# State Auditor & Inspector



State Auditor & Inspector

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

KENWOOD DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

**JUNE 30, 2011** 

RECEIPT # 30099

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2011

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### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2011

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### SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Board of Education Kenwood School District No. C-30 Salina, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements of Kenwood School District No. C-30 (the District), Delaware County, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as combined financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements – regulatory basis are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement – regulatory basis presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As also discussed in Note 1, the combined financial statements – regulatory basis referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets account group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is not known, but presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, and because of the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2011, or the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

However, in our opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2011, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and cash flows of each fund type, where applicable, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules and other schedules as listed in the table of contents under other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

September 26, 2011



### SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

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## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STANDARDS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Kenwood School District No. C-30 Salina, Oklahoma

We have audited the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of Kenwood School District (the District) No. C-30, Salina, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, have been prepared on a basis prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain immaterial matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated September 26, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Canders, Blodsoe & Newett

September 26, 2011

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2011

There were no prior year instances of non-compliance.

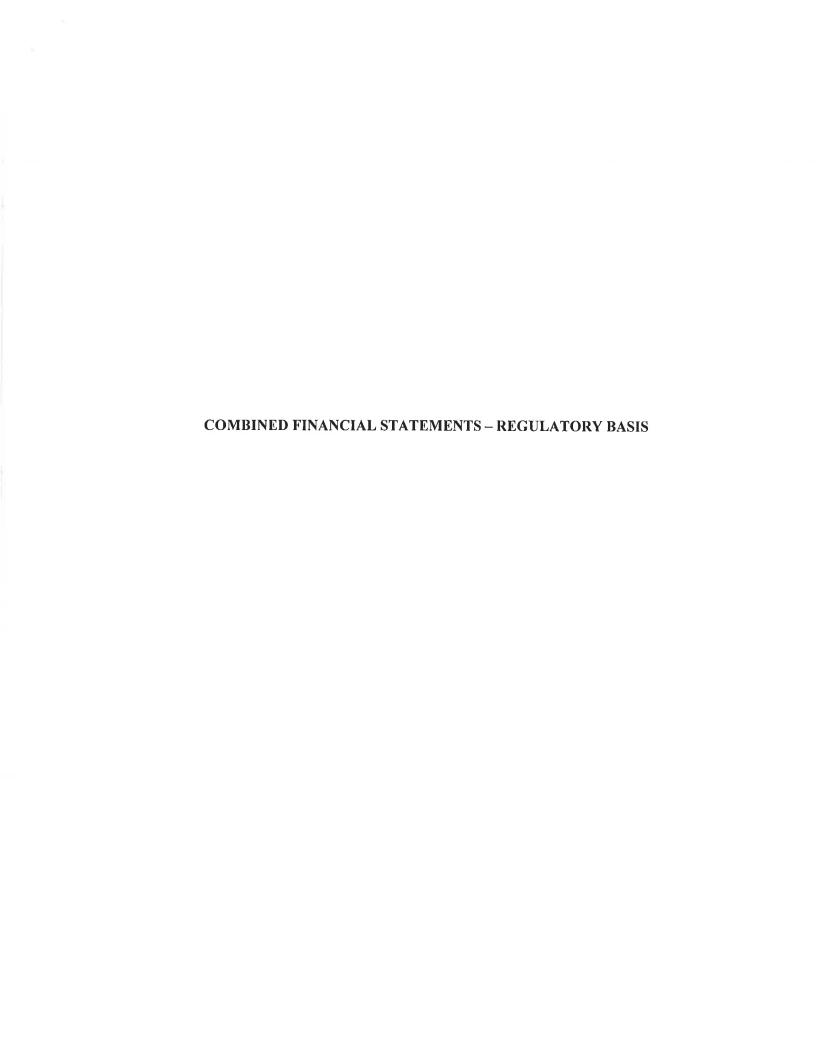
#### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2011

#### Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which were material to the financial statements.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None



## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2011

	G	OVERNMENTA	AL FUND TYPES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES		
<u>ASSETS</u>	G	ENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	AGENCY FUNDS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)	
Cash	\$	288,586	138,984	19,262	446,832	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Total liabilities	\$	20,048 72,974 93,022	520 22,348 22,868	19,262 19,262	20,568 95,322 19,262 135,152	
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		195,564	116,116	0	311,680	
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	288,586	138,984	19,262	446,832	

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY ### ABINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALAN - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES						
	GI	ENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)			
Revenues Collected:							
Local sources	\$	28,073	93,428	121,501			
Intermediate sources		17,223		17,223			
State sources		713,145	600	713,745			
Federal sources		346,825	59,893	406,718			
Interest earnings		1,940		1,940			
Non-revenue receipts		1,304	67	1,371			
Total revenues collected	_	1,108,510	153,988	1,262,498			
Expenditures:							
Instruction		738,486		738,486			
Support services		381,579	84,955	466,534			
Operation of non-instructional services		55,335	38,307	93,642			
Other outlays:							
Reimbursement		200		200			
Clearing account		7,558		7,558			
Correcting entry		1,118	67	1,185			
Total expenditures		1,184,276	123,329	1,307,605			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior							
year encumbrances		(75,766)	30,659	(45,107)			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	3,843	1,254	5,097			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(71,923)	31,913	(40,010)			
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		267,487	84,203	351,690			
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	195,564	116,116	311,680			

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

**GENERAL FUND** Variance Original Final Favorable Budget **Budget** Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues Collected: Local sources \$ 18,788 18,788 28.073 9,285 Intermediate sources 22,868 22,868 17,223 (5,645)State sources 723,074 723,074 713,145 (9,929)Federal sources 125,314 413,352 346,825 (66,527)Interest earnings 1,940 1,940 Non-revenue receipts 1,304 1,304 890.044 Total revenues collected 1,178,082 1,108,510 (69,572)Expenditures: Instruction 1,138,681 1,426,719 738,486 688.233 Support services 18,850 18,850 381.579 (362,729)Operation of non-instructional services 55,335 (55, 335)Other outlays: Reimbursement 200 (200)Clearing account 7,558 (7,558)Correcting entry 1,118 (1,118)1,157,531 Total expenditures 1,445,569 1,184,276 261,293 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances (267,487)(267,487)(75,766)191,721 Adjustments to prior year encumbrances 3,843 3,843 Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures (267,487)(267,487)(71,923)195,564 Cash fund balance, beginning of year 267,487 267,487 267,487 Cash fund balance, end of year 0 195,564 195,564

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
Revenues Collected:									
Local sources	\$	4,695	93,116	93,428	312				
State sources		1,037	1,037	600	(437)				
Federal sources		36,173	36,173	59,893	23,720				
Non revenue sources				67	67				
Total revenues collected		41,905	130,326	153,988	23,662				
Expenditures:									
Support services		86,886	175,307	84,955	90,352				
Operation of non-instructional services		39,222	39,222	38,307	915				
Other outlays:		•			•				
Correcting entry				67	(67)				
Total expenditures		126,108	214,529	123,329	91,200				
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to									
prior year encumbrances		(84,203)	(84,203)	30,659	114,862				
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	0	1,254	1,254				
Adjustments to prior year enountriances	*		<u>_</u>	1,204	1,204				
Excess of revenue collected									
over (under) expenditures		(84,203)	(84,203)	31,913	116,116				
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		84,203	84,203	84,203	0				
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	116,116	116,116				

NOTES TO COMBINED FIN	ANCIAL STATEMENTS	– REGULATORY BA	ASIS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Kenwood Public Schools Dependent District No. C-30 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund — The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain a co-op fund in 2010-11.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2009-10 fiscal year.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2009-10 fiscal year.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any of these funds during the 2010-11 fiscal year.

Gifts and Endowments Fund – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Fund Accounting – cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group — This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting - cont'd

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2010-11 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
General	\$288,037
Building	88,421

These amendments were approved by the county excise board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is not presented in the financial statements since the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2010, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70,

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> — Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There was no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2009-10 fiscal year.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2010, was \$447,023. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2010, the District did not maintain any investments for the audited fiscal year.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with Grand Savings Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

#### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2010.

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. Bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue. There was no debt incurred by the District.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN - cont'd

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2009-10 fiscal year, The District contributed 9.0% (which increased to 9.50% on January 1, 2010) and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contributions for 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$125,240, \$121,816 and \$114,197, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Pleas visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2009-10 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

The district did not fall under this threshold during the 2010-11 fiscal year, therefore, the schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

#### Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims of assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 121,902	17,082	138,984
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Warrants payable Encumbrances	\$ 520	044	520
Total Liabilities	22,107	241	22,348
Total Liabilities	22,627	241	22,868
Fund Equity:			
Cash fund balances	99,275	16,841	116,116
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 121,902	17,082	138,984

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	BUILDING FUND					CHILD NUTRITION FUND				
		RIGINAL	FINAL		ORIGINAL		FINAL			
	B	UDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	В.	UDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Revenues Collected:			Y=====================================							
Local sources	\$	2,683	91,104	91,474	\$	2,012	2,012	1,954		
State sources						1,037	1,037	600		
Federal sources				7,299		36,173	36,173	52,594		
Non revenue sources				30			,	37		
Total revenues collected		2,683	91,104	98,803		39,222	39,222	55,185		
Expenditures:										
Support services		86,886	175,307	84,955						
Operation of non-instructional services		00,000	,,0,001	04,000		39,222	39,222	20 207		
Other outlays:						50,222	33,222	38,307		
Correcting entry				30				27		
Total expenditures	0.	86,886	175,307	84,985		39,222	39,222	37		
, otal or political or	-		110,001		-	00,222	39,222	38,344		
Excess of revenue collected over (under)										
expenditures before adjustments to										
prior year encumbrances		(84,203)	(84,203)	13,818		0	0	10.044		
phot year enoumbrances		(04,200)	(04,203)	13,016		0	0	16,841		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		00	0	1,254		0	0	0		
Excess of revenue collected										
over (under) expenditures		(84,203)	(84,203)	15,072		0	0	16,841		
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	-	84,203	84,203	84,203		0	0	0		
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	99,275	\$	0	0	16 044		
	_			- 00,270	Ψ			<u> </u>		

## DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	ALANCE 7-01-10	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-11
Cash	\$ 18,697	22,960	0	22,395	19,262
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Petty cash	\$ 0	559		559	0
Miscellaneous	4,848	1,059		854	5,053
General fund refund	0	167		166	1
Christmas fund	13,058	15,043		14,291	13,810
Special education	329	0		0	329
Yearbook	449	0		449	0
8th grade class	 13	6,132		6,076	69
Total Liabilities	\$ 18,697	22,960	0	22,395	19,262

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REGULATORY BASIS

### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7-1-10	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6-30-11
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Impact Aid Operations	84.041z	S041B104016	\$ 155,946		155,946	155,946	
Indian Education	84.060	S060A090626	16,350		16,350	16,350	
Small rural school achievement	84.358	S358A094853	4,133		0	0	
Small rural school achievement - c/o	84.358	S358A084853	7,034		2,002	2,002	
Sub Total			183,463	0	174,298	174,298	
Passed Through State Department of Education:						\	;
Title I	84.010		52,255		45,658	45,658	
Title I - Note	84.010		02,200	408	408	40,000	
Title I, ARRA	84.389		1,361	100	1,361	1,361	
Title I, ARRA	84.389		1,001	22,138	22,138	1,501	
Title II, Part A	84.367		17,183	22,100	17,183	17,183	
Title II, Part D	84.318		157		157	157	
Title II, Part D	84.318		63,750		107	56,549	56,549
IDEA-B flowthrough	84.027		15,641		12,135	12,135	50,549
IDEA-B flowthrough, ARRA	84.391		10,883		10,883	10,883	
IDEA-B preschool	84.173		82		82	82	
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund ARRA	84.394		30,216		30,216	30,216	
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund ARRA - Note	84.394		00,210	8,223	8,223	30,210	
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund GSF ARRA - Note	84.397			3,440	3,440		
Education JOBS, ARRA	84.410		25,791	5,440	25,791	25,791	
Sub Total	011110		217,319	34,209	177,675	200,015	56,549
II O December of A. ' II							00,010
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
Child Nutrition Programs:	40.550						
School breakfast program	10.553				20,078	20,078	
National school lunch program	10.555		0 ==0		32,517	32,517	
Summer Food Program Sub Total	10.559		3,750	0	0	3,750_	3,750
Sub Fotal			3,750	0	52,595	56,345	3,750
Passed Through Department of Human Services:							
Non cash assistance - commodities							
Commodity Food Program - Note 1	10.555				3,838	3,838	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		2,800			2.020	2.020
Johnson O'Malley - Note	15.130		2,000	2,152	2 151	2,038	2,038
Sub Total	10.100		2,800	2,152	2,151	2.020	2,020
235 (314)				2,102	2,151	2,038	2,038
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 407,332	36,361	410,557	436,534	62,337

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$3,750 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT		EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety -					
Westen Surety Company	Treasurer	68509992	\$	100,000	7/02/10 - 7/02/11
	Encumbrance Clerk	14238430		1,000	8/19/10 - 8/19/11
	Activity Fund Co Custodian	68509998		25,000	7/02/10 - 7/02/11
	Activity Fund Co Custodian	14328287		25,000	8/19/10 - 8/19/11
	Minutes Clerk	14238430		1,000	8/19/10 - 8/19/11
	Superintendent	70753765		100,000	7/01/10 - 7/01/11

#### DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-30, DELAWARE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2010 TO JUNE 30, 2011

State of Oklahoma	)
	) ss
County of Tulsa	)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Kenwood Public School for the audit year 2010-11.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 26th day of September, 2011

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2012 Commission No. 00008621



## SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

Stephen H. Sanders, CPA Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA

P. O. BOX 1310 • 112 W. DALLAS ST. • BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

September 26, 2011

Mr. Billy Taylor, Elem. Supt. Kenwood Public School 48625 S. 502 Rd. Salina, Oklahoma 74365

Dear Mr. Taylor:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you, and are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following section contains the exceptions relayed to management that are <u>immaterial instances</u> of noncompliance with laws and regulations and which are not included, but which are referred to, in the audit report.

#### Child Nutrition Programs

The Child Nutrition Program was reviewed by a representative of the Oklahoma State Department of Education during the 2010-11 fiscal year, and identified some areas of concern that were communicated to the District. The District subsequently submitted a corrective action plan in regard to these areas of concern, which was accepted by the State Department of Education.

#### **Appropriations**

The appropriations for the general fund and the special revenue funds were not properly allocated among the various line item function codes, and, therefore, line item expenditures were in excess of appropriations in several instances. However, the funds, in total, did not have expenditures in excess of appropriations. We recommend that the district implement procedures which require continuous review of available appropriations versus current expenditures and future needs by line item function codes in order to ensure that transfers of appropriations between line item function codes are made <u>before</u> expenditures exceed available line item appropriations.

#### Purchase Orders

- 1. Purchase orders were used in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes, however, we observed four (4) that were not encumbered against available appropriations prior to the obligations being incurred. We recommend that the District enforce its policies and procedures which require that purchase orders be encumbered prior to the obligation being incurred. (Reference: 70 O.S. 2001 § 5-135D)
- 2. We observed in our audit that purchase orders were not always in date-purchase order number sequence, indicating that purchase orders are being completed after an invoice is received, and being dated to match the invoice date. We recommend that all District obligations be encumbered prior to the actual purchase of materials or services, as required by Oklahoma Statutes.
- 3. Of the purchase orders examined, a few of the invoices were not signed as received. We recommend that all invoices or delivery tickets be signed and dated when the merchandise is received, or when services have been rendered, and that the board of education not approve any purchase order for which this has not been done, as required by Oklahoma Statutes. (Reference: 62 O.S. 2001 § 310.1a and 70 O.S. 2001 § 5-135 C and E)

#### **Equipment Inventory**

Inventory records are currently maintained on a yearly basis. I recommend that a perpetual system be established for equipment. Such a system should either be recorded on a computer file or on index cards The recommended information to be maintained for each item is a description of the item, the date of purchase, the purchase order number, the cost of the item ( if known, actual cost should be used, if not known, an estimate of present value should be made), the serial number and/or model number, and the location of the item. New purchases should be added to the records on the date the items are received. When items are sold or scrapped, the disposition of the item should be recorded in the records of the fiscal year in which it was disposed, on the date of disposition. I recommend that a master list of equipment inventory be kept at the administration office and at the office of the insurance company that provides current coverage for buildings and contents and transportation equipment.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Jeff Hewett

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP