FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS
AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

LUKFATA DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9,
McCURTAIN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2013

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS
JUNE 30, 2013

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DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2013

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SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 25, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education
Lukfata School District Number C-9
Broken Bow, McCurtain County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Lukfata School District Number C-9, Broken Bow, McCurtain County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2013, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" Paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2013, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2013 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and to other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett
Certified Public Accounts, LLP

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

October 25, 2013

The Honorable Board of Education
Lukfata School District Number C-9
Broken Bow, McCurtain County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Lukfata School District Number C-9, Broken Bow, McCurtain County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2013, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement, compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett
Certified Public Accounts, LLP

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE
JUNE 30, 2013

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
JUNE 30, 2013

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results:

1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.

2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls.

3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.

Section 2 – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -
ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS							
Cash	$ 950,589	169,512	22,101	50,203	59,669		1,252,074
Amounts available in debt service						1,796	1,796
Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt						672,604	672,604
Total Assets	$ 950,589	169,512	22,101	50,203	59,669	674,400	1,926,474
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY							
Liabilities:							
Warrants payable	$ 232,443	59,924					292,367
Encumbrances	3,294						3,294
Unmatured obligations			20,305				20,305
Funds held for school organizations					59,669		59,669
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable						100,000	100,000
Capital lease						574,400	574,400
Total liabilities	235,737	59,924	20,305	0	59,669	674,400	1,050,035
Fund Equity:							
Cash fund balances	714,852	109,588	1,796	50,203	0	0	876,439
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	$ 950,589	169,512	22,101	50,203	59,669	674,400	1,926,474

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES
- ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	$ 199,990	114,077		41,906	355,973
Intermediate sources	39,902				39,902
State sources	1,692,067	3,103			1,695,170
Federal sources	245,336	132,807			378,143
Interest earnings		7,399			7,399
Non-revenue receipts	509				509
Total revenues collected	2,177,804	257,386	0	41,906	2,477,096
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,333,377				1,333,377
Support services	653,562	7,711			661,273
Operation of non-instructional services	98,673	107,723			206,396
Facilities acquisition and construction services	14,231	155,940			170,171
Other outlays:					
Debt service requirements				42,429	42,429
Total expenditures	2,099,843	271,374	0	42,429	2,413,646
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	77,961	(13,988)	0	(523)	63,450
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)	65,000	(65,000)	0	0	0
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	142,961	(78,988)	0	(523)	63,450
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	571,891	188,576	50,203	2,319	812,989
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 714,852	109,588	50,203	1,796	876,439

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND		
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	$ 179,126	199,990	20,864
Intermediate sources	34,145	39,902	5,757
State sources	1,541,988	1,692,067	150,079
Federal sources	175,487	245,336	69,849
Non-revenue		509	509
Total revenues collected	1,930,746	2,177,804	247,058
Expenditures:			
Instruction services	1,572,237	1,333,377	238,860
Support services	797,426	653,562	143,864
Operation of non-instructional services	105,593	98,673	6,920
Facilities acquisition & construction services	15,231	14,231	1,000
Other outlays:			
Clearing account	12,150		12,150
Total expenditures	2,502,637	2,099,843	402,794
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(571,891)	77,961	649,852
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	0	65,000	65,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(571,891)	142,961	714,852
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	571,891	571,891	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 0	714,852	714,852

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	$ 60,650	114,077	53,427
State sources	2,927	3,103	176
Federal sources	112,212	132,807	20,595
Interest earnings		7,399	7,399
Total revenues collected	175,789	257,386	81,597
Expenditures:			
Instruction	18,663		18,663
Support services	7,711	7,711	
Operation of non-instructional services	182,051	107,723	74,328
Facilities acquisition & construction services	155,940	155,940	
Total expenditures	364,365	271,374	74,328
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(188,576)	(13,988)	155,925
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	0	(65,000)	(65,000)
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(188,576)	(78,988)	90,925
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	188,576	188,576	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 0	109,588	109,588

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	DEBT SERVICE FUND		
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	$ 40,110	41,906	1,796
Requirements:			
Bonds	40,000	40,000	
Coupons	2,429	2,429	
Total expenditures	42,429	42,429	0
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(2,319)	(523)	1,796
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	2,319	2,319	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	$ 0	1,796	1,796

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Lukfata Public School Dependent District No. C-9 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain the co-op fund during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

Building Fund – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

Co-op Fund – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

Child Nutrition Fund - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

Gifts and Endowments Fund – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting – cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

Medical Insurance Fund – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

Workers Compensation Fund – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

Insurance Recovery Fund – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

Agency Fund – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups
An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

General Fixed Assets Account Group – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column
The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2012-13 Estimate of Needs was not amended by supplemental appropriations.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

Investments – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

Inventories – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2013, is not material to the combined financial statements.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

Warrants Payable – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

Encumbrances – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Unmatured Obligations – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Funds Held for School Organizations – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Cash Fund Balance – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

Intermediate Revenues - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

State Revenues – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

Federal Revenues – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

Interest Earnings – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

Non-Revenue Receipts – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

Support Services Expenditures – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

Repayment Expenditures – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

Interfund Transactions – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. During the 2012-13 fiscal year, the District transferred $65,000 from the child nutrition fund into the general fund.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

Cash – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2013, was $1,253,456. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

Investments – At June 30, 2013, the District did not maintain any investments.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses form increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with McCurtain Co. National Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2013.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Lease	Total
Balance, July 1, 2012	$ 150,000	591,313	741,313
Retirements	(50,000)	(16,913)	(66,913)
Balance, June 30, 2013	$ 100,000	574,400	674,400

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2013 is set forth below:

	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds:	
Combined Purpose Bonds, Series 2010, original issue $200,000, interest rate of 2.60%, due in annual installments of $50,000, final payment due 05-01-15	$ 100,000
Capital Leases:	
Lease purchase for real estate, dated 5-23-06, totaling $600,153, due in annual principal and interest installments of $45,000	574,400
Total	$ 674,400

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the building bonds, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	$ 67,716	29,109	96,825
2015	68,557	27,418	95,975
2016	19,439	25,561	45,000
2017	20,362	24,638	45,000
2018	21,329	23,670	44,999
Thereafter	476,997	202,031	679,028
Totals	$ 674,400	332,427	1,006,827

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2012-13 fiscal year totaled $29,637.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2012-13 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.50% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2013, 2012 and 2011 were $208,062, $191,494 and $193,660, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2013. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims

6. RISK MANAGEMENT – cont'd

resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2012-13 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than $500,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2012-13 fiscal year, therefore, this schedule is not required and is for information purposes only.

Litigation

During the 2012-13 fiscal year, the District paid $41,250 to the McCurtain County Court Clerk for an estimate of just compensation in a pending lawsuit. The litigation has not yet been settled, however, if the litigation is settled in the District's favor, the District will be entitled to refund of some or the entire amount paid.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 25, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -
ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash	$ 125,838	43,674	169,512
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Warrants payable	$ 52,727	7,197	59,924
Fund Equity:			
Cash fund balances	73,111	36,477	109,588
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	$ 125,838	43,674	169,512

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	$ 72,971	41,106	114,077
State sources		3,103	3,103
Federal sources		132,807	132,807
Interest earnings	7,066	333	7,399
Total revenues collected	80,037	177,349	257,386
Expenditures:			
Support services	7,711		7,711
Operation of non-instructional services		107,723	107,723
Facilities acquisition & construction services	155,940		155,940
Total expenditures	163,651	107,723	271,374
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses):	(83,614)	69,626	(13,988)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	0	(65,000)	(65,000)
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(83,614)	4,626	(78,988)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	156,725	31,851	188,576
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 73,111	36,477	109,588

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON
ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND			CHILD NUTRITION FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	$ 25,589	25,589	72,971	$ 35,061	35,061	41,106
State sources				2,927	2,927	3,103
Federal sources				112,212	112,212	132,807
Interest earnings			7,066			333
Total revenues collected	25,589	25,589	80,037	150,200	150,200	177,349
Expenditures:						
Instruction	18,663	18,663				
Support services	7,711	7,711	7,711			
Operation of non-instructional services				182,051	182,051	107,723
Facilities acquisition & construction services	155,940	155,940	155,940			
Total expenditures	182,314	182,314	163,651	182,051	182,051	107,723
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(156,725)	(156,725)	(83,614)	(31,851)	(31,851)	69,626
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)	0	0	0	0	0	(65,000)
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(156,725)	(156,725)	(83,614)	(31,851)	(31,851)	4,626
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	156,725	156,725	156,725	31,851	31,851	31,851
Cash fund balances, end of year	$ 0	0	73,111	$ 0	0	36,477

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -
AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BALANCE 7-01-12	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-13
ASSETS					
Cash	$ 55,957	128,356	0	124,644	59,669
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	$ 16,453	16,218		26,349	6,322
Miscellaneous	15,617	8,791		5,697	18,711
Library	113	7,488		7,136	465
General fund refund	0	567		567	0
NAIC	1,947	11,108		8,727	4,328
Cheerleaders	800	4,691		1,485	4,006
Yearbook	9,754	9,672		9,392	10,034
NJHS academic teams	0	3,350		3,033	317
SFTS	93	789		413	469
Student council	7,540	7,993		6,615	8,918
Teachers	2,005	5,123		4,582	2,546
CNP - Local Collections	0	41,176		41,176	0
Eighth grade	1,635	11,390		9,472	3,553
Total Liabilities	$ 55,957	128,356	0	124,644	59,669

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/12	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/13
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Indian Education	84.060	S060A121063	$ 23,602		23,602	23,602	
Small, Rural School Achievement Program	84.358A	S358A123704	32,434		32,434	32,434	
Impact Aid	84.041z	S041B-2013-4062	29,800		29,800	29,800	
Sub Total			85,836	0	85,836	85,836	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010		67,826		67,459	67,826	367
Title I, Basic Program, 2011-12 - Note	84.010			876	876		
Title II, Part A	84.367		6,984		6,984	6,984	
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		68,633		66,686	68,633	1,947
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173		4,300		4,300	4,300	
Sub Total			147,743	876	146,305	147,743	2,314
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				36,113	33,332	
National school lunch program	10.555				96,693	71,288	
Sub Total					132,806	104,620	
Passed Through Department of Human Services							
Non-cash assistance - commodities							
National school lunch program - Note 1	10.555				7,451	7,451	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		6,955		6,955	6,955	
Johnson O'Malley 2011-12 - Note	15.130			6,240	6,240		
Sub Total			6,955	6,240	13,195	6,955	0
Total Federal Assistance			$ 240,534	7,116	385,593	352,605	2,314

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of $7,451 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety -				
Westen Surety Company	Treasurer	0601-18037393	$ 100,000	7/07/12 - 7/07/13
	Encumbrance Clerk	0601-68443455	1,000	8/10/12 - 8/10/13
	Activity Fund	71141688	1,000	7/19/12 - 7/19/13
	Activity Fund	18216344	1,000	10/31/12 - 10/31/13
	Minutes Clerk	0601-18277107	1,000	8/08/12 - 8/08/13
	Superintendent	16062895	100,000	12/17/12 - 12/17/13

DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-9, McCURTAIN COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE
AFFIDAVIT
JULY 1, 2012 TO JUNE 30, 2013

State of Oklahoma)
) ss
County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Lukfata Public School for the audit year 2012-13.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett,
Certified Public Accountants, LLP
Auditing Firm

By _____
Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me
This 25th day of October, 2013

_____
Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016
Commission Number: 00008621