ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

> AUDITED BY KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA CENTER OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

Board of Education

President Vice-President Clerk Member Member John Long Justin Miller Rosalie Griffith Joe Hutchison Billy Hendrickson

Superintendent of Schools

Fred Probis

Technology Center Treasurer

Roger Crutchfield

Director of Finance

Jean Arnold

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2014

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KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Northeast Technology Center No. 11 Pryor, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeast Technology Center as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Auditing Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial and other additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 3, 2015, on my consideration of Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma's, internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

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Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. Broken Arrow, OK March 3, 2015

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The discussion and analysis of Northeast Technology Center's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the accompanying notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their State No. 34 Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments, issued June, 1999.

Organization

Northeast Technology Center School District 11 is a political subdivision of the Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education. The school operates under the local control of a five member board of education with a designated superintendent/chief executive officer. The Northeast Technology Center School District includes most of five counties, Ottawa, Delaware, Mayes, Craig, and Rogers, and parts of Wagoner, Nowata and Cherokee counties.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of three parts: management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of Northeast Technology Center. The first two statements, pages 7 and 8, are district-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about Northeast Technology Center's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, pages 9, 10, and 11, that focus on individual parts of Northeast Technology Center's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how basic services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The governmental funds are the General Fund and Building Fund.

The financial statements also include notes, beginning on page 12, that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and reports the financial statements.

District-Wide Statements

The two district-wide statements: Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, report Northeast Technology Center's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between Northeast Technology Center's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure Northeast Technology Center's financial health or position.

District-Wide Statements

Over time, increases or decreases in Northeast Technology Center's net assets are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall financial health of Northeast Technology Center, you need to consider additional factors, such as changes in the ad valorem valuation and the projected student enrollment.

The district-wide statements report information about the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting methods used by private sector companies.

Fund Financial Statements

Northeast Technology Center's financial statements provide detailed information about each fund – not Northeast Technology Center as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs; state law requires certain funds.

- Governmental funds Most of Northeast Technology Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method prescribed by Oklahoma Statutes. This statutory method of accounting provides for recording income (revenue) when received, and encumbering expenditures when the purchase commitment is made (purchase order is issued). The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of Northeast Technology Center's operations and the services it provides.
- Fiduciary funds Northeast Technology Center is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the activity funds. Northeast
 Technology Center is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for
 their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. Northeast Technology Center excludes
 these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance
 its operations.

Fund Financial Statements are prepared using a modified accrual method of accounting. This method of accounting recognizes revenues as soon as they are both measurable and available and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

Financial Highlights

The FY 14 general fund "fund balance" at 6-30-14 was \$9,150,361. The building fund balance was \$5,319,228. Total FY14 general fund revenues collected district-wide were \$20,024,458 and building fund revenues collected district-wide were \$1,539,888.

See Auditor's Disclaimer of Opinion

Financial Highlights (continued)

The District had the following General Fund revenue sources:

Local Sources	<u> </u>	<u>FY 13</u> \$15,108,829	<u>% Change</u> 6.44%
State sources Federal sources	2,821,303 1,054,979	2,984,855 <u>1,089,962</u>	<5.8>% <3.32>%
o Total Revenue	<u>\$20,024,458</u>	<u>\$19,183,646</u>	4.2%

The District had the following General Fund expenditures:

	FY 14	FY 13	<u>% Change</u>
Instructional	\$6,806,716	\$6,802,190	.07%
Support services	11,310,386	13,620,676	<20.43>%
Non instructional	460,487	394,617	14.3%
Capital outlay	1,148,664	1,214,795	<5.76>%
Other outlays	129,133	122,209	5.36%
Other uses	922,157	<u>1,354,148</u>	<46.85>%
Total	<u>\$20,777,543</u>	<u>\$23,508,635</u>	<13.14>%

The District had the following Building Fund revenue sources:

Local Sources State sources	<u> </u>	<u>FY 13</u> \$1,480,262 <u>176</u>	<u>% Change</u> 3.86% 12.44%
Total Revenue	<u>\$1,539,888</u>	<u>\$1,480,438</u>	3.86%

The District had the following Building Fund expenditures:

Capital Outlay	FY 14 \$1,556,908	<u> </u>	<u>% Change</u> <3.86>%
Total	\$1,556,908	\$1,814,877	<3.86>%

See Auditor's Disclaimer of Opinion

The figures used in these comparisons are taken from Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Government Funds for the years ended June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2014, respectively.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Northeast Technology Center prepares budgets in compliance with Oklahoma statutes. The preliminary budget is prepared prior to the beginning of the fiscal year when certain factors are uncertain, such as the final net assessed property values. The final budget was approved after the property values were ascertained.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2014, Northeast Technology Center had \$24,302,993 (net of depreciation) in Governmental Funds invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, equipment, and vehicles.

<u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>

Total Net Assets

<u>\$42,339,842</u> <u>\$41,620,407</u>

FACTORS BEARING ON NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER'S FUTURE

The District is not aware of any factors, that have a reasonable possibility of occurring, which will negatively impact the District's future operations. Northeast Technology Center will continue to upgrade equipment, improve buildings and grounds and change programming to remain current in its educational offerings to the public.

CONTACTING NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students and creditors with a general overview of Northeast Technology Center's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Superintendent's Office, Northeast Technology Center, P. O. Box 487, Pryor, OK 74362.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	(Governmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	13,888,636
Property tax receivable		1,152,435
Due from other governments		68,962
Due from activity fund		289,778
Prepaid insurance		100,360
Capital assets		
Land		956,281
Construction in progress		1,580,397
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		24,302,993
Total Assets	\$	42,339,842
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	135,538
Leases payable - Due within one year		332,729
Total current liabilities		468,267
Non-current liabilities		
Compensated absences		232,425
Voluntary separation payable		255,000
Leases payable - Due in more than one year		9,903,906
Total non-current liabilites		10,391,331
Total non-current nabilities	_	10,001,001
Total Liabilities	\$	10,859,598
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$	16,603,036
Unrestricted	Ψ	• •
Unrestricted		14,877,208
Total Net Position	\$	31,480,244

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Program F	Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expen	ses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions		pital Grants & ontributions	Government Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ (6,23	80,419) \$	1,094,307 \$	1,084,179	\$	- \$	(4,051,933)
Support Services:	(4.0)	0.004					(4,000,004)
Students		32,831)	-	-		-	(1,082,831)
Instructional Staff		52,762)	-	-		-	(62,762)
General Administration		39,634)	-	-		-	(639,634)
School Administration		0,968)	-	-		-	(3,910,968)
Business		(3,733)	-	-		-	(1,573,733)
Operation of Plant Student Transportation		58,969) 18,667)	72,000	-		-	(2,786,969) (648,667)
Non Instructional		18,667) 50,487)	-	-		-	(460,487)
Capital Outlay			-	-		-	(247,365)
Other Outlays		17,365) 29,133)	-	-		-	(129,133)
Other Uses		2,158)	_	_		-	(922,158)
Debt Service Interest		30,312)	_	_			(480,312)
Depreciation - Unallocated		3,560)	_	-		-	(1,293,560)
	(1,2)			·	·		(1,200,000)
Governmental Activities	\$(20,54	10,998) \$ _	1,166,307_\$	1,084,179	_ \$	\$_	(18,290,512)
	General rev	enues					
	Taxes:						
	Property ta	axes, levied	for general purpo	ses		\$	16,421,524
	Other Tax		- · ·				1,760
	Federal and	State aid n	ot restricted to spe	cific purposes:			
	General			-			2,537,485
	Other						59,690
	Interest and	investment	t earnings				212,714
	Miscellaneo	us				_	86,824
	Total gen	eral revenu	les				19,319,997
	Loss on f	xed asset o	lispsoal			\$	(15,533.00)
	Changes	in net posit	ion				1,013,952
	-	on - beginn					30,466,292
	Net positi	on - ending				\$_	31,480,244

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	-	General Fund		Building Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Due from activity fund Prepaid insurance	\$	8,590,766 1,050,574 68,962 289,778 100,360	\$	5,297,870 101,861 - -	\$	13,888,636 1,152,435 68,962 289,778 100,360
Total assets	\$ _	10,100,440	\$	5,399,731	\$_	15,500,171
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	135,538 814,541	\$	- 80,503	\$	135,538 895,044
Total liabilities Fund balances;	-	950,079	- <u> </u>	80,503	· -	1,030,582
Nonspendable Fund Balances: Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balances:		89,752		-		89,752
Restricted by Statute		-		3,991,009		3,991,009
Assigned Fund Balances: Encumbrances Other Assigned Fund Balances		1,411,975 -		1,328,219 -		2,740,194
Unassigned	-	7,648,634		-		7,648,634
Total Fund Balances	-	9,150,361		5,319,228		14,469,589
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,100,440	\$	5,399,731		

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$41,029,198 and the accumulated depreciation is \$14,189,527.	26,839,671
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the govermental funds balance sheet.	(10,724,060)
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds.	895,044
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 31,480,244

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NORTHEAST TECHONOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General Fund	r	Building Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	16,148,176	\$	1,539,687	\$	17,687,863
Intermediate sources		-		-		-
State sources Federal sources		2,821,303		201		2,821,504
rederal sources	-	1,054,979				1,054,979
Total revenues	\$_	20,024,458	\$	1,539,888	\$	21,564,346
Expenditures:						
Instructional	\$	6,806,716	\$	-	\$	6,806,716
Support Services:						, .
Students		1,139,182		-		1,139,182
Instructional Staff		62,762		-		62,762
General Administration		617,387		-		617,387
School Administration		3,675,756		-		3,675,756
Business		1,580,404		-		1,580,404
Operation of Plant		3,073,207		-		3,073,207
Student Transportation		1,161,688		-		1,161,688
Noninstructional		460,487		-		460,487
Capital Outlay		1,148,664		1,556,908		2,705,572
Other Outlays		129,133		-		129,133
Other Uses		922,157		-		922,157
Repayments	-		•			
Total expenditures	\$_	20,777,543	\$	1,556,908	\$.	22,334,451
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	(753,085)	\$	(17,020)	\$	(770,105)
	-		ŕ		· · ·	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$_		\$		\$	
Excess of revenues and other sources of						
funds over (under) expenditures	\$	(753,085)	\$	(17,020)	\$	(770,105)
	-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$_	9,903,446	\$	5,336,248	\$	15,239,694
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,150,361	\$	5,319,228	\$	14,469,589

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (770,105)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlay expenditures	\$ 2,769,635	
Loss on fixed asset disposal	(15,533)	
Depreciation expense	(1,293,560)	1,460,542
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		295,822
Some expenses (compensated absences and voluntary separation payable) reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		21,555
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds.		 6,138
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,013,952

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Northeast Technology Center No. 11 (the "Center") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions, issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Center has presented the entities, which comprise the primary government in the fiscal year 2013 basic financial statements.

The Center is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The Center is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma for support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the Center is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the Center.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements present the reporting entity which consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the Center's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Center. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) tuition or fees paid by students or citizens of the Center and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items, including state aid, that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The Technology Center segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Statements for governmental activities present each fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources uses and balance of current financial resources. The Center has presented the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under Formula Operations.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Center's Building Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of creating, remodeling or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Center. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purpose trust fund or a permanent fund is used.

The terms "permanent" and "private purpose" refer to whether or not the Center is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the Center holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The Center's Fiduciary Funds have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The Center's Agency Fund consists of the Activity Fund. The Center's Activity fund is used to account for monies collected that are held on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these funds.

Account Groups

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the governmental column in the government-wide statement of net position.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes and interest and certain state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

These budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary control is maintained by fund, function, and activity and budgeted expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Amendments may be made to the budget without approval by the governing body at the function and activity levels. Fund level budgetary amendments require approval of the governing body.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable fund balance – is utilized in all governmental funds of the Center. Appropriations which are not spent lapse at the end of the fiscal year and encumbrances are reversed. On the first day of the following fiscal year, the encumbrances are reinstated and the expenditures are applied against that year's budget.

E. Net Position and Fund Balances

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categories of investment in fixed assets (net of related debt), restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

Investment in Fixed Assets (net of related debt) – is intended to reflect the portion of net position, which are associated with non-liquid capital related debt. The net related debt is debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – are liquid assets generated from revenues and not bond proceeds, which have third party (statutory bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use. The Center would typically use restricted net assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – represent unrestricted liquid assets.

<u>Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u> – The Center has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Center is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that are not in a spendable form such as prepaid expenses, or are required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of permanent fund.

<u>Restricted</u> – The Building Fund is restricted by statute to certain capital related costs. Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers such as creditors, grantors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The Center commits a portion of the accrual basis fund balance to honor the commitments made by the Center for encumbrances (purchase orders) for which goods or services have not yet been received. The fund balance committed for encumbrances will be equivalent of the purchase orders rolled forward from the old year to the new year. The Director of Finance will determine the balance of committed fund balance as a part of the accrual conversion for the audit.

Amounts that are constrained by a government itself using its highest level of decision making authority (Board of Education); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action (vote of Board of Education) to remove or change the constraint. Action to constrain resources should occur before the end of the fiscal year.

<u>Assigned</u> – The Center has assigned a portion of fund balance in both the General and Building Fund for funding the cash flow needs during the first half of each fiscal year. The collection of property taxes occurs mainly in December through March. This creates a temporary cash flow deficit during the first part of each fiscal year. The assigned fund balance is used to finance this temporary cash flow deficit. The Treasurer and Director of Finance will determine the amount of assigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Fund balance represents the funds not restricted in use by statute nor encumbered by purchase orders or legal contracts. Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> – The Center considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and investments to be cash. Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Property Tax Revenue and Receivables</u> – The Center is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the Center. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. The second half of taxes becomes delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If taxes are delinquent and unpaid for a period of three (3) years or more the real estate may be sold for taxes.

Uncollected taxes assessed on valuations made each year are recorded in the Center's combined financial statements. Uncollectible personal and real property taxes are deemed to be immaterial because the property can be sold for the amount of taxes due.

<u>Inventories</u> – The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the Center has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost when historical records exist and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated using a modified method of straight-line depreciation called half-year averaging convention. Under the half-year averaging convention, an asset is treated as though it were placed in service or disposed of on the first day of the seventh month of the fiscal year. One-half of a full year's depreciation is allowed for the asset in its first year placed in service, regardless of when it was actually placed in service during that year.

Buildings and structures	40 years
Improvements	Remaining Life
Equipment	3-20 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The Center's policy allows certified teachers to accumulate unused sick leave up to 125 days. Upon termination, the certified teacher is paid a daily salary rate for unused sick days in excess of 60 days up to a maximum of 20 days.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Employees of the Center receive varying amounts of vacation depending on the number of months contracted each year and the years of service completed with the Center. The maximum annual leave that may accumulate and carry forward to the next calendar year is 35 days. Upon termination of employment, unused vacation may be paid to the employee upon approval of the Board of Education.

Long-Term Debt – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of the applicable governmental activities statement on net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

G. <u>Revenue</u>, Expenses and Expenditures

Revenues are classified by source as follows:

<u>Local</u> – Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the Center, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the Technology Center.

<u>Intermediate</u> – Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, like a county or municipality, and redistributed to the Technology Center.

<u>State</u> – Those revenues received from the State, which are dedicated or are appropriated by the State legislature. Some of this aid is restricted for specific purposes.

The Center receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Career & Technology Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal</u> – Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the Technology Center either as direct grants or under various programs passed-through the State Department of Career & Technology Education.

Expenditures are classified by function as follows:

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Examples of expenditures that might be included here are the activities of teacher assistant of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators, and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing noninstructional services to students, staff, and the community.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures, and other refunds to be repaid from Center funds.

2. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The Center's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- 2. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.
- 6. County, municipal or school Center direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school Center ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school Center is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- 7. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school Center.

Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)

9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the Center's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an Interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Center's investment policy directs the Treasurer to place primary emphasis on safety and liquidity of any investments. All investments must be designed to maximize yield within the class of investment instrument, consistent with safety of the funds invested.

Custodial Credit Risk:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The Center's demand deposits are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured. The Center has a written investment policy, which permits investments as authorized by State Statute.

Certificates of deposit are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2014, the Center had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. However, the Center has no formal written policy addressing interest rate risk.

Credit Risk:

The Center has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables of the governmental activities consist of Ad Valorem tax, miscellaneous local, State grants, and Federal grant programs. Receivables detail by fund at June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Accounts Receivable	General Fund	Building Fund		
Ad Valorem Tax Due from Activity Fund Federal Grants Gross receivables Less: deferred taxes	\$ 1,050,574 289,778 68,962 1,409,314 (814,541)	\$ 101,861 101,861 		
Net Receivables	\$ 594,773	\$ 21,358		

5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2014, follows:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Land Construction in Process	\$ 956,281	\$ 1,580,397	\$ -	\$ 956,281 1,580,397
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 956,281	\$ 1,580,397	\$ 	\$ 2,536,678
Building & Improvements	\$ 29,122,061	\$ 79,820	\$ -	\$ 29,201,881
Machinery & Equipment	5,850,766	506,531	216,912	6,140,385
Software	47,935	-	-	47,935
Vehicles	2,499,432	602,887		3,102,319
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated Less:	\$ 37,520,194	\$, 1,189,238	\$ 216,912	\$ 38,492,520
Accumulated Depreciation	13,097,346	1,293,560	201,379	14,189,527
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated - Net	24,422,848	(104,322)	15,533	24,302,993
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 25,379,129	\$ 1,476,075	\$ 15,533	\$ 26,839,671

6. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund, or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

7. Employee Retirement System

Description of Plan

The System is a qualified governmental defined benefit retirement plan. For GASB purposes it is a costsharing multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System. The supervising authority for the management and operation of the System is a 13-member Board of Trustees, which acts as a fiduciary for investment of the funds and the application of plan interpretations. The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits and other benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Oklahoma State Statutes establish benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152.

Employee Retirement System (continued)

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements have also been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade dates. Member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The nonfunded pension benefit obligation of the System, as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	 Dollars in Millions			
Actuarial Accrued Liability Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 19,576 12,369			
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 7,207			

Funding Policy

A participant with five years of creditable service may retire with a normal retirement allowance at the age of sixty-two (62) or with reduced benefits as early as age fifty-five (55). The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries, if certain options are exercised, equals two percent of the average of the highest three earning years of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Retiring members may count up to 120 days of unused accumulated sick leave toward an additional year of service credit. A participant leaving employment before attaining retirement age, but completing five (5) years of service, may elect to vest his accumulated contributions and defer receipt of a retirement annuity until a later date. When a participant dies in active service and has completed ten years of credited service, the beneficiary is entitled to a death benefit of \$18,000 and the participant's contributions plus interest. If the beneficiary is a surviving spouse, the surviving spouse may, in lieu of the death benefit, elect to receive, subject to the surviving spousal options, the participant's retirement benefits accrued at the time of death. The contribution rates for the Districts, which are not actuarially determined, and its employees are established by statute and applied to the employee's earnings, plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The employers' contribution rate is 9.5%. Employees contribute 7.0% of covered compensation.

Annual Pension Cost

The Center's total contribution for 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$1,621,888, \$1,522,373, and \$1,458,859, respectively. The District's total payroll for fiscal year 2013-14 amounted to \$10,293,715.

On Behalf Contributions

The State of Oklahoma makes retirement contributions each year for teachers employed by Oklahoma School Districts. The contribution amounts are based on the teacher's years of service and amounts paid are prescribed by O.S.70 Section 17-108.2 subsection A. During fiscal year 2013-14, the State of Oklahoma's contribution was \$59,315. This Center recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

8. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u>

The Center's long term debt consisted of non-current compensated absences, capitalized lease-purchase agreements, and estimated voluntary separation incentive payments.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	-	Balance July 1, 2013	 Additions		Retirements	-	Balance June 30, 2014
Leases Payable Compensated Absences Voluntary Separation Payable	\$	10,532,456 248,980 260,000	\$ 	\$	295,822 16,555 5,000	\$	10,236,634 232,425 255,000
Total	\$	11,041,436	\$.\$	317,377	\$	10,724,059
Less: Amounts Due Within One	Year						(332,729)
Total Long-Term Debt						\$	10,391,330

Lease Commitments

Lease-Purchase – Claremore Campus

The Center's lease-purchase commitments include property financed through a technique referred to as "conduit financing." Conduit financing involves the use of a public trust, which issues conduit debt obligations (limited-obligations revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments) for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity. The public trust has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party, on whose behalf the debt is issued.

The Center entered into a Ground Lease Agreement with Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority on January 1, 2008, for certain real property owned by the Center. The Ground Lease extends to June 20, 2027, and rent was prepaid in an amount equal to ten dollars (\$10) and other equitable consideration. The Ground Lease Agreement was made to facilitate the issuance of \$8,400,000 in revenue bonds by the Authority to provide funds to construct and equip buildings.

The Center entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement with Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority on January 1, 2008, wherein the real property subject to the Ground Lease mentioned in the previous paragraph is subleased to the Center to enable the Center to utilize proceeds of the \$8,400,000 revenue bonds issued by Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority, for the construction of the real property and to provide a method for the Center to obtain title to the property.

Lease-Purchase with Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority. The following is a schedule by years of future principal and interest payment required under the lease-purchase agreement:

Year ending				
June 30, T	Principal		Interest	Total
2015	\$ 128,897	\$	350,754	\$ 479,651
2016	149,125		344,915	494,040
2017	170,701		338,160	508,861
2018	193,699		330,428	524,127
2019	218,197		321,654	539,851
2020-2024	2,420,843		1,429,607	3,850,450
2025-2027	 4,461,949		441,100	4,903,048
Totals	\$ 7,743,412	\$_	3,556,618	\$ 11,300,030

Lease Commitments (continued)

Lease-Purchase – Afton Campus

The Center entered into a Ground Lease Agreement with Afton Economic Development Authority on August 1, 2007, for certain real property owned by the Center. The Ground Lease extends to June 30, 2023, and rent was prepaid in an amount equal to ten dollars (\$10) and other equitable consideration. The Ground Lease Agreement was made to facilitate the issuance of \$3,500,000 in revenue bonds by the Authority to provide funds to construct and equip buildings.

The Center entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement with Afton Economic Development Authority on August 1, 2007, wherein the real property subject to the Ground Lease mentioned in the previous paragraph is subleased to the Center to enable the Center to utilize proceeds of the \$3,500,000 revenue bonds issued by Afton Economic Development Authority, for the construction of the real property and to provide a method for the Center to obtain title to the property.

The following is a schedule by years of future principal and interest payments required under the leasepurchase agreement:

Year ending				
June 30, Ŭ	Principal	Interest		Total
2015	\$ 203,832	\$ 115,935	\$	319,767
2016	222,904	106,457		329,360
2017	243,149	96,092		339,241
2018	264,633	84,785		349,418
2019	287,421	72,480		359,901
2020-2023	 1,271,283	 144,693		<u>1,415,976</u>
Totals	\$ 2,493,223	\$ 620,441	\$_	3,113,664

Voluntary Separation Program

The Center has a Retirement Incentive Program which is available to employees who qualify for retirement as outlined by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System and has made application for retirement. Eligible participants must meet certain criteria of the program including minimum years of full-time creditable service with the Tech Center. The Tech Center estimates the retirement incentive liability based on employee eligibility and number of years of service with the Center. The Center has reported a liability in the financial statements at June 30, 2014, totaling \$255,000 for accrued voluntary retirement incentive pay. The liability is recognized in the district's Government Wide Financial Statements as a portion of General Long Term Debt.

Compensated Absences

The Technology Center allows certified Teachers to accumulate unused sick leave up to 125 days. Upon termination, the teacher is paid a daily salary rate for unused sick days in excess of 60 days up to a maximum of 20 days. Compensated absences are recognized in the Financial Statements in the year employees become eligible for payment upon termination. The accrued liability for compensated absences at June 30, 2014, was \$232,425. The total liability is recognized in the Center's Government wide Financial Statements as a portion of the General Long Term Debt.

9. Litigation

The Center is contingently liable for lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized and would not materially affect the financial position of the Center at June 30, 2014.

10. Contingent Liabilities

The Center receives significant financial assistance from the United States government in the form of grants and other federal assistance. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowances as a result of these audits become a liability of the Center. The Center estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

11. Risk Management

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The Center purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Center participates in the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Account under the sponsorship of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association and the cooperative council for Oklahoma School Administration. The account was established to let school s self-insure unemployment benefits for school employees. The funds are held in the name of each center as reserves to pay unemployment claims. Each center is individually liable for that portion of the benefits paid from the fund attributable to wages paid by the center in the same manner as if no group account had been established. The reserve funds may be withdrawn from the account upon request of the center. At June 30, 2014, the Northeast Technology Center had reserves on deposit with the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Accounting totaling \$10,608. This amount has been shown as prepaid insurance on the financial statements.

12. Surety Bonds Bond

The treasurer is bonded by The Old Republic Surety Company, bond number W150130829 for the sum of \$100,000. Term 6/14/13 to 6/14/14.

The superintendent is bonded by Old Republic Surety Company, bond number W150026977, for the sum of \$100,000. Term 7/15/13 to 7/15/14.

The Director of Finance is bonded by Old Republic Surety Company, bond number W1500276678, for the sum of \$100,000. Term 7/22/13 to 7/23/14.

Four (4) campus Directors; Four (4) Financial Secretaries; Eight (3) Adult Ed Secretaries; and Five (5) backup Minutes Clerks, Old Republic Surety – POB2117736 for \$5,000 each. Term 1/13/14 to 1/13/15.

13. Related Entities

The following entity is separately constituted and, accordingly, their financial position and results of operations have not been presented in the accompanying financial statements. Officers are not appointed by the school board. The school board is not responsible for approving budgets, contracts, key personnel, fiscal matters or day-to-day operations of the foundation.

Northeast Vo-Tech Foundation

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Fund							
	Clare	Claremore Campus Activity Fund		Afton Campus Activity Fund		Kansas Campus Activity Fund		
ASSETS		450.000	¢	405.054	•	400.570		
Cash Miscellaneous Receivables	\$	158,033	\$	135,354	\$	102,572 		
Total assets	\$	158,033	\$	135,354	\$	102,572		
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities:								
Due to General Fund	\$	78,895	\$	62,377	\$	66,169		
Due to Student Groups		79,138		72,977		36,403		
Total liabilities		158,033		135,354		102,572		
Fund equity: Unreserved/undesignated		-		<u>-</u>				
Total Fund Equity	<u></u>		,					
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	158,033	\$	135,354	\$	102,572		

Pryor Campus Activity Fund		Total
\$ 153,331	\$	549,290
\$ 153,331	\$	549,290
\$ 82,335 70,996	\$	289,776 259,514
153,331	-	549,290
	-	
\$ 153,331	\$	549,290

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	7,540,480	\$	7,540,480	\$	7,540,480
Revenues collected:						
Local sources		14,574,384		14,574,384		15,960,489
Intermediate sources		-		-		_
State sources		2,626,859		2,626,859		2,769,008
Federal sources	_	1,036,726	-	1,036,726	-	1,312,075
Total revenues collected	-	18,237,969		18,237,969	_	20,041,572
Expenditures paid:						
Instruction		6,598,535		6,598,535		6,957,704
Support services		11,778,304		11,778,304		10,799,294
Non-instructional services		505,200		505,200		458,587
Capital outlay		1,170,894		1,170,894		400,065
Other outlays		4,246,016		4,246,016		129,133
Other uses		1,479,500.		1,479,500		1,305,360
Repayments						
Debt Service						
Principal retired		-		-		295,822
Interest paid	_	-		-	_	480,312
Total expenditures paid	\$_	25,778,449	\$	25,778,449	\$	20,826,277
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenses paid before adjustments to prior						
year encumbrances	\$_	_	\$		\$	6,755,775
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances						423,015
Cash fund balance end of year - Budgetary Basis					\$	7,178,790
Explanation of differences between Budgetary Bas GAAP year end fund balance:	is ye	ar end fund bala	nce a	and		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2014 - Budgetary basis					\$	7,178,790
Accounts receivable not recognized as revenue					Ŧ	594,774
Expenses not recognized in GAAP basis (reserv	es)					1,411,975
Prepaid insurance	20)					100,360
Accounts Payable not recognized in Budgetary I	anie					(135,538)
					<u> </u>	
Net Position of Governmental Activities-GAA	н Ва	SIS			\$	9,150,361

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) BUILDING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	-	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	_	Actual
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	5,087,474	\$	5,087,474	\$	5,087,474
Revenues collected: Local sources		1,333,766		1,333,766		1,542,465
Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources				-		202
Total revenues collected		1,333,766	-	1,333,766	_	1,542,667
Expenditures paid: Instruction		_		_		-
Support services		180,000		180,000		71,685
Capital outlay		4,421,240		4,421,240		2,639,500
Other outlays	-	1,820,000	-	1,820,000	_	
Total expenditures paid	-	6,421,240	•	6,421,240	-	2,711,185
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior						
year encumbrances	\$	-	\$		\$	3,918,956
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances					-	50,694
Cash fund balance end of year - Budgetary E	Basi	3			\$ =	3,969,650
Explanation of differences between Budgetar GAAP year end fund balance:	ry B	asis year end fund	l bala	ance and		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2014 - Budgetary	Bas	is			\$	3,969,650
Accounts receivable not recognized as rev						21,358
Expenses not recognized in GAAP basis (r	rese	rves)			-	1,328,220
Net Position of Governmental Activities	s-GA	\PP Basis			\$_	5,319,228

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA #	Grantor's Number
U.S. Department of Education		
Direct Programs:		
2013-2014 Programs		
* Pell Grant	84.063	P063P133643
Pell Administrative Fee	84.063	
* S.E.O.G.	84.007	P007A133427
Sub-Total		
Passed-Through State Department		
of Career and Technology Education:		
<u>2013-2014 Programs</u>		
Carl Perkins Secondary	84.048	N/A
Carl Perkins Post Secondary	84.048	N/A
Carl Perkins-Supplemental	84.048	N/A
Bid Assistance Center	12.002	N/A
Sub-Total		

TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

* Major program

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expended

_	Balance at July 1, 2013		Revenue		Expenditures		Balance at June 30, 2014
\$	-	\$	809,417	\$	809,417	\$	-
	-		1,265		1,265		-
	-	_	15,000	_	15,000	_	
\$		\$	825,682	\$_	825,682	\$	
\$	-	\$	139,642	\$	139,642	\$	-
	-		21,381		21,381		-
	-		74,995		74,995		-
_			14,651		. 14,651	·	
\$		\$	250,669	\$_	250,669	\$	
\$	- -	\$	1,076,351	\$	1,076,351	\$	<u> </u>

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NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

- For all federal programs, the Center uses the fund types prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Career and Technology Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. General and Building Funds are used to account for resources restricted, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Student Financial Assistance funds are transacted through a separate Pell Grant Fund, which the Center has classified as an Agency fund. Agency Funds are considered Fiduciary Fund types.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its' measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in the General and Agency Funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AFTON CAMPUS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	Balance 7-1-13	. <u>-</u>	Deposited	 Net Transfers/ Adjustments		Disbursed	-	Balance 6-30-14
Adult Ed \$		\$	375,183	\$ (19,706)	\$	355,477	\$	-
Industry Specific	~		50,141	30,474		48,643		31,972
Shop Income								
Auto Collision	781		9,008	(902)		7,681		1,206
Automotive Service	1,038		15	-		-		1,053
Information Tech. & Fin. Services	14		-	-		-		14
Carpentry	309		64,800	(3,000)		54,918		7,191
Interactive Media	639		717	(4)		739		613
Cosmetology	20		9,114	457		9,393		198
Culinary Arts	1,234		882	332		2,397		51
Diesel	894		357	(190)		559		502
Electricity	319		-	3,200		261		3,258
Food Service	5,698		54,253	884		56,154		4,681
Marine Power Technology	1,419		4,411	-		4,517		1,313
Occ. Domestic Student Shop	1,832		1,244	-		1,434		1,642
Practical Nursing Class Fund	8,275		13,500	-		7,109		14,666
Welding	2,617		812	-		2,296		1,133
Miscellaneous								
Sub	1,241		3,532	(605)		4,080		88
Sportswear	351		189	(139)		-		401
Food Service Uniforms	35		-	-		-		35
NE Vo-Tech Foundation	-		1,750	250		2,000		-
Vending	1,555		13,395	669		14,158		1,461
Flower Fund	204		-	50		130		124
Faculty Usage	-		100	-		-		100
Practical Nursing Emergency Fund	396		-	-		-		396
Student Organizations								
BPA	247		358	4		122		487
FCCLA	101		265	-		87		279
HOSA	-		34	-		34		-
VICA-Cosmetology	20		330	15		345		20
VICA-Diesel	15		-	-		-		15
VICA-Welding	-		15	-		15		-
National Tech Honor Society	3		665	-		602		66
OSSM -	26	-	1,346	 <u> </u>	_	1,360	_	12
Total Activities \$	29,283	\$	606,416	\$ 11,789	\$_	574,511	\$_	72,977

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE KANSAS CAMPUS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	 Balance 7-01-13	 Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments	_	Disbursed	 Balance 6-30-14
Adult Education	\$ -	\$ 302,433	\$ 52,347	\$	354,780	\$ -
Shop Income	19,715	21,154	-		13,787	27,082
Misc. Fund	1,290	-	(10)			1,280
Vending	1,545	31,901	-		26,025	7,421
Student Organizations						
BPA	188	20	-		20	188
BPA Community Service	37	-	-		-	37
HOSA	93	51	-		52	92
HOSA Community Service	100	-	-		-	100
National Tech Honor Society	45	570	-		560	55
VICA Electrical	40	178	-		199	19
VICA Welding	56	-	-		-	56
VICA Automotive	 73	 		_	-	 73
Total Activities	\$ 23,182	\$ 356,307	\$ 52,337	\$	395,423	\$ 36,403

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE PRYOR CAMPUS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	i	Balance 7-1-13	Deposited	Net Transfers/ djustments		Disbursed	Balance 6-30-14
Adult Education	\$	-	\$ 362,404	\$ (20,612)	\$	341,792	\$ -
Shop Income							
Auto Collision		1,741	190	-		420	1,511
Automotive Service		1,076	-	-		-	1,076
Cosmetology		514	2,976	-		3,209	281
Office Admin. & Multimedia		-	525	-		300	225
Diesel		1,443	430	-		-	1,873
Food Service		6,380	50,784	500		50,586	7,078
Construction Trades		47	40,100	-		11,573	28,574
Welding		24	-	-		-	24
Practical Nursing Class		6,071	16,158	-		8,953	13,276
Coulinary Arts		360	4,363	-		3,564	1,159
Miscellaneous							
Cosmetology Uniforms		3,465	11,314	-		6,868	7,911
NE Vo-Tech Foundation		-	50	50		100	-
Flower Fund		149	-	-		60	89
Vending		3,807	12,491	105		10,320	6,083
Student Organizations							
BPA		76	571	-		430	217
FCCLA		206	1,726	-		1,788	144
DECA		34	-	(34)		-	-
HOSA		151	187	-		187	151
VICA-Auto Collision		-	315	-		315	-
VICA-Auto Service		-	240	-		240	-
VICA-Cosmetology		99	640	-		734	5
VICA-Diesel			51			51	-
VICA-Construction Trades		-	171	-		171	-
VICA-Welding		-	510	-		510	-
National Tech. Honor Society		-	2,558	-		1,239	1,319
Oltha Grimes Scholarship		-	 6,370	 	-	6,370	
Total Activities	\$	25,643	\$ 515,124	\$ (19,991)	\$	449,780	\$ 70,996

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CLAREMORE CAMPUS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

Activities	. <u></u>	Balance 7-01-13	-	Deposited	Net Transfers/ Adjustments		Disbursed		Balance 6-30-14
Adult Education	\$	-	\$	208,580	\$ (14,731)	\$	193,849	\$	_
Industry Specific									
Tuition		-		150,444	27,464		118,282		59,626
Resale Textbooks		-		2,262	2,094		4,356		-
Resale Supplies		-		31,228	(6,434)		24,794		-
Shop Income									
Food Service		8,124		24,946	215		27,685		5,600
Practical Nursing Class Fund		2,828		13,697	43		7,965		8,603
Home Tech. Intergration		15		-	-		-		15
Environmental & Special Tech.		1,636		6,849	1,508		7,916		2,077
Computerized Automated Man.		25		-	-		-		25
Miscellaneous									
Vending		1,188		5,296	132		3,839		2,777
NE Vo-Tech Foundation		-		2,721	-		2,721		-
Flower Fund		38		-	-		-		38
Student Organizations									
HOSA		181		247	-		168		260
Home Tech. Intergration		37		315	-		235		117
Environmental & Special Tech.		<u> </u>	-	40	(40)	-		_	.
Total Activities	\$	14,072	\$	446,625	\$ 10,251	\$	391,810	\$ =	79,138

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

.

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Northeast Technology Center No. 11 Mayes County, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma (Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 3, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. Broken Arrow, OK March 3, 2015

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Northeast Technology Center No. 11 Mayes County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the compliance of Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma (Center's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Center's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Center's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Center's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Northeast Technology Center, No. 11 Mayes County, Oklahoma, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma (Center), is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Center's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program, on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on, a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on, a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. Broken Arrow, OK March 3, 2015

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of Northeast Technology Center.
- 2. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined in A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Northeast Technology Center which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards were disclosed in the audit.
- 4. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control over major programs, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined by A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Northeast Technology Center expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Northeast Technology Center that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: Student Financial Aid Cluster (84.063 & 84.007).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.00.
- 9. Northeast Technology Center did qualify as a low risk auditee.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT
 - 1. No matters were reported.
- C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT
 - 1. No matters were reported.

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

The Center had no prior year audit findings relative to federal award programs.

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF COMMENTS JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

Based on my tests of accounting records and related procedures, I found nothing to indicate that Northeast Technology Center No. 11 had not complied with significant compliance rules and regulations of the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Previous Year's Audit Comments

There are no items in the Center's 2012-13 audit report, which required resolution.

I would like to express my appreciation for the courtesies and cooperation extended to us by Center administrators and employees during the course of this audit.

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2013 TO JUNE 30, 2014

State of Oklahoma) County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Northeast Technology Center Center for the audit year 2013-14.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. AUDITING FIRM ΒY ORIZED AGENT Subscribed and sworn to before me on this

day of March

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My commission expires on: 200 2018 day of UNL