Petroleum Storage Tank Release Indemnity Fund (Administered by the Petroleum Storage Tank

Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission)

Financial Report June 30, 2016



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RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Oklahoma Corporation Commission Petroleum Storage Tank Release Indemnity Fund Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of governmental activities and General Fund of the Petroleum Storage Tank Release Indemnity Fund (the Indemnity Fund), administered by the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the cash basis financial statements, which collectively comprise the Indemnity Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of the Indemnity Fund as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in the cash basis financial position for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Indemnity Fund are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission that is attributable to the transactions of the Indemnity Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the General Fund of the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report for the year ended June 30, 2016 dated November 22, 2016 and our report for the year ended June 30, 2015 dated June 7, 2016, on our consideration of the Indemnity Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of this report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Indemnity Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma November 22, 2016

Statements of Net Position/Governmental Funds Balance Sheets (Cash Basis) June 30, 2016 and 2015

	General Fund/ Governmental Activities		
		2016	2015
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,267,053	\$ 5,961,937
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted		14,764,435	13,898,275
Total assets	\$	18,031,488	\$ 19,860,212
Net position/fund balance, unrestricted/unassigned (cash basis)	\$	18,031,488	\$ 19,860,212

See notes to cash basis financial statements.

Statements of Activities/ Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Cash Basis)
Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	General Fund/Governmental Activities			
		2016		2015
Program revenues:				
Proceeds from motor fuel tax assessment	\$	21,165,105	\$	22,185,911
Deductible on claims		90,658		76,085
Total program revenues		21,255,763		22,261,996
General revenues:				
Other revenue, interest income		348,735		374,882
Total revenue		21,604,498		22,636,878
Expenditures/Expenses:				
Claims reimbursement		19,413,598		21,261,150
Storage tank inspection and compliance		1,450,272		1,907,475
Claims processing		805,218		483,251
Administrative expenses		146,131		274,809
Allocations to the Oklahoma Corporation Commission		1,618,003		1,409,469
Total expenditures/expenses		23,433,222		25,336,154
Change in net position/fund balance		(1,828,724)		(2,699,276)
Net position/fund balance, beginning of year (cash basis)		19,860,212		22,559,488
Net position/fund balance, end of year (cash basis)	\$	18,031,488	\$	19,860,212

See notes to cash basis financial statements.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principal activity: The Petroleum Storage Tank Release Indemnity Fund (the Indemnity Fund) is administered by the Oklahoma Corporation Commission's (the Commission) Petroleum Storage Tank Division (the Division). The Indemnity Fund was created by a legislative act in 1989 to provide funding for the rehabilitation of polluted sites due to releases of petroleum from storage tank systems into the environment of the state. The Indemnity Fund encourages voluntary corrective action in a manner and to a level of completion that protects public health, safety, and welfare and minimizes damage to the environment by reimbursing to eligible persons allowable costs incurred for corrective actions to remediate eligible releases. Indemnity Fund monies are also used to pay the salaries of employees of the Compliance and Inspection Department of the Commission who are involved in the regulation of storage tanks pursuant to the Oklahoma Storage Tank Regulation Act. The activities of the Indemnity Fund are subject to Oklahoma Statutes Title 17, Chapters 14 and 15, of the Oklahoma Statutes Title 17 O.S. 350 et seq., which were last amended by Senate Bill 155, which was effective November 1, 2005, and Senate Bill 1366, which was effective July 1, 2008, House 2381, which was effective May 25, 2012, and Senate Bill 1336, which was effective June 8, 2012.

The Indemnity Fund is currently funded by a \$0.01 assessment on the sale of each gallon of motor fuel.

Effective July 1, 2006, the first \$1,000,000 received in each fiscal year from the \$0.01 assessment on motor fuel is to be deposited directly into the Commission's Revolving Fund. Participating Native American Tribes receive four and a half percent (4.5 percent) of the monthly assessment once the annual payment is paid to the Commission's Revolving Fund. Eight percent (8 percent) of the remainder of the assessment collected during each fiscal year is to be deposited into the Department of Environmental Quality's Revolving Fund. Effective July 1, 2008, House Bill 1423 states that of the remaining assessment received, \$500,000 is to be deposited each month into the Department of Transportation's Weigh Station Improvement revolving fund until a total of \$51,000,000 is reached. Effective May 25, 2012, House Bill 2391 increased the total amount to be deposited in the Department of Transportation's Weigh Station Improvement Revolving Fund to \$81,000,000. The remaining portion each month will be deposited into the Indemnity Fund. See Note 8 for a breakdown of the required transfers under Oklahoma Statutes Title 17.

Effective July 1, 2008, House Bill 1423 amended Title 17, Section 352, by defining the "motor fuel" on which the \$0.01 per gallon assessment is based. The Indemnity Fund was previously funded by a \$0.01 assessment on the sale of each gallon of motor fuel, diesel fuel and blending materials (as defined by Title 68, Section 500.3 of the Oklahoma Statutes). House Bill 1423 condensed the wording to only include "motor fuel" as it has the same meaning as "blended fuel" (the words "diesel fuel" and "blending materials" were taken out of the statute).

Per Title 68, Section 500.3, blended fuel is defined as "a mixture composed of gasoline or diesel fuel and another liquid, other than a de minimis amount of a product such as carburetor detergent or oxidation inhibitor that can be used as a fuel in a highway vehicle. This term includes gasohol, ethanol and fuel grade ethanol."

House Bill 1423 also authorized Underground Storage Tank Operator Training and authorized either the Storage Tank Regulation Revolving Fund created in Section 315 of Title 17 or the Indemnity Fund to be able to pay for this training up to \$250,000.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Funds included in presentation: For purposes of this report, the Indemnity Fund (Fund 1185F) cash account and (Fund 205), a revolving fund, established by the Commission are reflected in the financial statements presentation.

Financial reporting entity: The Indemnity Fund is included in the Storage Tank Revolving Fund of the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission. The accompanying cash basis financial statements are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission attributable to the transactions of the Indemnity Fund and not that of the General Fund of the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such the exclusion could cause the financial statements to be misleading. The Indemnity Fund has determined there are no other organizations for which it has financial accountability.

Basis of presentation: The financial statements have been prepared using the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, defines the accounting principles to be used for the presentation of financial statements of the Indemnity Fund.

For financial statement presentation, the Indemnity Fund has two fund, which are the General Fund (Fund 1185F) and the revolving fund (Fund 205). The General Fund is the operating fund of the Indemnity Fund and is used to account for all transactions excluding the interagency transactions within the Oklahoma Corporation Commission. The (Fund 205), revolving fund, is used to pay the administrative expenses of the Indemnity fund utilizing monies transferred from the Indemnity fund to the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the cash basis of accounting and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

If the aforementioned financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the following changes would be necessary:

- The Indemnity Fund would utilize the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide financial statements and the modified accrual basis of accounting in the fund financial statements.
- The Indemnity Fund would capitalize and record on its accrual basis financial statements, at cost, capital assets (such as land, buildings, furniture and equipment) and depreciate such assets.
- The Indemnity Fund would record liabilities and long-term debt on its accrual basis financial statements.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net position/fund balance: The Indemnity Fund's net position/fund balance is classified as follows:

Unrestricted net position: Consists of all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on its use. All net position meet the definition of unrestricted due to the presentation of these financial statements being on a cash basis, and no constraints have been placed on the remaining net position balances.

Unassigned fund balance: The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the General Fund only. All fund balances meet this definition.

It is the Indemnity Fund's policy to first use restricted net position/fund balance prior to the use of unrestricted net position/unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted/assigned and unrestricted net position/unassigned fund balance are available.

Cash and cash equivalents: The Indemnity Fund's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and are invested in an internal investment pool held by the Oklahoma State Treasurer.

Co-pay: Eligible claims for reimbursements are subject to a co-payment equal to 1 percent of the eligible costs, up to a maximum co-payment of \$5,000 unless the release occurred prior to June 4, 2004. Then the co-payment is \$5,000.

Encumbrances: Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable funds, is used. This is an extension of the formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances do not represent any further constraint on the use of amounts than is already communicated by governmental fund balance classification as restricted, committed, or assigned. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, \$17,883,053 and \$19,590,240, respectively, of encumbrances were outstanding.

Indemnity fund maintenance level: State statute sets forth a maintenance level of cash (presented herein as cash and cash equivalents-restricted) for the Indemnity Fund in an amount equal to \$5,000,000 plus the previous 6 months' cash disbursements for claim reimbursements. In the event the Indemnity Fund's cash balance falls below this specified maintenance level at any month end on or before December 31, 2015, the \$0.01 assessment (or applicable portion thereof) is to be deposited into the Indemnity Fund for at least the following 3 calendar months. If the Indemnity Fund's cash balance exceeds the specified maintenance level, the assessment (or applicable portion thereof) is to be deposited into other funds as directed by state statute. Senate Bill 155, which was effective November 1, 2005, amended State Statute 17 O.S. 352(7) to define disbursements as funds expended or encumbered for the purpose of calculating the regulatory maintenance level. Effective June 8, 2012, Senate Bill 1336 extended the compliance maintenance level requirement from December 31, 2012 to December 31, 2022. During the years ended and as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Indemnity Fund was in compliance with the maintenance level.

Income taxes: The Indemnity Fund is exempt from state and federal income taxes, and accordingly, no provision for income taxes is reflected by the Indemnity Fund.

Reclassification: Certain reclassification were made to the prior year balances to conform to the current year presentation.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

The Indemnity Fund's carrying amount of the deposits with the State Treasurer were \$18,031,488 and \$19,860,212 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Cash equivalents are recorded at cost.

Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are allowed to participate in OK INVEST. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in OK INVEST. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives that establish the framework for the day-to-day OK INVEST management, with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the State and its funds' and agencies' daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the Investment Policy address credit quality requirements, diversification percentages and the types and maturities of allowable investments. The specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at http://www.ok.gov/treasurer. The State Treasurer, at his discretion, may further limit or restrict such investments on a day-to-day basis. OK INVEST includes a substantial investment in securities with an overnight maturity as well as in U.S. government securities with a maturity of up to three years. OK INVEST maintains an overall weighted average maturity of less than 270 days.

Participants in OK INVEST maintain interest in its underlying investments and, accordingly, may be exposed to certain risks. As stated in the State Treasurer information statement, the main risks are interest rate risk, credit/ default risk, liquidity risk, and U.S. government securities risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the yield and market value of the securities will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of failing interest rates, the yield will tend to be higher.

Custodial credit risk of investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's investments may not be returned to it. Interest in OK INVEST are not insured or guaranteed by the State, the FDIC, or any other government agency.

Note 3. Claims Reimbursements

Claims reimbursements for the years ended June 30 consisted of the following:

		2016		2015
Third was a state of	Φ.	40.070.004	Φ.	00 570 050
Third-party claims	\$	19,078,684	\$	20,576,956
Suspicion of releases		334,914		684,194
	\$	19,413,598	\$	21,261,150

Third-party claims are those claims in which an eligible tank owner has received reimbursement from the Indemnity Fund for allowable cleanup costs incurred.

Payments for suspicion of releases are payments to third parties for costs incurred to investigate and assess a site for a confirmed release and to determine whether additional cleanup procedures are necessary.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 4. Operating Expenses

Operating expenses at June 30 consisted of the following:

	2016					
	Administrative Expenses		Claims Processing		Storage Tank Inspection and Compliance	
Salaries and benefits Professional services Other	\$	136,053 151 9,927 146,131	\$	741,636 2,511 61,071 805,218	\$	1,332,204 102,412 15,656 1,450,272
				2015		
	Administrative Expenses		P	Claims rocessing		torage Tank Inspection d Compliance
Salaries and benefits Professional services Other	\$	250,157 14,428 10,224	\$	429,926 16,294 37,031	\$	1,530,784 162,996 213,695
	<u> </u>	274,809	\$	483,251	\$	1,907,475

Note 5. Allocations to the Oklahoma Corporation Commission

The overhead allocation paid to the Commission is determined by the Comptroller of the Commission. For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, amounts paid included \$318,312 and \$217,032, respectively, for salaries of personnel in the Office of General Counsel and \$1,299,691 and \$1,192,437, respectively, for other general and administrative expenses of the Commission.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 6. Retirement Plan

Plan description: The Indemnity Fund indirectly contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Retirement Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the System). The Retirement Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the Oklahoma Legislature.

Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 901 through 932 and 935, as amended, assigns the authority for management and operation of the Retirement Plan to the Board of Trustees of the System. The System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Retirement Plan. That annual report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 5801 N. Broadway Extension, Suite 400, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

Funding policy: Retirement Plan members and the Indemnity Fund are required to contribute at a rate set by statute. The contribution requirements of Retirement Plan members and the Indemnity Fund are established and may be amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The contribution rates are as follows:

Fiscal Y	ear 2016	Fiscal Year 2015		
State Employees	Indemnity Fund	State Employees	Indemnity Fund	
All Salary	All Salary	All Salary	All Salary	
3.5%	16.5%	3.5%	16.5%	
	Fiscal Ye	ear 2014		
	State Employees	Indemnity Fund		
	All Salary	All Salary		
	3.5%	16.5%		

The Indemnity Fund's contributions to the Retirement Plan for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, were approximately \$361,000, \$355,000, and \$352,000, respectively, and were equal to its required contributions for each year.

Note 7. Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Deferred Savings Incentive Plan

Deferred compensation plan: The State of Oklahoma offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) as authorized by Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1986, and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 1701 through 1706 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

The supervisory authority for the management and operation of the Plan is the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (the Board).

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 7. Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Deferred Savings Incentive Plan (Continued)

The Plan is available to all State of Oklahoma employees, as well as any elected officials receiving a salary from the State of Oklahoma. Participants may direct the investment of their contributions in available investment options offered by the Plan. The minimum contribution amount is the equivalent of \$25 per month, and participants are immediately 100 percent vested in their respective accounts. All interest, dividends and investment fees are allocated to participants' accounts.

Participants may defer until future years up to the lesser of 100 percent of their compensation as defined by Plan documents or the maximum amount allowed each year as determined by the Internal Revenue Service. As of June 30, 2016, the maximum amount allowed is \$16,500.

The Plan offers a catch-up program to participants, which allows them to defer annually for the 3 years prior to their year of retirement up to twice that plan year's deferral limit. The amount of additional contributions in excess of the normal maximum contributions to the Plan is also limited to contributions for years in which the participant was eligible but did not participate in the Plan or the difference between contributions made and the maximum allowable level. To be eligible for the catch-up program, the participant must be within 3 years of retirement with no reduced benefits. Participants age 50 or older may make additional contributions of up to \$5,500 annually, subject to certain limits.

Deferred compensation benefits are paid to participants or beneficiaries upon termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Such benefits are based on a participant's account balance and are disbursed in a lump sum or periodic payments at the option of the participant or beneficiaries in accordance with the Plan's provisions.

Effective January 1, 1998, the Board established a trust and a trust fund covering the Plan's assets, pursuant to federal legislation enacted in 1996, requiring public employers to establish such trusts for plans meeting the requirements of Section 457 of the IRC no later than January 1, 1999. Under the terms of the trust, the corpus or income of the trust fund may be used only for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and their beneficiaries. Prior to the establishment of the trust, the Plan's assets were subject to the claims of general creditors of the State of Oklahoma. The Board acts as trustee of the trust. The participants' accounts are invested in accordance with the investment elections of the participants. The Board is accountable for all deferred compensation received, but has no duty to require any compensation to be deferred or to determine that the amounts received comply with the Plan or to determine that the trust fund is adequate to provide the benefits payable pursuant to the Plan.

Further information may be obtained from the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan's audited financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. The Indemnity Fund believes that it has no liabilities with respect to the Plan.

Deferred savings incentive plan: Effective January 1, 1998, the State of Oklahoma established the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Savings Incentive Plan (the Savings Incentive Plan) as a money purchase pension plan pursuant to IRC Section 401(a). The Savings Incentive Plan and its related trust are intended to meet the requirements of IRC Sections 401(a) and 501(a).

Any qualified participant who is a State of Oklahoma employee that is an active participant in the Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan is eligible for a contribution of the amount determined by the Oklahoma Legislature, currently the equivalent of \$25 per month. Participation in the Savings Incentive Plan is automatic in the month of participation in the Plan and is not voluntary.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 7. Oklahoma State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Deferred Savings Incentive Plan (Continued)

Upon cessation of contributions to the Plan, termination of employment with the State of Oklahoma, retirement, or death, a participant will no longer be eligible for contributions from the State of Oklahoma into the Savings Incentive Plan. Participants are at all times 100 percent vested in their Savings Incentive Plan account. Participant contributions are not required or permitted.

Qualified participants may make rollover contributions to the Savings Incentive Plan, provided such rollover contributions meet applicable requirements of the IRC. Plan participants may direct the investment of the contributions in available investment options offered by the Savings Incentive Plan. All interest, dividends and investment fees are allocated to the participants' accounts.

Savings Incentive Plan benefits are paid to participants or beneficiaries upon termination, retirement or death. Such benefits are based on a participant's account balance and are disbursed in a lump sum or periodic payments or may be rolled over to a qualified plan at the option of the participant or beneficiaries.

Note 8. Required Transfers Under Oklahoma Statutes Title 17

As required by Oklahoma Statutes Title 17, the Participating Native American Tribes received 4.5 percent of the total funds collected from the motor fuel assessment for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, which approximated \$1,452,000 and \$1,504,000, respectively.

As required by Oklahoma Statutes Title 17, the Department of Environmental Quality Revolving Fund received the first 8 percent of the gross motor fuel assessment collected after the annual payments to the Commission's Revolving Fund and the participating tribes for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, which approximated \$2,362,000 and \$2,451,000, respectively.

The first \$500,000 received each month from the motor fuel assessment after the \$1,000,000 annual payment to the Commission's Revolving Fund and 8 percent payment to the Department of Environmental Quality Revolving Fund must be paid to the Department of Transportation's Weigh Station Revolving Fund until the revolving fund receives \$81,000,000 in accordance with House Bill 2391. The amount paid to the Department of Transportation's Weigh Station Improvement Revolving Fund for the years ended June 30 was as follows:

	2016	2013
Cumulative amount to be paid, beginning of year	\$ 39,000,000	\$ 45,000,000
Payments during the year	(6,000,000)	(6,000,000)
Cumulative amount to be paid, end of year	\$ 33,000,000	\$ 39,000,000

2016

2015

The LUST Trust Fund Grant pays for the cost of remediating polluted sites when the tank owner cannot be located, is financially unable or is unwilling to remediate the site. After the site is remediated, application can be made to the Indemnity Fund on behalf of the LUST Trust Fund Grant to recover those funds spent. Recovered funds are spent by the LUST Trust Fund Grant on other remediation projects. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, there was approximately \$23,000 and \$-0-, respectively, paid from the Indemnity Fund to the LUST Trust Fund Grant for such sites.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 9. Related Party Transactions

Included in administrative expenses and claims processing are payments to other state agencies for various goods and services which approximated \$432,000 and \$562,000 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the Indemnity Fund is subject to claims and lawsuits which arise primarily in the ordinary course of business. Based on information presently available and advice received from legal counsel in connection with such claims and lawsuits, it is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate determination of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material effect on the cash basis financial position of the Indemnity Fund.

Note 11. New Accounting Pronouncements Issued Not Yet Adopted

New accounting pronouncement adopted in fiscal year 2016: The Indemnity Fund adopted the following new accounting pronouncement during the year ended June 30, 2016:

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, issued February 2015, defines fair value and describes how fair value should be measured, what assets and liabilities should be measured at fair value, and what information about fair value should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This Statement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments, which generally are measured at fair value, are defined as a security or other asset that governments hold primarily for the purpose of income or profit and the present service capacity of which are based solely on their ability to generate cash or to be sold to generate cash. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Indemnity Fund.

GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments (GASB No. 76) identifies—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. GASB No. 76 reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. This Statement supersedes GASB Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an effect on the Indemnity Fund's financial position or related disclosures.

Notes to Cash Basis Financial Statements

Note 11. New Accounting Pronouncements Issued Not Yet Adopted (Continued)

New accounting pronouncements issued not yet adopted: The GASB has issued a new accounting pronouncement which will be effective to the Indemnity Fund in fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Indemnity Fund is currently evaluating the impact that this new standard will have on its financial statements. A description of the new accounting pronouncement is described below:

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, issued April 2016, is designed to improve consistency in the application of the pension standards by clarifying or amending related areas of existing guidance with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.



RSM US LLP

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Oklahoma Corporation Commission Petroleum Storage Tank Release Indemnity Fund Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Petroleum Storage Tank Release Indemnity Fund (the Indemnity Fund), administered by the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the cash basis financial statements which collectively comprise the Indemnity Fund's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2016. Our report was modified to include explanatory paragraphs noting that the financial statements of the Indemnity Fund were prepared on the cash basis of accounting and are intended to present the financial position (cash basis) and changes in financial position (cash basis) of only that portion of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Petroleum Storage Tank Division of the Oklahoma Corporation Commission that is attributable to the transactions of the Indemnity Fund.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Indemnity Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Indemnity Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Indemnity Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Indemnity Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Indemnity Fund's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma November 22, 2016

