

OKLAHOMA CAPITOL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014



OKLAHOMA CAPITOL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority (the Authority), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net financial position and its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2014 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cole : Read P.C.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 19, 2014

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority (the "Authority") is pleased to present this Management's Discussion and Analysis for fiscal year 2014, with selected comparative information for fiscal years 2014 and 2013. Management's Discussion and Analysis is required supplementary information and is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes, and current known facts, so it should be read in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and footnotes. In addition to Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Authority's basic financial statements consist of the statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; statement of cash flows; and notes to the financial statements. Condensed financial information is presented in this analysis that summarizes the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. This discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial statements provides an overview of its financial activities for the year.

The Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority administers the funds generated by bond issuance and utilized in the construction of governmental buildings, highways, college campuses, and other projects. Additionally, the Authority collects lease revenue from state agencies and pays the required principal and interest payments to bond holders. These two activities comprise the majority of financial transactions of the Authority.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position presents the assets (current and non-current), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) as of the end of the fiscal year. The Authority had no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources during any year presented. The purpose of this statement is to give readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is comparable with the accounting method used by most private sector corporations. Readers of the statement of net position can determine the assets available to continue the operations of the Authority as well as amounts owed to bond holders. The final section of the statement of net position provides a picture of the net position.

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

The Authority's assets are divided into three categories. The first category, current assets, is the previously mentioned administrative fund. This fund receives a pro-rated fee charged to all agencies with outstanding bond debt. The fee is used to support operations of the Authority's activities, including salaries and professional services. The second category, restricted assets, is divided into three sub-categories: cash, interest receivable, and leases receivable. These assets must be used as directed by bond resolutions for construction or to satisfy the debt obligations created by bond issuance. Bond holders receive regular payments for principal and interest from the Authority's trustees; trustee sinking fund transactions are included in the financial reporting of the Authority. The majority of restricted cash is held in either the trustee sinking funds or Authority construction funds from the most recent bond issuance proceeds. Construction funds are typically expended within a three year timeframe. The final category is noncurrent assets. Noncurrent assets are comprised entirely of real estate held by the authority.

The net position calculation is a measure of the Authority's financial position. The Authority's net position is classified in two categories - unrestricted cash balance of the administrative operating fund and invested in capital assets. Capital assets represent land and improvements on that land held by the Authority.

A Condensed Statement of Net Position summarizes the assets, liabilities, and net position as of June 30, 2014 compared to year ending June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

	2014		June 30, 2013		2012
ASSETS	_				_
Current assets	\$ 247,246	\$	411,327	\$	263,537
Restricted assets	1,169,915,832		1,282,803,696		1,476,376,491
Capital Assets	10,125,080		10,125,080		10,125,080
TOTAL ASSETS	 1,180,288,158		1,293,340,103		1,486,765,108
LIABILITIES		<u></u>		-	
Current liabilities	106,196,174		98,777,102		212,187,791
Noncurrent liabilities	1,063,719,658		1,184,026,594		1,264,188,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 1,169,915,832		1,282,803,696		1,476,376,491
NET POSITION	 				
Unrestricted	247,246		411,327		263,537
Net investment in capital assets	10,125,080		10,125,080		10,125,080
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 10,372,326	\$	10,536,407	\$	10,388,617

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2014 Compared to June 30, 2013

The Authority is responsible for administering the proceeds of bond issuance and paying the debt of previously issued bonds. Consequently, restricted assets of the authority will always match total liabilities. For financial reporting purposes, this means that restricted funds held by the Authority and its trustee banks are used for one of two purposes which are represented by liabilities. Bond proceeds are administered by the authority for construction obligations. Lease receivables, from agencies who have received bond proceeds, are used for bond principal and interest payments to bond holders.

Current assets include the administrative fee collected from agencies involved in the bond process. The balance of this fund will fluctuate depending on the annual cost of administrative operations. It is necessary to retain a sufficient balance in this fund to support regular administrative functions, including salaries, professional service contracts, and additional bond issuance costs.

Restricted assets declined during fiscal year 2014 by \$113 million due primarily to a decline in leases receivable. Leases receivable represent the amortized debt service of all OCIA outstanding bond issues and decrease annually as principal is retired. Additionally, as bond projects progress and the associated construction funds are depleted, the cash balances decline. Declining construction fund balances contributed \$4.4 million to the fiscal year 2014 restricted assets reduction.

Accrued Interest payable at the end of fiscal year 2014 declined by \$4.5 million from the previous year due to the June 2014 refunding of bond series 2005A-F. All available funds on-hand at the closing of the refunding bond series 2014A were utilized to minimize the size of the refunding issue. Accrued interest residing in the sinking funds intended to be paid to bond holders on July 1, 2014 was depleted in the refunding process; those payments were supported by an escrow account funded by a combination of refunding bond proceeds and the sinking fund balances on-hand.

Bond repayment reserve represents funds collected prior to the fiscal year-end and held for future bond debt payments. The reserve grows as interest earnings are deposited and federal interest rebates are received on eligible Build America Bond issues. The repayment reserve balance declined in fiscal year 2014 as balances in bond sinking funds were utilized as lease credits.

The Authority has made it a goal in fiscal year 2015 to utilize \$4.0 million in projected bond repayment reserve funds included in bond sinking funds. The use of the repayment reserve funds will provide relief to lease paying agencies and reduce liabilities in the process.

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2013 Compared to June 30, 2012

Total assets declined from FY2012 to FY2013 by \$193.4 million due to construction fund expenditures. Liabilities, as would be expected, declined by a similar amount. As bond projects progress and the construction funds are depleted, these cash balances decline. OCIA construction funds decreased by \$128.7 million during fiscal year 2013. A reduction of lease receivables also contributed to the decline in restricted assets in fiscal year 2013.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the Authority's results of operations for the fiscal year and the effect on net position. Operating revenues and expenses are generated from transactions that arise in the normal course of operations for the organization. The comparison of operating revenues to operating expenses is an important measure of an institution's financial stability. Normally, the Authority does not have an excess of operating revenues over operating expenses because most of the revenues are offset by expenses for bond debt service.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		2014	Year E	Ended June 30 2013	,	2012
Operating Revenue						
Investment Income	\$	1,253,643	\$	2,913,304	\$	5,484,696
Interest Income on Lease Receivables		47,321,855		51,228,885		52,511,311
Administrative Fees and Other Income		230,743		574,724		441,533
Total Operating Revenues		48,806,241		54,716,913		58,437,540
Operating Expenses						
Administrative Expenses		379,599		426,933		376,882
Interest Expense		47,486,086		51,606,073		52,736,578
Income Due to Bondholders		1,104,637		2,536,117		5,255,167
Total Operating Expenses	' <u></u>	48,970,322		54,569,123		58,368,627
Increase in Net Position		(164,081)		147,790		68,913
Net position, beginning of year		10,536,407		10,388,617		10,319,704
Net position, end of year	\$	10,372,326	\$	10,536,407	\$	10,388,617

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2014 Compared to Year Ended June 30, 2013

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position reflects a decrease in net position of \$164,081 in fiscal year 2014. A majority of the authority's revenues are derived from bond interest collections from agencies in the form of lease payments, and expenditures are bond interest expense paid to bond holders. Operating revenues are comprised of fees collected from agencies and used for the administration of the Authority.

Interest income on lease receivables is dependent on the individual outstanding bond amortization schedules. Schedules determine the amount that must be collected from agencies and paid to bond holders. The Authority's function is to collect and make these payments timely and accurately.

Investment income is earned on construction and bond sinking funds. Interest earned on construction funds is available to supplement the bond proceeds used for construction projects, and interest earned on sinking fund balances is restricted for payments to bond holders. The authority applies sinking fund interest earnings toward lease receivables, reducing bond debt cost (lease payments) to the agencies.

Declining construction fund balances during fiscal year 2014 resulted in a large decline in interest earnings. In the absence of new bond issues, the relatively low balance in the construction funds during fiscal year 2015 will result in very low investment income earnings during the year.

Administrative fee revenues decreased in fiscal year 2014 as a result of reducing the administrative charge by 50% for the fiscal year. The projected end of fiscal year 2013 administrative fund balance made it possible to reduce the fiscal year 2014 fee charged to agencies paying leases on outstanding indebtedness. The OCIA administrative budget is limited to \$420,000 annually and the use of beginning 2014 fiscal year administrative fund balance plus the reduced revenue allowed OCIA to fully fund administrative expenses. The administrative fund should return to historic revenue levels in fiscal year 2015.

Net position includes all unrestricted assets (the administrative fund and capital assets held by the Authority). An increase or decrease in net position is due to operating activities and changes in the book value of the real property.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2013 Compared to Year Ended June 30, 2012

The bond amortization schedules determine the annual change in interest due for leases receivable. These changes are predictable, and the Authority experienced a slight decrease in lease interest income during fiscal year 2013 due to the fluctuating interest requirements on outstanding debt.

As mentioned above, Authority investment income is primarily dependent on construction fund balances. New construction funds will typically receive a large deposit through a bond issuance. Bond issues are typically followed by increased investment earnings in the construction funds. Larger construction fund balances in FY2012 and FY2013 provided greater earned investment income during those periods.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The 2014 Oklahoma legislature approved a \$120 million bond issue (HJR 1033) to repair the Oklahoma State Capitol building. It is unclear how the legislature will choose to fund the State's other immediate infrastructure needs. Funding will likely be provided by either direct appropriations or through additional bond issuance.

The Authority staff will continue to identify funds that may be used to reduce lease revenue payments from state agencies and the appropriations that support the lease payments. Interest earnings, federal rebates, and the transfer of residual construction funds will be used to satisfy debt payments where possible. Additionally, the staff will continue to identify administrative efficiencies, improve the transfer of funds, and maximize interest earnings where possible.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

OKLAHOMA CAPITOL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

	June 30				
		2014		2013	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	247,246	\$	411,327	
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		106,594,436		107,915,380	
Interest receivable		143,062		144,983	
Leases receivable		1,063,178,334		1,174,743,333	
Total restricted assets		1,169,915,832		1,282,803,696	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net		10,125,080	_	10,125,080	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,180,288,158	\$	1,293,340,103	
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Current liabilities:					
Accrued interest payable	\$	19,081,117	\$	23,540,531	
Obligations payable under					
construction projects		470,057		4,866,571	
Revenue bonds payable, current portion		86,645,000		70,370,000	
Total current liabilities		106,196,174		98,777,102	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Revenue bonds payable		1,054,490,000		1,164,865,000	
Bond repayment reserve		9,229,658		19,161,594	
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,063,719,658		1,184,026,594	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,169,915,832		1,282,803,696	
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted		247,246		411,327	
Net invesment in capital assets		10,125,080		10,125,080	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	10,372,326	\$	10,536,407	

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

OKLAHOMA CAPITOL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

	Years Ended June 30			ne 30
		2014		2013
OPERATING REVENUES				
Investment income	\$	1,253,643	\$	2,913,304
Interest income on lease receivables		47,321,855		51,228,885
Administrative fees and other revenues		230,743		574,724
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		48,806,241		54,716,913
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administrative expenses		379,599		426,933
Interest expense		47,486,086		51,606,073
Income due to bond holders		1,104,637		2,536,117
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		48,970,322		54,569,123
INCREASE IN NET POSITION		(164,081)		147,790
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		10,536,407		10,388,617
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	10,372,326	\$	10,536,407

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

OKLAHOMA CAPITOL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

		Years Ende	ed Ju	ıne 30
		2014	•	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income on lease receivables		\$47,321,855	\$	51,228,885
Administrative fees and other revenues		230,743		574,724
Principal lease payments received		342,659,999		99,471,667
Income due to bond holders		(11,036,573)		(9,026,691)
Payments to suppliers for program expenses		(235,871,113)		(151,923,489)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	· ·	_		_
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		143,304,911		(9,674,904)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income received		1,255,564		2,866,468
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,255,564		2,866,468
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		231,095,000		22,795,000
Principal payments on bonds		(325,195,000)		(80,075,000)
Interest payments on bonds		(51,945,500)		(52,706,738)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(146,045,500)	_	(109,986,738)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,485,025)		(116,795,174)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		108,326,707		225,121,881
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	106,841,682	\$	108,326,707
RECONCILIATION OF DECREASE IN NET POSITION TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in net position Adjustments to reconcile increase in net position to net cash used in operating activities:		(\$164,081)	\$	147,790
Investment income received		(1,255,564)		(2,866,468)
Interest payments on bonds		51,945,500		52,706,738
Changes in assets and liabilities:		01,710,000		02,1 00,1 00
Lease receivable		111,564,999		76,676,667
Accrued interest payable		(4,459,414)		(1,099,133)
Due for construction		(4,396,514)		(128,701,556)
Bond repayment reserve		(9,931,936)		(6,492,106)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · /
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	143,302,990	\$	(9,628,068)
See notes to financial statements.				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014

NOTE A--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority (the "Authority") was created as an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma under applicable Oklahoma statutes on June 27, 1959, with Oklahoma (the "State") named as the beneficiary thereof. The Authority is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of Oklahoma. The purpose of the Authority is primarily to provide a means of financing the construction of buildings, highway infrastructure, or other facilities for the State of Oklahoma's departments and agencies. The provisions of the Trust Indenture creating the Authority basically provide that the Authority is authorized to issue long-term obligations in order to purchase land and erect, maintain, and operate buildings for the use of the State and federal agencies. The obligations are retired by lease payments made by the agencies occupying the facilities. Residual funds from any bond are used for the operation and maintenance of the building.

<u>Financial Statement Presentation</u>: The Authority's financial statements are reflected as an enterprise fund.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The Authority's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase are considered cash equivalents.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net investment in capital assets represents the Authority's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

<u>Investment Income</u>: Investment income includes interest income, realized gains and losses, and unrealized changes in fair value of investments. Interest income is recognized as earned.

<u>Arbitrage Rebate</u>: The proceeds from the Authority's tax exempt bond issues are subject to arbitrage rebate laws under the Internal Revenue Code. This arbitrage rebate limits the earnings on investment of tax-exempt proceeds in non-purpose investments. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Authority owed an arbitrage rebate of \$0 and \$471,779, respectively.

<u>Classification of Revenues and Expenses</u>: Because the issuance of bonds and related investment of bond proceeds constitute the Authority's principal ongoing operations, the Authority has classified the revenues and expenses associated with those activities as operating revenues and expenses.

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014

NOTE A--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES--Continued

<u>Administrative Fees and Other Revenues</u>: Administrative fees and other revenues are comprised of administrative fees charged to agencies, proceeds from closing costs, and other miscellaneous income.

<u>Leases Receivable</u>: Leases receivable are recorded from the state entities which receive the benefit of each bond issue and are reported at their outstanding unpaid principal balances. Interest on leases is accrued and credited to income based upon the principal amount outstanding. Since the receivables are from other state agencies, no allowance for uncollectible leases is considered necessary.

<u>Capital Assets, Net</u>: Capital assets are carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are fifty years for buildings and twenty years for capital improvements.

<u>Income Taxes</u>: As a public trust, the income of the Authority, which is derived from the exercise of any essential government function, is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: Management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE B--CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash equivalents represent short-term investment funds held by the Office of the State Treasurer ("State Treasurer") and certain trustees. The Authority's deposits are restricted according to the bond indentures creating the various programs. The cash equivalents held by trustees are primarily money market mutual funds held in the bond trustee's name on the Authority's behalf. The Authority is authorized by bond indentures to invest in repurchase and investment agreements, U.S. Treasury-based mutual funds, and general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2014 and 2013, cash and cash equivalents were:

	2014	2013
State Treasurer	\$ 102,767,232	\$ 100,378,643
Money market mutual funds	4,074,450	7,948,064
Total cash eq	uivalents <u>\$ 106,841,682</u>	\$ 108,326,707

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NOTE B--CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS--Continued

Cash equivalents held by the State Treasurer are deposited to *OK INVEST*, an internal investment pool of the State Treasurer with holdings limited to high-rated money market mutual funds, obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities, collateralized certificates of deposit, mortgage-backed pass-through securities, obligations of state and local governments, and tri-party repurchase agreements. Participants are limited to qualifying agencies and funds within the State's reporting entity, and each participant maintains an interest in the underlying investments of *OK INVEST* and shares the risk of loss on the funds in proportion to the respective investments in the funds.

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agency but not in the depositor-government's name. At June 30, 2014 and 2013, the cash equivalents in *OK INVEST* and in money market mutual funds were not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence cannot be evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE C--CAPITAL ASSETS

Following are the changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	June 30, 2013	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2014
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,125,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,125,080
Total capital assets			·	·
not being depreciated	\$ 10,125,080	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 10,125,080
	June 30, 2012	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2013
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,125,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,125,080
Total capital assets			· <u></u> -	· <u></u> -
not being depreciated	\$ 10,125,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,125,080

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NOTE D--LEASES RECEIVABLE

The Authority holds long term leases receivable directly related to the bond issue from the institution or agency occupying the facility. The leases receivable are restricted for repayment of the bond indentures, and expected maturities at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	
2015	88,749,167
2016	85,444,167
2017	88,239,167
2018	90,233,333
2019	60,040,417
2020-2024	316,307,083
2025-2029	206,685,000
2030-2034	127,480,000
2035-2037	
	\$ 1,063,178,334

NOTE E--REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

The Authority's bond issues listed on the following pages were outstanding during the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. The bonds are special, limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely out of the revenue receipts and lease receivables pledged under the indentures. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the Authority, nor do they constitute a debt or obligation of the State of Oklahoma, or any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof, and shall not constitute a lien on or pledge of any property of the Authority except as provided in the indentures. The Authority has no taxing powers.

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NOTE E--REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE--Continued

The following is a listing of bonds outstanding and related activity for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	0::1	Interest	Principal	2014	2014	Principal
Bond Issue	Original Maturity	Rate At 6/30/2014	Balance 6/30/2013	2014 Issuance	2014 Retirement	Balance 6/30/2014
2003A - State Highway Project Bond Issue	Jun-15		\$ 15,575,000	\$ -	\$ 15,575,000	\$ -
2003A - State Highway Project Bond Issue 2003B - Department of Transportation	Jun-15 Jun-15	2.00-5.00%	6,200,000	ə -	6,200,000	7 -
2003B - Department of Transportation 2003E - State Agencies Bond Issue	Dec-15	2.00-3.00%	, ,	-	1,365,000	2,895,000
			4,260,000	-		
2004A - Refunding of State Facilities Bond	Sep-24	2.50-5.00%	79,775,000	-	10,015,000	69,760,000
2005 - Capitol Dome Bond Issue	Jul-20	3.50-5.30%	3,170,000	-	3,170,000	0.45,000
2005A - Military Bond Issue	Jul-20	3.00-4.35%	3,670,000	-	2,825,000	845,000
2005B - Attorney General Bond Issue	Jul-25	3.00-4.05%	2,915,000	-	2,545,000	370,000
2005C - Native American Cultural Bond	Jul-27	3.00-5.00%	26,885,000	-	24,045,000	2,840,000
2005D - OSBI Forensics Center Bond	Jul-30	3.00-4.38%	17,870,000	-	16,395,000	1,475,000
2005E - Attorney General Bond Issue	Jul-25	3.70-5.00%	2,225,000	-	1,940,000	285,000
2005F - Higher Education Facilities Bond	Jul-30	3.38-5.00%	219,205,000	-	197,160,000	22,045,000
2006A - State Agencies Bond Issue	Jul-26	3.55-4.38%	18,915,000	-	1,035,000	17,880,000
2006B - Department of Mental Health	Jul-26	3.50-4.25%	14,655,000	-	805,000	13,850,000
2006C - Supreme Court Bond Issue	Jul-26	4.00-4.50%	17,225,000	-	925,000	16,300,000
2006D - Higher Education Facilities Bond	Jul-35	Variable	98,125,000	-	4,600,000	93,525,000
2006E - State Facilities Revenue Bonds	Jul-27	4.00%	5,010,000	-	270,000	4,740,000
2008A - Native American Center Bonds	Jul-25	3.50-5.30%	21,790,000	-	1,280,000	20,510,000
2008B - Supreme Court Bond Issue	Jul-29	3.50-5.45%	10,420,000	-	420,000	10,000,000
2009A - Conservation Commission Bonds	Jul-24	1.00-4.00%	20,975,000	-	1,425,000	19,550,000
2009A - Department of Transportation	Jul-18	2.00-4.00%	56,135,000	-	8,680,000	47,455,000
2009B - Department of Transportation	Jul-24	5.04-5.34%	68,830,000	-	-	68,830,000
2010 - Regents for Higher Education	Jul-30	1.77-5.61%	132,075,000	-	5,100,000	126,975,000
2010A - Regents for Higher Education	Jul-18	2.00-2.48%	87,260,000	-	-	87,260,000
2010B - Regents for Higher Education	Jul-15	2.03-2.48%	30,105,000	-	-	30,105,000
2010A - Department of Transportation	Jul-20	2.00-5.00%	99,945,000	-	10,985,000	88,960,000
2010B - Department of Transportation	Jul-25	4.24-4.79%	92,075,000	-	-	92,075,000
2012 - Department of Transportation	Oct-25	2.00-2.54%	57,150,000	-	3,435,000	53,715,000
2013A - State Facilities - Refund Bond	Jul-24	2.00-4.00%	22,635,000	-	585,000	22,050,000
2013B - State Facilities - Refund Bond	Jul-14	0.50%	160,000	-	-	160,000
2013C - State Facilities - Refund Bond	Jun-15	0.75-1.00%	-	10,370,000	4,415,000	5,955,000
2014A - State Facilities - Refund Bond	Jul-30	2.00-5.00%		220,725,000		220,725,000
			\$ 1,235,235,000	\$ 231,095,000	\$ 325,195,000	\$ 1,141,135,000

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014

NOTE E--REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE--Continued

The following is a listing of bonds outstanding and related activity for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Interest	Principal			Principal
	Original	Rate At	Balance	2013	2013	Balance
Bond Issue	Maturity	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	Issuance	Retirement	6/30/2013
1999B - State Agencies Bond Issue	Sep-19	6.20-7.63%	\$305,000	\$ -	\$305,000	\$ -
2002A - State Agencies Bond Issue	Sep-22	2.00-4.65%	8,195,000	-	8,195,000	-
2003A - State Highway Project Bond Issue	Jun-15	2.00-5.00%	22,835,000	-	7,260,000	15,575,000
2003B - Department of Transportation	Jun-15	2.00-5.00%	9,105,000	-	2,905,000	6,200,000
2003C - Historical Society Bond Issue	Sep-24	2.00-4.75%	13,095,000	-	13,095,000	-
2003D - JD McCarty Center Bond Issue	Sep-23	2.00-4.75%	2,380,000	-	2,380,000	-
2003E - State Agencies Bond Issue	Dec-15	2.00-4.00%	5,570,000	-	1,310,000	4,260,000
2004A - Refunding of State Facilities Bond	Sep-24	2.50-5.00%	89,315,000	-	9,540,000	79,775,000
2005 - Capitol Dome Bond Issue	Jul-20	3.50-5.30%	3,500,000	-	330,000	3,170,000
2005A - Military Bond Issue	Jul-20	3.00-4.35%	4,055,000	-	385,000	3,670,000
2005B - Attorney General Bond Issue	Jul-25	3.00-4.05%	3,085,000	-	170,000	2,915,000
2005C - Native American Cultural Bond	Jul-27	3.00-5.00%	28,185,000	-	1,300,000	26,885,000
2005D - OSBI Forensics Center Bond	Jul-30	3.00-4.38%	18,550,000	-	680,000	17,870,000
2005E - Attorney General Bond Issue	Jul-25	3.70-5.00%	2,355,000	-	130,000	2,225,000
2005F - Higher Education Facilities Bond	Jul-30	3.38-5.00%	219,205,000	-	-	219,205,000
2006A - State Agencies Bond Issue	Jul-26	3.55-4.38%	19,915,000	-	1,000,000	18,915,000
2006B - Department of Mental Health	Jul-26	3.50-4.25%	15,430,000	-	775,000	14,655,000
2006C - Supreme Court Bond Issue	Jul-26	4.00-4.50%	18,115,000	-	890,000	17,225,000
2006D - Higher Education Facilities Bond	Jul-35	Variable	101,825,000	-	3,700,000	98,125,000
2006E - State Facilities Revenue Bonds	Jul-27	4.00%	5,270,000	-	260,000	5,010,000
2008A - Native American Center Bonds	Jul-25	3.50-5.30%	23,030,000	-	1,240,000	21,790,000
2008B - Supreme Court Bond Issue	Jul-29	3.50-5.45%	10,825,000	-	405,000	10,420,000
2009A - Conservation Commission Bonds	Jul-24	1.00-4.00%	22,360,000	-	1,385,000	20,975,000
2009A - Department of Transportation	Jul-18	2.00-4.00%	64,590,000	-	8,455,000	56,135,000
2009B - Department of Transportation	Jul-24	5.04-5.34%	68,830,000	-	-	68,830,000
2010 - Regents for Higher Education	Jul-30	1.77-5.61%	132,075,000	-	-	132,075,000
2010A - Regents for Higher Education	Jul-18	2.00-2.48%	87,260,000	-	-	87,260,000
2010B - Regents for Higher Education	Jul-15	2.03-2.48%	30,105,000	-	-	30,105,000
2010A - Department of Transportation	Jul-20	2.00-5.00%	110,565,000	-	10,620,000	99,945,000
2010B - Department of Transportation	Jul-25	4.24-4.79%	92,075,000	-	-	92,075,000
2012 - Department of Transportation	Oct-25	2.00-2.54%	60,510,000	-	3,360,000	57,150,000
2013A - State Facilities - Refund Bond	Jul-24	2.00-4.00%	-	22,635,000	-	22,635,000
2013B - State Facilities - Refund Bond	Jul-14	0.50%	<u> </u>	160,000		160,000
		9	1,292,515,000	\$ 22,795,000	\$ 80,075,000	\$ 1,235,235,000

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014

NOTE E--REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE--Continued

Debt service requirements for fiscal years 2015 through 2019 and in five year increments thereafter to maturity for bonds payable as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	86,645,000	46,885,841	133,530,841
2016	83,430,000	46,653,660	130,083,660
2017	84,955,000	43,567,806	128,522,806
2018	88,375,000	40,134,881	128,509,881
2019	90,115,000	36,324,989	126,439,989
2020-2024	301,785,000	139,534,234	441,319,234
2025-2029	245,175,000	66,867,938	312,042,938
2030-2034	160,655,000	19,986,539	180,641,539
2035-2037	-	-	-
	\$ 1,141,135,000	\$ 439,955,888	\$ 1,581,090,888

NOTE F--NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Fiscal Year 2014: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") has issued several new accounting pronouncements that will be effective to the Department in subsequent years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements, the fiscal year that they are effective and the Authority's considerations of the impact of these pronouncements are described below:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27

• GASB No. 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expenses. GASB No. 68 also details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. Defined benefit pensions are further classified by GASB No. 68 as single employer plans, agent employer plans and cost-sharing plans, and recognition and disclosure requirements are addressed for each classification. GASB No. 68 was issued in June 2013. Based on current and prior years' operations, the Authority does not anticipate any material impact by the adoption of GASB No. 68 on its net position.

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

June 30, 2014

NOTE F--NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS--Continued

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Fiscal Year 2014--Continued:

Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations

• GASB No. 69 was issued in January 2013 and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. Government combinations can include a variety of transactions, including mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. A disposal of a government's operations results in the removal of specific activities of a government. The requirements of this Statement are effective for government combinations and disposals of government operations occurring in financial reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and should be applied on a prospective basis. Based on current and prior years' operations, the Authority does not anticipate any material impact by the adoption of GASB No. 69 on its net position.



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Oklahoma Capitol Improvement Authority (the "Authority"), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cole & Reed P.C.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 19, 2014