FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2, OSAGE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2021

Audited by

BLEDSOE, HEWETT & GULLEKSON CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2021

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PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

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Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 121 E. COLLEGE ST. • BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Pawhuska School District Number I-2 Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Pawhuska School District Number I-2, Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2021, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

January 25, 2022



Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 121 E. COLLEGE ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Pawhuska School District Number I-2 Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Pawhuska School District Number I-2, Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2022, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a significant deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit results, findings, and questioned costs as item 2021-1, that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of audit results as item 2021-1. We also noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance which are described in the accompanying management letter.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the attached corrective action plan. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit on the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

January 25, 2022



Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 121 E. COLLEGE ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Pawhuska School District Number I-2 Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pawhuska School District Number I-2, Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma (the District)'s, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion. the District, complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

January 25, 2022

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2021

FINDING 2020-1 - PAYROLL

<u>Condition</u>: We could not adequately reconcile six out of the ten payroll contracts selected for testing. These instances show overpayments made to employees. The District was able to provide reasonable explanation for all material overpayments, however, some immaterial amounts still existed that appear to have been overpayments to employees.

Current Status: Contract reconciliations were improved upon in the 2020-21 fiscal year.

FINDING 2020-2 – PURCHASE ORDERS

<u>Condition</u>: Overall, the purchase orders were not well organized in the 2019-20 fiscal year. During the review of the appropriated fund expenditures, we made the following observations:

- Purchase orders were not consistently encumbered against available appropriations prior to the obligations being incurred.
- Some of the invoices were not signed as received by a District employee.
- There were several purchases where we were unable to locate any supporting documentation, or the supporting documentation was only partially located.
- Several purchase orders did not reflect the actual amount paid on the face of the purchase order.
- Credit card purchases did not have itemized receipts (credit card slips or invoices) included as supporting documentation. Credit card statements were attached to the PO, however, the statements were not clear to which transactions were associated with each particular PO.

<u>Current Status</u>: Purchase Orders improved from the prior year. Of the purchase orders tested there was appropriate supporting documentation and clear audit trail. Controls and procedures have been improved upon.

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

<u>Section 1</u> – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit audit reported one significant deficiency (item 2021-1), considered to be material weaknesses, in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed one instance of noncompliance (item 2021-1), which is considered material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit did not identify any material weaknesses and did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unmodified report was issued on the compliance for major programs in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR 200.51(a).
- Programs determined to be major are the Title I Striving Reader Program (84.371), which was not clustered in determination, and the COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund – ESSER / CARES Act Programs (84.425D), which were not clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

FINDING 2021-1 – ACTIVITY FUND PURCHASE ORDERS

<u>Condition</u>: The activity fund purchase orders were not well organized. During our review of the expenditures, we made the following observations:

- There were several purchases that lacked adequate supporting documentation, or the supporting documentation was only partially located.
- The majority of purchase orders did not have an approved requisition attached.
- None of the purchase orders were signed by any approving officer.
- The majority of the invoices were not signed as received by a District employee.

<u>Criteria</u>: All expenditures should be properly authorized and adequate support should be obtained and attached to the purchase order. In addition, all invoices or delivery tickets should be signed and dated when the merchandise is received by a District employee, as required by Oklahoma Statutes.

<u>Cause / Effect</u>: Proper procedures were not in place over the accounts payable function for the activity fund. This increases the risk that a misappropriation of assets will occur and not be detected whether due to error or fraud.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District enforce policies and procedures which require activity fund purchase orders have a requisition attached with a signature from an approving officer, original supporting documentation be obtained, invoices be signed as received, the face of the purchase order reflect the total amount actually paid, and the check number(s) be recorded on the purchase orders.

<u>Response</u>: The District has not responded to the audit findings as of the date of this audit report.

<u>Section 3</u> – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

NONE

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30. 2021

	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)	2,661,958 93,947 761,053	3,516,958		319,327 6,316 128,064	855,000 1,308,707	577,343 1,630,908	2,208,251	3,516,958
ACCOUNT GROUP	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	93,947 761,053	855,000			855,000 855,000		0	855,000
FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	388,810	388,810		3,649	131,713	257,097	257,097	388,810
	CAPITAL PROJECTS	25,624	25,624			0	25,624	25,624	25,624
L FUND TYPES	DEBT SERVICE	93,947	93,947			0	93,947	93,947	93,947
GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	SPECIAL REVENUE	213,236	213,236		12,561	12,561	200,675	200,675	213,236
	GENERAL	\$ 1,940,341	\$ 1,940,341		\$ 303,117 6,316	309,433	1,630,908	1,630,908	\$ 1,940,341
	ASSETS	Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	Liabilities: Checks payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations	Bonds payable Total liabilities	Fund Balance: Restricted Unassigned	Cash fund balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE	TOTALS	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TRUST FUNDS	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)	
Revenues Collected:							
Local sources	\$ 1,522,680	214,579	696,812		2,703,758	5,137,829	
Intermediate sources	250,464					250,464	
State sources	3,867,020					3,867,020	
Federal sources	1,611,540	242,546				1,854,086	
Interest earnings	10,019		171			10,190	
Non-revenue receipts			460			460	
Total revenues collected	7,261,723	457,125	697,443	0	2,703,758	11,120,049	
Expenditures:							
Instruction	4,126,382	206,922			172,766	4,506,070	
Support services	2,789,596	120,757			2,517,242	5,427,595	
Operation of non-instructional services	286,120					286,120	
Facilities acquisition & construction services	40,219	7,000		593,700		640,919	
Other outlays:							
Debt service requirements			629,332			629,332	
Total expenditures	7,242,317	334,679	629,332	593,700	2,690,008	11,490,036	
Excess of revenues collected over (under)							
expenditures before other financing							
sources (uses)	19,406	122,446	68,111	(593,700)	13,750	(369,987)	
	,	,		()		(
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)	73,457	(73,457)				0	
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	250	300			1,141	1,691	
Bond sale proceeds				617,400		617,400	
Sub-total	73,707	(73,157)	0	617,400	1,141	619,091	
Excess of revenues collected over							
(under) expenditures	93,113	49,289	68,111	23,700	14,891	249,104	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,537,795	151,386	25,836	1,924	242,206	1,959,147	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,630,908	200,675	93,947	25,624	257,097	2,208,251	

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)	
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$ 1,321,737	1,321,737	1,522,680	1,430,616	
Intermediate sources	203,940	203,940	250,464	223,521	
State sources	4,172,314	4,172,314	3,867,020	4,476,982	
Federal sources	1,018,101	1,018,101	1,611,540	821,247	
Interest earnings			10,019	27,636	
Total revenues collected	6,716,092	6,716,092	7,261,723	6,980,002	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	8,253,887	8,253,887	4,126,382	3,879,457	
Support services			2,789,596	2,976,214	
Operation of non-instructional services			286,120	74,289	
Facilities acquisition & construction services			40,219	10,876	
Total expenditures	8,253,887	8,253,887	7,242,317	6,940,836	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before					
adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(1,537,795)	(1,537,795)	19,406	39,166	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)			73,457		
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			250	90,254	
Sub-total	0	0	73,707	90,254	
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures	(1,537,795)	(1,537,795)	93,113	129,420	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	1,537,795	1,537,795	1,537,795	1,408,375	
Cash fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u> 0	0	1,630,908	1,537,795	

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:	•	010 011	004 007		
Local sources	\$	216,914	224,095	214,579	230,207
State sources		2,715	2,715		3,195
Federal sources		297,306	539,853	242,546	411,848
Non-revenue receipts			·		30,740
Total revenues collected		516,935	766,663	457,125	675,990
Expenditures:					
Instruction			249,728	206,922	89,826
Support services		302,672	302,672	120,757	128,720
Operation of non-instructional services		365,649	365,649	,	349,951
Facilities acquisition & construction services			000,010	7,000	10,960
Other outlays:				1,000	10,000
Reimbursement					31,510
Total expenditures		668,321	918,049	334,679	610,967
rotal oxponentico					010,007
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures before					
adjustments to prior year encumbrances		(151,386)	(151,386)	122,446	65,023
		(101,000)	(101,000)	122,440	00,020
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)				(73,457)	
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances				300	
Total other financing sources (uses)	·	0	0	(73,157)	0
			0	(10,107)	0
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures		(151,386)	(151,386)	49,289	65,023
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		151,386	151,386	151,386	86,363
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	200,675	151,386

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	DEBT SERVICE FUND				
	Ori	ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)	
Revenues Collected:	•	007.040	000.040	040.070	
Local sources	\$	667,018	696,812	612,672	
Interest earnings			171	733	
Non-revenue receipts			460		
Total revenues		667,018	697,443	613,405	
Requirements:					
Bonds		652,500	590,000	575,000	
Coupons		40,354	39,332	36,225	
Total expenditures		692,854	629,332	611,225	
Excess of revenue collected					
over (under) expenditures		(25,836)	68,111	2,180	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		25,836	25,836	23,656	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	93,947	25,836	

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Pawhuska Public Schools Independent District, No. I-2 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> – cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

 $\underline{\text{Co-op Fund}}$ – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The Indian Education Programs are operated through the co-op fund.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. During the 2020-21 fiscal year, the District closed out the child nutrition fund and began operating all their child nutrition programs through the general fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> – cont'd

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. For the 2020-21 fiscal year, the District maintained a gifts and endowment fund and an insurance recovery fund.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. <u>Measurement Focus</u> – cont'd

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation - cont'd

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The Board of Education request an initial temporary appropriations budget from their County Excise Board before June 30. The District uses the temporary appropriation amounts as their legal expenditure limit until annual Estimate of Needs is completed.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures. No later than October 1, each board of education shall prepare a financial statement and Estimate of Needs to be filed with the applicable County Clerk and the State Department of Education.

The 2020-21 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Co-op	\$ 249,728

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the Board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - cont'd

 $\underline{Investments}$ – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2021, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Checks Payable</u> – Checks are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding checks that have yet to be redeemed by the District's bank.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - cont'd

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - cont'd

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

Local Revenues - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> - cont'd

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Non-Monetary Transactions</u> – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> - cont'd

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There was one interfund transfer made during the 2020-21 fiscal year in the amount of \$73,457 from the Child Nutrition fund to the General fund.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2021, were \$3,286,330, at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Investment Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2021.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of general obligation bonds payable. Debt service requirements for bonds and judgments are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Bonds Payable	
Balance, July 1, 2020 Additions Retirements	\$ 840,000 605,000 (590,000)	
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 855,000	

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2021 is set forth below:

Amount Outstanding

General Obligation Bonds:

Building Bonds, Series 2020, original issue \$605,000, interest rate of .850% due in one annual installment of \$605,000 on 8-01-22 \$ 605,000

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

Amount Outstanding

Transportation Bonds, Series 2019, original issue \$250,000, interest rate of 2.15% due in		
annual installments of \$60,000 final payment of \$70,000 on 11-1-24	<u>\$</u>	250,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	855,000

The annual debt service requirements for retirement of bond principal and payment of interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	60,000	10,518	70,518
2023		665,000	9,227	674,227
2024		60,000	2,795	62,795
2025		70,000	1,505	71,505
Total	\$	855,000	24,045	879,045

Interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the 2020-21 fiscal year totaled \$39,333.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - cont'd

to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2020-21 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 7.7%.

The District's total contributions for 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$628,535, \$613,851, and \$530,751, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2021. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – cont'd

Annual Pension Cost

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association (OSSBA) Employment Services program, which helps to cover the cost of unemployment claims. Depending on which level of membership the District elects, the District makes a deposit into an account administered by OSSBA, or will make payments periodically as needed. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

7. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2020-21 fiscal year. The revised Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS

On May 19, 2010, the Pawhuska Educational Facilities Authority issued \$6,230,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds (Pawhuska Public Schools Project) Series 2010, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Pawhuska School District. Also May 19, 2010, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Pawhuska Educational Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Pawhuska Educational Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for eleven (11) annual acquisition payments starting September 1, 2011, in addition to semiannual rental payments of \$1,500. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$9,370,000, on November 10, 2009. Pawhuska Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund equity under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold. The District also uses an annual federal subsidy of varying amounts in making payments on the lease revenue bonds.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2021

	BUILDING FUND		CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	206,055	7,181	0	213,236	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities: Checks payable	\$	12,561			12,561	
Fund Balance: Restricted		193,494	7,181		200,675	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	206,055	7,181	0	213,236	

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		UILDING	CO-OP		7074
		FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:	•				
Local sources	\$	207,398	7,181		214,579
Federal sources			242,546		242,546
Total revenues collected		207,398	249,727	0	457,125
Expenditures:					
Instruction			206,922		206,922
Support services		120,757			120,757
Facilities acquisition & construction services		7,000			7,000
Total expenditures		127,757	206,922	0	334,679
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		79,641	42,805	0	122,446
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)				(73,457)	(73,457)
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances				300	300
Total other financing sources (uses)		0	0	(73,157)	(73,157)
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures		79,641	42,805	(73,157)	49,289
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		113,853	(35,624)	73,157	151,386
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	193,494	7,181	0	200,675

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	ACTUAL		0		0	0	(73,457) 300 (73,157)	(73,157)	73,157	0
CHILD NUTRITION FUND	FINAL BUDGET	28,095 2315	261,682 261,682 292,492		365,649 365,649	(73,157)	0	(73,157)	73,157	0
CHIL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	\$ 28,095 2715	261,682 261,682 292,492		365,649 365,649	(73,157)	0	(73,157)	73,157	0
	ACTUAL	7,181	242,546 249,727	206,922	206,922	42,805	0	42,805	(35,624)	7,181
CO-OP FUND	FINAL BUDGET	7,181	278,171 285,352	249,728	249,728	35,624	0	35,624	(35,624)	0
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	¢	35,624 35,624		0	35,624	o	35,624	(35,624)	0 \$
	ACTUAL	207,398	207,398	120,757	7,000 127,757	79,641	0	79,641	113,853	193,494
BUILDING FUND	FINAL BUDGET	188,819	188,819	302,672	302,672	(113,853)	0	(113,853)	113,853	0
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	\$ 188,819	188,819	302,672	302,672	(113,853)	o	(113,853)	113,853	0 \$
		Revenues Collected: Local sources	Federal sources Federal sources Total revenues collected	Expenditures: Instruction Support services	Operation of non-instructional services Facilities acquisition & construction services Total expenditures	Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out) Adjustment to prior year encumbrances Total other financing sources (uses)	Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	Cash fund balances, beginning of year	Cash fund balances, end of year

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE -ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2021

		NDABLE T FUNDS CASUALTY/FLOOD INSURANCE FUND	AGENCY FUNDS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL	
ASSETS					
Cash	<u>\$</u> 216,147	44,599	128,064	388,810	
LIABILITIES Liabilities:					
Checks payable	\$	3,649	(00.00)	3,649	
Funds held for school organizations Totals liabilities	0	3,649	<u> 128,064 </u>	<u>128,064</u> 131,713	
Fund Balance: Restricted	216,147	40,950	0	257,097	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 216,147	44,599	128,064	388,810	

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL FIDUCIARY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	GIFTS FUND	CASUALTY/ FLOOD INSURANCE FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:			
Local sources	\$ 177,803	2,525,955	2,703,758
Expenditures:			
Instruction	172,766		172,766
Support services	10,010	2,507,232	2,517,242
Total expenditures	 182,776	2,507,232	2,690,008
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(4,973)	18,723	13,750
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances	 1,141	0	1,141
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(3,832)	18,723	14,891
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 219,979	22,227	242,206
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 216,147	40,950	257,097

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>		LANCE -01-20	ADDITIONS	ADJUSTMENTS/ TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-21
Cash	<u> </u>	112,926	314,661	0	299,523	128,064
LIABILITIES						
Funds held for school organizations:						
Annual	\$	144	6,794		2,860	4,078
Arts & crafts		99	50		60	89
Band color guard		338	0		0	338
Band		193	2,585		1,774	1,004
Special band account		5,521	0	(253)	1,318	3,950
Baseball		7,002	5,021	· · ·	9,494	2,529
Boy's basketball		1,206	24,939	315	18,933	7,527
Girl's basketball		1,849	26,357	314	16,866	11,654
Builder's club		663	0		0	663
Jr. high cheer		5,361	1,596		5,739	1,218
Key club		1,914	. 1		. 0	1,915
Elementary media, 3-6th		3,730	3,066		2,072	4,724
Indian camp elementary, Pre k-2nd		9,309	12,221	148	6,413	15,265
BPA		627	48		60	615
FCA		5	0		0	5
Alternative Ed		372	0		Ō	372
Football		1,360	75,731		70,381	6,710
General		832	2,179	2,222	50	5,183
Golf		443	150	_,	501	92
Soccer		2,429	1,703		1,968	2,164
Elementary 3-6		15,661	1,642		2,690	14,613
Junior high		1,522	3,326	50	4,083	815
Mu Alpha Theta		500	0	••	0	500
NASA		983	3,000		3,319	664
Cheerleaders		10,861	29,430	90	29,648	10,733
Softball		8,696	26,368	450	30,827	4,687
Special Olympics		4,101	20,000	400	00,021	4,101
Speech		2,297	Ő		Ő	2,297
Student council		7,268	542		4,052	3,758
Tennis		655	0		0	655
Boy's track		171	5,531		2,816	2,886
Girl's track		218	5,501		2,831	2,888
Vending		1,162	2,270	50	2,618	864
Vocal		882	_, 0		_,0	883
Wrestling		3,413	11,095		10,470	4,038
FFA		5,440	62,246	114	65,183	2,617
Agriculture education		6	00		0	2,017
All sports banquet		1,394	1,268		2,217	445
National Honor Society		58	0		2,217	58
Academic team		741	ů 0		280	461
Variance adjustment		3,500	0 0	(3,500)	0	0
Total Liabilities	\$	112,926	314,661	0	299,523	128,064
	<u> </u>	1121020			200,020	120,007

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REGULATORY BASIS

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor / Pass Through <u>Grantor / Program Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7/1/2020	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Indian Education 2020-21	84.060	561	\$ 157,368		157,368	157,368	
Indian Education 2019-20	84.060	561	49,554		49,554	49,554	
Indian Education 2018-19	84.060	799		35,625	35,625		
Impact Aid	84.041	591	279,496		279,496		
Impact Aid, disabled	84.041	592	3,696		3,696		
Sub Total			490,114	35,625	525,739	206,922	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Part A	84.010	511	259,830		231,023	252,234	21,211
*Title I, Striving Readers	84.371	538	341,151		296,671	340,731	44,060
CARES Special Ed	84.027	617	8,640		8,640	8,640	
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	621	216,012		203,829	203,829	
IDEA-B Proffesional Development	84.027	613	150		150	150	
IDEA-B Proffesional Development 2019-20	84.027	799		220	220		
IDEA-B Individuals With Disabilities	84.027	616	105		105	105	
IDEA-B Pre-school	84.173	641	8,416		6,425	6,425	
Title VI, Part B	84.358	587	14,104		14,104	14,104	
Title IV, Part A	84.424	552	13,265		13,246	13,246	
*COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):						-	
ESSERF / CARES Act	84.425D	788	149,894		111,260	116,116	4,856
ESSERF	84.425D	789	24,500		24,500	24,500	
ESSER II	84.425D	793	841,014		152,235	152,464	229
Total COVID-19 - ESF			1,015,408	0	287,995	293,080	5,085
Sub total			1,877,081	220	1,062,408	1,132,544	70,356
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Child Nutrition Programs:							
Summer Food Program	10.559	766			262,408		
Non-cash assistance: Commodities - Note 3	10.555	n/a			18,681	18,681	
Sub Total				·	281,089	18,681	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Job Training - OJT	84.126	456	2,595		2,595	2,595	
Flood Control	12.112	770	938		938		
Sub Total			3,533	0	3,533	2,595	0
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 2,370,728	35,845	1,872,769	1,360,742	70,356

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized when an approved purchase order is issued.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$18,681 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements

* Major programs

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	
RLI Surety -				
Tolson Agency, Inc.	Treasurer	FID8001202	\$ 100,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Superintendent	FID8001202	100,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Assistant Treasurer	FID8001202	100,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Assistant Superintendent	FID8001202	100,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Activity Fund Custodian	FID8001202	75,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Encumbrance Clerk	FID8001202	75,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Encumbrance Deputy Clerk	FID8001202	25,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Minutes Clerk	FID8001202	1,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Deputy Minutes Clerk	FID8001202	1,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Child Nutrition Custodian	FID8001202	1,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	High School Secretary	FID8001202	1,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Elem/Middle Secretary	FID8001202	1,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22
	Indian Camp Secretary	FID8001202	1,000	3/8/20 - 3/8/22

PAWHUSKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, OSAGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2020 TO JUNE 30, 2021

State of Oklahoma)) ss County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Pawhuska Public Schools for the audit year 2020-21.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP Auditing Firm

Bv

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me lene Mille This 25th day of January, 2022 ANTHONOR DAY #20014980 Jotary Public (or Clerk or Judge) OK My Commission Expires: 12/11/2024 Commission No. 20014980



Eric M. Bledsoe, CPA Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 121 E. COLLEGE ST. BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

January 25, 2021

Mr. David Cash, Supt. Pawhuska Public Schools 1801 McKenzie Rd. Pawhuska, Oklahoma 74056

Dear Mr. Cash:

Listed below are the observations and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

The following section contains the observations relayed to management that are <u>control deficiencies</u>, which we feel need to be communicated to you so appropriate action may be taken to correct these deficiencies. These items are not included in your audit report, as they are considered immaterial in nature.

Federal Programs

We observed few instances (Project 456, 587, 591, 592, 561) where the amounts claimed for reimbursement did not match the actual amounts coded to that project code, according to OCAS reports. Project 456 (Rehab Services) had receipts that were miscoded as local miscellaneous revenue. Project 587 was receipted into the general fund, but the expenditures were made from the gifts fund (Fund #81). Projects 591 & 592 receipts did not appear to have been properly coded, according to OCAS. Further, the District did not code any expenditures to these programs, and will need to consider these receipts as carryover to expend in future fiscal years. Project 561 had one receipt (#5783) that was local money from the Osage Interlocal Co-op, but was receipted as federal funds. Although these amounts are correctly reported on the SEFA, it is possible that the District will be contacted by the State Department of Education about these variances, and they will require a written response regarding these differences. We recommend that the District establish a procedure which requires an employee (other than the one filing the claims) perform reconciliations periodically during the year, and at the end of the fiscal year, between the federal expenditures claimed for reimbursement and the expenditures that are actually coded to the program's project code on the expenditure reports. We also recommend that actual expenses be coded to every grant to correspond with the amounts claimed, even if the program does not require a detailed expenditure claim.

Supplemental Appropriations

We observed during the audit that a State Auditor and Inspector Form 307 for supplemental appropriations was not properly completed in a timely manner. This form is for the addition of state and/or federal funds and should have been completed for the coop fund prior to any expenditures being made that exceeded appropriations. We strongly recommend that appropriations be added to any fund that is close to exceeding the lawful appropriation amount prior to that balance being exceeded.

Bank Reconciliation - Activity Fund

We observed during the audit that the activity fund bank statements were not consistently being reconciled to the custodian's activity ledger at the end of each month. We recommend, at the end of each month, that all deposits in transit and all checks outstanding be clearly identified and detailed on each bank reconciliation, and that a list of outstanding checks, giving numbers and amounts, be included. We also recommend that the bank statements be reconciled with the custodian's ledger at the end of each month.

Meal & Hotel Expenditures

We observed a few checks for trips where students and employees ate meals or stayed in hotel rooms. We recommend that when this type of travel is taken, a listing of all students (team roster) and employees be included that reconciles to the amount of meals purchased or the number of hotel rooms purchased.

Athletic Gate

We observed during the audit that there were several checks issued to the BlueSky Bank. We recommend discontinuance of this practice because we find no statutory authority to support it. The proper procedure for obtaining "cash" for change at school activities is to issue a check to a specific individual who then has the responsibility to return the cash to the activity fund custodian. Upon receiving the change after the school function that required it is over, the activity fund custodian should identify it as "returned change," and it should be deposited apart from other monies collected for that event.

Booster Clubs

In preparation of our on-site audit, the District treasurer requested the financial records and bank statements from two outside booster clubs, Indian Camp Booster Club and Football Booster Club. The Indian Camp Booster Club provided bank statements with appropriate supporting invoices and receipts. The Football Booster Club submitted bank statements, however, there was no supporting documentation included. While reviewing the Football Booster Club bank statements, we noted several unidentified cash withdrawals and some questionable purchases. Without supporting documentation for these expenditures, we are unable to verify that a legitimate purpose existed. Further, the checks issued from the bank account were only signed by one individual. We recommend that all checks be signed by at least two officers. We gave a similar finding/recommendation regarding the Football Booster Club in the prior year management letter.

We recommend that all sanctioned booster clubs be approved by the Board annually and that all required bylaws, purpose/goals, etc. be provided to the Board. Also, financial records should be reviewed regularly by the activity fund custodian (or other designated employee) for compliance with Board policies and to look for unusual transactions. The Pawhuska Board of Education should give careful consideration when approving a club for sanctioning each year. Sanctioning should not be approved for any club that is not complying with Board policy.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Christopher P. Gullekson

For

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP