#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2019

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

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April Shepard

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Okemah School District Number I-26 Okemah, Okfuskee County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Okemah School District Number I-26, Okemah, Okfuskee County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2019, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2019, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blodsoe & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

September 27, 2019



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Board of Education Okemah School District Number I-26 Okemah, Okfuskee County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Okemah School District Number I-26, Okemah, Okfuskee County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

September 27, 2019



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Okemah School District Number I-26 Okemah, Okfuskee County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Okemah School District Number I-26, Okemah, Okfuskee County, Oklahoma (District)'s, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion. the District, complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

dere Blodsoe & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

September 27, 2019

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2019

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls, over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unmodified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Programs determined to be major was the Title I Programs (84.010) and Child Nutrition Programs (10.553 & 10.555), which were clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.
- <u>Section 2</u> Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

Section 3 - Findings and questioned costs for federal programs:

None

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSFEE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

		GOVERNMENTAL	FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	707410
ASSETS	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	INS REC / GIFTS & AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Cash Investments Amount available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	\$ 1,552,750	475,650	509,621	116,496	99,137 42,465	116,496 1,208,504	2,753,654 42,465 116,496 1,208,504
Total Assets	\$ 1,552,750	475,650	509,621	116,496	141,602	1,325,000	4,121,119
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	\$886,296 8,775	3,749			250 82,067		890,295 8,775 82,067
Bonds payable Total liabilities	895,071	3,749	0	0	82,317	1,325,000 1,325,000	1,325,000 2,306,137
Fund balance: Unassigned Restricted Cash fund balances	657,679 657,679	471,901 471,901	509,621 509,621	<u> </u>	59,285 59,285	0	657,679 1,157,303 1,814,982
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,552,750	475,650	509,621	116,496	141,602	1,325,000	4,121,119

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSFEE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		GOVERNMENT	AL FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	TOTALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	INS. REC / TRUST & AGENCY	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 1,028,560	145,437		561,563		1,735,560
Intermediate sources	144,645	1,137		5,135		150,917
State sources	4,791,281	24,727				4,816,008
Federal sources	1,648,234					1,648,234
Interest earnings	8,440				182	8,622
Non-revenue receipts	106,832					106,832
Total revenues collected	7,727,992	171,301	0	566,698	182	8,466,173
Expenditures:						
Instruction	4,499,514	33,932				4,533,446
Support services	2,701,278	119,805			2,000	2,823,083
Operation of non-instructional services	540,377	15,530				555,907
Facilities acquisition and construction services Other outlays -		92,278	425,400			517,678
Correcting entry	25,873					25,873
Debt service requirements	20,010			471,844		471,844
Total expenditures	7,767,042	261,545	425,400	471,844	2,000	8,927,831
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures before						
other financing sources (uses)	(39,050)	(90,244)	425,400	94,854	(1,818)	(461,658)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	211	0	0	0	0	211
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures	(38,839)	(90,244)	(425,400)	94,854	(1,818)	(461,447)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	696,518	562,145	935,021	21,642	61,103	2,276,429
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 657,679	471,901	509,621	116,496	59,285	1,814,982

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		GENERAL	FUND	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$ 863,977	917,404	1,028,560	111,156
Intermediate sources	125,951	125,951	144,645	18,694
State sources	4,764,490	4,800,969	4,791,281	(9,688)
Federal sources	1,015,372	1,748,100	1,648,234	(99,866)
Interest earnings			8,440	8,440
Non-revenue receipts	 	26,195	106,832	80,637
Total revenues collected	 6,769,790	7,618,619	7,727,992	109,373
Expenditures:				
Instruction			4,499,514	(4,499,514)
Support services			2,701,278	(2,701,278)
Operation of non-instructional services			540,377	(540,377)
Other outlays:				(***,***)
Correcting entry			25,873	(25,873)
Other uses/Unbudgeted	7,466,308	8,315,137	_0,010	8,315,137
Total expenditures	7,466,308	8,315,137	7,767,042	548,095
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior				
year encumbrances	(696,518)	(696,518)	(39,050)	657,468
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	 0	0	211	211
Excess of revenues collected				
over (under) expenditures:	(696,518)	(696,518)	(38,839)	657,679
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	 696,518	696,518	696,518	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	0	657,679	657,679

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			SPECIAL REVE	NUE FUNDS	
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$	118,270	118,270	145,437	27,167
Intermediate sources				1,137	1,137
State sources	_	19,016	22,386	24,727	2,341
Total revenues collected		137,286	140,656	171,301	30,645
Expenditures:					
Instruction		53,384	56,754	33,932	22,822
Support services		416,636	416,636	119,805	296,831
Operation of non-instruction services		4,500	4,500	15,530	(11,030)
Facilities acquisition & construction services		224,911	224,911	92,278	132,633
Total expenditures		699,431	702,801	261,545	441,256
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures		(562,145)	(562,145)	(90,244)	471,901
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		562,145	562,145	562,145	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	471,901	471,901

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	DEBT SERVICE FUND				
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected: Local sources	\$	559,557	561,563	2,006	
Intermediate sources Total revenues collected		559,557	5,135 566,698	5,135 7,141	
Requirements: Bonds Coupons Total expenditures		535,000 45,251 580,251	430,000 41,844 471,844	105,000 3,407 108,407	
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures		(20,694)	94,854	115,548	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		21,642	21,642	0	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	948	116,496	115,548	

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Okemah Public Schools Independent District, No. I-26 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government , which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The district did not maintain a child nutrition fund during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

 $\underline{\text{Co-op Fund}}$  – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District operates their child nutrition program within the general fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

### B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> – cont'd

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained gifts and endowment funds and an insurance recovery fund during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> – cont'd

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation - cont'd

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2018-19 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

Fund	/	Amount		
General	\$	848,830		
Co-Op		3,370		

These amendments were approved by the County Excise Board.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> – cont'd

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2019, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance</u> – cont'd

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amount in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

*Restricted* fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance</u> – cont'd

*Committed* fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

*Assigned* fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

**Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Non-Monetary Transactions</u> – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2019, were \$2,753,654, at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Investment Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2019.

### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of general obligation bonds payable. Debt service requirements for bonds are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	 Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Total
Balance, July 1, 2018 Retirements	\$ 1,755,000 (430,000)	20,699 (20,699)	1,775,699 (450,699)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 1,325,000	0	1,325,000

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2019, is set forth below:

Amount <u>Outstanding</u>

#### General Obligation Bonds:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017, original issue \$1,325,000, interest rates of 1.40% to 1.75%, due in one initial installment of \$105,000, and annual installments thereafter of \$610,000 final installment due 11-1-2021

The annual debt service requirements for outstanding bond issues and capital leases, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 105,000	20,443	125,443
2021	610,000	18,605	628,605
2022	 610,000	8,540	618,540
Total	\$ 1,325,000	47,588	1,372,588

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2018-19 fiscal year totaled \$32,123.

## 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

### Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2018-19 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 7.7%.

## 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$736,089, \$616,701 and \$643,140, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2019. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension liability amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT – cont'd

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2018-19 fiscal year. The revised Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

#### Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

#### 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS

On September 1, 2012, the Okfuskee County Educational Facilities Authority issued \$3,545,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds (Okemah Public Schools Project) Series 2012, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Okemah School District. Also on September 1, 2012, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Okfuskee County Educational Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Okfuskee County Educational Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for ten (10) annual acquisition payments starting September 1, 2014, in addition to semiannual rental payments of \$1,500 (remaining payments listed below). These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$4,620,000, passed by vote on September 3, 2011. Okemah Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund equity under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
19-20	375,000	59,306	434,306
20-21	400,000	50,400	450,400
21-22	420,000	39,900	459,900
22-23	445,000	27,300	472,300
23-24	465,000	13,950	478,950
Total	2,105,000	190,856	2,295,856

#### 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS – cont'd

On January 1, 2018, the Okfuskee County Educational Facilities Authority issued \$1,910,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds (Okemah Public Schools Project) Series 2018, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Okemah School District. Also on January 1, 2018, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Okfuskee County Educational Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Okfuskee County Educational Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for eight (8) annual acquisition payments starting September 1, 2018, in addition to semiannual rental payments of \$1,500 (remaining payments listed below). These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$2,645,000, passed by vote on September 12, 2017. Okemah Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund equity under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
19-20		54,781	54,781
20-21	00.000	,	,
=0 =1	90,000	54,781	144,781
21-22	90,000	52,418	142,418
22-23	90,000	50,056	140,056
23-24	95,000	47,693	142,693
24-25	575,000	45,200	620,200
25-26	970,000	29,100	999,100
Total	\$ 1,910,000	334,029	2,244,029

# OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	В	uilding Fund	CO-OP FUND	TOTAL	
Cash	\$ 470,705		4,945	475,650	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Warrants payable	\$	1,239	2,510	3,749	
Fund Balance: Restricted		469,466	2,435	471,901	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	470,705	4,945	475,650	

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	В	UILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected: Local sources	\$	145,437		145,437
Intermediate sources		1,137		1,137
State sources			24,727	24,727
Total revenues collected		146,574	24,727	171,301
Expenditures:		7 070	00.000	22.020
Instruction		7,272	26,660	33,932
Support services		119,805		119,805
Operations Of Non-Instruction Services		15,530		15,530
Facilities acquisition & construction services		92,278		92,278
Total expenditures		234,885	26,660	261,545
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(88,311)	(1,933)	(90,244)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		557,777	4,368	562,145
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	469,466	2,435	471,901

### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUILDING FUND					CO-OP FUND				
		RIGINAL JDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues Collected: Local sources Intermediate sources	\$	118,270	118,2	70	145,437 1,137		10.010			
State sources Total revenues collected		118,270	118,2	70	146,574	 -	19,016 19,016	22,386 22,386	<u>24,727</u> 24,727	
Expenditures:							00 00 l	00 <b>-</b> - /		
Instruction Support services Operations of non-instruction services		30,000 416,636 4,500	30,0 416,6 4,5	36	7,272 119,805 15,530		23,384	26,754	26,660	
Facilities acquisition & construction services Total expenditures		224,911 676,047	224,9 676,0	11	92,278 234,885	· -	23,384	26,754	26,660	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(557,777)	(557,7	77)	(88,311)		(4,368)	(4,368)	(1,933)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		557,777	557,7	77	557,777		4,368	4,368	4,368	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0		0	469,466	: =	<u>\$0</u>	0	2,435	

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES -ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS		DING BOND IND (#31)	BUILDING BOND FUND (#32)	TRANSP. BOND FUND (#33)	TOTAL	
Cash	\$	436,100	42,315	31,206	509,621	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Warrants payable	\$	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balance: Restricted		436,100	42,315	31,206	509,621	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	436,100	42,315	31,206	509,621	

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUILDING BOND FUND (#31)		BUILDING BOND FUND (#32)	TRANSPORTATION BOND FUND (#33)	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected: Total revenues collected	\$	0	0_	0_	0_	
Expenditures: Facilities acquisition & construction services		425,400	0	0	425,400	
Excess of revenues collected and other financing sources over (under) expenditures		(425,400)	0	0	(425,400)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		861,500	42,315	31,206	935,021	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	436,100	42,315	31,206	509,621	

### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSFEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

	 EXP	ENDABLE TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS		
<u>ASSETS</u>	GIFTS FUND	ENDOWMENT FUND	INSURANCE RECOVERY FUND	ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL
Cash Investment	\$ 7,615	249 42,465	9,206	82,067	99,137 42,465
Total Assets	\$ 7,615	42,714	9,206	82,067	141,602
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Warrants outstanding Funds held for school organizations Total Liabilities	\$ 250 250	0	0	<u>82,067</u> 82,067	250 82,067 82,317
Fund Balance: Restricted	 7,365	42,714	9,206	0	59,285
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 7,615	42,714	9,206	82,067	141,602

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL FIDICIARY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GIFTS FUND		ENDOWMENT FUND	INSURANCE RECOVERY FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected: Interest earnings	\$	103	79	0	182	
Expenditures: Support services		1,500	500	0	2,000	
Excess of revenues collected and other financing sources over (under) expenditures		(1,397)	(421)	0	(1,818)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		8,762	43,135	9,206	61,103	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	7,365	42,714	9,206	59,285	

### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -ALL AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>	ALANCE 2-01-18	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS/ ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-19
Cash	\$ 54,722	418,715	0	391,370	82,067
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	\$ 8,427	82,898		75,271	16,054
Basketball	73	6,001		5,952	122
Football	2,032	13,410		10,567	4,875
Softball	4,201	13,376		12,591	4,986
Baseball	3,455	1,079		3,476	1,058
Golf	1,516	2,789		2,524	1,781
Track	1,115	799		941	973
Basketball girls Powerlifting	1,410 3	10,143 376		9,088 300	2,465 79
Cross country	887	157		596	448
5th/6th Grade Basketball	17	0		17	440
Child nutrition	94	64,195		64,269	20
Band general	286	17,604		13,644	4,246
Beta club	92	6,022		5,318	796
Clearing	0	23,901		23,901	0
FFA	5,311	19,847		23,716	1,442
FCCLA	133	3,136		2,855	414
4h club	232	25		253	4
Este cate club	694	505		480	719
Key club	409	130		36	503
Library	477	11,629		11,232	874
HS concessions	7,325	39,289		38,221	8,393
Middle school	2,128	9,372		7,193	4,307
Oakes elementary	1,148	12,231		11,430	1,949
Summer School	0	610		610	0
OMS Writing Club	404	40		40	404
Sr HS cheerleaders	1,725	19,578		16,232	5,071
Sr HS student council	719	3,572		2,928	1,363
Artists guild	187	177		198	166
MS student council	32	2,818		1,895	955
HS teachers fund	125	484		609	0
Thespians	1,302	217		217	1,302
Yearbook	875 681	14,559 0		9,631 287	5,803 394
MCN grant MS clothing closet	001	1,250		936	314
MS cheerleaders	698	9,887		10,256	329
Scholastic 6	16	150		156	10
Summer kids café	116	0		0	116
Special olympics	585	6,466		4,822	2,229
Special education	490	500		0	990
Class of 2019	860	689		1,549	0
Class of 2020	0	3,000		2,570	430
Interest/Activity fund	249	1,877		1,586	540
MS Library	89	5,383		5,341	131
Alternative academy	1,138	2,023		2,051	1,110
Elementary music	139	0		0	139
Oakes library	2,796	3,151		2,901	3,046
Drug testing	0	1,740		1,740	0
High School	 31	1,630	. <u></u>	944	717
Total Liabilities	\$ 54,722	418,715	0	391,370	82,067

#### OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor / Pass Through <u>Grantor / Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through Grantor's No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/18	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/19
U.S. Department of Education:							
Direct Programs:							
Indian Education	84.060	S060A181070	\$ 76,635		76,226	76,635	409
Indian Education 2016-17 - Note	84.060	S060A171070		23,965	23,965		
P.L. 874 Impact Aid	84.041	S041B-2018-4124	538,384		484,053	488,895	
P.L. 874 Impact Aid Special Ed	84.041	S041B-2018-4124	54,331		54,331	54,331	
Sub Total			669,350	23,965	638,575	619,861	409
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
*Title I, Basic Program	84.010		310,724		207,578	262,129	54,551
Title I, Basic Program 2017-18 - Note	84.010		,	44,190	44,190		- ,
*Title I, School Improvement	84.010		16,049	,	12,497	15,273	2,776
Title I, School Improvement 2017-18 - Note	84.010		,	2,315	2,315	,	_,
Title II, Part A	84.367		46,655	,	43,060	46,655	3,595
Title II, Part A 2017-18 - Note	84.367		- ,	3,838	3,838	.,	
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		208,127	-,	145,898	193,695	47,797
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2017-18 - Note	84.027		/	44,018	44,018		
IDEA-B Staff Development (613)	84.027		2,512	,	1,760	1,760	
IDEA-B Staff Development 2017-18 - Note	84.027		, -	157	157	,	
IDEA-B, Staff Development (615)	84.027		3,263		490	751	261
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173		3,259		3,259	3,259	
Title IV, Part A	84.424		15,000		-,		
Title VI, Part B	84.358		20,623		18,601	18,601	
Title VI, Part B 2017-18 Note	84.358			3,535	3,535		
Sub Total			626,212	98,053	531,196	542,123	108,980
Passed Through State Department of Education							
*Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				135,111	135,111	
National school lunch program	10.555				306,560	306,560	
Non-cash assistance - Commodities - Note 3	10.555				34,727	34,727	
Sub Total					476,398	476,398	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		19,860		4,801	11,456	6,655
Johnson O'Malley 3 month	15.130		7,988		6,805	6,805	*
Johnson O'Malley 2017-18 - Note	15.130			6,341	6,341		
Job Training	84.126		1,373		1,093	880	280
Medicaid Resources	93.778		18,541		17,752	19,683	788
Sub Total			47,762	6,341	36,792	38,824	7,723
			\$ 1,343,324	128,359	1,682,961	1,677,206	117,112
Total Federal Assistance					,,		

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditiures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$34,727 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements

\* Major programs

## OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	POSITION	BOND	CO	VERAGE	
BONDING COMPANY	COVERED	NUMBER	A	MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Co	Treasurer	62083491	\$	500,000	07/15/2018 - 07/15/2019
·	Superintendent	72044282		100,000	05/23/2019 - 05/23/2020
	Lunchroom Secretary (1)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Lunchroom Secretary (2)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Athletic Gate Keeper (1)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Athletic Gate Keeper (2)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	FFA Instructor	69786894		2,500	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Home Economics Instructor	69786894		2,500	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Lunchroom Director	69786894		2,500	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Minute Clerk	69786894		2,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Encumbrance Clerk	69786894		2,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Principal (1)	69786894		2,500	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Principal (2)	69786894		2,500	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Principal (3)	69786894		2,500	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Superintendent Activity Accounting Custodian	69786894		10,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Secretary Activity Accounting Custodian	69786894		10,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Lunchroom Custodian	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Secretary (1)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Secretary (2)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Secretary (3)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Concession Sponsor (1)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Concession Sponsor (2)	69786894		1,000	11/13/2018 - 11/13/2019
	Custodian of School District	62083506		100,000	07/15/2018 - 07/15/2019

# OKEMAH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-26, OKFUSKEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2019

State of Oklahoma ) ) ss County of Tulsa )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Okemah Public Schools for the audit year 2018-19.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP Auditing Firm

By

Authorized Agent



Subscribed and sworn to before me This 27<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2019

Notary Public (or Clerk

My Commission Expires: 3/11/2023 Commission No. 19002530



Stephen H. Sanders, CPA (ret.) Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 101 N. MAIN ST. • BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

September 27, 2019

Mr. R.L. Vick II, Supt. Okemah Public Schools 107 West Date Street Okemah, Oklahoma 74859-4623

Dear Mr. Vick:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you, and are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following section contains the exceptions relayed to management that are control deficiencies, which are not included or referred to in your audit report, but which we feel need to be communicated to you so appropriate action may be taken to correct these deficiencies.

# No exceptions noted.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Bledsoe

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP