# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'

McCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-77
Osage County, Oklahoma

**JUNE 30, 2012** 

Audited by

WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C. SHAWNEE, OK

### SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

President Jimmie LaBlue

Vice-President Mike Stasyszen

Clerk . Charles Blake

### MINUTES CLERK

Pamela Vap

### SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Brenda Storie

### **ELEMENTARY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS**

Boyd Braden

### TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2012

1	Page No.
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	4-5
COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Cash Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis All Fund Types and General Long-term Debt  Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Governmental Fund Types  Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis – Budgeted Governmental	6 7
Fund Types  Notes to Combined Financial Statements	8-9 10-24
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:  Combining Financial Statements  Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Cash Fund Balances – Regulator Basis – All Special Revenue Funds  Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds  Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis – All Special Revenue Funds  Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis – All Fiduciary Fund Types  Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis - Agency Funds	25 26 27 28 29
Supporting Schedule Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis	30
INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS  Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Combined Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	31-32
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  Findings Related to Financial Reporting Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	33 34
SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANTS' PROFFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT	35

### WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education McCord School District Number C-77 Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and general long-term debt financial statements, including budget and actual, of the McCord School District Number C-77, Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's combined financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described more fully in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

In addition, the District has not maintained the cost of fixed assets purchased in previous years and related depreciation, and thus does not know the amount that should be recorded in the fixed assets. Therefore, the fixed assets have not been presented. This information is required under the regulatory presentation prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the third paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of McCord School District Number C-77, Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2012, or the changes in its financial position for the year ended. Further, the District has not presented management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

907 EAST 35<sup>TH</sup> UNIT 4, SHAWNEE, OK 74804 (405) 273-4838 1-800-550-2948 FAX (405) 273-5846

### Independent Auditors' Report

In our opinion, except for the omission of the fixed assets which result in an incomplete presentation as explained in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and cash fund balances of McCord School District Number C-77, Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2012, the revenues it received and expenditures it paid and encumbered, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 3, 2013 on our compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's combined financial statements. The combining financial statements and other schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis in the format required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the combined financial statements, nor was a separate report issued for federal financial assistance, since the required threshold for \$500,000 or more in federal expenditures was not reached. The combining statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

Wilow, Don: associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC Shawnee, Oklahoma

April 3, 2013

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FUND TYPES AND GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT JUNE 30, 2012

	GOVERN	NMENTAL FUN	D TYPES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	GENERAL	TOTALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	AGENCY FUNDS	LONG-TERMDEBT	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and investments	\$ 518,965	39,103	115,497	10,664	-	684,229
Amounts available in debt service  Amounts to be provided for retirement	-	-	-	-	115,497	115,497
of general long-term debt					94,503	94,503
Total Assets	<u>\$ 518,965</u>	39,103	115,497	10,664	210,000	894,229
LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Warrants payable	\$ 99,242	7,913	-	-	-	107,155
Encumbrances	1,073			40.004		1,073
Funds held for school organizations  Long-term debt:	-	-	-	10,664	-	10,664
Bonds payable	-	-	-	-	210,000	210,000
Total liabilities	100,315	7,913		10,664	210,000	328,892
Cash Fund Balances						
Restricted	-	31,190	115,497	-	-	146,687
Unassigned	418,650					418,650
Total cash fund balances	418,650	31,190	115,497	-		565,337
Total Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances	\$ 518,965	39,103	115,497	10,664	210,000	894,229

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	G	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES						
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL	DEBT	(MEMORANDUM			
	GENERAL	REVENUE	<b>PROJECTS</b>	SERVICE	ONLY)			
Revenues collected:								
Local sources	\$ 357,407	91,394	-	115,669	564,470			
Intermediate sources	43,030	-	-	-	43,030			
State sources	979,043	1,814	-	1	980,858			
Federal sources	98,277	75,991	-	-	174,268			
Non-revenue receipts	76,975	67			77,042			
Total revenues collected	1,554,732	169,266		115,670	1,839,668			
Expenditures:								
Instruction	881,082	-	-	-	881,082			
Support services	532,212	49,343	-	-	581,555			
Operation of non-instruction services	90,378	48,451	-	-	138,829			
Facilities acquisition & construction services	1,998	4,576	7,517	-	14,091			
Other outlays	96	70,989	-	-	71,085			
Repayments			<u> </u>	114,371	114,371			
Total expenditures	1,505,766	173,359	7,517	114,371	1,801,013			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures								
before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	48,966	(4,093)	(7,517)	1,299	38,655			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	19				19			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	48,985	(4,093)	(7,517)	1,299	38,674			
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	369,665	35,283	7,517	114,198	526,663			
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 418,650	31,190		115,497	565,337			

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GE	ENERAL FUND	)	SPECIA	L REVENUE F	UNDS
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues collected:						
Local sources	\$ 305,251	305,251	357,407	79,120	79,120	91,394
Intermediate sources	35,495	35,495	43,030	-	-	-
State sources	956,793	956,793	979,043	1,964	1,964	1,814
Federal sources	117,206	117,206	98,277	75,858	75,858	75,991
Non-revenue receipts			76,975			67
Total revenues collected	1,414,745	1,414,745	1,554,732	156,942	156,942	169,266
Expenditures:						
Instruction	1,145,934	1,145,934	881,082	-	_	_
Support services	546,004	546,004	532,212	51,208	51,208	49,343
Operation of non-instruction services	90,378	90,378	90,378	65,452	65,452	48,451
Facilities acquisition & construction services	1,998	1,998	1,998	4,576	4,576	4,576
Other outlays	96	96	96	70,989	70,989	70,989
Total expenditures	1,784,410	1,784,410	1,505,766	192,225	192,225	173,359
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures before adjustments to prior year						
encumbrances	(369,665)	(369,665)	48,966	(35,283)	(35,283)	(4,093)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	_	_	19	_	_	_
, ,						
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures	(369,665)	(369,665)	48,985	(35,283)	(35,283)	(4,093)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	369,665	369,665	369,665	35,283	35,283	35,283
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$		418,650			31,190

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		CAPITA	AL PROJECTS	<u> </u>	SINK	SINKING FUND				
	_	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL			
Revenues collected:										
Local sources	\$	-	-	-	108,563	108,563	115,669			
Intermediate sources		-	-	-	-	-	-			
State sources		-	-	-	-	-	1			
Federal sources		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Non-revenue receipts		<u> </u>			<u> </u>					
Total revenues collected		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		108,563	108,563	115,670			
Expenditures:										
Instruction		-	-	_	-	-	-			
Support services		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Operation of non-instruction services		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Facilities acquisition & construction services		7,517	7,517	7,517	-	-	-			
Other outlays		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Repayments					222,761	222,761	114,371			
Total expenditures		7,517	7,517	7,517	222,761	222,761	114,371			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(7,517)	(7,517)	(7,517)	(114,198)	(114,198)	1,299			
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		<u> </u> .				<u>-</u>				
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(7,517)	(7,517)	(7,517)	(114,198)	(114,198)	1,299			
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		7,517	7,517	7,517	114,198	114,198	114,198			
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$				<u> </u>		115,497			

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the McCord School District Number C-77, Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting polices are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements. The District has adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which redefines the fund balance classifications from the previous two (2) into a possible five (5) classifications.

### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statues.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education (Board) composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Local Independent School District. The Board receives funding from local, intermediate, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

These financial statements present only the activities of the District. There are no component units (entities considered to be financially accountable to the District).

### B. Measurement Focus

The accounts of the District are organized and operate on the basis of funds and general long-term debt. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The general long-term debt is a reporting device to account for certain liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in other funds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

The District has the following fund types and general long-term debt:

Governmental funds – are used to account for most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including property taxes, entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

General fund – is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools expect for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction, and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The General Fund also accounts for federal and state financed programs where restricted monies must be expended for specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of these funds.

<u>Special Revenue funds</u> – account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The special revenue funds are composed of the District's Building Fund and Child Nutrition Fund. These are budgeted funds and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Building fund</u> – consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Child Nutrition fund</u> – The Child Nutrition Fund consists of monies derived from local food sales and federal and state financial assistance. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service fund</u> – consists of the District's Sinking Fund and accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for servicing of general long-term debt (principal, interest and related costs). This is a budgeted fund. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service.

**Fiduciary funds** – account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

Agency fund – is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or has a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. This fund is the School Activities Fund used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. This is an unbudgeted fund. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds. These funds have no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the District.

**General Long-term Debt** – accounts for the outstanding principal balances of all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is paid.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Cash Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures

### 1. Deposits and Investments

State statues govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost. The School District invests entirely in certificates of deposit, U. S. Treasury Securities, and participates in the Secured Investment Program of Oklahoma State School Boards Association, as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes Title 62, Section 348.

#### 2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Cash Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

#### 3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

#### 5. Inventories

Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

#### 6. Fixed Assets

The regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education requires the presentation of fixed assets. The District has not maintained a record of its fixed assets, and, accordingly, a statement of fixed assets required by generally accepted accounting principles prior to the issuance of GASB No. 34, is not included in the financial statements. Fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

### 7. Compensated Absences

The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statues, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Cash Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

### 8. Long-term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt at face value in the general long-term debt. Certain other lease obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the general long-term debt.

#### 9. Fund Balance Classifications

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purpose within the general fund.

### 10. Property Taxes and Other Local Revenues

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision has been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

### 11. Intermediate Revenues

Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Cash Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

#### 12. State Revenues

Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

### 13. Federal Revenues

Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

### 14. Non-Monetary Transactions

The District receives commodities from the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities have not been reflected in the combined financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Cash Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

### 15. Memorandum Only – Total Columns

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

### 16. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type in each of the statements) has not been presented since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Budgetary Information**

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget is submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The electors of the District have voted on the question to make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent; therefore, an annual mileage election (normally the first Tuesday in February) is not necessary. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

### A. Deposits and Investments

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the District holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the District holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the District must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2012 the District held deposits of approximately \$681,518 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing accounts, and investments are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name. Therefore, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

#### Investment Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies.
- 3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
- 5. County, municipal or school district debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

### A. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

The District had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2012, as defined above.

### Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

#### Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the District. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2012, the District had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

### B. Long-term Debt

State statues prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. A Bond issue has been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - cont'd

### B. Long-term Debt - cont'd

On August 1, 2008, the District issued building bonds in the amount of \$340,000 with interest 3.30% to 3.65%. Bond maturities begin August 1, 2010 for \$25,000 and annual installments thereafter of \$105,000, final payment August 1, 2013.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year								
Ended		General Obli	Total					
_June 30,_	Principal		Principal		Principal Interest		Interest	Requirements
2013	\$	105,000	5,696	110,696				
2014		105,000	1,917	106,917				
Total	\$	210,000	7,613	217,613				

### C. Changes in General Long-term Debt

General long-term debt consists of bonds payable. The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt transaction of the District for the fiscal year:

	July 1, 2011		Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2012
Bonds Leases	\$	315,000 7,727	<u>-</u>	105,000 7,727	210,000
Grand Total	\$	322,727	-	112,727	210,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 4. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Worker's compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### C. Non-Monetary Transactions

The fair market value as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services of the commodities received during the period under audit was \$6,468.

### D. Employee Retirement System and Plan

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 4. OTHER INFORMATION - cont'd

### D. Employee Retirement System and Plan - con'd

living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.00% of covered compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The matching contribution rate was 6.5%. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 5.0% of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District employer contribution rate was 9.50%. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members.

### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contribution for 2012, 2011, and 2010 was \$161,016, \$129,154, and \$148,990 respectively.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 4. OTHER INFORMATION - cont'd

### D. Employee Retirement System and Plan - cont'd

Schedule of Funding Progress (dollars in millions) (unaudited)

	Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued	Actuarial Accrued		Annual	UAAL as % of Covered
Actuarial	Assets	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Payroll
Valuation Date	(AVA) (a)	(AAL) (b)	(UAAL) (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll ( c )	_(b-a)/( c )
June 30, 2002	6,310.9	12,275.9	5,965.0	51.4%	3,047.1	195.8%
June 30, 2003	6,436.9	11,925.2	5,488.3	54.0%	3,045.7	180.2%
June 30, 2004	6,660.9	14,080.1	7,419.2	47.3%	3,030.7	244.8%
June 30, 2005	6,952.7	14,052.4	7,099.7	49.5%	3,175.2	223.6%
June 30, 2006	7,470.4	15,143.4	7,672.9	49.3%	3,354.9	228.7%
June 30, 2007	8,421.9	16,024.4	7,602.5	52.6%	3,598.9	211.2%
June 30, 2008	9,256.8	18,346.9	9,090.1	50.5%	3,751.4	242.3%
June 30, 2009	9,439.0	18,950.9	9,512.0	49.8%	3,807.9	249.8%
June 30, 2010	9,566.7	19,980.6	10,414.0	47.9%	3,854.8	270.2%
June 30, 2011	9,960.6	17,560.8	7,600.2	56.7%	3,773.3	201.4%
June 30, 2012	10,190.5	18,588.0	8,397.6	54.8%	3,924.8	214.0%

The employer contribution rates are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are less than the annual required contribution, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates.

### D. Surety Bonds

The District has an Oklahoma Public Employees Position Schedule Bond with Western Surety Company. The bond number is 18280546, it covers deputy clerk, encumbrance clerk, payroll and minute clerk for the penal sum of \$10,000, and it is for the term June 18, 2011 to June 18, 2012.

The District has a treasurer's bond with The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company. The bond number is 5026325 for the penal sum of \$100,000, and it is for the term July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2012.

The District has a superintendent's bond with The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company. The bond number is 5057175 for the penal sum of \$100,000, and it is for the term July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2012.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS June 30, 2012

### 4. OTHER INFORMATION - cont'd

### F. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 3, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The District issued general obligation bonds totaling \$320,000 with interest rates of 0.65% to 0.70 % with first maturity due November 1, 2014 and final maturity due November 1, 2016.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>		LDING UND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash	<b>\$</b> 1	13,441	25,662	39,103
LIABILITIES AND CASH FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities Warrants payable	\$	243	7,670	7,913
Cash Fund Balances Restricted	1	13,198	17,992	31,190
Total Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances	<b>\$</b> 1	13,441	25,662	39,103

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues collected:			
Local sources	\$ 54,900	36,494	91,394
State sources	-	1,814	1,814
Federal sources	-	75,991	75,991
Non-revenue receipts	 -	67	67
Total revenues collected	 54,900	114,366	169,266
Expenditures:			
Support services	49,343	-	49,343
Operation of non-instruction services	-	48,451	48,451
Facilities, acquisitions & construction services	4,576	-	4,576
Other outlays	 	70,989	70,989
Total expenditures	 53,919	119,440	173,359
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	981	(5,074)	(4,093)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 12,217	23,066	35,283
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 13,198	17,992	31,190

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		BUILDING FUND			CHILD	NUTRITION F	UND	TOTALS			
	_	RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues collected:											
Local sources	\$	43,567	43,567	54,900	35,553	35,553	36,494	79,120	79,120	91,394	
State sources		-	-	-	1,964	1,964	1,814	1,964	1,964	1,814	
Federal sources		-	-	-	75,858	75,858	75,991	75,858	75,858	75,991	
Non-revenue receipts		-					67			67	
Total revenues collected		43,567	43,567	54,900	113,375	113,375	114,366	156,942	156,942	169,266	
Expenditures:											
Support services		51,208	51,208	49,343	-	-	-	51,208	51,208	49,343	
Operation of non-instruction services		-	-	-	65,452	65,452	48,451	65,452	65,452	48,451	
Facilities, acquisitions & constructon services		4,576	4,576	4,576	-	-	-	4,576	4,576	4,576	
Other outlays		-			70,989	70,989	70,989	70,989	70,989	70,989	
Total expenditures		55,784	55,784	53,919	136,441	136,441	119,440	192,225	192,225	173,359	
Excess of revenues collected over (under)											
expenditures		(12,217)	(12,217)	981	(23,066)	(23,066)	(5,074)	(35,283)	(35,283)	(4,093)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	_	12,217	12,217	12,217	23,066	23,066	23,066	35,283	35,283	35,283	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$			13,198			17,992			31,190	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - REGULATORY BASIS ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2012

	AC	GENCY FUND CTIVITY FUND
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	<u>\$</u>	10,664
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Liabilities Funds held for school organizations	<u>\$</u>	10,664

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>		ALANCE 7-01-11	ADDITIONS	ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-12
Cash	\$	10,702	30,477	18	30,533	10,664
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Funds held for school organization	s:					
Athletics	\$	3,926	9,577	_	9,351	4,152
Bookstore		503	1,535	-	946	1,092
Pop		22	-	(22)	-	-
Pictures		3,309	1,341	18	2,112	2,556
Miscellaneous		47	11	-	-	58
Library		834	4,180	-	4,689	325
Foundation		234	43	79	-	356
Petty Cash		-	200	-	200	-
Kindergarten/D-1st		44	937	-	560	421
6th Grade		232	1,066	-	883	415
Science		329	-	-	46	283
Student Council		57	-	(57)	-	-
After-School Care		-	9,309	-	9,309	-
Box Top for Education		611	-	-	520	91
Technology Account		554	749	-	481	822
First		-	500	-	496	4
Second		-	373	-	301	72
Third		-	350	-	333	17
Fourth		-	306		306	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,702	30,477	18	30,533	10,664

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor's/ Pass Through Grantor's Number	Approved Amount	<u>Receipts</u>	Expenditures	Unexpended Budgeted <u>Balance</u>
U.S. Department of Education:						
Passed Through State Department of Education:						
Title I	84.010		\$ 50,818	=	50,818	=
Title I 2010-11 - Note 1	84.010		=	56,344	=	=
Title 1 ARRA 2010-11 - Note 1	84.389		-	11,103	-	-
Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training	84.367		15,075	-	15,075	-
Title II, Part A - REAP 2010-11 - Note 1	84.367		-	8,668	-	-
Title IID, REAP 2010-11 - Note 1	84.318		-	171	-	-
Education Jobs 2010-11 - Note 1	84.410		-	20,103	-	-
Title VI Part B Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358A	S358A123457	21,332	-	21,332	-
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		46,831	-	46,831	-
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2010-11- Note 1	84.027		-	1,045	-	-
IDEA-B Project Echo	84.027		2,607	-	2,607	-
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173		1,996	-	1,996	-
IDEA-B Preschool 2010-11 - Note 1	84.173		-	652	-	_
Sub Total			138,659	98,086	138,659	
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed Through State Department of Education:						
National School Lunch Program	10.555		-	53,808	53,808	-
National School Lunch Program - commodities - Note 2	10.555		-	6,468	6,468	-
School Breakfast Program	10.555			22,183	22,183	<u> </u>
Sub Total			<u> </u>	82,459	82,459	-
Other Federal Assistance						
Flood Control	12.112		<u> </u>	191	191	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Note 3			\$ 138,659	180,736	221,309	<del>-</del>

Note 1: These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 2: This amount represents federal non-cash assistance received in the form of commodities.

Note 3: Commodities received in the amount of \$6,468 were of a nonmonetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

### WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARD

The Honorable Board of Education McCord School District Number C-77 Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma

We have audited the fund type and general long-term debt financial statements, including budget and actual, of the McCord School District Number C-77, Ponca City, Osage County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's combined financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 3, 2013. The report on these financial statements was adverse because the District has elected to prepare its financial statements in conformity with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a material departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion regarding the presentation of the financial statements referred to above in conformity with the prescribed basis of accounting was qualified due to a departure related to the general fixed assets. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated April 3, 2013.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, board of education, others within the entity, the Oklahoma State Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wilon, Don: associates

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC Shawnee, Oklahoma

April 3, 2013

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

There were no material weaknesses or instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

There were no prior year findings or questioned costs.

# SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANTS' PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma	)
	)ss
County of Pottawatomie	)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountants' Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with McCord Public School for the audit year 2011-12.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C. Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of April, 2013.

Notary Public (Commission #11002236)

My Commission Expires March 10, 2015

WAND 1002236