Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2022



Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Table of Contents

June 30, 2022

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	i
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet	
Statement of Net Position	9
Notes to Financial Statements	11
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	27 28
Other Information	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheets Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
General Funds Balance Sheets Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	32
REAP Funds Balance Sheets	34
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	35

Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Table of Contents

June 30, 2022

(Continued)

Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	36
Reports Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal	
Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of	
Expenditures of Federal Awards Required the Uniform Guidance	38
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	41
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	42
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	43
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	45



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Wilburton, Oklahoma

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma (the Organization of KEDDO) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises of the Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Organization's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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FAX: 918.492.4443 www.hinklecpas.com In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts
 and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and other benefit plan analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of



Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Page 3

America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the combining statements as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2022 on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hill & Compay.pc

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 24, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

This section of Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's (the District's) financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ending June 30, 2022. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change, and current known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements and footnotes. The overview of the financial statements and financial analysis is presented for fiscal year 2022, with fiscal year 2021.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The basic financial statements of the District are the Government Wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The Statement of Financial Net Position presents the financial position of the District at June 30, 2022. The Statement of Activities summarizes the District's financial results by activity for the year ending June 30, 2022. The Fund financial statements show the balance sheets and the changes in fund balance for the individual major funds of the District and the total of the non-major funds.

The District's building trust is reported as the business-type activities and is included in a separate column within the Government Wide Financial Statements.

The following schedules are prepared from the District's basic financial statements. With the exception of the Statement of Cash Flows, the statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred and assets are capitalized and depreciated.

Statement of Net Position

This statement is presented with three major categories, namely assets, liabilities, and net position. The assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, and investment in capital assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and furniture. Capital assets are shown net of depreciation.

Liabilities include accounts payable, accrued expenses, and deferred revenue. Once the expenses are paid, the Special Revenue Fund requests reimbursement from the grant and repays the General Fund upon receipt.

Total assets of the District decreased by \$69,000 in FY 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Following is a comparison of the summarized financial position and net position – Governmental Funds of the District at June 30, 2022, and 2021:

		2022 (000's)	2021 (000's)
Assets Cash & Investments Accounts Receivable OPEB & Capital Assets	T	\$ 1,209 528 41	\$ 1,113 714 20
	Total Assets	1,778	1,847
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Deferred pension Deferred OPEB		84 6	141 9
233332 27 22	Total Outflow	90	150
Liabilities Accounts Payable		284	449
Accrued Expenses		14	22
Deferred Revenue Pension Liability		(300)	1,325 180
1 Chision Elability	Total Liabilities	1,432	1,976
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Pension Deferred OPEB		342 19	1 8
-	Total Inflow	361	9
Net Position Net investment in assets		10	10
Unrestricted Undesignated		0	0
Board Designated		65	2
	Total Net Position	\$ 75	\$ 11

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Revenues include Federal and state grants that are renewable each year. These revenues decreased by \$708,000 in 2022. This was largely in part to Federal coronavirus funds used last fiscal year. Local grants remained consistent over the past 2 years. Other revenues of the District remained consistent over the past 2 years.

The District's operating expenses are classified by natural classification, including pass-through grants, employee compensation, fringe benefits, and contractual services, etc. In FY 2022, operating expenses increased by \$566,000. All other operating expenses remained consistent with the previous year. This increase can, in part, be attributed to the higher indirect costs associated with operating the District's larger funded programs, the cost of maintaining 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Executive Director's salary/fringe during transition and a significant change in travel expenses as compared to 2021.

Following is a comparison of operating results for the years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021:

Operating Results for the Years Ending June 30 Statement of Changes in Fund Balance (in thousands)

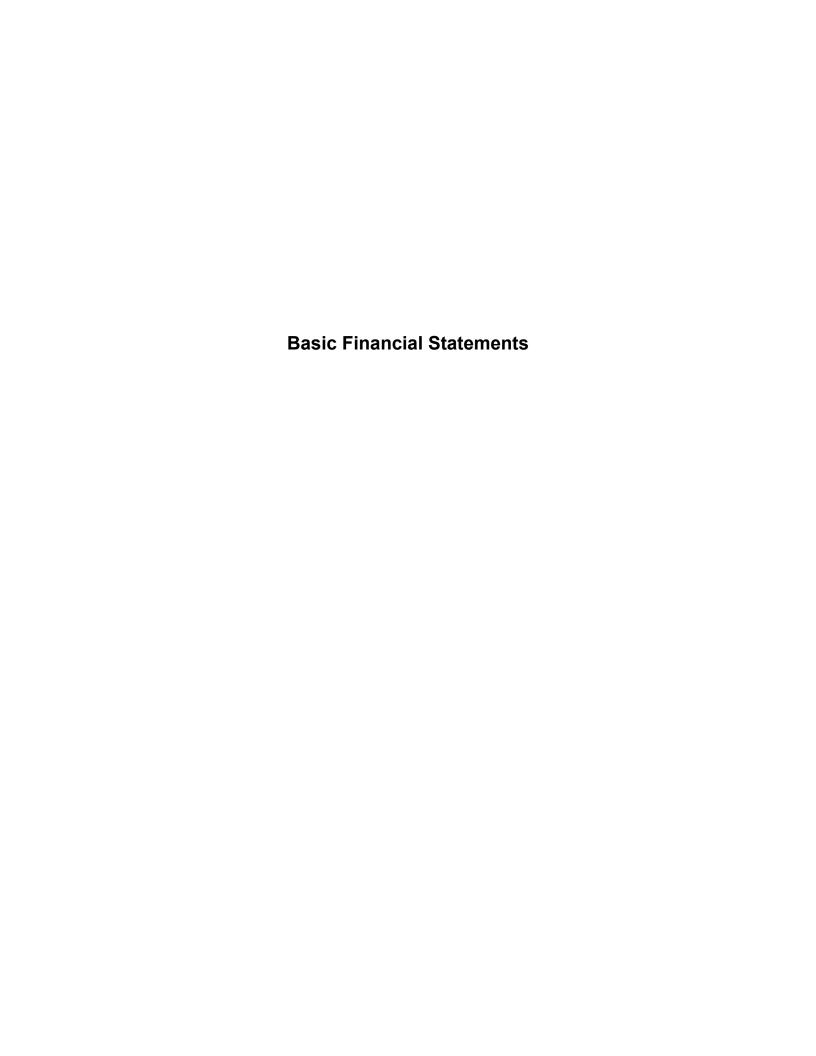
		2022 (000's)	2021 (000's)			
Operating Revenues Federal Grants State Grants Local Grants Other		\$ 1,190 1,383 82 82	\$ 1,106 2,175 99 66			
	Total	2,737	3,446			
Operating Expenses Pass-through Grants Wages Contract labor Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs Other	Total	3,102 420 0 348 (147) 223	2,634 398 0 319 (138) 167			
Transfers	Total	1,182	0			
Change in fund balance		(27)	66			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		31	(35)			
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$ 4	\$ 31			

Conclusion

EDA Cares Act and emergency funding for Coronavirus made a significant impact on federal revenue for the District. An increase in 2023 State Appropriations which is used to match AAA and EDA grants will help lower the expense to the Trust. The state of Oklahoma Legislature has indicated that REAP will increase, if not double, in the next fiscal year. This increase in REAP will allow for more funding for personnel wages and fringe and offset some of the indirect costs associated in operating such a large program. The District continues to look for ways to improve operating efficiencies and locate new revenues. Through comprehensive planning, program prioritization, prudent budgeting and tough decision making, the District is positioned to continue its commitment to changing lives throughout eastern Oklahoma.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Administrative revenue from special Department of Treasury federal relief funding for counties will also alleviate expenses for the Trust in 2023.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental
Assets	Activities
Cash	\$ 910,114
Investments	298,703
Accounts receivable	528,483
OPEB asset	30,787
Capital assets, net	10,443
Total Assets	1,778,530
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amounts related to pension	83,679
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	6,695
	90,374
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	284,003
Accrued expenses	14,308
Pension liability	(300,555)
Deferred revenue	1,434,582
20101104 10101140	1,432,338
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred amounts related to pension	342,731
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	18,746
Deletied afficiality to OFED	361,477
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	10,443
Unrestricted	
Undesignated	-
Board Designated	64,646
	\$

Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Statement of Activities

June 30, 2022

Function/Programs	Expenditures	Charges Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government				
Government activities:				
General Government	\$ 171,275	\$ -	\$ 148,011	\$ (23,264)
Aging Services	1,721,131	-	1,824,705	103,574
Rural Economic Action Plan	287,468	-	287,468	-
Economic Development	324,489	-	276,297	(48,192)
Community Development	259,020		285,552	26,532
Total Primary Government	\$2,763,383	\$	\$ 2,822,033	58,650
	General Revenu Interest and Ot			4,998
	Change in Net F	Position		63,648
	Net Position, be	eginning of year		11,441
	Net Position, en	nd of year		\$75,089

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General Fund		Aging Services		Rural Economic Action Plan	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets	-									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(424,160)	\$	73,557	\$	1,337,934	\$	(77,217)	\$	910,114
Investments		298,703		-		-		-		298,703
Accounts receivable		275	_	258,332	_	128,958	_	140,918	_	528,483
Total Assets	\$_	(125,182)	\$_	331,889	\$_	1,466,892	\$_	63,701	\$	1,737,300
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	381	\$	221,996	\$	61,626	\$	-	\$	284,003
Accrued expense		14,308		-		-		_		14,308
Deferred revenue	_	-	_		_	1,405,266	_	29,316	_	1,434,582
Total Liabilities	_	14,689	_	221,996		1,466,892		29,316	_	1,732,893
Fund Balance Unrestricted										
Undesignated		(320, 329)		-		-		_		(320, 329)
Board designated		180,458	_	109,893	_	-		34,385	_	324,736
	_	(139,871)	_	109,893	_	-	_	34,385	_	4,407
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	(125,182)	\$_	331,889	\$_	1,466,892	\$_	63,701	\$_	1,737,300

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Total Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	\$	4,407
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$158,897.		10,443
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. These include the following items:		
Pension liabilities		300,555
Pension related deferred outflows		83,679
Pension related deferred inflows		(342,731)
OPEB assets		30,787
OPEB related deferred outflows		6,695
OPEB related deferred inflows	_	(18,746)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	75,089

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General Fund		Aging Services		Rural Economic Action Plan	G	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues										
Federal grants	\$	_	\$	972,862	\$	-	\$	217,197	\$	1,190,059
State grants and appropriations		275		773,964		287,468		321,980		1,383,687
Local charges and services		20,638		55,798		-		5,172		81,608
Members' dues and assessments		37,000		-		-		-		37,000
Investment income		4,998		-		-		-		4,998
In-kind revenue		-		-		-		6,000		6,000
Other revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Match revenue			_	22,082	-			11,500	_	33,582
Total Revenues		62,911	_	1,824,706	-	287,468		561,849	_	2,736,934
Expenditures										
Salaries		77,861		154,897		43,558		143,288		419,604
Fringe benefits		48,809		150,481		33,817		115,037		348,144
Indirect costs		(146,637)		-		-		-		(146,637)
Travel		2,121		25,379		-		25,209		52,709
In-kind expense		-		-		-		6,000		6,000
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Other expenses		94,743		24,936		-		44,079		163,758
Pass-through grants	_		_	1,486,635	-	1,411,341		203,993	_	3,101,969
Total Expenditures		76,897	_	1,842,328	-	1,488,716		537,606	_	3,945,547
Transfers		(95,709)	_	121,888	-	1,201,248		(45,902)	_	1,181,525
Change in Fund Balance		(109,695)		104,266		-		(21,659)		(27,088)
Fund Balance, beginning of year	_	(30,176)	_	5,627	_			56,044	_	31,495
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	(139,871)	\$_	109,893	\$		\$	34,385	\$_	4,407

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds					
Governmental funds report capital outlays and issue costs as					
expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation					
and amortization expense to allocate those expenditures over the					
life of the assets:					
Capital outlay for building improvements		2,341			
Depreciation expense		(1,702)			
Some expense in the statement of activities does not require the use					
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in					
government funds					
OPEB Obligation, net change		8,627			
Pension related expenses, net change		81,470			
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	63,648			

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma (the Organization of KEDDO) was organized and incorporated on April 13, 1966, under the nonprofit corporate statutes of the state of Oklahoma. The specific purpose of the Organization, as set forth in the Articles of Incorporation, are to promote the economic, civil and social welfare of the people of LeFlore, Pittsburg, Choctaw, Haskell, Latimer, Pushmataha and McCurtain counties in Oklahoma. The Organization is an extension of the county and municipal governments and public agencies comprising its membership organized for the expressed purpose of carrying out a cooperative program for the benefit of all concerned for the good of the general public. As such, the Organization is considered to constitute an integral part of state government and its political subdivisions and is considered to be, in effect, an administrative agency of the state of Oklahoma.

In October 1992, members of the Organization signed an agreement creating the Association of Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Area Governments, a Trust Authority. The Board of Directors remained the same under this agreement and the Organization's mission was unchanged.

The financial statements of the Organization are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) of the United States of America. The Organization is considered a governmental entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and applies all relevant GASB pronouncements.

The accounts of the Organization are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue and expenditures. The following funds are used by the Organization:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Trust Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds. The general revenues which are not restricted or designated as to use by outside sources are recorded in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Fund - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue resources that are legally, contractually, or administratively restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Specific purpose grant funds are accounted for as Special Revenue Funds. The Special Revenue Funds are operated on a contract basis.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Measurement focus refers to what is being measured. Basis of accounting is related to the timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied. The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds use a financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for by the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned, expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization defines cash and cash equivalents to be all cash and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents of \$910,114 as of June 30, 2022, were invested with a major local financial institution in a sweep repo account, which invests in treasury obligations.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated at the historical carrying amount net of write-offs and allowance for doubtful accounts. The Organization's accounts receivable consists of requests for reimbursement from various granting agencies for expenses incurred prior to year-end and made in accordance with the reimbursable grant agreements.

The Organization's management believes the accounts receivable reflected in the statement of net position to be fully collectible due to the granting agency's ability to receive federal and/or state funds to reimburse grant expenditures. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2022.

Deposits and Investments

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain state of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, or surety bonds. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the Organization must have a written collateral agreement approved by the Board of Directors or loan committee. As reflected in Note 2, all deposits were fully insured or collateralized.

Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities of more than three months. Investments are carried at fair market value based on the quoted market prices of the underlying securities. Investments for the Organization are reported at fair value.

Land, Building and Equipment

Fixed assets are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation and accumulated depreciation are recorded for assets purchased with general or special revenue funds that are recorded for \$500 or more. Depreciation on fixed assets is computed on the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings20 yearsFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment5 yearsOffice equipment5 – 10 years

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Annual Budget

The Organization is not required to have a legally binding budget, though they use an annual budget as a management tool. The Organization's primary source of funding is from federal, state and local grants which have varying grant periods that may or may not coincide with the Organization's fiscal year. The annual budget is subject to constant change within the fiscal year due to increase or decrease in actual grant awards from amounts estimated, changes in grant periods, unanticipated grant awards from amounts estimated, unanticipated grant awards not included in the budget and estimated grant awards that fail to materialize.

Allocated Expenses

Expenses by function have been allocated among program and supporting services classifications on the basis of time records and on estimates made by the Organization's management.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and grants receivable. The Organization places its cash and certificates of deposit with high quality financial institutions. The Organization's management believes that the credit risk is adequately provided for to which it is exposed.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and disclosures in the notes thereto. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 24, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Deposits with banks and financial institutions are carried at cost. The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custody credit risk assumed by the Organization based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at June 30, 2022. The categories of credit risk are defined as follows:

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

- Category 1 Insured by FDIC or collateralized by securities held by the Organization or by its agent in its name.
- Category 2 Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Organization's name.
- Category 3 Deposits which are not collateralized or insured.

A summary of the deposits at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2022								
Type of Deposits	Total Bank Custody Balance (Category 1)		Credit Risk (Category 2)			Uninsured Category 3)	Carrying Value		
Demand Deposits	\$ 1,303,064	\$	306,989	\$	150,000	\$	846,075	\$_	1,208,817

Investments

Investments consist of the following at June 30, 2022:

Investments	 Cost		air Value
Certificates of deposits	\$ 29,565	\$	29,565
Money market funds	 269,138		269,138
	\$ 298,703	\$	298,703

Note 3: Fair Value Measurement

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities in the financial statements, including a description of the methodologies used for the classifications within the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments carried at fair value, are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents: The assets' carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Investments: Investments are carried at fair value and are based on quoted market prices, when available. Generally, quoted market prices are available for cash and common stocks and exchange traded index and mutual funds and as such are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of certificates of deposit are determined using the income approach. The key inputs include interest rates, maturity dates and yield curves and as such are classified as Level 2.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 3: Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

		As of June 30, 2022											
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total					
Certificates of deposit Money market funds	\$	- 269,138	\$	29,565	\$	_	\$	29,565 269,138					
Money market rands		269,138	\$_	29,565	\$_	-	\$	298,703					

The inputs to the three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation to other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 4: Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021		Additions	Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2022		
General Fund	 ·	_				<u> </u>		
Capital assets								
Building	\$ 45,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	45,000		
Equipment	33,284		-	(28,869)		4,415		
Furniture and fixtures	 24,034		<u>-</u>	(6,810)		17,224		
Total capital assets	102,318			(35,679)		66,639		
Accumulated depreciation								
Building	(45,000)		-	-		(45,000)		
Equipment	(29,016)		(883)	28,869		(1,030)		
Furniture and fixtures	(24,034)			6,810		(17,224)		
Total accumulated depreciation	 (98,050)		(883)	35,679		(63,254)		
Total General Fund	 4,268		(883)			3,385		
Special Revenue Fund								
Capital assets								
Equipment	25,381		2,341	(25,381)		2,341		
Furniture and fixtures	34,920		-	(4,953)		29,967		
Building improvements	6,920					6,920		
Total capital assets	 67,221		2,341	(30,334)		39,228		
Accumulated depreciation								
Equipment	(25,381)		(127)	25,381		(127)		
Furniture and fixtures	(34,920)		-	4,953		(29,967)		
Building improvements	 (1,384)		(692)			(2,076)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,685)		(819)	30,334		(32,170)		
Total Special Revenue Fund	 5,536		1,522			7,058		
Grand Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,804	\$	639	\$	\$	10,443		

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Pension Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - The District as the employer, participates in Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Title 74 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPERS. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.opers.ok.gov.

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan.

Members qualify for full retirement benefits at their specified normal retirement age or, for any person who became a member prior to July 1, 1992, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 80 (Rule of 80) and for any person who became a member after June 30, 1992, when the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 90 (Rule of 90).

Normal retirement date is further qualified to require that all members employed on or after January 1, 1983 must have six or more years of full-time equivalent employment with a participating employer before being eligible to receive benefits. Credited service is the sum of participating and prior service. Prior service includes nonparticipating service before January 1, 1975, or the entry date of the employer and active wartime military service.

A member with a minimum of ten years of participating service may elect early retirement with reduced benefits beginning at age 55 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 60 if the participant became a member on or after November 1, 2011.

Benefits are calculated for each member category as follows:

Employees

- Benefits are determined at 2% of the average annual salary received during the highest thirty-six months of the last ten years of participating service, but not to exceed the applicable annual salary cap, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members who join OPERS on or after July 1, 2013, will have their salary averaged over the highest 60 months of the last ten years. Normal retirement age under the Plan is 62 or Rule of 80/90 if the participant became a member prior to November 1, 2011, or age 65 or Rule of 90 if the participant became a member on or after November 1, 2011.
- Members who elect to pay the additional contribution rate, which became available in January 2004, will receive benefits using a 2.5% computation factor for each full year the additional contributions are made. In 2004, legislation was enacted to provide an increased benefit to retiring members who were not yet eligible for Medicare. The Medicare Gap benefit option became available to members under age 65 who retired on or after May 1, 2006. Members may elect to receive a temporary increased benefit to cover the cost of health insurance premiums until the member is eligible to receive Medicare. After the member becomes eligible for Medicare, the retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an actuarially determined amount.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits provided (Continued)

- The option is irrevocable, must be chosen prior to retirement and is structured to have a neutral actuarial cost to the Plan.
- Members become eligible to vest fully upon termination of employment after attaining eight years of credited service, or the members' contributions may be withdrawn upon termination of employment.

Disability retirement benefits are available for members having eight years of credited service whose disability status has been certified as being within one year of the last day on the job by the Social Security Administration. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but payable immediately without an actuarial reduction.

Upon the death of an active member, the accumulated contributions of the member are paid to the member's named beneficiary(ies) in a single lump sum payment. If a retired member elected a joint annuitant survivor option or an active member was eligible to retire with either reduced or unreduced benefits or eligible to vest the retirement benefit at the time of death, benefits can be paid in monthly payments over the life of the spouse if the spouse so elects.

Upon the death of a retired member, the Plan will pay a \$5,000 death benefit to the member's beneficiary or estate of the member if there is no living beneficiary. The death benefit will be paid in addition to any excess employee contributions or survivor benefits due to the beneficiary.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contribution rates for each member category of the Plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the Board based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. Employees are required to contribute 3.5% percent of their annual pay. Participating entities are required to contribute 16.5% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$61,532

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2022, the District reported a asset of \$300,555 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the District's proportion was .02239339 percent.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$24,215. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De Outf Res	Ī	Deferred nflow of esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	7,557
Changes of assumptions		22,147		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		335,174
Change in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
District's contributions subsequent to measurement date		61,532		
Total	\$ <u></u>	83,679	\$	342,731

As of June 30, 2022, \$83,679, was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	
2022	\$ (66,421)
2023	(79,739)
2024	(82,159)
2025	(92,266)
Total	\$ (320,585)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return 6.50% for 2021 and 2020 compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation.
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.25% for 2021 and 2020.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

- Mortality rates In 2021, Pub-2010 Below Media, General Membership Active/Retiree Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year, and female rates are set forward one year.
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases.
- Assumed inflation rate 2.50% for 2021 and 2020.
- Payroll growth 3.25% for 2021 and 2020.
- Actuarial cost method Entry age.
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The Target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	34.0%	4.7%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.8%
Int's Developed Equity	23.0%	6.5%
Emerging Market Equity	5.0%	8.5%
Core Fixed Income	25.0%	0.5%
Long Term Treasuries	3.5%	0.0%
U.S. TIPS	3.5%	0.3%
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and the employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 5: Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Current						
	1% Decrease (5.5%)			Discount (6.5%)	1% Increase (7.5%)		
Employers' net pension liability	\$	(27,903)	\$_	(300,555)	\$_	(531,011)	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPERS; which can be located at www.opers.ok.gov.

Note 6: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan description</u> - Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Program—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPERS.

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPERS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to maintain health insurance with the Oklahoma Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID) or other qualified insurance plan provided by the employer. This subsidy continues until the retiree terminates health insurance coverage with EGID or other qualified plan, or until death. The subsidy is only for the retiree, not joint annuitants or beneficiaries. The supplement payment is capped at \$105 per month per retiree.

<u>Contributions</u> -The contribution rates for each member category of the System are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the Board based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. An actuarially determined portion of the total contributions to the System are set aside to finance the cost of the benefits of the HISP in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Based on the contribution requirements of the plan employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate as described in Note 6; from this amount OPERS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program. Contributions allocated to the OPEB plan from Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma were \$3.958.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - At June 30, 2022, Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma reported an asset of \$30,787 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2021. Based upon this information, Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's proportion was .02239339 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma recognized OPEB income of \$8,627. At June 30, 2022, Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe Outflo Reso	Ir	eferred offlow of esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	9,980
Changes of assumptions		2,737		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		8,766
Change in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
District's contributions subsequent to measurement date		3,958		
Total	\$	6,695	\$	18,746

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The \$6,695 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2022	\$	(4,233)
2023		(3,950)
2024		(3,714)
2025		(3,463)
2026	_	(649)
Total	\$ __	(16,009)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total OPEB asset was determined based on actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return 6.50% for 2021 and 2020 compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation.
- Salary increases 3.5% to 9.25% for 2021 and 2020.
- Mortality rates In 2021, Pub-2010 Below Media, General Membership Active/Retiree Healthy Mortality Table with base rates projected to 2030 using Scale MP-2019. Male rates are set back one year, and female rates are set forward one year.
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases.
- Assumed inflation rate 2.50% for 2021 and 2020.
- Payroll growth 3.25% for 2021 and 2020.
- Actuarial cost method Entry age.
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions 10 years.
- Health Care Trend Rate Not applicable based on how the System is structured and benefit payments are made.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2019. The experience study report is dated May 13, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 6: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The Target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	34.0%	4.7%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.8%
Int's Developed Equity	23.0%	6.5%
Emerging Market Equity	5.0%	8.5%
Core Fixed Income	25.0%	0.5%
Long Term Treasuries	3.5%	0.0%
U.S. TIPS	3.5%	0.3%
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u>- A single discount rate of 6.50% was used to measure the total OPRB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from System members and the employers will be made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected benefit payments of current System members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Current							
		Decrease (5.5%)		Discount (6.5%)	_	1% Increase (7.5%)		
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(23,150)	\$_	(30,787)	\$_	(37,333)		

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPERS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPERS.

Notes of the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 7: Economic Dependency

The Organization receives a significant portion of its revenue from funds provided through federal and state grants. The grant amounts are appropriated each year at the federal and/or state level. The amount of the funds the Organization receives could be reduced significantly, which would have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Organization will receive in the next year.

Note 8: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of operations, the Organization participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to audit by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Presently, the Organization has no such requests pending and in the opinion of management, any such amounts would not be considered material.



Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Oklahoma Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Years ended June 30, 2022

	 2019		2020		2021		2022	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Organization's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.02783283%		0.02090767%		0.02017502%		0.02239339%	
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 54,286	\$	27,847	\$	179,994	\$	(300,555)	
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$ 347,525	\$	354,896	\$	397,583	\$	422,295	
Organization's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	15.62%		7.85%		45.27%		-71.17%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as of Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	97.96%		98.63%		91.59%		112.51%	
	2016	_	2017	_	2018			
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Organization's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.02591111%		0.02323537%		0.02302516%			
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 93,198	\$	230,548	\$	124,489			
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$ 390,004	\$	474,460	\$	379,108			
Organization's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	23.90%		48.59%		32.84%			
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as of Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.50%		62.24%		94.28%			

^{*} Prior year information is not available.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Organization's Pension Contributions
Oklahoma Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Years ended June 30, 2022

		2019		2020		2021		2022
Organization Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	71,916	\$	55,027	\$	55,330	\$	61,532
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		(71,916)		(55,027)		(55,330)		(61,532)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	347,525	\$	354,896	\$	397,583	\$	422,295
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		20.69%		15.51%		13.92%		14.57%
		2016		2017		2018		
Organization Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	75,578	\$	68,875	\$	61,937		
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	_	(75,578)		(68,875)	_	(61,937)		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	-		
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	390,004	\$	474,460	\$	379,108		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		19.38%		14.52%		16.34%		

^{*} Prior year information is not available.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability
Oklahoma Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Years ended June 30, 2022

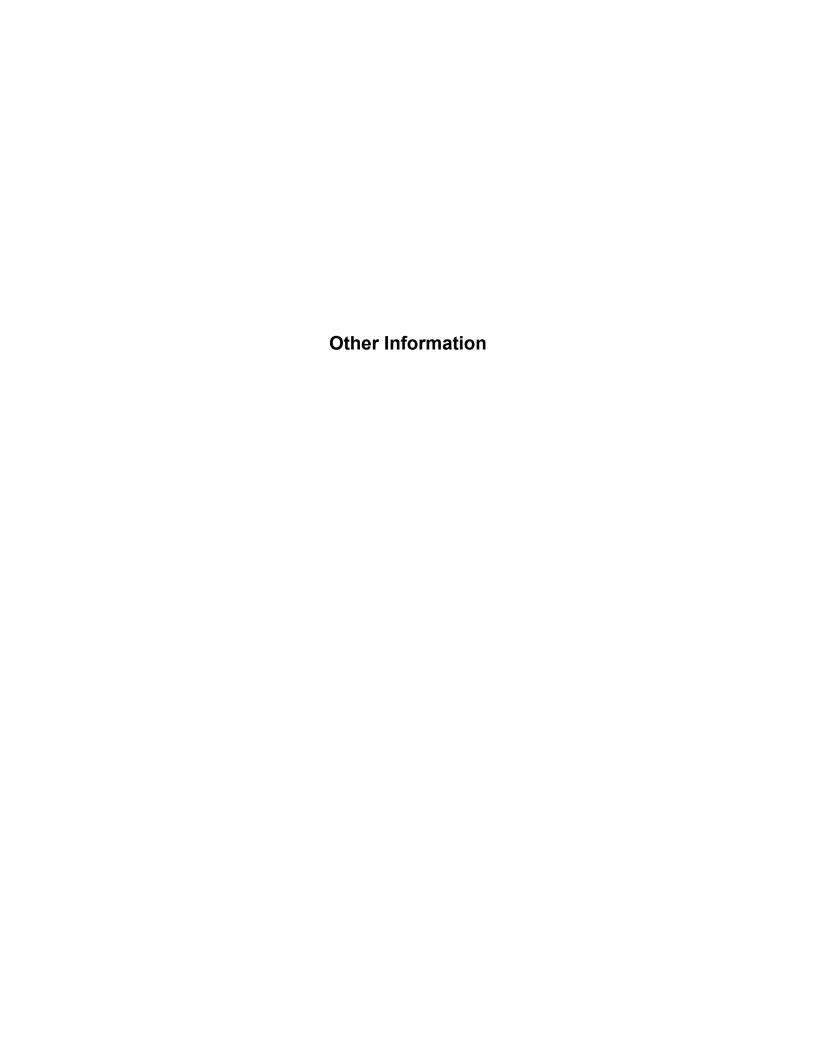
	 2020	 2021	 2022
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Organization's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.02090767%	0.02017502%	0.02239339%
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability	\$ (8,128)	\$ (9,459)	\$ (30,787)
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$ 354,896	\$ 397,583	\$ 422,295
Organization's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-2.29%	-2.38%	-7.29%
Plan Fiduciary Net OPEB as of Percentage of the Total OPEB Asset/Liability	112.11%	114.27%	142.87%
	 2018	 2019	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Organization's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.02323537%	0.02302516%	
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability	\$ 2,637	\$ (3,602)	
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$ 379,108	\$ 347,525	
Organization's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.70%	-1.04%	
Plan Fiduciary Net OPEB as of Percentage of the Total OPEB Asset/Liability	96.50%	103.94%	

^{*} Prior year information is not available.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Organization's OPEB Contributions
Oklahoma Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Years ended June 30, 2022

		2020		2021	2022
Organization Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	3,919	\$	3,881	\$ 3,958
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	_	(3,919)	_	(3,881)	 (3,958)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$_	_	\$ _
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	354,896	\$	397,583	\$ 422,295
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.10%		0.98%	0.94%
		2018		2019	
Organization Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	4,335	\$	5,311	
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	_	(4,335)	_	(5,311)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	_	\$_	<u>-</u>	
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	379,108	\$	347,525	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.14%		1.53%	

^{*} Prior year information is not available.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

										State					Rural		
		Masonic		SCHIP		MIPPA		SMP		Approp	CENA		EDA		Fire		Total
Assets																	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	-	\$	2,354	\$	6,362	\$	21,711 -	\$	(682) \$	(73,867)	\$	(26,257) -	\$	(6,838) \$	6	(77,217) -
Accounts receivable				2,083	_	1,250	_	625		682	73,867	_	55,573	_	6,838		140,918
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	4,437	\$	7,612	\$	22,336	\$_	<u> </u>		\$	29,316	\$	\$	<u> </u>	63,701
Liabilities																	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$;	-
Accrued expense		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-	_	-	_	-	_	-		<u> </u>		_	29,316				29,316
Total Liabilities	_	-		-	_		_	_		<u> </u>		_	29,316				29,316
Fund Balance																	
Unrestricted																	
Undesignated		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Board designated		-		4,437	_	7,612	_	22,336	_	<u> </u>		_	-				34,385
		-	_	4,437	_	7,612	_	22,336		<u> </u>		_	-				34,385
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	4,437	\$_	7,612	\$_	22,336	\$_	- \$	_	\$	29,316	\$_	- \$	S	63,701

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					State			Rural	
	Masonic	SCHIP	MIPPA	SMP	Approp	CENA	EDA	Fire	Total
Revenues				_					
Federal grants	\$ - \$	-	\$ 12,500			*	\$ 197,797	\$ -	\$ 217,197
State grants and appropriations	-	30,444	-	7,625	8,182	214,729	-	61,000	321,980
Local charges and services	-	-	-	5,172	-	-	-	-	5,172
Members' dues and assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	6,000
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Match revenue							11,500		11,500
Total Revenues		30,444	12,500	19,697	8,182	214,729	215,297	61,000	561,849
Expenditures									
Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	265	106,633	36,390	143,288
Fringe benefits	-	5,590	3,432	2,797	-	10,471	70,826	21,921	115,037
Indirect costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Travel	-	1,019	-	-	-	-	21,609	2,581	25,209
In-kind expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	6,000
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenses	19,246	3,708	1,456	1,150	8,182	-	10,229	108	44,079
Pass-through grants	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>		203,993			203,993
Total Expenditures	19,246	10,317	4,888	3,947	8,182	214,729	215,297	61,000	537,606
Transfers	(28,946)	(15,690)	(7,269)	6,003					(45,902)
Change in Fund Balance	(48,192)	4,437	343	21,753	-	-	-	-	(21,659)
Fund Balance, beginning of year	48,192		7,269	583					56,044
Fund Balance, end of year	\$\$	4,437	\$7,612	\$ 22,336	\$	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ 34,385

Combining Balance Sheet General Funds June 30, 2022

		17 CDBG		19 General		95 Pool		99 Payroll		299 CD		119 Special	999 Special		Total
Assets									-			•	 •		-
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	(88,680) 269,138	\$	(377,268) 29,565	\$	536	\$	19,203 -	\$	22,049 -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(424,160) 298,703
Accounts receivable	_	-	-		_	275	_	-	_	-		-	 <u> </u>	_	275
Total Assets	\$_	180,458	\$_	(347,703)	\$_	811	\$_	19,203	\$_	22,049	\$	-	\$ 	\$_	(125,182)
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	381	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	381
Accrued expense		-		-		-		14,308		-		-	-		14,308
Deferred revenue	_	-	_	-	<u> </u>	-	_	-		-	-	-	 	_	
Total Liabilities	_	-	. <u>-</u>	381	_	-	_	14,308				-	 	_	14,689
Fund Balance															
Unrestricted															
Undesignated		-		(348,084)		811		4,895		22,049		-	-		(320, 329)
Board designated	_	180,458	_	-		-	_	-	_	-		-	 	_	180,458
	_	180,458	_	(348,084)	_	811	_	4,895		22,049		-	 	_	(139,871)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	180,458	\$_	(347,703)	\$_	811	\$_	19,203	\$_	22,049	\$	-	\$ _	\$	(125,182)

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	17 CDBG	19 General	95 Pool	99 Payroll	299 CD	119 Special	999 Special	Total
Revenues				·		•		
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State grants and appropriations	-	-	275	-	-	-	-	275
Local charges and services	-	20,638	-	-	-	-	-	20,638
Members' dues and assessments	37,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,000
Investment income	4,924	74	-	-	-	-	-	4,998
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Match revenue	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Total Revenues	41,924	20,712	275	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	62,911
Expenditures								
Salaries	8,569	4,806	65,138	(8,239)	7,587	-	-	77,861
Fringe benefits	3,267	15,581	28,935	-	1,026	-	-	48,809
Indirect costs	-	-	(146,637)	-	-	-	-	(146,637)
Travel	640	1,134	347	-	-	-	-	2,121
In-kind expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenses	30,894	12,168	51,681	-	-	-	-	94,743
Pass-through grants			<u> </u>		· -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	43,370	33,689	(536)	(8,239)	8,613	-	<u> </u>	76,897
Transfers	-	(1,055)	-	-	30,662	(94,654)	(30,662)	(95,709)
Change in Fund Balance	(1,446)	(14,032)	811	8,239	22,049	(94,654)	(30,662)	(109,695)
Fund Balance, beginning of year	181,904	(334,052)		(3,344)		94,654	30,662	(30,176)
Fund Balance, end of year	\$ 180,458	\$ (348,084)	\$ <u>811</u>	\$ 4,895	\$ 22,049	\$	\$	\$ (139,871)

Balance Sheet Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP) Funds June 30, 2022

	2020		2021		2022		Admin	Planning		Total	_
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	- \$	145,234	\$	1,199,148	\$	(6,448)	\$ -	. ;	1,337,934	
Accounts receivable				_	122,510		6,448		_	128,958	_
Total Assets	\$	<u>-</u> \$	145,234	\$_	1,321,658	\$_		\$	= ;	1,466,892	=
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	- \$	-	\$	61,626	\$	-	\$ -	. ;	61,626	
Accrued expense Deferred revenue		<u>-</u>	145,234		1,260,032		-		· -	1,405,266	_
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>	145,234	_	1,321,658		-		_	1,466,892	_
Fund Balance Unrestricted											
Undesignated		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Board designated		<u>-</u>		· –	-	- 	-		_		_
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	<u>-</u> \$	145,234	\$_	1,321,658	\$_		\$	<u>.</u> ;	1,466,892	_

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP) Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2020	2021	2022	Admin	Planning	Total
Revenues		-				
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State grants and appropriations	-	-	210,093	77,375	-	287,468
Local charges and services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Members' dues and assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Match revenue		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total Revenues		<u> </u>	210,093	77,375		287,468
Expenditures						
Salaries	-	-	-	43,558	-	43,558
Fringe benefits	-	-	-	33,817	-	33,817
Indirect costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Travel	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pass-through grants	154,202	1,047,046	210,093		<u> </u>	1,411,341
Total Expenditures	154,202	1,047,046	210,093	77,375		1,488,716
Transfers	154,202	1,047,046		<u> </u>		1,201,248
Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, beginning of year		-	<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

Reports Required by	Government Auditing Uniform Guidance	g Standards and the



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Wilburton, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma (the Organization of KEDDO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hila & Compay.pc

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 24, 2022





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program: Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Wilburton, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma's (the Organization of KEDDO) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.. The Organization's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Organization's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



Board of Directors Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Page 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hila & Company.pc

Tulsa, Oklahoma

October 24, 2022



Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Project Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
FEDERAL PROGRAMS					
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Pass-Through the Oklahoma Department of		56652			
Human Services					
Special Programs for the Aging					
Title III, Part B Admin	93.044		34074003	\$ -	\$ 26,670
Title VII	93.041		34074003	-	3,920
Title III, Part B Grants for					
Supportive Services & Senior Centers	93.044		34074003	152,604	211,765
Title III, Part C-1 Nutrition Services	93.045		34074003	315,991	352,011
Title III, Part C-2 Nutrition Services	93.045		34074003	165,592	184,292
Title III, Part D Prev	93.043		34074003	17,264	17,264
Title III, Part E Care Giver Support	93.052		34074003	35,212	47,662
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053		34074003	129,278	129,278
Total Aging Cluster				815,941	972,862
Pass-Through the Department of Oklahoma Insurance					
Medicare Improvements for Patients &					
Providers Act (MIPPA)	93.071				14,916
Total U.S. Department of Health and					
Human Services				815,941	987,778
U.S. Department of Commerce					
Economic Development Planning					
Assistance	11.301				197,797
				\$815,941	\$ 1,185,575

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30.2022

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma (the Organization of KEDDO) for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Organization.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The Organization has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under Section 200.414(f) of the Uniform Guidance.

Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30,2022

Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	The type of report the auditor issued on whether the f prepared in accordance with accounting principles general America (GAAP) was:				
	oximes Unmodified $oximes$ Qualified $oximes$ Adverse $oximes$ Disclaim	med	l		
Th	e independent auditor's report on internal control over finan	cial	reportir	ng d	lisclosed:
	Significant deficiencies?		Yes	\boxtimes	None Reported
	Material weaknesses?		Yes	X	No
2.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statem disclosed by the audit?		s was Yes	\boxtimes	No
3.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over compliance for major federal awards programs disclos	sed:			
	Significant deficiencies?		Yes	\times	None Reported
	Material weakness?		Yes	\times	No
4.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report was:	for	major f	ede	eral award programs
	□ Unmodified □ Qualified □ Adverse □ Disclair	med	I		
5.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes	\boxtimes	No
6.	The District's major program was:				
				\ssi	deral istance
	Cluster/Program		Lis	_	y Number
	Special Programs for the Aging - B Admin				3.044
	Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII				3.041
	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part D Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part				3.043 3.044
	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C				3.044 3.045
	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part E				3.052
	Special Programs for the Aging - NSIP				3.053

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30,2022

Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as those terms are defined in the Uniform Guidance was \$750,000.

7. The District qualified as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in the Uniform Guidance. \boxtimes Yes \square No

Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

No matters are reportable.

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

No matters are reportable.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
June 30,2022

Prior Year Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

No matters are reportable.

Prior Year Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

No matters are reportable.