

Certified Public Accountants

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2021

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CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2021

City Commission

Homer Nicholson, Mayor

Lanita Chapman Paul Taylor Shasta Scott Robert Bodick

Finance Director

John Gonsalves



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Ponca City, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ponca City, Oklahoma (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Ponca City Development Authority, which is reported as a discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Ponca City Development Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ponca City, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedules and statements listed under supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents and other information, including the introductory section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules and statements listed under supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BT+ Co., P.A.

December 6, 2021 Topeka, Kansas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Our discussion and analysis of the *City of Ponca City, Oklahoma*'s financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows (net position) by \$200,738,746 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - o The net investment in capital assets was \$147,230,376.
 - O A net position of \$42,439,351 is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City, such as debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations.
 - An unrestricted net position of \$11,069,019 represents the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens, creditors and employees.
- The General Fund maintained its committed fund balance for operating reserve at \$2.6M during the fiscal year.
- Sales and use tax revenue in the General Fund derived from a 2% rate to provide basic services totaled \$9,824,228, an increase of 14.23% from the prior year.
- The City and Ponca City Utility Authority increased capital debt and refundable grant obligations by \$9,562,157 during the year ended June 30, 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the *City of Ponca City* (the "City") and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 & 61. Included in this report are governmental-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type, along with a discretely-presented component unit. The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of the City, including infrastructure capital assets, as well as all liabilities, including all long-term debt.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady over the past year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position and changes in it from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the City's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating or remaining steady. However, you must consider other financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of the City.

As mentioned above, in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and throughout the report we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines and state federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's electric, water, wastewater, solid waste, stormwater, broadband, Marland estate, recreation center, airport and golf course activities are reported here.
- Discretely-presented component units This accounts for activities of the City's reporting entity that does not meet the criteria for blending, specifically for the Ponca City Development Authority (PCDA).

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds — When the City charges customers for the services it provides — whether to outside customers or to other units of the City — these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds – When the City is responsible for assets that – because of a trust arrangement or other fiduciary requirement – can be used only for trust beneficiaries or other parties, such as the Pension Trust Fund, these balances and activities are reported in fiduciary funds. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We excluded these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance operations.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$200,738,746 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. For Fiscal 2021, this investment in capital assets, net of related debt amounted to \$147,230,376. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

NET POSITION (in 000's)

	Governmen	tal Act	ivities	Business-Ty	ype Ac	ctivities	Total				
	2020		2021	2020		2021	2020			2021	
Current assets	\$ 35,622	\$	37,517	\$ 65,925	\$	76,388	\$	101,547	\$	113,905	
Capital assets, net	41,982		43,502	102,551		117,135		144,533		160,637	
Other non-current assets	 53		-	3,079		2,281		3,132		2,281	
Total assets	77,657		81,019	171,555		195,804		249,212		276,823	
Deferred outflows of			.=								
resources	 4,284		4,764	 623		492		4,907		5,256	
Current liabilities	2,494		2,640	7,163		13,174		9,657		15,814	
Non-current liabilities	17,472		19,694	 36,999		41,239		54,471		60,933	
Total liabilities	 19,966		22,334	 44,162		54,413		64,128		76,747	
Deferred inflows of resources	3,083		2,682	1,220		1,911		4,303		4,593	
Net position	 ,		,	 				,			
Net investment in capital assets	41,982		43,502	90,567		103,728		132,549		147,230	
Restricted	9,911		12,081	23,905		30,359		33,816		42,440	
Unrestricted	6,999		5,184	12,324		5,885		19,323		11,069	
Total net position	\$ 58,892	\$	60,767	\$ 126,796	\$ 139,972 \$ 1		185,688	\$	200,739		

Another major portion of the City's net position, \$42,439,351, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$11,069,019, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole, although erosion did occur in the unrestricted portion due to accounting standard changes regarding pension liability.

Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2021, net position of the primary government changed as follows:

		Governmen	ıtal Ac	tivities		Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total				
		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	
Revenues													
	\$	7,900	\$	6,520	\$	59,222	\$	67 176	\$	67,122	\$	73,696	
Program revenues Taxes and other	Ф	7,900	Ф	0,320	Ф	39,222	Ф	67,176	Ф	07,122	Ф	73,090	
general revenues		17,983		20,569		1,171		284		19,154		20,853	
Total revenues		25,883		27,089		60,393		67,460	-	86,276		94,549	
Total levellues		23,003		27,009		00,393	-	07,400	00,2/0			94,349	
Expenses													
General government		3,219		4,650		-		-		3,219		4,650	
Public safety		15,173		17,096		-		-		15,173		17,096	
Streets and highways		3,543		3,484		-				3,543		3,484	
Culture, parks and													
recreation		3,812		3,953		-		-		3,812		3,953	
Community													
development		149		280		-		-		149		280	
Economic development		2,127		2,428		-		-		2,127		2,428	
Interest on long-term													
debt		45		42		-		-		45		42	
Utility Authority		-		-		41,232		43,237		41,232		43,237	
Airport		-		-		1,700		1,239		1,700		1,239	
Golf Course		-		-		1,748		1,770		1,748		1,770	
RecPlex		-		-		813		843		813		843	
Marland Estate		-		-		491		476		491		476	
Total expenses		28,068		31,933		45,984		47,565		74,052		79,498	
Excess (deficiency) before													
transfers		(2,185)		(4,844)		14,409		19,895		12,224		15,051	
Transfers		8,285		6,719		(8,285)		(6,719)		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in net	•	-,		-,,		(-,)		(~,,)	-				
position	\$	6,100	\$	1,875	\$	6,124	\$	13,176	\$	12,224	\$	15,051	

The City's governmental activities' increase in net position of \$1,875,094 plus the business-type activities' increase in net position of \$13,175,620 combined represent an increase of \$15,050,714, or 8.1% increase. The results indicate the City as a whole experienced an increase in its financial condition from the prior year.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are restricted for a specific purpose.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$31,932,796. Of these total expenses, taxes, other general revenues, and transfers funded \$27,287,806. Operating and capital grants and Contributions funded \$3,988,470. A total of \$2,531,614 was received from charges for services.

	NET REVENU	E (EXPENSE	E) OF C	OVERNME	NTAL	ACTIVITIES	S (in 0	00's)
		Total Expen	se of S	ervices		Net Revenu	ie (Exp	,
	<u> </u>	2020	130 01 5	2021		2020	- VICCS	2021
General government	\$	3,219	\$	4,650	\$	(3,219)	\$	(4,650)
Public safety		15,173		17,096		(7,920)		(12,210)
Streets and highways		3,543		3,484		(3,543)		(2,484)
Culture, parks and recreation		3,812		3,953		(3,376)		(3,494)
Community development		149		280		62		(105)
Payment to PCDA		2,127		2,428		(2,127)		(2,428)
Interest on long-term debt		45		42		(45)		(42)
Total								
	\$	28,068	\$	31,933	\$	(20,168)	\$	(25,413)

Business-type Activities

In reviewing the business-type activities net (expenses)/revenue, the following highlights should be noted:

- Total business-type activities reported an increase in net position of \$13,175,620 for the year ended June 30, 2021.
- Most non-utility Proprietary Funds reported a net loss for the year ended June 30, 2021, including the RecPlex (-\$918,466), and a combined Marland Estate/Wentz Golf Course (-\$579,136). Airport reported a net gain of \$7,158,745 because of the FAA Grant for runway project. These results include the non-cash depreciation expense, and do not include budgeted cash transfer revenue subsidies from the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, City Commission revised the General Fund budget at various times. The revised budget included an increase in the overall revenue projections of \$3,000 or .002%, and an increase in appropriations of \$2,078,000 or 8.39%.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2021, the City had \$160,637,668 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines, and sewer lines. (See table below.) This represents a net increase of \$16,104,650 or 11.14% over the previous year.

CAPITAL ASSETS (in 000's)

	Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		Business-Ty	уре А	ctivities	Total			
	2020	2021		2020		2021		2020			2021
Land	\$ 1,064	\$	1,064	\$	2,059	\$	2,164	\$	3,123	\$	3,228
Buildings	6,120		6,521		31,349		30,024		37,469		36,545
Improvements	30,736		31,764		61,115		67,524		91,851		99,288
Machinery & equipment	2,882		3,292		5,854		5,365		8,736		8,657
Construction-in-progress	1,179		861		2,175		12,058		3,354		12,919
Totals	\$ 41,981	\$	43,502	\$	102,552	\$	117,135	\$	144,533	\$	160,637

Long-term Debt

At year-end on June 30, 2021, the City had \$45,982,314 in long-term debt outstanding which represents an increase of \$9,562,157 from the prior year. This increase is largely due to the 2021A Fiber Phase 4/5 Revenue Bond Note for \$12 million. The City's changes in long-term debt by type of debt are as follows:

			PR	IMAI	RY GOVERNM	ENT I	ONG-TERM D	EBT				
	Governmen	ntal Act	ivities		Business-T	ype A	ctivities	Total				
	2020	2021			2020		2021		2020		2021	
Accrued compensated												
absences	\$ 951,609	\$	963,605	\$	421,710	\$	427,809	\$	1,373,319	\$	1,391,414	
Judgments payable	418,097		909,818		-		-		418,097		909,818	
Revenue bonds payable	-		-		30,670,000		40,330,000		30,670,000		40,330,000	
Notes payable	-		-		3,075,682		2,793,901		3,075,682		2,793,901	
Capital lease												
obligation	-		-		219,031		124,123		219,031		124,123	
Use tax recoupment												
liability	645,028		433,058		-		-		645,028		433,058	
Refundable grant												
obligations	-		-		19,000		-		19,000		-	
Totals	\$ 2,014,734	\$	2,306,481	\$	34,405,423	\$	43,675,833	\$	36,420,157	\$	45,982,314	

See Note 8 to the financial statements for more detail information on the City's long-term debt and changes therein.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Economic factors always play a key role in developing the City's budget. The economic downturn experienced in The Great Recession saw sales tax collections decrease in Fiscal 2009 by 2.2% and again in Fiscal 2010 by another 5.1%. A strong recovery began in Fiscal 2011, where sales tax collections increased by 5.2% over the prior year, and the recovery continued through Fiscal 2012 where sales tax collections increased by 7.9% from 2011. In Fiscal 2013 sales tax collections mellowed to an increase of 0.14% and an increase was realized in Fiscal 2014 of 4.3% and Fiscal 2015 of 1.0% over the previous years. The decline of oil prices affected the local economy in Fiscal 2016, where a decrease of 5.2% was realized, followed by a decrease of 0.7% in Fiscal 2017 when the contraction bottomed during the third quarter of the fiscal year. Fiscal 2018 saw sales tax rebound, with an increase of 6.3% over the prior year, and Fiscal 2019 contracted again, with a decrease of 4.0% over Fiscal 2018. Fiscal 2020 saw sales tax rebound with an increase of 1.86% over Fiscal 2019.

The Fiscal 2021-22 Budget was created with a primary emphasis on sustainability, as well as continued emphasis on performance measurement in City departments. This type of attention to cost versus community benefit of City services, including how we compare with peer cities and are measured by our users, will help guide operations to a more efficient and effective use of public funds.

The employee base of the City included 390 full-time positions for Fiscal 2021. While continued efforts for efficiency are likely, no layoffs or additions are planned for the coming year.

Capital spending for Fiscal 2022 is budgeted at \$11,868,101, an increase of 12.56% from the prior year. Visible projects for the year include five unmarked sedans for the Police Department. The Ponca City Utility Authority will see construction of a sludge handling basin at the Water Treatment Plant, six new packer trucks for Solid Waste and \$1.62M in electric distribution system improvements.

Staff was happy to recommend, and have approved, a one percent rate increase for electric, water, wastewater, and solid waste utility services for the year.

The voter approved 5-year extension of a ½ cent dedicated sales and use tax for economic development effective February 1, 2019 will assist the Ponca City Development Authority in its mission to add jobs and diversify the City's economic use. Ponca City continued to serve as a regional shopping area. Other signs of progress include major investment in the Ponca City Regional Medical Center in facilities and staff as well as recent retail expansion into the Ponca City market by international retailers such as Marshall's, Harbor Freight, Atwoods, and addition of restaurants such as Rib Crib and Sakura. Additions like these to our community are vital to the local economy and critical to the long-term health and welfare of Ponca City.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's Office at 516 E. Grand Avenue, Ponca City, Oklahoma 74602 or phone at (580) 767-0303.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	 Primary (Govern	ment	-		 mponent Unit
	 Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		- 1	Total		Ponca City Development Authority
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,242,377	\$	24,675,572	\$	56,917,949	\$ 8,181,020
Investments	1,955,526		5,852,845		7,808,371	-
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	-		30,358,626		30,358,626	-
Investments	-		647,160		647,160	-
Receivables:						
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	749,005		7,063,519		7,812,524	39,626
Other receivables, net of allowance	1,160,327		924,861		2,085,188	-
Due from other governments	1,603,358		423,564		2,026,922	656,435
Prepaids	27,050		59,024		86,074	15,699
Internal balance	(470,825)		470,825		-	-
Inventory	 250,309		5,912,107		6,162,416	 -
Total current assets	 37,517,127		76,388,103		113,905,230	 8,892,780
Non-current assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	-		-		-	26,197
Investment in joint venture	-		2,280,584		2,280,584	-
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable	1,925,192		14,222,430		16,147,622	286,060
Depreciable, net of depreciation	 41,576,997		102,913,049		144,490,046	 9,879,267
Total non-current assets	43,502,189		119,416,063		162,918,252	 10,191,524
Total assets	81,019,316		195,804,166		276,823,482	19,084,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amounts related to pensions	\$ 4,764,345	\$	491,869	\$	5,256,214	\$ -

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2021

Governmental Business-Type Develo	52,887
	52,887
Current liabilities:	52,887
	52,887
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,629,542 \$ 7,152,667 \$ 8,782,209 \$	- -
Accrued interest payable - 371,524 371,524	-
Unearned revenues 393,905 - 393,905	_
Meter deposit liability - 647,160 647,160	
Non-current liabilities - due within one year:	
Judgments payable 372,025 - 372,025	-
Notes payable - 290,636 290,636	-
Capital lease obligations - 98,797 98,797	-
Revenue bonds payable - 4,570,000 4,570,000	-
Use tax recoupment obligation 23,000 - 23,000	-
Estimated liability for claims 126,630 - 126,630	-
Accrued compensated absences 96,361 42,780 139,141	4,729
Total current liabilities 2,641,463 13,173,564 15,815,027	57,616
Non-current liabilities - due in more than one year:	
Judgments payable 537,793 - 537,793	-
Notes payable - 2,503,265 2,503,265	-
Capital lease obligations - 25,326 25,326	-
Revenue bonds payable - 35,760,000 35,760,000	-
Use tax recoupment obligation 410,058 - 410,058	-
Estimated liability for claims 1,200,035 - 1,200,035	-
Accrued compensated absences 867,244 385,029 1,252,273	42,565
Net pension liability 16,567,856 632,721 17,200,577	-
Total OPEB liability 110,833 110,833 221,666	-
Landfill closure/post-closure liability - 1,822,390 1,822,390	-
Security deposits	26,197
Total non-current liabilities 19,693,819 41,239,564 60,933,383	68,762
Total liabilities 22,335,282 54,413,128 76,748,410	126,378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts related to pensions 2,681,682 1,910,858 4,592,540	-
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets 43,502,189 103,728,187 147,230,376 10	165,327
Restricted for:	•
Enabling legislation 9,943,260 - 9,943,260	-
Statutory requirements 311,909 - 311,909	-
External contracts 1,825,556 - 1,825,556	-
Debt service - 30,358,626 30,358,626	-
Unrestricted 5,183,783 5,885,236 11,069,019 8	792,599
Total net position \$ 60,766,697 \$ 139,972,049 \$ 200,738,746 \$ 18	957,926

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Pro	gram Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position							1				
		_									Primary Government			Com	ponent Unit				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Expenses		Functions/Programs Expenses		Charges for Grants		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total	Dev	onca City velopment uthority
Primary government:																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$ 4,649,	522 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,649,622)	\$	-	\$	(4,649,622)	\$	-				
Public safety	17,096,0	95	2,027,287		2,849,204		9,347		(12,210,257)		-		(12,210,257)		-				
Streets and highways	3,483,	94	-		-		1,000,000		(2,483,794)		-		(2,483,794)		-				
Cultural, parks and recreation	3,953,	68	329,755		11,092		118,827		(3,493,894)		-		(3,493,894)		-				
Community development	280,	97	174,572		-		-		(105,725)		-		(105,725)		-				
Payment to PCDA	2,427,	510	-		-		-		(2,427,610)		-		(2,427,610)		-				
Interest on long-term debt	41,	310	-		-		-		(41,810)		-		(41,810)		-				
Total governmental activities	31,932,	96	2,531,614		2,860,296		1,128,174		(25,412,712)		-		(25,412,712)		-				
Business-type activities:																			
Electric	28,268,	371	35,839,887		-		-		-		7,571,016		7,571,016		_				
Broadband	797,	316	540,710		-		-		-		(257,106)		(257,106)		-				
Water	4,814,	266	8,122,073		-		-		-		3,307,807		3,307,807		-				
Solid waste	3,812,	667	5,572,080		-		-		-		1,759,713		1,759,713		-				
Wastewater	2,901,	26	6,517,499		-		-		-		3,616,473		3,616,473		-				
Stormwater	122,	518	563,632		-		-		-		441,114		441,114		-				
Bond accounts	816,	502	-		-		-		-		(816,602)		(816,602)		-				
Administrative costs	1,704,	74	63,951		-		-		-		(1,640,123)		(1,640,123)		-				
Airport	1,238,9	59	423,573		-		7,969,254		-		7,153,868		7,153,868		-				
Golf course	843,	89	599,919		-		-		-		(243,270)		(243,270)		-				
RecPlex	1,769,	328	848,177		-		-		-		(921,651)		(921,651)		-				
Marland Estate	475,	375	115,147		-		-		-		(360,728)		(360,728)		-				
Total business-type activities	47,565,	91	59,206,648		-		7,969,254		-		19,610,511		19,610,511		-				
Total primary government	\$ 79,498,	.87 \$	61,738,262	\$	2,860,296	\$	9,097,428		(25,412,712)		19,610,511		(5,802,201)		-				
Component unit:								•											
Ponca City Development Authority	\$ 2,750,	258 \$	639,121	\$	-	\$	95,158							\$	(2,015,979)				

(Continued)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

(Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position									
		Primary Government									
							'	Ponca City			
	Gov	ernmental	В	usiness-Type			I	Development			
	Ad	ctivities		Activities		Total		Authority			
General revenues and transfers:											
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes:											
Unrestricted	\$	9,824,228	\$	-	\$	9,824,228	\$	-			
Streets and highways		2,456,057		-		2,456,057		-			
Economic development		2,456,057		-		2,456,057		2,427,610			
Recreation center		802,288		-		802,288		-			
Public Safety Center		2,755,180		-		2,755,180		-			
Franchise and public service taxes		426,902		-		426,902		-			
Hotel/motel taxes		628,181		-		628,181		-			
Ad valorem taxes		259,561		-		259,561		-			
Other taxes		22,004		-		22,004		-			
Investment income		552,330		284,147		836,477		33,328			
Miscellaneous		376,363		67		376,430		34,536			
Gain on sales of capital assets		9,550		-		9,550		-			
Transfers - internal activity		6,719,105		(6,719,105)		-					
Total general revenues and transfers	2	27,287,806		(6,434,891)		20,852,915		2,495,474			
Change in net position		1,875,094		13,175,620		15,050,714		479,495			
Net position, beginning of year		58,891,603		126,796,429		185,688,032		18,478,431			
Net position, end of year	\$ 6	60,766,697	\$	139,972,049	\$	200,738,746	\$	18,957,926			

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	General Fund	<u>G</u>	Other Sovernmental Funds	· —	Total Sovernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Prepaids Receivables:	\$ 9,740,226 - -	\$	12,965,053 1,455,526 407	\$	22,705,279 1,455,526 407
Accounts receivable, net	677,848		71,157		749,005
Due from other governments	804,530		798,828		1,603,358
Total assets	\$ 11,222,604	\$	15,290,971	\$	26,513,575
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	\$ 897,742 393,905	\$	580,353	\$	1,478,095 393,905
Total liabilities	1,291,647		580,353		1,872,000
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	-		1,455,933		1,455,933
Restricted	-		10,624,792		10,624,792
Committed	2,865,306		- 2.620.802		2,865,306
Assigned Unassigned	7,601,492 (535,841)		2,629,893		10,231,385 (535,841)
Oliassiglicu	 (333,041)	-			(333,041)
Total fund balances	 9,930,957		14,710,618		24,641,575
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,222,604	\$	15,290,971	\$	26,513,575

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA RECONCILATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 24,641,575
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the statement of net position.	43,456,636
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Pension-related deferred outflows	4,744,492
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the statement of net position.	
Judgments payable	(909,818)
Use tax recoupment obligation	(433,058)
Net pension liability	(16,555,274)
Total OPEB liability	(110,833)
Accrued compensated absences liability	(943,017)
Pension-related deferred inflows	(2,601,203)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities that benefit multiple funds, such as self-insurance, vehicle maintenance and other such costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain of these internal service funds are reported in governmental activities in the statement of net position:	
Net position of internal service funds and internal balance	9,477,197
Net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position	\$ 60,766,697

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Other General Governmental Fund Funds			G	Total Governmental Funds			
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 10,273,134	\$	9,357,324	\$	19,630,458			
Intergovernmental	456,469		481,220		937,689			
Charges for services	2,380,558		2,055		2,382,613			
Fines and forfeitures	419,899		18,867		438,766			
Licenses and permits	149,001		-		149,001			
Investment income	114,014		438,328		552,342			
Miscellaneous	 78,483		297,880		376,363			
Total revenues	13,871,558		10,595,674		24,467,232			
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	3,636,227		-		3,636,227			
Public safety	13,754,650		53,179		13,807,829			
Streets and highways	1,668,626		326,263		1,994,889			
Culture, parks and recreation	3,246,142		462,995		3,709,137			
Community development	-		2,621,994		2,621,994			
Capital outlay	499,535		3,274,702		3,774,237			
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	-		209,741		209,741			
Interest and fiscal charges	-		41,810		41,810			
Total expenditures	 22,805,180		6,990,684		29,795,864			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (8,933,622)		3,604,990		(5,328,632)			
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	10,868,186		415,000		11,283,186			
Transfers out	(1,895,000)		(2,469,390)		(4,364,390)			
Sale of capital assets	 9,550		-		9,550			
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,982,736		(2,054,390)		6,928,346			
Net change in fund balances	49,114		1,550,600		1,599,714			
Fund balances, beginning of year	 9,881,843		13,160,018		23,041,861			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,930,957	\$	14,710,618	\$	24,641,575			

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,599,714
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the statement of activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		3,551,455
Donated capital assets		1,000,000
Capital assets transferred from business-type activities		254,000
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(174,761) (438,021)
Capital assets transferred to business-type activities Depreciation expense		(2,691,034)
Depreciation expense		(2,091,034)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:		
Change in judgments payable		(491,721)
Some revenues (expenses) reported in the statement of activities do not provide (require the use of) current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues (expenditures) in governmental funds:		
Change in accrued compensated absences		(14,339)
Change in use tax recoupment obligation		211,970
Change in net pension liability		(537,444)
Change in total OPEB liability		(9,006)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as workers' compensation and health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(385,719)
Change in net position - statement of activities	\$	1,875,094
change in not position statement of activities	Ψ	1,070,077

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

		Business-	Type Activities - Ente	rpe Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Ponca City		Other	Total Internal					
	Utility Authority	Ponca City Airport	Ponca City RecPlex	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Service Funds			
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,547,613	\$ 198,786	\$ 367,629	\$ 561,544	\$ 24,675,572	\$ 9,537,098			
Investments	5,852,845	-	-	-	5,852,845	500,000			
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	30,358,626	-	-	-	30,358,626	-			
Investments	647,160	-	-	-	647,160	-			
Receivables:									
Utility billing, net of allowance for									
uncollectible accounts	7,063,519	-	-	-	7,063,519	-			
Accounts receivable - other	916,740	4,497	3,624	-	924,861	1,160,327			
Due from other governments	-	423,564	-	-	423,564	-			
Prepaids	59,024	-	-	-	59,024	26,644			
Inventory	5,788,863	68,452	4,222	50,570	5,912,107	250,309			
Total current assets	74,234,390	695,299	375,475	612,114	75,917,278	11,474,378			
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted assets:									
Investment in joint venture	2,280,584	-	-	-	2,280,584	-			
Capital assets:									
Nondepreciable	12,909,982	682,243	170,335	459,870	14,222,430	-			
Depreciable, net of accumulated									
depreciation	64,290,039	16,821,913	20,924,116	876,981	102,913,049	45,553			
Total noncurrent assets	79,480,605	17,504,156	21,094,451	1,336,851	119,416,063	45,553			
Total assets	153,714,995	18,199,455	21,469,926	1,948,965	195,333,341	11,519,931			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts related to pensions	\$ 432,715	\$ 15,197	\$ 306	\$ 43,651	\$ 491,869	\$ 19,853			

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

(Continued) June 30, 2021

Ponea City			Business-T	Type Activities - Enter	rprise Funds		Governmental Activities -
Current liabilities:		Utility	•	•	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
Accuracy interest payable and accuracy	<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Section Sect							
Accrued interest payable Meter deposit lability (a71,524 Meter deposit lability (b71,60) (contex) (con							
Current portion - due within one year: Notes payable 290,636 - - - - - 290,636 - - - - - 290,636 - - - - - 290,636 - - - - - 290,636 - - - - - 290,636 - - - - - - - - -		,,.	\$ 390,632	\$ 37,706	\$ 98,715		\$ 151,447
Notes payable 290,636 290,636 290,63	1 2	,	-	-	-		-
Capital lease obligations		647,160	-	-	-	647,160	-
Revenue bonds payable		200.626				200 (26	
Revenue bonds payable			-	-	-		-
Estimated claims liability		,	-	-	-		-
Total current liabilities 12,640,224 393,104 38,491 101,745 13,173,564 280,136		4,570,000	-	-	-	4,570,000	126 620
Total current liabilities 12,640,224 393,104 38,491 101,745 13,173,564 280,136	-	36.403	2 472	785	3 030	42.780	
Noncurrent liabilities - due in more than one year:	•					·	
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium	Total current liabilities	12,640,224	393,104	38,491	101,745	13,173,564	280,136
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium 2,503,265 - - - 2,503,265 - - 2,503,265 - - 25,326 - - 25,326 - - 25,326 - - 25,326 - - - 35,760,000 - - - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - - - - 1,200,035 -							
premium 2,503,265 - - - 2,503,265 - - 2,503,265 - - 2,503,265 - - 2,503,265 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5326 - - 2,5360 0 - 2,53760,000 - - 1,200,035 Accrued compensated absences 328,464 22,248 7,060 27,257 385,029 18,529 Net pension liability 571,056 32,610 (37,279) 66,334 632,721 12,582	•						
Capital lease obligations 25,326 Revenue bonds payable 35,760,000 - - 35,760,000 - - 35,760,000 - - 35,760,000 - - 1,200,035 - 1,200,035 - - 1,200,035 - 1,200,035 - - - - 1,200,035 - 1,200,035 - - - - - 1,200,035 - 1,200,035 - - - - - 1,200,035 - - - - - 1,200,035 - - - - - - - - 1,200,035 - <td></td> <td>2.502.265</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2 502 265</td> <td></td>		2.502.265				2 502 265	
Revenue bonds payable 35,760,000 - - - - - 1,200,035 Estimated claims liability - - - - - - - 1,200,035 Accrued compensated absences 328,464 22,248 7,060 27,257 385,029 18,529 Net pension liability 571,056 32,610 (37,279) 66,334 632,721 12,582 Total OPEB liability 97,533 2,217 2,217 8,866 110,833 - Landfill closure/post-closure liabilities 41,108,034 57,075 (28,002) 102,457 41,239,564 1,231,146 Total noncurrent liabilities 53,748,258 450,179 10,489 204,202 54,413,128 1,511,282 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions 1,696,465 51,126 14,409 148,858 1,910,858 80,479 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 63,792,729 17,504,156 21,094,451 1,336,851	1		-	-	-		-
Estimated claims liability		,	-	-	-		-
Accrued compensated absences 328,464 22,248 7,060 27,257 385,029 18,529 Net pension liability 571,056 32,610 (37,279) 66,334 632,721 12,582 12,582 12,582 11,0833 2,217 2,217 8,866 110,833 - 1,822,390 - - 1,822,390 - 1,822,		33,760,000	-	-	-	33,/60,000	1 200 025
Net pension liability 571,056 32,610 (37,279) 66,334 632,721 12,582 Total OPEB liability 97,533 2,217 2,217 8,866 110,833 - Landfill closure/post-closure liabilities 1,822,390 - - - - 1,822,390 - Total noncurrent liabilities 41,108,034 57,075 (28,002) 102,457 41,239,564 1,231,146 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions 1,696,465 51,126 14,409 148,858 1,910,858 80,479 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 63,792,729 17,504,156 21,094,451 1,336,851 103,728,187 45,553 Restricted for debt service 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - Unrestricted 4,551,632 209,191 350,883 302,705 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 <		229.464	22.249	7.060	27 257	285 020	
Total OPEB liability	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	*	*	
Landfill closure/post-closure liability							12,362
Total noncurrent liabilities 41,108,034 57,075 (28,002) 102,457 41,239,564 1,231,146 Total liabilities 53,748,258 450,179 10,489 204,202 54,413,128 1,511,282 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions 1,696,465 51,126 14,409 148,858 1,910,858 80,479 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 63,792,729 17,504,156 21,094,451 1,336,851 103,728,187 45,553 Restricted for debt service 30,358,626 - - - - 30,358,626 - Unrestricted 4,551,632 209,191 350,883 302,705 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825 470,825							-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions 1,696,465 51,126 14,409 148,858 1,910,858 80,479 NET POSITION							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions 1,696,465 51,126 14,409 148,858 1,910,858 80,479	Total noncurrent liabilities	41,108,034	57,075	(28,002)	102,457	41,239,564	1,231,146
OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions 1,696,465 51,126 14,409 148,858 1,910,858 80,479 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 63,792,729 17,504,156 21,094,451 1,336,851 103,728,187 45,553 Restricted for debt service 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - Unrestricted 4,551,632 209,191 350,883 302,705 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825	Total liabilities	53,748,258	450,179	10,489	204,202	54,413,128	1,511,282
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 63,792,729 17,504,156 21,094,451 1,336,851 103,728,187 45,553 Restricted for debt service 30,358,626 - - - - 30,358,626 - Unrestricted 4,551,632 209,191 350,883 302,705 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825							
Net investment in capital assets 63,792,729 17,504,156 21,094,451 1,336,851 103,728,187 45,553 Restricted for debt service 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - Unrestricted 4,551,632 209,191 350,883 302,705 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825	Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,696,465	51,126	14,409	148,858	1,910,858	80,479
Restricted for debt service 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 - - - 30,358,626 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825 470,825	NET POSITION						
Unrestricted 4,551,632 209,191 350,883 302,705 5,414,411 9,902,470 Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825	Net investment in capital assets	63,792,729	17,504,156	21,094,451	1,336,851	103,728,187	45,553
Total net position \$ 98,702,987 \$ 17,713,347 \$ 21,445,334 \$ 1,639,556 139,501,224 \$ 9,948,023 Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825	Restricted for debt service	30,358,626	-	-	-	30,358,626	-
Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825	Unrestricted	4,551,632	209,191	350,883	302,705	5,414,411	9,902,470
balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time. 470,825	Total net position	\$ 98,702,987	\$ 17,713,347	\$ 21,445,334	\$ 1,639,556	139,501,224	\$ 9,948,023
funds over time. 470,825	balance for the net effect of the activity between						
Net position of business-type activities \$ 139,972,049	-					470,825	
	Net position of business-type activities					\$ 139,972,049	

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Governmental
		Business-	Гуре Activities - Ente	-		Activities -
	Ponca City			Other	Total	Internal
	Utility	Ponca City	Ponca City	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
	Authority	Airport	RecPlex	Funds	Funds	Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Electric	\$ 35,839,887	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,839,887	\$ -
Broadband	540,710	-	-	-	540,710	-
Water	8,122,073	-	-	-	8,122,073	-
Solid waste	5,572,080	-	-	-	5,572,080	-
Wastewater	6,517,499	-	-	-	6,517,499	-
Stormwater	563,632	-	-	-	563,632	-
Airport	-	423,573	-	-	423,573	-
Golf course	-	-	-	599,919	599,919	-
RecPlex	-	-	848,177	-	848,177	-
Marland Estate	-	-	-	115,147	115,147	-
Other charges for services	63,951	_	-	-	63,951	6,718,140
Total operating revenues	57,219,832	423,573	848,177	715,066	59,206,648	6,718,140
Operating expenses:						
Electric	28,116,833	-	-	-	28,116,833	-
Broadband	795,835	-	-	-	795,835	-
Water	4,684,327	-	-	-	4,684,327	-
Solid waste	3,681,568	-	-	-	3,681,568	-
Wastewater	2,769,563	-	-	-	2,769,563	-
Stormwater	122,518	-	-	-	122,518	-
Bond accounts	251,500	-	-	-	251,500	-
Administrative	1,675,171	-	-	-	1,675,171	-
Airport	=	1,234,082	-	-	1,234,082	-
Golf course	-	-	-	828,600	828,600	-
RecPlex	-	-	1,769,828	-	1,769,828	-
Marland Estate	-	-	-	467,774	467,774	-
City garage	-	-	-	-	-	1,474,350
Insurance claims and administrative			. <u>-</u>		-	5,969,826
Total operating expenses	42,097,315	1,234,082	1,769,828	1,296,374	46,397,599	7,444,176
Operating income (loss)	15,122,517	(810,509)	(921,651)	(581,308)	12,809,049	(726,036)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Investment income	228,585	-	3,185	2,105	233,875	130,350
Income from joint venture	50,272	-	-	-	50,272	-
Intergovernmental	-	7,969,254	-	-	7,969,254	-
Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	67	67	49,987
Change in estimate of post-closure costs	(113,786)	-	-	-	(113,786)	-
Loss on disposal of property	(254,000)	-	-	-	(254,000)	(49,996)
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(828,360)			<u> </u>	(828,360)	<u> </u>
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(917,289)	7,969,254	3,185	2,172	7,057,322	130,341
Income (loss) before capital						
contributions and transfers	\$ 14,205,228	\$ 7,158,745	\$ (918,466)	\$ (579,136)	\$ 19,866,371	\$ (595,695)

(Continued)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

(Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Business-7	Гуре А	Activities - Enter	rprise	Funds			_	overnmental Activities -
		onca City Utility Authority	Ponca City Airport		Ponca City RecPlex				Total Enterprise Funds			Internal Service Funds
Capital contributions and transfers: Capital contributions Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	\$	238,745 2,668,393 11,268,186)	\$	2,112 496,667	\$	163,505 450,000	\$	33,659 750,000	\$	438,021 4,365,060 (11,268,186)	\$	- - (15,670)
Net capital contributions and transfers		(8,361,048)		498,779		613,505		783,659		(6,465,105)		(15,670)
Change in net position Net position, beginning of year	ģ	5,844,180 92,858,807		7,657,524 0,055,823		(304,961) 21,750,295		204,523 1,435,033		13,401,266		(611,365) 10,559,388
Net position, end of year	\$ 9	98,702,987	\$ 1	7,713,347	\$	21,445,334	\$	1,639,556			\$	9,948,023
Adjustment for the net effect of the current year activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds.										(225,646)		
Change in net position of business-type activities									\$	13,175,620		

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	D C':	Business-1y	pe Activities - Entei		Total	Activities -			
	Ponca City	P 6''	D 0':	Other		Internal			
	Utility	Ponca City	Ponca City	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service			
	Authority	Airport	RecPlex	Funds	Funds	Funds			
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Receipts from customers	\$ 55,747,462	\$ 420,911	\$ 846,980	\$ 715,066	\$ 57,730,419	\$ 6,168,204			
Payments to suppliers	(26,653,994)	(191,287)	(631,594)	(455,964)	(27,932,839)	(6,403,289)			
Payments to employees	(9,310,409)	(350,288)	(529,992)	(765,134)	(10,955,823)	(606,668)			
Net cash flows from operating activities	19,783,059	(120,664)	(314,606)	(506,032)	18,841,757	(841,753)			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:									
Miscellaneous cash collections	-	-	-	67	67	49,987			
Transfers from other funds	2,662,723	496,667	450,000	750,000	4,359,390	-			
Transfers to other funds	(11,268,186)		-	-	(11,268,186)	(15,670)			
Net cash flows from noncapital									
financing activities	(8,605,463)	496,667	450,000	750,067	(6,908,729)	34,317			
Cash flows from capital and related									
financing activities:									
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	18,550,000	_	_	_	18,550,000	_			
Capital grants	10,550,000	7,545,690	_	_	7,545,690	_			
Purchase of capital assets	(13,312,445)	(7,754,509)	(14,824)	-	(21,081,778)	(79,337)			
Principal paid or retired on capital debt	(9,171,781)	(7,754,509)	(14,024)	-	(9,171,781)	(19,551)			
Payment of grant obligation	(19,000)	-	-	-	(19,000)	-			
Payment of capital lease obligations		-	-	-	(94,908)	-			
	(94,908)	-	-	-	. , ,	-			
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,024,353)	-	-	-	(1,024,353)	-			
Contributions to joint venture	(1,000)				(1,000)				
Net cash flows from capital and									
related financing activities	(5,073,487)	(208,819)	(14,824)		(5,297,130)	(79,337)			
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Proceeds from sales and maturities of									
investments	4,500,000	-	3,185	-	4,503,185	-			
Purchase of investments	-	-	-	-	-	3,000,000			
Interest and dividends	180,181	-	-	2,105	182,286	130,350			
Net cash flows from investing activities	4,680,181		3,185	2,105	4,685,471	3,130,350			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	10,784,290	167,184	123,755	246,140	11,321,369	2,243,577			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	43,121,949	31,602	243,874	315,404	43,712,829	7,293,521			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 53,906,239	\$ 198,786	\$ 367,629	\$ 561,544	\$ 55,034,198	\$ 9,537,098			

(Continued)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

(Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Business-Ty	pe Ac	ctivities - Ente	rprise	e Funds			overnmental Activities -
	Ponca City Utility Authority]	Ponca City Airport		Ponca City RecPlex	Other nca City Enterprise		Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation to statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Current restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,547,613 30,358,626	\$	198,786	\$	367,629	\$	561,544	\$	24,675,572 30,358,626	\$ 9,537,098
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 53,906,239	\$	198,786	\$	367,629	\$	561,544	\$	55,034,198	\$ 9,537,098
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ 15,122,517	\$	(810,509)	\$	(921,651)	\$	(581,308)	\$	12,809,049	\$ (726,036)
to net cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:	5,508,780		686,824		653,452		157,667		7,006,723	10,489
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net (Increase) decrease in prepaids (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(1,423,326) (1,387) (1,161,168) 116,236		(2,662) (105) (18,397) 3,013		(1,197) - (571) 1,876		- 13,853 10,205		(1,427,185) (1,492) (1,166,283) 131,330	(549,936) 2,947 (82,457) 5,881
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in customer meter	2,820,005		50,112		(27,791)		(612)		2,841,714	(55,912) 612,015
deposit liability Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated	(49,044)		-		-		-		(49,044)	-
absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	7,145 (1,778,238) 9,962 611,577		3,161 (46,100) (1,856) 15,855		(75) (28,699) 180 9,870		(4,132) (156,116) 720 53,691		6,099 (2,009,153) 9,006 690,993	283 (89,969) - 30,942
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 19,783,059	\$	(120,664)	\$	(314,606)	\$	(506,032)	\$	18,841,757	\$ (841,753)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital asset contributions Net income in joint venture Change in landfill closure/post-closure liability	\$ 244,415 49,272 64,382	\$	2,112	\$	163,505 - -	\$	33,659			\$ - - -

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Restricted investments at fair value: Guaranteed interest account Pooled separate accounts	\$ 4,437,901 32,192,653
Total restricted investments	\$ 36,630,554
NET POSITION	
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 36,630,554

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

Additions:	
Employer contributions	\$ 1,844,417
Investment income	7,776,801
Total additions	9,621,218
Deductions:	
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries	1,679,147
Total deductions	 1,679,147
Change in net position	7,942,071
Net position restricted for pension, beginning of year	28,688,483
Net position restricted for pension, end of year	\$ 36,630,554

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma's (the City) accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: The City of Ponca City

Blended Component Units: Ponca City Utility Authority

Ponca City Municipal Authority Ponca City Public Works Authority

Discretely Presented Component Unit: Ponca City Development Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable.

Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance the City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Commission to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority-generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the GASB Statement No. 61 component unit criteria and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Commission, or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into the City's by appropriate fund type to comprise part of the primary government presentation.

Component units blended into the primary government's fund types are presented below:

<u>Component Unit</u> <u>Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria</u>

Ponca City Utility Authority (PCUA) Created March 23, 1970, to finance, develop and operate

the electric, water, wastewater, stormwater and solid waste facilities. The current City Commission serves as the governing body (Trustees) of the PCUA. The City is

able to impose its will on the PCUA because, by state law, all PCUA issuances of debt require a two-thirds approval of the City Commission. The PCUA funds are reported as enterprise funds within the primary government presentation. The City issues a separate report on only the PCUA.

Ponca City Municipal Authority (PCMA)

Established January 24, 1966, to collect and account for sewer connection fees on certain dedicated sewer lines. The current City Commission serves as the governing body (Trustees) of the PCMA. The Authority is presently inactive.

Ponca City Public Works Authority (PCPWA)

Established October 12, 1959, to collect and account for sewer connection fees on certain dedicated sewer lines. The current City Commission serves as the governing body (Trustees) of the PCPWA. The Authority is presently inactive.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the GASB Statement No. 61 component unit criteria but do not meet the criteria for blending. The City has one component unit that is discretely presented in the City's report as presented below:

Component Unit

Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria

Ponca City Development Authority (PCDA)

Created August 4, 1969, to promote and encourage the development of the agricultural, commercial, health care and industrial resources in the City. The Authority provides financing to businesses for the purpose of acquiring facilities and developing services in or near the City. The PCDA Board of Trustees is separate from the Mayor and City Commission. The PCDA is financially dependent on the City. The City maintains a beneficial interest in the PCDA. Their separately issued financial statements may be obtained at 400 E. Central Avenue, Suite 200, Ponca City OK 74601.

Joint Venture

The City is a participant with other local Oklahoma governments in the Association for Landfill Financial Assurance (ALFA) to fund landfill closure and post-closure care costs (see Note 6). ALFA is a not-for-profit Oklahoma corporation authorized by state law and approved by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality as a financial assurance mechanism for landfill closure and post-closure care costs on behalf of each ALFA participant. ALFA's board of directors consists of one representation from each government. Financial statements for ALFA for the year ended June 30, 2021 may be obtained from its administrative offices at 100 E Street, Suite 200, Ardmore, OK 73401.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund not meeting the criteria of (a) and (b), except that management has elected to report the fund as a major fund due to its significance to users of the financial statements.

All remaining governmental and enterprise funds not meeting the above criteria are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described as follows:

Governmental Funds/Governmental Fund Types

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary fund of the City, which accounts for all financial transactions except for those accounted for in other funds and certain Public Trust activities that require separate accountability for services rendered.

The City reports the General Fund as a major governmental fund and, therefore, it is displayed in a separate column.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

Nonmajor funds:

Special Projects Fund
Street and Alley Fund
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund
Community Development Fund
Library Grant Fund
Library State Aid Fund
Miscellaneous Trust Fund
Economic Development Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets. The reporting entity includes the following capital projects funds:

Nonmajor funds:

Recreation Center Fund Street Improvement Project Fund Capital Improvement Project Fund Public Safety Center Fund

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes of benefiting the reporting entity. The reporting entity includes the following permanent funds:

Nonmajor funds: Matzene Book Fund Cann Estate Fund

Debt Service Fund

As prescribed by State Law, the Debt Service Fund receives all ad valorem taxes paid to the City for the retirement of general obligation bonded debt. Such revenues are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's court-assessed judgments.

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue availability as collected within 30 days of the period end.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

Proprietary Funds/Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds

The City's Enterprise Funds are used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user changes.

Proprietary operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses of the proprietary funds include such items as investment earnings, interest expense and subsidies.

The City reports three major enterprise funds:

Ponca City Utility Authority – used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City electric, broadband, water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste utility services.

Ponca City Airport – used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City airport services.

Ponca City RecPlex – used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City recreation facility.

Nonmajor enterprise funds include:

Marland Estate Lew Wentz Golf Course

Internal Service Funds

The City's Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the City. Internal service funds are included in governmental activities in government-wide statements.

Internal service funds include:

City Garage Fund Insurance Imprest Fund

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. The City reports the Pension Trust Fund as a fiduciary fund, which is used to account for the net position and changes therein of the City Employee Retirement System.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe *how* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. The funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. The fiduciary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fiduciary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City has defined "available" as collected within 30 days. Sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, court fines and interest are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general long-term debt principal and interest, claims and judgments, and accrued compensated absences, which are recorded as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statements of net position, balance sheets, and statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts, money market investment in trust accounts, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with an original maturity of 12 months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents and are reported at the funds' current share prices.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value as estimated by a broker/dealer. Investments of the pension trust fund

are also carried at fair value. Securities of the pension trust fund traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. All nonnegotiable long-term certificates of deposit are carried at cost.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based on historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales tax, franchise tax, grants, police fines, and ambulance fees. Business-type activities report utilities as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 30 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility account receivable comprises the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventory

Inventories for the Enterprise Funds are capitalized at cost and charged to expense on the first-in, first-out, and average cost basis. Inventories for the General Fund and all other funds are insignificant and purchases of such items are expensed.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to revenue bond and promissory note trustee accounts restricted for the debt service and utility meter deposits held for refund. The investment in joint venture is restricted for landfill closure and post-closure care costs.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Street infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 and bridges acquired prior to July 1, 2004, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs to these assets that do not add materially to the value of

the asset or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized. Interest costs, net of interest earned on any invested capital debt proceeds, are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

Primary government:

Buildings 50 years
Other improvements 25 years
Infrastructure 15-50 years
Equipment and vehicles 3-25 years

Ponca City Development Authority:

Buildings 40 years
Office furniture 7 years
Office equipment 5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows are the consumption of net position that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2021, the City has deferred outflows of resources related to pension deferrals.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows are the acquisition of net position by the City that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2021, the City has deferred inflows of resources related to pension deferrals.

Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in the governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt is reported net of unamortized premiums, discounts and amounts deferred from refunding, if any. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of the City's personnel policies, the City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation. The maximum accumulation for vacation is 30 days. However, upon retirement, the maximum days of accumulated vacation for which the employee can be reimbursed cannot exceed 20 days.

Sick leave accrues to full-time employees but is payable only for sick time actually taken. Therefore, the City does not record a liability for unused sick leave.

All vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, a liability is accrued when it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments.

It is the Ponca City Development Authority's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. Full-time employees accrue two weeks of vacation time per year. Vacation time may be accumulated to a maximum of 20 days. Employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. Sick leave may be accumulated but employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination. The unused portion of annual leave is paid upon severance and thus is recorded as accrued compensated absences in the financial statements.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Other postemployment benefits are part of an exchange of salaries and benefits for employee services rendered. Of the total benefits offered by employers to attract and retain qualified employees, some benefits, including salaries and active employee health care, are taken while the employees are in active service, whereas other benefits, including postemployment health care and other OPEB, are taken after the employees' services have ended. Nevertheless, both types of benefits constitute compensation for employee services. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," the City recognizes annual OPEB costs during the period when employees render their services. For additional information about OPEB, see Note 15.

Arbitrage Rebate

The proceeds from the Ponca City Utility Authority's tax-exempt bond issues are subject to arbitrage rebate laws under the Internal Revenue Code. This arbitrage rebate limits the earnings on investment of tax-exempt proceeds in non-purpose investments. The Ponca City Utility Authority had no arbitrage rebate liability at June 30, 2021.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS), Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS), and the City of Ponca City Employees' Retirement System and additions to/deductions from these pension plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported

by each listed pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Income Taxes

As a municipal government, the income of the City and its public authorities, which is derived from the exercise of any essential governmental function, is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

Equity Classification

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted".

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

- a. Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).
 - Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party (such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary) to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purpose specified by the legislation.
- c. Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by (ordinance or resolution of) the City Commission. Those committed

amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the City Commission, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, those constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balances also incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Commission or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter, ordinance or resolution.
- e. Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within the unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

It is the City's and the Ponca City Development Authority's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

E. Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

1. Internal balances – amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as internal balances.

- 2. Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effect of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the statement of activities.
- 3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances resource flows between the primary government (the City and PCUA) and the discretely presented component unit (Ponca City Development Authority) are reported as if they were external transactions.

Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental, proprietary fund and fiduciary categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expense in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

F. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Sales Tax

The City levies a \$0.3833 sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The sales tax is allocated among four funds as follows:

- 2 cents recorded as revenue within the General Fund.
- ½ cent recorded as revenue within the Street Improvement Project Fund to account for maintenance and construction of street improvements per voter approval.
- ½ cent recorded as revenue within the Economic Development Fund to account for sales taxes restricted for economic development and subsequently transferred to the Ponca City Development Authority (a discretely presented component unit) per voter approval.

- ½ cent recorded as revenue within the Recreation Center Tax Fund to account for sales taxes restricted for specific capital projects per voter approval beginning October 1, 2007.
- ½ cent recorded as revenue within the Public Safety Center Tax Fund to account for sales taxes restricted for specific capital projects per voter approval.

Sales tax collected by the State in June and July (which represent sales for May and June) and received by the City in July have been accrued and are included under the caption *Due from Other Governments*.

Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments. At the present time, the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of court-assessed judgments.

The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, who are elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11 percent or more than $13\frac{1}{2}$ percent.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the Kay County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid are attached by an enforceable lien on the property in the following October. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 30 days of year-end.

Cigarette, Tobacco, and Tobacco Products Tax

Beginning in January 2005, the City receives tax levied on wholesalers for cigarettes, tobacco and tobacco products. The tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the tax approximately one month after accumulation by wholesalers. The cigarette, tobacco and tobacco products tax is allocated to the General Fund. The cigarette, tobacco and tobacco products tax collected by the City in July have been accrued and are included under the caption *Due from Other Governments*.

Operating Revenue and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures and Expenses

In the government-wide statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character as current

(further reported by function), capital outlay and debt service. In proprietary fund financial statements, expenses are reported by operating and non-operating. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expense relating to use of economic resources. Fiduciary funds report additions and deductions to net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations.

Deficit Fund Balances or Net Position

Title II, Section 17-211 of the Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund of the City (excluding public trusts). At June 30, 2021, the City reported no individual fund deficits.

Deposit and Investment Requirements

In accordance with State Law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds or certain letters of credit. As required by 12 U.S.C.A. Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

Investments of a City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State Law to the following:

- a) Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- b) Certificates of deposit or savings accounts either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c) Negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d) County, municipal or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.

- e) Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f) Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a, b, c, and d.

Public trusts and pension trust funds are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indentures.

Debt Restrictions and Covenants

General Long-Term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue without first obtaining voter approval. As of June 30, 2021, the City had no general obligation debt.

Notes Payable

The loan agreements with the Oklahoma Water Resources Board relating to construction notes payable of PCUA contain a number of financial restrictions or covenants. These include covenants requiring a flow of funds through special accounts, reserve account balances and a notes payable debt service coverage requirement. The PCUA complied with the requirements of the loan agreements in all material respects for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Revenue Bond Debt

The bond indentures relating to the revenue bond issues of the PCUA contain a number of financial restrictions or covenants. These include covenants requiring a flow of funds through special accounts, required reserve account balances and revenue bond debt service coverage requirement. The PCUA complied with the requirements of the bond indentures in all material respects for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

3 - <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

At June 30, 2021, the reporting entity held the following deposits and investments:

				Maturities	in Years		
	Credit			Less Than			More Than
Туре	Rating	Fair Value	On Demand	One	1-5	6-10	10
Petty cash	N/A	\$ 6,600	\$ 6,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Demand accounts	N/A	48,911,338	48,911,338	-	-	-	-
Time deposits	N/A	15,050,015	-	13,050,015	2,000,000	-	-
Money market mutual funds	Not rated	30,358,626	-	30,358,626	-	-	-
Mutual funds - fixed income	Not rated	254,812	-	254,812	-	-	-
Mutual funds - equities	Not rated	1,098,243	-	1,098,243	-	-	-
Money market account	N/A	52,472	-	52,472	-	-	-
Guaranteed interest account	Not rated	4,437,901	-	4,437,901	-	-	-
Pooled separate accounts	Not rated	32,192,653	-	32,192,653		-	<u> </u>
		\$ 132,362,660	\$ 48,917,938	\$ 81,444,722	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ -
Reconciliations to Statement of							
Net Position:							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 56,917,949					
Investments		7,808,371					
Current restricted cash and							
cash equivalents		30,358,626					
Current restricted investments		647,160					
Pension fund investments		36,630,554					
Total		\$ 132,362,660					

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

		Maturities in Years									
	Credit		Less Than						Mor	e Than	
Type	Rating	Fair	Fair Value		On Demand		One	6-10		10	
Money market	AAAm	\$ 8,	207,217	\$	-	\$	8,207,217	\$		\$	

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level to cover the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. At June 30, 2021, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits investments to those with a maturity no

more than two years from the date of purchase, except for reserve funds, as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity date ranges of its various investments.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments to those allowed by state law applicable to municipalities. These investment limitations are described in Note 2. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations – rating agencies – as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of the total investments of the City (any over five percent (5%) are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments and indicates that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution.

At June 30, 2021, the City had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

Various inputs may be used to determine the value of the City's investments. These inputs are summarized in three broad levels. The inputs used to value securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with those securities.

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities

Level 2 – Other significant observable inputs

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs

The City's mutual funds and pooled separate accounts are valued using level 1 inputs and the guaranteed interest account is valued using level 3 inputs.

4 - Receivables

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities includes fines, taxes and miscellaneous receivables. Accounts receivable for governmental activities are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. At June 30, 2021, an allowance for uncollectible receivables of \$432,004 was recorded for governmental activities. Accounts receivable of the business-type activities includes customers utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at year end. It is the City's policy to write off uncollectible accounts throughout the year in the business-type activities and not to record an allowance for uncollectible accounts on the statement of net position.

5 - Restricted Assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets in the proprietary fund statement of net position are comprised of assets held by the trustee bank on behalf of the PCUA related to their required revenue bonds and notes payable, amounts set aside for landfill financial assurance, and deposits held for refund.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current	Investments Current	Investment in Joint Venture	Total
Revenue bond and note payable trustee accounts Landfill financial assurance Deposits held for refund	\$ 30,358,626	\$ - - 647,160	\$ - 2,280,584 -	\$ 30,358,626 2,280,584 647,160
	\$ 30,358,626	\$ 647,160	\$ 2,280,584	\$ 33,286,370

6 - <u>Investment in Joint Venture</u>

As discussed in Note 1, in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement with ALFA, PCUA is obligated to pay a share of ALFA's operating budget each year in the form of participation fees.

The joint venture agreement also requires that PCUA establish a "Funding Program" through ALFA to accumulate the estimated costs of closing and providing thirty years of maintenance and monitoring of its landfill by the time the landfill ceases operations. The amounts required for the Funding Program are determined by formula. Each ALFA member deposits funds annually into a common escrow account managed by ALFA. PCUA contributed \$1,000 in funding in fiscal 2021. In that regard, PCUA's proportionate share of the net investment earnings in the escrow account, which includes unrealized gains and losses on investments, amounts to \$50,272 which is reported as "Income from Joint Venture".

The sum of the deposits made and PCUA's share of the net income or loss on the escrow account represents the equity interest in this joint venture. At June 30, 2021, PCUA's equity interest totaled \$ 2,280,584 which is reported as an investment in joint venture on the statement of net position. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the investment in joint venture balance changed as follows:

Beginning investment in joint venture	\$ 2,230,312
Contribution	1,000
Net income in joint venture	 49,272
	_
Ending investment in joint venture	\$ 2,280,584

7 - <u>Capital Assets</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, capital assets balances changed as follows:

		Balance at July 1, 2020		Additions		Transfers		Disposals		Balance at June 30, 2021
Governmental activities:										
Non-depreciable capital assets:										
Land	\$	1,064,326	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,064,326
Construction-in-progress		1,179,375		736,343		(1,054,852)		-		860,866
Total non-depreciable capital assets		2,243,701		736,343		(1,054,852)		-		1,925,192
Depreciable capital assets:										
Buildings		16,108,950		167,848		467,262		-		16,744,060
Improvements		137,265,958		3,012,607		(163,505)		-		140,115,060
Machinery and equipment		13,173,866		669,666		614,992		(548,121)		13,910,403
Total depreciable capital assets		166,548,774		3,850,121		918,749		(548,121)		170,769,523
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		(9,988,949)		(233,992)		-		-		(10,222,941)
Improvements		(106,529,804)		(1,820,881)		-		-		(108,350,685)
Machinery and equipment		(10,292,022)		(646,650)		(53,588)		373,360		(10,618,900)
Total accumulated depreciation		(126,810,775)		(2,701,523)		(53,588)		373,360		(129,192,526)
Net depreciable capital assets		39,737,999		1,148,598		865,161		(174,761)		41,576,997
Governmental activities										
capital assets, net	\$	41,981,700	\$	1,884,941	\$	(189,691)	\$	(174,761)	\$	43,502,189
Business-type activities:										
Non-depreciable capital assets:	•	2.050.620	e e	100 000	•	5.600	•		e e	2.164.220
Land	\$	2,058,630	\$	100,000	\$	5,600	\$	-	\$	2,164,230
Construction-in-progress		2,175,058	-	10,360,360		(477,218)				12,058,200
Total non-depreciable capital assets		4,233,688	-	10,460,360		(471,618)				14,222,430
Depreciable capital assets:										
Buildings		68,324,762		-		-		-		68,324,762
Improvements		155,822,478		10,229,533		635,123		(55.141)		166,687,134
Machinery and equipment		18,035,876		711,300		(27,402)	_	(55,141)		18,664,633
Total depreciable capital assets		242,183,116		10,940,833		607,721		(55,141)		253,676,529
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		(36,975,649)		(1,325,378)		-		-		(38,301,027)
Improvements		(94,707,541)		(4,455,332)		-		-		(99,162,873)
Machinery and equipment		(12,182,296)		(1,226,013)		53,588		55,141		(13,299,580)
Total accumulated depreciation		(143,865,486)		(7,006,723)		53,588		55,141		(150,763,480)
Net depreciable capital assets		98,317,630		3,934,110		661,309		-		102,913,049
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	102,551,318	\$	14,394,470	\$	189,691	\$	-	\$	117,135,479

Discretely Presented Component Unit:		Balance at						Balance at
Ponca City Development Authority	J	uly 1, 2020	Additions		Additions Disposals		June 30, 2021	
Non-depreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	259,640	\$	-	\$	-	\$	259,640
Construction-in-progress		19,600		6,820		-		26,420
Total non-depreciable capital assets		279,240		6,820		-		286,060
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings		11,381,012		230,008		-		11,611,020
Office equipment and furniture		60,276		8,634		-		68,910
Total depreciable capital assets		11,441,288		238,642		-		11,679,930
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,487,443)		(313,220)		-		(1,800,663)
Net depreciable capital assets		9,953,845		(74,578)		-		9,879,267
Capital assets, net	\$	10,233,085	\$	(67,758)	\$	-	\$	10,165,327

Depreciation:

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset.

Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 221,849
Public safety	207,048
Streets and highways	1,740,695
Cultural, parks and recreation	521,442
Internal service funds	 10,489
Total	\$ 2,701,523
Business-Type Activities:	
PCUA	\$ 5,508,780
Airport	686,824
RecPlex	653,452
Marland Estate	93,930
Golf	 63,737
Total	\$ 7,006,723
Discretely Presented Component Unit:	
Ponca City Development Authority	\$ 313,220

8 - <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated by the amounts involving governmental activities, business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit.

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

Governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Accrued compensated absences:

Accrued compensated absences reported in the governmental activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave.

Current portion	\$ 96,361
Non-current portion	867,244
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 963,605
Judgments payable:	
Court-assessed judgments to be paid with ad valorem taxes over a three-year period.	
Current portion	\$ 372,025
Non-current portion	537,793
Total judgments payable	\$ 909,818
Use tax recoupment liability:	
Current portion	\$ 23,000
Non-current portion	410,058
Total use tax recoupment liability	\$ 433,058

Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt

Business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Revenue Bonds Payable:

2019 Utility System Revenue Note to JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., dated July 25, 2019, original issue amount of \$ 22,000,000, secured by gross utility revenues, interest rate of	
2.16%, final maturity February 1, 2029	\$ 21,780,000
2021A Utility System Revenue Note to Truist (formerly BB&T), dated February 17, 2021, original issue amount of \$ 12,000,000, secured by gross revenues, interest rate of 1.67%, final maturity date of March 1, 2031	12,000,000
2021B Utility System Revenue Note to Truist (formerly BB&T), dated February 17, 2021, original issue amount of \$6,550,000 secured by gross revenues, interest rate of 0.99%, final maturity	
date of August 1, 2025	 6,550,000
Total revenue bonds payable	\$ 40,330,000
Current portion Non-current portion	\$ 4,570,000 35,760,000
Total revenue bonds payable	\$ 40,330,000

Notes Payable:

Series 2007 Clean Water SRF Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated October 9, 2007, original issue amount \$5,565,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues, derived from water, solid waste, wastewater, and electric systems, interest rate of 2.61% per annum plus an administrative fee of 0.5% per annum, final maturity September 15, 2029.	\$ 2,601,938
Series 2009A Clean Water SRF Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated October 1, 2009, original issue amount \$ 575,000, secured by a pledge and assignment of revenues derived from water, solid waste, wastewater, and electric systems, interest rate of 2.09% per annum plus an administrative fee of	101.062
0.5% per annum, final maturity March 15, 2030.	 191,963
Total notes payable	\$ 2,793,901
Current portion Non-current portion	\$ 290,636 2,503,265
Total notes payable	\$ 2,793,901
Capital Lease Obligations:	
Lease of equipment payable in monthly installments through August 2022, including interest calculated at 4.02%.	\$ 124,123
Current portion payable from restricted assets Non-current portion	\$ 98,797 25,326
Total capital lease obligations	\$ 124,123
Capital Assets Financed by Lease Obligations:	
Total cost of capital assets financed by outstanding lease obligations Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 462,746 (335,936)
Net capital assets financed by lease obligations	\$ 126,810

Accrued Compensated Absences:

Accrued Compensated Absences: Accrued compensated absences reported in the business-type activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave: Current portion Non-current portion	\$ 42,780 385,029
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 427,809
Discretely Presented Component Unit Long-Term Debt:	
Accrued Compensated Absences: Accrued compensated absences reported as a liability within the component unit statement of net position at June 30, 2021 are as follows: Current portion Non-current portion	\$ 4,729 42,565
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 47,294

In the current year, PCUA issued the Series 2021B Utility System Revenue Note in the amount of \$6,550,000 and used PCUA funds of \$979,445 to currently refund \$7,420,000 of the outstanding balance of the Series 2012A Utility System Revenue Note. The refunding transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$246,658 and a decrease in future debt service payments of \$1,265,017.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions		Additions		Reductions		litions Reductions		Balance at June 30, 2021		Amounts due within one year	
Governmental activities: Judgments payable	\$ 418,097	\$	701,462	\$	(209,741)	\$	909,818	\$	372,025				
Accrued compensated absences Use tax recoupment liability	 951,609 645,028		49,326		(37,330) (211,970)		963,605 433,058		96,361 23,000				
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 2,014,734	\$	750,788	\$	(459,041)	\$	2,306,481	\$	491,386				
Business-type activities: Direct borrowings and placements:													
Notes payable Revenue bonds payable Refundable grant obligations Capital lease obligations Accrued compensated absences	\$ 3,075,682 30,670,000 19,000 219,031 421,710	\$	18,550,000 - - 22,683	\$	(281,781) (8,890,000) (19,000) (94,908) (16,584)	\$	2,793,901 40,330,000 - 124,123 427,809	\$	290,636 4,570,000 - 98,797 42,780				
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 34,405,423	\$	18,572,683	\$	(9,302,273)	\$	43,675,833	\$	5,002,213				
Discretely presented component unit: Accrued compensated absences	\$ 51,144	\$	-	\$	(3,850)	\$	47,294	\$	4,729				

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Primary Government

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending		nts Payable		
June 30,		Principal		
2022	\$	372,025	\$	90,982
2023		303,973		84,177
2024		233,820		70,146
	\$	909,818	\$	245,305

			J	1			
Year Ending	Notes	Payable	;		Revenue B	onds Pa	ayable
June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 290,636	\$	71,059	\$	4,570,000	\$	721,553
2023	299,770		63,410		5,319,000		634,984
2024	309,016		55,666		5,412,000		542,429
2025	318,904		47,386		5,506,000		448,163
2026	328,928		38,991		4,845,000		352,040

66,656

343,168

1,246,647

2,793,901

Business-type Activities

14,678,000

40,330,000

\$

597,662

3,296,831

Year Ending	Capital Lease Obligations					
June 30,	Principal		Interest			
2022	\$	98,797	\$	3,185		
2023		25,326	<u> </u>	170		
Total	\$	124,123	\$	3,355		

All of the City's notes with the OWRB have a debt coverage covenant of 125% of maximum annual debt service. As of June 30, 2021, the City fully complied with the requirement.

9 - Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

2027 - 2031

Total

Oklahoma laws and regulations require PCUA to perform certain closure activities for its landfill and to provide certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after it ceases operations. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the facility stops accepting waste, PCUA reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,822,390 reported as "Landfill Closures/Post-Closure Cost" at June 30, 2021, represents the cumulative amount to date based on the use of 58.27% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. PCUA will recognize the remaining estimated cost and closure and post-closure care of \$1,305,000 as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at the site in 2021. However, PCUA expects its landfill to remain in operation for another 33 years with closure scheduled for the year 2054. Therefore, actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations.

PCUA is also required by Federal and State regulations to provide evidence of financial assurance that funds are available to properly close the facility and to perform post-closure care for thirty years after the facility has stopped accepting waste. PCUA is in compliance with this requirement and, as evidence of the financial assurance obligation, PCUA is a member of and has entered into a participation agreement with the Association for Landfill Financial Assurance (ALFA), an Oklahoma not-for-profit corporation. ALFA

is a joint venture of local government owners and operators of landfills, including PCUA and is authorized by Oklahoma statute to serve as an approved financial assurance mechanism for its members.

PCUA periodically deposits a portion of the revenues derived from the operation of its landfill to a common escrow account managed by ALFA in amounts calculated to aggregate the estimated total cost of closure and post-closure care over the remaining operating life of the facility and through the post-closure period such amounts are determined in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement between PCUA and ALFA. PCUA expects that future inflation costs will be paid from investment earnings on these restricted assets.

However, if investment earnings are inadequate or if additional closure and post-closure care expenditures are deemed necessary due, for example, to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, then these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future borrowing.

10 - <u>Interfund Balances and Activities</u>

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statements of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Transfer To	Transfer From		Amount
General	PCUA	\$	10,868,186
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General		15,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	PCUA		400,000
PCUA	General		200,000
PCUA	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,452,723
PCUA	Internal Service Funds		15,670
Ponca City Airport	General		480,000
Ponca City Airport	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		16,667
Ponca City RecPlex	General		450,000
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General		750,000
		\$	15,648,246

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	Transfer In		Transfer Out	
General Fund	\$	10,868,186	\$	1,895,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		415,000		2,469,390
PCUA		2,668,393		11,268,186
Ponca City Airport		496,667		-
Ponca City RecPlex		450,000		-
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		750,000		-
Internal Service Funds				15,670
	\$	15,648,246	\$	15,648,246

11 - Fund Balances and Net Position

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental fund and all other governmental funds are presented as follows as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet in accordance with GASB Statement 54:

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid expenses	\$	-	\$	407	\$	407
Permanent fund principal		-		1,455,526		1,455,526
Restricted for:						
Street and alley		-		259,287		259,287
Tourism		-		2,694,070		2,694,070
Grants		-		189,231		189,231
Library		-		180,392		180,392
Street improvements		-		5,218,410		5,218,410
Recreation center		-		435,576		435,576
Public Safety Center		-		1,595,204		1,595,204
Debt service		-		52,622		52,622
Committed to:						
Operating reserve		2,600,000		-		2,600,000
E-911/Cap		265,306		-		265,306
Assigned to:						
Other purposes		7,601,492		-		7,601,492
Special projects		-		30,257		30,257
Capital improvements		-		2,542,653		2,542,653
Matzene Book		-		1,023		1,023
Cann Estate		-		55,960		55,960
Unassigned		(535,841)				(535,841)
Total fund balances	\$	9,930,957	\$	14,710,618	\$	24,641,575

Restricted net position as reported in the Statement of Net Position is comprised of the following:

	Enabling Legislation		Statutory Requirements		External Contracts	
Restricted net position -						
governmental activities: Street and alley	\$	_	\$	259,287	\$	_
Hotel/motel tax	Ψ	2,694,070	Ψ	237,287	Ψ	_
Grants		-		_		189,231
Library grant		-		-		180,392
Street improvement project		5,218,410		_		, -
Recreation center tax		435,576		-		-
Public Safety Center tax		1,595,204		-		-
Debt service		-		52,622		-
Community development		-		-		407
Matzene book		-		-		50,000
Cann Estate	-	-				1,405,526
Total restricted net position	\$	9,943,260	\$	311,909	\$	1,825,556
						Debt Service
Restricted net position - business-type activities					\$	30,358,626

12 - Operating Leases

The Ponca City Development Authority leases office space on a month-to-month basis to different industries at the industrial park. Additional office space is leased and subleased, all on multiple-year terms. All paying leases for office space expired before the end of the year. The Authority is currently in negotiations to resume the leasing of office space.

Operating lease income received during the year ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$585,279.

13 - <u>Pledged Future Revenues</u>

<u>Utility Gross Revenue Pledge</u> – The City has pledged future gross utility system revenues to repay \$22,000,000 of 2019, \$12,000,000 of 2021A, and \$6,550,000 of 2021B Series Utility System Revenue Notes. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for utility system capital assets and other improvements. The bonds are payable through 2029, 2031 and 2025, respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds is \$43,626,831. The bonds are payable from gross utility system revenues, and the debt service payments on the bonds this year were \$2,442,936, which was 4.32% of pledged system revenues of \$56,513,123.

<u>Utility Net Revenues Pledge</u> – The City has also pledged future net utility system revenues to repay \$6,140,000 of 2007 and 2009A Series OWRB Notes Payable. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for utility system capital assets and improvements. The notes are payable through 2029 and 2030, respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these notes is \$3,137,069. The notes are payable from the above-mentioned utility revenues. The debt service payments on the notes this year were \$360,255 which was 1.64% pledged net utility revenues of \$21,916,602.

14 - Employee Pension Plans

The City participates in three pension or retirement plans:

- Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Ponca City Employees Retirement System a single employer defined benefit pension plan

Oklahoma State Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)

Plan description: The City, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Plan – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OFPRS. OFPRS issues a publicly-available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Summary of significant accounting policies – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OFPRS and additions to/deductions from OFPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OFPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits provided: OFPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Retirement benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 50% of the employee's final average compensation for employees who have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$ 150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 55% of the employee's final average compensation for employees who have reached the age of 50 or have completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$ 165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities

not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$ 7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$ 150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or \$ 7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$ 5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$ 5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

Contributions: The contribution requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$ 536,091. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to the Plan during the year. In the government-wide statement of activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$ 1,256,815. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$ 14,946,061 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2020. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 1.213240%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 2,885,738. At June 30, 2021 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,904,881	\$	200,540
Change in assumptions		-		253,277
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		219,690		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		389,894
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		536,091		<u>-</u> ,
Total	\$	2,660,662	\$	843,711

The \$ 536,091 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	\$ 113,847
2023	504,838
2024	411,574
2025	 250,601
	\$ 1,280,860

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Table, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	4.38%
Domestic equity	7.41%
International equity	9.82%
Real estate	7.70%
Other assets	5.67%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing an allocation of the insurance premium, as established by Oklahoma statute. Prior to July 1, 2020, the pension plan was allocated 36% of the Statewide insurance premium tax. The State of Oklahoma has passed legislation that changes the allocation percentage as follows: 25.2% effective September 1, 2020; 27.0% effective July 1, 2021; 39.6% effective July 1, 2022; and 36.0% effective July 1, 2027. The pension plan will also receive \$ 81,250 each year from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2027. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5%) or one percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease (6.5%)		Current Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)	
City's net pension liability	\$	19,410,218	\$	14,946,061	\$	11,211,091	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OFPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Oklahoma State Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS)

Plan description: The City of Ponca City, Oklahoma, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Summary of significant accounting policies: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPPRS and additions to/deductions from OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits provided: OPPRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits are provided for participants due to permanent disability. Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant.

Contributions: The contribution requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$ 367,144. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS to the Plan during the year. In the government-wide statement of activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$ 355,200. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$1,012,380 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2020. Based on this information, the City's proportion was 0.8815 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 1,190,038. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	26,191	\$	274,936
Change in assumptions		104,001		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,194,450		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,081		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		367,144		
Total	\$	1,701,867	\$	274,936

The \$367,144 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2022	\$ 148,486
2023	308,056
2024	395,727
2025	230,386
2026	 (22,868)
	 <u> </u>
	\$ 1,059,787

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Wage inflation: 3.50%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12.00% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.50% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates: Active participants: RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy

Employees (generational using Scale AA) with age set back four

years

Active participants (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners:

RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Employees (generational

using Scale AA)

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy

Employees with age set forward four years (no generational

improvement)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	5.11%
Domestic equity	6.80%
International equity	11.45%
Real estate	8.60%
Private equity	11.58%
Commodities	0.00%

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5%) or one percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)		19	1% Increase (8.5%)	
City's net pension (asset) liability	\$	3,576,254	\$	1,012,380	\$	(1,156)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

City of Ponca City Retirement Plan

Plan Description, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

The City sponsors the City of Ponca City Retirement Plan (the Plan), which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan controlled by the provisions of a Group Contract adopted pursuant to City Ordinance. The plan is governed by the City of Ponca City, Oklahoma which may amend plan provisions, and which is responsible for the management of the plan assets. The City has delegated the authority to manage certain plan assets to Principal Life Insurance Company. All non-union full-time City employees who have attained

the age of 21 are eligible to participate in the Plan after one year of service. The City requires annual actuarial valuations to determine if the City's fixed contribution rate is adequate to fund the actuarially determined contribution requirement. The Plan does not issue separate annual financial statements.

The Plan has a December 31 year-end. The City has elected to use December 31, 2020, as its measurement date; therefore, net pension liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows are reported as of December 31, 2020. Pension payments made by the City from the measurement date to June 30, 2021, are reported as deferred outflows.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relates to pension, and pension expense, amounts and disclosures have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as Plan revenues in the period in which they are due to the Plan. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable pursuant to plan provisions. Investments are reported at fair value.

Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions

Governing authority City Commission

Determination of contribution City ordinance, actuarially determined

requirements

Employer Actuarially determined

Plan member 0%

Period required to vest 5 years – 50%; additional 10% vesting each year thereafter Eligibility for benefits Age 65 with 5 years of credited service or age 55 with 10 years

credited service

Provisions for:

Disability benefits Yes
Death benefits Yes

Benefits paid 13/3% of average compensation multiplied by accrual service not

to exceed 30 years; early retirement reduced by 5% each year up

to 10 years

Contributions

The basis for determining the City's contributions is an actuarially determined contribution rate that is calculated each year in the Plan's actuarial valuation. The actuarially determined contribution rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability and plan administrative expenses. The actuarially determined employer contribution for the measurement period ending December 31, 2020 is \$1,153,726.

Plan Membership

Active plan members	206
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	124
Disabled plan members entitled to benefits	5
Retired plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	<u>196</u>
Total	<u>531</u>

Investment Rate of Return

For the plan year ended December 31, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.94%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The cash flows used as inputs in the calculation are determined on a monthly basis.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$ 1,242,136 for its net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability. There were also no changes between the measurement date of December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2021, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability. The following table reports the components of changes in net pension liability:

	Total Pension Liability		Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$	34,908,858	\$	30,056,265	\$	4,852,593
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		419,831		-		419,831
Interest		2,411,028		-		2,411,028
Benefit payments		(1,658,623)		(1,658,623)		-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(796,972)		-		(796,972)
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Employer contributions		-		1,806,440		(1,806,440)
Net investment income		-		3,842,404		(3,842,404)
Administration expenses				(4,500)		4,500
Net changes		375,264		3,985,721		(3,610,457)
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	35,284,122	\$	34,041,986	\$	1,242,136

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is 96.48%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,132,740. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 746,898
Effects of changes in assumptions		450,926	-
Net differences between expected and net investment income		-	2,726,995
Employer contributions made after measurement date		442,759	
Total deferred outflows and inflows of resources	\$	893,685	\$ 3,473,893

The \$442,759 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount to Recognize	
2022 2023	\$ (1,002,4 (474,0	
2024	(1,193,7	_
2025	(352,7	/64)
	\$ (3,022,9	967)

Actuarial Assumptions

Key assumptions used in the plan actuarial valuation were:

Discount rate	7.00%
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%
Measurement date	December 31, 2020
Inflation	2.25%
Projected salary increase	1.88% to 4.18%
Mortality	Pri-2012 Total data set base rate mortality table
	projected generationally using the Principal
	Mortality Improvement Scale (Principal 2016-
	10)
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. Because the City intends to fund the plan to cover all benefits, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was adjusted to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	19					% Increase (8.00%)	
City's net pension (asset) liability	\$	5,595,460	\$	1,242,136		\$	(2,391,373)

15 - Post-Employment Benefit Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description, Benefits Provided and Contributions

The City provides post-retirement benefit options for certain health care benefits for retired employees, terminated employees and their dependents that are not eligible for Medicare, through a single employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan. The benefits are provided in accordance with State law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act

of 1985 (COBRA). Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for post-retirement benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City.

The contribution requirements of plan members are established by City Trustees. Annual health insurance premiums are established by the third-party insurance provider.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, the following City employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1
Active employees	<u>366</u>
Total employees	367

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$221,666 was measured and determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Interest discount rate	2.04% per year, compounded annually
Mortality	RPA-2000 Mortality Table projected to 2020 for
	males and females
Retirement date	Age 63
Pre-retirement termination	Table T-3 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook
	(excluding mortality)
Trend	5% per year
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 203,654
Changes for the year: Service cost	17,445
Interest cost	4,480
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,019
Changes in assumptions and inputs	216
Benefit payments	 (7,148)
Net changes	18,012
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 221,666

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease (1.04%)		scount Rate (2.04%)	19	% Increase (3.04%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	235,905	\$	221,666	\$	201,191

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend				
	1%	% Decrease (4%)	Rates (5%)		1% Increase (6%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	198,304	\$	221,666	\$	249,874

OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$25,160.

16 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disasters.

The City management these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Risk of Method Managed	Loss Retained
a. General Liability:	Purchased insurance with	None
- Torts	Oklahoma Municipal Assurance	
- Errors and omissions	Group	
- Police liability		
- Vehicle		
b. Physical Property:	Purchased insurance with \$ 25,000	None
- Theft	deductible	
- Damage to assets		
- Natural disasters		
c. Workers Compensation:	Self-insured with third-party	Entire risk of loss retained
- Employee injuries	administration of the claims	for medial payments only.
	process. Insurance Fund used to	
	account for activities with	
	participating funds charged through	
	an estimated annual claim cost for	
	each fund. Administered by United	
	Safety Claims.	
d. Health and Life:	Self-insured with City paying a	Claims up to \$ 300,000 per
- Medical	portion of health care premiums,	individual self-funded with
- Dental	and all of life and disability	stop-loss insurance up to
	premiums. Administered by UMR.	\$ 1,000,000 per person.

Claims Liability Analysis

At June 30, 2021, the City's workers' compensation and health care claims liability was \$1,326,665 based upon the estimated claims payable reported as reserves in the third-party administrator's monthly and quarterly reports to the City. The claims liabilities related to the above noted risks of loss that are retained are determined in accordance with the requirements of FASB ASC 450-10, Loss Contingencies (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 5), which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City has elected to report its estimated claim liability at the discounted net present value of future payments. All court-ordered judgments are levied in accordance with State law over three years. For the internal service self-insurance funds, changes in the claims liability for the last three years are as follows:

		Workers' ompensation	 Health Care	 Total
Claim liability, June 30, 2018 Claims and changes in estimates	\$	234,825 387,617	\$ 349,937 4,084,127	\$ 584,762 4,471,744
Claims payments Claim liability, June 30, 2019	-	(215,259) 407,183	 (3,629,035)	 (3,844,294)
Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments		199,713 (282,943)	 2,538,893 (2,953,225)	 2,738,606 (3,236,168)
Claim liability, June 30, 2020 Claims and changes in estimates		323,953 282,141	390,697 4,387,174	714,650 4,669,315
Claims payments Claim liability, June 30, 2021	\$	(238,060) 368,034	\$ (3,819,240) 958,631	\$ (4,057,300) 1,326,665
Reconciliation to Statement of Net P Current portion Noncurrent portion	ositio	1:		\$ 126,630 1,200,035
Total				\$ 1,326,665

The City maintains a stop-loss policy for plans to limit risk associated with the plans. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Liability Protection Plan

The basic insurance agreement covers claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the state tort claims law and federal civil rights laws. All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

The title to all assets acquired by the Plan are vested in the Group. In the event of termination of the Group, such property shall belong to the then members of the Group in equal shares. Each participating City pays all costs, premiums, or other fees attributable to its respective participation in the Plan and is responsible for its obligation under any contract entered into with the Plan.

Reserves for claim losses include provisions for reported claims on a case basis and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported limited by aggregate and individual loss levels as specified by the Plan's reinsurance contracts. These credits, if any, represent contingent liabilities of the Plan if the reinsurer was unable to meet its obligations under the reinsurance agreement.

The Plan's insurance agreements are reinsured for excess losses based upon the contract year. The significant components of each reinsurance contract can be obtained from the Plan's annual financial report.

Workers' Compensation

The Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund is used to account for activities with participating funds charged through an estimated annual claim cost for each fund. Judgments are levied on property taxes. The claims process is administered by United Safety & Claims, Incorporated. The entire risk of loss is retained by the City.

17 - Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

Contingencies

Litigation:

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgement rendered against the City.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grant Program Involvement:

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency to ensure compliance with specific provisions of the grant or loan. Any liability or reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

Ponca City Development Authority

The Ponca City Development Authority (the Authority) has several outstanding agreements in aid of economic development in which incentives are offered to entice businesses to relocate to the area. Such incentives include rent subsidies, relocation assistance, reimbursements for office furnishings, and reimbursements for office remodeling. The terms of the agreements state that since the agreements extend beyond the end of the fiscal year for the Authority, the payments of the incentives are conditional upon annual appropriation of the funds by the Authority.

Approximately 77.45% of the Authority's revenues were derived from sales tax collections during 2021. Any significant change in sales tax appropriations by the City could have a significant impact on operations.

18 - Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The following accounting standards have been recently issued and will be adopted as applicable by the City. Unless otherwise noted below, management has not yet determined the impact of these Statements on the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases" – This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This Statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" – The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations" – The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020" – The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including leases, intra-entity transfers related to pensions and OPEB plans, asset retirement obligations and reporting of reinsurance amounts. This Statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates" – The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from global reference rate reform leading to the dissolution of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) at the end of 2021. This statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). A PPP is an arrangement in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset, for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This Statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" – The Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology

arrangements for government end users. This Statement will become effective for the City in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans" – The primary objective of this Statement is to increase consistency and comparability in reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The requirements of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

19 - Subsequent Events

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was enacted to, amongst other provisions, provide immediate relief to American workers affected by the pandemic. In October 2021, the City received \$2,066,172 in ARPA funding.

The City has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditors' report which is the date the financial statements are available to be issued.



CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Sales	\$ 7,126,272	\$ 7,126,272	\$ 8,691,013	\$ 1,564,741	
Use	700,000	700,000	1,133,215	433,215	
Franchise	459,000	459,000	426,902	(32,098)	
E911	375,000	375,000	373,990	(1,010)	
Weed	12,000	12,000	22,004	10,004	
Total taxes	8,672,272	8,672,272	10,647,124	1,974,852	
Intergovernmental:					
Cigarette tax	100,000	100,000	147,607	47,607	
Alcoholic beverage tax	140,000	140,000	200,073	60,073	
Grants	29,700	29,700	142,290	112,590	
Total intergovernmental	269,700	269,700	489,970	220,270	
Charges for services:					
Recreation programs	40,000	40,000	41,475	1,475	
Wentz camp	30,000	30,000	16,722	(13,278)	
Administrative services	2,729,717	2,729,717	2,729,718	1	
Police services	142,000	142,000	125,384	(16,616)	
Ambulance services	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,592,865	(7,135)	
Animal control receipts	16,000	16,000	18,549	2,549	
Library receipts	13,000	13,000	8,421	(4,579)	
Rentals	193,500	196,500	196,552	52	
Miscellaneous charges	10,360	10,360	46,151	35,791	
Total charges for services	4,774,577	4,777,577	4,775,837	(1,740)	
Fines and forfeitures	402,000	402,000	413,115	11,115	
Licenses and permits	122,800	122,800	155,785	32,985	
Investment income	150,000	150,000	114,014	(35,986)	
Miscellaneous	6,100	6,100	5,431	(669)	
Total revenues	14,397,449	14,400,449	16,601,276	2,200,827	
Other financing sources:					
Sale of capital assets	15,000	15,000	9,550	(5,450)	
Transfers from other funds	8,138,468	8,138,468	8,138,468	-	
Total other financing sources	8,153,468	8,153,468	8,148,018	(5,450)	
Total revenues and other					
financing sources	\$ 22,550,917	\$ 22,553,917	\$ 24,749,294	\$ 2,195,377	

(Continued)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

(Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints	Actual	V	ariance with
	Original		Final	Amounts	F	inal Budget
Expenditures and transfers:						
City commissioners	\$ 14,300	\$	14,300	\$ 1,061	\$	13,239
City manager	1,038,656		1,038,656	887,308		151,348
Central municipal activity	1,954,885		4,004,885	3,571,448		433,437
Finance	532,492		546,492	496,129		50,363
Municipal court	265,368		265,368	248,785		16,583
City attorney	159,850		159,850	155,149		4,701
Community development	693,619		693,619	681,253		12,366
Animal control	251,872		251,872	244,529		7,343
Emergency management	182,274		182,274	169,390		12,884
Police admin	6,047,600		6,047,600	5,559,313		488,287
Communications/911	761,712		761,712	605,385		156,327
Fire	5,640,804		5,700,804	5,658,660		42,144
Fire-Ambulance	1,421,142		1,361,142	1,037,703		323,439
Street admin	1,321,877		1,321,877	1,102,549		219,328
Engineering admin	595,313		595,313	566,077		29,236
Traffic engineering	488,035		488,035	458,299		29,736
Park maintenance	1,689,106		1,689,106	1,616,934		72,172
Recreation programs	400,225		400,225	367,036		33,189
Ambuc pool	77,250		77,250	59,003		18,247
Wentz camp	95,583		95,583	60,400		35,183
Marland's Grand Home	79,413		93,413	91,086		2,327
Library	1,052,093		1,052,093	 1,062,683		(10,590)
Total expenditures and transfers	 24,763,469		26,841,469	 24,700,180		2,141,289
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and transfers	\$ (2,212,552)	\$	(4,287,552)	49,114	\$	4,336,666
Fund balances, beginning of year				 9,881,843		
Fund balances, end of year				\$ 9,930,957		

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2021

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the Budget Act). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Public hearings are held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Commission.
- d. Subsequent to the City Commission enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department category within a fund.

The City Manager may only transfer appropriations within expenditure categories within a department without City Commission approval. Transfers between expenditure categories of a department or fund and budget supplements made during the year are recommended by the City Manager and must be approved by the City Commission. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Ponca City Utilities Authority is required to prepare an annual budget and submit copies to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget, or definition of a legal level of control.

Budgetary Accounting

The City prepares its budgets for all governmental fund types on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriations within a department require the approval of the City Manager. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Commission. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2021	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	1.2132%	1.2344%	1.2280%	1.2410%	1.2426%	1.3474%	1.2648%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,946,061	\$ 13,043,711	\$ 13,822,537	\$ 15,613,535	\$ 15,180,723	\$ 14,301,304	\$ 13,007,400
City's covered payroll ²	\$ 3,754,522	\$ 3,765,054	\$ 3,650,547	\$ 3,792,730	\$ 3,475,715	\$ 3,552,540	\$ 3,584,500
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	398%	346%	379%	412%	437%	403%	363%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.98%	72.85%	70.73%	66.61%	64.87%	68.27%	68.12%

¹ GASB 68 became effective in fiscal year 2015. GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to fiscal year 2015; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

² The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2021	2020	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 536,091	\$ 524,930	\$ 534,726	\$ 507,012	\$ 530,980	\$ 486,600	\$ 497,357
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	536,091	524,930	 534,726	507,012	530,980	486,600	 497,357
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 						
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,818,027	\$ 3,754,522	\$ 3,765,054	\$ 3,650,547	\$ 3,792,730	\$ 3,475,715	\$ 3,552,540
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.0%	14.0%	14.2%	13.9%	14.0%	14.0%	14.0%

¹ GASB 68 became effective in fiscal year 2015. GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to fiscal year 2015; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	 2021	2020	 2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.8815%	0.8294%	0.9433%	0.9858%	1.0033%	1.0509%	0.9876%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,012,380	\$ (52,949)	\$ (449,341)	\$ 75,831	\$ 1,536,471	\$ 42,849	\$ (332,521)
City's covered payroll ²	\$ 2,838,598	\$ 2,713,471	\$ 2,878,199	\$ 2,940,763	\$ 2,958,770	\$ 2,838,908	\$ 2,798,283
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	35.66%	-1.95%	-15.61%	2.58%	51.93%	1.51%	-11.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	95.80%	100.24%	101.89%	99.68%	93.50%	99.82%	101.53%

¹ GASB 68 became effective in fiscal year 2015. GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to fiscal year 2015; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

² The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	 2021	 2020	2019	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 367,144	\$ 369,494	\$ 351,731	\$ 373,962	\$ 381,790	\$ 384,640	\$ 369,058
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	367,144	369,494	 351,731	373,962	381,790	384,640	369,058
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,813,383	\$ 2,838,598	\$ 2,713,471	\$ 2,878,199	\$ 2,940,763	\$ 2,958,770	\$ 2,838,908
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%

¹ GASB 68 became effective in fiscal year 2015. GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to fiscal year 2015; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY PONCA CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Plan Years Ended December 31

Last Ten Plan Years¹

	2020	2019		2018	2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$ 419,831	\$ 373,812	\$	374,374	\$ 379,515	\$ 419,990	\$ 368,696	\$ 361,995
Interest	2,411,028	2,357,184		2,310,085	2,231,107	2,220,237	2,098,830	1,936,407
Benefit payments	(1,658,623)	(1,583,137)		(1,526,518)	(1,446,819)	(1,317,363)	(1,275,713)	(1,145,393)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(796,972)	(191,587)		(469,166)	(25,392)	(267,164)	452,433	252,776
Change in assumptions	 	966,272		-	 	 (799,669)	 	 902,741
Net change in total pension liability	375,264	1,922,544		688,775	1,138,411	256,031	1,644,246	2,308,526
Total pension liability, beginning of period	34,908,858	 32,986,314		32,297,539	 31,159,128	 30,903,097	 29,258,851	 26,950,325
Total pension liability, end of period	35,284,122	34,908,858		32,986,314	32,297,539	31,159,128	30,903,097	29,258,851
Fiduciary net pension:								
Employer contributions	1,806,440	1,138,159		1,076,341	1,044,074	737,699	670,691	664,955
Net investment income (loss)	3,842,404	5,386,420		(1,415,856)	4,128,637	1,644,552	143,006	1,667,346
Benefit payments	(1,658,623)	(1,583,137)		(1,526,518)	(1,446,819)	(1,317,363)	(1,275,713)	(1,145,393)
Administration expenses	 (4,500)	-	_	(7,275)	 (31,516)	 (22,516)	 (29,266)	 (23,006)
Net change in fiduciary net position	3,985,721	4,941,442		(1,873,308)	3,694,376	1,042,372	(491,282)	1,163,902
Fiduciary net position, beginning of period	30,056,265	 25,114,823		26,988,131	 23,293,755	 22,251,383	22,742,665	 21,578,763
Fiduciary net position, end of period	 34,041,986	30,056,265		25,114,823	26,988,131	 23,293,755	 22,251,383	 22,742,665
Net pension liability	\$ 1,242,136	\$ 4,852,593	\$	7,871,491	\$ 5,309,408	\$ 7,865,373	\$ 8,651,714	\$ 6,516,186
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96%	86%		76%	84%	75%	72%	78%
Covered payroll	\$ 9,392,914	\$ 9,620,304	\$	9,014,601	\$ 8,987,729	\$ 9,094,453	\$ 8,902,399	\$ 8,134,360
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	13%	50%		87%	59%	86%	97%	80%

¹ GASB 67 became effective in plan year 2014. GASB 67 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to plan year 2014; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PONCA CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Plan Years Ended December 31

Last Ten Plan Years¹

	2020	 2019	 2018	2017	 2016		2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,153,726	\$ 1,118,227	\$ 1,144,282	\$ 1,165,316	\$ 1,306,497	\$	1,171,600	\$ 1,337,619
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	1,806,440	1,138,159	 1,076,341	1,044,074	737,699	_	670,691	664,955
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (652,714)	\$ (19,932)	\$ 67,941	\$ 121,242	\$ 568,798	\$	500,909	\$ 672,664
Covered payroll	\$ 9,392,914	\$ 9,620,304	\$ 9,014,601	\$ 8,987,729	\$ 9,094,453	\$	8,902,399	\$ 8,134,360
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.2%	11.8%	11.9%	11.6%	8.1%		7.5%	8.2%

¹ GASB 67 became effective in plan year 2014. GASB 67 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to plan year 2014; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF MONEY-WEIGHTED INVESTMENT RETURNS PONCA CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Plan Years Ended December 31 Last Ten Plan Years¹

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return							
on plan investments, net of investment expense	12.94%	21.82%	-5.33%	18.07%	7.51%	0.64%	7.83%

¹ GASB 67 became effective in plan year 2014. GASB 67 requires presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to plan year 2014; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2021	2020	 2019
Total OPEB liability:			
Service cost	\$ 17,445	\$ 12,015	\$ 7,434
Interest cost	4,480	6,207	6,789
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,019	(14,987)	(11,159)
Changes in assumptions and inputs	216	19,899	3,389
Benefit payments	(7,148)	(448)	(448)
Net change in total OPEB liability	18,012	22,686	6,005
Total OPEB liability, beginning	203,654	 180,968	 174,963
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 221,666	\$ 203,654	\$ 180,968
Covered payroll	\$2,964,068	\$ 2,585,125	\$ 2,387,703
The City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	7.48%	7.88%	7.58%

¹ The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2019. GASB 75 requires the presentation of ten years. Data was not available prior to fiscal year 2019; therefore, ten years of data is unavailable.



CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

Special Revenue Funds Street and Hotel/Motel Miscellaneous Special Community Library Economic Trust **Projects** Alley Tax Development Library Grant State Aid Development **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents \$ 30,257 \$ 240,828 2,637,799 176,199 183,827 13,122 \$ Investments 407 Prepaids Accounts receivable 71,157 Due from other governments 19,581 33,437 201,132 2,708,956 210,043 Total assets 30,257 260,409 183,827 13,122 201,132 LIABILITIES AND FUND **BALANCES** Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 20,405 3,435 13,122 1,122 \$ 14,886 \$ \$ 201,132 Total liabilities 1,122 14,886 20,405 3,435 13,122 201,132 Fund balances: 407 Nonspendable Restricted 259,287 2,694,070 189,231 180,392 Assigned 30,257 Total fund balances 30,257 259,287 2,694,070 189,638 180,392 Total liabilities and fund balances 30,257 \$ 260,409 \$ 2,708,956 210,043 \$ 183,827 \$ 13,122 201,132

(Continued)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

June 30, 2021

	Capital					Funds						Permane	ent Fu	ınds		
]	Recreation Center	Ir	Street mprovement Project	I	Capital mprovement Project		Public Safety Center	De	bt Service	Ma	tzene Book		Cann Estate		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Prepaids Accounts receivable Due from other governments Total assets	\$ 	435,576	\$	5,315,869 - - 201,132 5,517,001	\$ 	2,568,124 - - - - - 2,568,124		1,260,117 - - - 335,087	\$ 	44,164 - - - 8,459 52,623	\$ 	1,023 50,000 - - - 51,023	\$ 	58,148 1,405,526 - - - - 1,463,674	\$ 	12,965,053 1,455,526 407 71,157 798,828
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u> </u>		\$ \$	298,591	\$	25,471	<u> </u>		<u></u>		\$		\$	2,188	<u> </u>	580,353
Total liabilities	Ψ	-	y	298,591	Ψ	25,471	Ψ	-	Ψ	1	Ψ	-	ý.	2,188	Ψ	580,353
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		435,576		5,218,410		2,542,653		- 1,595,204 -		52,622 -		50,000 - 1,023		1,405,526 - 55,960		1,455,933 10,624,792 2,629,893
Total fund balances		435,576		5,218,410		2,542,653		1,595,204		52,622		51,023		1,461,486		14,710,618
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	435,576	\$	5,517,001	\$	2,568,124	\$	1,595,204	\$	52,623	\$	51,023	\$	1,463,674	\$	15,290,971

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Special Revenue Funds

	Special Projects	Street and Alley	Hotel/Motel Tax	Community Development	Library Grant	Library State Aid	Miscellaneous Trust
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 628,181	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	214,018	-	249,585	6,525	11,092	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	18,867	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	· .	49,085	4,258	-	-	
Total revenues	18,867	214,018	677,266	253,843	6,525	11,092	
Expenditures:		•					
Current:							
Public safety	21,050	-	-	-	-	-	-
Streets and highways	-	208,646	-	-	-	-	-
Culture, parks and recreation	-	-	359,274	-	22,458	11,092	-
Community development	-	-	-	165,937	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	82,685	45,217	60,874	-	-	-
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	21,050	291,331	404,491	226,811	22,458	11,092	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,183)	(77,313)	272,775	27,032	(15,933)		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	-	- -	- -	- -	- -		- -
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	-				<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances	(2,183)	(77,313)	272,775	27,032	(15,933)	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	32,440	336,600	2,421,295	162,606	196,325		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 30,257	\$ 259,287	\$ 2,694,070	\$ 189,638	\$ 180,392	\$ -	\$ -

(Continued)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Sp	ecial Revenue Funds			Capital Pro	jects Funds						Permane	nt Fu	ınds	
		Economic Development	Recreation Center	Iı	Street mprovement Project	Capital Improvement Project		Public Safety Center	Deb	ot Service	Mat	zene Book	С	ann Estate	Total
Revenues:															
Taxes	\$	2,456,057	\$ 802,288	\$	2,456,057	\$ -	\$	2,755,180	\$	259,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,357,324
Intergovernmental		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	481,220
Charges for services		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		2,055	2,055
Fines and forfeitures Investment income		-	7.014		61,147	33,007		9.652		1.026		107		226 574	18,867
Miscellaneous		-	7,814		01,14/	244,537		8,653		1,026		107		326,574	438,328 297,880
	-	2.456.057					_								
Total revenues		2,456,057	810,102		2,517,204	277,544		2,763,833		260,587		107		328,629	 10,595,674
Expenditures: Current:															
Public safety		-	-		-	-		32,129		-		-		-	53,179
Streets and highways		-	-		117,617	-		-		-		-		-	326,263
Culture, parks and recreation		=	9,162		-	-		-		-		-		61,009	462,995
Community development		2,456,057	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	2,621,994
Capital outlay		-	94,583		1,679,564	1,298,444		-		-		-		13,335	3,274,702
Debt service: Principal										209,741					209,741
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-	-		-		41,810		-		-	41,810
· ·		-		-	-		_								
Total expenditures		2,456,057	103,745		1,797,181	1,298,444		32,129		251,551				74,344	 6,990,684
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-	706,357		720,023	(1,020,900)		2,731,704		9,036		107		254,285	3,604,990
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		-	-		-	400,000		-		-		-		15,000	415,000
Transfers out		-	(1,316,223)		-	(16,667)		(1,136,500)		-		-		-	(2,469,390)
Total other financing															
sources (uses)		-	(1,316,223)		-	383,333		(1,136,500)		-		-		15,000	 (2,054,390)
Net change in fund balances		-	(609,866)		720,023	(637,567)		1,595,204		9,036		107		269,285	1,550,600
Fund balance, beginning of year		-	1,045,442		4,498,387	3,180,220		-		43,586		50,916		1,192,201	13,160,018
Fund balance, end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 435,576	\$	5,218,410	\$ 2,542,653	\$	1,595,204	\$	52,622	\$	51,023	\$	1,461,486	\$ 14,710,618

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Marland Estate		ew Wentz olf Course		Fotal Other Enterprise Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Inventory	\$	228,441 37,293	\$	333,103 13,277	\$	561,544 50,570		
Total current assets		265,734		346,380		612,114		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Nondepreciable		388,293		71,577		459,870		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		479,534		397,447		876,981		
Total noncurrent assets		867,827		469,024		1,336,851		
Total assets		1,133,561		815,404		1,948,965		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions		16,015		27,636		43,651		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued compensated absences		26,409 821		72,306 2,209		98,715 3,030		
Total current liabilities		27,230		74,515	101,745			
Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability Total OPEB liability		7,382 10,226 4,433		19,875 56,108 4,433		27,257 66,334 8,866		
Total noncurrent liabilities		22,041		80,416		102,457		
Total liabilities		49,271	154,931			204,202		
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> Deferred amounts related to pensions		61,577		87,281		148,858		
<u>NET POSITION</u>								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		867,827 170,901		469,024 131,804		1,336,851 302,705		
Total net position	\$	1,038,728	\$	600,828	\$	1,639,556		

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Marland Estate		ew Wentz		Funds		
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	115,147	\$	-	\$	115,147		
Golf course fees				599,919		599,919		
Total operating revenues		115,147		599,919		715,066		
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		260,290		409,212		669,502		
Materials and supplies		29,997		23,109	53,106			
Maintenance, operations and contractual services		83,557		332,542	416,099			
Depreciation		93,930		63,737		157,667		
Total operating expenses		467,774		828,600		1,296,374		
Operating loss		(352,627)	(228,681)			(581,308)		
Non-operating revenues:								
Other income		-		67		67		
Investment income		2,105		-		2,105		
Total non-operating revenues		2,105		67		2,172		
Loss before capital contributions and transfers		(350,522)		(228,614)		(579,136)		
Capital contributions		_		33,659		33,659		
Transfers from other funds		320,000		430,000		750,000		
Net capital contributions and transfers		320,000		463,659		783,659		
Change in net position		(30,522)		235,045		204,523		
Net position, beginning of year		1,069,250		365,783		1,435,033		
Net position, end of year	\$	1,038,728	\$	600,828	\$	1,639,556		

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fu							
		Marland Estate		Lew Wentz Golf Course	_	Cotal Other Enterprise Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		115,147 (115,259) (306,381)	\$	599,919 (340,705) (458,753)	\$	715,066 (455,964) (765,134)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		(306,493)		(199,539)		(506,032)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Miscellaneous cash collections Transfers from other funds		320,000		67 430,000		67 750,000		
Net cash flows from noncapital financing		320,000		430,067	750,067			
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends		2,105		-		2,105		
Net cash flows from investing activities		2,105		-		2,105		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		15,612		230,528		246,140		
Balances, beginning of year		212,829		102,575		315,404		
Balances, end of year	\$	228,441	\$	333,103	\$	561,544		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash flows from operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash flows from	\$	(352,627)	\$	(228,681)	\$	(581,308)		
operating activities: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:		93,930		63,737		157,667		
(Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	3,995 4,492 (5,700) (5,857) (68,720) 360 23,634 (306,493)	\$	9,858 5,713 5,088 1,725 (87,396) 360 30,057 (199,539)	\$	13,853 10,205 (612) (4,132) (156,116) 720 53,691 (506,032)		
Non-cash capital financing activities: Capital asset contributions	\$	-	\$	33,659				

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2021

				Insurance	
	City Garage		Iı	mprest Fund	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,634	\$	9,464,464	\$ 9,537,098
Investments		-		500,000	500,000
Accounts receivables - other		93,861		1,066,466	1,160,327
Prepaids		250 200		26,644	26,644
Inventory		250,309		-	 250,309
Total current assets		416,804		11,057,574	 11,474,378
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		45,553		-	 45,553
Total noncurrent assets		45,553		-	 45,553
Total assets		462,357		11,057,574	11,519,931
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pensions		13,212		6,641	19,853
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		55,401		96,046	151,447
Estimated claims liability		-		126,630	126,630
Accrued compensated absences		1,874		185	2,059
Total current liabilities		57,275		222,861	280,136
Noncurrent liabilities:					 _
Estimated claims liability		-		1,200,035	1,200,035
Accrued compensated absences		16,863		1,666	18,529
Net pension liability		1,935		10,647	 12,582
Total noncurrent liabilities		18,798		1,212,348	1,231,146
Total liabilities		76,073		1,435,209	1,511,282
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					 _
Deferred amounts related to pensions		63,830		16,649	80,479
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		45,553		-	45,553
Unrestricted		290,113		9,612,357	9,902,470
Total net position	\$	335,666	\$	9,612,357	\$ 9,948,023

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	City Garage		I1	Insurance mprest Fund	 Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,681,581	\$	5,036,559	\$ 6,718,140
Total operating revenues		1,681,581		5,036,559	6,718,140
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		262,930		902,890	1,165,820
Materials and supplies		1,159,859		-	1,159,859
Other services and charges		41,072		5,066,936	5,108,008
Depreciation expense		10,489		-	10,489
Total operating expenses		1,474,350		5,969,826	7,444,176
Operating income (loss)		207,231		(933,267)	(726,036)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Investment income		-		130,350	130,350
Miscellaneous income		-		49,987	49,987
Loss on disposal of property		-		(49,996)	(49,996)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		-		130,341	 130,341
Income (loss) before transfers		207,231		(802,926)	(595,695)
Transfers to other funds		(10,000)		(5,670)	 (15,670)
Change in net position		197,231		(808,596)	(611,365)
Net position, beginning of year		138,435		10,420,953	10,559,388
Net position, end of year	\$	335,666	\$	9,612,357	\$ 9,948,023

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	City G				Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,692,851 (1,329,131) (304,388)	\$	4,475,353 (5,074,158) (302,280)	\$ 6,168,204 (6,403,289) (606,668)
Net cash flows from operating activities		59,332		(901,085)	(841,753)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Miscellaneous cash collections Transfers to other funds		(10,000)		49,987 (5,670)	49,987 (15,670)
Net cash flows from noncapital financial activities		(10,000)		44,317	 34,317
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets		(29,337)		(50,000)	(79,337)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(29,337)		(50,000)	(79,337)
Cash flows from investing activities: Sale of investments Interest and dividends		- -		3,000,000 130,350	3,000,000 130,350
Net cash flows from investing activities		-		3,130,350	3,130,350
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		19,995		2,223,582	2,243,577
Balances, beginning of year		52,639		7,240,882	7,293,521
Balances, end of year	\$	72,634	\$	9,464,464	\$ 9,537,098
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	207,231	\$	(933,267)	\$ (726,036)
Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:		10,489		-	10,489
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) decrease in inventory		11,270		(561,206) 2,947	(549,936) 2,947 (82,457)
(Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(82,457) 4,613		1,268	5,881
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		(45,743) - 233		(10,169) 612,015 50	(55,912) 612,015 283
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(70,577)		(19,392)	(89,969)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		24,273		6,669	 30,942
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	59,332	\$	(901,085)	\$ (841,753)

CITY OF PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF NOTE DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Electric	I	Broadband	Water		 Solid Waste	Wastewater			Total	
Gross revenues of the system:											
Utility charges for service	\$ 35,839,887	\$	540,710	\$	8,122,073	\$ 5,572,080	\$	6,517,499	\$	56,592,249	
Investment income	 66,049		1,977		23,274	 79,278		41,770		212,348	
Total operating revenues	 35,905,936		542,687		8,145,347	 5,651,358		6,559,269		56,804,597	
Operation and maintenance expenses:											
Personal services	2,608,399		132,827		1,349,966	2,236,320		1,078,087		7,405,599	
Materials and supplies	100,824		28,241		457,735	35,615		76,652		699,067	
Maintenance, operations and											
contractual services	1,951,961		299,430		1,307,396	922,612		821,464		5,302,863	
Electricity purchased	 21,401,340		-		-	 -		-		21,401,340	
Total operating expenses	 26,062,524		460,498		3,115,097	 3,194,547		1,976,203		34,808,869	
Net revenues available for debt service	\$ 9,843,412	\$	82,189	\$	5,030,250	\$ 2,456,811	\$	4,583,066	\$	21,995,728	
Maximum annual debt service*										5,653,248	
Coverage										3.89	
Required coverage										1.25	

^{*} Maximum annual debt services is based on 2022 debt service requirements for Oklahoma

Water Resources Board Notes Payable Series 2007 and 2009A and Utility Systems Revenue Notes Series 2019, 2021A and 2021B



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Ponca City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ponca City, Oklahoma (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Ponca City Development Authority, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BT+ Co., P.A.

December 6, 2021 Topeka, Kansas