AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

POCOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-7, LEFLORE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7 LEFLORE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7 LEFLORE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President Alan Alexander

Vice-President Joe Piovesan

Clerk Jackie Lewis

Deputy Clerk Shane Riggs

Member Tyler Howard

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Jason Brittain

SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Alicia Young

BUSINESS MANAGER

Pat Smith



JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Pocola School District No. I-007 Pocola, Oklahoma 74902

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of Pocola School District No. I-007, Pocola, Oklahoma (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the following paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered, of each fund type, for the year then ended, on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the previous paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Pocola School District No. I-007, LeFlore County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2022, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pocola School District No. I-007, Pocola, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Pocola School District No. I-007, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements, regulatory basis, listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

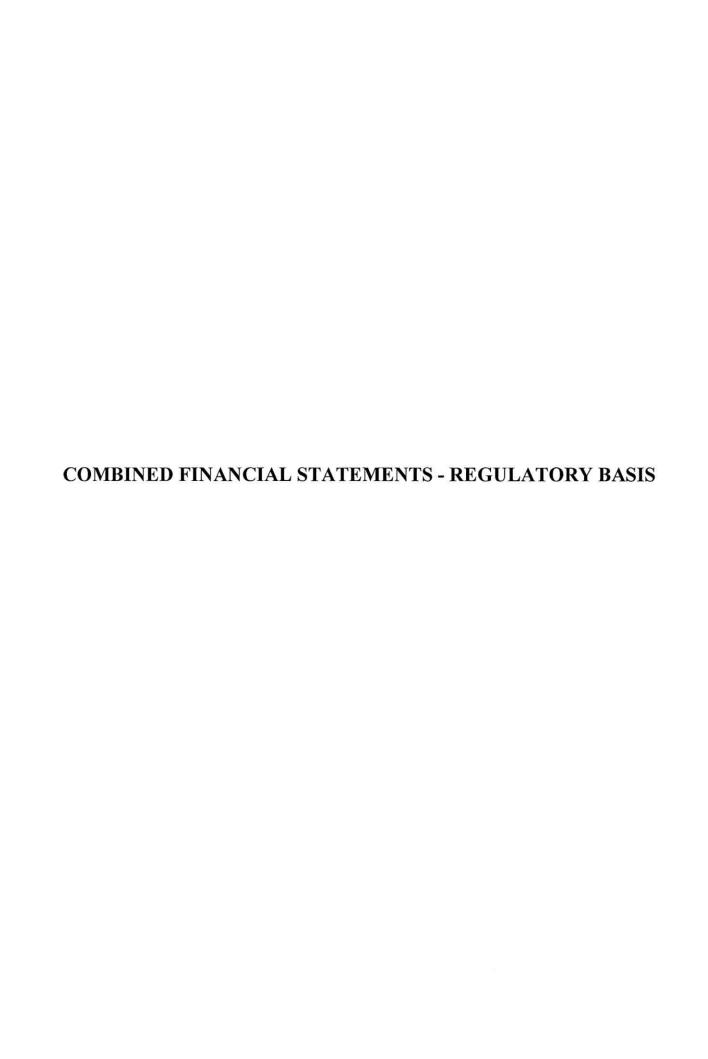
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 9, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jenkous & Kumpur, CPAs P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

November 9, 2022



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	<u>GOVEI</u> GENERAL	RNMENTAL FUND ' SPECIAL REVENUE	<u>TYPES</u> DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
1,000,10		100,01,02	- OLIC FOL	TROJECTO	TIGET TOTAL	DED.	
Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service Amounts to be provided for retirement of	\$ 2,180,758	441,467	129	1,042,456	198,207 45,000	129	3,863,017 45,000 129
general long-term debt		12/10/4 (N.1000000				1,142,288	1,142,288
Total Assets	2,180,758	441,467	129	1,042,456	243,207	1,142,417	5,050,434
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations	249,805 71,600	905 137,947		279,031 190,157	243,207		529,741 399,704 243,207
Long-term debt: Bonds payable						1,100,000	1,100,000
Capital leases						42,417	42,417
Total liabilities	321,405	138,852		469,188	243,207	1,142,417	2,315,069
Fund balances Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service	221,100	.00,000	129	573,268		.,	573,268 129
Child nutrition		58,288	129				58,288
Building		244,327					244,327
Unassigned	1,859,353	-11,000					1,859,353
Total fund balances	1,859,353	302,615	129	573,268			2,735,365
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,180,758	441,467	129	1,042,456	243,207	1,142,417	5,050,434

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES SPECIAL DEBT CAPITAL **TOTALS** GENERAL **REVENUE** SERVICE **PROJECTS** (MEMO ONLY) Revenues Local sources 933,936 115,482 129 1,102,321 2,151,868 Intermediate sources 128,733 128,733 State sources 4,276,616 117,929 4,394,545 Federal sources 1,070,232 390,557 1,460,789 Non-revenue receipts 58,545 58,545 Total revenues 623,968 1,102,321 129 6,468,062 8,194,480 Expenditures Instruction 3,662,505 3.697.758 35,253 Support services 2,474,119 45,127 474,120 2,993,366 Operation of non-instructional services 3,727 464,339 468,066 Facilities, acquisition and const. services 8,500 21,687 19,680 49,867 Other outlays 58,545 58,545 Total expenditures 531,153 529,053 6,207,396 7,267,602 Revenues over (under) expenditures 260,666 92,815 129 573,268 926,878 Other financing sources (uses) Estopped warrants 731 7 738 Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses 261,397 92,822 129 573,268 927,616 Cash fund balance, beginning of year 1,597,956 209,793 1,807,749 Cash fund balance, end of year 573,268 1,859,353 302,615 129 2,735,365

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - BUDGETED GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND			
		DRIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	930,632	930,632	933,936
Intermediate sources		109,633	109,633	128,733
State sources		4,025,471	4,025,471	4,276,616
Federal sources		2,699,974	2,699,974	1,070,232
Non-revenue receipts				58,545
Total revenues	1	7,765,710	7,765,710	6,468,062
Expenditures				
Instruction				3,662,505
Support services				2,474,119
Operation of non-instructional services				3,727
Facilities, acquisition and const. services				8,500
Other outlays				58,545
Non-categorical		9,363,666	9,363,666	
Total expenditures		9,363,666	9,363,666	6,207,396
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,597,956)	(1,597,956)	260,666
Other financing sources (uses)				
Estopped warrants			-	731
Revenue and other sources over (under)				
expenditures and other uses		(1,597,956)	(1,597,956)	261,397
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	3 	1,597,956	1,597,956	1,597,956
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$			1,859,353

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	116,133	116,133	115,482	
State sources		3,100	3,100	117,929	
Federal sources		382,960	382,960	390,557	
Total revenues		502,193	502,193	623,968	
Expenditures					
Support services				45,127	
Operation of non-instructional services				464,339	
Facilities, acquisition and const. services				21,687	
Non-categorical		711,986	711,986		
Total expenditures		711,986	711,986	531,153	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(209,793)	(209,793)	92,815	
Other financing sources (uses) Estopped warrants				7	
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(209,793)	(209,793)	92,822	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		209,793	209,793	209,793	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	=	-	302,615	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	DEBT SERVICE FUND			
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ -		129	
Total revenues		-	129	
Expenditures Other outlays Debt service		<u>=</u> _		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	129	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		-		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ -		129	

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Pocola Public Schools Independent District No. I-7 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public-school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public-school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over the PTA.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for the school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary fund types.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under a trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used depending on whether there is an obligation to maintain trust principal. Agency

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> - Expendable trust funds include the gifts fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts Fund</u> - The gifts fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> - The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> - The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the student and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, in collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Group

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – contd.

recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

The District may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the District voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest-bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, bank and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the district. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2022 is not material to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - contd.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> - The General Fixed Asset Account Group presents the historical cost of fixed assets, net any depreciation.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> - The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> - Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the district, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – contd.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for special purposes versus availability of appropriations. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered nonspendable (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact) and those that are spendable (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

- **Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by
 formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such
 amounts are not subject to legal enforceability but cannot be used for any other purpose
 unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that
 which imposed the commitment. The School Board is the highest level of decisionmaking authority of the School District.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owned. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include interest earnings, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund with the exception of federal revenues related to the child nutrition program, which are received in the child nutrition fund.

Non-Revenue Receipts - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence.

Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Other Outlays/Uses Expenditures - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) when applicable. Other uses include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditure for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Inter-fund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers between funds during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

2. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2022, the District held deposits of approximately \$3,908,017 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposits or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime banker's acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipations notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

2. Deposits and Investments – cont'd

The investments held at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Type	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Market V	alue	C	ost
Турс	(iviolitiis)	Widiket v	aruc		ost
Investments					
Money Market		\$	0	\$	0
Municipal tax-supported money judgme	nts		0		0
Certificate of Deposit		_45	5,000	45	5,000
Total investments		\$ 45	5,000	\$ 45	5,000

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 0% in Money Market funds, 0% in Municipal tax-supported money judgments and 100% in CDs (\$45,000).

3. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of bonds payable and one (1) capital lease. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

3. **General Long-term Debt** – contd.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ -	63,156	63,156
Additions	1,100,000	=1	1,100,000
Retirements		20,739	20,739
Balance, June 30, 2022	1,100,000	42,417	1,142,417

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2022 is set forth below:

	Amount outstanding
Bonds Payable 2022 Combined Purpose Bonds, original issue \$1,100,000, interest rate of 1.5-2.05%, due in an initial payment of \$120,000 on 3-1-24, annual payments of \$140,000 beginning 3-1-25; final payment due 3-1-31;	\$ 1,100,000
<u>Capital Leases</u> Lease purchase for QZAB, original issue \$200,000, dated 9-20-13, interest rate of 1.5%, due in annual principal and interest installments of \$21,687 beginning 9-20-14; final	
payment due 9-20-23;	42,417
Total	\$ <u>1,142,417</u>

3. General Long-term Debt – contd.

The annual debt service requirements for bonds payable are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	19,370	19,370
2024	120,000	19,370	139,370
2025	140,000	17,570	157,570
2026	140,000	15,470	155,470
2027	140,000	13,370	153,370
2028-2032	560,000	27,930	587,930
Total	\$ 1,100,000	113,080	1,213,080

The annual debt service requirements for capital lease principal, and interest are as follows:

Year ending				
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	21,051	636	21,687
2024		21,366	321	21,687
Total	\$	42,417	957	43,374

4. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

4. Employee Retirement System – contd.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employees who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension liability amount is not required to be presented on the financial statements.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Beginning, July 1, 2010, the District and State were required to contribute 14.5% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System are from a percentage of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% beginning January 1, 2010 and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining 5.0% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's portion of the total contributions for 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$380,782, \$367,980 and \$394,115 respectively.

5. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REGULATORY BASIS - COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	BUILDING FUND		CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Cash Total assets	\$	244,732 244,732	196,735 196,735	441,467 441,467
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Warrants payable		405	500	905
Encumbrances			137,947	137,947
Total liabilities		405	138,447	138,852
Fund balances				
Restricted	8	244,327	58,288	302,615
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	244,732	196,735	441,467

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	В	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	107,339	8,143	115,482	
State sources		113,312	4,617	117,929	
Federal sources			390,557	390,557	
Total revenues		220,651	403,317	623,968	
Expenditures					
Support services		45,127		45,127	
Operation of non-instructional services			464,339	464,339	
Facilities, acquisition and const. services		21,687		21,687	
Total expenditures	-	66,814	464,339	531,153	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		153,837	(61,022)	92,815	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Estopped warrants			7	7	
Revenue and other sources over (under)					
expenditures and other uses		153,837	(61,015)	92,822	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		90,490	119,303	209,793	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	244,327	58,288	302,615	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	BUILDING FUND			CHILD NUTRITION FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 99,430	99,430	107,339	16,703	16,703	8,143
State sources			113,312	3,100	3,100	4,617
Federal sources				382,960	382,960	390,557
Total revenues	99,430	99,430	220,651	402,763	402,763	403,317
Expenditures						
Support services			45,127			
Operation of non-instructional services			3.45. Note 21			464,339
Facilities, acquisition and const. services			21,687			and the second
Non-categorical	189,920	189,920		522,066	522,066	
Total expenditures	189,920	189,920	66,814	522,066	522,066	464,339
State (State Colonia) (Policia) (State State Sta		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(90,490)	(90,490)	153,837	(119,303)	(119,303)	(61,022)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Estopped warrants						7
Decrees define source con (on dec)						
Revenue and other sources over (under)	(00, 100)	(00.400)	450.007	(440,000)	(440,000)	(04.045)
expenditures and other uses	(90,490)	(90,490)	153,837	(119,303)	(119,303)	(61,015)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	90,490	90,490	90,490	119,303	119,303	119,303
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ -		244,327			58,288

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Net Transfers	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
Assets	Julio 30, 2021	raditions	Transiers	Detetions	Julio 201, 2022
Cash	\$ 153,588	393,142	•	348,523	198,207
Investments	45,000	-	=		45,000
Total Assets	198,588	393,142		348,523	243,207
				0,0,020	
Liabilities					
Funds held for student organizations					
HS Football	8,435	19,504	1,000	20,231	8,708
HS Boys BB	458	27,233	1,300	18,284	10,707
HS Girls BB	4,212	21,837	1,000	10,948	16,101
HS Boys Baseball	5,212	23,792	5,500	33,447	1,057
HS Girls Softball	10,355	18,766	(1,000)	19,440	8,681
JH Boys BB	986	1,366	(.,)	1,869	483
JH Girls BB	1,696	4,862		4,608	1,950
Pocola Little League	7,367	18,953	(2,068)	13,814	10,438
HS Girls Track	-		(=,===)	-	-
JH Football	1,493	2,385		1,550	2,328
HS Weightlifting	13	_,-,-,-		-	13
Misc CD	45,000			-1:	45,000
Misc Savings	3,456	185			3,641
General AF	11,629	5,144	1,751	8,365	10,159
HS National Honor Society	156	16		-	172
Paper	160	A.E.		-	160
Office/Change	100			-	100
HS Football Scoreclock Account	840	1,000		-	1,840
HS Endowment Fund		185 5.5		-	242 22
Art	1,604	150		-	1,754
Annual	251	245		65	431
BPA	177			-	177
Class of 2022	961			=	961
Class of 2021	208		(208)	=	=
FHA	706			_	706
Class of 2023	<u>=</u>	2,331	(600)	1,115	616
Library	71			=	71
Music	36			4	36
Student Council	1,111			-	1,111
Shop	1,017	2,899		914	3,002
Band	2,034	11,209		12,715	528
Elementary	371	19,490		16,174	3,687
MS Flower	267	216		105	378
JH Adm	7,982	2,630		5,825	4,787
Class of 2020	140	section recei	(140)	-	
HS Cheer	5,708	30,965	`410 [´]	30,621	6,462
MS Cheer	1,918	2,977	300	3,299	1,896
Elem Library	3,822	14,821		10,039	8,604
MS Library	1,349	2,067		1,415	2,001
Pocola 4-H Club	183	245 25		## 1757F	183
MS Student Council	3,776	1,975		2,641	3,110
HS Teacher Courtesy	\$ 44	10.7 7.7			44
san a marana a summer.	7.				

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-7, LEFLORE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Balance		Net		Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	June 30, 2022
MS Teacher Courtesy	\$ 64			=	64
Elementary Athletics	3,015	2,703		2,373	3,345
Elem. Coke	499	484		111	872
Elem. Cheer	74			-	74
HS Girls Golf	528			-	528
Alt Ed	6			=	6
MS G/T	70			=	70
Pre-K	1,954	10,740		11,274	1,420
Kindergarten	1,770	4,762		2,788	3,744
First Grade	3,377	3,163		3,051	3,489
Second Grade	1,406	2,572		2,175	1,803
Third Grade	6,872	7,438		7,010	7,300
Fourth Grade	1,854	1,729		1,464	2,119
Fifth Grade	1,610	2,155		1,204	2,561
Concession Sales	31				31
Quiz Bowl	20	310		. 	330
Elem Teacher Misc	61			(=	61
Pocola Quarterback Club	3,075	4,369	(1,593)	3,331	2,520
Pocola Hoop Club	4,334	12,563	(1,400)	11,874	3,623
Pocola Band Booster	19,497	56,728	318	59,239	17,304
Pocola Softball Booster	1,480	26,476	700	13,113	15,543
Pocola Baseball Booster	9,630	19,199	(4,467)	10,719	13,643
Class of 2019	803		(803)	-).* (** 5
Cheerleading Booster Fund	290		5 5	5. 	290
Elem Music	476	193		360	309
Elem Special Education	474	540		953	61
Elem Cafeteria Tea	6			0.	6
MS/HS Cafeteria Tea	8				8
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Liabilities	\$ 198,588	393,142		348,523	243,207

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-7, LEFLORE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Pass-through						
	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	CFDA	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/1/2021	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2022
U.S. Department of Education							
O.S. Department of Editorion							
Direct Programs:							
Title VI-Part A, Indian Education	84.060	561	\$ 46,697		46,697	46,697	
Subtotal - Direct Programs			46,697		46,697	46,697	
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
* Title I Cluster:							
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	220,181		199,937	199,937	
Title II-Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367	541	39,672		39,672	39,672	
Title IV-SSAE Grant	84.424A	552	13,726		13,726	13,726	
Subtotal - Title I Program (Cluster)			273,579	-	253,335	253,335	
Title V, RLIS	84.358B	587	17,314		15,314	15,314	
* Education Stabilization Funds (Covid)							
ESSER (Covid)	84.425D	788	8,342		8,342	8,342	
ESSER II (Covid)	84.425D	793	663,425		260,136	260,136	
ARP/ESSER (Covid)	84.425U	795	1,491,019		278,659	278,659	
Subtotal - Education Stabilization Funds (Covid)			2,162,786	<u> </u>	547,137	547,137	
Special Education Cluster:							
IDEA-B Discretionary	84.027	615	2,816		2,332	2,491	(159)
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027	621	148,445		148,445	148,445	
ARP/IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027X	628	38,696		38,696	38,696	
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	1,895		1,892	1,892	
ARP/IDEA-B Preschool	84.027X	643	2,195		1,436	1,436_	
Subtotal - Special Education Program (Cluster)			194,047		192,801	192,960	(159)
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept of Education			\$ 2,647,726		1,008,587_	1,008,746	(159)
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Cash Assistance:							
Commodity Credit Corp	10.555	759			19,553	14,786	4,767
P-EBT Program	10.649	760			614		614
Emergency Operational Cost Reimbursement	10,555	762			3,988	-	3,988
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763			271,517	237,941	33,576
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764		20,497	67,125	40,831	46,791
Summer Food Program	10.559	766		22,631	27,759	24,071	26,319
Cash Assistance Subtotal				43,128	390,556	317,629	116,055
Passed Through State Department of Human Services:							
Non-cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A			35,565	35,565	
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)				43,128	426,121	353,194	116,055

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Pass-through	1				
	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	CFDA	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/1/2021	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2022
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	\$ 13,000			12,898	(12,898)
Johnson O'Malley 2020-21	15.130	799		(14,532)	14,532		
Flood Control	12.112	770	417	2,339	417		2,756
Subtotal - Other Federal Assistance			13,417	(12,193)	14,949	12,898	(10,142)
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 2,707,840	30,935	1,496,354	1,421,535	105,754

^{*} Major federal programs

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$35,565 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount. These commodities are reported at fair market value.

Note 2 - There were no amounts passed to subrecipients.

Note 3 - Grantor provides adequate insurance coverage against loss on assets purchased with Federal Awards.

Note 4 - The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance. The District has also elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 5 - Expenditures under the Title I Program cluster includes \$39,672 in Title II and \$13,726 in Title IV funds that were transferred to the Title I-Part A program.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND <u>NUMBER</u>	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Old Republic Surety Company	Superintendent	LSM0742469 LSM0903104	\$100,000	7/1/2021-7/1/2022 7/1/2021-7/1/2022
	Treasurer Encumbrance Clerk	POB1100369	\$100,000 \$5,000	7/1/2021-7/1/2022
	Activity Fund Custodian	POB1100369	\$100,000	7/1/2021-7/1/2022
	Minutes Clerk	POB1100369	\$5,000	7/1/2021-7/1/2022
	Payroll Clerk	POB1100369	\$10,000	7/1/2021-7/1/2022



JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Pocola School District No. I-007 Pocola, Oklahoma 74902

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis as listed in the Table of Contents, of Pocola School District No. I-007, Pocola, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2022. This report was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two (2) instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 22-01 and 22-02.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kemper

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Jenkows & Kumper, CPAS P.C.

November 9, 2022



JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Pocola School District No. I-007 Pocola, Oklahoma 74902

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Pocola School District No. I-007, Pocola, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pocola School District No. I-007, Pocola, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (The Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Pocola School District No. I-007, Pocola, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment

made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
 District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
 we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
 accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kemper, CPAS P.C.
Jenkins & Kemper

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

November 9, 2022

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

Summary of Auditor's Results

- The auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District were reported during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance"
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major federal award programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings and questioned costs, which are required to be reported under OMB Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Identification of Major Programs: Title I (84.010,84.367,84,424A) and the Education Stabilization Funds (84.425D,84.425U) programs, which were each clustered in the determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The District did not qualify to be a low-risk auditee.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

22-01 – Signed as Received

<u>Condition</u>: Several activity fund expenditures had supporting documentation that were not signed as received.

<u>Criteria</u>: Supporting documentation should be signed or initialed and dated by a receiving agent of the District to signify that the goods or services have been received and payment can be made.

Effect: Invoices could be paid without goods or services being received.

Recommendation: That all invoices and/or delivery tickets be initialed and dated when merchandise is received or services are performed, as required by Oklahoma Statutes. (Reference: 62 O.S. 1981 § 310.1a and 70 O.S. 1981 § 5-135C)

22-02 – Activity Fund Deposits

<u>Condition</u>: During the audit, we were unable to observe most of the receipt books used by sponsors and those that we did observe were deposited in an untimely manner in some cases.

<u>Criteria</u>: Receipts should be deposited on a daily basis once the accumulated balance equals or exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or at least once a week regardless of how much is on hand.

Effect: Cash or checks relating to receipts that are not deposited timely could get lost or stolen.

Recommendation: The Activity Fund custodian should deposit receipts for cash and checks on a daily basis unless the daily total does not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00), but at least once a week regardless as required by the State Department of Education. In addition, we recommend the Activity Fund Custodian require sponsors to provide a copy of their receipts along with the collections they turn in so that the Activity Fund Custodian can double check the cash count and attach these receipt copies to her deposit slip. This would allow for a more complete record of deposits and make tracking collections to deposits at the bank more straightforward.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-7, LEFLORE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

21-01 - Signed as Received

During the 2020-21 fiscal year, it was observed that most expenditures out of the activity fund had supporting documentation that was not signed as received, indicating the goods/services had been received by the District prior to making payment. This appeared to continue during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-7, LEFLORE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

State of Oklahoma County of Tulsa	
that said firm had accordance with the	iting firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says n full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and it engagement with Pocola School District for the audit year 2021-22.
	Jenkins & Kemper, CPAs, P.C. AUDITING FIRM BY AUTHORIZED AGENT
	Subscribed and sworn to before me on this day of, November, 2022
	Calcua Chaclarck NOTARY PUBLIC
	CHELESEA CHADWICK Notary Public in and for the State of Oklahoma

Commission #15006700 My Commission expires 7/20/2023



Audit Acknowledgement

Audit Year: 2021-2022

District Name Pocola Public Scho	Ol District Number I - /				
County Name LeFlore	County Code 40				
The annual independent audit was presented to the Boa	ard of Education in a meeting conducted in				
accordance with the Open Meeting Act 25 O.S. Section	1 301-314 on				
The audit was presented by Jenkins & Kemper,	CPAs P.C. Mutan length				
(Independent Aud	itor) (Independent Auditor's Signature)				
The School Board acknowledges that as the governing the district's financial and compliance operations, the been presented to them.	g body of the district, responsible for audit findings and exceptions have				
A copy of the audit, including this acknowledgement form, will be sent to the State Board of Education and the State Auditor and Inspector within 30 days from its presentation, as stated in 70 O.S. § 22-108:					
"The district board of education shall forward a related financial statements to the State Board of Inspector within thirty (30) days after receipt of	of Education and the State Auditor and				
Signature of the Board of Education:	1 . 1				
V. 23.48	A Sillia				
Superintendent	Board of Education Vice President				
613	Zh Henry				
Board of Education President	Board of Education Member				
	Shan Risa				
HAND AND THE STREET OF THE STR	Board of Education Member				
# 17006816 EXP. 07/25/25 AUBLIC OF OKAMININ	Board of Education Member				
THE OF OKAMINI	Board of Education Member				
Subscribed and sworn before me on Nowember 14, 2 (Notary Public)	022 My Commission expires 07/25/25				
V (Updated 7/2021				