

Oklahoma City Public Property Authority

A blended component unit of The City of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma Annual Financial Report | for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

THE OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

A Blended Component Unit of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

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Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by The Oklahoma City Finance Department, Accounting Services Division Laura L. Papas, Controller

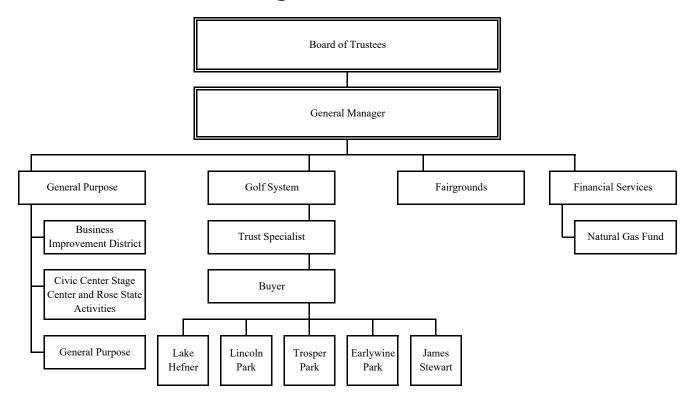
THE OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

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Oklahoma City Public Property Authority Organization Chart



Introductory Section



November 20, 2019

The Board of Trustees Oklahoma City Public Property Authority

The Oklahoma City Public Property Authority (Authority) annual financial report (annual report) provides a comprehensive overview of the Authority's financial position and the results of operations during the past fiscal year. It complies with reporting requirements specified by Oklahoma State Statutes. The Oklahoma City Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, prepared this report in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). It is fairly stated in all material respects. Responsibility for the accuracy of the reported information and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the Authority.

The Authority's annual report includes the independent auditor's reports, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), Authority-wide, fund, and combining financial statements, related notes, and required supplementary information. Management's narrative on the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, is in the MD&A section of this report, immediately following the independent auditor's report on financial statements and supplementary information. The Authority's reporting entity is comprised of financial and operating activities conducted within the legal framework of the Authority. Only funds within that framework are included. The Authority is a blended component unit of the City of Oklahoma City (City) and, as such, is included within the funds of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Authority, a public trust, was created and exists by trust indenture dated August 15, 1961, pursuant to the provisions of Title 60, Section 176 to 180 of the Oklahoma Statutes 1951, and the Oklahoma Trust Act. The property is held and administered by the Authority for the use and benefit of the City under the terms of the trust indenture. The City's Mayor and Council serve as the Authority's Trustees and the City Manager is the General Manager.

Services and activities of the Authority provided on behalf of the City include financing and operation of five municipal golf courses, the Oklahoma City Fairgrounds, Cox Convention Center, Chesapeake Energy Arena, Civic Center Music Hall, and other City buildings. The Authority uses City hotel/motel tax collections to fund debt service on bonds issued for fairgrounds improvements.

In January 1966 the Golf Commission was created by the Authority to establish plans and recommend policies for the operation, maintenance, and construction of the golf courses and related facilities and activities.

The Authority uses fees collected by the City to provide improvements and special services for property owners in City business improvement districts. Property owners are assessed fees to fund these services. There are currently five business improvement districts in the City including Downtown, Stockyards, Western Avenue, Capitol Hill, and Adventure.

Oklahoma City continued its recovery in Fiscal Year (FY) 2019 from the regional recession caused by the significant downturn in the energy industry that occurred in Oklahoma in FY 2016 and FY 2017. While Oklahoma City has a diverse economic base, the energy industry still has a major impact on the health of the local economy. The reduction in oil and gas drilling activity in Oklahoma due to moderating oil prices and technological advancements have resulted in 25% fewer oil and natural gas drilling rigs in the state at the end of FY 2019 compared to last year. This reduction in oil field activity has slowed the growth in the Oklahoma City economy.

In his February 5, 2019 report Dr. Russel Evans, Executive Director of the Steven C. Agee Economic Research & Policy Institute of Oklahoma City University, provided his economic forecast to the City Council during the annual budget workshop. Dr. Evans provided a forecast of 2.4% growth in gross domestic product in calendar 2019, followed by reduced growth of 1.8% in 2020. For the state economy Dr. Evans projects a similar pattern of 2.9% growth in 2019 and 1.1% growth in 2020 for gross state product.

Dr. Evans noted how Oklahoma City continues to emerge as the center of economic activity in the state. The outlook for growth in Oklahoma City is more balanced with 2.0% growth in gross city product in 2019 and 2.2% in 2020. Dr. Evans' fiscal forecast for Oklahoma City projected sales tax growth in FY19 of 4.1 - 4.5%. With slower than expected sales tax growth in the last half of the year, the City realized actual sales tax growth of 3.4%. For FY20, three different scenarios were presented. The first was for continued slow U.S. growth with continued modest oil prices. This scenario resulted in projected FY20 sales tax growth of 3.1%. The second scenario also forecast continued slow US growth, but low oil prices. This scenario resulted in projected FY20 sales tax growth of 1.8%. The final scenario was for a mild recession in the US with continued moderate oil prices. This final scenario resulted in a projected FY20 sales tax decline of 1.3%.

The Authority participates in the City's comprehensive accounting and budgetary system. Interim financial statements provide Authority management and other interested readers with regular financial analyses. Additionally, the Authority's management maintains budgetary controls to ensure effective financial oversight.

By City Council resolution, public trusts of which the City is the beneficiary are encouraged to use the independent auditors competitively selected by the City. In compliance with that resolution, the Authority engaged AGH, L.C. to conduct its annual audit. The Authority acknowledges the professional and competent services of its independent auditors.

Respectfully submitted,

Craig Freeman City of Oklahoma City, General Manager

Brent Bryant City of Oklahoma City, Finance Director

Laura L. Papas City of Oklahoma City, Controller

Financial Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees **Oklahoma City Public Property Authority** Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Oklahoma City Public Property Authority (Authority), a blended component unit of the City of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (City), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and introductory section as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2019 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 20, 2019 Wichita, KS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the Oklahoma City Public Property Authority (Authority) annual financial report, the Authority's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The Authority's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section. Additional information is available in the transmittal letter which precedes this discussion and analysis. The Authority is a blended component unit of the City of Oklahoma City.

Financial Summary

- Authority assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$62,699,289 (net position) for 2019. This compares to 2018 when assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$65,419,477.
- Total assets for the Authority decreased by \$10,428,793 to \$175,624,701 during fiscal year 2019 and decreased by \$10,396,037 to \$186,053,494 during fiscal year 2018.
- Total liabilities for the Authority decreased by \$8,901,741 to \$111,287,824 during fiscal year 2019 and decreased by \$2,477,675 to \$120,189,565 during fiscal year 2018.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$49,535,054 and \$57,240,718 for 2019 and 2018, respectively, include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Net position of \$5,838,998 and \$5,179,943 for 2019 and 2018, respectively, is restricted for capital projects and debt service.
 - (3) Net position of \$169,187 and \$268,903 for 2019 and 2018, respectively, is restricted for public service.
 - (4) Net position of \$2,033,721 and \$1,825,079 for 2019 and 2018, respectively, is restricted for culture and recreation.
 - (5) Unrestricted net position is \$5,122,329 for 2019 and \$904,834 for 2018.
- The Authority's governmental fund reported total ending fund balance of \$12,337,744 in 2019. This compares to the 2018 ending fund balance of \$13,830,831, showing a decrease of \$1,493,087 during 2019.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the Authority's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) Authority-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The Authority also includes additional information in this report to supplement the basic financial statements.

Authority-wide Financial Statements

The Authority's annual report includes two Authority-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the overall status of the Authority and are presented to demonstrate the extent to which the Authority has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively using all the resources available and whether the Authority can continue to meet its objectives in the foreseeable future. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting.

The first of these Authority-wide statements is the statement of net position. This statement presents all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may indicate whether the financial position of the Authority, as a whole, is improving or deteriorating, identify financial strengths and weaknesses, and be used to assess liquidity.

The second Authority-wide statement is the statement of activities which reports how the Authority's net position changed during the fiscal years and can be used to assess the Authority's operating results in its entirety and analyze how the Authority's programs are financed. All revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both Authority-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities column includes general government functions supporting public services and culture and recreation activities, including economic development reported in the Authority's governmental fund. Business-type activities include golf courses, fairgrounds, and financial services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. All Authority funds are reported as major funds.

Governmental Fund

The governmental fund is reported in the fund financial statements and reports public services and culture and recreation functions as reported in the Authority-wide financial statements. Fund statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the Authority-wide financial statements focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between the two perspectives may provide useful insights. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the Authority charges customers a fee. The Authority reports these as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the Authority-wide financial statements. Services of enterprise funds are provided to customers external to the Authority such as public golf courses.

Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the Authority-wide financial statements. Individual golf course information which comprises the Golf Courses Fund is found in the combining statements in a later section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to gain a full understanding of the Authoritywide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees, including employees of the Authority.

Financial Analysis

Governmental activities support public services, parks, and public events, including economic development projects. The Authority contracts with Superior Management Group (SMG), an outside firm, for the management and operation of the Cox Convention Center and the Chesapeake Energy Arena. The Civic Center Music Hall and certain activities related to the downtown canal are other cultural and recreational venues administered through the Authority. The City's business improvement district service contracts are also administered through the Authority. These activities are subsidized by the City.

Business-type activities are primarily comprised of five public golf courses, fairgrounds and central financing services that receive support from the City.

The Authority's net position at June 30, 2019 is \$62,699,289. This is a decrease of \$2,720,188 from the June 30, 2018 net position of \$65,419,477. Overall the Authority's financial position declined during fiscal year 2019.

				Summ	ary of Net Po	osition					
	Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-type				Governmental	Business-type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	rities	Tot	tal	2019 - 2018	Activities	Activities	2017	2018 - 2017
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	% Change	2017	<u>2017</u>	Total	% Change
Assets											
Current assets	\$25,558,332	\$24,251,788	\$14,181,455	\$17,889,764	\$39,739,787	\$42,141,552	(5.7%)	\$28,793,702	\$23,610,162	\$52,403,864	(19.6%)
Capital assets, net	79,382,709	83,186,363	54,476,157	58,588,181	133,858,866	141,774,544	(5.6)	83,984,031	58,279,673	142,263,704	(0.3)
Other non-current assets	92,810	164,128	1,933,238	1,973,270	2,026,048	<u>2,137,398</u>	(5.2)	235,445	1,546,518	1,781,963	19.9
Total assets	105,033,851	107,602,279	70,590,850	78,451,215	175,624,701	186,053,494	(5.6)	113,013,178	83,436,353	196,449,531	(5.3)
Deferred outflows	-	_	903,684	702,811	903,684	702,811	28.6	_	872,557	872,557	(19.5)
Liabilities											
Current liabilities	12,257,932	10,945,233	6,713,392	7,703,800	18,971,324	18,649,033	1.7	15,924,603	6,404,175	22,328,778	(16.5)
Non-current liabilities	2,968,447	5,746,728	89,348,053	95,793,804	92,316,500	101,540,532	(9.1)	3,590,604	96,747,858	100,338,462	1.2
Total liabilities	15,226,379	16,691,961	<u>96,061,445</u>	103,497,604	111,287,824	120,189,565	(7.4)	19,515,207	103,152,033	122,667,240	(2.0)
Deferred inflows	-	_	2,541,272	1,147,263	2,541,272	1,147,263	121.5	-	466,750	466,750	145.8
Net position (deficit)											
Net investment in											
capital assets	79,088,919	82,754,268	(29,553,865)	(25,513,550)	49,535,054	57,240,718	(13.5)	83,928,293	(21,113,273)	62,815,020	(8.9)
Restricted for:											
Capital projects	2,110,678	1,608,715	-	1,115	2,110,678	1,609,830	31.1	1,111,636	993	1,112,629	44.7
Debt service	-	-	3,728,320	3,570,113	3,728,320	3,570,113	4.4	-	3,442,517	3,442,517	3.7
Public services	169,187	268,903	-	-	169,187	268,903	(37.1)	876,944	-	876,944	(69.3)
Culture and recreation	2,033,721	1,825,079	-	-	2,033,721	1,825,079	11.4	1,496,397	-	1,496,397	22.0
Unrestricted	<u>6,404,967</u>	4,453,353	(1,282,638)	<u>(3,548,519)</u>	5,122,329	904,834	466.1	<u>6,084,701</u>	<u>(1,640,110)</u>	<u>4,444,591</u>	(79.6)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$89,807,472</u>	<u>\$90,910,318</u>	(\$27,108,183)	<u>(\$25,490,841)</u>	<u>\$62,699,289</u>	<u>\$65,419,477</u>	(4.2)	<u>\$93,497,971</u>	<u>(\$19,309,873)</u>	<u>\$74,188,098</u>	(11.8)

Summary of Net Position

Governmental activities current assets increased by \$1.31 million and decreased by \$4.54 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Cash and investments decreased \$209 thousand and \$4.37 million, respectively, for 2019 and 2018. Accounts receivable increased \$1.56 million in 2019 and decreased \$62 thousand in 2018 primarily related to receivables at the Chesapeake Energy Arena and Cox Convention Center.

Business-type activities current assets decreased by \$3.71 million and \$5.72 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. This was primarily due to a decrease in cash and investments of \$4.93 million in 2019, offset by a \$1.27 million increase in receivables from the City related to fairground capital projects. The decrease in 2018 was primarily due to a \$5.33 million decrease in cash and investments and a \$385 thousand decrease in receivables from the City related to fairgrounds capital projects.

Capital assets for governmental activities, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$3.80 million and \$798 thousand in 2019 and 2018, respectively. This is primarily related to normal depreciation of \$4.72 million and \$5.72 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively, offset by acquisitions and construction costs. Business-type activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$4.11 million in 2019 primarily related to normal depreciation of \$5.47 million, offset by acquisitions and construction costs and in 2018, it increased \$309 thousand primarily related to acquisition and construction costs, offset by normal depreciation of \$7.60 million.

Total governmental activities liabilities decreased \$1.47 million and \$2.82 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. In 2019, payable to the City decreased \$4.62 million primarily related to the third amendment of the management and operating agreement between the City, the Authority, and the Civic Center Foundation (Foundation). The amendment provides that the Foundation assume the Authority's outstanding payable for the Civic Center sound system, be responsible for all Civic Center operating costs, and retain all net revenues resulting from Civic Center operations. The decrease was offset by a \$2.67 million increase in accounts payable and a \$633 thousand increase in unearned revenue related to the Chesapeake Energy Arena and Cox Convention Center. In 2018, unearned revenue decreased \$4.53 million related to the Chesapeake Energy Arena and Cox Convention and accounts payable decreased \$469 thousand due to timing of vendor payments, offset by a \$2.03 million increase in payable to the City primarily related to the purchase of a sound system for the Civic Center by the Oklahoma Municipal Facilities Authority.

Total liabilities in business-type activities decreased \$7.43 million in 2019 primarily due to a \$3.95 million decrease in net bonds payable related to the refunding of Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds, a \$2.14 million decrease in actuarially determined OPEB liability, a \$575 thousand decrease in accounts payable related to the timing of payments, and a \$761 thousand decrease in payable to the City related to timing of payments. Total liabilities in business-type activities increased \$346 thousand in 2018 primarily due to an increase in net OPEB liability from the implementation of GASB 75, offset by scheduled debt service payments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 and 2018

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

			Su	mmary of C	hanges in I	Net Positio	on				
	Govern	nmental	Business-	type				Governmental	Business-type		
	Acti	vities	Activiti	ies	To	tal	2019 - 2018	Activities	Activities	2017	2018 - 2017
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	% Change	2017	2017	Total	% Change
Revenues											
Charges for services	\$17,315,521	\$21,200,963	\$9,034,040	\$9,723,818	\$26,349,561	\$30,924,781	(14.8%)	\$20,884,282	\$9,768,281	\$30,652,563	0.9%
Operating grants											
and contributions	9,603,902	8,303,705	9,648,337	9,684,700	19,252,239	17,988,405	7.0	9,151,301	8,965,508	18,116,809	(0.7)
Capital grants											
and contributions	1,247	14,917	-	-	1,247	14,917	(91.6)	93,425	-	93,425	(84.0)
General revenues	<u>958,856</u>	590,962	43,646	<u>3,182</u>	1,002,502	<u>594,144</u>	68.7	<u>529,112</u>	<u>9,891</u>	539,003	10.2
Total revenues	27,879,526	30,110,547	18,726,023	<u>19,411,700</u>	46,605,549	49,522,247	(5.9)	30,658,120	<u>18,743,680</u>	<u>49,401,800</u>	0.2
Expenses											
General government	94,183	130,760	-	-	94,183	130,760	(28.0)	68,471	-	68,471	91.0
Police	61,050	-	-	-	61,050	-	100.0	-	-	-	0.0
Public services	1,338,286	863,091	-	-	1,338,286	863,091	55.1	1,152,592	-	1,152,592	(25.1)
Culture and recreation	30,523,007	31,528,849	-	-	30,523,007	31,528,849	(3.2)	30,993,202	-	30,993,202	1.7
Economic development	198	198	-	-	198	198	0.0	200	-	200	(1.0)
Interest on long-term debt	84,003	175,302	-	-	84,003	175,302	(52.1)	87,148	-	87,148	101.2
Golf courses	-	-	8,608,767	9,818,305	8,608,767	9,818,305	(12.3)	-	10,747,007	10,747,007	(8.6)
Fairgrounds	-	-	11,038,883	11,250,815	11,038,883	11,250,815	(1.9)	-	12,296,212	12,296,212	(8.5)
Financial services	_	_	695,715	775,316	695,715	775,316	(10.3)	_	739,885	739,885	4.8
Total expenses	32,100,727	32,698,200	20,343,365	21,844,436	<u>52,444,092</u>	54,542,636	(3.8)	32,301,613	23,783,104	56,084,717	(2.7)
Special items	3,118,355	-	-	-	3,118,355	-	100.0	-	-	-	0.0
Changes in net											
position	(1,102,846)	(2,587,653)	(1,617,342)	(2,432,736)	(2,720,188)	(5,020,389)	45.8	(1,643,493)	(5,039,424)	(6,682,917)	24.9
Beginning net											
position (deficit)											
As previously reported	90,910,318	93,497,971	(25,490,841)	(19,309,873)	65,419,477	74,188,098	(11.8)	95,141,464	(14,270,449)	80,871,015	(8.3)
Change in											
accounting principle	<u> </u>	_	-	(3,748,232)	-	(3,748,232)	100.0	_	-		(100.0)
As restated	90,910,318	<u>93,497,971</u>	(25,490,841)	(23,058,105)	<u>65,419,477</u>	70,439,866	(7.1)	<u>95,141,464</u>	(14,270,449)	80,871,015	(12.9)
Ending net											
position (deficit)	<u>\$89,807,472</u>	<u>\$90,910,318</u>	(\$27,108,183)	<u>(\$25,490,841)</u>	<u>\$62,699,289</u>	<u>\$65,419,477</u>	(4.2)	<u>\$93,497,971</u>	<u>(\$19,309,873)</u>	<u>\$74,188,098</u>	(11.8)

Governmental activities charges for services decreased \$3.89 million and increased \$317 thousand in 2019 and 2018, respectively, primarily due to public event charges. Business-type activities charges for services decreased \$690 thousand and \$44 thousand in 2019 and 2018, respectively, primarily related to decreases in Golf Courses Fund revenue.

Governmental expenses decreased \$597 thousand in 2019. This is primarily related to decreases of \$966 million in Civic Center operations, offset by increases of \$475 thousand in public services expenses. Governmental expenses increased \$397 thousand in 2018. This is primarily related to increases of \$536 thousand in Civic Center operations and \$88 thousand in interest on long-term debt, offset by a \$290 thousand decrease in public service expenses.

Business-type expenses decreased \$1.50 million in 2019. Golf course expenses decreased \$1.21 million primarily due to decreases in maintenance and operating costs. Fairground expenses decreased \$212 thousand primarily due to decreases in non-capital related costs. Financial services expenses decreased \$80 thousand due to natural gas cost savings. Business-type expenses decreased \$1.94 million in 2018. Golf course expenses decreased \$929 thousand primarily due to decreases in personnel expenses. Fairground expenses decreased \$1.05 million primarily due to decreases in non-capital related costs. Financial services expenses remained constant in fiscal year 2018.

The \$3.12 million increase in special items is a result of the Foundation assuming the Authority's outstanding payable for the Civic Center sound system.

A \$3.75 million change in accounting principle was reported in fiscal year 2018 as a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement number 75; Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment benefits other than pension plans. This statement replaces GASB statements 45 as amended and 57. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It also includes note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements.

Governmental Fund

As discussed, the Authority governmental fund is reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. The Authority governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$12,337,744 for 2019, of which \$27,615 is unassigned. This compares to \$13,830,831 for 2018, of which \$833,818 is unassigned.

The total ending fund balance of the governmental fund for 2019 shows a decrease of \$1,493,087 from the ending balance for 2018. This decrease is primarily the result of the events and programs described within the analysis of the Authority's governmental activities.

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, was \$133,858,866 and \$141,774,544, respectively.

			Capital	Assets, Ne	et of Accumu	lated Depr	eciation				
	Govern	imental	Busines	s-type			2018 - 2019	Governmental	Business-type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	ities	To	tal	Total	Activities	Activities	2017	2018 - 2017
	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	% Change	2017	2017	Total	% Change
Non-Depreciable											
Assets											
Construction in											
progress	\$279,185	\$203,962	\$8,275,392	\$7,510,793	\$8,554,577	\$7,714,755	10.9%	\$1,818,280	\$694,468	\$2,512,748	207.0%
Land and art	<u>9,232,985</u>	8,912,295	2,004,837	2,004,837	11,237,822	10,917,132	2.9	8,546,040	2,004,837	10,550,877	3.5
Total											
non-depreciable											
assets	9,512,170	9,116,257	10,280,229	<u>9,515,630</u>	<u>19,792,399</u>	<u>18,631,887</u>	6.2	10,364,320	2,699,305	13,063,625	42.6
Depreciable Assets											
Buildings	37,239,235	38,472,311	29,176,549	29,956,175	66,415,784	68,428,486	(2.9)	40,610,430	30,848,969	71,459,399	(4.2)
Improvements other than											
buildings	25,397,166	26,916,305	12,458,543	16,422,078	37,855,709	43,338,383	(12.7)	28,617,956	22,577,884	51,195,840	(15.3)
Furniture, machinery, and											
equipment	7,234,138	8,681,490	2,560,836	2,694,298	<u>9,794,974</u>	11,375,788	(13.9)	4,391,325	<u>2,153,515</u>	<u>6,544,840</u>	73.8
Total depreciable											
assets	<u>69,870,539</u>	74,070,106	44,195,928	49,072,551	<u>114,066,467</u>	123,142,657	(7.4)	73,619,711	55,580,368	129,200,079	(4.7)
Total	\$79,382,709	\$83,186,363	<u>\$54,476,157</u>	\$58,588,181	<u>\$133,858,866</u>	<u>\$141,774,544</u>	(5.6)	<u>\$83,984,031</u>	\$58,279,673	<u>\$142,263,704</u>	(0.3)

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2019 and 2018

In 2019, construction in progress for governmental activities increased \$75 thousand primarily due to upgrades being made to the Civic Center Music Hall sound system. Land and art increased \$321 thousand due to the purchase of Land Run sculptures. Depreciable assets in governmental activities decreased \$4.20 million in 2019 primarily due to normal depreciation of \$4.72 million, offset by \$530 thousand in asset additions. Asset additions primarily included \$381 thousand in Chesapeake Energy Arena and Cox Convention Center upgrades and \$148 thousand in sound system equipment for the Civic Center Music Hall. In 2018, construction in progress for governmental activities decreased by \$1.61 million primarily due to the completion of \$656 thousand in Land Run Monuments and \$958 thousand in Chesapeake Energy Arena and Cox Convention Center upgrades. Depreciable assets in governmental activities increased \$450 thousand in 2018 primarily due to \$4.55 million in asset additions and \$1.62 million in completed construction projects, offset by \$5.72 million in depreciation. Asset additions included \$3.25 million for equipment associated with the Civic Center sound system upgrades, \$575 thousand in equipment for the Distributed Antenna System, and \$366 thousand on Land Run Monuments.

In 2019, business-type activities construction in progress increased \$765 thousand primarily due to construction of the the new fairgrounds arena and upgrades to the Lincoln Park Golf Course driving range building. Depreciable assets for business-type activities decreased \$4.88 million in 2019 primarily due to \$5.47 million in normal depreciation, offset by asset additions of \$588 thousand. Asset additions included \$254 thousand for street sweeper, \$195 thousand for emergency generator, and \$25 thousand for highway marquees at the fairgrounds. In 2018, business-type activities construction in progress increased \$6.82 million for construction projects at the fairgrounds. This included \$196 thousand related to lights for new parking lots, \$3.61 million related to construction of a new RV park, and \$2.80 million related to architectural and engineering costs associated with the new fairgrounds arena. Depreciable assets for business-type activities decreased \$6.51 million primarily due to \$1.11 million in asset additions, offset by \$7.60 million in depreciation. Asset additions for the fairgrounds included \$180 thousand for a highway marquee, and \$44 thousand for a skid steer. Asset additions for the golf courses included \$180 thousand for 70 golf carts at Trosper Park Golf Course and \$74 thousand for mowers and other equipment.

See Note II. E. for more information regarding capital assets.

Long-term Debt

Advances

At the end of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority had total advances outstanding of \$2,998,049 and \$7,420,371, respectively. See Note VI. A. for more information regarding advances.

Revenue Bonds

At the end of the fiscal year the Authority had total outstanding bonded debt of \$80,845,000 including fairgrounds bonded debt outstanding of \$70,520,000 and golf bonded debt of \$10,325,000. This debt is supported by pledged revenues from the business type activities of the Authority. See Note III. C. for more information regarding revenue bonds.

		0	utstanding Long-	-term Debt			
			2019 - 2018			2018 - 2017	
			Amount of	2019 - 2018		Amount of	2018 - 2017
	2019	<u>2018</u>	Change	% Change	2017	Change	% Change
Advances	\$2,998,049	\$7,420,371	(\$4,422,322)	(59.6%)	\$4,341,738	\$3,078,633	70.9%
Revenue bonds	80,845,000	86,025,000	<u>(5,180,000)</u>	(6.0)	89,575,000	<u>(3,550,000)</u>	(4.0)
	<u>\$83,843,049</u>	<u>\$93,445,371</u>	<u>(\$9,602,322)</u>	(10.3)	<u>\$93,916,738</u>	<u>(\$471,367)</u>	(0.5)

The change in outstanding debt in 2019 for advances is primarily due to the removal of a \$3.12 million advance from OCMFA for the purchase of a new Civic Center sound system as a liability of the Authority and \$1.30 million of scheduled debt payments. The decrease in revenue bonds is due to the defeasance of \$15.88 million of Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds and scheduled debt payments of \$3.71 million, offset by the issuance of Series 2018 Hotel Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds. The change in outstanding debt in 2018 for advances is primarily due to the addition of a \$3.71 million advance from OCMFA for the purchase of a new Civic Center sound system and the addition of a \$180 thousand advance from OCMFA for the purchase of golf carts for Trosper Park Golf Course, offset by scheduled debt payments of \$812 thousand. The decrease in revenue bonds is due to scheduled debt payments of \$3.55 million. See Note III. F. for more information regarding changes in long-term debt.

Bond Ratings

Standard and Poor's rated the Authority's 2012 Golf System Revenue Bonds as AA+. 2010 Golf Revenue Bonds are privately placed. Fairgrounds hotel tax revenue bonds are rated AA- and A1 by Standard and Poor and Moody's, respectively.

Economic Factors

Economic factors directly affected the Authority's financial position for the golf courses. The operating revenue for the golf courses decreased over the past fiscal year primarily as a result of fewer golf rounds played. The golf courses experienced a decrease in rounds of 8.9%, primarily due to decreases in daily, senior, and sunset rounds. Financial services reported both revenue and expense decreases related to a decrease in nationwide natural gas prices. The economic factors did not affect the financial position of the other activities of the Authority.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City's Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, at 100 North Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102.

Basic Financial Statements

Authority-wide Financial Statements

Provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall status using full accrual accounting.

- * *Governmental Activities Reports general government, public services, culture and recreation, and economic development and the general revenues of the Authority.*
- * Business-Type Activities Reports golf courses, fairgrounds, and financial services activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Focus on the Authority's most significant funds. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the authority-wide financial statements using modified accrual accounting and report the annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall status using full accrual accounting.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

,					KOPERTY A	
	Commental	2019		Carrowstal	2018	
	Governmental Activities	Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Totai	Activities	Activities	Totai
CURRENT ASSETS						
 Cash	\$11,227,092	\$1,198,946	\$12,426,038	\$9,251,241	\$1,303,537	\$10,554,778
Investments	*) .)	10,622,029	21,581,305	13,144,185	15,451,836	28,596,021
Property taxes receivable			3,090	3,074		3,074
Accounts receivable, net		5,766	2,672,331	1,103,558	493	1,104,051
Interest, dividends, and royalties receivable		28,638	71,558	27,461	23,826	51,287
Internal balances		(36,492)	-	- -	-	-
Receivable from the City of Oklahoma City	,	2,024,636	2,107,088	177,319	754,907	932,226
Receivable from component units	14,895	-	14,895	53,218	-	53,218
Advanced funding		-	162,887	162,887	-	162,887
Inventories and prepaids	362,663	337,932	700,595	328,845	355,165	684,010
Total current assets		14,181,455	39,739,787	24,251,788	17,889,764	42,141,552
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	· · ·			· · ·		· · ·
Investments		1,252,255	1,252,255	-	1,238,921	1,238,921
Prepaids, non-current		202,890	295,700	164,128	299,027	463,155
Net pension asset		478,093	478,093	-	435,322	435,322
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	9,512,170	10,280,229	19,792,399	9,116,257	9,515,630	18,631,887
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		44,195,928	114,066,467	74,070,106	49,072,551	123,142,657
Capital assets, net		54,476,157	133,858,866	83,186,363	58,588,181	141,774,544
Total non-current assets	79,475,519	56,409,395	135,884,914	83,350,491	60,561,451	143,911,942
Total assets	105,033,851	70,590,850	175,624,701	107,602,279	78,451,215	186,053,494
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		903,684	903,684	-	702,811	702,811
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Wages and benefits payable		1,105,829 238,665	6,215,842 238,665	2,440,051	1,681,069 222,990	4,121,120 222,990
Payable to City of Oklahoma City		486,398	1,114,218	2,600,923	1,059,329	3,660,252
Payable to component units		-	-	150,000	-	150,000
Compensated absences		52,620	52,620	-	45,656	45,656
Unearned revenue		-	6,520,099	5,754,259	-	5,754,259
Bond interest payable		944,880	944,880	-	989,756	989,756
Bonds payable		3,885,000	3,885,000	-	3,705,000	3,705,000
Total current liabilities <u>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>	12,257,932	6,713,392	18,971,324	10,945,233	7,703,800	18,649,033
Compensated absences		117,136	117,136	-	113,549	113,549
Payable to City of Oklahoma City		104,594	2,673,211	5,214,018	292,285	5,506,303
Unearned revenue		-	399,830	532,710	-	532,710
Bonds payable		76,960,000	76,960,000	-	82,320,000	82,320,000
Unamortized bond discount/premium		6,316,646	6,316,646		5,082,474	5,082,474
Bonds payable, net		83,276,646	83,276,646	-	87,402,474	87,402,474
Net other post-employment benefit liability		5,849,677	5,849,677	-	7,985,496	7,985,496
Total non-current liabilities		89,348,053	92,316,500	5,746,728	95,793,804	101,540,532
Total liabilities	15,226,379	96,061,445	111,287,824	16,691,961	103,497,604	120,189,565
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,541,272	2,541,272		1,147,263	1,147,263
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Net investment in capital assets	79,088,919	(29,553,865)	49,535,054	82,754,268	(25,513,550)	57,240,718
Restricted for: Capital projects		(,000,000)	2,110,678	1,608,715	1,115	1,609,830
Debt service		3,728,320	3,728,320		3,570,113	3,570,113
Public services			169,187	268,903	-,-,-,	268,903
	2.033.721	-	2.033.721	1.825.079	-	1.825.079
Culture and recreation Unrestricted		- (1,282,638)	2,033,721 5,122,329	1,825,079 4,453,353	- (3,548,519)	1,825,079 904,834

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Years Ended June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

For the Years Ended June 30,		2019		2018					
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
PROGRAM EXPENSES			<u></u>						
General government	\$94,183	S -	\$94,183	\$130,760	\$ -	\$130,760			
Police		-	61,050		-				
Public services	-)	_	1,338,286	863,091	_	863,091			
Culture and recreation		_	30,523,007	31,528,849	_	31,528,849			
Golf courses		8,608,767	8,608,767	51,520,047	9,818,305	9,818,305			
Fairgrounds		11,038,883	11,038,883	-	11,250,815	11,250,815			
Financial services		695,715	695,715	-	775,316	775,316			
Economic development			-	-	· · · · · ·				
Interest on long-term debt			198	198	-	198			
Total expenses		20,343,365	84,003 52,444,092	175,302 32,698,200	21,844,436	175,302 54,542,636			
			-))			-)-)			
PROGRAM REVENUES									
CHARGES FOR SERVICES				2 (10		2 (10			
General government		-	-	3,610	-	3,610			
Culture and recreation		-	17,315,521	21,197,353	-	21,197,353			
Golf courses		8,347,859	8,347,859	-	8,973,725	8,973,725			
Fairgrounds		-	-	-	213	213			
Financial services		686,181	686,181		749,880	749,880			
Total charges for services	17,315,521	9,034,040	26,349,561	21,200,963	9,723,818	30,924,781			
OPERATING GRANTS									
AND CONTRIBUTIONS									
General government	9,415,912	-	9,415,912	8,227,083	_	8,227,083			
Culture and recreation		_	186,852	76,456	_	76,456			
Golf courses		947,107	947,107		1,235,144	1,235,144			
Fairgrounds		8,701,230	8,701,230	-	8,449,556	8,449,556			
Economic development		0,701,230	1,138	166	0,449,550	166			
Total operating grants and contributions		9,648,337	19,252,239	8,303,705	9,684,700	17,988,405			
CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS									
Culture and recreation		<u> </u>	1,247	14,917		14,917			
Total capital grants and contributions			1,247	14,917	-	14,917			
Total program revenues	26,920,670	18,682,377	45,603,047	29,519,585	19,408,518	48,928,103			
Net program expense	(5,180,057)	(1,660,988)	(6,841,045)	(3,178,615)	(2,435,918)	(5,614,533			
GENERAL REVENUES									
Tax incremental financing property taxes	68,484	_	68,484	68,171	_	68,171			
Unrestricted investment income		43,646	325,056	53,984	3,182	57,166			
Miscellaneous		45,040	608,962	468,807	5,162	468,807			
Total general revenues		43,646	1,002,502	<u>590,962</u>	3,182	594,144			
Successful item	2 110 255		2 110 255						
Special item		<u> </u>	3,118,355			-			
Special And Extraordinary Items	3,118,355	-	3,118,355	-	-	-			
Changes in net position	(1,102,846)	(1,617,342)	(2,720,188)	(2,587,653)	(2,432,736)	(5,020,389)			
	(1,102,040)	(1,017,072)	(_,,_0,100)	(_,007,000)	(_, 10_, 700)	(0,020,000)			
NET POSITION BEGINNING									
Net position-beginning									
As previously reported		(25,490,841)	65,419,477	93,497,971	(19,309,873)	74,188,098			
Change in accounting principle		-	-	-	(3,748,232)	(3,748,232			
Net position-beginning, as restated		(25,490,841)	65,419,477	93,497,971	(23,058,105)	70,439,866			
Net position-ending		(\$27,108,183)	\$62,699,289	\$90,910,318	(\$25,490,841)				
ter position-enumg		(\$27,100,103)	302,099,209	\$70,710,318	(\$23,490,041)	\$65,419,47			

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

	General	General
	Purpose	Purpose
	Fund	Fund
ASSETS		
Pooled cash	\$1,576	\$68,208
Non-pooled cash	11,225,516	9,183,033
Investments	10,959,276	13,144,185
Property taxes receivable	3,090	3,074
Accounts receivable	2,666,565	1,103,558
Interest, dividends, and royalties receivable	42,920	27,461
Due within the Authority	36,492	-
Receivable from City of Oklahoma City	82,452	177,319
Receivable from component units	14,895	53,218
Advanced funding	162,887	162,887
Inventories	219,237	228,767
Prepaids	143,426	100,078
Prepaids, non-current	92,810	164,128
Total assets	\$25,651,142	\$24,415,916

LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$5,110,013	\$2,440,051
Payable to City of Oklahoma City	339,903	1,305,979
Payable to component units, current	-	150,000
Unearned revenue	6,520,099	5,754,259
Unearned revenue, non-current	399,830	532,710
Total liabilities	12,369,845	10,182,999
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	943,553	402,086
FUND BALANCES		
Non-spendable	618,360	655,860
Restricted	3,642,956	3,464,690
Committed	705,852	557,088
Assigned	7,342,961	8,319,375

Unassigned	27,615	833,818
Total fund balance	12,337,744	13,830,831
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$25,651,142	\$24,415,916

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET, GOVERNMENTAL FUND

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Total fund balance------\$12,337,744 \$13,830,831 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation------79,382,709 83,186,363 Revenue earned but not available------943,553 402,086 Long-term payable to the City of Oklahoma City, current-----(287, 917)(1,294,944)Long-term payable to the City of Oklahoma City, non-current-----(2,568,617) (5,214,018) Net position-governmental activities-----\$89,807,472 \$90,910,318

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND For the Years Ended June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

	2019	2018
	General	General
	Purpose	Purpose
	Fund	Fund
REVENUES		
Fax incremental financing property taxes		\$67,046
Facility fees	· · · · · ·	365,467
nvestment income		50,710
Public events charges		19,177,742
Other charges for services		270,541
Rental income	- ;= _> ;= = ;	1,371,866
Payments from the City of Oklahoma City	9,415,984	8,227,072
Other)	543,802
Total revenues	27,336,815	30,074,246
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		
CURRENT		
Payments to the City of Oklahoma City	94,183	130,760
Police)
Culture and recreation	-)	26,670,759
Economic development		198
	198	190
Capital outlay	925,667	4,919,969
DEBT SERVICE		
	84,003	175,302
Long-term payable to the City of Oklahoma City		121,191
Total expenditures		32,018,179
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(4,612,689)	(1,943,933)
	(4,012,009)	(1,)+0,)00
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Sale of assets	, .	14,917
Long-term payable to the City of Oklahoma City		2,173,277
Net other financing sources	1,247	2,188,194
SPECIAL ITEM		
Special item		-
Total special item	3,118,355	-
Net change in fund balance	(1,493,087)	244,261
Fund balance, beginning	13,830,831	13,586,570
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$12,337,744</u>	\$13,830,831
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND		
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF		
ACTIVITIES, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
Net change in fund balance	(\$1,493,087)	\$244,261
Capital outlay		4,919,969
Capital outlayDepreciation expense		
1 1		(5,717,637
Loss on disposal of assets		17.040
Recognition of earned but unavailable revenue		17,840
Long-term payable to the City of Oklahoma City Change in net position (deficit)-governmental activities		(2,052,086
		(\$2,587,653)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

		201	9		2018				
		Enterprise	e Funds			Enterpris	e Funds		
	Golf		Financial		Golf		Financial		
	Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Total</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	
ASSETS									
CURRENT ASSETS									
Pooled cash	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$5,286	\$7,632	\$533	\$13,451	
Non-pooled cash		-	-	1,198,946	1,290,086	-	-	1,290,086	
Investments		8,827,846	94,537	10,622,029	1,991,125	13,364,052	96,659	15,451,836	
Accounts receivable, net	5,766	-	-	5,766	493	-	-	493	
Interest, dividends, and royalties receivable		22,677	367	28,638	3,983	19,625	218	23,826	
Due within Authority	(6,727)	(29,124)	(641)	(36,492)	-	-	-	-	
Receivable from the City of Oklahoma City		2,024,636	-	2,024,636	-	754,907	-	754,907	
Inventories	321,789	-	-	321,789	332,485	-	-	332,485	
Prepaids	4,104	12,039	-	16,143	4,101	18,579	-	22,680	
Total current assets	3,229,118	10,858,074	94,263	14,181,455	3,627,559	14,164,795	97,410	17,889,764	
Investments	455,710	796,545	-	1,252,255	455,710	783,211	-	1,238,921	
Prepaids, non-current	662	202,228	-	202,890	4,786	294,241	-	299,027	
Net pension asset	478,093	-	-	478,093	435,322	-	-	435,322	
Land and construction in progress	165	10,280,064	-	10,280,229	165	9,515,465	-	9,515,630	
Other capital assets,									
net of accumulated depreciation	10,096,884	34,099,044	-	44,195,928	10,803,949	38,268,602	-	49,072,551	
Capital assets, net	10,097,049	44,379,108	-	54,476,157	10,804,114	47,784,067	-	58,588,181	
Total non-current assets	11,031,514	45,377,881	-	56,409,395	11,699,932	48,861,519	-	60,561,451	
Total assets	14,260,632	56,235,955	94,263	70,590,850	15,327,491	63,026,314	97,410	78,451,215	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		163,676	-	903,684	702,811		-	702,811	
LIABILITIES		,		,				,	
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	272,879	768,036	64,914	1,105,829	377,508	1,240,353	63,208	1,681,069	
Wages and benefits payable		_		238,665	222,990	-	-	222,990	
Payable to City of Oklahoma City		86,091	-	486,398	304,423	754,906	-	1,059,329	
Compensated absences		-	-	52,620	45,656	-	-	45,656	
Bond interest payable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	858,892	_	944,880	92,553	897,203		989,756	
Bonds payable		3,015,000	_	3,885,000	845,000	2,860,000	-	3,705,000	
Total current liabilities			64,914				63,208		
	1,920,439	4,728,019	04,914	6,713,392	1,888,130	5,752,462	03,208	7,703,800	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	117.126			117.126	112 540			112 540	
Compensated absences		-	-	117,136	113,549	-	-	113,549	
Payable to City of Oklahoma City	104,594	-	-	104,594	292,285	-	-	292,285	
Bonds payable:									
Bonds payable	9,455,000	67,505,000	-	76,960,000	10,325,000	71,995,000	-	82,320,000	
Unamortized bond discount/premium	24,597	6,292,049	-	6,316,646	27,004	5,055,470	-	5,082,474	
Bonds payable, net	9,479,597	73,797,049	-	83,276,646	10,352,004	77,050,470	-	87,402,474	
Net other post-employment benefit liability	5,849,677	-	-	5,849,677	7,985,496	-	-	7,985,496	
Total non-current liabilities	15,551,004	73,797,049	-	89,348,053	18,743,334	77,050,470	-	95,793,804	
Total liabilities	17,471,463	78,525,068	64,914	96,061,445	20,631,464	82,802,932	63,208	103,497,604	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,387,024	154,248	-	2,541,272	978,088	169,175	-	1,147,263	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
Net investment in capital assets	411,819	(29,965,684)	-	(29,553,865)	477,085	(25,990,635)	-	(25,513,550)	
Restricted for capital projects		-	-	-	1,115	-	-	1,115	
Restricted for debt service		3,058,411	-	3,728,320	641,901	2,928,212	-	3,570,113	
Unrestricted	(5,939,575)	4,627,588	29,349	(1,282,638)	(6,699,351)	3,116,630	34,202	(3,548,519)	
Total net position (deficit)	(\$4,857,847)	(\$22,279,685)	\$29,349	(\$27,108,183)	(\$5,579,250)	(\$19,945,793)	\$34,202	(\$25,490,841)	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Years Ended June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

		201	9		2018 Enterprise Funds				
-		Enterpris	e Funds						
	Golf		Financial		Golf		Financial		
	Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES									
CHARGES FOR SERVICES									
Green fees	\$4,656,871	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,656,871	\$5,010,662	\$ -	\$ -	\$5,010,662	
Concessions	1,329,495	-	-	1,329,495	1,410,250	-	-	1,410,250	
Natural gas charges	-	-	686,181	686,181	-	-	749,880	749,880	
Other charges	28,149	-	-	28,149	23,358	213	-	23,571	
Total charges for services	6,014,515	-	686,181	6,700,696	6,444,270	213	749,880	7,194,363	
Golf cart rentals	2,220,427	-	-	2,220,427	2,401,040	-	-	2,401,040	
Other	16,486	-	-	16,486	19,846	-	-	19,846	
Total operating revenues	8,251,428	-	686,181	8,937,609	8,865,156	213	749,880	9,615,249	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal services	3,523,246	-	-	3,523,246	4,503,715	-	-	4,503,715	
Maintenance, operations, and contractual services	2,041,323	1,813,091	695,715	4,550,129	2,416,777	1,468,796	775,316	4,660,889	
Materials and supplies	1,773,496	203,356	-	1,976,852	1,588,353	171,421	-	1,759,774	
Depreciation	913,004	4,554,576	-	5,467,580	910,483	6,692,326	-	7,602,809	
Total operating expenses	8,251,069	6,571,023	695,715	15,517,807	9,419,328	8,332,543	775,316	18,527,187	
Operating income (loss)	359	(6,571,023)	(9,534)	(6,580,198)	(554,172)	(8,332,330)	(25,436)	(8,911,938)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)									
Investment income	56,548	268,544	4,681	329,773	15,273	110,518	598	126,389	
Interest on bonds and notes	(360,105)	(2,805,388)	-	(3,165,493)	(388,638)	(2,899,342)	-	(3,287,980)	
Bond issue costs	-	(215,383)	-	(215,383)	-	-	-	-	
Bond insurance	-	(147,089)	-	(147,089)	-	(18,713)	-	(18,713)	
Amortization	2,407	-	-	2,407	2,496	-	-	2,496	
Payments from City of Oklahoma City	925,763	8,434,869	-	9,360,632	1,222,275	8,339,218	-	9,561,493	
Payments to City of Oklahoma City	-	(1,300,000)	-	(1,300,000)	-		-		
Other revenue	96,431	1,578	-	98,009	95,734	(217)	-	95,517	
Net non-operating revenue	721,044	4,237,131	4,681	4,962,856	947,140	5,531,464	598	6,479,202	
Changes in not resition (definit)	721 402	(1 222 802)	(4.923)	(1 (17 242)	202.079	(2 800 877)	(34.939)	(2 422 52.0	
Changes in net position (deficit)	721,403	(2,333,892)	(4,853)	(1,617,342)	392,968	(2,800,866)	(24,838)	(2,432,736)	
Total net position, beginning, as previously reported	(5,579,250)	(19,945,793)	34,202	(25,490,841)	(2,223,986)	(17,144,927)	59,040	(19,309,873)	
Change in accounting principle	-	- (19,945,793)	- 34,202	- (25,490,841)	(3,748,232)	-	- 59,040	(3,748,232) (23,058,105)	
Total net position (deficit), beginning, as restated	(5,579,250)				(5,972,218)	(17, 144, 927)			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Years Ended June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

		201	19		2018				
	Enterprise Funds				Enterprise Funds				
-	Golf		Financial		Golf		Financial		
	Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING									
ACTIVITIES									
Cash received from customers	\$8,353,809	\$5	\$686,821	\$9,040,635	\$8,867,877	\$209	\$749,884	\$9,617,970	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods									
and services	(3,585,260)	(1,703,012)	(694,008)	(5,982,280)	(3,705,373)	(1,972,938)	(790,116)	(6,468,427)	
Cash payments to employees and professional									
contractors for services	(4,301,743)	-	-	(4,301,743)	(4,390,196)	-	-	(4,390,196)	
Cash payments for internal services	(151,668)	-	-	(151,668)	(197,171)	-	-	(197,171)	
Operating payments from City of									
Oklahoma City	925,763	6,410,233	-	7,335,996	1,222,275	16,836,038	-	18,058,313	
Operating payments to City of Oklahoma City	(269,202)	(1,300,000)	-	(1,569,202)	(82,588)	(7,356,820)	-	(7,439,408)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	971,699	3,407,226	(7,187)	4,371,738	1,714,824	7,506,489	(40,232)	9,181,081	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND									
CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING									
ACTIVITIES									
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	15,962,987	-	15,962,987	-	-	-	-	
Payments for acquisition and construction of									
capital assets	(212,764)	(1,857,693)	-	(2,070,457)	(269,123)	(6,767,958)	-	(7,037,081)	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(845,000)	(18,742,897)	-	(19,587,897)	(825,000)	(2,725,000)	-	(3,550,000)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(356,776)	(3,565,616)	-	(3,922,392)	(383,145)	(3,654,919)	-	(4,038,064)	
Capital and capital related payments to City of									
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	2,164	217	-	2,381	
Net cash provided (used) by capital									
and capital related financing activities	(1,414,540)	(8,203,219)	-	(9,617,759)	(1,475,104)	(13,147,660)	-	(14,622,764)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING									
ACTIVITIES									
Payments for purchase of investments	(1,236,617)	(52,796,373)	-	(54,032,990)	(1,229,804)	(20,332,337)	-	(21,562,141)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	1,428,541	57,136,252	-	58,564,793	1,225,117	28,354,997	-	29,580,114	
Changes in pooled investments	99,552	182,993	2,123	284,668	(308,949)	(2,810,351)	2,539	(3,116,761)	
Investment income received	54,903	265,363	4,528	324,794	13,190	98,493	551	112,234	
Purchased interest	36	126	3	165	195	241	28	464	
- Net cash provided by investing									
activities	346,415	4,788,361	6,654	5,141,430	(300,251)	5,311,043	3,118	5,013,910	
 Net decrease in cash	(96,426)	(7,632)	(533)	(104,591)	(60,531)	(330,128)	(37,114)	(427,773)	
Cash, beginning	1,295,372	7,632	533	1,303,537	1,355,903	337,760	37,647	1,731,310	
Cash, ending	\$1,198,946	S -	S -	\$1,198,946	\$1,295,372	\$7,632	\$533	\$1,303,537	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Years Ended June 30,

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

		201	19		2018				
	Enterprise Funds				Enterprise Funds				
	Golf		Financial		Golf		Financial		
	Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		Courses	Fairgrounds	Services		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING									
LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY									
OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating income (loss)	\$359	(\$6,571,023)	(\$9,534)	(\$6,580,198)	(\$554,172)	(\$8,332,330)	(\$25,436)	(\$8,911,938)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING IN	COME (LOSS) T	<u>D NET</u>							
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACT	IVTIES								
Depreciation	913,004	4,554,576	-	5,467,580	910,483	6,692,326	-	7,602,809	
Other revenue (expense)	96,431	(147,089)	-	(50,658)	95,992	(18,713)	-	77,279	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(5,273)	-	-	(5,273)	5,001	-	-	5,001	
(Increase) decrease in receivable from									
component units	925,763	5,865,140	-	6,790,903	1,222,275	9,479,218	-	10,701,493	
(Increase) decrease in receivable from City of									
(Increase) decrease in inventories	10,696	-	-	10,696	5,116	-	-	5,116	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	4,121	98,553	-	102,674	(246)	18,714	-	18,468	
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset	(42,771)	-	-	(42,771)	(435,322)	-	-	(435,322)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(37,197)	-	-	(37,197)	411,749	-	-	411,749	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and									
accrued expenses	(97,802)	332,851	1,706	236,755	63,964	(249,878)	(14,796)	(200,710)	
Increase (decrease) in wages and benefits									
payable	15,675	-	-	15,675	2,964	-	-	2,964	
Increase (decrease) in payable to City of									
Oklahoma City	(94,975)	(725,782)	641	(820,116)	(151,624)	(82,848)	-	(234,472)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	10,551	-	-	10,551	(37,969)	-	-	(37,969)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	-	-	-	-	(20,413)	-	-	(20,413)	
Increase (decrease) in net other post-employment									
benefit liability	(2,135,819)	-	-	(2,135,819)	3,995,261	-	-	3,995,261	
benefit obligation	-	-	-	-	(4,493,675)	-	-	(4,493,675)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	1,408,936	-	-	1,408,936	695,440	-	-	695,440	
Total adjustments	971,340	9,978,249	2,347	10,951,936	2,268,996	15,838,819	(14,796)	18,093,019	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$971,699	\$3,407,226	(\$7,187)	\$4,371,738	\$1,714,824	\$7,506,489	(\$40,232)	\$9,181,081	

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Notes to Financial Statements

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the Oklahoma City Public Property Authority (Authority) financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

I. B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

I. B. 1. REPORTING ENTITY AND RELATIONSHIP TO THE CITY OF OKLAHOMA CITY (CITY)

Due to restrictions of the state constitution relating to the issuance of municipal debt, the City created public trusts to finance City services with revenue bonds or other non-general obligation financing, and to provide for multi-year contracting. Financing services provided by these public trusts are solely for the benefit of the City. Public trusts were created to provide financing services and are blended into the City's primary government although retaining separate legal identity.

The Authority is a public trust created pursuant to Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes, section 176, et seq. The Authority was established August 15, 1961, with the City named as the beneficiary. The purpose of the Authority is generally to provide a means of financing various municipal recreational improvements and services.

The provisions of the trust indenture provide that the Authority will lease or otherwise manage the related property and improvements financed by the Authority. The Authority will receive all revenues generated from the related properties to pay the debt service requirements on the revenue bonds issued by the Authority plus costs and expenses incidental to the management, operation, maintenance, and conservation of the Authority. In addition, the Authority is responsible for all operating expenses and the financing of future improvements to the five City municipal golf courses.

The Mayor and members of the City Council of the City serve as the Trustees for the Authority. The City Manager serves as the General Manager. The Authority does not have the power to levy taxes. The City has no obligation for debt issued by the Authority.

Method of Reporting in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

The Authority is presented as a blended component unit of the City and is included in the City's financial reporting entity. The Authority meets the requirements for blending because the Authority's governing body is identical to the City's elected governing board (City Council), and the Authority is managed as a department of the City under the direction of the City Manager using City employees.

The Authority is included in the City's financial reporting entity presented in the City's CAFR. The City CAFR may be obtained from the Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

Authority Administration

The Authority's employees perform activities for the golf courses only. All other activities of the Authority are performed by City employees.

Related Parties

Oklahoma City Employee Retirement System (OCERS)

OCERS provides retirement benefits and disability allowances for employees of the Authority.

Oklahoma City Post-Employment Benefit Trust (OCPEBT)

OCPEBT provides post-retirement health benefits for employees of the Authority.

I. B. 2. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Authority-wide Financial Statements

The Authority-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Authority as a whole. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities from business-type activities which are generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include charges for services which include fees and other charges to users of the Authority's services. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and enterprise (proprietary) funds. All funds of the Authority are considered major.

I. B. 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP)

The financial statements of the Authority are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Authority applies all relevant GASB pronouncements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Authority-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Proprietary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Governmental Fund

The governmental fund uses the current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources and uses of available resources during a given period.

General Purpose Fund

This fund is used by the Authority to account for specific revenues including events, box office sales, lease revenues, and tax increment ad valorem income which are designated to finance general government functions or activities of the Authority, such as public services, parks, and public events including economic development projects.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with a proprietary fund's activities are included on its statement of net position.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Enterprise Funds

Golf Courses Fund

This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of five municipal golf courses.

Fairgrounds Fund

This fund is used to account for payments from the City for hotel/motel tax revenues dedicated for debt service and the expenditure of bond funds.

Financial Services Fund

The City currently has multiple facilities that use natural gas in sufficient volumes to qualify for use of a third party natural gas supplier rather than the local natural gas utility. On July 1, 2010, the City designated the Financial Services Fund to consolidate and manage the third party natural gas contracts of the City.

I. C. BUDGET LAW AND PRACTICE

Oklahoma Statutes require the submission of financial information for public trusts. However, legal budgetary control levels are not specified. The Authority's budget is submitted to its governing body for approval annually and is received by the City Council for approval. Budgetary control of Authority operations is exercised on a project-length basis for most funds of the Authority. The exception is the Golf Course Fund where the budget is developed on an annual basis. Appropriations in funds other than the Golf Course Fund are carried forward each year until projects are completed. Appropriations for the Golf Course Fund expires at the close of the fiscal year. Management's policy prohibits expenditure/expenses exceeding revenues. Management may transfer appropriations without governing body approval.

I. D. POLICIES RELATED TO ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

I. D. 1. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective July 1, 2018, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement number 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement provides guidance on financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations not provided in earlier pronouncements. The implementation of this standard did not impact the authority.

Effective July 1, 2018, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board statement number 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary purpose of this statement is to improve information disclosed in notes to financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also requires additional essential information related to debt be disclosed.

I. D. 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority participates in the investment policy approved by the City Council. The Authority's governing board formally adopted the City's updated deposit and investment policy in November 2017. Where applicable, deposit and investment policies for restricted funds are specified in the respective bond indentures.

The Authority maintains and controls a cash and investment operating pool which functions as a demand deposit account for participating funds of the Authority. Fund pooled cash and investments are allocated to the funds based on the fund's position in the pool and reported as pooled cash and investments. In addition, non-pooled cash and investments are separately held and reflected in respective funds as non-pooled cash and investments. The Authority engages in non-pooled investing activity for bond proceeds, golf course operations, and other functionally separate activities.

Investments are carried at fair value determined by quoted market prices. The management of the restricted investments is performed in accordance with applicable bond indentures and at the direction of the trustee bank. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which approximates fair value.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Accounting guidance establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the observability of inputs used to measure fair value. These different levels of valuation hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable prices or inputs.

An investment's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

I. D. 3. INVENTORIES AND PREPAIDS

Inventories in governmental funds are recorded on either a weighted average or first-in first-out basis. Inventories for proprietary funds are recorded on either a market basis or first-in first-out basis.

Prepaids are payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are reported on the consumption basis. Noncurrent prepaids benefit periods beyond the following 12 month period. Payments to vendors that are less than \$5,000 are considered di minimus and are reported with expenses/expenditures in the year of payment.

I. D. 4. RECEIVABLES AND UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are collected and remitted to the Authority by Oklahoma County for specifically identified Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) districts. Taxes are levied annually. Property taxes receivable are estimated from the prior calendar year receipts. In the governmental fund financial statements, property tax revenues are recorded for all receipts during the year and for 60 days after year-end.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes receivable and related revenue include all amounts due the Authority regardless of when cash is received.

Other Significant Receivables

Significant receivables are due from promoters, advertisers, ticketing agencies, and other businesses. These receivables, due within 30 days, are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance amount is estimated using the length of time the receivables are past due.

I. D. 5. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are restricted for capital projects funded through long-term debt and debt service reserves. Restricted deposits and investments are legally restricted for the payment of currently maturing debt service and capital projects.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

I. D. 6. INTERFUND BALANCES

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as due to/from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding at year-end, or other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are described as due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of intrafund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of intrafund loans). All activity between governmental and business-type activities of the Authority is eliminated and any residual balances outstanding between the activities are reported in the Authority-wide financial statements as internal balances.

I. D. 7. CAPITALIZED INTEREST

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets. Interest earned on proceeds of tax-exempt borrowing arrangements restricted to the acquisition of qualifying assets is offset against interest costs in determining the amount to be capitalized.

I. D. 8. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

The Authority generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$50,000 or more. Items that do not meet the monetary threshold listed in the policy summary are expensed in the period incurred with the exception of golf carts used for golf operations. Property and equipment are stated at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are stated at their fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets are reported in the Authority-wide statements and respective proprietary funds and are depreciated using the straight line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings	10 - 50
Infrastructure and improvements other than buildings	10 - 50
Mobile equipment, furniture, machinery, and equipment	5 - 20

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service. The Authority's proprietary funds capitalize interest as a component of capital assets constructed for its own use.

I. D. 9. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position and the governmental fund balance sheet may report separate sections of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

I. D. 10. DEBT, BOND DISCOUNT AND PREMIUM, AND DEFERRED AMOUNTS FROM REFUNDING

In the Authority-wide and proprietary financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method. The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond discounts and premiums are reported with bonds payable and deferred amounts from refunding are reported as deferred outflows in the statement of net position.

I. D. 11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Golf course employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts depending on tenure with the Authority. These benefits accumulate pro rata by pay period. The employee's right to use accumulated vacation and to receive an accumulated vacation payment upon termination vests after one year of employment. Sick leave accrues to employees at the rate of approximately 5 days per year with a maximum accrual of approximately 25 days. After one year of service, employees are entitled to a percentage of their sick leave balance upon termination.

I. D. 12. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. D. 13. TIF

TIF is a method of obtaining financing using future gains in taxes to finance current improvements which will create the conditions for those future gains. When a public project is carried out, the increase in the value of surrounding real estate, and perhaps new investment, generates increased property and sales tax revenues dedicated to finance the debt issued to pay for the project.

I. D. 14. FUND EQUITY

Fund Balance

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

Fund balance reported as non-spendable includes amounts not in spendable form or is not expected to be converted to cash including inventories, prepaid expenses, and advance funding. In addition, non-current assets which will eventually be converted to cash are reported as non-spendable when otherwise unassigned.

Restricted Fund Balance

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation including City ordinances approved by a vote of the Citizens.

Committed Fund Balance

Committed fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by a vote of the Board of Trustees. Commitments of fund balance do not lapse at year-end.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned by formal action of the City Finance Director.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes fund balance within the General Purpose Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Fund Balance Usage

The Authority uses restricted amounts when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts prohibiting such use, such as a grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Authority uses committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets and legally restricted amounts are reported separately from unrestricted net position.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The amount reported is calculated as total capital assets less accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt used to purchase the assets net of unspent portions. Unspent portions of debt, along with any amounts used to fund debt reserves, are included with restricted net position.

Restricted Net Position

Amounts reported as restricted for debt service include those amounts held in restricted accounts as required by the debt instrument. Restricted amounts held to pay bond interest are reduced by accrued interest payable. Net position restricted for capital projects include unspent debt proceeds legally restricted for capital outlays. Restricted net position also include purpose restrictions from enabling legislation and other external sources.

I. D. 15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority's risk management activities are recorded in the City Risk Management, the Oklahoma City Municipal Facilities Authority (OCMFA) Services funds and Oklahoma City Post-Employment Benefits Trust (OCPEBT). The purpose of these funds is to administer employee life, employee health, property and liability, workers' compensation, unemployment, and disability insurance programs of the City, in which the Authority participates. These funds account for the risk financing activities of the Authority and constitute a transfer of risk from the Authority.

The Authority pays premiums to the City included with other administrative chargebacks and has no other costs or liabilities related to risk management activities. Costs and liabilities for commercial insurance, stop-loss insurance, and claims paid are recorded in the City Risk Management Fund and the OCMFA Services Fund. Retiree health insurance claims costs and liabilities are reported in OCPEBT.

I. E. POLICIES RELATED TO REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

I. E. 1. MAJOR REVENUES

Governmental Fund

Program revenue reported in governmental activities include public events charges for services such as box office fees and management fees. Other charges for service include water taxi receipts.

General revenues reported in governmental activities include property ad valorem tax for TIF proceeds, investment income, naming rights and other operating income.

Proprietary Funds

Charges for services in the Golf Course Fund include green fees, driving range, café at the golf courses, locker and golf cart rental, and other non-operating revenue and interest income.

Non-operating interest income and payments from the City Hotel/Motel Tax Fund are the revenues recognized in the Fairgrounds Fund.

The Authority's Financial Service Fund has charges to City departments for natural gas service from third party providers and receives investment income.

I. E. 2. LEASE OPERATING AGREEMENTS

Fairgrounds

On October 3, 2006, the Authority and the City entered into a management agreement with the State Fair of Oklahoma, Inc. (Fair), a private, nonprofit corporation. Under terms of this agreement, all fairgrounds-related property, owned by the City and the Authority, is leased to the Fair. The Fair, in return, agrees to operate, manage, and maintain the fairgrounds.

Golf Facilities

The Authority leases the Lake Hefner, Lincoln Park, Trosper Park, and Earlywine Park golf facilities from the City. The lease agreements provide that all revenues generated by these assets will accrue to the Authority. Although each course is leased to the Authority individually, the terms of these leases are substantially the same. The Authority is responsible for all costs and expenses of operating and maintaining the golf facilities with the exception of water used for course maintenance, which is subsidized by the City's General Fund through payments to the Authority. The lease agreements require a nominal annual rental payment and provide that they shall remain in effect as long as revenue bonds of the Authority remain outstanding.

The Authority provides supervision of the operation and maintenance of the James E. Stewart Golf Course, pursuant to a joint resolution between the City and the Authority dated May 27, 1997.

The golf facilities are managed and maintained by employees of the Authority under advisory direction of a nine-member Golf Commission which is appointed by the Chairman of the Trustees (the Mayor) and approved by the Trustees. The golf facilities and golf system-related activity are recorded in the Authority's Golf Courses Fund.

Chickasaw Bricktown Ballpark (Ballpark)

As part of the City's Metropolitan Area Projects (MAPS) downtown revitalization program, a new downtown ballpark was constructed. On October 7, 1997, the City Council leased the new downtown ballpark and related facilities to the Authority for an initial 10 year term. The lease was extended to 2012 and will be extended automatically for the same rental and terms for two additional terms of five years each. On the same date, the Authority subleased the Ballpark to the Oklahoma City Athletic Club Limited Partnership that holds the franchise for the Oklahoma Redhawks baseball team. On September 24, 2014, The OKC TransitionCO acquired the rights and responsibilities of the sublease from the Oklahoma City Athletic Club and changed the name of the organization to the Oklahoma City Dodgers baseball team. The sublease is subject to the terms of a financing agreement to provide for the continued operations and maintenance of the Ballpark. The sublease requires annual rent equal to the greater of 7% of paid admissions for all events or \$150,000. Rentals are deposited by the Authority in a capital improvements account designated for future Ballpark capital improvements. This lease and sublease activity are reported in the General Purpose Fund.

On September 23, 2014, the Authority approved a \$1.00 facility fee charge to most ticketed events at the Ballpark. These proceeds will be remitted to the Authority for the purpose of making capital improvements and future capital maintenance.

Cox Convention Center, Chesapeake Energy Arena, and Civic Center Music Hall

The Authority leases the Cox Convention Center, Chesapeake Energy Arena, and Civic Center Music Hall (Civic Center) from the City. The amended lease, dated June 4, 2002, is for a twenty-five year period which began on May 11, 1999. The lease requires all of the proceeds derived from the operations of the leased premises to be paid as rental payments to the City. This lease and sublease activity are reported in the General Purpose Fund. On June, 19, 2018, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Civic Center Foundation (Foundation) for the management and operation of the Civic Center. In consideration of the Foundation's agreement to provide all necessary operating capital as well as accept the financial risk of operations, the City and the Authority agreed that the Foundation is entitled to receive and shall retain all net revenues realized through the Foundation's operation subject to the terms of the Agreement.

Oklahoma City Thunder

The Authority approved an agreement on April 15, 2008, with the Oklahoma City Thunder (Team) for use of the Chesapeake Energy Arena and National Basketball Association (NBA) Practice Facility during a 15-year initial term and five potential three-year renewal term(s).

The Team pays annual arena rent. Additional rent is to be paid for each pre-season and post-season home game. The Team pays the Authority the annual naming rights revenue and annual NBA practice facility rent. Rent and naming rights fees are subject to periodic consumer price index adjustments, capped at 3% annually. These activities are reported in the General Purpose Fund.

I. E. 3. MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

Cox Convention Center and Chesapeake Energy Arena

On October 19, 1999, the City and the Authority entered into a management agreement with Superior Management Group (SMG). Under the agreement, SMG agreed to manage and operate the Cox Convention Center and Chesapeake Energy Arena. SMG subcontracts with various entities to provide services including marketing, food and beverages for events at the facilities. The audited financial statements for SMG are available upon request from the City Finance department, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK, 73012.

Civic Center Music Hall

On June 19, 2018, the City and the Authority entered into a management agreement with the Civic Center Foundation (Foundation). Under the agreement, the Foundation agreed to manage and operate the Civic Center Music Hall. This includes, but is not limited to, presenting the annual Broadway season; administering suite leases; overseeing retail food and beverage services; providing event scheduling and ticketing services; and performing routine maintenance and general repairs. The Foundation has developed operating policies and procedures, with the approval of the Authority General Manager. The Foundation is also required to submit an annual performance report. The agreement will run through June 30, 2023, and can be renewed for four additional five-year terms, for a total of 25 years.

Golf Courses

The professional managers of the respective golf courses are contracted by the Authority under the terms of five-year professional services agreements. These professional services agreements provide for compensation to be paid monthly to the professional managers at a rate equal to a fixed fee plus a percentage of gross golf cart rentals and a percentage of all other operating revenues, including green fees, restaurant income, and driving range fees. The professional managers receive all the revenues from the sale and rental of golf merchandise, repairs to patrons' golf equipment, and golf lessons. However, they must bear substantially all the costs and expenses related to these activities.

The professional services agreements also require the Authority to provide health, life and dental insurance coverage to the professional managers, as well as retirement benefits.

Tennis Center

In January, 2010, the City and the Authority entered into an agreement for management and operations of the tennis program and facilities at the Oklahoma City Tennis Center with OKC Public Tennis, LLC, for the period of January 14, 2010, through January 14, 2013. On December 11, 2012, the City of Oklahoma City approved an amendment to the agreement extending the term for an additional three years. On April 21, 2015, a fourth amendment to the agreement was approved retroactive to January 14, 2013, through January 13, 2016. On August 18, 2016, the Authority entered into a new agreement for management and operations of the tennis program and facilities at the Oklahoma City Tennis Center. This agreement was retroactive for the period from January 14, 2016 through January 14, 2026. OKC Public Tennis, LLC assumes sole responsibility for management and compensation of the staff and management of the tennis program and facilities including tennis lessons, court rentals, tournaments, clinics, camps, pro shop operations, food and beverage services, and tennis equipment repairs, subject to overall policy direction and approval of the City and the Authority.

Rose State College

In June 2015, the first renewal of an agreement between Rose State College and the Authority was signed regarding the management of the Theater. The term of the agreement was extended from July 1, 2015, and through June 30, 2016. On June 21, 2016, the City of Oklahoma City approved a second renewal extending the agreement through June 30, 2017. On June 13, 2017, the City of Oklahoma City approved a third renewal extending the agreement through June 30, 2018. Under the terms of the agreement, the Civic Center staff is responsible for managing the theater and the City is reimbursed for all expenses incurred. These activities were reported in the General Purpose Fund. As of July 1, 2018, the Foundation is now responsible for the management of the Theater and in consideration for incurring all expenses will be entitled to receive all net revenues.

USA Softball Hall of Fame Complex and Stadium Facilities

In August 2014, the City and the Authority entered into an agreement for the management and operation of the USA Softball Hall of Fame Complex and the Stadium Facilities, with USA Softball, Inc. (formerly Amateur Softball Association of America). The term of the agreement is for a primary term of thirty-five (35) years, commencing on May 1, 2014, with an option belonging to USA Softball, Inc. to renew the lease for an additional thirty-five (35) years.

I. F. TAX STATUS

The Authority is exempt from Federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code for any trade or business related to the Authority's tax-exempt purpose or function.

I. G. RETAINAGES

It is the policy of the Authority to retain a percentage of construction contracts until a completed project has been accepted by the Trustees. Contractors may request to opt out of this retainage by providing a certificate of deposit with the City. The City holds the certificate of deposit and the Authority retains the risk of incurring costs related to a contractor's failure to perform. However, in the event of non-performance, the City calls the certificate and pays the proceeds to the Authority to cover any costs incurred. The Authority does not record the effect of holding the certificates of deposit.

I. H. REVENUE RESERVES

Capital Improvements

Effective May 1, 1995, the Golf Commission recommended and the Trustees of the Authority approved a surcharge on golf rounds. Current rates are \$0.50 to \$9.00 for daily rounds and \$350.00 to \$900.00 for annual rounds. These funds are generally used for the major renovation of existing courses. The use of these funds is subject to the approval of the Golf Commission and the Trustees of the Authority.

Operating Reserve

Golf courses are required to deposit \$0.50 to \$2.00 of each green fee to a savings account and amounts are generally spent as needed. Spending of these funds is recommended by the Golf Commission and approved by the Trustees of the Authority.

Equipment Replacement

Golf courses are required to deposit \$0.50 to \$4.00 of each cart rental to a savings account and amounts are generally spent as needed. Spending of these funds is recommended by the Golf Commission and approved by the Trustees of the Authority.

II. ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

II. A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned or the Authority will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's policy requires deposits to be 110 percent secured by collateral valued at market less the amount of the Federal depository insurance. Deposited funds may be invested in certificates of deposit in institutions with an established record of fiscal health, as determined by the bank's institutional rating provided by commercially available bank rating services or on performance evaluations conducted pursuant to the Federal Community Reinvestment Act, 12 United States Code, Section 2901. Collateral agreements must be approved prior to deposit of funds as provided by law. The City Council approves and designates a list of authorized depository institutions based on evaluation by the City Treasurer of the institutions' financial strength in accordance with the investment policy.

The general bond indentures for the Golf System Revenue Bonds and Fairgrounds Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds require the use of trust accounts. The bond accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The operating and maintenance account is used for resources set aside to make up deficiencies in operating and maintenance activities. The construction accounts are used for proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The bond reserve account is used for proceeds of revenue bond issuances set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the bond accounts, or to make the last bond principal and interest payments.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority's cash is collaterized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the name of the Authority or the City, less Federal depository insurance.

Investments

The Authority invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the Authority's financial position. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

2019								
		Fair Value/					Average	
		Carrying	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Measured at	Credit Quality/	Weighted Average
	Cost	Amount	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	<u>NAV (1)</u>	Ratings (2)	(months) (3)
POOLED								
INVESTMENTS								
Money								
market (4)(5)	\$3,440,800	\$3,440,800	\$3,440,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	AAA/Aaa	1.10
Federal								
Obligations	6,009,649	6,089,888	-	6,089,888	-	-	AA/Aaa	26.37
US Treasury								
Notes	2,985,216	2,984,948	-	2,984,948	-	-	AAA/Aaa	14.60
Fannie Mae	<u>2,991,221</u>	2,995,228	_=	2,995,228			AA/Aaa	16.87
Total pooled								
investments	15,426,886	<u>15,510,864</u>	<u>3,440,800</u>	12,070,064				
NON-POOLED								
INVESTMENTS								
Money								
market (4)(5)	7,322,696	7,322,696	7,322,696				AAA/Aaa	1.00
Total								
investments	<u>\$22,749,582</u>	<u>\$22,833,560</u>	<u>\$10,763,496</u>	<u>\$12,070,064</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		

(Continued)

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Investments (continued)

2018								
		Fair Value/					Average	
		Carrying	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Measured at	Credit Quality/	Weighted Average
	Cost	Amount	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	<u>NAV (1)</u>	Ratings (2)	(months) (3)
POOLED								
INVESTMENTS								
Money								
market (4)(5)	\$6,877,295	\$6,877,295	\$6,877,295	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	AAA/Aaa	1.50
Federal								
Obligations	3,017,017	2,945,669	-	2,945,669	-	-	AA/Aaa	29.43
US Treasury								
Notes	3,993,183	3,922,969	-	3,922,969	-	-	AAA/Aaa	21.60
Fannie Mae	3,012,966	2,969,678		2,969,678			AA/Aaa	14.63
Total pooled								
investments	16,900,461	16,715,611	6,877,295	9,838,316		_		
NON-POOLED								
INVESTMENTS								
Money								
market (4)(5)	13,119,331	<u>13,119,331</u>	13,119,331				AAA/Aaa	1.25
Total								
investments	<u>\$30,019,792</u>	<u>\$29,834,942</u>	<u>\$19,996,626</u>	<u>\$9,838,316</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		

(1) The net asset value (NAV) is a practical expedient to estimate fair value.

(2) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

(3) Interest rate risk is estimated using weighted average months to maturity.

(4) Cost approximates fair value.

(5) Consists solely of U.S. Treasury securities.

Fair Value Measurement

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value in the tables above. There have been no changes in the methodologies used.

An investment's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Money market funds are reported at cost which approximates fair value, are traded on active markets at quoted prices, and are valued at level 1.

Federal obligations consist of Federal Home Loan Bank notes. These securities use pricing models that maximize the use of observable inputs for similar securities and are valued at level 2. U.S. Treasury notes use similar pricing models and are also valued at level 2.

Investment Policy

The Authority's investment policy is maintained by the City Treasurer. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Authority funds may be invested in: (1) direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged; (2) Federal agency or U.S. government-sponsored enterprise obligations, participations, or other instruments, including those insured by or fully guaranteed as principal and interest by Federal agencies or U.S. government-sponsored enterprises; (3) collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions located in Oklahoma when secured by appropriate collateral or fully insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions located outside of Oklahoma; (4) repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral of direct obligations or obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities; (5) money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission which consist of authorized domestic securities with restrictions as specified in state law; (6) Savings accounts or certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and credit unions, to the extent the accounts are fully insured by Federal depository insurance; (7) State and Local Government Series (SLGS); (8) City direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bonds issued by a public trust of which the City is a beneficiary and judgments rendered against the City by a court of record, provided it is a prudent investment; (9) Prime commercial paper with a maturity date less than 180 days which represents less than 10% of the outstanding paper of an issuing corporation.

Under the policy, the Authority may not invest in reverse repurchase agreements, derivative instruments created from, whose value depends on, or is derived from, the value of one or more underlying assets or indices of asset values and/or has no call options prior to the desired maturity or is a variable rate instrument. Collateralization is further restricted to permitted investments shown previously as items (1) and (2).

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The policy provides that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, investments are not made in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. Certificates of deposit may not be purchased with maturities greater than 365 days from date of purchase.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Authority's investment in a single issuer. Cumulatively, portfolios of the Authority may not be invested in any given financial institution in excess of 5% of such institution's total assets excluding U.S. government securities and those issued by government sponsored enterprises, SLGS, and City judgments. Additionally, no more than 5% of the total Authority portfolio may be placed with any single financial institution excluding U.S. government securities and those issued by government sponsored enterprises, savings, money market funds, SLGS, City judgments, and repurchase agreements.

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Investment Type Limi	tations	Maturity Limitations Percentage of Total Invested Principal		
Percentage of Total Investe	ed Principal			
	<u>Maximum % (2)</u>		<u>Maximum % (4)</u>	
Repurchase agreements	100.0%	0-1 year	100%	
U.S. Treasury securities (3)	100.0	1-3 years	90	
Certificates of deposit	50.0	3-5 years	90	
Money market funds	100.0			
Savings accounts	100.0			
U.S. noncallable agencies securities	100.0			
U.S. callable agency securities	20.0			
Prime commercial paper	7.5			
City judgments	5.0			
(1) Specifically matched cash flows are ex	cluded.			

Portfolio Structure (1)

(2) For investments listed, there is no minimum percentage specified under the policy.

(3) Includes SLGS.

(4) For maturities limited to 0-1 year, the minimum percentages allowed under the policy are 5-25%.

The policy also allows surplus cash, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements to be collateralized with securities with longer maturities if such maturity does not exceed ten years.

Securities Held by Others

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Policy provides that investment collateral is held by a third party custodian with whom the City has a current custodial agreement in the Authority's name or be held in the name of both parties by the Federal Reserve Bank servicing Oklahoma. The Authority's unrestricted investments are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Authority, or its agent in the Authority's name.

Bond Indentures Restrictions

The bond indentures provide that investments mature in no more than six to sixty months, depending on the purpose of the funds and the requirements of the account in which funds are deposited.

Golf System Revenue Bonds

Golf course bond indentures restrict investing to governmental obligations; governmental obligations which have been stripped of their unmatured interest coupons and interest coupons which have been stripped from governmental obligations, provided that such obligations must be held by a third party; bonds, debentures, notes, or evidence of indebtedness issued by the: bank for cooperatives, federal home loan banks, federal land bank, federal financing bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Government National Mortgage Association, Student Loan Marketing Association; interest-bearing time or demand deposits, certificates of deposit or similar banking arrangements with any government securities dealer; certificates of deposit secured by collateral described in (1) and (2) above; investments fully insured by Federal depository insurance; repurchase agreements; money market accounts; commercial paper; shares of mutual funds; advanced refunding municipal bonds; and guaranteed investment contracts.

Fairgrounds Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds

Fairgrounds bond indentures restrict investing to governmental obligations; bonds, debentures, notes or evidence of indebtedness issued by the: export – import bank, Farmers Home Administration, General Services Administration, U.S. Maritime Administration, Small Business Administration, Government National Mortgage Association, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Federal Housing Administration; bonds or notes issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; commercial paper; money market accounts; advanced refunding municipal bonds; and certificates of deposit.

Restricted Deposits and Investments

	20	19	20	18
		Fairgrounds		Fairgrounds
	Golf System	Golf System Hotel Tax		Hotel Tax
	Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds
Bond principal and interest	\$755,878	\$3,120,758	\$734,434	\$3,042,205
Construction accounts	6,833	2,186,971	220,201	6,618,737
Bond reserve	<u>455,710</u>	<u>796,545</u>	<u>455,710</u>	783,211
	<u>\$1,218,421</u>	<u>\$6,104,274</u>	<u>\$1,410,345</u>	<u>\$10,444,153</u>

Compliance with State Requirements

Authority investment policy and the bond indentures, as well as the pension trust policy, are more restrictive than the requirements of Oklahoma law found in Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes and the standards of the Oklahoma Uniform Prudent Investor Act. These statutes restrict public Authority investing to the Prudent Investor Rule defined by Title 60 Oklahoma Statutes to consider the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the trust and to exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investment decisions must be evaluated not in isolation, but in the context of the trust portfolio as a whole and as a part of the overall investment strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the Authority.

II. B. RECEIVABLES AND UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS

Property Taxes Receivable

Revenues include TIF property tax collections. TIF property taxes from designated TIF districts are paid directly to the Authority. Taxes are levied annually on November 1. One-half of levied tax is due by December 31 and one-half is due by March 31. Major tax payments are received December through April. Lien dates for real property are in June and October, respectively. Property taxes receivable and related revenue include all amounts due the Authority regardless of when cash is received. Over time, substantially all property taxes are collected. In 2019 and 2018, respectively, the Authority recognized \$3,090 and \$3,074 in property taxes receivable.

Accounts Receivable

	2019	2018
Governmental activities		
Ticket and event receivables	\$1,837,281	\$790,996
Lease revenues receivables	239,384	254,043
Other receivables	<u>589,900</u>	<u>58,519</u>
	<u>\$2,666,565</u>	<u>\$1,103,558</u>
Business-type activities		
Golf course miscellaneous receivables	<u>\$5,766</u>	<u>\$493</u>

Advance Funding

The Authority advances funds to a management company to operate the City's business improvement districts. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$162,887 was unexpended.

II. C. INVENTORIES

	2019	2018
<i>Governmental activities</i> Food and beverage items and other supplies	<u>\$219,237</u>	<u>\$228,767</u>
Business-type activities		
Restaurant inventory	46,852	57,123
Cart barn and driving range supplies	41,057	33,817
Maintenance and janitorial supplies	233,880	241,545
	321,789	332,485
	<u>\$541,026</u>	\$561,252

II. D. PREPAID ASSETS

	2019	2018
Governmental activities		
Software license and support agreements	\$203,004	\$255,361
SMG operations	<u>33,232</u>	<u>8,845</u>
	236,236	<u>264,206</u>
Business-type activities		
Prepaid insurance	\$214,528	\$312,820
Software and vehicle maintenance	2,711	8,479
Business and vehicle insurance	<u>1,794</u>	<u>408</u>
	219,033	321,707
	<u>\$455,269</u>	<u>\$585,913</u>

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

II. E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in Capital Assets

	2019							
	Capita	al Assets, not deprec	iated		Capital Assets, depreciated			
			Total		Improvements	Furniture,	Total	Total
		Construction	Capital Assets,		Other Than	Machinery, and	Capital Assets,	Capital
	Land and Art	In Progress	not depreciated	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	depreciated	Assets, net
Governmental Activities								
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$8,912,295	\$203,962	\$9,116,257	\$50,729,266	\$45,614,434	\$21,955,797	\$118,299,497	\$127,415,754
Increases	320,690	75,223	395,913	-	-	529,754	529,754	925,667
Decreases						(235,066)	(235,066)	<u>(235,066)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>9,232,985</u>	279,185	<u>9,512,170</u>	50,729,266	45,614,434	22,250,485	118,594,185	128,106,355
ACCUMULATED								
DEPRECIATION								
Balance, June 30, 2018				12,256,955	18,698,129	13,274,307	44,229,391	44,229,391
Increases				1,233,076	1,519,139	1,968,329	4,720,544	4,720,544
Decreases						<u>(226,289)</u>	<u>(226,289)</u>	<u>(226,289)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2019				<u>13,490,031</u>	20,217,268	15,016,347	48,723,646	48,723,646
Total governmental								
activities	<u>9,232,985</u>	279,185	<u>9,512,170</u>	37,239,235	25,397,166	7,234,138	<u>69,870,539</u>	<u>79,382,709</u>
Business-type Activities								
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Balance, June 30, 2018	2,004,837	7,510,793	9,515,630	39,279,425	84,688,123	9,449,077	133,416,625	142,932,255
Increases	-	764,599	764,599	114,747	-	474,626	589,373	1,353,972
Decreases						(189,202)	(189,202)	<u>(189,202)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2019	2,004,837	8,275,392	10,280,229	<u>39,394,172</u>	84,688,123	<u>9,734,501</u>	133,816,796	144,097,025
ACCUMULATED								
DEPRECIATION								
Balance, June 30, 2018				9,323,250	68,266,045	6,754,779	84,344,074	84,344,074
Increases				894,373	3,963,535	609,672	5,467,580	5,467,580
Decreases						<u>(190,786)</u>	<u>(190,786)</u>	<u>(190,786)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2019				10,217,623	72,229,580	7,173,665	89,620,868	89,620,868
Total business-type								
activities	2,004,837	8,275,392	<u>10,280,229</u>	<u>29,176,549</u>	<u>12,458,543</u>	<u>2,560,836</u>	44,195,928	<u>54,476,157</u>
Total	<u>\$11,237,822</u>	<u>\$8,554,577</u>	<u>\$19,792,399</u>	<u>\$66,415,784</u>	<u>\$37,855,709</u>	<u>\$9,794,974</u>	<u>\$114,066,467</u>	<u>\$133,858,866</u>
								(continued)

(continued)

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Capital Assets (continued)

	2018							
	Capita		Capital Assets, depreciated					
			Total		Improvements	Furniture,	Total	Total
		Construction	Capital Assets,		Other Than	Machinery, and	Capital Assets,	Capital
	Land and Art	In Progress	not depreciated	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	depreciated	Assets, net
Governmental Activities								
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$8,546,040	\$1,818,280	\$10,364,320	\$50,721,266	\$45,614,434	\$15,795,765	\$112,131,465	\$122,495,785
Increases	363,426	11,541	374,967	8,000	-	4,537,002	4,545,002	4,919,969
Transfers	2,829	(1,625,859)	(1,623,030)			1,623,030	1,623,030	
Balance, June 30, 2018	8,912,295	203,962	9,116,257	50,729,266	45,614,434	21,955,797	118,299,497	127,415,754
ACCUMULATED								
DEPRECIATION								
Balance, June 30, 2017				10,110,836	16,996,478	11,404,440	38,511,754	38,511,754
Increases				2,146,119	<u>1,701,651</u>	<u>1,869,867</u>	5,717,637	5,717,637
Balance, June 30, 2018				<u>12,256,955</u>	<u>18,698,129</u>	13,274,307	44,229,391	44,229,391
Total governmental								
activities	8,912,295	<u>203,962</u>	9,116,257	38,472,311	<u>26,916,305</u>	<u>8,681,490</u>	74,070,106	83,186,363
Business-type Activities								
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Balance, June 30, 2017	2,004,837	694,468	2,699,305	39,279,425	84,688,123	8,632,502	132,600,050	135,299,355
Increases	-	6,816,542	6,816,542	-	-	1,105,414	1,105,414	7,921,956
Decreases	_	<u>(217)</u>	<u>(217)</u>			<u>(288,839)</u>	<u>(288,839)</u>	<u>(289,056)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2018	2,004,837	7,510,793	<u>9,515,630</u>	<u>39,279,425</u>	84,688,123	<u>9,449,077</u>	133,416,625	142,932,255
ACCUMULATED								
DEPRECIATION								
Balance, June 30, 2017				8,430,456	62,110,239	6,478,987	77,019,682	77,019,682
Increases				892,794	6,155,806	554,209	7,602,809	7,602,809
Decreases				-		<u>(278,417)</u>	<u>(278,417)</u>	<u>(278,417)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2018				9,323,250	68,266,045	<u>6,754,779</u>	84,344,074	84,344,074
Total business-type								
activities	<u>2,004,837</u>	7,510,793	<u>9,515,630</u>	<u>29,956,175</u>	<u>16,422,078</u>	<u>2,694,298</u>	<u>49,072,551</u>	<u>58,588,181</u>
Total	<u>\$10,917,132</u>	<u>\$7,714,755</u>	<u>\$18,631,887</u>	<u>\$68,428,486</u>	<u>\$43,338,383</u>	<u>\$11,375,788</u>	<u>\$123,142,657</u>	<u>\$141,774,544</u>

Depreciation Expense

Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Culture and recreation	\$3,589,113	\$4,858,232	Golf courses	\$913,004	\$910,483
Public services	<u>1,131,431</u>	859,405	Fairgrounds	4,554,576	6,692,326
	<u>\$4,720,544</u>	<u>\$5,717,637</u>		<u>\$5,467,580</u>	<u>\$7,602,809</u>

Capitalized Interest

	20	19	20	18
	Total Interest	Total Interest Capitalized		Capitalized
	Costs Incurred	Interest	Costs Incurred	Interest
Business-type Activities				
Fairgrounds	\$2,814,808	\$9,420	\$2,982,386	\$83,044
Golf Courses	360,105	<u>-</u>	388,638	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$3,174,913</u>	<u>\$9,420</u>	\$3,371,024	<u>\$83,044</u>

II. F. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred Amounts on Refunding

Deferred amounts on refundings of bonds results from a difference in the carrying value of refunded debt to its reaquisition price. Deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The Golf Courses Fund reported deferred amounts on refunding of \$2,391 less accumulated amortization of \$1,615 and \$1,432 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, related to the refunding of the 1998 Golf Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds. The Fairgrounds Fund reported deferred amounts on refunding of \$171,289 less accumulated amortization of \$7,613 related to the refunding of the 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds.

III. LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

III. A. UNEARNED REVENUES

	Governmental Activities		
CURRENT	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
SMG operations	\$6,126,458	\$5,326,073	
Digital Antennae Service (DAS) leases	334,866	325,366	
Utility Reimbursements	33,775	77,820	
Naming rights	<u>25,000</u>	25,000	
	<u>\$6.520.099</u>	<u>\$5.754.259</u>	
NON-CURRENT			
DAS leases	<u>\$399,830</u>	<u>\$532,710</u>	

III. B. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences balances changed from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 by accruals of \$113,264 and usages of \$102,713, and from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 by accruals of \$36,914 and usages of \$74,883.

III. C. REVENUE BONDS

Unamortized Bond Discount/Premium

	2019			2018		
-	Golf			Golf		
	Courses	Fairgrounds	Total	Courses	Fairgrounds	Total
Bonds payable	\$6,235,000	\$70,520,000	\$76,755,000	\$6,470,000	\$74,855,000	\$81,325,000
Bonds payable						
from private placements	4,090,000	-	4,090,000	4,700,000	-	4,700,000
Unamortized bond						
discount/premium	24,597	6,292,049	6,316,646	27,004	5,055,470	5,082,474
Bonds payable, net	<u>\$10,349,597</u>	<u>\$76,812,049</u>	<u>\$87,161,646</u>	<u>\$11,197,004</u>	<u>\$79,910,470</u>	<u>\$91,107,474</u>

Golf Courses Revenue Bonds

On September 1, 2010, the Private Placement Series 2010 Golf Courses Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued for \$8,465,000 and the proceeds were transferred to the Series 1998 Golf Courses Revenue Bond redemption trust account and were used to call the Series 1998 Golf Courses Revenue Bonds on October 1, 2010. Private Placement Series 2010 Golf Courses Revenue Refunding Bonds, less issue costs of \$68,979, along with the debt service reserve for the Series 1998 Golf Courses Revenue Bonds of \$954,625 and the balance of principal account of \$450,000 were used to defease the Series 1998 Golf Courses Revenue Bonds balance of \$9,780,000 leaving a balance of \$20,646 to be used for future projects. The Private Placement Series 2010 Golf Courses Revenue Bond issue interest rate is 3.15%.

On July 11, 2012, the Series 2012 Golf Courses Revenue Bonds were issued for \$7,565,000 to improve Lincoln Park Golf Course. The Series 2012 Golf Courses Revenue Bonds less issue costs of \$75,115 were used to supplement the City Series 2010 General Obligation Bond amount of \$2,250,000 to be used for construction and renovation of the course facilities. The average interest rate on these bonds is 2.81%.

Fairgrounds Hotel/Motel Tax Revenue Bonds

On December 14, 2004, City voters approved a 5.5% hotel tax for the purpose of encouraging, promoting and fostering convention and tourism for the City. Pursuant to the security agreement, the City agrees on a year to year basis to transfer the hotel tax revenues to the Authority.

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from the trust estate pledged under the indenture consisting of the convention and tourism development portion and the fairgrounds development portion of the hotel tax revenues received by the Authority from the City pursuant to the security agreement described below. Interest on the bonds is payable each April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2006. The indenture requires the use of project, principal, interest, and reserve accounts.

The fairgrounds are owned by the City and leased to the Authority pursuant to a lease agreement dated November 1, 1961, as amended. The term of the lease has been extended for as long as the bonds remain outstanding.

On August 1, 2007, the Authority issued \$20 million in Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.24%. Total proceeds included \$322,145 in discount. Issuance costs were \$396,920. Net proceeds of \$19,280,935 are used to fund various fairgrounds renovations, primarily the Norick Coliseum, the prime location for all equine events. Other significant uses of funds include a new gateway, security fencing, transportation trams, parking lots and associated drainage. These bonds were paid in full with the proceeds from the issuance of the Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018.

On October 1, 2011, the Authority issued \$9,285,000 in Series 2011 Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds. The proceeds of \$9,183,007 from the bonds, less \$183,007 in issuance costs, will be used to finance the construction and renovation of the fairgrounds facilities.

On July 30, 2015, the Authority issued \$58,305,000 in Series 2015 Hotel Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds. Total proceeds included \$7,372,124 in premium. Issuance costs were \$242,562. Net proceeds of \$20,007,200 will be used to fund infrastructure improvements. The Series 2015 Hotel Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds defeased \$43,860,000 of Series 2005 Hotel Tax refunding revenue bonds and was used to call \$1,800,000 in Series 2012 Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds.

On October 1, 2018, the Authority issued \$14,400,000 in Series 2018 Hotel Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds. Total proceeds included \$1,778,371 in premium. Issuance costs were \$215,383. Net proceeds of \$16,104,735 defeased \$15,913,804 of Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds.

Bonded Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Golf System Bonds

	Р	rivate Placement				
	Golf System Series 2010 Golf System Series 2012			12		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$630,000	\$118,912	\$748,912	\$240,000	\$211,515	\$451,515
2021	650,000	98,753	748,753	250,000	204,165	454,165
2022	670,000	77,962	747,962	255,000	196,590	451,590
2023	690,000	56,543	746,543	265,000	188,790	453,790
2024	715,000	34,413	749,413	275,000	180,690	455,690
2025-2029	735,000	11,576	746,576	1,500,000	770,346	2,270,346
2030-2034	-	-	-	1,770,000	490,056	2,260,056
2035-2039				1,680,000	132,630	1,812,630
	<u>\$4,090,000</u>	<u>\$398,159</u>	<u>\$4,488,159</u>	<u>\$6,235,000</u>	<u>\$2,374,782</u>	<u>\$8,609,782</u>

Fairgrounds Bonds

	Fairgrounds Series 2011			Fair	grounds Series 20	015
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$130,000	\$353,994	\$483,994	\$2,710,000	\$2,314,750	\$5,024,750
2021	135,000	349,356	484,356	2,850,000	2,175,750	5,025,750
2022	140,000	344,544	484,544	2,995,000	2,029,625	5,024,625
2023	145,000	339,104	484,104	3,150,000	1,876,000	5,026,000
2024	150,000	333,020	483,020	3,310,000	1,714,500	5,024,500
2025-2029	850,000	1,564,858	2,414,858	19,280,000	5,845,000	25,125,000
2030-2034	5,585,000	752,046	6,337,046	7,500,000	2,043,750	9,543,750
2035-2039	1,335,000	91,916	1,426,916	4,505,000	994,125	5,499,125
2040				1,350,000	33,750	1,383,750
	<u>\$8,470,000</u>	<u>\$4,128,838</u>	<u>\$12,598,838</u>	<u>\$47,650,000</u>	<u>\$19,027,250</u>	<u>\$66,677,250</u>

(continued)

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Fairgrounds Bonds (continued)

	Fairgrounds Series 2018				
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2020	\$175,000	\$693,300	\$868,300		
2021	180,000	686,200	866,200		
2022	190,000	678,800	868,800		
2023	195,000	671,100	866,100		
2024	205,000	663,100	868,100		
2025-2029	1,145,000	3,189,250	4,334,250		
2030-2034	12,310,000	2,108,000	14,418,000		
	<u>\$14,400,000</u>	<u>\$8,689,750</u>	<u>\$23,089,750</u>		

Revenue Bonds Outstanding

					2019	2018
	Amount	Interest	Issue	Principal		
	Issued	Rate %	Date	Maturity Date	Balance	Balance
Private placement						
Golf System, Series 2010	\$8,465,000	3.15	09-01-10	10-01-23	\$4,090,000	\$4,700,000
Golf System, Series 2012	7,565,000	0.45 - 3.85	07-11-12	10-01-37	6,235,000	6,470,000
Fairgrounds, Series 2007A	20,000,000	4.0 - 4.5	08-01-07	10-01-34	-	16,035,000
Fairgrounds, Series 2011	9,285,000	2.0 - 4.5	10-01-11	10-01-36	8,470,000	8,595,000
Fairgrounds, Series 2015	58,305,000	3.0 - 5.0	07-30-15	10-01-39	47,650,000	50,225,000
Fairgrounds, Series 2018	14,400,000	3.0 - 5.0	10-01-18	10-01-33	14,400,000	
					<u>\$80,845,000</u>	<u>\$86,025,000</u>

Bond Coverage

Golf System Bonds

•	2019	2018
Gross revenue, including non-operating revenues		
and payments from the City	\$8,641,117	\$9,503,909
Direct operating expenses, excluding other		
post-employment benefit expense, payments		
to the City, depreciation and amortization	<u>6,879,790</u>	7,658,811
Net revenue available for debt service	<u>\$1,761,327</u>	<u>\$1,845,098</u>
Principal amounts	\$990,000	\$825,000
Interest amounts	215,104	383,037
Total debt service requirements	<u>\$1,205,104</u>	<u>\$1,208,037</u>
Revenue bond coverage	<u>1.46</u>	<u>1.53</u>

The bond indentures require the payment of principal and interest before any other expenditures may be made. Gross revenues and expenses for golf bonds exclude James E. Stewart Golf Course and direct operating expenses exclude administrative payments to the City. In addition, depreciation and amortization expenses are excluded from the direct operating expenses as they do not affect funds available for debt service. Principal and interest is the maximum debt service paid in any year for bond covenants coverage calculations for Series 2012 golf bonds. The required revenue bond coverage is 1.1 for golf bonds.

Fairgrounds Bonds

	2019	2018
Gross revenue, including non-operating revenues and payments from the City	<u>\$14,239,938</u>	<u>\$13,929,948</u>
Principal amounts	\$2,700,000	\$2,725,000
Interest amounts	3,147,612	3,621,869
Total debt service requirements	<u>\$5,847,612</u>	<u>\$6,346,869</u>
Revenue bond coverage	<u>2.44</u>	<u>2.19</u>

Gross revenues for the fairgrounds bonds are 10/11ths of the recognized hotel/motel taxes collected by the City and pledged to the debt. No direct expenses are included as the operations of the fairgrounds are not reported as part of the Authority. There is no required revenue bond coverage for fairground bonds.

Bond Defeasance

Current Year Defeasance

Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds

On October 1, 2018, the Authority issued \$14,400,000 in Series 2018 Hotel Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, with an average interest rate (coupon) of 4.92% to advance refund \$15,875,000 of Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds. Total proceeds include \$1,778,371 in premium. As a result, Series 2007A Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds, in the amount disclosed, is considered defeased as of the issuance date and the liability for the bonds removed from the financial statements in the period of the defeasance. The Authority advance refunded these bonds for the recent decline in interest rates and achieved an economic gain of approximately \$1,101,881.

III. D. SEGMENT INFORMATION AND PLEDGED REVENUES

The Authority issued revenue bonds to support its golf course activities and fairgrounds improvements. The Authority financial statements report revenue-supported debt. In 2019 and 2018 the Authority recognized \$7,973,245 and \$8,572,711 in golf course revenues excluding James E. Stewart Golf Course, respectively, and \$8,434,869 and \$8,339,218 in hotel/motel tax payments from the City to the Fairgrounds Fund, respectively.

III. E. ARBITRAGE COMPLIANCE

Proceeds from tax-exempt revenue bonds issued after September 1, 1986, are subject to the 1986 Tax Reform Act. The Authority invests, records, and reports these proceeds in the manner set forth by the U.S. Treasury and Internal Revenue Service to maintain the tax-exempt status of the bonds. The Authority did not have an arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

III. F. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

	2019						
		Change in					
	Balance	Accounting			Balance	Due Within	Due After
	July 1, 2018	Principle	Issued	Retired	June 30, 2019	One Year	One Year
Primary Authority							
Business-type Activities							
COMPENSATED ABSENCES							
Golf Courses Fund	<u>\$159,205</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$113,264	<u>\$102,713</u>	<u>\$169,756</u>	\$52,620	<u>\$117,136</u>
<u>REVENUE BONDS</u>							
Golf Courses Fund	6,497,005	-	-	237,408	6,259,597	240,000	6,019,597
Golf Courses Fund							
from private placement	4,700,000	-	-	610,000	4,090,000	630,000	3,460,000
Fairgrounds Fund	<u>79,910,469</u>	_	16,178,371	19,276,791	76,812,049	<u>3,015,000</u>	73,797,049
Total revenue bonds <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY</u>	<u>91,107,474</u>		<u>16,178,371</u>	20,124,199	87,161,646	<u>3,885,000</u>	83,276,646
Golf Courses Fund	<u>7,985,496</u>	_	202,423	<u>2,338,242</u>	<u>5,849,677</u>		<u>5,849,677</u>
Total business-type							
activities	<u>99,252,175</u>	_	16,494,058	22,565,154	<u>93,181,079</u>	<u>3,937,620</u>	89,243,459
Total primary							
Authority	<u>\$99,252,175</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$16,494,058</u>	<u>\$22,565,154</u>	<u>\$93,181,079</u>	<u>\$3,937,620</u>	<u>\$89,243,459</u>
				2018	}		
		Change in					
	Balance	Accounting			Balance	Due Within	Due After
					June 30, 2018	0 V	
	July 1, 2017	Principle	Issued	Retired	June 30, 2018	One Year	One Year
Primary Authority	<u>July 1, 2017</u>	Principle	Issued	<u>Retired</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Business-type Activities	<u>July 1, 2017</u>	<u>Principle</u>	Issued	<u>Retired</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>One Year</u>
• •	<u>July 1, 2017</u>	<u>Principle</u>	Issued	<u>Retired</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Business-type Activities	<u>July 1, 2017</u> <u>\$197,174</u>	<u>Principle</u> <u>\$ -</u>	<u>Issued</u> <u>\$36,914</u>	<u>Retired</u> <u>\$74,883</u>	<u>sune 30, 2018</u> <u>\$159,205</u>	<u>One Year</u> <u>\$45,656</u>	<u>One Year</u> <u>\$113,549</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES		-					
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund		-					
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund	\$197,174	-		<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496	<u>\$159,205</u>	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004
Business-type Activities <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>REVENUE BONDS</u> Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement	<u>\$197,174</u> 6,729,500 5,295,000	-		<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000	<u>\$159,205</u> 6,497,004 4,700,000	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund	<u>\$197,174</u> 6,729,500	-	<u>\$36,914</u>	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496	<u>\$159,205</u> 6,497,004	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004
Business-type Activities <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>REVENUE BONDS</u> Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds	<u>\$197,174</u> 6,729,500 5,295,000	<u>\$-</u> -	<u>\$36,914</u> -	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000	<u>\$159,205</u> 6,497,004 4,700,000	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u>	\$197,174 6,729,500 5,295,000 83,260,025 95,284,525	<u>\$-</u> -	<u>\$36,914</u> - - 	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000 <u>3,349,555</u> <u>4,177,051</u>	<u>\$159,205</u> 6,497,004 4,700,000 <u>79,910,470</u>	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000 <u>2,860,000</u>	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund	<u>\$197,174</u> 6,729,500 5,295,000 <u>83,260,025</u>	<u>\$-</u> -	<u>\$36,914</u> -	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000 <u>3,349,555</u>	<u>\$159,205</u> 6,497,004 4,700,000 <u>79,910,470</u>	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000 <u>2,860,000</u>	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY</u>	\$197,174 6,729,500 5,295,000 83,260,025 95,284,525 20,413	<u>\$-</u> - - -	\$36,914 - - - 241,340	\$74,883 232,496 595,000 3,349,555 4,177,051 261,753	\$159,205 6,497,004 4,700,000 79,910,470 91,107,474 	\$45,656 235,000 610,000 2,860,000 3,705,000	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u> <u>87,402,474</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund	\$197,174 6,729,500 5,295,000 83,260,025 95,284,525	<u>\$-</u> - 	<u>\$36,914</u> - - 	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000 <u>3,349,555</u> <u>4,177,051</u>	\$159,205 6,497,004 4,700,000 79,910,470 91,107,474	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000 <u>2,860,000</u> <u>3,705,000</u>	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u> <u>87,402,474</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>Total business-type</u>	\$197,174 6,729,500 5,295,000 83,260,025 95,284,525 20,413 4,493,675	<u>\$ -</u> - <u>3,990,235</u>	<u>\$36,914</u> - - - 241,340 951,598	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000 <u>3,349,555</u> <u>4,177,051</u> <u>261,753</u> <u>1,450,012</u>	\$159,205 6,497,004 4,700,000 79,910,470 91,107,474 7,985,496	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000 <u>2,860,000</u> <u>3,705,000</u> 	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u> <u>87,402,474</u> <u>-</u> <u>7,985,496</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>Total business-type</u> activities	\$197,174 6,729,500 5,295,000 83,260,025 95,284,525 20,413	<u>\$-</u> - - -	\$36,914 - - - 241,340	\$74,883 232,496 595,000 3,349,555 4,177,051 261,753	\$159,205 6,497,004 4,700,000 79,910,470 91,107,474 	\$45,656 235,000 610,000 2,860,000 3,705,000	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u> <u>87,402,474</u>
Business-type Activities COMPENSATED ABSENCES Golf Courses Fund REVENUE BONDS Golf Courses Fund Golf Courses Fund from private placement Fairgrounds Fund Total revenue bonds <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY</u> Golf Courses Fund <u>Total business-type</u>	\$197,174 6,729,500 5,295,000 83,260,025 95,284,525 20,413 4,493,675	<u>\$ -</u> - <u>3,990,235</u>	<u>\$36,914</u> - - - 241,340 951,598	<u>\$74,883</u> 232,496 595,000 <u>3,349,555</u> <u>4,177,051</u> <u>261,753</u> <u>1,450,012</u>	\$159,205 6,497,004 4,700,000 79,910,470 91,107,474 7,985,496	<u>\$45,656</u> 235,000 610,000 <u>2,860,000</u> <u>3,705,000</u> 	<u>\$113,549</u> 6,262,004 4,090,000 <u>77,050,470</u> <u>87,402,474</u> <u>-</u> <u>7,985,496</u>

III. G. GUARANTEED DEBT

A guarantee of debt represents a promise to meet any debt service requirements that falls short without the expectation or requirement of benefit to the City. The City has provided a guarantee of the debt for the Authority. Although the guarantee must be approved each year by City Council, the guarantee is required to be intact as part of the debt instrument. The City has not and does not expect to act on any of these guarantees.

	2019		2018	
	Amount	Total Amount	Amount	Total Amount
	Guaranteed (1)	Outstanding (2)	Guaranteed (1)	Outstanding (2)
<i>Business-Type Activities</i> Golf Courses bonded debt	<u>\$1,200,427</u>	<u>\$10,325,000</u>	<u>\$1,202,082</u>	<u>\$11,170,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ The amount guaranteed is only the amount of debt service due on or before June 30, 2020 and 2019, and covered under the guarantee effective June 30, 2019 and 2018. It is anticipated that the guarantees will be renewed annually.

(2) The amount outstanding does not include interest.

The City has executed an agreement of support which guarantees the City will fund bond reserve requirements for the Series 2012 Golf Courses Revenue Bonds. Under Oklahoma law, the City may only be obligated to transfer up to the end of it's fiscal year (June 30) and has no legal obligation or promise to transfer beyond it's fiscal year. The debt instruments recognize the limitations set by state law and the City's moral obligation to renew the guarantees. The debt instruments require the City to renew the guarantees annually. The City did not and was not required to fund bond reserve requirements for the Authority in 2019 or any preceding year in which the debt was outstanding.

III. H. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Unavailable Revenue

	2019	2018
OKC Dodgers facility Fees	\$539,611	\$ -
Bricktown ballpark rent	168,542	168,542
SMG event receivables	220,116	220,116
Investment earnings	12,194	10,353
Property tax	<u>3,090</u>	<u>3,075</u>
	\$943,553	\$402,086

Deferred Amount on Refunding

Deferred amounts on refundings of bonds results from a difference in the carrying value of refunded debt to its reaquisition price. Deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The Fairgrounds Fund reported a deferred amount on refunding related to the refunding of the 2005 Series Hotel Tax Revenue Bonds of \$212,712, less accumulated amortization of \$58,464 at June 30, 2019 and \$43,537 at June 30, 2018.

IV. FUND EQUITY

Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2017, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This changed its method of accounting and recognized an additional net OPEB liability of \$3,990,235 and reduced net position by \$3,748,232 resulting in a deferred outflow of \$242,003.

IV. A. FUND BALANCE

Non-spendable Fund Balance

	2019	2018
Inventories	\$219,237	\$228,767
Prepaids	236,236	264,206
Advance funding	<u>162,887</u>	162,887
	\$618,360	\$655,860

Restricted Fund Balance

	2019	2018
Restricted for TIF districts	\$89,069	\$77,227
Restricted for special improvement districts	102,187	98,682
Restricted for business improvement districts	14,820	92,994
Restricted for Cox Convention Center maintenance	866,372	862,160
Restricted for NBA practice facility	747,922	625,177
Restricted for Civic Center improvements	185,746	406,738
Restricted for Ballpark capital improvements	517,698	539,311
Restricted for Chesapeake Energy Arena capital improvements	1,001,522	726,416
Restricted for Softball Hall of Fame donations	<u>117,620</u>	<u>35,985</u>
	<u>\$3,642,956</u>	<u>\$3,464,690</u>
Committed Fund Balance		
	2019	2018
Committed for metropolitan area projects use tax capital projects	<u>\$705,852</u>	<u>\$557,088</u>
Assigned Fund Balance		
	2019	2018
Assigned for Metropolitan Area Projects support	\$808,552	\$790,580
Assigned for the centennial land run project	129,546	429,276
Assigned for fairgrounds electricity	128,988	124,636
Assigned for Oklahoma City Redhawks utility reimbursements	31,830	30,524
Assigned for Civic Center parking	-	441,502
Assigned for Civic Center promotions	-	172,825
Assigned for water taxi and canal operations	255,397	237,374
Assigned for non-capital equipment replacement	1,888,376	844,798
Assigned for SMG operations	2,916,788	2,852,888
Assigned for NBA practice facility	12,346	34,189
Assigned for NBA practice facility Assigned for Oklahoma River sediment removal	12,346 847,597	34,189 1,813,293
• • •		

(continued)

<u>\$8,319,375</u>

<u>\$7,342,961</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned

	2019	2018
Unassigned	<u>\$27,615</u>	<u>\$833,818</u>

IV. B. NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets

		2019			2018	
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Capital assets, net	\$79,382,709	\$54,476,157	\$133,858,866	\$83,186,363	\$58,588,181	\$141,774,544
Retainages and capital related						
accounts payable	(293,790)	(260,001)	(553,791)	(432,095)	(1,071,995)	(1,504,090)
Bonds payable, net	-	(87,161,646)	(87,161,646)	-	(91,107,474)	(91,107,474)
Deferred amount on refunding	-	10,204	10,204	-	(168,216)	(168,216)
Bond accounts funded with						
bond proceeds	-	2,649,491	2,649,491	-	7,293,208	7,293,208
Bond issuance costs paid from						
bond proceeds		731,930	731,930		952,746	952,746
	<u>\$79,088,919</u>	<u>(\$29,553,865)</u>	<u>\$49,535,054</u>	<u>\$82,754,268</u>	<u>(\$25,513,550)</u>	<u>\$57,240,718</u>

Restricted for Capital Projects

		2019			2018	
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Sports facility sales tax capital projects	\$1,924,583	\$ -	\$1,924,583	\$1,572,545	\$ -	\$1,572,545
Bond construction account	-	2,193,804	2,193,804	-	6,838,938	6,838,938
Bond construction account funded with						
bond proceeds	-	(2,193,804)	(2,193,804)	-	(6,837,823)	(6,837,823)
Restricted for other capital projects	186,095		186,095	36,170		36,170
	<u>\$2,110,678</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,110,678</u>	<u>\$1,608,715</u>	<u>\$1,115</u>	<u>\$1,609,830</u>

Restricted for Debt Service

		2019			2018	
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Bond principal and interest accounts	\$ -	\$3,876,636	\$3,876,636	\$ -	\$3,776,639	\$3,776,639
Bond reserve accounts	-	1,252,255	1,252,255	-	1,238,921	1,238,921
Bond reserve funded with bond proceeds	-	(455,691)	(455,691)	-	(455,691)	(455,691)
Current bond interest payable		<u>(944,880)</u>	<u>(944,880)</u>		<u>(989,756)</u>	<u>(989,756)</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$3,728,320</u>	<u>\$3,728,320</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$3,570,113</u>	<u>\$3,570,113</u>

(continued)

Net Position (continued)

Restricted for Culture and Recreation

	2019			2018			
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Restricted for Cox Convention							
Center maintenance	\$1,031,291	\$ -	\$1,031,291	\$1,098,146	\$ -	\$1,098,146	
Restricted for Chesapeake Energy							
Arena capital improvements	1,002,430		1,002,430	726,933		726,933	
	<u>\$2,033,721</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,033,721</u>	<u>\$1,825,079</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$1,825,079</u>	

Restricted for Public Services

		2019			2018	
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Restricted for TIF districts	\$3,092	\$ -	\$3,092	\$77,227	\$ -	\$77,227
Restricted for business						
improvement districts	166,095	<u> </u>	166,095	<u>191,676</u>		<u>191,676</u>
	<u>\$169,187</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$169,187</u>	<u>\$268,903</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$268,903</u>

Unrestricted

	2019			2018		
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Unrestricted	<u>\$6,404,967</u>	<u>(\$1,282,638)</u>	<u>\$5,122,329</u>	<u>\$4,453,353</u>	<u>(\$3,548,519)</u>	<u>\$904,834</u>

IV. C. DEFICIT FUND NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

Deficits resulting from accrual reporting do not constitute violations of Oklahoma State Statutes.

Deficit Fund Net Position

OCPPA Fairgrounds

Deficit net position at June 30, 2019 and 2018 of \$22,279,685 and \$19,945,793, respectively, is the result of depreciation of capital assets as construction projects are completed.

OCPPA Golf Courses

Deficit net position at June 30, 2019 and 2018 of \$4,857,847 and \$5,579,250, respectively, is the result of significant debt financing of capital assets with tight operating budgets.

V. REVENUES AND EXPENSES

V. A. LEASE REVENUES

The Authority leases digital antenna system sectors in the Cox Convention Center and the Chesapeake Energy Arena to various mobile data coverage providers. The providers pay an annual license fee per each sector leased inside of the building to enhance the data coverage for the facility. The leases are paid annually under a five year initial agreement with an additional renewal agreement of five years available at the commencement of the first agreement. These leases are non-cancelable operating leases. Rental income through June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$710,282 and \$644,258, respectively.

In July 2009, OCPPA and the Professional Basketball Club, LLC entered into a fifteen year lease agreement for the use of a National Basketball Association practice facility. There are five renewal terms of three years each. The annual rental income is \$100,000 which is subject to adjustment beginning with the commencement of the sixth operating year. Adjustments are based upon increases in the consumer price index capped at 3% annually.

In September 2014, The OKC TransitionCO acquired the rights and responsibilities of a sublease for the Chickasaw Bricktown Ballpark from the Oklahoma City Athletic Club. The sublease is subject to the terms of a financing agreement to provide for the continued operations and maintenance of the Ballpark. The sublease requires annual rent equal to the greater of 7% of paid admissions for all events or \$150,000. Rentals are deposited by the Authority in a capital improvements account designated for future Ballpark capital improvements.

Minimum Rentals on Non-Cancelable Leases

2020	\$525,406
2021	415,680
2022	362,641
2023	140,323
	<u>\$1,444,050</u>
Rental income (1)	<u>\$1,329,367</u>

(1) Rental income does not include revenues received for golf cart rentals.

VI. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

All activity between governmental and business-type activities are eliminated and any residual balances outstanding between the activities are reported in the Authority-wide financial statements as internal balances.

VI. A. INTERFUND BALANCES

Due Within the Golf Courses

Amounts due within the golf courses represent unpaid balances from the golf courses to the golf system for daily revenue surcharges, equipment fund, operating reserve and administrative charges for equipment purchases, additional expenses, and debt service payments.

Due Within the Golf Courses (continued)

				2019							
	DUE TO										
			(Golf Courses Fund							
	Lake Hefner	Lincoln Park	Trosper Park	Earlywine Park	James	Golf Course					
	Golf Course	Golf Course	Golf Course	Golf Course	Stewart 5	<u>System</u>	Total				
DUE FROM											
Lake Hefner	\$ -	(\$1,743)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(\$51,021)	(\$52,764)				
Lincoln	1,743	-	775	1,485	387	(67,168)	(62,778)				
Trosper	-	(775)	-	-	-	(10,808)	(11,583)				
Earlywine	-	(387)	-	-	-	(31,570)	(31,957)				
James Stewart	-	(1,485)	-	-	-	-	(1,485)				
Golf Course System	<u>51,021</u>	<u>67,168</u>	<u>10,808</u>	<u>31,570</u>			160,567				
	\$52,764	<u>\$62,778</u>	<u>\$11,583</u>	<u>\$33,055</u>	<u>\$387</u>	<u>(\$160,567)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>				

	2018										
	DUE TO										
				Golf Courses Fund							
	Lake Hefner	Lincoln Park	Trosper Park	Earlywine Park	James	Golf Course					
	Golf Course	Golf Course	Golf Course	Golf Course	Stewart	System	Total				
DUE FROM											
Lake Hefner	\$ -	(\$1,743)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(\$38,970)	(\$40,713)				
Lincoln	1,743	-	775	1,485	387	(53,227)	(48,837)				
Trosper	-	(775)	-	-	-	(13,550)	(14,325)				
Earlywine	-	(1,485)	-	-	-	(29,368)	(30,853)				
James Stewart	-	(387)	-	-	-	(387)	(774)				
Golf Course System	37,227	57,617	12,775	27,883		_	135,502				
	<u>\$38,970</u>	<u>\$53,227</u>	<u>\$13,550</u>	<u>\$29,368</u>	<u>\$387</u>	<u>(\$135,502)</u>	<u>s -</u>				

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Payable To/Receivable From the City

			2019			
		Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	
		General	Golf Courses	Fairgrounds	Financial	
	Purpose	Purpose Fund	Fund	Fund	Services Fund	Total
Receivable From						
Special Revenue Fund	Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,024,636	\$ -	\$2,024,636
City Capital						
Improvements Fund	Unspent Transfers	82,452				
		<u>\$82,452</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,024,636</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$2,024,636</u>
Payable To		<u>,</u>	<u></u>		*	<u></u>
CURRENT						
City General Fund	Administrative charges					
	and utilities	\$234,001	\$212,057	\$86,091	\$ -	\$298,148
	TIF district #6 payable	57,896	-	-	-	-
City Special Districts (BID)	Cost reimbursement	117,010	-	-	-	-
	Other charges	105,900	-	-	-	-
City Schools Use Tax Fund	Hockey payable	113,013	-	-	-	-
OCMFA Services Fund	Golf cart payable		188,250			188,250
		<u>\$627,820</u>	<u>\$400,307</u>	<u>\$86,091</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$486,398</u>
NON-CURRENT						
City General Fund	TIF district #6 payable	\$700,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City Schools Use Tax Fund	Hockey payable	1,868,197	-	-	-	-
OCMFA Services Fund	Golf cart payable		<u>104,594</u>		_=	104,594
		<u>\$2,568,617</u>	<u>\$104,594</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$104,594</u>

(continued)

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Payable To/Receivable From the City (continued)

Payable 10/Kecelvable Fl	rom the City (continuea)					
			2018			
		Governmental				
		Activities			pe Activities	
		General	Golf Courses	Fairgrounds	Financial	
	Purpose	Purpose Fund	Fund	Fund	Services Fund	<u>Total</u>
Receivable From						
City General Fund	Operating expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$754,907	\$ -	\$754,907
City Capital						
Improvements Fund	Unspent capital	177,319	-	-	-	-
		<u>\$177,319</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$754,907</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$754,907</u>
<u>Payable To</u>						
CURRENT						
City General Fund	Administration charges and utilities	\$571,322	\$44,558	\$ -	\$ -	\$44,558
	TIF district #6 payable	56,687	-	-	-	-
	DAS payable	150,000	-	-	-	-
City MAPS Operations Fund	DAS payable	185,000	-	-	-	-
City Special Districts Fund	Cost reimbursement	191,679	-	-	-	-
City Schools Use Tax Fund	Hockey payable	110,900	-	-	-	-
MAPS3 Use Tax Fund	Convention center	58,678	-	-	-	-
City Hotel/Motel Fund	Debt service	-	-	754,906	-	754,906
OCMFA Services Fund	Sound system payable	1,276,657	-	-	-	-
	Golf cart payable		259,865			259,865
		\$2,600,923	\$304,423	\$754,906	<u>s</u> -	\$1,059,329
NON-CURRENT						
City General Fund	TIF district #6 payable	\$757,211	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City Schools Use Tax Fund	Hockey payable	1,939,131	-	-	-	-
OCMFA Services Fund	Sound system payable	2,517,676	-	-	-	-
	Golf cart payable	_ =	292,285			292,285
		\$5,214,018	\$292,285	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$292,285
	Gon cart payable	<u>\$5,214,018</u>				<u>\$292,285</u>

Advances Within the City

Civic Center Sound System Payable

On August 1, 2017, the City approved a Transfer of Funds and Repayment Agreement (Agreement) between the OCMFA and the OCPPA to purchase a sound system for the Civic Center Music Hall and related financial transactions according to the terms of the Agreement. The Agreement provides a principal amount of \$3,706,000 at an interest rate of 2.64% to be repaid in six annual payments. On July 1, 2018, the Civic Center Foundation assumed the Agreement and will repay the remaining five payments according to the terms outlined in the original Agreement. As a result of this, the outstanding balance between OCMFA and the Authority have been removed. The balance of the loan at June 30, 2018 was \$3,706,000 and \$88,333 of accrued interest.

TIF District #6 Payable

On October 14, 2008, the Authority received \$1,031,653 from the City City and Schools Use Tax Fund. The funds were used to repay the line of credit related to TIF District #6. The loan was repaid by the City General Fund and the General Purpose Fund over a seven year period at an interest rate of 2%. The City General Fund will now be repaid over the next fourteen years with an interest rate of 0.25%. The balance of the loan at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is \$757,211 and \$1,105 of accrued interest and \$812,713 and \$1,185 of accrued interest, respectively.

Cost Reimbursement Payable To City Special Districts Fund

The City Special Districts Fund assesses property owners to fund services that confer a special benefit upon property within a designated district, such as street sweeping and landscaping. The contracts for these services are managed by the Authority and reimbursed by the City Special Districts Fund. The advance represents funds received in excess of funds expended at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$191,679	\$906,386
Other services	(81,680)	(607,258)
Investment income	7,011	2,877
Reimbursement from the City	<u> </u>	<u>(110,326)</u>
	\$117.010	\$191.679

DAS Payable

On February 25, 2013, \$900,000 was transferred from the City General Fund and \$710,000 was transferred from the City MAPS Operations Fund to finance DAS improvements. The loan is non-interest bearing and will be repaid over seven years. The loans will be repaid with DAS revenues. The final payment on this loan occurred in October 2018. The balance of the loan at June 30, 2018 in the City General Fund and the City MAPS Operations Fund was \$150,000 and \$185,000, respectively.

Hockey Payable

On February 16, 2010, the Authority received \$3,200,000 from the City and School Use Tax Fund. The funds are to be used for the Cox Convention Center facility renovations and upgrade. The loan is to be repaid from revenues generated and collected by SMG under the extended use license agreement with Prodigal Hockey, LLC and from other Cox Convention Center events. The replenishment to the City and Schools Capital Projects Use Tax Fund with an interest rate of 4.19%. Initially, it was anticipated that the amount would be repaid by 2020, however, due to decreased hockey ticket sales, this estimate has been changed to 2036. The balance of the loan at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is \$1,948,553 and \$32,657 of accrued interest and \$2,015,556 and \$34,475 of accrued interest, respectively.

Golf Cart Payable

On January 13, 2015, the Authority received \$1,088,943 from the OCMFA Services Fund worker's compensation reserves. The funds were used for the purchase of 280 golf carts for Lake Hefner and Lincoln Park Golf Courses. The loan has an interest rate of 2.26% and will be repaid over a 5-year period. On March 13, 2018, the Authority received \$180,080 from the OCMFA Services Fund worker's compensation reserves. The funds were used to purchase 70 golf carts for Trosper Park Golf Course. The loan has an interest rate of 2.33% and will be repaid over a 5-year period. The balance of the loans at June 30, 2019 and 2018, are \$292,285 and \$559 of accrued interest and \$551,102 and \$1,048 of accrued interest, respectively. The loans were made to the 3 golf courses as follows:

Lake Hefner Golf Course	\$462,809
Lincoln Park Golf Course	626,134
Trosper Park Golf Course	180,080

Annual Payment Requirements to Maturity

	TIF District #6 Payable			Ha	ckey Payable	e e	Golf Cart Payable		
		City		City and Schools			OCMFA		
	General Fund			Use Tax Fund			Services		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$56,792	\$1,893	\$58,685	\$80,356	\$81,644	\$162,000	\$187,692	\$4,178	\$191,870
2021	58,107	1,751	59,858	83,723	78,277	162,000	36,130	2,053	38,183
2022	59,450	1,606	61,056	87,231	74,769	162,000	36,981	1,202	38,183
2023	60,820	1,457	62,277	90,885	71,115	162,000	31,482	337	31,819
2024	62,217	1,305	63,522	94,694	67,306	162,000	-	-	-
2025-2029	325,878	4,123	330,001	536,414	273,586	810,000	-	-	-
2030-2034	133,947	506	134,453	658,613	151,387	810,000	-	-	-
2035-2039				316,637	20,302	336,939			
	<u>\$757,211</u>	<u>\$12,641</u>	<u>\$769,852</u>	<u>\$1,948,553</u>	<u>\$818,386</u>	<u>\$2,766,939</u>	<u>\$292,285</u>	<u>\$7,770</u>	<u>\$300,055</u>

VI. B. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND PAYMENTS

Transfers Within the Golf Courses

Transfers within the golf courses include operating transfers for daily surcharges on golf rounds played. Additionally transfers include operating reserve, equipment fund and administrative charges from each course to the golf system for additional expenses, new equipment purchases and water expenses from the City.

	2019							
		Golf Courses Fund						
	Lake Hefner	r Lincoln Park Trosper Park Earlywine Park James E. Stewart Golf Co			Golf Course			
	Golf Course	Lincoln Park	Golf Course	Golf Course	Golf Course	System	Total	
Lake Hefner	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$355,693	\$355,693	
Lincoln	-	-	-	-	-	531,139	531,139	
Trosper	-	-	-	-	-	6,651	6,651	
Earlywine	-	-	-	-	-	315,286	315,286	
Golf System	<u>(355,693)</u>	<u>(531,139)</u>	<u>(6,651)</u>	(315,286)			<u>(1,208,769)</u>	
	<u>(\$355,693)</u>	<u>(\$531,139)</u>	<u>(\$6,651)</u>	<u>(\$315,286)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$1,208,769</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

(continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019 and 2018

OKLAHOMA CITY PUBLIC PROPERTY AUTHORITY

Transfers Within the Golf Courses (continued)

	2018								
		Golf Courses Fund							
	Lake Hefner	Lake Hefner Lincoln Park Trosper Park Earlywine Park James E. Stewart Golf Course							
	Golf Course	Lincoln Park	Golf Course	Golf Course	Golf Course	System	<u>Total</u>		
Lake Hefner	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$362,254	\$362,254		
Lincoln	-	-	-	-	-	668,972	668,972		
Trosper	-	-	-	-	-	14,086	14,086		
Earlywine	-	-	-	-	-	273,799	273,799		
Golf System	<u>(362,254)</u>	<u>(668,972)</u>	<u>(14,086)</u>	<u>(273,799)</u>			<u>(1,319,111)</u>		
	(\$362,254)	<u>(\$668,972)</u>	<u>(\$14,086)</u>	<u>(\$273,799)</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$1,319,111</u>	<u>s -</u>		

Payments To/From the City

			2019		
		Governmental			
		Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	
		General	Golf Courses	Fairgrounds	
	Purpose	Purpose Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
PAYMENT FROM					
City General Fund	Operating subsidies	\$9,415,984	\$925,763	\$ -	\$925,763
City Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Fairgrounds debt service		_	8,434,869	8,434,869
		<u>\$9,415,984</u>	<u>\$925,763</u>	<u>\$8,434,869</u>	<u>\$9,360,632</u>
PAYMENTS TO					
City Capital Improvement	Capital projects	\$94,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City Special Purpose	Capital projects		-	1,300,000	1,300,000
		<u>\$94,183</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$1,300,000</u>	<u>\$1,300,000</u>

			2018		
		Governmental			
		Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	
		General	Golf Courses	Fairgrounds	
	Purpose	Purpose Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
PAYMENT FROM					
City General Fund	Operating subsidies	\$7,925,072	\$1,222,275	\$ -	\$1,222,275
	Capital subsidy	302,000	-	-	-
City Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Fairgrounds debt service	-	_	8,339,218	8,339,218
		<u>\$8,227,072</u>	<u>\$1,222,275</u>	<u>\$8,339,218</u>	<u>\$9,561,493</u>
PAYMENTS TO					
City Capital Improvement	Capital projects	\$112,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund					
City General Fund	OK Tower Lease	12,675	-	-	-
	Operating subsidies	6,000	_	_	_
		<u>\$130,760</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>

Dependency on the City

For the year ended June 30, 2019, governmental activities include operating subsidies for SMG management operations, utilities, and facility maintenance in the amount of \$8,339,168, management fees for the Civic Center Foundation and OKC Public Tennis, LLC of \$850,000 and \$40,000, respectively, and additional subsidies for audit fees, hanger lease expenses, and preplanning costs for MAPS 3 of \$186,816. For the year ended June 30, 2018, governmental activities include operating subsidies for SMG management operations, utilities, and facility maintenance in the amount of \$7,925,072 and an additional amount of \$302,000 has been provided as a capital subsidy for the Centennial Land Run Monument from the City's General Fund.

Business-type activities include a subsidy from the City for the cost of water and wastewater services to the Golf Courses Fund. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the City General Fund provided \$579,492 and \$875,717, respectively, to cover these costs. James E. Stewart Golf Course received a subsidy from the City General Fund in the amount of \$346,271 and \$346,558, respectively, for operating expenses. In addition, the City Hotel/Motel Tax Fund provides funds for debt service on the fairgrounds bonds.

VI. C. OTHER INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Administrative Charges

On August 26, 2003, the Authority increased green fees of \$0.25 to \$0.50 and annual green fees \$25.00 to \$62.50. This fee will reimburse a portion of funds necessary to finance various City administrative costs and water payments associated with the operation of the golf courses. On May 31, 2016, the Authority approved the extension of the fee through June 30, 2017. On February 13, 2018, the Authority approved the extension of the fee through June 30, 2018, and on May 22, 2018, the Authority approved the extension through June 30, 2019. The revenue generated from the fee extensions will be deposited into each golf course operations account and paid to the City's General Fund. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 the charges are as follows:

	2019	2018
Lake Hefner	\$21,709	\$23,509
Lincoln	25,011	26,574
Trosper	6,000	6,563
Earlywine	<u>14,793</u>	<u>16,196</u>
·	<u>\$67.513</u>	<u>\$72,842</u>

In 2012, the Authority hired a Trust Specialist to manage the overall operations of the golf courses. The Trust Specialist is an employee of the City. The golf courses reimburse the City for the Trust Specialist's salary. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 the reimbursements to the City are as follows:

	2019	2018
Lake Hefner	\$22,364	\$21,903
Lincoln	22,364	21,903
Trosper	11,104	9,819
Earlywine	<u>22,364</u>	<u>21,903</u>
	<u>\$78,196</u>	<u>\$75,528</u>

VII. PENSION PLANS

VII. A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

VII. A. 1. OKLAHOMA CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OCERS)

Plan Description

The OCERS was established by city council ordinance in 1958 to hold funds in trust to provide pension, disability and survivor benefits to its members. The system provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time employees of the Authority.

OCERS is the administrator of a single employer defined benefit local government retirement plan for the City of Oklahoma City. Unless otherwise indicated, the information in this note is for both the valuation dates December 31, 2017 and 2016. The information presented in this note as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 measurement dates will be reported in the financial statements of the authority as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. Actuarial valuations are performed annually.

The required supplementary information defined benefit pension schedules immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents certain ten-year trend information for as many available years in accordance with the requirements of GASB 68. Detailed information about OCERS Retirement Plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OCERS report. A copy of the actuarial report referred to in this note may be obtained from the City Finance Department, Accounting Services Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102.

Benefit Provisions

Average final compensation (AFC) determines the retirement benefit and is calculated as the highest 36 months of earned employee compensations (excluding compensation for unused vacation and sick leave and amounts elected to be deferred under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code) during the last 60 months of service. Retirement benefits for general employees is 2% of AFC for each full year of service, plus 1/12 of 2% for each whole month of a partial year or service to a maximum of 100% of AFC. There are modifications to the normal retirement benefit for early and deferred retirement, duty, and non-duty disability, and death benefits. Pre 3-1-67 hires: general employees with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age. Post 3-1-67 hires: general employees with 5 years of service are eligible to retire at age 65 or 25 years of service regardless of age. Deferred retirement is 5 years of service with benefits beginning at age 65 (age 60 if hired prior to 3-1-67) or at age 55 on a reduced basis. All employees are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 15 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The pension benefit may be adjusted annually for changes in the Consumer Price Index. The maximum adjustment is 2% compounded annually and must be approved by the system board.

Plan amendments and benefit provisions are established and amended by City Council action.

Employees Covered By Benefit Terms

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	<u>2019</u> 1,545	<u>2018</u> 1,491
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits.	120	108
Active employees	2,425	2,506
Total Plan Members	4,090	8,210

Contributions

Contribution requirements are actuarially determined and established by City Council ordinance. Beginning July 1, 2018, the employer contribution rate changed from 5.33% of covered payroll to 5.28% of covered payroll. Beginning July 1, 2017, the employer contribution rate changed from 5.88% of covered payroll to 5.33% of covered payroll. The employee contributes 6.00% of covered payroll. Administrative costs are funded with investment earnings.

VII. A. 2. NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset and liability actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to periods included in the measurement:

Price Inflation Rate (1)	2.25%
Wage inflation (2)	3.25%
Salary increases (3)	3.25%
Post-Retirement COLA	2.0%
Investment ROR (4)	7.10%

(1) The price inflation rate changed from 2.50% in 2018 to 2.25% in 2019.

(2) The wage inflation changed from 3.75% in 2018 to 3.25% in 2019.

(3) Salary increases went from 3.75% in 2018 to 3.25% in 2019.

(4) The investment ROR changed from 7.40% in 2018 to 7.10% in 2019.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Life Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements to 2010.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition last updated for the 2013 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2012.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019 and 2018

Long-term Expe	ected		Target		
Rate of Return	<u>rn</u>		Allocation		
	2019	2018		2019	2018
Core Bonds	2.74%	2.77%	Domestic	50.00%	50.00%
Core Plus	3.01	3.04	International	10.00	10.00
Global Bonds	2.52	2.55	Fixed income	25.00	25.00
Absolute Return	3.82	4.20	Real estate	15.00	15.00
U.S. Large Cap Equity	7.53	7.48			
U.S. Small Cap Equity	8.79	8.71			
International Developed Equity	8.51	8.45			
Emerging Market Equity	9.80	9.72			
Long/Short Equity	6.27	7.23			
Private Equity	10.16	10.20			
Core Real Estate	5.91	5.88			
Opportunistic Real Estate	9.00	9.02			
Commodities	2.17	2.10			

Concentrations

The Plan held no individual investments (other than U.S. government and U.S. government guaranteed obligations) whose market value exceeds 5% or more of net assets available for benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.1% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.1%. The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contributions rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate changed from 7.4% in 2018 to 7.1% in 2019.

Changes in Net Pension Asset/Liability

			201	9		
	Total Pension (Liability)		Plan Fid Net Pos	•	Net Pension Asset (Liability)	
		Authority		Authority		Authority
	OCERS	Share	OCERS	Share	OCERS	Share
Beginning balance	\$(677,114,634)	\$(11,781,795)	\$702,133,165	\$12,217,117	\$25,018,531	\$435,322
Service cost	(16,298,968)	(279,214)	-	-	(16,298,968)	(279,214)
Interest	(49,396,977)	(846,208)	-	-	(49,396,977)	(846,208)
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	11,129,273	190,653	-	-	11,129,273	190,653
Changes of assumptions	(15,474,961)	(265,098)	-	-	(15,474,961)	(265,098)
Contributions - employer	-	-	7,056,707	120,887	7,056,707	120,887
Contributions - employee	-	-	8,018,246	137,359	8,018,246	137,359
Net investment income	-	-	58,534,107	1,002,734	58,534,107	1,002,734
Differences between benefit						
payments and refunds	35,474,812	607,711	(35,474,812)	(607,711)	-	-
Administrative expense	-	-	(504,102)	(8,636)	(504,102)	(8,636)
Other changes		182,300	<u>(173,433)</u>	(192,006)	<u>(173,433)</u>	<u>(9,706)</u>
	<u>\$(711,681,455)</u>	<u>\$(12,191,651)</u>	<u>\$739,589,878</u>	<u>\$12,669,744</u>	<u>\$27,908,423</u>	<u>\$478,093</u>

Changes in Net Pension Asset/Liability (continued)

			2013	8		
	Total Pension (Liability)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Asset (Liability)	
		Authority		Authority		Authority
	OCERS	Share	<u>OCERS</u>	Share	<u>OCERS</u>	Share
Beginning balance	\$(650,296,394)	\$(11,315,157)	\$649,123,256	\$11,294,745	\$(1,173,138)	\$(20,412)
Service cost	(16,630,642)	(289,373)	-	-	(16,630,642)	(289,373)
Interest	(47,499,801)	(826,497)	-	-	(47,499,801)	(826,497)
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	3,867,184	67,289	-	-	3,867,184	67,289
Contributions - employer	-	-	6,871,464	119,563	6,871,464	119,563
Contributions - employee	-	-	7,732,269	134,541	7,732,269	134,541
Net investment income	-	-	72,212,736	1,256,502	72,212,736	1,256,502
Differences between benefit						
payments and refunds	33,445,019	581,943	(33,445,019)	(581,943)	-	-
Administrative expense	-	-	(458,522)	(7,978)	(458,522)	(7,978)
Other changes			<u>96,981</u>	<u>1,687</u>	<u>96,981</u>	<u>1,687</u>
	<u>(\$677,114,634)</u>	<u>(\$11,781,795)</u>	<u>\$702,133,165</u>	<u>\$12,217,117</u>	<u>\$25,018,531</u>	<u>\$435,322</u>

A net pension asset is reported when a plan's net position exceeds the plan's total pension liability. Whereas a net pension liability is reported when a plan's total pension liability exceeds the plan's net position. The Authority's share of the net pension asset/liability is allocated using the Authority share of employer contributions for the last payroll in the fiscal year. The Authority's share is 1.71% and 1.74% for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

	2019	2018
Net pension asset	\$27,908,423	\$25,018,531
Authority share	478,093	435,322

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

			2019			
		<u>Total Pension (Liability)</u>		Net Pension As	Net Pension Asset (Liability)	
			Authority		Authority	
	Rate	<u>OCERS</u>	Share	OCERS	Share	
1% decrease	6.10%	(\$798,368,605)	(\$13,676,669)	(\$58,778,727)	(\$1,006,925)	
Current single discount rate	7.10	(711,681,455)	(12,191,651)	27,908,423	478,093	
1% increase	8.10	(638,626,672)	(10,940,167)	100,963,206	1,729,577	
			2018			
		<u>Total Pensio</u>	<u>n (Liability)</u>	Net Pension As	sset (Liability)	
			Authority		Authority	
	Rate	<u>OCERS</u>	Share	<u>OCERS</u>	Share	
1% decrease	6.40%	(\$759,407,117)	(\$13,213,684)	(\$57,273,952)	(\$996,567)	
Current single discount rate	7.40	(677,114,634)	(11,781,795)	25,018,531	435,322	
1% increase	8.40	(607,668,423)	(10,573,431)	94,464,742	1,643,687	

VII. A. 3. PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Pension Expense

The Authority reported \$68,738 and \$103,729 in pension expense which includes costs related to employee participation in OCERS at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Pension Deferred Outflows and Inflows

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of resources represents the following items that have not been recognized in the pension expense:

- 1. Differences between expected and actual experience of the pension plan.
- 2. Changes of assumptions.
- 3. Difference between projected and actual earnings in pension plan investments.

The initial amortization period for the first two items noted above is based on the average future service to retirement while the difference between projected and actual earnings in pension plan investment is amortized over five years. All balances are amortized linearly on a principal only basis and new bases will be created annually for each of the items above.

	2019				
	Total	Plan	Total Authority		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Current year contributions -					
Employer Difference between expected	\$7,028,089	\$ -	\$104,015	\$ -	
and actual experience	-	22,144,946	-	370,432	
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	17,173,587	-	267,535	-	
pension plan investments	<u>5,714,601</u> \$29,916,277	<u>-</u> <u>\$22,144,946</u>	<u>115,429</u> \$486,979	<u>\$370,432</u>	

	2018				
	Total	Plan	Total Authority		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Current year contributions -					
Employer	\$7,056,707	\$ -	\$122,786	\$ -	
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	-	16,418,156	-	285,675	
Changes in assumptions	5,140,925	-	89,452	-	
Net difference between projected					
and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments	11,866,229		206,472	<u> </u>	
	<u>\$24,063,861</u>	<u>\$16,418,156</u>	<u>\$418,710</u>	<u>\$285,675</u>	

Deferred employer contribution of \$104,015 and \$122,786 made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

	201	9		201	8
-		Authority			Authority
	<u>OCERS</u>	Share		<u>OCERS</u>	Share
2020	\$7,224,286	\$123,758	2019	(\$2,360,898)	(\$41,080)
2021	2,557,718	43,816	2020	8,028,060	139,688
2022	(7,664,601)	(131,301)	2021	3,361,492	58,490
2023	(1,965,234)	(33,666)	2022	(6,860,827)	(119,378)
2024	250,079	4,284	2023	(1,161,459)	(20,209)
Thereafter	340,994	5,641	Thereafter	(417,370)	(7,262)
	<u>\$743,242</u>	<u>\$12,532</u>		<u>\$588,998</u>	<u>\$10,249</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources to be Recognized in Future Pension Expense

VII. B. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

The Authority participates in two defined contribution plans administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established or amended by City Council resolution. The plans are money purchase plans qualified under section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Participants of the first plan are comprised of eligible employees hired before September 1, 2001. The City and participants are required to contribute 8.35% and 6.0% of annual covered payroll, respectively. Participants of the first plan vest at service inception and are entitled to 100% of vested contributions

Participants of the second plan are comprised of eligible employees hired after September 1, 2001. The City and participants are required to contribute 7.0% and 6.0% of annual covered payroll, respectively. Participants of the second plan vest after 5 years of service.

The two plans include 97 participants comprised of City Council appointees and management personnel. The Authority currently has no participants in the plan.

VIII. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

VIII. A. DEFINED BENEFIT SINGLE EMPLOYER OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

VIII. A. 1. OKLAHOMA CITY OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Authority provides post-employment healthcare benefits for retired employees and their dependents through the City of Oklahoma City Post-retirement Medical Plan (the Plan).

Oklahoma City Post Employment Benefit Trust was established by City Council ordinance in 2008 as the administrator of a single employer defined benefit health care plan. Unless otherwise indicated, the information in theirs note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation and measurement date of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Actuarial valuations are performed annually.

The required supplementary information other post employment benefit schedules immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents ten-year information for as many available years in accordance with requirements of GASB 75. Detailed information about other post employment benefit plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued other post employment benefit report along with a copy of the actuarial report referred to in this note may be obtained from the Oklahoma City Financial Department, Accounting Service Division, 100 N. Walker, Suite 300, Oklahoma City, OK 73102.

Benefit Provisions

The City provides medical benefits either through a fully insured health plan or through a self-insured Group Indemnity Plan. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services and prescription drug coverage. Additional benefits for dental, life and vision are available with no subsidy from the City. Coverage for dependents can continue upon the death of the retiree. Spouses and eligible dependents of employees who die in active service while eligible for benefits can receive coverage. The City offers post-retirement healthcare benefits to eligible retires of the City or approved public trust and their eligible survivors and dependents either through a fully insured health plan or through the City's Self-Fund Group Plan. Postretirement healthcare benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services and prescription drug coverage (collectively "Plan Benefits"). Additional benefits for dental, life, and vision are available to eligible retirees with no premium sharing contributed by the City. The City is not legally obligated to subsidize Plan Benefits for any retiree. However, subject to meeting one of the criteria set forth by the resolution, subdized Plan Benefits are only available to certain public trust and City general or special pay-plan retirees and retired police officers provided the retiree was hired before January 1, 2017, and those retired firefighters who retired on or before December 31, 2002, provided the retiree elected, at the time of retirement, to purchase retiree Plan Benefits from the City and provided the retiree continuously maintains or has maintained coverage from the time of retirement. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2017 are not eligible for subsidized retiree Plan Benefits. To be eligible for subsidized Plan Benefits, the retiree must meet the qualifications of the Retiree Premium Subsidies Resolution -2016 approved November 8, 2016.

Post-retirement benefits for retirees are not subject to any changes in the Consumer Price Index.

The benefits, coverage levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	2,142	2,173
Active employees	3,153	3,479
	5,295	5,652

Contributions

Contribution requirements are actuarially determined and established by City Council ordinance. Beginning January 1, 2018, the employer contribution rate changed from 54% of premium to 52% of premium. Beginning January 1, 2017, the employer contribution rate changed from 56% of premium to 54% of premium. The employee contributes the balance of the premium. Administrative costs are funded with investment earnings.

VIII. A. 2. NET OPEB LIABILITY

The Authority's net OPEB liability is reported when a OPEB plan's total OPEB liability exceeds the plan's net assets. The Authority's net OPEB liability and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined. The Authority's share of Net OPEB Liability is allocated using the Authority's share of employees for the payroll ending June 30, 2019 and 2018. The Authority's share is 1.39% and 1.53%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions:

3.00%
3.75%
N/A
4.25%
7.5%
8.5% (6.00% for Medicare Age)
4.50%

(1) The price inflation rate changed from 3.75% in 2018 to 3.00% in 2019.

(2) The investment ROR changed from 3.75% in 2018 to 4.25% in 2019.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined Mortality Table fully generational using Scale AA.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.25%. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the net position is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments (7.50%) was applied to years 2020 through 2027 of projected benefit payments and the 20-year municipal bond rate based on a range of indices from 2.98%-3.81% was applied to projected benefit payments after 2027 to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased from 3.75% on June 30, 2018 to 4.25% on June 30, 2019.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation.

	Long-term Expected		
	Rate of R	<u>eturn</u>	
	2019	2018	
Domestic Equity	7.50%	7.50%	
Domestic Bonds	2.50	2.50	
International Equity	8.50	8.50	
International Bonds	3.50	3.50	
Real Estate	4.50	4.50	

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

			2019		
		Total OPE	<u> 3 Liability</u>	Net OPEB	Liability
	Rate	Total Plan	Authority <u>Share</u>	OPEB	Authority <u>Share</u>
1% decrease	3.25%	\$560,617,343	\$7,792,581	\$502,979,266	\$6,991,412
Current single discount rate	4.25	478,478,223	6,650,847	420,840,146	5,849,677
1% increase	5.25	413,163,048	5,742,966	355,524,971	4,941,797
			2018		
		T.4.1 ODEI	T ' - L 'l'4	NL4 ODED	T ' - L 'l'A

		Total OPEB Liability		Net OPEB	Liability
			Authority		Authority
	Rate	<u>Total Plan</u>	Share	<u>OPEB</u>	Share
1% decrease	2.75%	\$670,288,235	\$10,255,440	\$621,524,837	\$9,509,330
Current single discount rate	3.75	570,691,262	8,731,576	521,927,864	7,985,496
1% increase	4.75	491,811,356	7,524,713	443,047,958	6,778,634

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trends

	2019				
		Total OPEI	B Liability	Net OPEB	Liability
	Beginning		Authority		Authority
	Rate	<u>Total Plan</u>	Share	<u>OPEB</u>	Share
1% decrease	7.50%	\$406,444,840	\$5,649,583	\$348,806,763	\$4,848,414
Current single discount rate	8.50	478,478,223	6,650,847	420,840,146	5,849,677
1% increase	9.50	571,063,304	7,937,780	513,425,227	7,136,611

			2018		
		<u>Total OPEE</u>	<u> 8 Liability</u>	Net OPEB	Liability
	Beginning		Authority		Authority
	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Total Plan</u>	<u>Share</u>	<u>OPEB</u>	Share
1% decrease	7.50%	\$503,551,114	\$7,400,776	\$434,947,466	\$6,654,696
Current single discount rate	8.50	570,691,262	8,731,576	521,927,864	7,985,496
1% increase	9.50	637,831,410	10,449,547	634,213,523	9,703,467

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019 and 2018

OPEB Deferred Outflows and Inflows

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of resources represents the following items that have not been recognized in the OPEB expense:

- 1. Differences between expected and actual experience of the OPEB plan.
- 2. Changes of assumptions.
- 3. Difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments.

The initial amortization period for the first two items noted above is based on the average future service to retirement while the difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investment is amortized over five years. All balances are amortized linearly on a principal only basis and new bases will be created annually for each of the items above.

	2019				
	Tota	l Plan	Total Authority		
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	
Current year contributions -					
Employer	\$14,562,836	\$ -	\$202,426	\$ -	
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	3,584,709	77,251,659	49,827	1,073,796	
Changes in assumptions	-	65,481,461	-	910,192	
Net different between projected					
and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments	<u> </u>	<u>2,345,619</u>	<u> </u>	32,604	
	<u>\$18,147,545</u>	<u>\$145,078,739</u>	<u>\$252,253</u>	<u>\$2,016,592</u>	
		201	8		
	Total P	lan	Total A	uthority	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	
Current year contributions -					
Employer	\$14,562,836	\$ -	\$222,811	\$ -	
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	-	1,518,042	-	23,226	
Changes in assumptions	-	43,737,688	-	669,187	
Net different between projected					
and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments	<u>3,943,180</u>	<u> </u>	<u>60,331</u>	<u> </u>	
	<u>\$18,506,016</u>	<u>\$45,255,730</u>	<u>\$283,142</u>	<u>\$692,413</u>	

Deferred employer contributions of \$202,426 and \$222,811 made subsequent to the actuarial date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for year ending June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

	2019			2018	
		Authority			Authority
	<u>OPEB</u>	Share		<u>OPEB</u>	Share
2020	(\$24,893,282)	(\$346,017)	2019	(\$3,997,193)	(\$61,157)
2021	(24,893,282)	(346,017)	2020	(3,997,193)	(61,157)
2022	(24,893,284)	(346,017)	2021	(3,997,193)	(61,157)
2023	(24,513,771)	(340,741)	2022	(3,997,195)	(61,157)
2024	(24,212,001)	(336,547)	2023	(3,617,683)	(55,351)
Thereafter	<u>(18,088,410)</u>	(251,426)	Thereafter	<u>(21,706,093)</u>	<u>(332,103)</u>
	<u>(\$141,494,030)</u>	<u>(\$1,966,765)</u>		<u>(\$41,312,550)</u>	<u>(\$632,082)</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources to be Recognized in Future OPEB Expense

OPEB Expense

The Authority reported \$189,827 and \$152,860 in OPEB expense which includes costs related to employee participation in OPEB at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

VIII. A. 3. CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

			2019)			
	Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fidu Net Pos	•	Net OPEB Liability		
		Authority	1100105	Authority		Authority	
	<u>OPEBT</u>	Share	<u>OPEBT</u>	Share	<u>OPEBT</u>	Share	
Beginning balance	\$570,691,262	\$8,731,576	\$48,763,398	\$746,080	\$521,927,864	\$7,985,496	
Service cost	20,334,929	282,656	-	-	20,334,929	282,656	
Interest	21,960,203	305,247	-	-	21,960,203	305,247	
Differences between							
expected and actual							
experience	(92,701,991)	(1,288,558)	-	-	(92,701,991)	(1,288,558)	
Changes of assumptions	(30,863,912)	(429,008)	-	-	(30,863,912)	(429,008)	
Contributions - employer	-	-	14,562,836	202,423	(14,562,836)	(202,423)	
Contributions - employee	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net investment income	-	-	5,297,821	73,640	(5,297,821)	(73,640)	
Benefit payments including							
Refunds of employee							
contributions	(10,942,268)	(152,098)	(10,942,268)	(152,098)	-	-	
Administrative expense	-	-	(43,710)	(608)	43,710	608	
Other changes		<u>(798,968)</u>	_	(68,267)	_	<u>(730,701)</u>	
	<u>\$478,478,223</u>	<u>\$6,650,847</u>	<u>\$57,638,077</u>	<u>\$801,170</u>	<u>\$420,840,146</u>	<u>\$5,849,677</u>	

(Continued)

			2018	5		
	Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fidu Net Pos	•	Net OPEB Liability	
		Authority		Authority		Authority
	<u>OPEBT</u>	Share	<u>OPEBT</u>	Share	<u>OPEBT</u>	Share
Beginning balance	\$596,737,157	\$9,130,079	\$42,233,216	\$646,168	\$554,503,941	\$8,483,911
Service cost	24,740,136	378,524	-	-	24,740,136	378,524
Interest	18,750,099	286,877	-	-	18,750,099	286,877
Changes of benefits terms	(11,788,937)	(180,371)	-	-	(11,788,937)	(180,371)
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	4,301,652	65,815	-	-	4,301,652	65,815
Changes of assumptions	(47,713,842)	(730,022)	-	-	(47,713,842)	(730,022)
Contributions - employer	-	-	15,817,181	242,003	(15,817,181)	(242,003)
Net investment income	-	-	5,117,072	78,291	(5,117,072)	(78,291)
Benefit payments including refunds of employee						
contributions	(14,335,003)	(219,326)	(14,335,003)	(219,326)	-	-
Administrative expense			<u>(69,068)</u>	<u>(1,056)</u>	<u>69,068</u>	<u>1,056</u>
	<u>\$570,691,262</u>	<u>\$8,731,576</u>	<u>\$48,763,398</u>	<u>\$746,080</u>	<u>\$521,927,864</u>	<u>\$7,985,496</u>

IX. COMMITMENTS

Construction projects are substantially funded with revenue bonds. Active construction in progress remaining commitments at June 30, 2019 and 2018, are composed of improvements in government activities totaling \$48,001 and \$1,113,726, and fairgrounds improvements of \$85,774 and \$1,096,342, respectively.

An agreement has been entered into between the Authority, the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) the Oklahoma City All Sports Association (OCASA) and the City, whereby the Authority has committed to fund various improvements to the Softball Hall of Fame Complex, in return for the NCAA's commitment to hold, sponsor, and play the NCAA Division I Women's Collegiate Softball World Series in Oklahoma City through 2035. The funding commitment and NCAA commitment is based upon the completion of various phases of the anticipated overall project. The aggregate funding commitment from the Authority is approximately \$33.5 million dollars. Of this amount, \$24.5 million is expected to be funded by City general obligation bond proceeds, \$6 million is expected to be funded with donations and sponsorships and \$3 million is expected to be funded by City general obligation bond proceeds, and sponsorships to the City.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the remaining commitment under the agreement is approximately \$23,014,729 including \$20,101,491 assigned to the City and \$14,531,220 including \$11,615,262 assigned to the City, respectively.

X. CONTINGENCIES

The Authority is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in operations. Any liabilities resulting from these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Authority.

Required Supplementary Information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION

I. SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) (1)(2)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Authority Share	1.71%	1.74%	1.74%	1.77%	1.64%
Authority share of the net pension liability (asset)	(\$478,093)	(\$435,322)	\$20,413	(\$829,389)	(\$1,007,164)
Other funds of the City share of the net pension liability (asset)	(27,430,330)	(24,583,209)	1,152,725	(46,028,698)	(60,405,333)
Total net pension liability (asset)	<u>(\$27,908,423)</u>	<u>(\$25,018,531)</u>	<u>1,132,723</u> \$1,173,138	<u>(\$46,858,087)</u>	<u>(\$61,412,497)</u>
Covered - employee payroll Authority share of	\$130,273,619	\$114,233,221	\$126,036,039	\$127,805,936	\$124,957,446
covered employee payroll	\$2,227,679	\$1,987,658	\$2,193,027	\$2,262,165	\$2,049,302
Net pension liability (asset) as a perce	ntage				
of covered - employee payroll	(21.46%)	(21.90%)	0.93%	(36.66%)	(49.15%)
Plan fiduciary net positon as a percentage of total pension liability	103.92%	103.69%	99.82%	107.52%	110.29%

(1) Amounts presented above represent the Authority's proportionate share presented in Note VII. A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - OCERS

(2) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, results for measurement years before June 30, 2014, are not available. This information will be developed prospectively beginning in 2014 until eventually 10 years of information is available.

II. SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S SHARE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (1)(2)

					Actual
	Contractually				Contribution
	Required	Contributions	Contributions		As a Percentage
	Contribution	in Relation to	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
June 30,	<u>(CRC) (3)</u>	CRC	(Excess)	Payrol1	Payroll
2019 (4)	\$104,015	\$104,015	\$ -	\$1,733,583	6.00%
2018	117,621	120,670	(3,049)	2,226,384	5.42
2017	105,942	119,563	(13,621)	1,986,096	6.02
2016	128,950	128,953	(3)	2,193,078	5.88
2015	145,683	145,265	418	2,262,695	6.42
2014	146,525	145,496	1,029	2,049,239	7.10

(1) The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated.

(2) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, Authority share for fiscal years before June 30, 2014, is not available. This information will be developed prospectively until eventually 10 years of information is available. Total plan information is provided below.

(3) Contributions are deferred in the fiscal year reported and recognized in the financial statements in the subsequent year.

(4) The contractually required contribution for 2019 is estimated and may change upon receipt of the actuarial report.

	Covered	Employer
<u>June 30,</u>	Payroll	Contributions
2013	\$109,293,000	\$9,614,625
2012	102,915,000	7,132,772
2011	110,408,000	5,585,595
2010	105,566,000	5,464,178

III. NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

See Note VII. PENSION PLANS for actuarial assumptions and other information used to determine the annual required contributions.

I. SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS (1)(2)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Authority Share	1.39%	1.53%
Authority share of the net OPEB		
liability (asset)	\$5,849,677	\$7,985,496
Other funds of the City share of		
the net OPEB liability (asset)	414,990,469	513,942,368
Total net OPEB liability (asset)	<u>\$420,840,146</u>	<u>\$521,927,864</u>
Covered - employee payroll	\$209,791,182	\$224,808,000
Authority share of covered - employee payroll	\$2,916,097	\$3,439,562
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage		
of covered - employee payroll	200.60%	232.17%
Plan fiduciary net positon as a		
percentage of total OPEB liability	12.0%	8.5%

(1) Amounts presented above represent the Authority's proportionate share presented in Note VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB).

(2) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, results for measurement years before June 30, 2018, are not available. This information will be developed prospectively beginning in 2018 until eventually 10 years of information is available.

II. SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S SHARE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (1)(2)

					Actual
	Contractually				Contribution
	Required	Contributions	Contributions		As a Percentage
	Contribution	in Relation to	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered-Employee
June 30,	<u>(CRC) (3)</u>	CRC	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2019 (4)	\$202,426	\$202,426	\$ -	\$3,373,767	6.00%
2018	385,008	222,811	162,197	3,209,805	6.94%

(1) The amounts reported represent amounts paid and covered payroll for the fiscal year indicated.

(2) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, Authority share for fiscal years before June 30, 2018, is not available. This information will be developed prospectively until eventually 10 years of information is available. Total plan information is provided below.

- (3) Contributions are deferred in the fiscal year reported and recognized in the financial statements in the subsequent year.
- (4) The contractually required contribution for is estimated and may change upon receipt of the actuarial report.

	Covered	Employer
June 30,	Payroll	Contributions
2017	\$224,808,000	\$15,817,181
2016	219,484,135	17,811,341
2015	213,091,393	18,815,545
2014	203,859,835	19,619,034
2013	197,922,710	19,904,516
2012	180,551,843	20,064,984
2011	175,293,051	18,746,938
2010	176,563,546	19,424,748

III. NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

See Note VIII. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS for actuarial assumptions and other information used to determine the annual required contributions.

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Combining Financial Statements

Golf Courses Fund

- * Lake Hefner Golf Course Used to account for the operations of the Lake Hefner Golf Course.
- * Lincoln Park Golf Course Used to account for the operations of the Lincoln Park Golf Course.
- * Trosper Park Golf Course Used to account for the operations of the Trosper Park Golf Course.
- * Earlywine Park Golf Course Used to account for the operations of the Earlywine Park Golf Course.
- * James E. Stewart Golf Course Used to account for the operations of the James E. Stewart Golf
- * **Golf Course System** –Used to account for the collective capital investments and operational costs paid from surcharges on green fees and other transfers from the individual golf courses.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOLF COURSES FUND June 30, 2019

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS							
Non-pooled cash	\$446,344	\$402,990	\$101,622	\$189,845	\$58,141	\$4	\$1,198,946
Investments		-	-	-	-	1,699,646	1,699,646
Accounts receivable, net		4	224	-	5,538	-	5,766
Interest, dividends, and royalties receivable		-	-	-	-	5,594	5,594
Due within golf courses	- (52,764)	(62,778)	(11,583)	(33,055)	(387)	160,567	-
Due within Authority		-	-	-	-	(6,727)	(6,727)
Inventories	106,322	66,981	28,243	101,573	18,670	-	321,789
Prepaids		2,311	143	1,650	-	-	4,104
Total current assets	499,902	409,508	118,649	260,013	81,962	1,859,084	3,229,118
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Investments		-	-	-	-	455,710	455,710
Prepaids, non-current		401	116	145	-	-	662
Net pension asset		128,569	27,620	102,295	54,471	-	478,093
Capital assets:	-	,	ŕ	, ,			
Land and construction in progress		-	-	-	-	165	165
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,717,484	497,972	561,317	203,704	6,709,863	10,096,884
Capital assets, net		1,717,484	497,972	561,317	203,704	6,710,028	10,097,049
Total non-current assets		1,846,454	525,708	663,757	258,175	7,165,738	11,031,514
Total assets	- 1,071,584	2,255,962	644,357	923,770	340,137	9,024,822	14,260,632
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	251,734	193,186	51,554	133,604	109,155	775	740,008
LIABILITIES			,				,
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	- 72,274	61,490	20,578	34,929	27,271	56,337	272,879
Wages and benefits payable		65,882	16,495	54,665	23,814	-	238,665
Payable to the City of Oklahoma City		191,628	55,634	37,448	31,954	(41,269)	400,307
Compensated absences		11,695	3,709	11,583	5,377	(41,20)	52,620
Bond interest payable	, ,	-	5,705	-		85,988	85,988
Bonds payable		_	_	_	_	870,000	870,000
Total current liabilities	295,251	330.695	96,416	138,625	88,416	971,056	1,920,459
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	293,231	330,095	90,410	156,025	88,410	971,050	1,920,439
Compensated absences	- 30,384	52,314	4,314	19,635	10,489	_	117,136
Payable to the City of Oklahoma City		52,514	104,594	19,055	10,469	-	104,594
Bonds payable, net		-		-	-	-	
			-	-	-	9,479,597	9,479,597 5,840,677
Net other post-employment benefit liability		1,488,743	531,735	851,129	1,063,471	-	5,849,677
Total non-current liabilities		1,541,057	640,643	870,764	1,073,960	9,479,597	15,551,004
Total liabilities		1,871,752	737,059	1,009,389	1,162,376	10,450,653	17,471,463
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	788,318	612,151	204,880	370,121	411,554	-	2,387,024
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	10.5 - 1.5		105 051			(0 0 0 - 10 5	
Net investment in capital assets		1,717,482	497,971	561,317	203,703	(2,975,195)	411,819
Debt service		-	-	-	-	669,909	669,909
Unrestricted		(1,752,237)	(743,999)	(883,453)	(1,328,341)	880,230	(5,939,575)
Total net position (deficit)	- (\$1,705,234)	(\$34,755)	(\$246,028)	(\$322,136)	(\$1,124,638)	(\$1,425,056)	(\$4,857,847)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOLF COURSES FUND June 30, 2018

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS							
Pooled cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$5,286	\$5,286
Non-pooled cash	- 524,464	360,363	131,074	218,626	55,559	-	1,290,086
Investments		-	-	-	-	1,991,125	1,991,125
Accounts receivable, net		392	-	101	-	-	493
Interest, dividends, and royalties receivable		-	-	-	-	3,983	3,983
Due within golf courses	- (38,970)	(53,227)	(13,550)	(29,368)	(387)	135,502	-
Inventories	- 120,151	66,353	27,793	95,973	22,215	-	332,485
Prepaids	(1)	2,310	143	1,649	-	-	4,101
Total current assets	- 605,644	376,191	145,460	286,981	77,387	2,135,896	3,627,559
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Investments		-	-	-	-	455,710	455,710
Prepaids, non-current		2,722	265	1,799	-	-	4,786
Net pension asset	- 150,111	117,587	25,019	95,070	47,535	-	435,322
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress		-	-	-	-	165	165
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	- 531,660	2,014,233	620,672	720,028	270,336	6,647,020	10,803,949
Capital assets, net	- 531,660	2,014,233	620,672	720,028	270,336	6,647,185	10,804,114
Total non-current assets	- 681,771	2,134,542	645,956	816,897	317,871	7,102,895	11,699,932
Total assets	- 1,287,415	2,510,733	791,416	1,103,878	395,258	9,238,791	15,327,491
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	- 244,315	192,676	44,420	141,410	79,033	957	702,811
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	113,356	78,281	19,523	44,251	26,870	95,227	377,508
Wages and benefits payable	- 71,294	64,122	13,996	48,664	24,914	-	222,990
Payable to the City of Oklahoma City	- 122,077	171,532	49,630	18,825	22,236	(79,877)	304,423
Compensated absences	- 18,557	7,977	4,191	10,731	4,200	-	45,656
Bond interest payable		-	-	-	-	92,553	92,553
Bonds payable		-	-	-	-	845,000	845,000
Total current liabilities		321,912	87,340	122,471	78,220	952,903	1,888,130
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			,	,			
Compensated absences	- 30,076	49,022	5,824	20,894	7,733	-	113,549
Payable to the City of Oklahoma City		87,625	139,893	-	-	-	292,285
Bonds payable, net		-	- -	-	-	10,352,004	10,352,004
Net other post-employment benefit liability		2,244,290	574,120	1,409,206	939,470	-	7,985,496
Total non-current liabilities		2,380,937	719,837	1,430,100	947,203	10,352,004	18,743,334
Total liabilities		2,702,849	807,177	1,552,571	1,025,423	11,304,907	20,631,464
	- 3.238.557))-)) -	,- · ,· ·	- , , -
	, ,		66,199	184,580	112.654	-	978.088
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	342,890	271,765	66,199	184,580	112,654	-	978,088
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> <u>NET POSITION (DEFICIT)</u>	342,890	271,765			,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets	342,890 - 531,657		66,199 620,672	184,580 720,031	112,654 257,836	(3,667,341)	477,085
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects	342,890	271,765			,	(3,667,341) 1,115	477,085 1,115
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets	342,890 - 531,657	271,765 2,014,230	620,672		257,836	(3,667,341)	477,085

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION GOLF COURSES FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
OPERATING REVENUES							
CHARGES FOR SERVICES		*1 • • • • • • • • • •	***	** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6150 041	•	* • • • • • • • • •
Green fees		\$1,567,338	\$377,943	\$1,005,145	\$150,841	\$ -	\$4,656,871
Concessions	<i>,</i>	476,085	90,320	177,900	60,687	-	1,329,495
Other charges		23,100	932	2,410	20	-	28,149
Total charges for services	, ,	2,066,523	469,195	1,185,455	211,548	-	6,014,515
Golf cart rentals		790,477	223,525	468,712	60,374	-	2,220,427
Other	, -	5,544	2,180	47	4,732	1,529	16,486
Total operating revenues	2,761,587	2,862,544	694,900	1,654,214	276,654	1,529	8,251,428
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	983,527	762,404	461,871	497,635	817,809	-	3,523,246
Maintenance, operations, and	,	,	,	,	,		, ,
contractual services	343,020	439,111	161,289	247,741	105,308	744,854	2,041,323
Materials and supplies	607,394	593,502	147,281	265,165	160,154	_	1,773,496
Depreciation		296,749	122,701	158,715	66,634	143,089	913,004
Total operating expenses		2,091,766	893,142	1,169,256	1,149,905	887,943	8,251,069
Operating income (loss)	702,530	770,778	(198,242)	484,958	(873,251)	(886,414)	359
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income	_	_	_	-	_	56,548	56,548
Interest on bonds and notes		(3,322)	(3,629)	-	-	(350,699)	(360,105)
Amortization	,	(0,022)	(0,025)	-	-	2,407	2,407
Payments from the City of Oklahoma City		_	-	-	346,271	579,492	925,763
Other revenues		133	34	55	66,128	30,000	96,431
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(2,374)	(3,189)	(3,595)	55	412,399	317,748	721,044
Income (loss) before transfers	700,156	767,589	(201,837)	485,013	(460,852)	(568,666)	721,403
Transfers within the golf courses	(355,693)	(531,139)	(6,651)	(315,286)	-	1,208,769	-
Changes in net position (deficit)	344,463	236,450	(208,488)	169,727	(460,852)	640,103	721,403
Total net position, beginning	(2,049,697)	(271,205)	(37,540)	(491,863)	(663,786)	(2,065,159)	(5,579,250)
Total net position (deficit), ending	(\$1,705,234)	(\$34,755)	(\$246,028)	(\$322,136)	(\$1,124,638)	(\$1,425,056)	(\$4,857,847)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION GOLF COURSES FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
OPERATING REVENUES							
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	61 (11 050	¢1.00.001	* 122 5 5	#1.001.054	\$1 < < 0.00	•	* • • • • • • • • •
Green fees	\$1,641,870	\$1,688,091	\$432,767	\$1,081,054	\$166,880	\$ -	\$5,010,662
Concessions	564,175	502,846	97,953	190,306	54,970	-	1,410,250
Other charges	950	21,687	298	312	111	-	23,358
Total charges for services	2,206,995	2,212,624	531,018	1,271,672	221,961	-	6,444,270
Golf cart rentals	735,136	836,580	245,204	515,810	68,310	-	2,401,040
Other	-,	5,918	2,306	3,500	2,174	-	19,846
Total operating revenues	2,948,079	3,055,122	778,528	1,790,982	292,445	-	8,865,156
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	1,496,679	1,230,283	375,116	946,187	455,450	-	4,503,715
Maintenance, operations, and	,,	,,	, -	,	,		,,·
contractual services	417,386	480,945	175,401	266,396	108,141	968,508	2,416,777
Materials and supplies	456,524	538,533	164,319	277,413	151,564	-	1,588,353
Depreciation	136,396	297,041	105,109	161,170	70,147	140,620	910,483
Total operating expenses	2,506,985	2,546,802	819,945	1,651,166	785,302	1,109,128	9,419,328
Operating income (loss)	441,094	508,320	(41,417)	139,816	(492,857)	(1,109,128)	(554,172)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	15,273	15,273
Interest on bonds and notes	(4,588)	(6,207)	(1,033)	-	-	(376,810)	(388,638)
Amortization	-	-	-	-	-	2,496	2,496
Payments from the City of Oklahoma City	-	-	-	-	346,558	875,717	1,222,275
Other revenues (expenses)	-	2,208	-	(2,422)	65,948	30,000	95,734
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(4,588)	(3,999)	(1,033)	(2,422)	412,506	546,676	947,140
Income (loss) before transfers	436,506	504,321	(42,450)	137,394	(80,351)	(562,452)	392,968
Transfers within the golf courses	(362,254)	(668,972)	(14,086)	(273,799)	-	1,319,111	-
Changes in net position (deficit)	74,252	(164,651)	(56,536)	(136,405)	(80,351)	756,659	392,968
Total net position, beginning, as previously reported	(753,971)	917,098	180,651	360,311	(106,257)	(2,821,818)	(2,223,986)
Change in accounting principle	(1,369,978)	(1,023,652)	(161,655)	(715,769)	(477,178)	-	(3,748,232)
Total net position, beginning, as restated	(2,123,949)	(106,554)	18,996	(355,458)	(583,435)	(2,821,818)	(5,972,218)
Total net position (deficit), ending	(\$2,049,697)	(\$271,205)	(\$37,540)	(\$491,863)	(\$663,786)	(\$2,065,159)	(\$5,579,250)

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Cash received from customers		\$2,860,747	\$697,861	\$1,646,066	\$337,201	\$45,692	\$8,353,809
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(918,701)	(910,815)	(296,177)	(487,087)	(235,975)	(736,505)	(3,585,260)
Cash payments to employees and professional contractors							
for services	(1,455,771)	(1,180,290)	(374,801)	(862,238)	(429,136)	493	(4,301,743)
Cash payments for internal services	(30,012)	(72,874)	(9,534)	(13,924)	(2,735)	(22,589)	(151,668)
Operating payments from City of Oklahoma City		-	(6,651)	-	346,271	586,143	925,763
Operating payments to City of Oklahoma City	(97,977)	(132,553)	(38,183)	-	-	(489)	(269,202)
Operating payments within the Department	(341,901)	(521,588)	(1,967)	(311,598)	(544)	1,177,598	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(78,120)	42,627	(29,452)	(28,781)	15,082	1,050,343	971,699
Payments for acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt Net cash provided (used) by captal and		- -	- - -	- -	(12,500)	(200,264) (845,000) (356,776)	(212,764) (845,000) (356,776)
related financing activities		-	-	-	(12,500)	(1,402,040)	(1,414,540)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Payments for purchase of investments		-	-	-	-	(1,236,617)	(1,236,617)
Proceeds from sale of investments		-	-	-	-	1,428,541	1,428,541
Changes in pooled investments		-	-	-	-	99,552	99,552
Investment income received		-	-	-	-	54,903	54,903
Purchased interest		-	-	-	-	36	36
Net cash provided by investing activities		-	-	-	-	346,415	346,415
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(78,120)	42,627	(29,452)	(28,781)	2,582	(5,282)	(96,426)
Cash, beginning	524,464	360,363	131,074	218,626	55,559	5,286	1,295,372
Cash, ending	\$446,344	\$402,990	\$101,622	\$189,845	\$58,141	\$4	\$1,198,946

	Lake	Lincoln	Trosper	Earlywine	James E.		
	Hefner	Park	Park	Park	Stewart	Golf	Total
	Golf	Golf	Golf	Golf	Golf	Course	Golf
	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	System	Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)							
Operating income (loss)	\$702,530	\$770,778	(\$198,242)	\$484,958	(\$873,251)	(\$886,414)	\$359
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING							
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)							
OPERATING ACTIVTIES							
Depreciation	125,116	296,749	122,701	158,715	66,634	143,089	913,004
Other revenue	81	133	34	55	66,128	30,000	96,431
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	388	(224)	101	(5,538)	-	(5,273)
(Increase) decrease in payments/transfers from (to)							
within the Department	-	(531,139)	-	(315,286)	-	846,425	-
(Increase) decrease in receivable from City of Oklahoma City-	13,793	9,551	(8,618)	3,688	346,271	561,078	925,763
(Increase) decrease in inventories	13,829	(628)	(450)	(5,600)	3,545	-	10,696
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	(1)	2,320	149	1,653	-	-	4,121
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset	(15,027)	(10,982)	(2,601)	(7,225)	(6,936)	-	(42,771)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(7,419)	(510)	(7,134)	7,806	(30,122)	182	(37,197)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses-	(41,078)	(16,794)	1,057	(9,329)	12,901	(44,559)	(97,802)
Increase (decrease) in wages and benefits payable	6,515	1,762	2,497	6,003	(1,102)	-	15,675
Increase (decrease) in payable to City of Oklahoma City	(420,083)	(70,850)	(32,925)	18,623	9,718	400,542	(94,975)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	2,007	7,010	(1,992)	(407)	3,933	-	10,551
Increase (decrease) in net other post-employment							
benefit liability	(903,811)	(755,547)	(42,385)	(558,077)	124,001	-	(2,135,819)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	445,428	340,386	138,681	185,541	298,900	-	1,408,936
Total adjustments	(780,650)	(728,151)	168,790	(513,739)	888,333	1,936,757	971,340
	(\$78,120)	\$42,627	(\$29,452)	(\$28,781)	\$15,082	\$1,050,343	\$971,699

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢2.042.2((¢2.057.520	Ø770 107	¢1 790 015	\$2(2.040	(0.5,000)	¢0.0/7.077
Cash received from customers		\$3,056,539	\$779,197	\$1,789,915	\$363,940	(\$65,080)	\$8,867,877
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(829,989)	(978,850)	(329,114)	(535,636)	(263,213)	(768,571)	(3,705,373)
Cash payments to employees and professional contractors							
for services		(1,185,319)	(374,540)	(933,746)	(427,817)	(3,511)	(4,390,196)
Cash payments for internal services	· · · ·	(71,439)	(10,149)	(11,053)	(3,567)	(73,891)	(197,171)
Operating payments from City of Oklahoma City		-	-	-	346,558	875,717	1,222,275
Operating payments to City of Oklahoma City	())	(132,553)	(1,032)	-	-	148,974	(82,588)
Operating payments within the Department		(655,674)	164,277	(274,579)	-	1,125,385	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	163,656	32,704	228,639	34,901	15,901	1,239,023	1,714,824
Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt Proceeds from sale of assets Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	 	- 2,164 (13,061)	- - - (180,000)		- - - (9,500)	(825,000) (383,145) - (1,208,484)	(825,000) (383,145) 2,164 (1,475,104)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(-) -)	(,	(-) - ·)	())	() -) -)	() -) -)
Payments for purchase of investments		-	_	-	-	(1,229,804)	(1,229,804)
Proceeds from sale of investments		-	_	_	_	1,225,117	1,225,117
Changes in pooled investments		-	_	_	_	(308,949)	(308,949)
Investment income received		-	_	_	-	13,190	13,190
Purchased interest		_	_	_	_	19,190	19,190
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-	-	-	-	(300,251)	(300,251)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		19,643	48,639	(10,888)	6,401	(269,712)	(60,531)
Cash, beginning	379,078	340,720	82,435	229,514	49,158	274,998	1,355,903
Cash, ending	\$524,464	\$360,363	\$131,074	\$218,626	\$55,559	\$5,286	\$1,295,372

	Lake Hefner Golf <u>Course</u>	Lincoln Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Trosper Park Golf <u>Course</u>	Earlywine Park Golf <u>Course</u>	James E. Stewart Golf <u>Course</u>	Golf Course <u>System</u>	Total Golf <u>Fund</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)							
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income (loss)	\$441,094	\$508,320	(\$41,417)	\$139,816	(\$492,857)	(\$1,109,128)	(\$554,172)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING							
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)							
OPERATING ACTIVTIES							
Depreciation	136,396	297,041	105,109	161,170	70,147	140,620	910,483
Other revenue (expense)	-	44	738,686	(738,686)	65,948	30,000	95,992
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	(392)	-	(101)	5,494	-	5,001
(Increase) decrease in payments/transfers from (to)							
within the Department	(362,254)	(668,972)	(14,087)	(273,799)	-	1,319,112	-
(Increase) decrease in receivable from City of Oklahoma City-	2,937	13,067	(455)	(702)	350,719	856,709	1,222,275
(Increase) decrease in inventories	454	(3,277)	2,649	5,971	(681)	-	5,116
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	850	(2,825)	1,825	(1,772)	1,676	-	(246)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset	(150,111)	(117,587)	(25,019)	(95,070)	(47,535)	-	(435,322)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	141,587	110,721	23,061	91,606	44,594	180	411,749
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses-	35,756	6,906	(1,921)	4,956	(6,940)	25,207	63,964
Increase (decrease) in wages and benefits payable	544	939	(962)	(1,121)	3,564	-	2,964
Increase (decrease) in payable to City of Oklahoma City	(123,280)	(162,917)	172,052	(12,726)	(1,076)	(23,677)	(151,624)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(22,791)	1,809	(5,144)	(13,766)	1,923	-	(37,969)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(7,039)	(5,514)	(1,173)	(4,458)	(2,229)	-	(20,413)
Increase (decrease) in net other post-employment			())	())	())		())
benefit liability	1,363,019	1,152,624	395,066	650,731	433,821		3,995,261
Increase (decrease) in net other post-employment	, ,	, ,	,	,	,		<i>, ,</i>
benefit obligation	(1,538,930)	(1,292,701)	(1,169,586)	-	(492,458)	-	(4,493,675)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	245,424	195,418	49,955	122,852	81,791	-	695,440
Total adjustments	(277,438)	(475,616)	270,056	(104,915)	508,758	2,348,151	2,268,996
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$163,656	\$32,704	\$228,639	\$34,901	\$15,901	\$1,239,023	\$1,714,824

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees **Oklahoma City Public Property Authority** Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Oklahoma City Public Property Authority (Authority), a blended component unit of the City of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 20, 2019 Wichita, Kansas