ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7
LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

AUDITED BY KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL CENTER OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2015

# **Board of Education**

President

Dr. Phil Chitwood

Vice-President

Mr. Joel Mashburn

Clerk

Mrs. Bobbie Wilson

Member

Mrs. Mary Curtis

Member

Mr. Larry Culwell

Member

Mrs. Joy Culbreath

Member

Mr. Norman Ranger

# Superintendent of Schools

Ms. Shelley D. Free

# **Technology Center Treasurer**

Mrs. Stacia McCune

# **Chief Financial Officer**

Mrs. Lois Welch

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2015

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page
Report of Independent Auditor	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements - Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	9
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Federal Pell Grant Fund	10
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – (Budgetary Basis) – Building Fund	31
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Federal Awards Expended	32
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expended	33
Statement of Net Position-Fiduciary Fund	34
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Antlers Campus	. 35
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Atoka Campus	36
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Durant Campus	37
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Hugo Campus	38

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Idabel Campus	39
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund  McAlester Campus	40
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Poteau Campus	41
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Spiro Campus	42
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Stigler Campus	43
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Talihina Campus	44
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Activity Fund Wilburton Campus	45
Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	46
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	48
Summary of Audit Results	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	50
Summary of Prior Audit Findings	51
Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	52

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

# KERRY JOHN PATTEN. C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 Wilburton, Oklahoma

#### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kiamichi Technology Center as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

As discussed in Note 1, in 2015 the center adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition of Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The provisions of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 required the center to adjust its net position as of July 1, 2014 upon adoption. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Auditing Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial and other additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 2, 2016, on my consideration of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma, internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 2, 2016



# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Kiamichi Technology Center School District No. 7 is an effort to provide an overview of financial activities of the School District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

#### The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Kiamichi Technology Center School District No. 7 (the "School District") using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Included in this report are governmental-wide statements for the governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the School District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities. These statements include all assets of the School District as well as all liabilities.

# Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most frequently asked questions about the School District's finances is, "is the School District better off than it was last year?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the School District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in them from the prior year. You can think of the School District's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the School District's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net assets can be one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of the School District's assets, to assess the overall health of the School District.

# Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

Governmental Funds – The School District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

# **Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund Financial statement.

# Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

#### **Net Assets**

The School District accumulates year-to-year financial information on a consistent basis with the year ended. June 30, 2015 begins the thirteenth year of reporting using the integrated approach prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Since, the financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis; changes in the net assets may be used to discuss the changing financial position of the School District as a whole.

The School District's total assets at fiscal year-end are \$62,810,288 which is an increase of \$761,148 over last year's total assets of \$62,049,140. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net assets at June 30:

#### **Governmental Activities**

		2015		2014		Amount	% of Change
Current/Other							
Assets	\$	23,600,511	\$	23,890,078	\$	(289,567)	-1.3%
Capital Assets		39,209,777		38,159,062		1,050,715	2.8%
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	62,810,288	\$	62,049,140	\$	761,148	1.2%
<b>Deferred Outflow</b>							
of Resources	\$\$	1,484,859	_\$	-	_\$_	1,484,859	100.0%
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	\$	2,553,117	\$	1,736,673	\$	816,444	47.0%
Long-Term							
Liabilities	\$	20,150,833	\$	376,111	_\$	19,774,722	5257.7%
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$\$	22,703,950	\$	2,112,784	\$_	20,591,166	974.6%
Deferred Inflow							
of Resources	\$	5,098,023		_	\$_	5,098,023	100.0%
Net Assets:							
Capital Assets	\$	39,209,777	\$	38,159,062	\$	1,050,715	2.8%
Unrestricted		(2,716,603)		21,777,294		(24,493,897)	-112.6%
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$	36,493,174	\$	59,936,356	\$	(23,443,182)	-39.1%

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### **Governmental Activities**

State funds suffered some budget cuts, however, slight increases in revenues in Ad Valorem allowed the School District's budget to maintain levels commensurate with the precious year.

# Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Ad Valorem property tax

Taxes for current year and prior years, revenue in lieu of taxes

Tuition and Fees

Tuition and fees for full-time adult classes, short-term adult classes,

safety training, and industry specific

Miscellaneous

Rental, Disposals & Commissions

Rental of school facilities and property and sale of surplus equipment

Reimbursements

Reimbursements for insurance loss recoveries, damages to school

property, rebates and fiscal agent expenses

Other Local Sources of Revenue

All other local revenue not classified above

Intergovernmental State Sources

State aid formula grants, School to Work, DHS Child Care, OTAG, Existing Industry Training, TIPS, Adult Training and Fire Fighting

initiative

Intergovernmental Federal Sources

TANF, Carl Perkins, and Federal Financial Aid

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

## The individual line item expenses reported for each function are:

Instruction

Expenditures for direct classroom activities

**Support Services** 

Expenditures for administrative, technical and logistical support to

facilitate and enhance education

Non-Instructional Services

Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff, or community. An example would be child nutrition expenses.

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

# The individual line item expenses reported for each function are: (Continued)

Facilities Acquisition and Construction

Activities involved with the acquisition of land, buildings, remodeling buildings, construction of buildings and additions to building, initial installations or extension of service systems and other build-in equipment, acquisition of equipment to furnish the buildings, and improvements to sites.

# **Capital Assets**

During this fiscal year the School District maintained program equipment and facilities at a level that ensured high quality technical education. The Poteau KTC campus was awarded a FEMA grant to build a safe room in the amount of \$418,918. This structure will be completed during the 2017 school year. The McAlester KTC campus remodeled the existing building to add a Bio Med program and a new server room. At the end of June 30, 2015 the district had \$69,776,057 invested in capital assets including land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles in comparison to the \$67,134,567 at June 30, 2014. These figures do not consider the effects of accumulated depreciation which can be seen on page 10.

	Governmental Activities	
Land	\$ 2,927,500	
Buildings	\$ 54,835,313	
Equipment	\$ 8,863,549	
Vehicles	\$ 3,149,695	
Construction in Process	\$ 164,214	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 69,940,271	_

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

KTC expects a decrease in State and Federal sources. Property tax and tuition collections are expected to remain the same for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. While expecting a decrease in appropriated revenue and the school district is anticipating operating costs to continue to increase due to the rising cost of salaries, insurances, utilities and fuel. KTC is continuing implementation of new programs to meet the changes in workforce demand. Despite the economic conditions KTC remains optimistic for new growth in the STEM and Health Care areas. With the implementation of two new Bio Med programs student enrollment continues to increase for these areas. KTC is committed to ensure quality services for the students of southeast Oklahoma and other areas across the state.

# Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the school district's finances and to show the school district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District Treasurer's Office at P.O. Box 548, Wilburton, Oklahoma 74578-0548 or phone at (918)465-2324.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	8,573,385
Investments		12,828,183
Property tax receivable		1,445,872
Due from other governments		374,241
Due from other funds		378,830
Miscellaneous receivables		-
Noncurrent Assets		0.007.500
Land		2,927,500
Construction in Progress		164,214
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		36,118,063
Total Assets	\$	62,810,288
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pension expense	\$_	1,484,859
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	2,553,117
Total Current Liabilities	\$	2,553,117
Non Current Liabilities		
Compenstated absences	\$	429,274
Net pension liability		19,721,559
Total Non Current Liabilities	\$	20,150,833
Total Liabilities	\$	22,703,950
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions	\$_	5,098,023
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$	39,209,777
Unrestricted		(2,716,603)
Total Net Position	\$	36,493,174

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2015

			Program	n R	evenues	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants & Contributions	Government Activities
Governmental Activities						
Instruction Support services Non-instruction Capital outlay	\$	(10,736,134) \$ (16,254,082) (155,156)	3,577,186 140,618 -	\$	1,165,608 - -	\$ (5,993,340) (16,113,464) (155,156)
Other outlays Other uses Repayments Depreciation-Unallocated		(1,143,778) (177,909) (40,689) (2,092,991)	- - -		- - -	(1,143,778) (177,909) (40,689) (2,092,991)
Total governmental activities	\$_	(30,600,739) \$	3,717,804	\$	1,165,608	\$ (25,717,327)
	Tax Pr	neral revenues es: roperty taxes, levied ther Taxes	for general pur	pos	ses	\$ 19,015,862 -
		e aid not restricted ter general revenues		ose	S	7,287,009
		terest and investme				55,200
	Miscellaneous				693,867	
	Total general revenues					27,051,938
	Loss on disposal of assets				(28,658)	
	Changes in net position					1,305,953
	Net Position - beginning, as restated					35,187,221
	N	let Position - ending				\$ 36,493,174

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		al Pell Grant Fund	 Activity Fund	 Total
Cash Investments	\$	- 	\$ 612,696 82,712	\$ 612,696 82,712
Total assets	\$	_	\$ 695,408	\$ 695,408
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES  Due to student groups  Due to other funds	\$	- 	\$ 316,578 378,830	\$ 316,578 378,830
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$ 695,408	\$ 695,408
NET POSITION Unreserved/undesignated	\$		\$ 	\$ 
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$		\$ 695,408	\$ 695,408

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FEDERAL PELL GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Davas		Pell Grant Fund
Revenues		
Pell Grants	\$ _	2,143,151
Total revenues	\$	2,143,151
Expenditures		
Student Financial Assistance	\$	1,695,761
Tuition		444,560
Administrative Cost	_	2,830
Total expenditures	\$ _	2,143,151
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ _	· -
Net Position, beginning of year	\$	
Net Position, end of year	\$	-



# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		Governmenta	nd Types			
				Special		Takal
ASSETS  Cash Investments Property tax receivable Due from other governments Miscellaneous receivables	\$	5,554,461 8,899,233 1,204,135 374,241	\$	3,018,924 3,928,950 241,737	\$	Total  8,573,385 12,828,183 1,445,872 374,241
Due from other funds	_	378,830	_		_	378,830
Total assets	\$ =	16,410,900	\$	7,189,611	\$	23,600,511
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ _	1,126,341 1,014,026	\$	1,426,776 212,497	\$	2,553,117 1,226,523
Total liabilities	\$_	2,140,367	\$	1,639,273	\$	3,779,640
Fund balances: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Inventories	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted Fund Balances:  Restricted by statute  Committed Fund Balances:		-		1,750,472		1,750,472
Contractual obligations Assigned Fund Balances: Encumbrances		2,498,428		- 3,799,866		6,298,294
Unassigned:	_	11,772,105	•		•	11,772,105
Total fund balances	\$_	14,270,533	\$	5,550,338	\$	19,820,871
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ =	16,410,900	\$	7,189,611		
Amounts reported for governmental actibecause:  Capital assets used in governmental therefore, are not reported as asset assets is \$69,940,271 and accumulations.	al acti ts in g	vities are not fina povernmental func	ncial	resources and The cost of the	ent	39,209,777
Property taxes receivable will be concerned to pay current period's expension funds.		•				1,226,523
Compensated absences are not du therefore, are not reported as liabili		•	ırrer	nt period and,		(429,274)
Net pension obligations are not due reported in the funds.	e and	payable in the cui	rrent	period and, are not		(19,721,559)
Deferred outflows and inflows of refuture periods, and therefore, are n				are applicable to		(3,613,164)
Net Position of governmental activity	ties				\$	36,493,174

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			General Fund		Building Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		_		_		_	
	Local sources	\$	19,985,271	\$	3,191,561	\$	23,176,832
	Intermediate sources State sources		- 7,986,466		-		- 7,986,466
	Federal sources		768,686		- -		768,686
		-		,			
	Total revenues	\$ _	28,740,423	\$	3,191,561	\$	31,931,984
Expenditur	res:						
	Instructional	\$	11,717,741	\$	_	\$	11,717,741
	Support services	•	17,012,116	*	58,165	*	17,070,281
	Noninstructional		155,156		· -		155,156
	Capital outlay		-		2,004,391		2,004,391
	Other outlays		67,912		1,807,283		1,875,195
	Other uses		177,909		. <b>-</b>		177,909
	Repayments	-	40,689				40,689
	Total expenditures:	\$ _	29,171,523	\$	3,869,839	\$	33,041,362
Excess of	revenues over (under)						
expenditur	, ,	\$ _	(431,100)	\$	(678,278)	\$	(1,109,378)
Other finar	ncing sources (uses)						
	from capital lease obligations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
	ner financing sources (uses)	\$	*	\$	-	\$	
Excess of	revenues and other sources of						
	er (under) expenditures	\$ _	(431,100)	\$	(678,278)	\$	(1,109,378)
Fund balar	nce, beginning of year	\$ _	14,701,633	\$	6,228,616	\$	20,930,249
Fund balar	nce, end of year	\$	14,270,533	\$	5,550,338	\$	19,820,871

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances-governmental funds

\$ (1,109,378)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.

Capital outlay expenditures	\$ 3,172,364
Loss on disposal of assets	(28,658)
Depreciation expense	(2,092,991) 1,050,715

Some property taxes and intergovernmental revenues receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds. These are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds until received. Change in amount deferred in fund statements.

3.367

Payment of compensated absences is reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when actually paid. However, on the government-wide statement, changes in compensated absences are expensed as they are accrued. Change in the compensated absences liability.

(53, 163)

Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, the Statement of Activities reports the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions as pension expense.

1,414,412

Change in Net Position Governmental Activities

1,305,953



## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 (the "Center") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions, issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Center has presented the entities, which comprise the primary government in the fiscal year 2014 basic financial statements.

The Center is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The Center is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Department of Career & Technology Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma for support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the Center is the Board of Education composed of seven elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the Center.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements present the reporting entity which consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the Center's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Center. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) tuition or fees paid by students or citizens of the Center and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items, including state aid, that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Technology Center segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Statements for governmental activities present each fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources uses and balance of current financial resources. The Center has presented the following governmental funds:

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# **Fund Financial Statements**

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under Formula Operations. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Center's Building Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of creating, remodeling or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Center. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purpose trust fund or a permanent fund is used.

The terms "permanent" and "private purpose" refer to whether or not the Center is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the Center holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The Center's Fiduciary Funds have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The Center's Agency Fund consists of the Activity Fund and the Federal Pell Grant Fund. The Center's Activity Fund is used to account for monies collected that are held on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Federal Pell Grant fund is used to account for student financial aid which is collected by the Center and disbursed to eligible students or to pay educational costs on their behalf. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these funds.

## Account Groups

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the governmental column in the government-wide statement of net assets.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes and interest and certain state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures. These budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary control is maintained by fund, function, and activity and budgeted expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Amendments may be made to the budget without approval by the governing body at the function and activity levels. Fund level budgetary amendments require approval of the governing body.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable fund balance – is utilized in all governmental funds of the Center. Appropriations which are not spent lapse at the end of the fiscal year and encumbrances are reversed. On the first day of the following fiscal year, the encumbrances are reinstated and the expenditures are applied against that year's budget.

#### E. Net Position and Fund Balances

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net positions are categories of investment in fixed assets (net of related debt), restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

<u>Investment in Fixed Assets (net of related debt)</u> – is intended to reflect the portion of net position, which are associated with non-liquid capital related debt. The net related debt is debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

Restricted Net Position – are liquid assets generated from revenues and not bond proceeds, which have third party (statutory bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use. The Center would typically use restricted net assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

Unrestricted Net Position – represent unrestricted liquid assets.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – The Center has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form such as prepaid expenses, inventory, or required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of permanent fund.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that are designated for specific purposes by their providers such as bondholders, grantors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Building Fund is restricted by statute to certain capital related costs.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts designated for specific purposes by the Center's highest level of decision making authority (Board of Education) and cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level (Board of Education) takes action to remove or change the designation.

The Center commits a portion of the fund balance to honor the commitments made by the District for encumbrances (purchase orders) for which goods or services have not yet been received. The fund balance committed to encumbrances will be equivalent to the purchase orders rolled forward from one fiscal year to the next fiscal year

<u>Assigned</u> – Amount the Center intends to use for specific purposes; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

The Center assigns a portion of the fund balance in both the general fund and building fund for funding the cash flow needs during the first half of each fiscal year. The Superintendent and the Chief Financial Officer will determine the amount of assigned fund balance at the end of each fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Amounts that are available for any purposes; reported only in the general fund. Fund balance represents the funds not restricted in use by statute nor encumbered by purchase order or legal contract.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of currency and checks on hand and demand deposit accounts with banks and other financial institutions.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Property Tax Revenue and Receivables</u> – The Center is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within its' District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. The second half of taxes becomes delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If taxes are delinquent and unpaid for a period of three (3) years or more the real estate may be sold for taxes.

Uncollected taxes assessed on valuations made each year are recorded in the Center's combined financial statements. Uncollectible personal and real property taxes are deemed to be immaterial because the property can be sold for the amount of taxes due.

<u>Inventories</u> – The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the Technology Center has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost when historical records exist and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures
Improvements
Equipment
Furniture and fixtures

25-50 years
Remaining Life
7-25 years
5-20 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – All full time twelve-month employees are entitled to vacation time with full pay of 15 working days per year. A certified employee contracted for half time or more receives leave time prorated according to the percentage of time contracted. An employee, upon separation of service with the Center, will be paid their regular rate of pay for unused annual vacation leave up to a maximum of 22 ½ days.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Any employee who retires with a minimum of 10 years of service with the Center and whose age and number of years of creditable service total 80 or 90 points, depending on date of employment, can receive their regular rate of pay for unused sick leave up to 60 days. Employees who have worked for the Center for at least 5 years can receive a lump sum payment of \$10 per day for up to 60 days accrued sick leave.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of the applicable governmental activities statement on net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

# G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

Revenues are classified by source as follows:

<u>Local</u> – Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the District, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the Technology Center.

<u>Intermediate</u> – Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, like a county or municipality, and redistributed to the Technology Center.

<u>State</u> – Those revenues received from the State, which are dedicated or are appropriated by the State <u>legislature</u>. Some of this aid is restricted for specific purposes.

The Center receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Department of Career & Technology Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended, as of the close of the fiscal year, be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Career & Technology Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Federal</u> – Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the Technology Center either as direct grants or under various programs passed-through the State Department of Career & Technology Education or other state agencies.

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Examples of expenditures that might be included here are the activities of teacher assistant of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff, and the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

# **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the Center or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from Center funds.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u> – Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position by the school district that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2015, the school district's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of deferred outflows related to pensions.

<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u> – Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by the school district that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2015, the school district deferred inflows of resources were comprised of deferred inflows to pensions.

New accounting pronouncements adopted in fiscal year 2015: The school district adopted the following new accounting pronouncement during the year ended June 30, 2015:

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB No. 68) establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expenses. GASB No. 68 also details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. Defined benefit pensions are further classified by GASB No. 68 as single employer plans, agent employer plans and cost-sharing plans, and recognition and disclosure requirements are addressed for each classification. The provisions of the statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The adoption of GASB No. 68 resulted in a decrease in Net Position of \$23,334,723.

Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Datean amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB No. 71) was issued in November 2013 and amends paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this statement were required to be adopted simultaneously with the adoption of GASB Statement 68. The adoption of GASB No. 71 resulted in the recording of a deferred outflow of \$1,484,859, for contributions after the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability.

New accounting pronouncements issued not yet adopted: The GASB has also issued several new accounting pronouncements which will be effective for the school district in future fiscal years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements and the school districts consideration of the impact of these pronouncements are described below:

Statement No. 72, Fair value Measurement and Application (GASB No. 72) was issued in February 2015 and requires investments to be measured at fair value. Investments are defined as any security or other asset that (a) the government holds primarily for the purpose of income or profit and (b) has a present service capacity based solely on its ability to generate cash or be sold to generate cash.

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

The statement requires measurement at acquisition value for donated capital assets, donated works of art, historical treasures and similar assets and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement. This statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June15, 2015.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 (GASB No. 73) was issued in June 2015, will be effective for the school districts beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Those provisions of the statement that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 are effective beginning with fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The Statement establishes requirements for pensions not covered by Statement Nos. 67 and 68 which are essentially the same requirements as Statement No. 68. However, the lack of a pension plan that is administered through a trust that meets specified criteria is reflected in the measurements.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans (GASB No. 74) was issued in June 2015 and replaces Statements No. 43 Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other than Pension Plans, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. The provisions of Statement 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB No. 75) was issued in June 2015, will be effective for the school district beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The Statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions and requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB they provide and outlines the reporting requirements by governments for defined benefit OPEB plans administered through a trust, cost-sharing OPEB plans administered through a trust and OPEB not provided through a trust. The Statement also requires governments to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information about their OPEB liabilities. Some governments are legally responsible to make contributions directly to an OPEB plan or make benefit payments directly as OPEB comes due for employees of other governments. In certain circumstances, called special funding situations, the Statement requires these governments to recognize in their financial statements a share of the other government's net OPEB liability.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted accounting Principles for State and Local Governments (GASB No. 76) was issued in June 2015 and supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statements are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. Earlier application is permitted.

The school district is currently evaluating the impact that these new standards will have on its financial statements.

#### 2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 3. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The Center's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- 2. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.
- 6. County, municipal or school district direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school district ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school district is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- 7. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the district's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the board of education.

## **Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)**

The Center's investment policy instructs the Treasurer to minimize risks by diversifying the investment portfolio; structuring investments so that securities mature in time to meet cash requirements; and by investing the full amount of all accounts of the Center.

#### Investments

The Center's investments at June 30, 2015, for all governmental funds included the following:

Investment Certificates of Deposit	\$ Amount 2,200,000	% To Total 17.2%
Money Market Funds	 10,628,183	82.8%
Total	\$ 12,828,183_	100.00%

All investments of June 30, 2015, have investment maturities of twelve months or less.

#### Custodial Credit Risk:

Deposits and Investments – The District's demand deposits are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured.

Securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party or Federal Reserve Bank. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depositing institution, but are pledged to the Center. The security cannot be released, substituted, or sold without the school Treasurer's approval and release of the security.

Certificates of deposit are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2015, the Center had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Center's investments consist of direct obligations of the U.S. government and agencies' securities.

#### Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. Investments may have maturities extending to twenty-four months, provided sufficient liquidity is available to meet major outlays, except that General Fund investments may not exceed twelve months

# Credit Risk:

The Center has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

At June 30, 2015, the Center has no investments that are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States government.

# 4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2015, follows:

	Balance July1, 2014	-	Additions		Transfer	Retirements		Balance June 30, 2015
Land	\$ 2,860,000	\$	67,500	\$	-	\$ - \$		2,927,500
Construction in progress	3,432,535	-			(3,268,321)		-	164,214
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	6,292,535	-	67,500		(3,268,321)			3,091,714
Building & Improvements	49,153,866		2,413,126		3,268,321	-		54,835,313
Machinery & Equipment	8,603,610		582,773		-	322,834		8,863,549
Vehicles	3,084,556	-	108,965		_	43,826	_	3,149,695
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated Less:	60,842,032	-	3,104,864		3,268,321	366,660		66,848.557
Accumulated Depreciation	28,975,505	-	2,092,991			338,002		30,730,494
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated - Net Total Capital Assets -	31,866,527	-	1,011,873		3,268,321	28,658	_	36,118,063
Net	\$ 38,159,062	\$	1,079,373	:	-	\$ 28,658 \$		39,209,777

# 5. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund, or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

# 6. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consist of Ad Valorem tax, interest income, tuition, state grant programs, federal grant programs, and miscellaneous. Receivables detail by fund at June 30, 2015, is as follows:

# Governmental Funds

Accounts Receivable	General Fund	Building Fund
Ad valorem tax Due from activity fund Other local Federal grants State grants	\$ 1,204,135 378,996 2,425 371,816	\$ 241,737 - - - - -
Total accounts receivable	1,957,372	241,737
Less: Deferred revenue	1,014,026	212,497
Total accounts receivable (net)	\$ 943,346	\$ 29,240

# 7. Employee Retirement System

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administrated Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma (the "system"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The supervising authority for the management and operation of the System is a 13-member Board of Trustees, which acts as a fiduciary for investment of the funds and the application of plan interpretations. The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits and other benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Oklahoma State Statutes establish benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The District has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the system nor has it any liability, except for contribution requirements. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152.

## Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements have also been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade dates. Member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The nonfunded pension benefit obligation of the System, as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2015, is as follows:

	[	Dollars in Millions		
Actuarial Accrued Liability Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	20,693 13,772		
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	6,921		

# Contributions

The contribution rates for the center and its employees, which are prescribed by Oklahoma State statutes, are based on employee's earnings, plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The vocational center is required to contribute 9.5% of applicable employee compensation. The center is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The required contributions for participating members is 7%. The State of Oklahoma, a non-employee contributing entity, provides funds through 5% of the state's sales, use, corporate, and individual income tax collected. The system also receives 1% of the cigarette tax collected by the state and 5% of the net lottery proceeds collected by the state. Employers of OTRS members whose compensation is paid from federal funds are required to match the contributions of these members on that portion of compensation paid from federal funds. The federal match rate is set by the OTRS Board of Trustees and as of April 1, 2015 is 8.25%.

# **Employee Retirement System (continued)**

# Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contribution for 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$2,410,045, \$2,414,943, and \$2,399,770, respectively. The District's total payroll for fiscal year 2014-15 amounted to \$15,128,662.

#### On Behalf Contributions

The State of Oklahoma makes retirement contributions each year for teachers employed by Oklahoma School Districts. The contribution amounts are based on the teacher's years of service and amounts paid are prescribed by O.S. 70 Section 17-108.2 subsection A. During fiscal year 2014-15, the State of Oklahoma's contribution was \$127,676. The District recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2015, the Technology Center reported a liability of \$19,721,559 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. The Technology Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Technology Center's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2014. Based upon this information, the Technology Center's proportion was .36658083 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Technology Center recognized pension expense of \$1,154,810. At June 30, 2015, the school district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 325,070
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,772,953
Technology Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,484,859	
Total	\$ 1,484,859	\$ 5,098,023

# **Employee Retirement System (continued)**

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$1,484,859 resulting from the school district's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. The deferred inflows totaling \$4,772,953 resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. The deferred inflows totaling \$325,070 resulting from differences between expected and actual experience will be recognized in pension expense using the average expected remaining service life of the plan participants. The average expected remaining life of the plan participates is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the plan participants divided by the number of people in the Plan including retirees. The total future service years of the plan participants are estimated at 6.32 years at June 30, 2014 and are determined using the mortality, termination, retirement and disability assumptions associated with the Plan.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016	\$ 995,225
2017	995,225
2018	995,225
2019	995,225
2020	995,225
Thereafter	121,898
	\$ 5,098,023

**Actuarial assumptions:** The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of July 1, 2014 using the following actual assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost method-Entry Age Normal
- Amortization Method-Level Percentage of Payroll
- Amortization Period-Amortization over an open 30-year period
- Asset Valuation Method-5 year smooth market
- Inflation-3.0 percent
- Salary Increases-Composed of 3.0 percent inflation, plus 1.0 percent productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return-8.0 percent
- Retirement Age-Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender.
   Adopted by the Board in September 2010 in conjunction with the five year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2009
- Mortality-RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2016 using Scale AA, multiplied by 90.0 percent for males and 80.0 percent for females.

## **Employee Retirement System (continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income Domestic Equity Private Equity Real Estate Limited Partnerships	23.50% 57.50% 5.00% 7.00% <u>7.00%</u>	6.60% 6.80% 7.90% 5.50% 7.90%
	<u>100.00%</u>	

<u>Discount rate</u> – A single discount rate of 8.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.00%) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(7.00%)</u>	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Center's proportionate share of the net			-
pension liability	<u>\$ 27,706,207</u>	<u>\$ 19,721,559</u>	\$ 12,982,249

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ok.gov/trs/.

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GAAP BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### 8. Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, the governmental long-term debt of the District consisted of the following:

	_	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions	Retirements	 Balance June 30, 2015
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$_	376,111 -	\$_	53,163 19,721,559	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 429,274 19,721,559
Total	\$	376,111	\$	19,774,722	\$ -	\$ 20,150,833

### 9. Restatement Beginning Net Position

Beginning net position as previously reported	\$ 59,936,356
Implementation of GASB Statement 68 & 71	(24,749,135)
Beginning net position, restated	\$ 35,187,221

### 10. Operating Lease

The Center leases classroom space at Eufaula School needed to operate educational programs. The Center will pay the sum of \$83,000 during the year, also an additional \$40,000 for insurance, equipment, utilities, and custodial services. The term of the lease begins July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015.

### 11. Litigation

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the Technology Center. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized and would not materially affect the financial position of the Center at June 30, 2015. In the opinion of the Technology Center management, after consultation with legal counsel, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not materially affect The Center's financial position, results of operation, or cash flows.

#### 12. Contingent Liabilities

The Center receives significant financial assistance from the United States government in the form of grants and other federal assistance. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowances as a result of these audits become a liability of the Center. The Center estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

#### 13. Risk Management

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The Center purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **Risk Management (continued)**

The Center also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the school reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma.

In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the Center is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the Center goes into a loss fund for the Center. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund, so the Center's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the Center does not use their loss fund in three years, it is returned to them with no interest.

#### 14. Surety Bonds

The school Treasurer is bonded by Western Surety Company bond No. 68522511 in the amount of \$200,000 for the period July 1, 2014, to June 30, 2015.

The school also has a public employee blanket bond that includes the Superintendent and Financial Officers, policy No. 103072925 with Travelers Insurance in the amount of \$300,000 covering the period July 1, 1998, until cancelled. The policy has a \$5,000 deductable.



# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	(	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	12,021,785	\$	12,021,785	\$	12,021,785	\$	_
Revenues:								
Local sources Intermediate sources	\$	18,744,789	\$	18,744,789	\$	19,934,872	\$	1,190,083
State sources		7,720,275		7,720,275		7,887,725		167,450
Federal sources		590,444	_	590,444		919,664	_	329,220
Total revenues	\$_	27,055,508	\$_	27,055,508	\$	28,742,261	\$_	1,686,753
Expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	14,074,329	\$	14,074,329	\$	11,933,878	\$	2,140,451
Support services		21,641,798		21,641,798		17,332,805		4,308,993
Non-instructional services		236,291		236,291		189,021		47,270
Capital outlay		205 500		205 500		- 02.500		202.000
Other outlays Other uses		385,500 2,679,375		385,500 2,679,375		83,500 182,786		302,000 2,496,589
Repayments		60,000		60,000		37,517		22,483
Repayments	_		-				-	22,400
Total expenditures	\$_	39,077,293	\$_	39,077,293	\$_	29,759,507	\$_	9,317,786
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenses before adjustments to prio	r							
year encumbrances	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	11,004,539	\$_	11,004,539
Adjustments to prior year encumbrance	es					952,198		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in/out					\$	-		
Bank charges						(1,471)		
Total other financing sources (use	es)				\$_	(1,471)		
Cash fund balance end of year-Budget	ary E	Basis			\$	11,955,266		
Reconciliation of end of the year budge GAAP fund balance:	etary	fund balance w	ith e	end of the year				
Cash fund Balance, End of Year					\$	11,955,266		
Accounts receivable						943,180		
Reserve for encumbrances						2,498,428		
Accounts Payable						(1,126,341)		
- 101 1 22 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					<b>.</b>	44.070.75		
Fund Balance June 30, 2015 - GAAP I	≾asıs				\$ _	14,270,533		

## KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUILDING FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	C	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	4,206,681	\$	4,206,681	\$	4,206,681	\$	-
Revenues: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources	\$	2,912,241 - - -	\$	2,912,241 - - -	\$	3,206,798 - - -	\$	294,557 - - -
Total revenues	\$	2,912,241	\$	2,912,241	\$	3,206,798	\$	294,557
Expenditures: Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Capital outlay Other outlays	\$	198,256 - 6,820,666 100,000	\$	- 198,256 - 6,820,666 100,000	\$	59,000 - 4,376,644 -	\$	139,256 - 2,444,022 100,000
Other uses  Total expenditures	_ \$	- 7,118,922	- \$	7,118,922	- <u></u>	4,435,644	 \$	2,683,278
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to pri	<b>'</b>	7,110,022	Ψ-	7,110,022	- *	1, 100,011	· * •	2,000,210
year encumbrances	\$_	_	\$_	_	\$	2,977,835	\$	2,977,835
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances						170,175		
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in/out Bank charges					\$	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)					\$	_		
Cash fund balance end of year-Budgetary	Basis	3			\$	3,148,010		
Reconciliation of end of the year budgetary GAAP fund balance:	/ func	balance with e	end	of the year				
Cash Fund Balance, End of Year Accounts receivable Reserve for encumbrances Accounts payable					\$	3,148,010 29,240 3,799,864 (1,426,776)		
Fund Balance June 30, 2015 - GAAP Basi	s				\$	5,550,338		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA#	Grantor's Number		Balance at July 1, 2014	Revenue	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2015
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
2014-2015 Programs							
* Pell Grant	84.063	P063P143161	\$	- \$	2,143,151		\$ -
* Supplemental Education Opportunity	84.007	P007A143423		-	25,338	25,338	-
* College Work Study	84.033	P033A143423			44,088	44,088	-
Sub-Total			\$		2,212,577	\$ 2,212,577	\$
Passed-Through Oklahoma Department							
of Career and Technology Education							
2014-2015 Programs							
Carl Perkins-Post Secondary	84.048	N/A	\$	- \$	248,552	\$ 248,552	\$ -
Carl Perkins-Secondary	84.048	N/A		-	95,298	95,298	-
Carl Perkins-Supplemental	84.048	N/A		-	25,000	25,000	-
Tech Centers that Work	84.048	N/A		-	19,322	19,322	-
Bid Assistance Center	12.002	N/A			16,464	16,464	
Sub-Total			\$	- \$	404,636	\$ 404,636	\$
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Passed-Through State Department							
of Career and Technology Education							
2014-2015 Programs							
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	N/A	\$	<u> </u>	220,098	\$ 220,098	\$
Sub-Total			\$	- \$	220,098	\$ 220,098	\$ -
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs							
<u>Direct Program</u>							
VA Report Fees	64.115	N/A	\$	- \$	84	\$ 84	\$ -
Sub-Total			\$	- \$	84	\$ 84	\$ -
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$	- \$	2,837,395	\$ 2,837,395	\$
TO THE FEDERAL AGGIOTANGE			Ψ		2,007,090	2,007,090	·

<sup>\*</sup> Major Program

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

- 1. For all federal programs, the Center uses the fund types prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Career and Technology Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. General and Building Funds are used to account for resources restricted, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in the General and Pell Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its' measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial measurement focus. All federal grant funds were accounted for in the General and Agency Funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for Agency funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which revenues become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

		_	Activity Fund									
			Antlers Campus		Atoka Campus		Durant Campus		Hugo Campus			
Cash Investmen	<b>ASSETS</b> ts	\$	24,691 -	\$	48,633 -	\$	58,840	\$	41,971 -			
	Total assets	\$ =	24,691	\$ :	48,633	\$	58,840	\$	41,971			
Liabilities:	LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION											
	tudent groups eneral fund	\$	2,761 21,930	\$	26,042 22,591	\$	18,899 39,941	\$	20,963 21,008			
	Total liabilities	\$ -	24,691	\$	48,633	\$	58,840	\$	41,971			
Net Position	on											
Unreserv	ved Total net position	\$ -	-	. \$		\$	_	\$	-			
	Total liabilities and net position	\$	24,691	\$	48,633	\$	58,840	\$	41,971			

Activity Fund

-								<u> </u>							
	Idabel Campus	_	McAlester Campus		Poteau Campus		Spiro Campus		Stigler Campus		Talihina Campus		Wilburton Campus		Total
\$	63,068 -	\$	122,519	\$	166,360	\$	10,291 -	\$	36,381 -	\$	33,305	\$	6,637 82,712	\$	612,696 82,712
\$	63,068	- \$ =	122,519	\$ : =	166,360	\$	10,291	\$ \$	36,381	\$ : =	33,305	\$	89,349	\$ =	695,408
\$	24,192 38,876	\$	52,176 70,343	. \$ 	42,577 123,783	\$ 	7,235 3,056	\$ 	22,375 14,006	. \$ 	10,009 23,296	\$ 	89,349 	\$ 	316,578 378,830
\$.	63,068	\$	122,519	. \$ -	166,360	\$.	10,291	. \$_	36,381	\$_	33,305	\$_	89,349	. \$_	695,408
\$.		\$		. \$ .	_	\$ .	_	. \$_		. \$_	_	\$ -	-	. \$_	
\$	63,068	\$	122,519	\$	166,360	\$	10,291	\$ =	36,381	\$	33,305	\$	89,349	\$_	695,408

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 ANTLERS CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	 Balance 7-1-14 	_	Deposited	-	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	,	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition	\$ _	\$	500	\$	2,188	\$	2,688	\$	-
HOSA	172		-		-		-		172
STA Tuition	_		50,641		(17,975)		32,666		-
Resale-STA	_		735		(274)		461		-
Health Certification	-		-		225		225		-
Student Fees	_		1,331		(210)		1,121		-
Testing Fees	-		2,335		(925)		1,410		-
Vending	 2,435	_			154		_		2,589
Total Activities	\$ 2,607	\$_	55,542	\$	(16,817)	\$	38,571	\$_	2,761

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 ATOKA CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	Balance 7-1-14		Deposited		Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed		Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition	\$ -	\$	27,298	\$	(10,298)	\$ 17,000	\$	_
Resale-FTA	-		3,075		(2,526)	549		-
Skills USA-Club Accounts	6,112		7,554		4,899	13,840		4,725
BPA Club Account	1,439		3,739		328	4,137		1,369
Resale-VSO	-		-		-	-		_
Leadership-CTSO	2,209		734		-	870		2,073
HOSA	1,396		1,485		500	2,164		1,217
FCCLA /	1,621		1,854		726	3,086		1,115
STA Tuition	-		-		-	-		-
Resale-STA	-		-		-	-		-
Due To General Fund	-		1,429		(281)	1,148		-
Facility Use	-		100		200	300		-
Insurance Reimbursement	-		-		-	-		-
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment	-		487		-	487		-
Student Service	55		-		-	-		55
Student Fees	-		2,620		(610)	2,010		-
Testing Fees	-		3,020		(1,126)	1,894		-
KTC Auction	-		2,003		-	2,003		-
BIS Training	-		250		(250)	-		-
Faculty & Staff Fund	173		829		-	842		160
Live Work	-		1,821		(172)	1,649		-
Vending	12,814		23,053		(2,207)	21,706		11,954
Skills USA-Southeast District	-		5,213		-	1,926		3,287
General Activity Fund	1,977		377		(2,354)	-		-
Interest Income	26	_	***	-	61		_	87
Total Activities	\$ 27,822	\$	86,941	\$	(13,110)	\$ 75,611	\$_	26,042

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 DURANT CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	alance -1-14 	_	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	_	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition	\$ _	\$	81,582	\$ (20,331)	\$	61,251	\$	_
Skills USA Club Acct	907		846	-		1,469		284
VSO	3,949		6,050	28		6,034		3,993
Leadership VSO	1,111		2,267	100		698		2,780
STA Tuition	-		110,451	(14,395)		96,056		-
Resale STA	-		8,963	(2,571)		6,392		-
Due To General Fund	-		768	(100)		668		-
Facility Use	-		221	(164)		57		-
Insurance Reimbursement	-		140	(120)		20		-
Health Certification	-		28	-		28		-
Student Fees	-		66	(59)		7		-
Testing Fee	-		8,116	(2,024)		6,092		-
KTC Auction	-		11,509	=		11,509		-
BIS Training	-		6,617	(6,617)		-		-
Faculty & Staff	251		-	-		61		190
Coffee Fund	11		520	-		417		114
Livework	-		-	-		-		-
Vending	6,065		18,301	2,678		20,757		6,287
BIS Promotional	3,272		4,387	-		2,435		5,224
Skills USA Southeast District	-		-	-		-		-
Student Services	3		-	-		-		3
Interest Income	 21	_	-	3	_	_	_	24
Total Activities	\$ 15,590	\$	260,832	\$ (43,572)	\$	213,951	\$	18,899

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 HUGO CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities		Balance 7-1-14	-	Deposited 	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition	\$	_	\$	87,898	\$ 26	\$ 87,924	\$	-
VICA		2,286		1,342	2,000	616		5,012
BPA Club Account		627		1,705	470	1,832		970
Leadership CTSO		355		432	500	794		493
HOSA		715		875	1,000	1,081		1,509
FCCLA		32		-	-	-		32
STEM		-		1,280	1,730	1,968		1,042
STA Tuition		~		20,928	(4,689)	16,239		-
Resale STA		-		439	(119)	320		-
Due To General Fund		-		2,311	1	2,312		-
Facility Use		-		-	395	395		••
Insurance Reimbursement		-		140	40	180		-
Health Certification		-		-	2,335	2,335		-
Pell Grant Refund		-		365	-	365		-
Student Fees		-		657	1,734	2,391		-
Testing Fee		-		7,050	(2,763)	4,287		-
KTC Auction		-		1,221	(58)	1,163		-
Faculty & Staff Fund		352		150	-	84		418
Livework		-		8,812	1,606	10,418		-
Vending		10,703		14,738	(4,203)	12,747		8,491
BIS Promotional Account		491		-	-	40		451
Student Services		1,413		-	-	-		1,413
Association Fund		339		1,681	-	951		1,069
Interest Income	_	49	_		14	-		63
Total Activities	\$_	17,362	\$_	152,024	\$ 19	\$ 148,442	\$	20,963

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 IDABEL CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	Balance 7-1-14	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition \$	-	\$ 69,868	\$ (13,560)	\$ 56,308	\$ -
Resale- FTA	-	9,831	(3,503)	6,328	-
Skills USA-Club Accounts	15,389	6,842	12,742	27,456	7,517
BPA Club Accounts	756	3,046	1,151	4,322	631
HOSA	3,422	9,224	3,927	13,931	2,642
FCCLA	7,820	5,784	426	6,719	7,311
STA Tuition	-	35,308	(8,245)	27,063	-
Resale-STA	-	1,170	(504)	666	-
Due To General Fund	-	3,036	-	3,036	-
Facility Use	-	1,300	(200)	1,100	-
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment	-	84	-	84	-
Coffee Fund	1,603	595	-	-	2,198
BIS Promotional	-	-	-	-	-
Student Fees	-	5,944	(1,506)	4,438	-
Testing Fees	-	12,270	(6,073)	6,197	-
KTC Auction	-	650	(46)	604	-
BIS Training	-	2,383	(2,383)	-	-
Livework	-	35,395	(16,138)	19,257	-
Vending	4,747	24,901	(6,156)	19,987	3,505
Student Services	441	-	437	560	318
Interest Income	30	-	40		70
Total Activities \$	34,208	\$ 227,631	\$ (39,591)	\$ 198,056	\$ 24,192

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 MCALESTER CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

A 11 11	Balance	D " 1	Net Transfers/	D: 1	Balance
Activities	7-1-14 	Deposited ————	Adjustments	Disbursed	6-30-15
FTA Tuition	-	\$ 58,170	\$ (9,756)	\$ 48,414	\$ -
Skills USA-Club Accounts	2,931	680	-	1,162	2,449
BPA Club Account	8,904	4,268	(41)	4,151	8,980
Leadership VSO	9,971	-	-	584	9,387
HOSA	2,174	11,132	(74)	10,870	2,362
FCCLA	2,656	5,973	76	6,218	2,487
STA Tuition	-	128,427	(32,133)	96,294	-
Resale-STA	-	11,001	(7,045)	3,956	-
Due To General Fund	-	770	-	770	-
Facility Use	-	625	(278)	347	-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	418	(146)	272	-
Health Certification	-	3,226	(400)	2,826	-
Pell Grant Refund Overpayment	-	732	-	732	-
Student Fees	-	5,165	(2,007)	3,158	-
Testing Fees	-	20,511	(7,604)	12,907	-
KTC Auction	-	5,135	(2,685)	2,450	-
BIS Training	-	15,935	(15,935)		-
Faculty & Staff Fund	1,513	483	-	1,442	554
Coffee Fund	18	97	(28)	79	8
Livework		800	765	1,565	-
Vending	21,076	6,756	2,499	9,706	20,625
BIS Promotional Account	1,269	4,620	-	723	5,166
Student Services	3	-	-	-	3
Interest Income	46	_	109		155 
Total Activities	50,561	\$ 284,924	\$ (74,683)	\$ 208,626	\$ 52,176

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 POTEAU CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	Balance 7-1-14 Deposited		Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition \$	_	\$ 144,225 \$	(53,270)	\$ 90,955 \$	; -
Resale-FTA	-	8,744	(6,534)	2,210	-
Skills USA-Club Accounts	8,472	699	1,803	3,173	7,801
BPA Club Accounts	1,348	3,840	2,811	7,067	932
Leadership CTSO	1,043	1,236	625	2,477	427
HOSA	7,064	5,960	2,700	8,684	7,040
FCCLA	3,158	2,231	399	1,117	4,671
STEM	620	-	400	600	420
STA Tuition	-	94,517	(15,159)	79,358	-
Resale-STA	_	10,237	(5,468)	4,769	-
Due To General Fund	-	2,515	(3)	2,512	-
Facility Use	-	1,420	(16)	1,404	-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	1,385	(420)	965	-
Health Certification	-	2,395	-	2,395	-
PELL Grant Refund Overpayment	-	975	-	975	-
Student Fees	-	21,180	(6,340)	14,840	-
Testing Fees	-	14,289	(3,093)	11,196	-
KTC Auction	-	2,604	(387)	2,217	-
Faculty & Staff Fund	4	130	20	117	37
Coffee Fund	56	-	-	-	56
Livework	-	1,675	(978)	697	-
Vending	10,714	13,971	(5,082)	13,173	6,430
BIS Promotional Account	12,391	10,132	93	13,761	8,855
Skills USA-Southeast District	_	-	-	-	-
Student Services	3,416	298	600	1,440	2,874
EMS Promotional	2,003	2,555	109	1,821	2,846
Interest Income	114	-	74	-	188
Total Activities \$	50,403	\$ 347,213 \$	(87,116)	\$ 267,923 \$	42,577

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 SPIRO CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities		Balance 7-1-14 		Deposited		Net Transfers/ Adjustments		Disbursed		Balance 6-30-15	
FTA Tuition	\$	-	\$	1,056	\$	3,791	\$	4,847	\$	-	
Due To General Fund		-		-		-		-		-	
Skills USA-Club Accounts		1,708		41		300		250		1,799	
BPA Club Accounts		1,707		20		380		260		1,847	
Leadership CTSO		663		-		300		-		963	
STA Tuition		-		-		-		-		-	
KTC Auction		-		-		-		-		-	
Facility Use		-		45		-		45		-	
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment		-		-		-		-		-	
Vending		2,923		335		(1,845)		787		626	
Livework		237		41		_		278		-	
Student Services	-	1,055				945	_		_	2,000	
Total Activities	\$_	8,293	\$	1,538	\$	3,871	\$_	6,467	\$_	7,235	

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 STIGLER CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	Balance 7-1-14	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	Balance 6-30-15
FTA Tuition \$	-	\$ 33,998	\$ 3,909	\$ 37,907	\$ -
Resale-FTA	-	8,588	(1,485)	7,103	-
Skills USA Club	5,375	2,670	2,787	2,375	8,457
VSO	104	-	-	-	104
BPA	2,800	-	(2,800)	-	-
HOSA	1,235	8,450	-	7,600	2,085
STA Tuition	-	9,409	(5,946)	3,463	-
Resale-STA	-	405	(134)	271	_
Due to General Fund	-	2,154	(1,278)	876	-
Facility Use	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	120	(100)	20	-
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment	-	-	55	55	-
Student Fees	-	9,908	(100)	9,808	-
Testing Fees	-	2,280	(830)	1,450	-
KTC Auction	=	3,714	(5)	3,709	-
Faculty & Staff Fund	54	46	-	-	100
Livework	-	1,496	(299)	1,197	-
Vending	12,134	2,627	2,494	9,893	7,362
BIS Promotional Account	833	947	-	120	1,660
Haskell Co. Admin. Association	2,176	2,400	-	1,989	2,587
Interest Income	11	-	9		20
Total Activities \$	24,722	\$ 89,212	\$ (3,723)	\$ 87,836	\$ 22,375

# KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 TALIHINA CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities	Balance 7-1-14	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed		Balance 6-30-15
STEM	\$ 1,178	 \$ 257	\$ (1,435)	\$ -	\$	-
FTA Tuition	-	27,326	(6,031)	21,295		_
Skills USA-Club Accounts	1,484	2,218	-	1,920		1,782
BPA Club Accounts	641	6,763	1,699	7,323		1,780
Leadership CTSO	2,212	2,445	50	2,016		2,691
HOSA	2,133	2,830	160	2,620		2,503
STA Tuition	-	22,599	(7,205)	15,394		-
Resale-STA	-	1,753	(1,002)	751		-
Due to General Fund	-	1,312	(27)	1,285		-
Insurance Reimbursement	-	60	(40)	20		-
Health Certification	-	1,650	-	1,650		-
Pell Grant Refund of Overpayment	-	1,790	(179)	1,611		-
Student Fees	-	2,313	(1,015)	1,298		-
Testing Fees	-	2,850	(1,665)	1,185		-
KTC Auction	-	-	-	-		-
BIS Training	-	7,045	(7,045)	-		-
Faculty and Staff Fund	-	74	-	-		74
Livework	-	2,997	(437)	2,560		-
Vending	3,382	3,928	250	6,761		799
BIS Promotional	297	-	-	-		297
Student Services	-	500	_	500		_
Interest Income	39	 _	44	-	_	83
Total Activities	\$ 11,366	\$ 90,710	\$ (23,878)	\$ 68,189	\$	10,009

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 WILBURTON CAMPUS ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activities		Balance 7-1-14	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	Disbursed	-	Balance 6-30-15
Vending BIS Promotional Account General Activity Fund	\$	706 696 88,628	184 1,510 -	\$ 304 - 76	\$ 308 1,357 1,105	\$	886 849 87,599
Interest Income	-	271	_	(256)	-	-	15
Total Activities	\$	90,301	\$ 1,694	\$ 124	\$ 2,770	\$	89,349

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 Latimer County, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma (Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 2, 2016.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

This report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A.

Broken Arrow, OK March 2, 2016

### KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7 Latimer County, Oklahoma

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the compliance of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma (Center's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Center's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Center's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Center's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In my opinion, Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Kiamichi Technology Center No. 7, Latimer County, Oklahoma (Center), is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Center's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program, on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. Broken Arrow, OK

March 2, 2016

**SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS** 

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of Kiamichi Technology Center.
- 2. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined in A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Kiamichi Technology Center which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control over major programs, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined by A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Kiamichi Technology Center expresses a unqualified opinion.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Kiamichi Technology Center.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: Student Financial Aid Cluster (84.063; 84.007, & 84.033).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.00.
- 9. Kiamichi Technology Center did not qualify as a low risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

1. No matters were reported.

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

The Center had no prior year audit findings relative to federal award programs.

### KIAMICHI TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 7 LATIMER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2014 TO JUNE 30, 2015

State of Oklahoma ) County of Tulsa )	
and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insura	irst duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force nce in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit tire audit engagement with Kiamichi Technology Center for
	BY Length fatural AUTHORIZED AGENT
AMBER M BAILEY  Notary Public  State of Oklahoma  Commission # 15006496  My Commission Expires Jul 17, 2019	Subscribed and sworn to before me on this $\underline{2nd}$ day of $\underline{Maram}$ , $\underline{2016}$
	AMON MARY PUBLIC
	My commission expires on: