribution systems which are recorded in the proprietary funds, are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 - 65 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings & infrastructure	10 - 20 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	3 - 7 years

- h. *Inventory* The City records parts and fuel inventory as expenses within the General Fund. Parts inventory is recorded using actual cost.
- i. Long-term Debt Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and the measurement focus applied, and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary funds are reported as liabilities as incurred. The long-term debt presently is primarily comprised of revenue bonds payable, net pension liability, and accrued compensated absences. This long-term debt is reported not of unamortized discounts and premiums.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- j. Claims and Judgments Payable Under state law, judgments against the City can be paid over three years or can be paid immediately. A liability would be recorded within the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements for claims and judgments payable. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they will be paid from current financial resources.
- k. Compensated Absences Under the terms of union contracts and City personnel policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for vacation leave accumulated and vested accumulated sick leave. Vesting of sick leave by employees and maximum number of hours that can be accumulated for vacation and sick leave are dependent upon an employees' service as contained in the City's personnel manual. Upon retirement, one-half of accumulated sick leave is converted to cash, subject to the above limitation for maximum compensation for unused compensated absences.
- l. Pensions For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's multiemployer pension plans and additions to/deductions from the multiemployer pension plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- m. Fund Equity In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:
 - 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings attributable to those assets.
 - 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
 - 3. *Unrestricted net position* All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. For projects funded with tax-exempt debt proceeds and other sources, the debt proceeds are used first.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows and based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

- a) Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.
- b) Restricted Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an Ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by ordinance remains in place until a similar action by City Council is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.
- d) Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- e) Unassigned Includes the residual balance of the General Fund that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes with the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance) are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS) and the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) (the Plans). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City has deferred outflows related to pensions, with one being the amount of contributions made to pension plans after the measurement date, and the other the difference in investment experience between actual earnings and projected earnings on pension plan investments and the difference in assumption changes. Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of pension liability in the following year. The remaining amounts will be amortized to pension expense over future periods. See Note 4 for additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has a deferred inflow related to pensions. This consists of the difference between expected and actual experience related to pension plans as well as the difference in assumption changes. These amounts are amortized over future periods to pension expense.

Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

- a. Sales Taxes Sales taxes are collected by vendors and required to be remitted to the State of Oklahoma by the 20th of the month following collection. The tax is then paid to the City by the 10th of the next month. A two-month lag exists between collection by the vendor and payment to the City by the State. Revenue received in July and August from sales made in May and June, respectively, is available for prior year expenses and is accrued in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- b. Charges for Services Charges for service consist primarily of charges made by one fund for services such as insurance and other benefits provided to the other funds of the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- c. Intergovernmental Revenues/Capital Grants Earned Revenues from Federal and State operating grants are recognized when expenditures are made. Similarly, capital grants are considered earned when the expenditures are made. The earned portion of capital grants in Proprietary Funds is treated as a capital contribution within the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.
- d. Investment Earnings Investment earnings on pooled cash and investments are allocated on a pro-rata basis to the City's funds based on the percentage of each fund's average monthend pooled cash balance.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Compliance

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing is held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. Subsequent to City Council enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All fund decreases of appropriation and supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments within a fund without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Purcell Public Works Authority is required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of budget or definition of a legal level of control; and, therefore, no budget and actual financial presentation for the PPWA funds is included in this report.

Deposits and Investment Laws and Regulations

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City may not recover its deposits. The City's policy to minimize its exposure to custodial credit risk for deposit is that all deposits shall either be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank or invested in United States government obligations, and direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in the State of Oklahoma, in the City's name. At June 30, 2022, the City's bank balances of approximately \$9,121,798 were fully insured or collateralized with securities.

Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the duration of certificates of deposits or other fixed-income securities.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The City minimizes its exposure to investment credit risk by adopting investment policies that comply with the Oklahoma State statutes. As a result, investments are limited to the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable pledged collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds and repurchase agreements which consist of the authorized investments of the United States government agency obligations with restrictions as specified in state law.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by restrictions in their trust or bond indentures.

The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations and agencies as of the end of year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the United States government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City may not recover the value of its investments. The City's policy to minimize its exposure to custodial credit risk for investments is that all investments shall either be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank or invested in United States government obligations, and direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in the State of Oklahoma, in the City's name. At June 30, 2022, the City's investments are certificates of deposit in local banks. At June 30, 2022, the certificates of deposits were fully insured or collateralized.

Debt Restrictions and Covenants

General Obligation Debt

Article 10, Sections 26 and 27 of the Oklahoma Constitution limits the amount of certain outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of the net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City did not have outstanding general obligation debt.

Other Long-term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval.

Revenue Note Debt

The indentures relating to the revenue note issues of the Purcell Public Works Authority contain a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, debt service coverage requirements and required reserve account balances.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance, thereon, as of June 30, 2022:

Requirement <u>Level of Compliance</u>

Purcell Public Works Authority

- a. Flow of Funds
- 1. 2019 Revenue Note
 - Construction Fund
 - Debt Service Fund
- 2. 2020 Revenue Bonds
 - Construction Fund
 - Debt Service Fund
 - Debt Service Reserve fund

Authority maintained all required accounts and made the required payments into such accounts.

Authority maintained all required accounts and made the required payments into such accounts.

Fund Equity/Net Position Restrictions

Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position at the government-wide financial statements is required to restrict funds in accordance with various laws and regulations, specifically those laws and regulations dealing with debt service and the use of restricted revenues. See Note 3 for details of restricted net position.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

The following notes present detailed information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

Deposits and Investment Risks

The City of Purcell, including its blended component units, held the following deposits and investments on June 30, 2022:

		Credit		Carrying
Туре	Maturities	Rating		Value
Deposits:				
Demand deposits			\$	9,457,147
Cash on hand				2,600
Time deposits	Due within 1 year			167,744
Time deposits	Due in 1 - 5 years		_	2,986,692
			_	12,614,183
Investments:				
Trustee money market account		AAAm	_	7,285,852
			_	7,285,852
Total deposits and investments			\$_	19,900,035
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position	:			
Cash and cash equivalents			\$	9,017,892
Restricted cash and investments				7,595,026
Investments			_	3,287,117
			\$_	19,900,035

Restricted Assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the public trusts (Authorities) related to its required revenue bond accounts as described in Note 2 and amounts due to depositors related to utility deposits.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Meter deposits	\$ 308,839
Capital Lease Obligation - 2015	
Debt service	25,314
Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2019:	
Project account	1,894,803
Debt service	236,447
Utility System Revenue Bond, Series 2020:	
Project account	3,049,942
Debt service	518,998
Debt service reserve	 1,560,683
Total restricted assets	\$ 7,595,026

Receivables and Uncollectible Accounts

Accounts receivable of governmental and business-type activities consist of sales tax, franchise tax and fees, property tax, grants funds due, customer utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, all reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts are as follows:

			Nonmajor	Purcell	
		General	Governmental	Public Works	
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Authority</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:					
Taxes	\$	1,440,098	17,936	-	1,458,034
Accounts		53,738	50	1,249,329	1,303,117
Interest		-		2,370	2,370
Gross receivables	_	1,493,836	17,986	1,251,699	2,763,521
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		-		225,590	225,590
Net total receivables	\$	1,493,836	17,986	1,026,109	2,537,931

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Ending
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 825,903	-	-	-	825,903
Construction in progress	1,115,666	874,390			1,990,056
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,941,569	874,390			2,815,959
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	7,566,201	19,477	-	-	7,585,678
Machinery and equipment	2,110,191	256,838	-	-	2,367,029
Vehicles	3,899,118	197,855	-	-	4,096,973
Infrastructure	24,313,570	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	24,313,570
Total capital assets being depreciated	37,889,080	474,170	<u> </u>	-	38,363,250
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	3,122,738	149,188	-	-	3,271,926
Machinery and equipment	1,517,267	141,757	-	-	1,659,024
Vehicles	2,969,480	292,896	-	-	3,262,376
Infrastructure	22,212,742	71,365	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	22,284,107
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,822,227	655,206	-		30,477,433
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,066,853	(181,036)			7,885,817
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,008,422	693,354	-		10,701,776

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 60,078
Public safety	407,774
Streets	118,317
Cultural and recreation	69,037
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 655,206

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Ending
Business-type activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	510,935	10,895	-	-	521,830
Construction in progress		10,668,131	8,276,606	(84,022)	<u>-</u>	18,860,715
Total capital assets not being depreciated		11,179,066	8,287,501	(84,022)	-	19,382,545
Capital assets being depreciated:	_			_		
Buildings and improvements		940,350	-	59,022	-	999,372
Machinery and equipment		1,337,690	148,252	25,000	-	1,510,942
Vehicles		1,547,566	-	-	-	1,547,566
Infrastructure		28,329,032	151,461	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	28,480,493
Total capital assets being depreciated		32,154,638	299,713	84,022	-	32,538,373
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_			_		
Buildings and improvements		479,617	19,606	-	-	499,223
Machinery and equipment		1,159,851	52,053	-	-	1,211,904
Vehicles		1,115,571	97,645	-	-	1,213,216
Infrastructure		16,227,180	488,027	-	-	16,715,207
Total capital assets being depreciated		18,982,219	657,331	-		19,639,550
Net depreciable assets		13,172,419	(357,618)	84,022	<u>-</u>	12,898,823
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	24,351,485	7,929,883	-	-	32,281,368

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:

Electric	\$ 117,432
Water	306,576
Sewer	143,621
General government	15,030
Airport	52,431
Golf course	22,241
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 657,331

Deposits Subject to Refund

Utility customers are required to make a meter deposit, which is refunded upon the customer's termination of services, provided there are no outstanding bills. Monies are deposited in separate accounts, and a liability has been recorded to represent the amount of deposits due to customers. As of June 30, 2022, cash and investments included \$308,839 available for refund of customer deposits, while the liability to customers was \$300,648.

Appearance bonds and other payments made to the municipal court funds are held until final disposition by the court at which time they are refunded to the bondholder or paid over to the City general fund as fines. As of June 30, 2022, \$420 was being held that was subject to refund.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Long-term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated by the amounts involving governmental activities and business activities.

Business-type Activities Long-term Debt:

On June 30, 2022, the long-term debt payable from enterprise fund resources consisted of the following:

Revenue Notes Payable

\$9,060,000 Purcell Public Works Authority Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2019	
dated March 29, 2019, secured by a pledge of revenues generated by the water,	
sanitary sewer and electric collection systems, proceeds to be used to pay the	
outstanding principal of the Series 2011 revenue note and for various capital	
improvements: due in semi-annual principal installments ranging from \$325,000	
to \$425,000 with a final payment due April 1, 2031; with interest at 2.67%.	6,955,000
\$295,448 Purcell Public Works Authority Series 2014 Golf Course and Proshop	
Note; dated January 10, 2014; due in 151 monthly installments of \$2,450, beginning	
February 10, 2014; with a final payment due September 10, 2026; with interest at	
3.75%, secured by the operations of the golf course.	114,848
Total Revenue Notes Payable \$	7,069,848

Total Revenue Notes Payable	\$_	7,069,848
Current portion	\$	795,542
Non-current portion		6,274,306
	\$	7,069,848

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Revenue Bonds Payable

\$20,190,000 Purcell Public Works Authority Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 dated March 1, 2020, secured by a pledge of two cents of future sales and use tax, proceeds to be used to pay the design and construction of a municipal hospital; due in semi-annual principal installments ranging from \$755,000 to \$1,505,000 with a final payment due March 1, 2040; with interest rates from 3.125% to 5.000%.\$

20,190,000

Current portion	\$	755,000
Non-current portion	_	19,435,000
	\$	20,190,000

Accrued Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences reported in the business-type activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave, sick leave and compensatory time.

Governmental activities	\$ 668,025
Business-type activities	 157,290
Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 825,315

Due to Depositors

Outstanding deposits for utility services, refundable only upon termination of services, amounted to the following:

Current portion	Ş	=
Non-current portion		300,648
Total Due to Depositors	\$	300,648

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Beginning Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities							
Accrued compensated absences	\$_	586,942	81,083		668,025	167,006	
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	586,942	81,083		668,025	167,006	
Business-type activities							
Revenue Bonds - Series 2020	\$	20,190,000	-	-	20,190,000	775,000	
Revenue Note - Series 2019		7,695,000	-	740,000	6,955,000	770,000	
Revenue Note - Golf Course		139,087	-	24,603	114,484	25,542	
Deposits subject to refund		255,949	44,699	-	300,648	-	
Accrued compensated absences	_	155,583	1,707		157,290	39,323	
Total Business-type Activities	\$_	28,435,619	46,406	764,603	27,717,422	1,609,865	
Reconciliation to Statement of Position							
Plus: Unamortized bond premiun	n (di	scount)			797,310		
					28,514,732		

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, with interest rates applicable on June 30, 2022, excluding accrued compensated absences, due to depositors, net pension liability are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Type	e Activities
<u>June 30,</u>	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$	-	-	1,550,542	986,940
2024		-	-	1,616,509	926,530
2025		-	-	1,687,528	864,334
2026		-	-	1,678,578	799,240
2027		-	-	1,641,327	734,947
2028-2032		-	-	8,395,000	2,663,566
2033-2037		-	-	6,335,000	1,455,600
2038-2042		<u>-</u>		4,355,000	319,544
Totals	\$_	<u>-</u> _	-	27,259,484	8,750,701

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Applicability of Federal Arbitrage Regulations

Debt issuances of the City and Authorities issued after the Tax Reform Act of 1986 are subject to the federal arbitrage regulations. The arbitrage rebate regulations require that all earnings from investment of gross proceeds of a bond issue in excess of the amount that could have been earned had the yield on the investment been equal to the yield on the bonds be remitted to the federal government. These carry strict penalties for noncompliance including taxability of interest retroactive to the date of the issue. The City's management believes the City is in compliance with these rules and regulations.

Pledge of Future Revenues

Sales and Use Tax Pledge - The City has pledged two cents of future sales and use tax revenues to repay the \$20,190,000 Purcell Public Works Authority Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 which are payable through March 1, 2040. Proceeds from the bonds will provide financing for construction of municipal hospital. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the bonds is \$28,050,456. Pledged sales and use tax received in the current year was \$3,230,330. The maximum annual debt service is \$1,560,206 resulting in a coverage ratio on June 30, 2022 of 207%

<u>Utility Revenue Pledge</u>

The City has pledged the revenues from the sale of electric, water and sewer services to repay the Series 2019 Purcell Public Works Authority Utility System Revenue Notes which are payable through April 1, 2031. Proceeds from the notes provided for the defeasement of the outstanding balance of the 2011 Revenue Notes and financing for construction of designated capital improvements. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the notes is \$7,834,765. Pledged gross utility revenue received in the current year was \$9,623,763 delivering net revenues for the rate coverage requirement of \$2,331,174. The maximum annual debt service is \$963,506 resulting in a coverage ratio on June 30, 2022 of 242%.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid grossing up balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Transfers:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose of Transfer
General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	3,830,227	Debt service payments
General Fund	Purcell Public Works Auth.	734,665	Operating subsidy - Hospital
General Fund	HSA Fund	92,085	Operating subsidy
Purcell Public Works Auth.	General Fund	1,207,573	Operating subsidy
Purcell Public Works Auth.	Purcell Airport Authority	23,375	Operating subsidy
		5,887,925	
Reconciliation to Fund Finar	ncial Statements:		
	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net Transfers
Governmental Funds	5,616,884	(4,656,977)	959,907
Proprietary Funds	271,041	(1,230,948)	(959,907)
	5,887,925	(5,887,925)	-
Reconciliation to Statement	of Activities:		
Net Transfers			

Balances:

itarices.			
Payable Fund	Receivable Fund	Amount	Nature of Interfund Balance
General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	850,368	Sales tax transfer receivable
General Fund	Water Impact Fee Fund	226,209	Operating subsidy receivable
General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	4,812	Operating subsidy receivable
		1,081,389	-
Reconciliation to Fund Fin	ancial Statements:		•
	Due To	Due From	Net Interfund Balance
Governmental Funds	1,081,389	(1,081,389)	-
Proprietary Funds	-	-	-
	1,081,389	(1,081,389)	-

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Fund Balances and Net Position

Fund Balances

The following table shows the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

		Capital	Other	
	General	Improvement	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fuunds	Total
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
Capital improvements	-	4,861,733	-	4,861,733
Public safety	-	-	227,805	227,805
Economic development	-	-	721,327	721,327
Street	-	-	163,513	163,513
Cemetery	-		209,521	209,521
Subtotal Nonspendable	-	4,861,733	1,322,166	6,183,899
Unassigned (deficit):	2,616,899		<u> </u>	2,616,899
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	2,616,899	4,861,733	1,322,166	8,800,798

Sales Tax

Sales tax revenue represents a five cents tax on each dollar of taxable sales of which is recorded as follows:

- 2 cents are recorded in the General Fund for general operational purposes,
- 2 cent is recorded in the General Fund and then transferred to the Capital Improvement Fund for capital expenditures and for the payment of debt service in connection with obligations issued to finance specified capital expenditures. 1 cent is designated for Purcell Hospital improvements and debt service.
- 1 cent is record in the General Fund and then transferred to the Purcell Public Works Authority for payment of debt service.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of asset; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability Covered through purchased insurance with a \$25,000 deductible, per occurrence.
- Physical Property Covered through purchased insurance with a \$25,000 deductible, per occurrence.
- Workers' Compensation Workers' compensation is covered through self-insurance with the City administering the claims process. The City does not carry stop-loss insurance.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments

Construction in Progress

The following construction contracts were outstanding on June 30, 2022:

	Total		
	Construction	Total	Remaining
	In Progress	<u>Project</u>	To Complete
Governmental Activities			
I-35 Interchange	\$ 1,636,140	4,300,000	2,663,860
Lake trails - Phase II	353,926	524,579	170,653
Business-type Activities			
Pump station	5,500	55,000	49,500
City yard	682,284	4,000,000	3,317,716
Municipal hospital	17,621,946	20,190,000	2,568,054
S. Canadian lift station	34,920	526,000	491,080
Penn Avenue waterline	10,080	169,700	159,620
Water well	114,336	433,000	318,664
Airport runway improvements	391,650	533,000	141,350
	\$ 20,850,782	30,731,279	9,880,497

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Contingent Liabilities

General Litigation - The City and Utilities Authority are parties to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the self-insurance reserves maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance reserves would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal Grants - In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Management does not believe any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits will be material.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City participates in four employee pension systems as follows:

Names of Plan/System	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
City of Purcell, Oklahoma Employee Retirement Plan	Single Employer - Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan
City of Purcell, Oklahoma Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan	Single Employer - Deferred Compensation Plan

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Summary of Defined Benefit Plan Balances

		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	_		
Police Pension System	\$	(1,455,574)	-
Firefighter's Pension System	_	1,460,637	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>_</u>	5,063	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Police Pension System	\$	1,994,366	-
Firefighter's Pension System	_	1,990,298	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$_	3,984,664	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Police Pension System	\$	3,703	-
Firefighter's Pension System	_	58,048	<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$_	61,751	-

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (PPRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Purcell, as the employer, participates in the Police Pension & Retirement - a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (PPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the PPRS. PPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/pprs.

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - The Plan provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by State statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

- The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.
- Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined
 as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months
 of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service,
 with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.
- Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.
- Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death
 of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of
 duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute eight percent (8%) of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute thirteen percent (13%) of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$136,500. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$86,075. These onbehalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Net Pension Liabilities/Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a asset of \$1,455,574 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.303424%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension credit of \$145,706. As of June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 78,350	\$	-
Changes of assumptions	22,134		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,774,059		-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between City contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	55		-
City contributions during measurement period	-		3,703
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	119,768	_	
Total	\$ 1,994,366	\$_	3,703

\$119,768 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

\$	1,870,895
2027	2,442
2026	359,124
2025	446,319
2024	511,332
2023 \$	551,678

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12.0% averages, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with

fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healty Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021; valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	5.11%
Domestic equity	6.80%
International equity	11.45%
Real estate	8.60%
Private equity	11.58%
Commodities	0.00%

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net position liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.5%) or one percentage point higher - (8.5%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	_	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability	\$_	(545,884) \$	(1,455,574)		(2,224,784)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the PPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/PPRS.

Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)

Plan Description - The City of Purcell, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement - a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - In general, the Plan provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Normal Retirement:

Hired Prior to November 1, 2013

Normal retirement is attained upon completing 20 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month.

Hired After November 1, 2013

- Normal retirement is attained upon completing 22 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 55% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. Also, participants must be age 50 to begin receiving benefits. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month.
- All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.
- All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of services, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

• A \$5,000 lump sum, death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$100,870. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$161,738. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - On June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,460,637 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.221790%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$126,634. On June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 529,740 \$	25,651
Changes of assumptions	-	32,397
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,161,144	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	190,447	_
City contributions during measurement date	7,359	-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	101,608	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 1,990,298 \$	58,048

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

\$101,608 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2023 \$	630,302
2024	514,497
2025	451,500
2026	335,952
\$	1,932,251

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.50% averages, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the MP-2018 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021; valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	4.38%
Domestic equity	7.41%
International equity	9.82%
Real estate	7.70%
Other assets	5.67%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing an allocation of the insurance premium, as established by Oklahoma statute. Prior to July 1, 2020, the Plan was allocated 36% of the Statewide insurance premium tax. The State of Oklahoma has passed legislation that changes the allocation percentage as follows:

- 25.2% effective September 1, 2020
- 27.0% effective July 1, 2021
- 39.6% effective July 1, 2022
- 36.0% effective July 1, 2027

The Plan will also receive \$81,250 each year from July 1, 2020 to July 1, 2027. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net position liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.5%) or one percentage point higher - (8.5%) than the current rate:

	<u>•</u>	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	 1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability	\$	2,282,548 \$	1,460,637	\$ 772,530

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Employee Retirement Plan (the DC Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Purcell, Oklahoma Employee Retirement Plan, is a single-employer defined contribution money purchase pension plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in state fire and police retirement programs. The Plan operates as a trust administered by the Ameritas Life Insurance. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Full-time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after six months of service. Benefits vest after five years of service, as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
Less than five years	0%
Five years or more	100%

Benefits to be paid to employees at a future date are dependent on the sum of the employee contributions with interest, the City financed contributions with interest, and the respective employee vesting percentage as established by the plan. There are no guaranteed retirement benefits in the plan, and the City disclaims any liability between the employer and the employee regarding benefits in the plan. Any and all claims of the employee may be satisfied only out of the funds held in the plan under the individual employee's account. Each employee receives a year-end statement of his account and selects how the funds are invested.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The employee contributes either 5% or 7% of compensation to the Plan, and the employer contributes 7% of employee compensation. Contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, for employees and employer were \$200,063 and \$212,973, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's covered payroll was \$3,042,465. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the City of Purcell to active employees covered by the Plan on which contributions are based.

City of Purcell 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (DC Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Purcell 457 Deferred Compensation Plan is available to all full-time employees. The DC Plan was created in accordance with Section 457 of the *Internal Revenue Code* and permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employee until retirement, termination, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - DC Plan participants may contribute up to \$18,000 of eligible compensations in calendar years 2022 and 2020. In addition, employees aged 50 and older may contribute a catch-up contribution of \$5,500. Contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, for employees and employer were \$0 and \$39,607, respectively.

The employer's contributions are subject to immediate vesting.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date of the independent auditor's report which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Purcell, Oklahoma General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Budget	,		Variance with Final Budget Over
	_	Original	Revisions	Final	Actual	(Under)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	6,667,500	-	6,667,500	8,116,083	1,448,583
Intergovernmental		318,488	615,644	934,132	512,588	(421,544)
Licenses and permits		64,000	-	64,000	66,777	2,777
Charge for services		13,700	-	13,700	120,073	106,373
Fines and forfeitures		120,000	-	120,000	33,783	(86,217)
Interest		8,000	-	8,000	-	(8,000)
Miscellaneous		399,000	-	399,000	260,077	(138,923)
Total revenues		7,590,688	615,644	8,206,332	9,109,381	903,049
EXPENDITURES						
General government:						
General government		282,525	(15,529)	266,996	210,724	56,272
Administration		295,881	18,479	314,360	308,993	5,367
Information technology		72,554	(4,600)	67,954	58,299	9,655
Municipal court		125,829	-	125,829	119,881	5,948
Public safety:						
Police		2,189,807	(11,440)	2,178,367	1,830,467	347,900
Fire		1,240,160	11,440	1,251,600	1,188,293	63,307
Animal control		163,731	15,022	178,753	176,213	2,540
Communications		655,691	-	655,691	556,424	99,267
Emergency management		113,414	33	113,447	98,095	15,352
Code enforcement		283,282	-	283,282	224,614	58,668
Public works:						
Streets		896,717	-	896,717	753,515	143,202
Cemetery		172,837	-	172,837	161,321	11,516
Culture and recreation:						
Park and recreation		416,194	(3,879)	412,315	399,416	12,899
Total expenditures	_	6,908,622	9,526	6,918,148	6,086,255	831,893
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		682,066	606,118	1,288,184	3,023,126	1,734,942
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers	_	(3,519,206)	(560,644)	(4,079,850)	(3,166,304)	913,546
Net change in fund balances		(2,837,140)	45,474	(2,791,666)	(143,178)	2,648,488
Fund balances - beginning		2,837,140	-	2,837,140	3,125,011	287,871
Fund balances - ending	\$_	-	45,474	45,474	2,981,833	2,936,359

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Notes to Required Supplemental Information On Budgetary Accounting and Control For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. By July 1, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

Per State law, the legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund. All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector. No departments exceeded appropriations.

Budgetary Accounting

The annual operating budgets are prepared and presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not considered expenditures for budgetary purposes since the City intends to honor the commitments and provide for supplemental appropriations in the following budget year. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Notes to Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budget Reconciliations - Items required to adjust actual revenues, expenditures, and fund balances reported on the budgetary basis to those reported within the fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	_	General Fund
Fund balances - budgetary basis, June 30, 2022 Current year revenue and transfer accruals Prior year revenue and transfer accruals Current year expenditure accruals	\$	2,981,833 (333,000) (31,934)
Fund balances - fund financial statements, June 30, 2022	\$_	2,616,899
Revenues - budgetary basis, June 30, 2022 Current year revenue accruals Prior year revenue accruals	\$ _	9,109,381 96,833 (61,040)
Revenues - fund financial statements, June 30, 2022	\$_	9,145,174
Expenditures - budgetary basis, June 30, 2022 Current year expenditure accruals Prior year expenditure accruals	\$_	6,086,255
Expenditures - fund financial statements, June 30, 2022	\$ <u>_</u>	6,086,255
Transfers - budgetary basis, June 30, 2022 Current year transfer accruals Prior year transfer accruals	\$ _	(3,166,304) (1,446,612) 1,163,512
Transfers - fund financial statements, June 30, 2022	\$_	(3,449,404)

City of Purcell, Oklahoma
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
 Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) 	_	0.326400%	0.323000%	0.311100%	0.308700%	0.284930%	0.280968%	0.305005%	0.303424%
Employer's proporionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(109,903)	13,169	476,504	23,745	(135,727)	(17,937)	350,283	(1,455,574)
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	913,200	912,954	917,600	920,554	869,123	913,677	1,021,515	1,050,000
 Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll 		-12.03%	1.44%	51.93%	2.58%	-15.62%	-1.96%	34.29%	-138.63%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%	117.07%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2021

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer's Contributions Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 118,716	118,684	119,288	119,672	112,986	118,778	132,797	136,500
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ (118,716)	(118,684)	(119,288)	(119,672)	(112,986)	(118,778)	(132,797)	(136,500)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 913,200	912,954	917,600	920,554	869,123	913,677	1,021,515	1,050,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2021

City of Purcell, Oklahoma
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
 Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) 	_	0.019890%	0.199600%	0.201177%	0.179423%	0.202559%	0.202103%	0.199297%	0.221790%
Employer's proporionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,045,089	2,118,046	2,457,809	2,256,643	2,280,102	2,135,552	2,455,166	1,460,637
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	555,259	545,221	562,735	509,986	602,450	624,986	639,729	720,500
 Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll 		368.31%	388.47%	436.76%	442.49%	378.47%	341.70%	383.78%	202.73%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%	84.24%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2021

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer's Contributions Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 74,328	76,331	78,783	71,398	84,343	87,498	89,562	100,870
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ (74,328)	(76,331)	(78,783)	(71,398)	(84,343)	(87,498)	(89,562)	(100,870)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 530,914	545,221	562,735	509,986	602,450	624,986	639,729	720,500
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2021

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	_				Special Rever	nue			Permanent	Total
ASSETS		Street & <u>Alley</u>	Rural <u>Fire</u>	Drug <u>Enforcement</u>	Lodging <u>Tax Fund</u>	Economic <u>Development</u>	Water Impact Fee	Cemetery <u>Care</u>	Cemetery Perpetual <u>Care</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	153,681	227,705	100	124,825	31,658	325,919	184,471	-	1,048,359
Investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,000	25,000
Due from other funds		4,812	-	-	-	-	226,209	-	-	231,021
Receivables, net	_	5,020			12,916			50		17,986
TOTAL	=	163,513	227,705	100	137,741	31,658	552,128	184,521	25,000	1,322,366
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	_	-			-	200				200
Total liabilities	_					200				200
Fund balances:										
Restricted		163,513	227,705	100	137,741	31,458	552,128	184,521	25,000	1,322,166
Assigned	_	-			-					
Total fund balances	-	163,513	227,705	100	137,741	31,458	552,128	184,521	25,000	1,322,166
TOTAL	\$_	163,513	227,705	100	137,741	31,658	552,128	184,521	25,000	1,322,366

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Special Reve	nue			Permanent	Total
REVENUES		Street &	Rural <u>Fire</u>	Drug Enforcement	Lodging Tax Fund	Economic Development	Water Impact Fee	Cemetery Care	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Intergovernmental	\$	63,872	5,413	-	138,294	-	-	<u>eare</u>	<u>eare</u> -	207,579
Charge for services	7	-	26,060	_	130,271	-	175,042	23,088	_	224,190
Interest		_	103	_	20	-	-	49	_	172
Donation		_	55,000	_		_	_	-	_	55,000
Miscellaneous		_	1,891	_	_	59,239	-	12,872	_	74,002
Total revenues	_	63,872	88,467		138,314	59,239	175,042	36,009		560,943
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	19,947	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,947
Public works		62,406	-	-	-	-	102,836	-	-	165,242
Economic development		-	-	-	573	48,692	-	-	-	49,265
Cultural and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	3,800	-	3,800
Total expenditures	_	62,406	19,947		573	48,692	102,836	3,800		238,254
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	_	1,466	68,520		137,741	10,547	72,206	32,209		322,689
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-			-	-				
Total other financing sources and uses	_	-			-					
Net change in fund balances		1,466	68,520	-	137,741	10,547	72,206	32,209	-	322,689
Fund balances-beginning	_	162,047	159,185	100		20,911	479,922	152,312	25,000	999,477
Fund balances-ending	\$_	163,513	227,705	100	137,741	31,458	552,128	184,521	25,000	1,322,166

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet - Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS		Unemployment Insurance <u>Fund</u>	HSA <u>Fund</u>	Total Internal Service <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	244,939	183,062	428,001
TOTAL	=	244,939	183,062	428,001
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION				
Restricted: Payment of claims	_	244,939	183,062	428,001
Total net position	-	244,939	183,062	428,001
TOTAL	\$	244,939	183,062	428,001

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Fund Position - Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Charge for services Interest Total revenues	Unemployment Insurance HSA Fund Fund \$ 24,003 - 98 - 24,101 -			Total Internal Service Funds 24,003 98 24,101
OPERATING EXPENSES				
General government		11,695	26,034	37,729
Total expenditures		11,695	26,034	37,729
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		12,406	(26,034)	(13,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		-	92,085	92,085
Transfers out		-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>	92,085	92,085
Net change in fund balances		12,406	66,051	78,457
Fund balances-beginning		232,533	117,011	349,544
Fund balances-ending	\$	244,939	183,062	428,001

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Debt Service Coverage Schedule Utility System Revenue Note - Series 2019 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Gross Revenue Available For Debt Service:

System-wide gross revenues	\$_	9,623,763
Total Gross Revenues Available	_	9,623,763
System-wide operating expense - Exclusive of capital improvements, debt service and depreciation		7,292,589
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$_	2,331,174
Debt Service Requirements:		
Revenue note - Series 2019	_	963,506
Maximum annual debt service	\$_	963,506
Coverage	_	2.42
Coverage requirement	_	1.25

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Debt Service Coverage Schedule Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2020 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Gross Revenue Avail	able For	Debt Service:
----------------------------	----------	---------------

Sales and Use Tax Revenue - 2% Sales Tax and 2% Use Tax	\$ 3,230,330
Maximum annual debt service	\$ 1,560,206
Coverage	 2.07

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

STATE GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE		PASS - THROUGH GRANTOR <u>NUMBER</u>		STATE EXPENDITURES
STATE ASSISTANCE	-			
State of Oklahoma Passed through the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture,				
Food and Forestry Services : Rural Fire Grant	FY 2022			4,763
Passed through the Oklahoma Office of Public Safety: Public Safety Grant	FY 2021	AL-21-03-06-01	-	625
Total State of Oklahoma			-	5,388
Total State Awards			\$	5,388

CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2022

THE CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA

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Phone: 405-732-1800

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Purcell, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Purcell, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Purcell, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the Purcell Municipal Hospital, a component unit of Purcell Public Works Authority, as described in our report on the City's financial statements.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Purcell, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Purcell, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Purcell, Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Purcell, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, CONTINUED

compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dillon & Associates, PC

Midwest City, Oklahoma November 16, 2022



1401 S. Douglas Blvd., Suite A Midwest City, OK 73130 Phone: 405-732-1800

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Purcell, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Purcell, Oklahoma's (the City's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City's federal programs.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Purcell Municipal Hospital, a component unit of Purcell Public Works Authority, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Dillon & Associates, PC

Midwest City, Oklahoma November 16, 2022

City of Purcell, Oklahoma Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/ CLUSTER TITLE	FEDERAL ASSISTENCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS - THROUGH GRANTOR <u>NUMBER</u>		SUBRECIPIENT <u>AMOUNTS</u>	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Direct Assistance:					
Federal Avaiation Administration:					
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-40-0130-013-2021	\$	-	391,650
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-40-0130-013-2020	-	<u> </u>	6,741
Total Federal Aviation Administration			_		398,391
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of					
Tourism and Recreation:					
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	NRT-RT 19(105)	-	-	167,459
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			_		167,459
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			_	<u>-</u>	565,850
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Direct Assistance:					
COVID 19: Provider Relief Fund and American Rescue Plan					
(ARP) Rural Distribution	93.498	N/A		-	649,475
Passed through Oklahoma State University Office of Rural Health:					
Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program	93.301	N/A		-	10,911
SHIP COVID Testing and Mitigation Grant	93.155	N/A	-	-	254,626
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			-	-	915,012
Federal Emergency Management Agency					
Passed through Oklahoma Department of					
Civil Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Assistance	97.042	FEMA DR 2020-EMPG		-	7,500
Emergency Management Assistance	97.042	FEMA DR 2021-EMPG		-	7,500
Emergency Management Assistance	97.036	FEMA DR 4222-PW	-	<u>-</u>	28,658
Total U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency			_		43,658
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	-	1,524,520

See Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Purcell for the year ended June 30, 2022 and is presented in accordance with the basis for determining federal awards expended as defined by the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the presentation of the basis financial statements. Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the City of Purcell, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Purcell.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles of the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - SUBRECEIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the City of Purcell has no subrecipients that were provided federal awards.

NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Purcell does not have an indirect cost rate and has elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 - PROVIDER RELIEF FUNDS

Under the terms and conditions of the Provider Relief Fund and the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution Program (PRF) (ALN 93.498), the City/Purcell Municipal Hospital is required to report COVID-19 related expenses and lost revenue to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Guidance from HHS has required the reporting of the COVID-19 related expenses and lost revenue in certain periods based on when the funds were received.

The City received PRF distributions from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 in the amount of \$649,475 and recognized it as revenues as the terms and conditions of the PRF grant were satisfied.

NOTE 6 - COVERED ENTITIES

The Schedule reporting on the Provider Relief Funds and American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution, Assistance Listing 93.498, includes the following Tax Identification number (TIN):

Purcell Municipal Hospital

73-0790960

See Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 * Material weakness(es) identified? * Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yes X no yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
* Material weakness(es) identified?* Significant deficiency(ies) identfied that are not considered	yesX_ no
to be material weakness(es)?	yesX_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program	s Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
	Assistance Listing Number
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - COVID 19: Provider Relief Fund - ARP Rural Distribution	93.498
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u>

CITY OF PURCELL, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II - Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> :
None
Section III - Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Uniform Guidance:

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings:

Not applicable as there are no prior year findings.