KINGFISHER COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Annual Financial Statements and Accompanying Independent
Accountant's Report

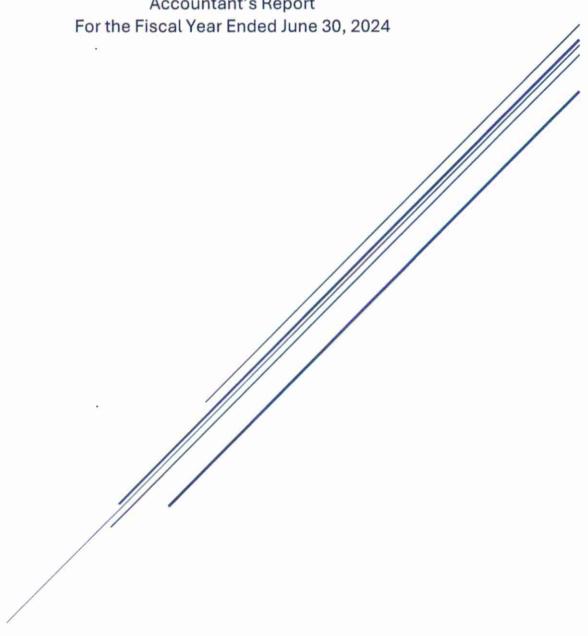


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Certified Public Accountant

The Board of Directors Kingfisher County Conservation District

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the Kingfisher County Conservation District, which comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents and the determination that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable financial reporting framework. I have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. I did not audit or review the financial statements nor was I required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. I do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Kristi L. Dobbins, CPA

August 19, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AND ACTIVITIES

Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) - June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Cash	\$118,507
Investments	105,178
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	219,994
Total Assets	443,679
LIABILITIES	
Payroll taxes payable	1,244
Total Liabilites	1,244
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	219,994
Unrestricted	222,441
Total Net Position	\$442,435

Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis) - Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Progran	n Revenues	Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental activities: General Government	\$421,018	\$1,349		(\$419,669)
	General revenues: Intergovernmenta to specific prog Rent income Other income Interest Income	al revenue restricted		352,704 71,151 1,000 5,178
	Change	in net position		10,363
	Net position - begi	nning (as restated)		432,071
	Net position - endi	ng		\$442,435

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (Modified Cash Basis) - June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Cash	\$118,507
Investments	105,178
Total Assets	
	223,685
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities:	1 244
Payroll withholding liabilities Total Liabilities	1,244 1,244
Total Liabilities	1,244
FUND BALANCE	
Fund Balance	
Unassigned	222,441
	000 444
Total Fund Balance	222,441
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position	
are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$296,616 net of accumulated	
depreciation of \$76,622 are not financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	219,994
	\$442,435
	V112,400

Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Modified Cash Basis) - Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues:	
Reimbursements from Oklahoma Conservation Commission:	
OCC Reimbursement	\$63,120
Administrative Cost Share	289,584
Total Reimbursements from Oklahoma Conservation Commission	352,704
Rent income	71,151
Equipment rental	224
Seed sales	660
Plat book sales	465
Other income	1,000
Interest Income	5,178
Total Revenues	431,381
Expenditures:	
Cost share expense	296,627
Watershed repairs	0
Salaries and payroll taxes	67,198
Building expenses	11,874
Utilites and telephone	7,968
Insurance and bonds	7,013
Conservation education	2,350
Employee benefits	2,004
Repairs and maintenance	1,525
Sprigs and seed	594
Legal and accounting	1,250
Office supplies and postage	2,672
Board and meeting expense	1,000
Dues, licenses and fees	2,044
Meetings and conventions	976
Plat book expense	364
Total Expenditures	405,458
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	25,924
Fund Balance - beginning of year	432,071
Fund Balance - end of year	457,995
Net change in fund balance	25,924
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because	
Depreciation expense	(15,561)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the use of a modified cash basis of accounting as discussed below, the District complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Kingfisher County Conservation District was established pursuant to Title 27A, Sections 3-1-101 through 3-3-410, as amended of Oklahoma State Law. The purpose of the District is to provide for the conservation of the renewable natural resources of this state, and for the control and prevention of soil erosion, and for the prevention of floodwater and sediment damages, and for furthering the conservation, development, utilization and disposal of water and thereby to preserve and develop natural resources, control floods, conserve and develop water resources and water quality, prevent impairment of dams and reservoirs, preserve wildlife, preserve natural beauty, promote recreational development, protect the tax base, protect public lands and protect and promote the health, safety and general welfare of the people of this state.

The accompanying financial statements include all functions and activities over which the Conservation District exercises financial accountability. The District is considered a primary government as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and has no other component units within its reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Kingfisher County Conservation District has no business-type activities as of June 30, 2024.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District presently has no proprietary funds. The District is considered a governmental entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). There is only one fund, which is the General Fund.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within each fund type. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item a. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the governmental fund types would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the government wide financial statements would use the full accrual basis of accounting.

Modified Accrual Basis - Revenues would be recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough hereafter to pay current liabilities.

Expenditures (including capital outlay) would be recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which would be reported when due.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Cash

For the purpose of the balance sheet, "cash" includes all demand accounts held by the District.

Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months and are carried at cost.

Accounts Receivable

As a result of the modified cash basis of accounting, accounts receivable and other revenue related receivables are not reported in the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. The District has determined that all assets with a cost of more than \$1,000 will be capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Net Position and Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statement, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws, or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District currently has no restricted net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes verses availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts) but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

Reimbursements

The District receives reimbursements from the Oklahoma Conservation Commission (OCC). The funds for operation of the OCC and the conservation districts are appropriated annually by the legislature for the Commission to allocate to each district on a reimbursable basis. The funding is broken down into the following program areas:

- Administration
- Watershed Planning and Archeology
- Field Services
- · Small Watersheds Flood Control Fund
- Abandoned Mine Land (AML) Reclamation Program
- · Water Quality Management

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the District's reimbursements are reported as program revenues. The District has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government: Reimbursements from the Oklahoma Conservation Commissions, and rental of equipment and property.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general revenues.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are reported on the modified cash basis and are classified by function or activity for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by category.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting used by the District requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

DIFFERENCES FROM GAAP

Basis of Accounting

As discussed below the District reports both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with O.S. Title 62, Section 516.3, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds and other political subdivisions in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. The District's deposits were fully insured by FDIC Insurance carried by depository banks.

DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

Cash

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2024, the District held deposits of approximately \$118,507 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits were covered by the Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC)

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits the investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with instate financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitations, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bonds or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligation of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

The investments held at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Weighted			
	Average			
	Maturity	Credit	Market	
Туре	(Months)	Rating	Value	Cost
Investments				
Certificates of deposit	12	N/A	\$105,178	\$105,178
Total Investments			\$105,178	\$105,178

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity resulting from modified cash basis transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:	*			
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	\$253,117			\$253,117
Machinery and equipment	43,499			43,499
Total other capital assets at historical cost	296,616			296,616
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	53,171	9,453		62,624
Machinery and equipment	7,890	6,108		13,998
Total accumulated depreciation	61,061	15,561		76,622
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$235,555	(\$15,561)		\$219,994

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

OTHER NOTES

EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFITS

The District participates in one employee pension system as follows:

Name of Plan/System

Type of Plan

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer -Defined Benefit Plan

The Oklahoma Conservation Commission, as the employer, participates in one statewide cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of the employees working at least 1,000 hours per month. The system is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

Obtaining separately issued financial

statements

Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System

6601 N. Broadway, Suite 129 Oklahoma City, OK 73116

Eligibility to participate

All full-time permanent employees of a participating

local government

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefits

State Statute

Employee's contribution rate (percent

of covered payroll)

3.5%

Commission's Contribution rate

(percent of covered payroll)

16.5%

State obligation

State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial

accrued liability

Period required to vest

71/2 years, of which 6 must be fulltime service

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(full-time)

2% of the average highest 3 years' annual covered compensation received during the last 10 years of

participating service multiplied by the number of

years of credited service.

Deferred retirement option

Provisions for:

No

Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement)

Death (duty, non-duty, post retirement)

Yes Yes

No

Disability (duty, non-duty) Cost of living allowances

Contributions required by State Statute and paid to the System for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 were \$15,462 and \$10,279 respectively. These contributions represent 100% of the required contribution in the fiscal year and were made by the Oklahoma Conservation Commission.

Related Party Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the System held no related-party investments of the District.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The District's commitment for accrued compensated absences at June 30, 2024 was \$16,568.

Contingencies:

The District is not involved with any legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of governmental operations at this time. Therefore, the financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies.

While legal proceedings cannot be foreseen, the District feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance carried by the Commission would not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.