ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11

MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

AUDITED BY
Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA CENTER OFFICIALS JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Board of Education**

President

Rosalie Griffith

Vice-President

Justin Miller

Clerk

Steve Lane

Member

John Long

Member

Sherman Weaver

#### Superintendent of Schools

Roger Crutchfield

#### **Technology Center Treasurer**

Derek Beller

#### **Director of Finance**

Jean Arnold

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

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### Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number 918.250.8838 FAX Number 918.250.9853

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Northeast Technology Center No. 11 Mayes, Oklahoma

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma (the Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Center, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Bases for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Center, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note A to the financial statements, the Center adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as of July 1, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Center's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Center's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with the governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in the Center's total OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability—Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, the schedule of the Center's contributions to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, and the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—budgetary and actual (budgetary basis)—budgeted governmental fund types—General Fund and Building Fund, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate, operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—budget and actual (budgetary basis)—Budgetary Governmental Fund types for the General Fund and Building Fund, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—budget and actual (budgetary basis)—Budgetary Governmental Fund types for the General Fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in this annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express any opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, then we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2024, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

Broken Arrow, OK January 23, 2024 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The discussion and analysis of Northeast Technology Center's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the accompanying notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their State No. 34 Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999.

#### Organization

Northeast Technology Center School District 11 is a political subdivision of the Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education. The school operates under the local control of a five-member board of education with a designated superintendent/chief executive officer. The Northeast Technology Center School District includes most of five counties, Ottawa, Delaware, Mayes, Craig, and Rogers, and parts of Wagoner, Nowata and Cherokee counties.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of three parts: management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of Northeast Technology Center. The first two statements, pages 9 and 10, are district-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about Northeast Technology Center's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, pages 12, 13, and 14, that focus on individual parts of Northeast Technology Center's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how basic services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The governmental funds are the General Fund and Building Fund.

The financial statements also include notes, beginning on page 16, that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and reports the financial statements.

#### **District-Wide Statements**

The two district-wide statements: Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, report Northeast Technology Center's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between Northeast Technology Center's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure Northeast Technology Center's financial health or position.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **District-Wide Statements**

Over time, increases or decreases in Northeast Technology Center's net assets are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall financial health of Northeast Technology Center, you need to consider additional factors, such as changes in the ad valorem valuation, changes in state funding and the projected student enrollment.

The district-wide statements report information about the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting methods used by private sector companies.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Northeast Technology Center's financial statements provide detailed information about each fund – not Northeast Technology Center as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs; state law requires certain funds.

- Governmental funds Most of Northeast Technology Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method prescribed by Oklahoma Statutes. This statutory method of accounting provides for recording income (revenue) when received, and encumbering expenditures when the purchase commitment is made (purchase order is issued). The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of Northeast Technology Center's operations and the services it provides.
- Fiduciary funds Northeast Technology Center is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the activity funds. Northeast Technology Center is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. Northeast Technology Center excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Fund Financial Statements are prepared using a modified accrual method of accounting. This method of accounting recognizes revenues as soon as they are both measurable and available and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

#### Financial Highlights

The FY23 general fund "fund balance" at 6-30-23 was \$21,765,520. The building fund balance was \$7,120,790. Total FY23 general fund revenues collected district-wide were \$36,137,624 and building fund revenues collected district-wide were \$3,132,367.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Financial Highlights (continued)

The District had the following Governmental Fund (General Fund) revenue sources for FY 2021-2022:

	<u>Revenues</u>	% of Total
Local Sources	\$ 28,999,811	83.40%
State sources	2,704,295	7.78%
Federal sources	<u>3,066,485</u>	8.82%
Total Revenue	<u>\$34,770,591</u>	100%

The District had the following costs of governmental activities (General Fund) during FY 2021-2022:

	Net cost of Servi	ices% of Total
Instructional	\$ 9,481,761	31.26%
Support services	17,659,159	58.23%
Non-instructional	537,672	1.77%
Capital outlay	2,565,827	8.5%
Other outlay	74,879	0.2%
Other uses	<u>8,739</u>	0.04%
Total	<u>\$30,328,037</u>	100%

The District had the following Governmental Fund (General Fund) revenue sources for FY 2022-2023:

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>% of Total</u>
Local Sources	\$ 32,263,547	89.28%
State sources	2,635,381	7.29%
Federal sources	<u>1,238,696</u>	3.43%
Total Revenue	<u>\$36,137,624</u>	100%

The District had the following costs of governmental activities (General Fund) during FY 2022-2023:

	Net cost of Servi	ces% of Total
Instructional	\$ 9,810,052	27.01%
Support services	18,688,124	51.45%
Non-instructional	588,696	1.62%
Capital outlay	6,421,389	17.68%
Other outlays	-	0.0%
Other uses	811,940	<u>2.24%</u>
Total	<u>\$36,320,201</u>	100%

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The figures used in these comparisons are taken from Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Government Funds for the years ended June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Northeast Technology Center prepares budgets in compliance with Oklahoma statutes. The preliminary budget is prepared prior to the beginning of the fiscal year when certain factors are uncertain, such as the final net assessed property values. The final budget was approved after the property values were ascertained.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2023, Northeast Technology Center had \$58,142,154 (net position) in Governmental Funds invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, equipment, and vehicles.

2022

2023

**Total Net Assets** 

\$43,577,395

\$58,142,154

#### **FACTORS BEARING ON NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER'S FUTURE**

State tax collections for FY23 increased significantly over projections, resulting from the largest state surplus in recent history. This economic situation, with all goods, services, and properties reaching historic high levels, had a positive effect on Northeast Technology Center's financial situation. For FY23, ad valorem tax collections increased significantly, while state and federal monies were flat or slightly decreased. Overall, the district's revenue was up approximately \$1.5 million in comparison to FY22. However, with increased costs associated with all goods and services, along with completions of major construction projects, the district's expenses were above FY22. Overall, Northeast Technology Center is in an excellent financial situation to continue to upgrade equipment, improve buildings and grounds, and increase/adapt programming to remain current in its educational offerings to the district's stakeholders.

#### CONTACTING NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students and creditors with a general overview of Northeast Technology Center's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Superintendent's Office, Northeast Technology Center, P. O. Box 487, Pryor, OK 74362.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash Property tax receivable Due from other governments Miscellaneous receivables Prepaid insurance Net OPEB asset Capital assets Land Construction in process Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	30,091,194 2,951,672 23,801 136,963 13,917 118,999 1,176,720 6,529,652 40,142,965
Total Assets	\$_	81,185,883
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts of resources related to pensions	\$	6,908,927
Deferred amounts of resources related to OPEB  Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	7,031,188
LIABILITIES  Current liabilities  Accounts payable  Leases payable - Due within one year	\$	854,868 1,177,812
Total current liabilities	\$_	2,03 2,680
Non-current liabilities  Compensated absences  Voluntary separation payable  Leases payable - Due in more than one year  Net Pension Liability  Total non-current liabilities	\$ - \$_	432,697 137,500 4,519,326 22,535,759 27,625,282
Total Liabilities	\$_	29,657,962
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES  Deferred amounts of resources related to pensions Deferred amounts of resources related to OPEB  Total deferred inflow of resources	\$ \$_	363,815 53,140 416,955
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Building Restricted for Student Organizations Unrestricted Restricted for OPEB asset	\$	42,152,199 7,120,790 1,231,698 7,518,468 118,999
Total Net Position	\$_	58,142,154

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net

			Program F	Revenues			Changes in Net Position
	E	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions	Government Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction	ф	(0.000.700\ f	2.605.244 ф	4 544 000	ф	Φ	/F COZ 200\
Support Services:	\$	(9,923,733) \$	2,695,311 \$	1,541,089	\$	- \$	(5,687,333)
Students		(1,300,004)		_		_	(1,300,004)
Instructional Staff		(557,410)		_		_	(557,410)
General Administration		(907,207)	-	_		-	(907,207)
School Administration		(5,874,705)	_	-		-	(5,874,705)
Business		(2,985,776)	-	_		_	(2,985,776)
Operation of Plant		(5,310,521)	51,456	-		-	(5,259,065)
Student Transportation		(1,266,089)	- 1,1	_		-	(1,266,089)
Non Instructional		(589,394)				-	(589,394)
Capital Outlay		(1,113,062)	-	-		-	(1,113,062)
Other Outlays		(77,470)		-		-	(77,470)
Other Uses		(2,415,482)	-			-	(2,415,482)
Repayment							-
Debt Service Interest		(253,195)	-	-		_	(253,195)
Depreciation - Unallocated		(2,169,996)	. н	-			(2,169,996)
Governmental Activities	\$_	(34,744,044) \$	2,746,767 \$	1,541,089	\$.	\$.	(30,456,188)
	_						
		neral revenues					
	Tax		1.00			Φ.	00 100 001
			d for general purpos	es		\$	33,100,631
		ther Taxes	not restricted to spe	oifia nurnanası			2,221
		eneral	iot restricted to spe-	cinc purposes.			2 402 566
		ther					2,193,566 135,667
		rest and investmen	t carnings				821,272
		cellaneous	t earnings				118,043
		otal general revent	IDS			-	36,371,400
	'	otal general revent	100			-	00,071,400
	L	oss on fixed asset o	dispsoal			\$	-
	C	Changes in net posit	tion				5,915,212
	Ν	let position - beginn	ing			-	52,226,942
	٨	let position - ending	<b>j</b> .			\$	58,142,154

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		JUNE 30, 2023					
		General Fund	Building Fund		Activity Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Due from activity fund	\$	21,896,764 \$ 2,690,696 23,801	6,962,732 260,976 -	\$	1,231,698 - -	\$	30,091,194 2,951,672 23,801
Misc Recievables Prepaid insurance		136,909 13,917	54 		- - -		136,963 13,917
Total assets	\$	\$	7,223,762	\$_	1,231,698	= <sup>\$</sup> =	33,217,547
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	LANCES						
Accounts payable Leases payable	\$	854,868 \$ 1,177,812_	-	\$	- -	\$	854,868 1,177,812
Total liabilities	\$	2,032,680 \$	_	\$	-	 _ \$ _	2,032,680
DEFFERED INLFOWS OF RES	SOURCES						
Deferred property taxes	\$	963,887 \$	102,972	\$_	_	_ \$ _	1,066,859
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$	963,887 \$	102,972	\$_		\$_	1,066,859
FUND BALANCES							
Non-spendable Fund Balances:  Prepaid Items	\$	13,917 \$		\$		\$	13,917
Restricted Fund Balances:	φ	13,917 ф	-	φ	-	φ	13,917
Restricted by Statute Restricted for Student Activities		-	2,241,482 -		- 1,231,698		2,241,482 1,231,698
Assigned Fund Balances: Encumbrances Other Assigned Fund Balances		4,640,089	4,879,308		-		9,519,397
Unassigned Unassigned		17,111,514					17,111,514
Total Fund Balances	\$	21,765,520 \$	7,120,790	\$	1,231,698	\$_	30,118,008
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Res and Fund Balance	sources, \$	24,762,087 \$	7,223,762	\$	1,231,698	=	
Total Fund Balance						\$	30,118,008
Amounts reported for governmental	Lastivities in the atotomorphis	at of not nonition				•	,
are different because: Capital assets used in governmental atterefore, are not reported as assets in \$74,688,628 and the accumulated dispersion of the second secon	activities are not financial re n governmental funds. The	sources and cost of the assets				\$	47,849,337
Long term liabilities are not due and pa not reported in the governmental fund	ayable in the current period					φ	(5,089,523)
Property taxes receivable will be collect		vailable soon enough	1				(0,000,020)
to pay current period's expenditures, the	herefore they are deferred in	n the funds.					1,066,859
Net pension obligations are not due ar are not reported in funds.	nd payable in the current pe	riod and therefore,					(22,535,759)
Net OPEB asset is not a financial reso	ource, therefore not shown in	n funds					118,999
Deferred outflows and inflows of resou future periods and therefore, are not re	•	e applicable to				_	6,614,233
Net Position of Governmental Ac	tivities					\$ _	58,142,154
The notes to the financial statements	are an integral part of this st	tatement.					

# NORTHEAST TECHONOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund		Building Fund		Activity Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	•		' '				•	
Local sources	\$	32,263,547	\$	3,132,089	\$	1,939,778	\$	37,335,414
Intermediate sources		-		-		-		-
State sources		2,635,381		278		-		2,635,659
Federal sources	_	1,238,696				-		1,238,696
Total revenues	\$_	36,137,624	\$.	3,132,367	\$ .	1,939,778	. \$ _	41,209,769
Expenditures:								
Instructional	\$	9,810,021	\$	-	\$	_	\$	9,810,021
Support Services:	·		·		·		·	•
Students		1,347,916		_		-		1,347,916
Instructional Staff		550,828		_		_		550,828
General Administration		895,178		-		-		895,178
School Administration		5,864,179		-		-		5,864,179
Business		3,119,492		-		-		3,119,492
Operation of Plant		5,644,442		-		_		5,644,442
Student Transportation		1,266,089		-		-		1,266,089
Non-instructional		588,696		-		-		588,696
Capital Outlay		6,421,389		686,157		_		7,107,546
Other Outlays				<del>-</del>		-		_
Other Uses		811,940		-		1,694,098		2,506,038
Repayments								
Principal		1,177,812		-		-		1,177,812
Inerest	_	253,195	-		-		_	253,195
Total expenditures	\$_	37,751,208	\$_	686,157	\$_	1,694,098	\$_	40,131,463
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$ _	(1,613,584)	\$ _	2,446,210	\$ _	245,680	\$_	1,078,306
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	· -	\$_		\$_	
Excess of revenues and other sources of funds over (under) expenditures	\$	(1,613,584)	\$	2,446,210	\$	245,680	\$	1,078,306
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$_	23,379,104	\$ _	4,674,580	\$.	986,018	\$_	29,039,702
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	21,765,520	\$	7,120,790	\$	1,231,698	\$ _	30,118,008

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 1,078,306
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because;			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.			
Capital outlay expenditures  Depreciation expense	\$	6,923,772 (2,169,996)	
Depressation expense		(2,100,000)	4,753,776
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			748,631
Increase in compensated absences and decrease voluntary separation payable. The governmental fund reflects this activity when it will be paid with measurable and available resources. The change from prior year balances is reflected in statement of activities and changes in net position.	ble		(35,352)
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay current period's expenditures, therefore they are deferred in the funds.			(509,036)
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, the Statement of Activities reports the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions as pension expense.			 (121,113)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 5,915,212

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Northeast Technology Center No. 11 (the "Center") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Center has presented the entities, which comprise the primary government in the fiscal year 2023 basic financial statements.

The Center is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The Center is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma for support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the Center is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the Center.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements present the reporting entity which consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the Center's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Center. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) tuition or fees paid by students or citizens of the Center and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items, including state aid, that are not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Technology Center segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Statements for governmental activities present each fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources uses and balance of current financial resources. The Center has presented the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under Formula Operations.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Center's Building Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of creating, remodeling or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Center. When these assets are held under the terms of a formula trust agreement, either a private purpose trust fund or a permanent fund is used.

The terms "permanent" and "private purpose" refer to whether or not the Center is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the Center holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Activity Fund —The Center's Activity fund is used to account for monies collected that are held on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The administration is responsible under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these funds.

#### **Account Groups**

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the governmental column in the government-wide statement of net position.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis* of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes and interest and certain state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures.

These budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary control is maintained by fund, function, and activity and budgeted expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Amendments may be made to the budget without approval by the governing body at the function and activity levels. Fund level budgetary amendments require approval of the governing body.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting — under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable fund balance — is utilized in all governmental funds of the Center. Appropriations which are not spent lapse at the end of the fiscal year and encumbrances are reversed. On the first day of the following fiscal year, the encumbrances are reinstated, and the expenditures are applied against that year's budget.

#### E. Net Position and Fund Balances

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categories of investment in fixed assets (net of related debt), restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid capital related debt. The net related debt is debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> — are liquid assets generated from revenues and not bond proceeds, which have third party (statutory bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use. The Center would typically use restricted net assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – represents unrestricted liquid assets.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements — The Center has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Center is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Non-Spendable</u> – Amounts that are not in a spendable form such as prepaid expenses or are required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of permanent fund.

<u>Restricted</u> — The Building Fund is restricted by statute to certain capital related costs. Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers such as creditors, grantors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The Center commits a portion of the accrual basis fund balance to honor the commitments made by the Center for encumbrances (purchase orders) for which goods or services have not yet been received. The fund balance committed for encumbrances will be equivalent of the purchase orders rolled forward from the old year to the new year. The Director of Finance will determine the balance of committed fund balance as a part of the accrual conversion for the audit.

Amounts that are constrained by a government itself using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Education); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action (vote of Board of Education) to remove or change the constraint. Action to constrain resources should occur before the end of the fiscal year.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Assigned – The Center has assigned a portion of fund balance in both the General and Building Fund for funding the cash flow needs during the first half of each fiscal year. The collection of property taxes occurs mainly in December through March. This creates a temporary cash flow deficit during the first part of each fiscal year. The assigned fund balance is used to finance this temporary cash flow deficit. The Treasurer and Director of Finance will determine the amount of assigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Fund balance represents the funds not restricted in use by statute nor encumbered by purchase orders or legal contracts. Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Cash Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> – The Center considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and investments to be cash. Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Property Tax Revenue and Receivables</u> – The Center is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the Center. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. The second half of taxes becomes delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If taxes are delinquent and unpaid for a period of three (3) years or more the real estate may be sold for taxes.

Uncollected taxes assessed on valuations made each year are recorded in the Center's combined financial statements. Uncollectible personal and real property taxes are deemed to be immaterial because the property can be sold for the amount of taxes due.

<u>Inventories</u> – The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the Center has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in government–wide financial statements.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost when historical records exist and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the day donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated using a modified method of straight-line depreciation called half-year averaging convention. Under the half-year averaging convention, an asset is treated as though it were placed in service or disposed of on the first day of the seventh month of the fiscal year. One-half of a full year's depreciation is allowed for the asset in its first year placed in service, regardless of when it was actually placed in service during that year.

Buildings and structures Improvements Equipment Furniture and fixtures 40 years Remaining Life 3-20 years 10 years

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

<u>Compensated Absences</u> — The Center's policy allows certified teachers to accumulate unused sick leave up to 125 days. Upon termination, the certified teacher is paid a daily salary rate for unused sick days in excess of 60 days up to a maximum of 20 days.

Employees of the Center receive varying amounts of vacation depending on the number of months contracted each year and the years of service completed with the Center. Upon termination of employment, unused vacation may be paid to the employee upon approval of the Board of Education.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of the applicable governmental activities statement on net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> — Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

#### G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

Revenues are classified by source as follows:

<u>Local</u> — Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the Center, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the Technology Center.

<u>Intermediate</u> — Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, like a county or municipality, and redistributed to the Technology Center.

<u>State</u> – Those revenues received from the State, which are dedicated or are appropriated by the State legislature. Some of this aid is restricted for specific purposes.

The Center receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Career & Technology Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal</u> — Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the Technology Center either as direct grants or under various programs passed through the State Department of Career & Technology Education.

Expenditures are classified by function as follows:

Instruction Expenditures — Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Examples of expenditures that might be included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators, and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff, and the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> — Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures — A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures, and other refunds to be repaid from Center funds.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u> Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position by the school district that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2023, the school district's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>: Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by the school district that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2023, the school district deferred inflows of resources were comprised of deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

#### 2. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk)

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The Center's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- 2. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.
- 6. County, municipal, or school Center direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school Center ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school Center is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- 7. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school Center.
- 9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the Center's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an Interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 10. The Center's investment policy directs the Treasurer to place primary emphasis on safety and liquidity of any investments. All investments must be designed to maximize yield within the class of investment instrument, consistent with safety of the funds invested.

#### Custodial Credit Risk:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - The Center's demand deposits are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured. The Center has a written investment policy, which permits investments as authorized by State Statute.

Certificates of deposit are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2023, the Center had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)**

#### Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. However, the Center has no formal written policy addressing interest rate risk.

#### Credit Risk:

The Center has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

At June 30, 2023, the vocational technical center had no investments.

#### 3. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consist of Ad Valorem tax, miscellaneous local, State grants, and Federal grant programs. Receivables detail by fund at June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Accounts Receivable	General Fund	Building Fund
Ad Valorem Tax Misc Receivables Due from Other Gov	\$ 2,690,696 136,909 23,801	\$ 260,976 54 
Gross receivables	2,851,406	261,030
Less: deferred taxes	(963,887)	(102,972)
Net Receivables	\$ 1,887,519	\$ 158,058

#### 5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

A Summary of changes in general fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions		Transfers	Retirements		Balance June 30, 2023
Land	\$ 1,176,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,176,720
Construction in Process	2,326,646		5,771,472		(1,568,466)			6,529,652
Total Assets Not								
Being Depreciated	\$ 3,503,366	\$	5,771,472	\$ .	(1,568,466)	\$ · -	\$	7,706,372
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Building & Improvements	48,972,262		272,735		1,568,466	16,275		50,797,188
Machinery & Equipment	10,608,848		797,397		- ·	465,559		10,940,686
Bus	2,774,118		-		-	-		2,774,118
Software	36,095		-		-	- -		36,095
Vehicles	2,352,001		82,168	_		-		2,434,169
Total Capital Assets						•		
Being Depreciated	64,743,324		1,152,300	-	1,568,466	481,834	-	66,982,256
Less:								
Accumulated Depreciation	24,669,295	-	2,651,830	-		481,834	-	26,839,291
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated - Net	40,074,029		(1,499,530)	_	1,568,466	·	-	40,142,965
Total Capital Assets Net	\$ 43,577,395	\$	4,271,942	\$	-	\$ 	\$	47,849,337

#### 6. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund, or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### 7. Employee Retirement System

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action.

The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma District, OK 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The District and State are required to contribute 14.0% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 3.54% of its revenues from sales tax use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma plus the federal contribution contributed the remaining 4.5% during this year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The school is required to pay 16.5% for any compensated retired teachers already receiving retirement benefits.

#### **Employee Retirement System (continued)**

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The Center's total contributions for 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$2,646,253, \$2,403,448, and \$2,226,776, respectively. The Center's total payroll for fiscal year 2022-23 amounted to \$16,088,212.

#### On Behalf Contributions

The State of Oklahoma makes retirement contributions each year for teachers employed by Oklahoma School Districts. The contribution amounts are based on the teacher's years of service and amounts paid are prescribed by O.S.70 Section 17-108.2 subsection A. During fiscal year 2022-23, the State of Oklahoma's contribution was \$85,030. This Center recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the center reported a liability of \$22,575,759 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the center's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the center's proportion was .27451236 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the center recognized pension expense of \$1,587,410. At June 30, 2023, the center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	· .	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	721,942	\$ 281,899
Changes of assumptions		1,520,526	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Differences in center's proportionate share of contributions and changes in proportion		2,145,408 951,245	-
System contributions during measuremendate  Center contributions subsequent to	nt	-	81,916
the measurement date		1,569,806	<u> </u>
Total	\$ _	6,908,927	\$ 363,815

#### **Employee Retirement System (continued)**

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$1,569,806 resulting from the center's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The deferred outflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. The deferred inflows resulting from differences between expected and actual experience will be recognized in pension expense using the average expected remaining service life of the plan participants.

The average expected remaining life of the plan participates is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the plan participants divided by the number of people in the Plan including retirees. The total future service years of the plan participants are estimated at 5.23 years at June 30, 2022, and are determined using the mortality, termination, retirement and disability assumptions associated with the Plan.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended,		
2024	\$	1,762,718
2025		1,241,075
2026		(47,863)
2027		2,006,515
2028		12,861
	\$_	4,975,306

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost method-Entry Age Normal
- Inflation 2.25 percent
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases-Composed of 2.25 percent wage inflation, including .75 percent productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service.
- Investment Rate of Return-7.00 percent
- Retirement Age-Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement-Males and Females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational Mortality improvements with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020.
- Mortality Rates for Active Members -Pub 2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010.

#### **Employee Retirement System (continued)**

<u>Asset Class</u>	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected <u>Real</u> <u>Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	38.5%	7.5%
International Equity	19.0%	8.5%
Fixed Income	23.5%	2.5%
Real Estate*	9.0%	4.5%
Alternative Assets	10.0%	6.1%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*\*</sup>The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and US Value added Real Estate (unlevered).

<u>Discount rate</u> — A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 31,730,484</u>	<u>\$ 22,535,759</u>	<u>\$ 14,976,616</u>		

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.ok.gov/trs/">http://www.ok.gov/trs/</a> or by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits OPEB

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Technology Center as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Program – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS). Title 74 O. S. Sec. 1316.3 defines the health insurance benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/TRS">www.ok.gov/TRS</a>

<u>Benefits Provided</u> — OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer provided health insurance. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month, remitted to the Oklahoma Management Enterprise Services Employees Group Insurance Division, provided the member has ten (10) years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Employer and employee contributions are made based upon the TRS Plan provisions contained in Title 70, as amended. However, the statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. Based on the contribution requirements of Title 70 employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate and from this amount OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program. The cost of the supplemental health insurance program averages 1.5% of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation. Contributions allocated to the OPEB plan from the District were \$16,562.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB — At June 30, 2023, the District reported an asset of \$118,999 for its proportionate share of the new OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2022. Based upon this information, the District's proportion was 0.272050% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$9,805. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	39,612			
Changes in assumptions		35,885					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		49,755					
Changes in proportion		-		3,775			
Contributions during measurement date		19,016		9,754			
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	17,604	_				
Total	\$	122,261_	\$ _	53,140			

#### **OPEB** (continued)

The \$17,604 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2024	\$ 6,976
2025	4,965
2026	(8,442)
2027	46,658
2028	960
Thereafter	398
	\$ 51,516

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2023, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost method-Entry Age Normal
- Inflation 2.25% percent
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases-Composed of 2.25 percent wage inflation, including .75 percent per productive increase rate plus step-rate promotional increase for members with less than 25 years of service..
- Investment Rate of Return-7.00 percent
- Retirement Age-Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and Females: 2000 GRS Southwest Regional Teacher Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020.
- Mortality Rates for Active Members PUB-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from year 2010.
- Due to the nature of the benefit, health care trend rates are not applicable to the calculation of contribution rates.

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real Rate					
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return					
Domestic Equity	38.5%	7.5%					
International Equity	19.0%	8.5%					
Fixed Income	23.5%	2.5%					
Real Estate**	9.0%	4.5%					
Alternative Assets	10.0%_	6.1%					
Total ·	100.00%						

#### OPEB (continued)

\*\* The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unlevered) and US Value added Real Estate (unlevered).

<u>Discount Rate</u> — A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percentage of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage- lower (6.0%) and 1-percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	-	1% Decrease (6.0%)	_	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
Employer's Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$	4,958	\$	(118,999)	\$ (223,964)

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> — Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/TRS">www.ok.gov/TRS</a>.

#### 9. General Long-Term Debt

The Center's long-term debt consisted of non-current compensated absences, capitalized lease-purchase agreements, and estimated voluntary separation incentive payments.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2023
Leases Payable	\$ 6,445,769	\$ _	\$ 748,631	\$ 5,697,138
Compensated Absences	359,845	72,852	-	432,697
Voluntary Separation Payable	175,000	. 4	37,500	137,500
Total	\$ 6,980,614	\$ 72,852	\$ 786,131	6,267,335
Less: Amounts Due within One Year				(1,177,812)
Total Long-Term Debt				\$ 5,089,523

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Lease Commitments**

#### <u>Lease-Purchase - Claremore Campus</u>

The Center's lease-purchase commitments include property financed through a technique referred to as "conduit financing." Conduit financing involves the use of a public trust, which issues conduit debt obligations (limited-obligations revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments) for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity. The public trust has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party, on whose behalf the debt is issued.

The Center entered into a Ground Lease Agreement with Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority on January 1, 2008, for certain real property owned by the Center. The Ground Lease extends to June 20, 2027, and rent was prepaid in an amount equal to ten dollars (\$10) and other equitable consideration. The Ground Lease Agreement was made to facilitate the issuance of \$8,400,000 in revenue bonds by the Authority to provide funds to construct and equip buildings.

The Center entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement with Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority on January 1, 2008, wherein the real property subject to the Ground Lease mentioned in the previous paragraph is subleased to the Center to enable the Center to utilize proceeds of the \$8,992,525 revenue bonds issued by Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority, for the construction of the real property and to provide a method for the Center to obtain title to the property.

Lease-Purchase with Claremore Industrial and Economic Development Authority. The following is a schedule by years of future principal and interest payment required under the lease-purchase agreement:

Year ending June 30,	(	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$	1,177,812	\$ 222,188	\$ 	1,400,000
2025		1,223,746	176,254		1,400,000
2026		1,271,472	128,528		1,400,000
2027		2,024,108	207,468		2,231,576
Totals	\$	5,697,138_	\$ 734,438	\$	6,431,576

The following is a schedule by years of future principal and interest payments required under the lease-purchase agreement:

#### Voluntary Separation Program

The Center has a Retirement Incentive Program which is available to employees who qualify for retirement as outlined by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System and has made application for retirement. Eligible participants must meet certain criteria of the program including minimum years of full-time creditable service with the Tech Center. The Tech Center estimates the retirement incentive liability based on employee eligibility and number of years of service with the Center. The Center has reported a liability in the financial statements at June 30, 2023, totaling \$137,500 for accrued voluntary retirement incentive pay. The liability is recognized in the center's Government Wide Financial Statements as a portion of General Long Term Debt.

#### Compensated Absences

The Technology Center allows certified Teachers to accumulate unused sick leave up to 125 days. Upon termination, the teacher is paid a daily salary rate for unused sick days in excess of 60 days up to a maximum of 20 days. Compensated absences are recognized in the Financial Statements in the year employees become eligible for payment upon termination. The accrued liability for compensated absences at June 30, 2023, was \$432,697. The total liability is recognized in the Center's Government wide Financial Statements as a portion of the General Long Term Debt.

#### 10. Litigation

The Center is contingently liable for lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized and would not materially affect the financial position of the Center at June 30, 2023.

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 11. Contingent Liabilities

The Center receives significant financial assistance from the United States government in the form of grants and other federal assistance. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowances as a result of these audits become a liability of the Center. The Center estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

#### 12. Risk Management

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The Center purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Center participates in the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Account under the sponsorship of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association and the cooperative council for Oklahoma School Administration. The account was established to let school s self-insure unemployment benefits for school employees. The funds are held in the name of each center as reserves to pay unemployment claims. Each center is individually liable for that portion of the benefits paid from the fund attributable to wages paid by the center in the same manner as if no group account had been established. The reserve funds may be withdrawn from the account upon request of the center. At June 30, 2023, the Northeast Technology Center had reserves on deposit with the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Accounting totaling \$10,547. This amount has been shown as prepaid insurance on the financial statements.

#### 13. Surety Bonds Bond

The Treasurer is bonded by RLI Insurance Company, bond number LSM1275488 for the sum of \$100,000 for the term 7/1/22 to 7/1/23.

The Superintendent is bonded by Old Republic Surety Company, bond number W150130829, for the sum of \$100,000 for the term 7/14/22 to 7/14/23.

The Director of Finance is bonded by Old Republic Surety Company, bond number W150027678, for the sum of \$100,000 for the term 7/22/22 to 7/22/23.

Northeast Technology Center has a continuous position bond with RLI Surety, bond number LMF0031919, which covers the following positions: four (4) Campus Directors, four (4) Financial Secretaries, eight (8) Adult Ed Secretaries, and three (3) Adult Education Directors are bonded for \$5,000 each; one (1) Minutes Clerk and five (5) backup Minutes Clerks are bonded for \$1,000 each.

#### 14. Related Entities

The following entity is separately constituted and, accordingly, their financial position and results of operations have not been presented in the accompanying financial statements. Officers are not appointed by the school board. The school board is not responsible for approving budgets, contracts, key personnel, fiscal matters or day-to-day operations of the foundation.

Northeast Vo-Tech Foundation

#### 15. Tax Abatement

The State of Oklahoma has authorized by Oklahoma Statute 62-850, the creation of tax increment financing (TIF) districts. These districts are intended to provide incentives and exemptions form taxation within certain areas to encourage investment, development, and economic growth. There are two TIF districts in Delaware County and four TIF Districts in Rogers County. These TIF districts reduce the ad valorem taxes remitted to the Center over the term of the agreements.

Oklahoma Statute Title 31 offers a homestead exemption of up to 1 acre of property in an urban area or 160 acres in a rural area. These homestead exemptions reduce the ad valorem taxes remitted to the Center.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, abated property taxes due to TIF Districts were approximately \$108,657 and the abated property tax due to homestead exemption was approximately \$895,003.

**COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ACTIVITY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Activity Fund											
	Claremore Campus Activity Fund		,	Afton Campus Activity Fund		Kansas Campus Activity Fund		Pryor Campus Activity Fund		BIS Center Activity Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash Miscellaneous Receivables	\$	263,898	\$	211,874 -	\$	127,821 -	\$	213,461 -	\$_	414,644 -	\$	1,231,698
Total assets	\$	263,898	\$	211,874	\$	127,821	\$	213,461	\$ =	414,644	\$	1,231,698
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Due to General Fund Due to Student Groups	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ _	- 	\$	- -
Total liabilities	\$		\$_		\$		\$		\$_			<u>-</u> _
Fund equity: Unreserved/undesignated  Total Fund Equity	\$ \$	263,898 263,898	\$ <u>-</u> \$	211,874 211,874	\$ \$	127,821 127,821	\$ \$	213,461 213,461	\$ _ \$ _	414,644 414,644	\$ \$	1,231,698 1,231,698
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	263,898	\$_	211,874	\$	127,821	\$	213,461	\$ =	414,644	\$	1,231,698

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2	<u> Driginal Budge</u> t	-	Final Budget	_	Actual
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	19,211,096	\$	19,211,096	\$	19,211,096
Revenues collected:						
Local sources		27,721,959		27,721,959		31,439,916
Intermediate sources		_		_		-
State sources		2,497,275		2,497,275		2,601,765
Federal sources	-	1,628,403	_	1,628,403	_	1,316,761
Total revenues collected	_	31,847,637	_	31,847,637	_	35,358,442
Expenditures paid:		,				
Instruction		12,094,981		12,094,981		10,493,380
Support services		20,323,913		20,323,913		18,510,890
Non-instructional services		683,914		683,914		588,148
Capital outlay		8,425,722		8,425,722		7,900,263
Other outlays		8,270,203		8,270,203		77,471
Other uses		1,260,000		1,260,000		978,408
Repayments						-
Debt Service						
Principal retired				<u>, </u>		
Interest paid	_		_	-	-	_
Total expenditures paid	\$_	51,058,733	\$_	51,058,733	\$_	38,548,560
Francis of various called an avery (words)						
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenses paid before adjustments to prior	<b>d</b>		\$		ф	16 000 079
year encumbrances	\$_		<b>ф</b> _		\$	16,020,978
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances					_	1,235,697
Cash fund balance end of year - Budgetary Basis					\$ _	17,256,675
Explanation of differences between Budgetary Basis year GAAP year end fund balance:	ar en	d fund balance	and	<b>l</b>		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023 - Budgetary basis					\$	17,256,675
Accounts receivable not recognized as revenue					φ	1,887,519
Expenses not recognized in GAAP basis (reserves)						4,640,089
Prepaid insurance						13,917
Accounts Payable not recognized in Budgetary basis						(854,868)
Leases Payable not recognized in Budgetary basis						(1,177,812)
Net Position of Governmental Activities-GAAP Basi					<u> </u> –	
Net Position of Governmental Activities-GAAP Basi	5				\$ _	21,765,520

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) BUILDING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	_(	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual				
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	3,920,742	\$	3,920,742	\$	3,920,742				
Revenues collected: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources		2,609,756		2,609,756		3,077,823 224				
Federal sources	_	-	Numan	-	-					
Total revenues collected	_	2,609,756	-	2,609,756	-	3,078,047				
Expenditures paid: Instruction Support services		100,000		- 100,000		-				
Non-Instruction services Capital outlay Other outlays Other uses		5,230,498 1,200,000		5,230,498 1,200,000		4,934,881 -				
Total expenditures paid		6,530,498		6,530,498	,	4,934,881				
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	2,063,908				
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances						19,516				
Cash fund balance end of year - Budgetary Basis					\$ _	2,083,424				
Explanation of differences between Budgetary Basis year end fund balance and GAAP year end fund balance:										
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023 - Budgetary Basis Accounts receivable not recognized as revenue Accounts Payable not recognized in Budgetary B	asis				\$	2,083,424 158,058				
Expenses not recognized in GAAP basis (reserve					-	4,879,308				
Net Position of Governmental Activities-GAAP	Basi	s			\$ _	7,120,790				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

#### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### OKLAHOMA TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2023

	_	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
School's Proportion of the net pension liability		0.2421970%	0.24688960%	0.25159523%	0.22388450%	0.25199428%	0.25688227%	0.26162499%	0.27205330%	0.27451236%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,029,849	14,993,009	20,997,030	14,824,097	15,230,816	17,000,468	24,828,821	13,898,732	22,535,759
School's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,501,691	11,024,573	11,028,585	11,096,499	12,524,698	12,921,565	13,735,873	14,630,777	16,088,212
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		124%	141%	193%	134%	122%	132%	181%	95%	140%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		72.43%	70.31%	62.24%	69.32%	72.74%	71.56%	63.47%	80.80%	70.05%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

#### Note to Schedule:

# NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\* FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2023

	-	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution	\$	997,656	1,026,644	1,035,397	1,054,162	1,189,846	1,196,956	1,326,876	1,457,136	1,587,410
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		997,656	1,026,644	1,035,397	1,054,162	1,189,846	1,196,956	1,326,876	1,457,136	1,587,410
Contribution deficiency (excess)										
School's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,501,691	10,806,826	10,898,967	11,096,499	12,524,698	12,921,565	13,735,873	14,630,777	16,088,212
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.26%	9.66%	9.96%	9.87%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11

#### MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

## SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\* (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (99,840)	(162,852)	(158,837)	(25,918)	(346,512)	(118,999)
District's covered payroll	\$ 11,096,499	12,524,698	12,921,565	13,735,873	14,630,777	16,088,212
District's proportionate share of the new OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its Covered-employee payroll	0.90%	1.30%	1.23%	0.19%	2.37%	0.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	110.40%	115.41%	115.07%	102.30%	129.91%	110.31%

\*The amount present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

#### SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\* (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2023

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution	\$	16,596	18,591	20,938	2,255	2,495	17,792	17,604
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	16,596	18,591	20,938	2,255	2,495	17,792	17,604
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _		_		_			_
District's covered payroll	\$	10,898,967	11,096,499	12,524,498	12,921,565	13,735,873	14,630,777	16,088,212
Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll		0.15%	0.17%	0.17%	0.02%	0.02%	0.12%	0.11%

#### Notes to Schedule:

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA#	Grantor's Number		_	Balance at July 1, 2022	Revenue	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2023
U.S. Department of Education								
Direct Programs:								
* PELL	84.063	P063P223643		\$	(25,667) \$	645,361	\$ 619,694	-
* PELL Admin	84.063	P063Q223643			(110)	820	710	-
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act Higher Ed Emergency Relief (HEERF II)-Student	84.425F	P425E202864				2,044	2,044	-
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act Higher Ed Emergency Relief (HEERF III)-Student	84.425E	P425N202864		_	(1,418)	1,762	344	
Sub-Total Direct Programs				\$_	(27,195) \$	649,987	\$622,792	\$
U.S. Department of Treasury  Passed Through the Oklahoma Health Care  * ARPA Health Care for Workforce Training  Sub-Total Oklahoma Health Care Workfor	93.498	SLFRP4646	ı	\$ _ \$ _	\$_ \$_	200,012 200,012		
Passed-Through State Department of Career and Technology Education:								
Carl Perkins Secondary	84.048	N/A		\$	(18,510) \$	353,212	\$ 334,702	\$ -
Carl Perkins Supplemental	84.048	N/A		_		49,977	49,977	
Sub-Total Passed Through State Departn of Career and Technology Education	nent			\$_	(18,510) \$	403,189	\$384,679	\$
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE				\$ =	(45,705) \$	1,253,188	\$1,271,394	\$

<sup>\*</sup> Major program

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expended

## NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Note A: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Northeast Technology Center No. 11 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements/or Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Northeast Technology Center No. 11 it is not intended to and does not present the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents of Northeast Technology Center No. 11.

#### Note B: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on using the accrual basis of accounting. Some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, where certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

#### Note C: Indirect Cost Rate

Northeast Technology Center No. 11 has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Note D: Subrecipients

Northeast Technology Center No. 11 did not have any awards that have been passed through to subrecipients.

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number 918.250.8838 FAX Number 918.250.9853

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Northeast Technology Center No. 11 Mayes County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northeast Technology Center No. 11, Mayes County, Oklahoma (Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon January 23, 2024.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patter & Odorny CRAS
Patter & Odom, CPAS, PLLC

Broken Arrow, OK January 23, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Northeast Technology Center No. 11 Mayes County, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Northeast Technology Center No. 11's (the Center) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Center's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Center complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Center and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Center's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Center's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Center's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Center's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- •Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Center's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- •Obtain an understanding of the Center's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion was expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Center as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively compose the Center's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Patter & Odom, CPAS, PLLC

Broken Arrow, OK January 23, 2024

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of Northeast Technology Center.
- 2. There was no audit finding reported of deficiencies in internal control, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined in A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Northeast Technology Center which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards were disclosed in the audit.
- 4. There were no audit findings reported of deficiencies in internal control over major programs, which the auditor considers to be "significant deficiencies" as defined by A.I.C.P.A. standards.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Northeast Technology Center expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Northeast Technology Center that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included: Student Financial Aid: PELL (84.063), and PELL Admin (84.063); ARPA Healthcare for Workforce Training (93.498).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.00.
- 9. Northeast Technology Center did qualify as a low risk auditee.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT
  - 1. No matters were reported.
- C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT
  - 1. No matters were reported.

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

#### NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF COMMENTS JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

Based on our tests of accounting records and related procedures, we found nothing to indicate that Northeast Technology Center No. 11 had not complied with significant compliance rules and regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Career & Technology Education.

## Previous Year's Audit Comments There are no items in the Center's 2021-2022 audit report which have been repeated in this report.

We would like to express our appreciation for the courtesies and cooperation extended to us by Center administrators and employees during the course of this audit.

## NORTHEAST TECHNOLOGY CENTER NO. 11 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

State of Oklahoma ) County of Tulsa )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Northeast Technology Center for the audit year 2022-2023.

ALICIA HAUGHT Notary Public, State of Oklahoma Commission # 23013029 My Commission Expires 09-26-2027 Subscribed and sworn to before me on this

23rd day of January, 2024

Allan Harly Public

Patten & Odom, CPAs, PLLC AUDITING FIRM

My commission expires on:

16th day of September