FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'

MCCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-77, Osage County, Oklahoma

JUNE 30, 2018

Audited by

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C. SHAWNEE, OK

SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2018

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President Joy Neal

Vice-President Paul Kyler

Clerk Jeff Clark

MINUTES CLERK

Brenda Storie

SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Brenda Storie

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Beverly Moore

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WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education McCord School District Number C-77 Osage County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of the McCord School District No. C-77, Osage County, Oklahoma ("District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2018, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2018, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements-regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis in the format required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the combined financial statements, nor was a separate report issued for federal financial assistance, since the required threshold of \$750,000 or more in federal expenditures was not reached.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial

statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole arising from regulatory basis transactions.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 10, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Wilson Don: associates

Shawnee, Oklahoma April 10, 2019

COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FUND TYPES AND GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT JUNE 30, 2018

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	GENERAL	TOTALS
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL	DEBT	AGENCY	LONG-TERM	(MEMORANDUM
	GENERAL	REVENUE	PROJECTS	SERVICE	FUNDS_	DEBT	ONLY)
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,092,165	94,643	13,701	7,831	71,870	-	1,280,210
Amounts available in debt service	-	-	-	-	-	7,831	7,831
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt						287,019	287,019
Total Assets	\$ 1,092,165	94,643	13,701	7,831	71,870	294,850	1,575,060
LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Warrants payable	\$ 329,509	15,429	-	-	-	-	344,938
Encumbrances payable	79,292	4,078	13,701	-	-	-	97,071
Funds held for school organizations	-	-	-	-	20,689	-	20,689
Long-term debt:						240,000	240,000
Bonds payable Leases payable	-	-	-	-	-	240,000 54,850	54,850
Total liabilities	408,801	19,507	13,701		20,689	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total liabilities	400,001	19,507	13,701		20,669	294,850	757,548
Cash Fund Balances							
Restricted	-	75,136	-	7,831	51,181		134,148
Unassigned	683,364						683,364
Total cash fund balances	683,364	75,136		7,831	51,181		817,512
Total Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances	\$ 1,092,165	94,643	13,701	7,831	71,870	294,850	1,575,060

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	G	OVERNMENTA	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE	TOTALS		
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL	DEBT	EXPENDABLE	(MEMORANDUM
	GENERAL	REVENUE	PROJECTS	SERVICE	TRUST	ONLY)
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	\$ 433,992	90,195	-	130,967	36,250	691,404
Intermediate sources	96,328	-	-	-	-	96,328
State sources	1,405,838	16,324	-	1	-	1,422,163
Federal sources	143,366	110,179	-	-	-	253,545
Non-revenue receipts	11,108	1,016	<u> </u>			12,124
Total revenues collected	2,090,632	217,714		130,968	36,250	2,475,564
Expenditures:						
Instruction	1,295,811	-	-	-	-	1,295,811
Support services	639,885	25,750	27,920	-	2,986	696,541
Operation of non-instruction services	8,893	172,403	-	-	-	181,296
Facilities acquisition & construction services	108,272	10,663			-	118,935
Other outlays	980	1,050	-	127,200	-	129,230
Total expenditures	2,053,841	209,866	27,920	127,200	2,986	2,421,813
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures						
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	36,791	7,848	(27,920)	3,768	33,264	53,751
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	10,559	1,506				12,065
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	47,350	9,354	(27,920)	3,768	33,264	65,816
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	636,014	65,782	27,920	4,063	17,917	751,696
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 683,364	75,136		7,831	51,181	817,512

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		GENERAL FUND						
				VARIANCE				
				WITH FINAL				
				BUDGET				
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FAVORABLE				
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)				
Revenues collected:								
Local sources	\$ 364,282	364,282	433,992	69,710				
Intermediate sources	54,695	54,695	96,328	41,633				
State sources	1,404,096	1,404,096	1,405,838	1,742				
Federal sources	67,413	67,413	143,366	75,953				
Non-revenue receipts	=	-	11,108	11,108				
Total revenues collected	1,890,486	1,890,486	2,090,632	200,146				
Expenditures:								
Instruction	1,766,874	1,766,874	1,295,811	471,063				
Support services	641,481	641,481	639,885	1,596				
Operation of non-instruction services	8,893	8,893	8,893	-				
Facilities acquisition & construction services	108,272	108,272	108,272					
Other outlays	980	980	980	-				
Total expenditures	2,526,500	2,526,500	2,053,841	472,659				
Excess of revenues collected over (under)								
expenditures before adjustments to prior year								
encumbrances	(636,014)	(636,014)	36,791	672,805				
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	<u></u> _		10,559	10,559				
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(636,014)	(636,014)	47,350	683,364				
- 1 · · · · · · · · · ·	(,0)	(,)	,	222,00				
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	636,014	636,014	636,014					
Cash fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>		683,364	683,364				
	·							

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
				VARIANCE		
				WITH FINAL		
				BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FAVORABLE		
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	\$ 80,661	80,661	90,195	9,534		
State sources	12,053	12,053	16,324	4,271		
Federal sources	116,150	116,150	110,179	(5,971)		
Non-revenue receipts			1,016	1,016		
Total revenues collected	208,864	208,864	217,714	8,850		
Expenditures:						
Support services	87,131	75,736	25,750	49,986		
Operation of non-instruction services	187,197	187,197	172,403	14,794		
Facilities acquisition & construction services	-	10,663	10,663	=		
Other outlays	318	1,050	1,050	=		
Total expenditures	274,646	274,646	209,866	64,780		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year						
encumbrances	(65,782)	(65,782)	7,848	73,630		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			1,506	1,506		
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures	(65,782)	(65,782)	9,354	75,136		
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	65,782	65,782	65,782			
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$		75,136	75,136		

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		SINKING FUND				
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
Revenues collected: Local sources State sources	\$ 123,637 - 123,637	123,637 123,637	130,967 1 130,968	7,330 1 7,331		
Expenditures: Other outlays	127,700	127,700	127,200	500		
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(4,063)	(4,063)	3,768	7,831		
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	4,063	4,063	4,063	<u> </u>		
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ -		7,831	7,831		

 $\label{thm:combined} The \ notes \ to \ the \ combined \ financial \ statements \ - \ regulatory \ basis \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ this \ statement.$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the McCord School District Number C-77, Shawnee, Osage County, Oklahoma (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting polices are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statues.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education (Board) composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial oversight responsibility. interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluation potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The District has various supporting groups. However, the District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over these groups and the dollar amounts are not material to the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Measurement Focus

The accounts of the District are organized and operate on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are reporting devices to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in other funds.

The District has the following fund types and account groups:

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the District's general activities and general long-term debt account group, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including property taxes, entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

General fund – is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools expect for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction, and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The General Fund also accounts for federal and state financed programs where restricted monies must be expended for specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of these funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue funds</u> – account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The special revenue funds are composed of the District's Building Fund, and Child Nutrition Fund. These are budgeted funds and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Building fund</u> – consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – The Child Nutrition Fund consists of monies derived from local food sales and federal and state financial assistance. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service fund</u> – consists of the District's Sinking Fund and accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for servicing of general long-term debt (principal, interest and related costs). This is a budgeted fund. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service.

<u>Capital Project fund</u> – consists of the District's Bond Fund and accounts for the proceeds of bond sales used exclusively for acquiring school sites, construction and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and the acquisition of transportation equipment.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

Agency fund – is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or has a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. This fund is the School Activities Fund used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. This is an unbudgeted fund. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

accounting for these activity funds. These funds have no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the District.

Account Groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – is used to account for the outstanding principal balances of all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- School supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is not required to be presented when the financial statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures

1. Deposits and Investments

State statues govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost. The School District invests entirely in certificates of deposit, U. S. Treasury Securities, and participates in the Secured Investment Program of Oklahoma State School Boards Association, as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes Title 62, Section 348.

2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

5. Inventories

Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

6. Fixed Assets

The regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education requires the presentation of fixed assets. The District has not maintained a record of its fixed assets, and, accordingly, a statement of fixed assets required by generally accepted accounting principles prior to the issuance of GASB No. 34, is not included in the financial statements. Fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

7. Compensated Absences

The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statues, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

8. Long-term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt at face value in the general long-term debt account group. Certain other lease obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the general long-term debt account group.

9. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e. fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and note receivables, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted, committed, assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The fund balance should be reported as committed for amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance – The fund balance should be reported as assigned for amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

10. Property Taxes and Other Local Revenues

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

11. Intermediate Revenues

Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

12. State Revenues

Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only or the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

13. Federal Revenues

Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

14. Instruction Expenditures

Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

15. Support Services Expenditures

Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

16. Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures

These expenditures are activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

17. Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures

These expenditures consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

18. Other Outlays Expenditures

A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) and certain transfers of monies from one fund to another.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

19. Other Uses Expenditures

Other uses expenditures include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the School or a third-party administrator.

20. Repayment Expenditures

Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from School funds.

21. Non-Monetary Transactions

The District receives commodities from the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been reflected in the combined financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

22. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

23. Resource Use Policy

It is the District's policy for all funds that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the District's policy when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the District considers committed amounts to be spent first followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the District holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the District holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the District must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2018 the District held deposits of approximately \$1,280,320 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing accounts, and investments are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. Government

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name. Therefore, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies.
- 3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
- County, municipal or school district debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

The District had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2018, as defined above.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the District. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2018, the District had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

B. Long-term Debt

State statues prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue. Debt Service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund. Additionally, the District has entered into a lease purchase agreement for the purchase of copiers.

On June 1, 2015, the District issued combined purpose bonds in the amount of \$475,000, with an interest rates of 0.80% to 3.00%. Bond maturities begin June 1, 2017 with a payment of \$115,000 and annual installments thereafter of \$120,000 with final maturity June 1, 2020.

On May 11, 2017, the District entered into a lease/purchase agreement for LED lighting in the amount of \$59,490. The lease/purchase is due in monthly principal and interest payments beginning January 14, 2018, with final payment due December 14, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

B. Long-term Debt - cont'd

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year			
Ended	General Obliq	gation Bonds	Total
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2019	\$ 131,403	4,062	135,465
2020	131,838	5,027	136,865
2021	12,290	976	13,266
2022	12,759	507	13,266
2023	6,560	72	6,632
Total	\$ 294,850	10,644	305,494

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the current year totaled \$9,193.

C. Changes in General Long-term Debt

General long-term debt consists of bonds payable and a capital lease. The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year:

	ı	Balance			Balance
		July 1,			June 30,
		2017	Additions	Retirements	2018
Bonds	\$	360,000	-	120,000	240,000
Leases			59,490	4,640	54,850
Bonds	\$	360,000	59,490	124,640	294,850

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Worker's compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Non-Monetary Transactions

The fair market value as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services of the commodities received during the period under audit was \$9,449.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

4. OTHER INFORMATION - cont'd

D. Employee Retirement System and Plan

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.00% of covered compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The District and State are required to contribute 14.00% of acceptable compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 3.54% of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.50% and the State of Oklahoma plus federal contribution contributed the remaining 4.50% during this year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The District is required to pay 16.50% for any compensated retired teachers already receiving retirement benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2018

4. OTHER INFORMATION - cont'd

D. Employee Retirement System and Plan - cont'd

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions, including the state credit, for 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$209,812, \$193,483, and \$180,221 respectively.

E. Surety Bonds

The superintendent is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety Company, bond number 601107969, for the penal sum total of \$100,000 for the terms beginning July 15, 2017 and ending July 15, 2018.

The treasurer is bonded by Liberty Mutual Surety Company. The bond number is LSF041316, for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning July 1, 2017 and ending July 1, 2018. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

The District has an Oklahoma Public Employees Position Schedule Bond with Western Surety Company which includes the encumbrance clerk and minutes clerk. The bond number is 18280546, for the penal sum of \$30,000, term beginning October 1, 2017 and ending October 1, 2018. This is a renewal of a continuous bond.

F. Subsequent Events

On January 1, 2019, the District issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$330,000 with interest rates of 3.00% to 3.50%. Bond begins maturing on January 1, 2021 with a payment of \$110,000.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	 JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 62,730	31,913	94,643
LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Warrants payable	\$ 2,171	13,258	15,429
Encumbrances payable	 3,775	303	4,078
Total liabilities	 5,946	13,561	19,507
Cash Fund Balances			
Restricted	 56,784	18,352	75,136
Total Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances	\$ 62,730	31,913	94,643

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues collected:				
Local sources	\$	57,780	32,415	90,195
State sources	•	-	16,324	16,324
Federal sources		-	110,179	110,179
Non-revenue receipts		732	284	1,016
Total revenues collected		58,512	159,202	217,714
Expenditures:				
Support services		25,750	_	25,750
Operation of non-instruction services		-	172,403	172,403
Facilities acquisition & construction services		10,663	-	10,663
Other outlays		732	318	1,050
Total expenditures		37,145	172,721	209,866
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures				
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		21,367	(13,519)	7,848
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		284	1,222	1,506
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		21,651	(12,297)	9,354
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		35,133	30,649	65,782
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	56,784	18,352	75,136

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	BUILDING FUND						
	ORIGI BUD		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)			
Revenues collected:							
Local sources	\$ 51	998 51,998	57,780	5,782			
Non-revenue receipts		<u> </u>	732	732			
Total revenues collected	51	998 51,998	58,512	6,514			
Expenditures:							
Support services	87	131 75,736	25,750	49,986			
Facilities acquisition & construction services		- 10,663	10,663	-			
Other outlays		- 732	732	-			
Total expenditures	87	87,131	37,145	49,986			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures							
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(35	133) (35,133)	21,367	56,500			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			284	284			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(35	,133) (35,133)	21,651	56,784			
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	35	133 35,133	35,133	<u> </u>			
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	<u> </u>	56,784	56,784			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	CHILD NUTRITION FUND						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)			
Revenues collected: Local sources	\$ 28,663	28,663	32,415	3,752			
State sources	12,053	12,053	16,324	4,271			
Federal sources	116,150	116,150	110,179	(5,971)			
Non-revenue receipts	-	-	284	284			
Total revenues collected	156,866	156,866	159,202	2,336			
Expenditures:							
Operation of non-instruction services	187,197	187,197	172,403	14,794			
Other outlays	318	318	318				
Total expenditures	187,515	187,515	172,721	14,794			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures							
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(30,649)	(30,649)	(13,519)	17,130			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			1,222	1,222			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(30,649)	(30,649)	(12,297)	18,352			
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	30,649	30,649	30,649				
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ -		18,352	18,352			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS GIFTS FUND		AGENCY FUND ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$	51,181	20,689	71,870
Cacin	Ψ	01,101	20,000	71,010
LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Funds held for school organizations	\$		20,689	20,689
Total liablities		-	20,689	20,689
Cash Fund Balances				
Restricted		51,181		51,181
Total Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances	\$	51,181	20,689	71,870

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>ASSETS</u>	ALANCE 7-01-17	ADDITIONS	ADJUST/ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-18
Cash	\$ 18,291	49,506		47,108	20,689
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	1,912	13,629	-	11,783	3,758
Bookstore	1,371	1,324	-	1,596	1,099
Music	-	1,007	-	880	127
Pictures	1,267	515	-	1,339	443
Hospitality	1,709	3,108	-	2,832	1,985
Library	3,458	11,842	-	10,584	4,716
Kindergarten/D-1st	1,959	1,105	-	2,410	654
6th Grade	203	1,001	-	827	377
After-School Care	-	12,796	-	11,806	990
Box Tops for Education	689	437	-	393	733
Pre K	1,114	301	-	741	674
First	848	1,133	-	519	1,462
Second	1,383	718	-	685	1,416
Third	561	433	-	479	515
Fourth	1,700	16	-	189	1,527
Fifth	54	119	-	45	128
Noncategorical	 63	22			85
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 18,291	49,506		47,108	20,689

McCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-77 Osage County, Oklahoma SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Revenue Collected	Total <u>Expenditures</u>	Unexpended Budgeted Balance
U.S. Department of Education: Passed Through State Department of Education:						
Title I	84.010	511	\$ 60,246	-	55,525	4,721
Title I 2016-17 - Note 1	84.010	511	· -	49,726	-	-
Title II Teacher/Principal Training	84.367	541	19,663	-	10,253	9,410
Title II Teacher/Principal Training 2016-17 - Note 1	84.367	541		4,834		
Title I Cluster			79,909	54,560	65,778	14,131
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027	621	51,637	9,002	46,262	5,375
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2016-17 - Note 1	84.027	621	· -	51,608	· -	-
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	2,154	-	2,154	-
IDEA-B Preschool 2016-17 - Note 1	84.173	641		2,097		
Special Education Cluster			53,791	62,707	48,416	5,375
Title VI Subpart 1, Small Rural School Achievement	84.358A	588	_	_	29,338	
Title VI Subpart 1, Small Rural School Achievement 2016-17 -Note 1	84.358A	588	-	25,888	-	-
Subtotal				25,888	29,338	
Total U.S. Department of Education			133,700	143,155	143,532	19,506
U.S. Department of Agriculture:						
Passed Through State Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Programs:	40.550	704		04.050	04.050	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764	-	24,058	24,058	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763	-	82,821	82,821	-
National School Lunch Program - commodities - Note 4	10.555	763	-	9,449	9,449	
Summer Food Service Program	10.599	766		3,300	4,809	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				119,628	121,137	
Other Federal Assistance:						
Flood Control		770	_	209	_	_
1 1000 COINIO		110		203		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Note 3			\$ 133,700	262,992	264,669	19,506

Note 1: These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 2: Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the School under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards(Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only selected portion of the operations of the School, it is not intended and does not present financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the School.

Note 3: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except for nonmonetary assistance noted in Note 3. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as t reimbursement. The School has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Food Distribution - Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education McCord School District Number C-77 Osage County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the McCord School District No. C-77, Osage County, Oklahoma ("District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 8, 2019, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Wilson, Don: associates

Shawnee, Oklahoma April 8, 2019

MCCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-77 Osage County

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an adverse opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education.
- 2. No instances of significant deficiency relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of McCord School District were disclosed during the audit.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

1. None observed

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

1. None observed

MCCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-77 Osage County

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1. None observed

MCCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-77 Osage County

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANTS' PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

County of Osage)	<i>1</i> 33			
The undersigned audition	n firm of lawful age	haina firet duly eworn	on oath save tha	t said firm

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountants' Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with McCord Public School for the audit year 2017-18.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C. Auditing Firm

by_____

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of April, 2019.

Notary Public (Commission #11002236)

My Commission Expires March 10, 2023

LISA COOK NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF OKLAHOMA MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MAR. 10, 2023 COMMISSION # 11002236

State of Oklahoma