ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7
LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

AUDITED BY KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL CENTER OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

Board of Education

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Chief Financial Officer

Mrs. Lois Welch

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2014

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KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 Wilburton, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kiamichi Technology Center as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Auditing Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial and other additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated March 2, 2015, on my consideration of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma's, internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 2, 2015 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Kiamichi Technology Center School District No. 7 is an effort to provide an overview of financial activities of the School District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The performance of Kiamichi Technology Center is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statement and disclosures following this section. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which begin on page 6. Additional information is included in the transmittal letter that precedes this discussion and analysis.

Overview of The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Kiamichi Technology Center School District No. 7 (the "School District") using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Included in this report are governmental-wide statements for the governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the School District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the School District as well as all liabilities.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the School District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps us to compare the current year with the previous year. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting; therefore, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in them from the prior year. You can think of the School District's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the School District's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net assets can be one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of the School District's assets, to assess the overall health of the School District.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

Governmental Funds – The School District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund Financial statement.

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Assets

The School District accumulates year-to-year financial information on a consistent basis with the year ended. June 30, 2014 ends the twelfth year of reporting using the integrated approach prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Since, the financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis; changes in the net assets may be used to discuss the changing financial position of the School District as a whole.

The School District's net assets at fiscal year-end are \$59,936,356 which is an increase of \$2,059,205 over last year's net assets of \$57,877,151. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net assets at June 30:

	Governmental Activities								
Comment (Other)		2014		<u>2013</u>			Amount	<u>% of</u> <u>Change</u>	
Current/Other	\$	23,890,078	\$	27 162 000		\$	(3,272,810)	-12.0%	
Assets	-	, ,		27,162,888			• • • • •		
Capital Assets	\$\$	38,159,062	_\$	32,426,182		\$	5,732,880	17.7%_	
Total Assets	\$	62,049,140	\$	59,589,070		\$	2,460,070	4.1%	
						\$	-		
Current									
Liabilities	\$	1,736,673	\$	1,338,236		\$	398,437	29.8%	
Long-Term	·	, ,	•				•		
Liabilities	\$	376,111	\$	373,683		\$	2,428	0.6%	
Total							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Liabilities	\$	2,112,784	\$	1,711,919	_	\$	400,865	23.4%	
						\$	-		
Net Assets:						\$	-		
Capital Assets	\$	38,159,062	\$	35,530,121		\$	2,628,941	7.4%	
Unrestricted	\$	21,777,294	\$	22,347,030		\$	(569,736)	-2.5%	
Total Net									
Assets	\$	59,936,356	\$	57,877,151		\$	2,059,205	3.6%	

Governmental Activities

State funds suffered some budget cuts, however, slight increases in revenues in Ad Valorem allowed the School District's budget to maintain levels commensurate with the precious year.

Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Ad Valorem property tax

Taxes for current year and prior years, revenue in lieu of taxes

Tuition and Fees

Tuition and fees for full-time adult classes, short-term adult classes,

safety training, and industry specific

Miscellaneous

See disclaimer in accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Rental, Disposals & Commissions Rental of school facilities and property and sale of surplus equipment

Reimbursements Reimbursements for insurance loss recoveries, damages to school

property, rebates and fiscal agent expenses

Other Local Sources of Revenue All other local revenue not classified above

Intergovernmental State Sources State aid formula grants, School to Work, DHS Child Care, OTAG,

Existing Industry Training, TIPS, Adult Training and Fire Fighting

initiative

Intergovernmental Federal Sources TANF, Carl Perkins, and Federal Financial Aid All other governmental

revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are

classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

The individual line item expenses reported for each function are:

Instruction Expenditures for direct classroom activities

Support Services Expenditures for administrative, technical and logistical support to

facilitate and enhance education

Non-Instructional Services Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to

students, staff, or community. An example would be child nutrition

expenses.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction Activities involved with the acquisition of land, buildings, remodeling

buildings, construction of buildings and additions to building, initial installations or extension of service systems and other build-in equipment, acquisition of equipment to furnish the buildings, and

improvements to sites.

Capital Assets

During this fiscal year the School District expended a significant amount on improvement of existing facilities including interior remodel of four campuses. An extensive renovation to the Stigler Campus added a new cosmetology program. The conversion of several underutilized bays to a health wing at the Durant Campus to house the PN, HCC and future Bio-Med program. KTC Poteau Campus began the remodeling of existing space to upgrade the culinary program with a state of the art kitchen and dining facilities. Hugo Campus updated the Auto Collision, Diesel Technology and Occupational Service Careers shops, offices and classrooms. At the end of June 30, 2014 the district had \$63,702,032 invested in capital assets including land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles in comparison to the \$60,104,466 at June 30, 2013. These figures do not consider the effects of accumulated depreciation which can be seen on page 10.

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities					
Land	\$	2,860,000				
Buildings	\$	49,153,866				
Equipment	\$	8,603,610				
Vehicles	_\$_	3,084,556				
Total Capital Assets	_\$	63,702,032				

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

Revenue from state and federal sources, as well as, property tax and tuition collections are expected to remain the same for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. While expecting a decrease in appropriated revenue and the school district is anticipating operating costs to continue to increase due to the rising cost of salaries, insurances, utilities and fuel. KTC is continuing implementation of new programs to meet the changes in workforce demand. Despite the economic conditions KTC remains optimistic for new growth in the STEM and Health Care areas. With the implementation of a new Bio Med STEM program and the expansion of the mobile EMS unit student enrollment continues to increase for these areas. KTC is committed to ensure quality services for the students of southeast Oklahoma and other areas across the state.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the school district's finances and to show the school district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District Treasurer's Office at P.O. Box 548, Wilburton, Oklahoma 74578-0548 or phone at (918)465-2324.

Respectfully Submitted

Stacia McCune School District Treasurer

Lois Welch Chief Financial Officer **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current Assets	•
Cash \$	7,770,385
Investments	13,778,324
Property tax receivable	1,519,741
Due from other governments	522,794
Due from other funds	268,629
Miscellaneous receivables	30,205
Noncurrent Assets	
Land	2,860,000
Construction in Progress	3,432,535
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	31,866,527
Total Assets \$	62,049,140
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable \$	1,736,673
Total Current Liabilities \$	1,736,673
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated Absences \$	376,111
Total Liabilities \$	2,112,784
Total Liabilities .	2,112,104
NET POSITION Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt \$	38,159,062
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Unrestricted \$ United the state of the state	· ·
Officericted	21,777,294
Total Net Position \$	59,936,356

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2014

			Program	ı R	evenues		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants & Contributions		Government Activities
Governmental Activities Instruction Support services Non-instruction Capital outlay Other outlays Other uses Repayments Depreciation-Unallocated Total governmental activities	\$ 	(11,378,334) \$ (15,319,596) (158,131) (1,836,121) (72,311) (167,273) (32,809) (1,701,395) (30,665,970) \$	2,291,428 163,801 - - - - - - 2,455,229	\$	1,085,087 - - - - - - 1,085,087	- .	(8,001,819) (15,155,795) (158,131) (1,836,121) (72,311) (167,273) (32,809) (1,701,395) (27,125,654)
	Gen e	eral revenues			·		
		operty taxes, levied ner Taxes	l for general pur	pos	ses	\$	19,000,546 -
	State	e aid not restricted r general revenues		ose	s		7,755,209
		erest and investme					58,664
	Miscellaneous						2,410,527
	7	otal general reven	ues				29,224,946
	Loss	on disposal of ass	ets				(40,087)
	Cł	nanges in net posit	ion				2,059,205
	Ne	et Position - beginn	ing				57,877,151
	Ne	et Position - ending	!			\$	59,936,356

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		Ager				
ASSETS	Fed	leral Pell Grant Fund		Activity Fund	_	Total
Ċash Investments	\$	103,220	\$ 	518,850 82,711	\$ 	622,070 82,711
Total assets	\$	103,220	\$	601,561	\$	704,781
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
LIABILITIES Due to student groups Due to other funds	\$	103,220	\$	332,932 268,629	\$ 	332,932 371,849
Total liabilities	\$	103,220	\$_	601,561	\$	704,781
NET POSITION Unreserved/undesignated	\$		\$	·	\$	
TOTAL LIABLILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	103,220	\$	601,561	\$	704,781

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FEDERAL PELL GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Pell Grant Fund
Revenues		
Pell Grants	\$_	2,331,018
Total revenues	\$_	2,331,018
Expenditures		
Student Financial Assistance	\$	1,814,536
Tuition		516,482
Administrative Cost		-
Total expenditures	\$_	2,331,018
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$_	
Net Position, beginning of year	\$_	
Net Position, end of year	\$ _	-

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		Governmenta				
400570		General Fund	,	Special Revenue Fund	•	Total
ASSETS Cash Investments Property tax receivable Due from other governments Miscellaneous receivables Due from other funds	\$	3,811,413 10,459,576 1,282,867 522,794 30,205 268,629	\$	3,958,972 3,318,748 236,874 - -	\$	7,770,385 13,778,324 1,519,741 522,794 30,205 268,629
Total assets	\$	16,375,484	\$	7,514,594	\$	23,890,078
LIABILITIES	,	_			·	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	643,092 1,030,759	\$	1,093,581 192,397	\$	1,736,673 1,223,156
Total liabilities	\$	1,673,851	\$	1,285,978	\$	2,959,829
Fund balances: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Inventories Restricted Fund Balances: Restricted by statute	\$	-	\$	3,157,477	\$	- 3,157,477
Commmitted Fund Balances: Contractural obligations Assigned Fund Balances: Encumbrances Unassigned:		2,249,205 12,452,428		3,071,139 -		5,320,344 12,452,428
Total fund balances	\$	14,701,633	\$	6,228,616	\$	20,930,249
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	16,375,484	\$	7,514,594		
Amounts reported for governmental action because: Capital assets used in government therefore, are not reported as asset assets is \$67,134,567 and accumulation.	al ac ts in	tivities are not fina governmental fun	incia ds.	I resources and The cost of the	erent	38,159,062
Property taxes receivable will be concerned to pay current period's experience.						1,223,156
Compensated absences are not du therefore, are not reported as liabili		· ·	urrer	nt period and,	,	(376,111)
Net Position of governmental activi	ties				\$	59,936,356

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General Fund		Building Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	20,069,763	\$	3,092,180	\$	23,161,943
Intermediate sources State sources		8,090,522		-		8,090,522
Federal sources		987,604		- -		987,604
r caciai sources		307,004				001,001
Total revenues	\$	29,147,889	\$	3,092,180	\$	32,240,069
Expenditures:						
Instructional	\$	12,326,488	\$	-	\$	12,326,488
Support services	*	15,460,403	*	90,437	*	15,550,840
Noninstructional		158,131		-		158,131
Capital outlay		1,129		5,023,588		5,024,717
Other outlays		72,311		-		72,311
Other uses		167,258		15		167,273
Repayments		32,809		_		32,809
Total expenditures:	\$	28,218,529	\$	5,114,040	\$	33,332,569
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	929,360	\$	(2,021,860)	\$	(1,092,500)
onportantal ee	*		•		*	(1110-1001)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from capital lease obligations	\$		\$		\$	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$		\$	-
Excess of revenues and other sources of						
funds over (under) expenditures	\$	929,360	\$	(2,021,860)	\$	(1,092,500)
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	13,772,273	\$	8,250,476	\$	22,022,749
Fund halange, and of year	\$	14 701 622	\$	6 228 616	\$	20,930,249
Fund balance, end of year	Ф	14,701,633	φ	6,228,616	Ψ	20,930,249

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances-governmental funds

\$ (1,092,500)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.

Capital outlay expenditures	 4,370,423	•
Loss on disposal of assets	(40,087)	
Depreciation expense	(1,701,395)	2,628,941

Some property taxes and intergovernmental revenues receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds. These are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds until received. Change in amount deferred in fund statements.

525,192

Payment of compensated absences is reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when actually paid. However, on the government-wide statement, changes in compensated absences are expensed as they are accrued. Change in the compensated absences liability.

(2,428)

Change in Net Position Governmental Activities

\$ 2,059,205



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 (the "Center") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions, issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Center has presented the entities, which comprise the primary government in the fiscal year 2014 basic financial statements.

The Center is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The Center is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Department of Career & Technology Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma for support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the Center is the Board of Education composed of seven elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the Center.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements present the reporting entity which consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the Center's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Center. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) tuition or fees paid by students or citizens of the Center and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items, including state aid, that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The Technology Center segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Statements for governmental activities present each fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources uses and balance of current financial resources. The Center has presented the following governmental funds:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under Formula Operations. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Center's Building Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of creating, remodeling or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Center. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purpose trust fund or a permanent fund is used.

The terms "permanent" and "private purpose" refer to whether or not the Center is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the Center holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The Center's Fiduciary Funds have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Agency Fund – The Center's Agency Fund consists of the Activity Fund and the Federal Pell Grant Fund. The Center's Activity Fund is used to account for monies collected that are held on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Federal Pell Grant fund is used to account for student financial aid which is collected by the Center and disbursed to eligible students or to pay educational costs on their behalf. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these funds.

Account Groups

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the governmental column in the government-wide statement of net assets.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes and interest and certain state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures. These budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary control is maintained by fund, function, and activity and budgeted expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Amendments may be made to the budget without approval by the governing body at the function and activity levels. Fund level budgetary amendments require approval of the governing body.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable fund balance – is utilized in all governmental funds of the Center. Appropriations which are not spent lapse at the end of the fiscal year and encumbrances are reversed. On the first day of the following fiscal year, the encumbrances are reinstated and the expenditures are applied against that year's budget.

E. Net Position and Fund Balances

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net positions are categories of investment in fixed assets (net of related debt), restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

<u>Investment in Fixed Assets (net of related debt)</u> – is intended to reflect the portion of net position, which are associated with non-liquid capital related debt. The net related debt is debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

Restricted Net Position – are liquid assets generated from revenues and not bond proceeds, which have third party (statutory bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use. The Center would typically use restricted net assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

Unrestricted Net Position – represent unrestricted liquid assets.

<u>Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u> – The Center has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that are not in a spendable form such as prepaid expenses, inventory, or required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of permanent fund.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that are designated for specific purposes by their providers such as bondholders, grantors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Building Fund is restricted by statute to certain capital related costs.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts designated for specific purposes by the Center's highest level of decision making authority (Board of Education) and cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level (Board of Education) takes action to remove or change the designation.

The Center commits a portion of the fund balance to honor the commitments made by the District for encumbrances (purchase orders) for which goods or services have not yet been received. The fund balance committed to encumbrances will be equivalent to the purchase orders rolled forward from one fiscal year to the next fiscal year

<u>Assigned</u> – Amount the Center intends to use for specific purposes; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Center assigns a portion of the fund balance in both the general fund and building fund for funding the cash flow needs during the first half of each fiscal year. The Superintendent and the Chief Financial Officer will determine the amount of assigned fund balance at the end of each fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Amounts that are available for any purposes; reported only in the general fund. Fund balance represents the funds not restricted in use by statute nor encumbered by purchase order or legal contract.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of currency and checks on hand and demand deposit accounts with banks and other financial institutions.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Property Tax Revenue and Receivables</u> – The Center is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within its' District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. The second half of taxes becomes delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If taxes are delinquent and unpaid for a period of three (3) years or more the real estate may be sold for taxes.

Uncollected taxes assessed on valuations made each year are recorded in the Center's combined financial statements. Uncollectible personal and real property taxes are deemed to be immaterial because the property can be sold for the amount of taxes due.

<u>Inventories</u> – The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the Technology Center has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost when historical records exist and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures 25-50 years Improvements Remaining Life Equipment 7-25 years Furniture and fixtures 5-20 years

Compensated Absences – All full time twelve-month employees are entitled to vacation time with full pay of 15 working days per year. A certified employee contracted for half time or more receives leave time prorated according to the percentage of time contracted. An employee, upon separation of service with the Center, will be paid their regular rate of pay for unused annual vacation leave up to a maximum of 22 ½ days.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Any employee who retires with a minimum of 10 years of service with the Center and whose age and number of years of creditable service total 80 or 90 points, depending on date of employment, can receive their regular rate of pay for unused sick leave up to 60 days. Employees who have worked for the Center for at least 5 years can receive a lump sum payment of \$10 per day for up to 60 days accrued sick leave.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of the applicable governmental activities statement on net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

Revenues are classified by source as follows:

<u>Local</u> – Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the District, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the Technology Center.

<u>Intermediate</u> – Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, like a county or municipality, and redistributed to the Technology Center.

<u>State</u> – Those revenues received from the State, which are dedicated or are appropriated by the State legislature. Some of this aid is restricted for specific purposes.

The Center receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Department of Career & Technology Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended, as of the close of the fiscal year, be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Career & Technology Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Federal</u> – Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the Technology Center either as direct grants or under various programs passed-through the State Department of Career & Technology Education or other state agencies.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Examples of expenditures that might be included here are the activities of teacher assistant of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff, and the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the Center or a third party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from Center funds.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The Center's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.
- 6. County, municipal or school district direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school district ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school district is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which
 investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and
 investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the district's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the board of education.

Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)

The Center's investment policy instructs the treasurer to minimize risks by diversifying the investment portfolio; structuring investments so that securities mature in time to meet cash requirements; and by investing the full amount of all accounts of the Center.

Investments

The Center's investments at June 30, 2014, for all governmental funds included the following:

Investment Certificates of Deposit Savings Account Money Market Funds	\$ Amount 3,950,000 2,219,934 7,608,390	<u>% To Total</u> 28.67% 16.11% 55.22%
Total	\$ 13,778,324	100.00%

All investments of June 30, 2014, have investment maturities of twelve months or less.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Deposits and Investments – The District's demand deposits are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured.

Securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party or Federal Reserve Bank. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depositing institution, but are pledged to the Center. The security cannot be released, substituted, or sold without the school Treasurer's approval and release of the security.

Certificates of deposit are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2014, the Center had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Center's investments consist of direct obligations of the U.S. government and agencies' securities.

Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. Investments may have maturities extending to twenty-four months, provided sufficient liquidity is available to meet major outlays, except that General Fund investments may not exceed twelve months

Credit Risk:

The Center has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

At June 30, 2014, the Center has no investments that are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States government.

4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2014, follows:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,860,000 243,939	\$ 3,188,596	\$ -	\$ 2,860,000 3,432,535
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 3,102,939	\$ 3,188,596	\$ 	\$ 6,292,535
Building & Improvements	\$ 49,153,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,153,866
Machinery & Equipment	8,022,901	991,024	410,315	8,603,610
Vehicles	3,131,416	190,803	237,663	3,084,556
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated Less:	60,308,183	1,181,827	647,978	60,842,032
Accumulated Depreciation	27,882,001	1,701,395	607,891	28,975,505
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated - Net	32,426,182	(519,568)	40,087	31,866,527
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 35,530,121	\$ 2,669,028	\$ 40,087	\$ 38,159,062

5. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund, or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

6. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consist of Ad Valorem tax, interest income, tuition, state grant programs, federal grant programs, and miscellaneous. Receivables detail by fund at June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Governmental Funds

Accounts Receivable	General Fund	Building Fund
Ad valorem tax Due from activity fund Other local Federal grants State grants	\$ 1,282,867 268,629 522,794 30,205	\$ 236,874
Total accounts receivable	2,104,495	236,874
Less: Deferred revenue	(1,030,759)	(192,397)
Total accounts receivable (net)	\$ 1,073,736	\$ 44,477

7. Employee Retirement System

Description of Plan

The System is a qualified governmental defined benefit retirement plan. For GASB purposes it is a cost-sharing multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System. The supervising authority for the management and operation of the System is a 13-member Board of Trustees, which acts as a fiduciary for investment of the funds and the application of plan interpretations. The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits and other benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Oklahoma State Statutes establish benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements have also been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade dates. Member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The nonfunded pension benefit obligation of the System, as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Doll	ars in Millions
Actuarial Accrued Liability Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	19,576 12,369
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	7,207

Funding Policy

A participant with five years of creditable service may retire with a normal retirement allowance at the age of sixty-two (62) or with reduced benefits as early as age fifty-five (55). The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries, if certain options are exercised, equals two percent of the average of the highest three (3) earning years of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Retiring members may count up to 120 days of unused accumulated sick leave toward an additional year of service credit. A participant leaving employment before attaining retirement age, but completing five (5) years of service, may elect to vest his accumulated contributions and defer receipt of a retirement annuity until a later date. When a participant dies in active service and has completed ten years of credited service, the beneficiary is entitled to a death benefit of \$18,000 and the participant's contributions plus interest. If the beneficiary is a surviving spouse, the surviving spouse may, in lieu of the death benefit, elect to receive, subject to the surviving spousal options, the participant's retirement benefits accrued at the time of death. The contribution rates for the Districts, which are not actuarially determined, and its employees are established by statute and applied to the employee's earnings, plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The employers' contribution rate is 9.5%. Employees contribute 7.0% of covered compensation.

Employee Retirement System (continued)

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contribution for 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$2,414,943, \$2,399,770, and \$2,089,276, respectively. The District's total payroll for fiscal year 2013-14 amounted to \$15,402,741.

On Behalf Contributions

The State of Oklahoma makes retirement contributions each year for teachers employed by Oklahoma School Districts. The contribution amounts are based on the teacher's years of service and amounts paid are prescribed by O.S. 70 Section 17-108.2 subsection A. During fiscal year 2013-14, the State of Oklahoma's contribution was \$131,507. The District recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

8. Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2014, the governmental long-term debt of the District consisted of the following:

Accrued Compensated Absences:

Current Portion Noncurrent Portion		376,111
Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	376,111

9. Operating Lease

The Center leases classroom space at Eufaula School needed to operate educational programs. The Center will pay the sum of \$83,000 during the year, also an additional \$40,000 for insurance, equipment, utilities, and custodial services. The term of the lease begins July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014.

10. Litigation

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the Technology Center. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized and would not materially affect the financial position of the Center at June 30, 2014. In the opinion at the Technology Center management, after consultation with legal counsel, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not materially affect The Center's financial position, results of operation, or cash flows.

11. Contingent Liabilities

The Center receives significant financial assistance from the United States government in the form of grants and other federal assistance. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowances as a result of these audits become a liability of the Center. The Center estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

12. Risk Management

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The Center purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Risk Management (continued)

The Center also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the school reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma.

In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the Center is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the Center goes into a loss fund for the Center. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund, so the Center's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the Center does not use their loss fund in three years, it is returned to them with no interest.

13. Surety Bonds

The school Treasurer is bonded by Western Surety Company bond No. 68522511 in the amount of \$200,000 for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2014.

The school also has a public employee blanket bond that includes the Superintendent, policy No. 103072925 with Travelers Insurance in the amount of \$300,000 covering the period July 1, 1998, until cancelled. The policy has a \$5,000 deductable.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	11,874,319	\$	11,874,319	\$	11,874,319	\$	-
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	17,399,650	\$	17,399,650	\$	20,156,278	\$	2,756,628
Intermediate sources		-		-				-
State sources		7,612,545		7,612,545		7,932,580		320,035
Federal sources	_	606,224	_	606,224	_	807,385		201,161
Total revenues	\$_	25,618,419	\$	25,618,419	\$_	28,896,243	\$.	3,277,824
Expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	13,701,680	\$	13,701,680	\$	12,300,704	\$	1,400,976
Support services		21,136,213		21,136,213		16,732,218		4,403,995
Non-instructional services		226,137		226,137		176,098		50,039
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Other outlays		292,911		292,911		84,000		208,911
Other uses		2,066,595		2,066,595		167,918		1,898,677
Repayments	_	69,202	_	69,202	_	45,680		23,522
Total expenditures	\$_	37,492,738	\$_	37,492,738	\$_	29,506,618	\$	7,986,120
Excess of revenues over (under)					`			
expenses before adjustments to prior								
year encumbrances	\$	-	\$		\$	11,263,944	\$	11,263,944
Adjustments to prior year encumbrance	s		-			762,127	•	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in/out					\$	_		
Bank charges					•	(4,286)		
Total other financing sources (uses	s)				- \$	(4,286)		
					· ·	<u> </u>		
Cash fund balance end of year-Budgeta	ary i	3asis			\$ =	12,021,785		
Reconciliation of end of the year budge GAAP fund balance:	tary	fund balance wi	th e	nd of the year				
Cash fund Balance, End of Year					\$	12,021,785		
Accounts receiveable						1,073,735		
Reserve for encumbrances						2,249,205		
Accounts Payable						(643,092)		
Fund Balance June 30, 2014 - GAAP B	aeid	•			\$	14,701,633		
I dire being only on 2014 - OAM. D	JOIC	,			Ψ=	17,101,000		

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUILDING FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	C	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	7,880,364	\$	7,880,364	\$, 7,880,364	\$	<u>.</u>
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	2,795,294	\$	2,795,294	\$	3,137,080	\$	341,786
Intermediate sources		-		-		-		-
State sources		-		-		-		J
Federal sources	_		_	-	-			
Total revenues	\$_	2,795,294	\$_	2,795,294	. *_	3,137,080	\$.	341,786
Expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Support services		383,913		383,913		79,670		304,243
Non-instructional services				-				-
Capital outlay		10,091,745		10,091,745		6,770,098		3,321,647
Other outlays		200,000		200,000		-		200,000
Other uses	_	-		_	. <u></u>	<u>-</u>		_
Total expenditures	\$_	10,675,658	\$_	10,675,658	\$_	6,849,768	\$.	3,825,890
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to pri								
year encumbrances	\$_	_	\$	-	\$	4,167,676	\$	4,167,676
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances					_	39,019		
Other financing equipment (upper)								
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in/out					\$			
					Ψ	(15)		
Bank charges						(10)		
Total other financing sources (uses)					\$ _	(15)		
Out for the large and after a Duda-day	D	ī		•	ሱ	4 000 000		
Cash fund balance end of year-Budgetary	Bas	IS			\$ ==	4,206,680		
Reconciliation of end of the year budgetary GAAP fund balance:	y fur	nd balance with	enc	of the year				
Cash Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	4,206,680		
Accounts receiveable						44,477		
Reserve for encumbrances						3,071,040		
Accounts payable					_	(1,093,581)		
Fund Balance June 30, 2014 - GAAP Basi	s				\$	6,228,616		
					=			



KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA#	Grantor's Number		ance at 1, 2013	Revenue	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2014
U.S. Department of Education				-			
Direct Programs:							
2013-2014 Programs			_				
* Pell Grant	84.063	P063P133161	\$	- \$	2,331,018		\$ -
* Supplemental Education Opportunity	84.007 84.033	P007A133423 P033A133423		~	23,014	23,014 48,847	-
* College Work Study	84.033	PU33A 133423			48,847	48,847	
Sub-Total			\$	- \$	2,402,879	\$ 2,402,879	\$
Passed-Through Oklahoma Department							
of Career and Technology Education			•				
2013-2014 Programs							
Carl Perkins-Post Secondary	84.048	N/A	\$	- \$	219,829	\$ 219,829	\$ -
Carl Perkins-Secondary	84.048	N/A		-	102,991	102,991	-
Carl Perkins-Supplemental	84.048	N/A		-	75,000	75,000	-
Tech Centers that Work	84.048	N/A		-	12,000	12,000	•
Bid Assistance Center	12.002	N/A		<u> </u>	13,651	13,651	-
Sub-Total			\$	- \$ _	423,471	\$ 423,471	\$
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Passed-Through State Department							
of Career and Technology Education							
2013-2014 Programs							
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	N/A	\$	- \$ _	226,033	\$ 226,033	\$
Sub-Total			\$	- \$	226,033	\$ 226,033	\$ -
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs							
Direct Program							
Direct Hogican			•				
VA Report Fees	64,115	N/A	\$		784	\$ 784	\$
Sub-Total			\$	s	784	\$ 784	\$
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$	- \$	3,053,167	\$ 3,053,167	\$ -
						<u> </u>	=

^{*} Major Program

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

KIAMICHI TEHCNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

- 1. For all federal programs, the Center uses the fund types prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Career and Technology Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. General and Building Funds are used to account for resources restricted, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in the General and Building Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its' measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial measurement focus. All federal grant funds were accounted for in the General and Agency Funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for Agency funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which revenues become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

		-			Activ	ity F	und	
			Antlers Campus		Atoka Campus		Durant Campus	Hugo Campus
Cash Investment	ASSETS ts	\$	13,431	\$	52,085	\$	50,523	\$ 39,190 -
	Total assets	\$:	13,431	\$	52,085	\$	50,523	\$ 39,190
Liabilities:	LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
	tudent groups eneral fund	\$	2,607 10,824	\$	27,822 24,263	\$	15,590 34,933	\$ 17,362 21,828
	Total liabilities	\$ _	13,431	. \$	52,085	\$	50,523	\$ 39,190
Net Positio	n							
Unreserv	red Total net position	\$ -	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	Total liabilities and net position	\$_	13,431	\$	52,085	\$	50,523	\$ 39,190

Activity Fund

-	Idabel Campus	_	McAlester Campus		Poteau Campus		Spiro Campus		Stigler Campus	· <u>-</u>	Talihina Campus		Wilburton Campus		Total
\$	69,226 -	\$	100,819 -	\$	100,940	\$	15,236 -	\$	53,622 -	\$	16,188 -	\$	7,590 82,711	\$	518,850 82,711
\$	69,226	\$	100,819	. \$: <u> </u>	100,940	\$	15,236	\$: =	53,622	\$	16,188	\$: :	90,301	\$ =	601,561
\$	34,208 35,018	\$	50,258 50,561	\$	50,403 50,537	\$	8,293 6,943	\$	24,722 28,900	\$	11,366 4,822	\$	90,301	\$	332,932 268,629
\$_	69,226	\$	100,819	\$. \$ _	100,940	\$	15,236	\$_	53,622	\$_	16,188	\$_	90,301	. \$_	601,561
\$.	-	\$	-	\$.	-	\$.		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	-	\$_		. \$_	<u>.</u>
\$	69,226	\$	100,819	\$	100,940	\$	15,236	\$	53,622	\$	16,188	\$	90,301	\$_	601,561

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 POTEAU CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	Balance 7-1-13	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition \$	_	\$ 152,516	\$ (9,759)	\$ 142,757	\$ -
Resale-FTA	-	23,170	(5,792)	17,378	-
Skills USA-Club Accounts	9,299	186	1,400	2,413	8,472
BPA Club Accounts	1,012	2,929	2,511	5,104	1,348
Leadership CTSO	528	144	1,000	629	1,043
HOSA	6,623	12,949	2,114	14,622	7,064
FCCLA	4,038	2,195	200	3,275	3,158
STEM	_	320	1,000	700	620
STA Tuition	-	130,010	(7,859)	122,151	
Resale-STA	-	8,475	(2,901)	5,574	-
Due To General Fund	_	1,319	(2)	1,317	_
Facility Use	-	1,750	(61)	1,689	-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	2,180	180	2,360	_
Health Certification	-	15,008	(955)	14,053	-
PELL Grant Refund Overpayment	-	347	(347)	-	_
Student Fees	-	9,153	(574)	8,579	-
Testing Fees	<u>.</u> -	2,546	(212)	2,334	-
KTC Auction	-	2,164	-	2,164	-
Faculty & Staff Fund	139	115	15	265	4
Coffee Fund	56	-	-	-	56
Livework	-	1,864	1,402	3,266	_
Vending	15,138	10,990	(2,199)	13,215	10,714
BIS Promotional Account	7,719	20,485	243	16,056	12,391
Skills USA-Southeast District		4,406	<u></u>	4,406	· -
Student Services	2,281	42	1,521	428	3,416
EMS Promotional	3,622	2,790	(130)	4,279	2,003
Interest Income	174		(60)	, 	114
Total Activities \$	50,629	\$ 408,053	\$ (19,265)	\$ 389,014	\$ 50,403

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STIGLER CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	Balance 7-1-13	-	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	-	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	\$ _	\$	27,735	\$ (5,738)	\$ 21,997	\$	-
Resale-FTA	-		305	(305)	_		_
Skills USA Club	4,463		2,101	560	1,749		5,375
VSO	25			200	121		104
BPA	2,800		-	-	-		2,800
HOSA	2,766		12,198	1,039	14,768		1,235
STA Tuition			7,636	(485)	7,151		
Resale-STA	-		341	(131)	210		-
Due to General Fund	-		2,051	(49)	2,002		-
Facility Use	-		35		35		-
Insurance Reimbursement	-		460	60	520		-
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment	-		55	(55)	-		-
Student Fees	-		16,725	(7,884)	8,841		-
Testing Fees	-		3,069	(190)	2,879		-
KTC Auction	-		4,794	669	5,463	•	-
Faculty & Staff Fund	53		31	-	30		54
Live Work	-		9	(9)			-
Vending	17,285		4,662	(1,074)	8,739		12,134
BIS Promotional Account	555		650	-	372		833
Haskell Co. Admin. Association	2,480		2,400	_	2,704		2,176
Interest Income	 26	_	·	(15)	· -	_	11
Total Activities	\$ 30,453	\$_	85,257	\$ (13,407)	\$ 77,581	\$	24,722

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 MCALESTER CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	Balance 7-1-13	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	; -	\$ 44,072	\$ 10,147	\$ 54,219	\$ -
Resale FTA	_	534	(133)	401	
Skills USA-Club Accounts	3,347	1,130		1,546	2,931
BPA Club Account	8,101	2,272	-	1,469	8,904
Leadershp VSO	10,307	-	25	361	9,971
HOSA	2,151	10,817	320	11,114	2,174
FCCLA	2,513	3,633	-	3,490	2,656
STA Tuition	-	137,199	(10,164)	127,035	-
Resale-STA	-	11,725	(3,317)	8,408	<u>-</u>
Due To General Fund	-	1,685	39	1,724	-
Facility Use	_	327	279	606	-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	475	405	880	-
Health Certification	-	12,776	1,230	14,006	-
Pell Grant Refund Overpayment	-	757	(224)	533	-
Student Fees	-	6,266	(1,107)	5,159	-
Testing Fees	-	11,331	(4,244)	7,087	-
KTC Auction	-	12,222	5	12,227	-
Faculty & Staff Fund	870	787	120	264	1,513
Coffee Fund	_	135	-	117	18
Livework	<u></u>	762	(762)	_	-
Vending	20,933	6,132	3,074	9,063	21,076
BIS Promotional Account	1,269	-	-	-	1,269
Student Services	3				3
Interest Income	104		(58)		46
Total Activities \$	49,598	\$ 265,037	\$ (4,365)	\$ 259,709	\$ 50,561

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 ATOKA CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities		Balance 7-1-13		Deposited	,	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	_	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	\$	_	\$	12,066	\$	(250)	\$	11,816	\$	_
Resale-FTA		-		4,011		(1,389)		2,622		-
Skills USA-Club Accounts		8,633		7,825		2,245		12,591		6,112
BPA Club Account		2,224		3,577		(378)		3,984		1,439
Resale-VSO		-		-		- -		-		_
Leadership-CTSO		2,476		443		-		710		2,209
HOSA		1,770		-		300		674		1,396
FCCLA		1,923		423		334		1,059		1,621
STA Tuition		-		32,609		519		33,128		-
Resale-STA		-		3,383		(802)		2,581		-
Due To General Fund		_		3,348		(982)		2,366		-
Facilty Use		-		200		(200)		-		-
Insurance Reimbursement		-		385		95		480		-
Student Service	i.	5		50		-		-		55
Student Fees		_		1,050		(935)		115		-
Testing Fees		-		4,012		(1,405)		2,607		-
KTC Acution		-		2,708		352		3,060		-
Faculty & Staff Fund		251		486		-		564		173
Live Work		-		1,163		(221)		942		_
Vending		11,692		24,152		838		23,868		12,814
General Activity Fund		1,977		-		-		-		1,977
Interest Income		71	_			(45)	_		_	26
Total Activities	\$	31,022	\$	101,891	\$	(1,924)	\$	103,167	\$	27,822

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 HUGO CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities		Balance 7-1-13	_	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	Balance 6-30-14
STEM	\$	_	\$	1,282.00	\$ 194	\$ 1,476.00	\$ <u>.</u>
FTA Tuition		-		29,548.66	10,953	40,502.00	-
Resale-FTA		-		1,347	(337)	1,010	-
VICA		1,503		3,302	(575)	1,944	2,286
BPA Club Account		219		783	-	375	627
Leadership CTSO		336		390	-	371	355
HOSA		422		1,610	220	1,537	715
FCCLA		277		-	74	319	32
STA Tuition		-		15,360	2,655	18,015	-
Resale STA		-		1,303	(319)	984	-
Due To General Fund		-		404	(192)	212	<u>.</u>
Faculty Use		-		710	(395)	315	_
Insurance Reimbursement		_		360	160	520	-
Health Certification		-		6,365	(1,875)	4,490	-
Student Fees		-		4,078	(1,523)	2,555	-
Testing Fee		-		950	275	1,225	-
KTC Auction		_		5,989	221	6,210	-
Faculty & Staff Fund		417		1,921	_	1,986	352
Livework		-		1,429	(449)	980	-
Vending		6,564		16,795	1,556	14,212	10,703
BIS Promotional Account		491		_	-	-	491
Student Services		1,413		_	-	-	1,413
Association Fund		1,023		2,524	(1,176)	2,032	339
Interest Income	_	33		-	16		49
Total Activities	\$	12,698	\$	96,451	\$ 9,483	\$ 101,270	\$ 17,362

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 ANTLERS CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	 Balance 7-1-13	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed		Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	\$ _	\$ 4,688	\$ (4,688)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	-
HOSA	172	•	_	-		172
STA Tuition	-	16,521	1,031	17,552		-
Resale-STA	-	576	(93)	483		-
Due to General Fund	_	86	_	86		-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	120	80	200		-
Health Certification	-	1,140	(260)	880		-
Student Fees	~	2,448	-	2,448		-
Testing Fees	_	865	60	925		-
Vending	 2,274	-	161	-	_	2,435
Total Activities	\$ 2,446	\$ 26,444	\$ (3,709)	\$ 22,574	\$_	2,607

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 DURANT CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities		Balance 7-1-13	_	Deposited 	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	_	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	\$	-	\$	55,493	\$ 10,828	\$	66,321	\$	
Skills USA Club Acct		261		1,452	920		1,726		907
VSO		4,592		6,264	74		6,981		3,949
Leadership VSO		1,800		-	-		689		1,111
STA Tuition		-		84,169	2,992		87,161		-
Resale STA		-		6,905	(2,043)		4,862		-
Due To General Fund		-		1,614	-		1,614		-
Faculty Use		29		686	-		715		-
Insurance Reimbursement		-		120	(120)		-		-
Health Certification		_		5,474	128		5,602		-
Student Fees		-		46	(46)				_
Testing Fee		-		6,550	(610)		5,940		·
KTC Auction		-		4,300	-		4,300		-
Faculty & Staff		243		250	-		242		251
Coffee Fund		49		442	-		480		11
Livework		4		-	(4)				-
Vending		8,021		16,800	2,282		21,038		6,065
BIS Promotional		2,687		3,804	(580)		2,639		3,272
Skills USA Southeast District		2,586			-		2,586		-
Student Services		3			-		_		3
Interest Income	_	55	_	-	(34)	_		_	21
Total Acitivies	\$	20,330	\$_	194,369	\$ 13,787	\$	212,896	\$_	15,590

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 SPIRO CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	- <u></u>	Balance 7-1-13	 Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments		Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	\$	-	\$ 5,944	\$ (1,898)	\$	4,046	\$	-
Due To General Fund		-	5	(5)		-		_
Skills USA-Club Accounts		1,123	20	877		312		1,708
BPA Club Accounts		1,360	40	640		333		1,707
Leadership CTSO		723	-	-		60		663
STA Tuition		-	-	90		90		-
KTC Auction		-	1	-		1		-
Facility Use		_	135	(90)		45		-
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment		-	-	-		-		-
Vending		3,954	1,034	(1,398)		667		2,923
Livework		237	-	-		-		237
Student Services		1,500	 -			445	_	1,055
Total Activities	\$_	8,897	\$ 7,179	\$ (1,784)	\$_	5,999	\$_	8,293

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 IDABEL CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities		Balance 7-1-13		Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	_	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-14
FTA Tuition	\$	-	\$	52,937	\$ (4,295)	\$	48,642	\$	_
Resale- FTA		-		10,597	(3,086)		7,511		-
Skills USA-Club Accounts		12,141		14,831	13,692		25,275		15,389
BPA Club Accounts		838		2,400	714		3,196		756
HOSA		3,703		10,569	3,151		14,001		3,422
FCCLA		4,057		6,708	224		3,169		7,820
STA Tuition		-		37,152	(2,368)		34,784		-
Resale-STA		-		2,098	(725)		1,373		-
Due To General Fund		-		3,975	207		4,182		-
Facility Use		-		700	_		700		-
Coffee Fund		891		712	-		-		1,603
BIS Promotional		-		870	-		870		-
Student Fees		-		2,842	(385)		2,457		-
Testing Fees		-		14,036	(1,868)		12,168		-
KTC Auction		-		1,839	165		2,004		-
Livework		-		35,695	(9,124)		26,571		-
Vending		3,027		24,262	(5,688)		16,854		4,747
Student Services		10		-	431		-		441
Interest Income		46	_		(16)	_		-	30
Total Activities	\$_	24,713	\$_	222,223	\$ (8,971)	\$_	203,757	\$_	34,208

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 TALIHINA CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	Balance 7-1-13	_ D	eposited		Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-14
STEM	\$ -	\$	3,987	\$	628	\$ 3,437	\$	1,178
FTA Tuition	-		20,568		2,770	23,338		-
Skills USA-Club Accounts	1,550		62		100	228		1,484
BPA Club Accounts	737		4,747		141	4,984		641
Leadership CTSO	3,049		783		200	1,820		2,212
HOSA	2,873		3,320		50	4,110		2,133
STA Tuition	-		38,099		4,261	42,360		-
Resale-STA	-		2,707		(786)	1,921		-
Due to General Fund	-		46		62	108		-
Facilty Use	-		213		,	213		<u></u>
Insurance Reimbursement	-		360		60	420		-
Health Certification	-		2,825		(50)	2,775		
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment	-		-		113	113		· •
Student Fees	-		1,310		(50)	1,260		-
Testing Fees	-		2,748		190	2,938		
KTC Auction	-		896		224	1,120		-
Livework	-		1,555		(12)	1,543		-
Vending	1,954		8,269		959	7,800		3,382
BIS Promotional	222		75		-	-		297
Student Services			1,500		(250)	1,250		_
Interest Income	49	- 	· 	_	(10)	-	_	39
Total Activities	\$ 10,434	\$	94,070	\$	8,600	\$ 101,738	\$_	11,366

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 WILBURTON CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	- , -	Balance 7-1-13	,	Deposited	٠,	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	,	Disbursed		Balance 6-30-14
Vending .	\$	726		199	\$	-	\$	219	\$	706
BIS Promotional Account		419		1,375		-		1,098		696
General Activity Fund		88,785		350		(11)		496		88,628
Interest Income		136		-		135			•	271
Total Activities	\$	90,066	\$	1,924	\$	124	\$	1,813	\$	90,301

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 Latimer County, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma (Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 2, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. I noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that I have reported to management of Kiamichi Technology Center in a separate letter March 2, 2015.

Purpose of this Report

This report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 2, 2015

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 Latimer County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the compliance of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma (Center's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Center's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Center's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Center's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma (Center), is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Center's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program, on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 2, 2015 SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of Kiamchi Technology Center.
- 2. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined in A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Kiamichi Technology Center which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control over major programs, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined by A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Kiamichi Technology Center expresses a unqualified opinion.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Kiamichi Technology Center.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: Student Financial Aid Cluster (84.063; 84.007, & 84.033).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.00.
- 9. Kiamichi Technology Center did not qualify as a low risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

1. No matters were reported.

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

The Center had no prior year audit findings relative to federal award programs.

KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

State of Oklahoma) County of Tulsa)	
The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire the audit year 2013-14.	duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit audit engagement with Kiamichi Technology Center for
WOON SON	BY AUTHORIZED AGENT Subscribed and sworn to before me on this
MISSY FOX Notary Public State of Oklahoma Commission # 14004957 My Commission Expires Jun 3, 2018	2nd day of March , 2015 My commission expires on: 3rd day of June , 2018