City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Annual Financial Report

Year-End June 30, 2017

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Table of Contents June 30, 2017

Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance	
 Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis 	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Fund – Modified Cash Basis	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
– Modified Cash Basis	14
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds – Modified Cash Basis	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds – Modified Cash Basis	17
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds – Modified Cash Basis	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19
Supplementary Information	
Unaudited Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund	
Summary Schedule of Funding Progress	46
Budgetary Information	47
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - General Fund (Unaudited)	
– Modified Cash Basis	48
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Grant Fund (Unaudited)	
– Modified Cash Basis	49

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Table of Contents June 30, 2017

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance	
General Fund – Modified Cash Basis	50
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – General Fund – Modified Cash Basis	51
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance	
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 	52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis	53
Internal Control and Compliance	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Governmental Auditing Standards	54



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Report on the Financials

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I.C.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note I.C.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note I.C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-9), the schedule of funding progress (page 46), and the budgetary comparison information (pages 47-49), which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis (pages 50-53) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

February 14, 2018

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

HBC CPA: + Advisor

Within the management's discussion and analysis of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's annual financial report, management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and note disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

With respect to the government-wide financial statements:

§ The assets of the City of Broken Bow exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,172,874 (net position). Of this amount, \$12,103,667 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the governments' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

With respect to the fund financial statements:

- § As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,584,166, a decrease of \$53,090 from the prior year.
- § At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$972,476, or 29 percent of the total general fund expenditures for the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* represents government-wide information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents government-wide information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on the modified cash basis when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, culture and recreation, cemetery and parks and health and welfare. Business-type activities include water, wastewater utilities, electricity and solid waste management.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 in this report.

Fund Financial Statements.

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spending resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City internally maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and grant fund, which are considered to be major funds.

The City of Broken Bow adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and all major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

Proprietary Funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. There are two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services provided to customers external to the City. The City of Broken Bow uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, electric and solid waste management. Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail. Internal service funds report services provided within the city organization. Currently the City of Broken Bow uses an internal service fund to allocate self insured health costs.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the date provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-48 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 52-53 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Broken Bow, assets exceeded liabilities by \$29,172,874 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Broken Bow's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Broken Bow uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Broken Bow's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Net Position at June 30, 2017

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 2,804,398	\$ 2,998,803	\$11,912,066	\$ 6,779,584	\$14,716,464	\$ 9,778,387	
Capital assets	9,112,826	8,914,975	24,955,237	25,433,987	34,068,063	34,348,962	
Total assets	11,917,224	11,913,778	36,867,303	32,213,571	48,784,527	44,127,349	
Long-term liabilities	257,518	330,728	17,848,389	14,570,687	18,105,907	14,901,415	
Other liabilities	67,177	63,592	1,438,569	1,059,604	1,505,746	1,123,196	
Total liabilities	324,695	394,320	19,286,958	15,630,291	19,611,653	16,024,611	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital							
Assets	8,803,711	8,541,486	6,818,244	10,939,535	15,621,955	19,481,021	
Restricted	1,447,252	1,344,831	-	-	1,447,252	1,344,831	
Unrestricted	1,341,566	1,633,141	10,762,101	5,643,745	12,103,667	7,276,886	
Total net position	\$11,592,529	\$11,519,458	\$17,580,345	\$16,583,280	\$29,172,874	\$28,102,738	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Change in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activity		To	al	
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 2,134,761	\$ 2,181,500	\$ 6,040,340	6,118,084	\$ 8,175,101	\$ 8,299,584	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	13,764	34,453	-	-	13,764	34,453	
Taxes	3,380,648	3,165,407	=	=	3,380,648	3,165,407	
Interest	17,300	11,153	40,924	27,377	58,224	38,530	
Total Revenues	5,546,473	5,392,513	6,081,264	6,145,461	11,627,737	11,537,974	
Expenses							
General Government	797,001	739,653	-	-	797,001	739,653	
Public Safety	1,945,972	1,764,086	-	-	1,945,972	1,764,086	
Streets	862,836	824,290	-	-	862,836	824,290	
Culture and Recreation	151,594	178,268	-	-	151,594	178,268	
Cemetery and Parks	316,060	256,918	-	-	316,060	256,918	
Health and Welfare	1,617,239	1,546,947	-	-	1,617,239	1,546,947	
Water	-	-	2,584,931	2,970,259	2,584,931	2,970,259	
Sewer	-	-	794,605	750,767	794,605	750,767	
Electric	-	-	502,800	241,610	502,800	241,610	
Landfill			952,513	890,727	952,513	890,727	
Total Expenses	5,690,702	5,310,162	4,834,849	4,853,363	10,525,551	10,163,525	
Change in net position before							
transfers	(144,229)	82,351	1,246,415	1,292,098	1,102,186	1,374,449	
Transfers	217,300	410,000	(217,300)	(410,000)			
Increase in Net Position	73,071	492,351	1,029,115	882,098	1,102,186	1,374,449	
Loss on Sale of Assets			(32,050)		(32,050)		
Net position, beginning	11,519,458	11,027,107	16,583,280	15,701,182	28,102,738	26,728,289	
Net position, ending	\$11,592,529	\$11,519,458	\$17,580,345	\$16,583,280	\$29,172,874	\$28,102,738	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Broken Bow's net position by \$73,071.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Broken Bow's net position by \$1,029,115.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Broken Bow uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Broken Bow's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,584,166, a decrease of \$53,090 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Broken Bow. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$972,475.

Proprietary funds. The City of Broken Bow's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$17,580,345, an increase of \$997,065 in comparison with the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Revenues exceeded budgeted amounts in the General Fund by \$746,307, and expenditures were \$418,737 less than budgeted amounts for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Broken Bow's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$34,068,063 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads highways, and bridges. The total change in the City of Broken Bow's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was a \$197,851 increase for governmental activities and a \$478,750 decrease for business-type activities.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2017	/30/2017 6/30/2016 6/30/2017		6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Land and Improvements Construction in Progress	\$ 1,955,639	\$ 1,932,949	\$ 1,373,944	\$ 1,258,121	\$ 3,329,583	\$ 3,191,070	
Buildings and Improvements	2,767,984	2,651,378	738,096	735,201	3,506,080	3,386,579	
Property and Equipment	4,086,093	3,604,867	4,115,995	3,819,065	8,202,088	7,423,932	
Infrastructure	5,582,744	5,558,449	-	-	5,582,744	5,558,449	
Electric System	-	-	1,329,466	1,329,466	1,329,466	1,329,466	
Gravity Flow Water System	-	-	24,220,092	24,070,710	24,220,092	24,070,710	
Sewer System	-	-	8,670,779	8,670,779	8,670,779	8,670,779	
	14,392,460	13,747,643	40,448,372	39,883,342	54,840,832	53,630,985	
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,279,634)	(4,832,668)	(15,493,135)	(14,449,355)	(20,772,769)	(19,282,023)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,112,826	\$ 8,914,975	\$24,955,237	\$25,433,987	\$34,068,063	\$ 34,348,962	

Additional information on the City of Broken Bow's capital assets can be found in note **IV.C** on page 32 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow has total bonded debt outstanding of \$13,246,610. The remainder of the City of Broken Bow's debt represents capital leases and notes payable.

Long-Term Debt

	Ge	Governmental Activities			Business-ty _l	pe Activities	Total		
	6	6/30/2017		/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Capital Leases	\$	309,115	\$	373,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 309,115	5 \$ 373,489	
Notes Payable		-		-	4,890,383	4,658,199	4,890,383	4,658,199	
Revenue Bonds Payable					13,246,610	9,836,253	13,246,610	9,836,253	
	\$	309,115	\$	373,489	\$18,136,993	\$14,494,452	\$18,446,108	\$ 14,867,941	

The City of Broken Bow's total debt for governmental activities decreased by \$64,374 during the current fiscal year and the debt for business-type activities increased by \$3,642,541.

Additional information on the City of Broken Bow's long-term debt can be found in note **IV.E** beginning on page 34 of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Broken Bow's finances for all those with an interest in the governments' finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2017

	overnmental Activities	В	asiness Type Activites	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 2,730,274	\$	3,476,442	\$ 6,206,716
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalent	33,029		3,500,107	3,533,136
Restricted Investments	-		4,731,162	4,731,162
Inventory	-		55,000	55,000
Interfund Balances	41,095		(41,095)	-
Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,184,594		412,192	1,596,786
Capital Assets, net of depreciaiton	7,928,232		24,543,045	32,471,277
Debt Issuance Costs	-		-	-
Water Storage Rights	-		170,189	170,189
Hydro-power Investment	 -		20,261	 20,261
Total Assets	\$ 11,917,224	\$	36,867,303	\$ 48,784,527
LIABILITIES				
Bonds Pending Court	\$ 12,577	\$	-	\$ 12,577
Customer Deposits, Due within a year	3,003		22,099	25,102
Long Term Liabilities, Due within a year	51,597		1,416,470	1,468,067
Customer Deposits	-		84,232	84,232
Long Term Liabilities	257,518		16,720,523	16,978,041
Accrued Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs	 -		1,043,634	 1,043,634
Total Liabilities	 324,695		19,286,958	19,611,653
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,803,711		6,818,244	15,621,955
Restricted	1,447,252		-	1,447,252
Unrestricted	 1,341,566		10,762,101	 12,103,667
Total Net Position	\$ 11,592,529	\$	17,580,345	\$ 29,172,874

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

						Net (Expense) Re	evenue and
			Program Revenues	S		Changes in Net	Assets
			Operating	Capital	P	rimary Governmen	t
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 797,001	343,534	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (453,467)	\$ -	\$ (453,467)
Public Safety	1,945,972	302,880	-	-	(1,643,092)	-	(1,643,092)
Streets	862,836	1,200	-	13,764	(847,872)	-	(847,872)
Culture and Recreation	151,594	9,031	-	-	(142,563)	-	(142,563)
Cemetery and Parks	316,060	281	-	-	(315,779)	-	(315,779)
Health and Welfare	1,617,239	1,477,835	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	(139,404)	<u> </u>	(139,404)
Total Governmental Activities	5,690,702	2,134,761		13,764	(3,542,177)		(3,542,177)
Business-Type Activities							
Water	2,584,931	3,311,998	-	-	-	727,067	727,067
Sewer	794,605	667,138	-	-	-	(127,467)	(127,467)
Electric	502,800	1,073,269	-	-	-	570,469	570,469
Landfill	952,513	987,935	_	-	-	35,422	35,422
Total Business Type Activities	4,834,849	6,040,340				1,205,491	1,205,491
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 10,525,551</u>	\$ 8,175,101	\$ -	\$ 13,764	(3,542,177)	1,205,491	(2,336,686)
General Revenues							
Taxes					3,380,648	-	3,380,648
Interest					17,300	40,924	58,224
Transfers					217,300	(217,300)	<u> </u>
Total General Revenues and Tra	ansfers				3,615,248	(176,376)	3,438,872
Change in Net Position					73,071	1,029,115	1,102,186
Loss on Sale of Assets					-	(32,050)	(32,050)
Net Position - Beginning					11,519,458	16,583,280	28,102,738
Net Position - Ending					\$ 11,592,529	\$ 17,580,345	\$ 29,172,874

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Community				G	6	Other		T . 1	
		General	lm	provement		Grant	Go	vernmental	_	Total
Assets	Ф	1.026.140	Ф	640.020	Ф	00.007	Ф	704.426	Ф	2.550.651
Cash	\$	1,026,148	\$	648,830	\$	99,237	\$	784,436	\$	2,558,651
Due From Other Funds	Φ.	54,279	_	-	_	53		36,318	_	90,650
Total Assets	\$	1,080,427	\$	648,830	\$	99,290	\$	820,754	\$	2,649,301
Liabilities										
Deposits	\$	3,003	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,960	\$	10,963
Bonds Pending Court		12,577		-		-		-		12,577
Due To Other Funds		41,595		-		-		-		41,595
Total Liabilities		57,175		_		_		7,960		65,135
Fund Balances										
Restricted		_		648,830		_		798,422		1,447,252
Committed		_		040,030		_		770,422		-
Assigned		50,776		_		_		_		50,776
Unassigned		972,476		_		99,290		14,372		1,086,138
Total Fund Balances		1,023,252		648,830		99,290		812,794		2,584,166
Total Liabilities										
and Fund Balances	\$	1,080,427	\$	648,830	\$	99,290	\$	920 754		
and rund balances	<u> </u>	1,080,427	<u>ə</u>	048,830	<u>ə</u>	99,290	3	820,754		
Amounts reported for governmental activiti	es in	the statement	ofne	t assets are d	iffere	nt because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activ	ities	are not financ	ial res	sources and,	there	fore, are not	repor	ted in the		
fund.										9,112,826
Internal service funds are used by manag		-								204 (52
The assets and liabilities of the internal se	ervice	nund are inci	uaea	in the govern	menta	ii statement o	i net a	assets.		204,652
Long-term liabilities, including bonds pay	nhle	and annlicab	le inte	rest are not	due a	nd navable ir	the c	urrent		
period and, therefore, are not reported i			ic inic	icsi, are noi	uuc a	ini payaon ii	i iiic c	urren		(309,115)
person and, alerenere, are not reported in										(307,113)
									\$	11,592,529

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds- Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Community Other					
	General	Improvement	Grant	Governmental	Total	
REVENUE						
Taxes	\$2,094,733	\$ 696,950	\$ -	\$ 285,578	\$ 3,077,261	
Intergovernmental	303,387	\$ 090,930	φ -	Φ 203,376	303,387	
Grants	303,307	_	13,764	52,747	66,511	
License and Permits	103,348	_	13,704	52,747	103,348	
Charges for Service	53,250	_	_	_	53,250	
Fines and Forfeitures	302,880	_	_	_	302,880	
Rent	18,500	_	_	_	18,500	
Miscellaneous	169,120	(1)	1,200	9,132	179,451	
Interest	13,055	(1)	1,200	4,245	17,300	
Total Revenue	3,058,273	696,949	14,964	351,702	4,121,888	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	392,877	66,481	1,575	166,097	627,030	
Public Safety	1,784,231	39,680	6,425	-	1,830,336	
Streets	658,696	95,535	-,	_	754,231	
Culture and Recreation	15,728	-	0	88,890	104,618	
Cemetery and Parks	254,505	_	-	-	254,505	
Health and Welfare	-	_	_	56,590	56,590	
Capital Outlay				20,230	20,250	
General Government	82,625	60,846	_	_	143,471	
Public Safety	55,702	267,528	_	_	323,230	
Streets	53,964	82,875	16,136	_	152,975	
Culture and Recreation		-	-,	-	-	
Cemetery and Parks	56,312	_	_	-	56,312	
Debt Service	31,131	40,549	_	_	71,680	
Total Expenditures	3,385,771	653,494	24,136	311,577	4,374,978	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(327,498)	43,455	(9,172)	40,125	(253,090)	
Other Financing Sources						
Capital Lease Financing	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers In	200,000	-	-	25,000	225,000	
Transfers Out	(25,000)				(25,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources	175,000	-	-	25,000	200,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(152,498)	43,455	(9,172)	65,125	(53,090)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,175,750	605,375	108,462	747,669	2,637,256	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$1,023,252	\$ 648,830	\$ 99,290	\$ 812,794	\$ 2,584,166	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ (53,090)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	197,851
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	64,374
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self insured health costs to individual funds. The net gain or loss of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (136,064)
Change in Net Position - total governmental funds	\$ 73,071

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Works	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Funds	Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 2,268,102	\$ 1,208,340	\$ 3,476,442	\$ 204,652
Restricted Cash	2,298,089	1,202,018	3,500,107	-
Restricted Investments	4,731,162	-	4,731,162	-
Inventory	55,000	-	55,000	-
Due from Other Funds	(19,350)	80,468	61,118	
Total Current Assets	9,333,003	2,490,826	11,823,829	204,652
Noncurrent Assets				
Land and Construction in Progess	330,544	81,648	412,192	-
Land Improvements	27,779	933,973	961,752	-
Buildings and Improvements	701,450	36,646	738,096	-
Property and Equipment	1,131,702	2,984,293	4,115,995	-
Electric System	1,329,466	-	1,329,466	-
Gravity Flow Water System	24,220,092	-	24,220,092	-
Sewer System	8,670,779	-	8,670,779	-
Accumulated Depreciation	(13,163,989)	(2,329,146)	(15,493,135)	<u>-</u> _
Total Noncurrent Assets	23,247,823	1,707,414	24,955,237	
Other Assets				
Water Storage Rights	170,189	-	170,189	-
Hydro-power Investment	20,261	<u> </u>	20,261	<u>-</u>
	190,450		190,450	
Total Assets	\$ 32,771,276	\$ 4,198,240	\$36,969,516	\$ 204,652

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Works	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Funds	Fund
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Customer Deposits, Current	\$ 22,099	\$ -	\$ 22,099	\$ -
Notes Payable, Current	543,636	-	543,636	-
Bonds Payable, Current	720,000	152,834	872,834	-
Due to Other Funds	91,542	10,671	102,213	-
Accrued Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs		1,043,634	1,043,634	
Total Current Liabilities	1,377,277	1,207,139	2,584,416	
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Notes Payable, non-current	3,948,328	398,419	4,346,747	-
Customer Deposits, Non-current	84,232	-	84,232	-
Bonds payable, non-current	12,373,776		12,373,776	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,406,336	398,419	16,804,755	
Total Liabilities	17,783,613	1,605,558	19,389,171	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,577,851	1,156,161	6,734,012	-
Restricted for Debt Service	3,231,789	-	-	-
Unrestricted	6,178,023	1,436,521	10,846,333	204,652
Total Net Position	\$ 14,987,663	\$ 2,592,682	\$17,580,345	\$ 204,652

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Wo	rks	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authorit	y	Authority	Funds	Fund
Operating Revenues:					
Water	\$ 3,061	,608	\$ -	\$ 3,061,608	\$ -
Sewer	667	,138	-	667,138	-
Electric	1,073	,269	-	1,073,269	-
Landfill		-	987,935	987,935	-
Penalties/Reconnect Fees	47	,695	-	47,695	-
Other Operating Revenue	202	,695	-	202,695	1,424,586
Total Operating Revenue	5,052	,405	987,935	6,040,340	1,424,586
Operating Expenses:					
Water	1,684	,635	-	1,684,635	-
Sewer	546	,829	-	546,829	-
Electric	229	,361	-	229,361	-
Landfill		-	741,207	741,207	-
Insurance Premiums and Claims		-	-	-	1,560,650
Depreciation	932	,606	193,983	1,126,589	-
Total Operating Expenses	3,393	,431	935,190	4,328,621	1,560,650
Operating Income (Loss)	1,658	,974	52,745	1,711,719	(136,064)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest Revenue	29	,966	10,958	40,924	-
Interest Expense	(488	,906)	(17,322)	(506,228)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(458	<u>,940</u>)	(6,364)	(465,304)	
Income (Loss) before Transfers	1,200	,034	46,381	1,246,415	(136,064)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Loss on Disposal of Assets		-	(32,050)	(32,050)	-
Transfers In		-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(212	,300)	(5,000)	(217,300)	
Total Other Financing Sources	(212	,300)	(37,050)	(249,350)	
Net Change in Net Position	987	,734	9,331	997,065	(136,064)
Total Net Position - Beginning	13,999	,929	2,583,351	16,583,280	340,716
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 14,987	,663	\$ 2,592,682	<u>\$ 17,580,345</u>	\$ 204,652

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

For the Year Ended June 30, 2	W1 /			
				Kulli Chito
	P	ublic Works	Er	vironmental
		Authority		Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	5,054,058	\$	987,935
Cash Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,460,825)		(652,447)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,593,233		335,488
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to Other Funds		(212,300)		(5,000)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(212,300)		(5,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment of Debt		(1,091,238)		(216,277)
Debt Issued		4,566,400		307,370
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(330,656)		(349,234)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities		3,144,506		(258,141)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Change in Investments		(4,471,047)		-
Interest Expense		(488,906)		(17,322)
Interest Income		29,966		10,958
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		(4,929,987)		(6,364)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		595,452		65,983
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2016		3,970,739		2,344,375
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2017	\$	4,566,191	\$	2,410,358
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income	\$	1,658,974	\$	52,745
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Depreciation and Amortization		932,606		193,983
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		•		
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-		76,286
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		1,653		-
Increase (Decrease) in Ladfill Closure and Post-closure costs				12,474
		934,259		282,743
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,593,233	\$	335,488
	_			

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Broken Bow is an incorporated city created under Title 11, Chapter 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes, operating under the Council-Manager form of government. The governing body of the City is the City Council. The appointed City Manager is the executive officer of the City.

For financial reporting purposes the financial statements included all funds and account groups over which the City Council exercises oversight responsibility. The criteria used to determine whether or not to include other entities in the financial statements were (1) the selection of governing authority, (2) designation of management, (3) ability to significantly influence operations, and (4) accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority and Kulli Chito Environmental Authority are included.

Broken Bow Public Works Authority

The Broken Bow Public Works Authority is a Title 60.O.S. public trust created April 21, 1959, for the use and benefit of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma. The current City Council serves as the governing body. The Broken Bow Public Work Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

Kulli Chito Environmental Authority

The Kulli Chito Environmental Authority is a Title 60.O.S. public trust created April 14, 1993, for the use and benefit of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma. The current City Council serves as the governing body. The Kulli Chito Environmental Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The governmental funds are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions are included on the fund balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These fund financial statements use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level. The proprietary fund also uses the economic resources measurement focus.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

The statement of net position and activities and the fund financial statements are reported on a modified basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles. These modifications include adjustments for the following balances arising from cash transactions:

- Capital assets and the depreciation of those assets, where applicable
- Debt issue cost and the amortization of those costs, where applicable
- Long-term debt
- Cash-based interfund receivables and payables
- Other cash-based receivable and payables

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major government funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources.

<u>Grant Fund</u> – is a special revenue fund used to account for grant revenues received, and the expenditure of those funds.

<u>Community Improvement Fund</u> – is a special revenue fund used to account for dedicated sales tax revenues to fund community improvement projects.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Broken Bow Public Works Authority*, which accounts for all the operating revenues and expenses related to providing water, sewer and electric services, and the K*ulli Chito Environmental Authority* which accounts for all the operating revenues and expenses related to sanitation services.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds: Senior Citizens, Airport, Cemetery Care, Library, Police Donation, Go Fund Me Donation Account and Nutrition.

Internal service funds account for self-insured health costs provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City does not have a written investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations stated in the *Oklahoma Statutes*. *Oklahoma Statutes* allow the City to invest in bonds of cities, school districts, or counties within the State of Oklahoma; public trust bonds whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district, except industrial development bonds; direct obligations of the United States; and certificates of deposit. Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or note indenture.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - continued

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements including interest are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10 - 50
Building Improvements	10 - 20
Public Domain Infrastructure	50
System Infrastructure	10 - 30
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – continued

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net Position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Fund equity

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. *Net Investment in capital assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints on the use either by: (1) external groups or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. *Unrestricted net position* All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – continued

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Council or through the Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned interest earnings to the funds where earned for the purposes defined by the fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the \$9,008,363 difference between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The first element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land and Improvements	\$ 1,955,639
Buildings and Improvements	2,767,984
Property and Equipment	4,086,093
Infrastructure	5,582,744
	14,392,460
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,279,634)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,112,826

Another element of that reconciliation is the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Following are the details of the net adjustment to increase *fund balance – total governmental funds* to arrive at *net position – governmental activities*:

Net Position	\$ 204,652
Total Assets	 204,652
Cash and equivalents	\$ 204,652
Assets	

The last element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds."

Capital Leases	\$ 309,115
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total	
governmental funds to arrive at net position -	
governmental activities	\$ (309,115)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation of the \$126,161 difference between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	\$ 693,288
Depreciation Expense	 (495,437)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 197,851

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Capital Lease Principal Payments	\$ 64,374
Capital Lease Proceeds	
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 64,374

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities - continued

The last element of the reconciliation states "the net gain of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Position - Internal Service Funds

Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund

balance - total governmental funds to arrive at

changes in net position - governmental

activities

\$ (136,064)

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Commission adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a written deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but *Oklahoma Statutes* required collateral for all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions. As of June 30, 2017, the City's bank balances of \$9,847,294 were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

A. Deposits and Investments – continued

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trust. The City's investments at June 30, 2017 consisted of \$239,151 in Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Obligation money market mutual funds with a Moody's credit rating of Aaa; and \$68,841 of funds held in escrow by the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments in the enterprise funds at June 30, 2017 consist of the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$4,718,775, refundable meter deposits of \$91,811, OMAG Reserve \$15,028; landfill post-closure \$1,199,377; and capital projects \$2,206,278.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			
	Balance	Additions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,184,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,184,594
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,184,594			1,184,594
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	748,355	22,690	_	771,045
Building and Improvements	2,651,378	116,606	-	2,767,984
Property and Equipment	3,604,867	529,697	48,471	4,086,093
Infrastructure	5,558,449	24,295	-	5,582,744
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	12,563,049	693,288	48,471	13,207,866
Less Accumulated Depreciation	4,832,668	495,437	48,471	5,279,634
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	7,730,381	197,851		7,928,232
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 8,914,975	\$ 197,851	\$ -	\$ 9,112,826
Business Type Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 312,500	\$ - 99,692	\$ - 	\$ 312,500 99,692
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	312,500	99,692		412,192
Capital Assets, being depreciated:	0.45 (21	16 121		0.61.752
Land Improvements	945,621	16,131	-	961,752
Building and Improvements	735,201	2,895	114.000	738,096
Property and Equipment	3,819,065	411,790	114,860	4,115,995
Electric System	1,329,466	140 202	-	1,329,466
Gravity Flow Water System	24,070,710	149,382	-	24,220,092
Sewer System	8,670,779			8,670,779
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	39,570,842	580,198	114,860	40,036,180
Less Accumulated Depreciation	14,449,355	1,126,589	82,809	15,493,135
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	25,121,487	(546,391)	32,051	24,543,045
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 25,433,987	\$ (446,699)	\$ 32,051	\$ 24,955,237

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

C. Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 171,546
Public Safety	122,061
Streets	101,299
Culture and Recreation	38,976
Cemetery and Parks	61,555
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 495,437
Business Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 634,677
Sewer	247,776
Electric	50,153
Landfill	193,983
Total Depreciation Expense - Business	
Type Activities	\$ 1,126,589

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amo	ount	Purpose
General Fund	Kulli Chito	\$	(69,797)	Operating Transfer
General Fund	Public Works Authority		110,892	Operating Transfer
		\$	41,095	

Interfund Transfers

	Transfers Out:								
			Other						
	General		Enterprise		Governmental		Total		
Transfers In:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	217,300	\$	-	\$	217,300	
Other Governmental		25,000		-		-		25,000	
Enterprise								-	
	\$	25,000	\$	217,300	\$		\$	242,300	

All transfers are operating transfers.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt

Capital Leases

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Interest rates range from 2.00 % to 4.00%.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Assets	
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 435,425
	435,425
Less Acc. Depreciation	 (100,019)
	\$ 335,406

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

G_{0}	Governmental Activities					
\$	40,549	\$	19,184			
	40,549		3,972			
	40,549		-			
	40,549		-			
	40,549		-			
	123,612					
	326,357		23,156			
	(39,977)		(421)			
\$	286,380	\$	22,735			
	_	\$ 40,549 40,549 40,549 40,549 40,549 123,612 326,357 (39,977)	\$ 40,549 \$ 40,549 40,549 40,549 123,612 326,357 (39,977)			

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt - continued

Broken Bow Public Works Authority – Long Term Debt

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006

In May 2006, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$7,890,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006. Proceeds of the note were used to defease \$7,950,000 of outstanding 2002 Refunding Bonds. The note bears interest of 4.52%. Proceeds of the 2006 note were placed in an escrow account for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments to pay off the 2002 Refunding Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the City's statement of net position. This advance refunding will reduce the debt service payments by \$1,591,118 over the term of the bonds and resulted in an economic gain of \$589,214.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 360,000	\$ 214,474
2019	380,000	198,202
2020	420,000	181,026
2021	420,000	162,042
2022	430,000	143,058
2023-2027	2,540,000	396,630
2028-2032	195,000	8,814
	\$ 4,745,000	\$1,304,246

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt - continued

Provisions of the Revenue Note which are pertinent to the financial statements are as follows:

Pledged Revenues - Net water and sewer revenues generated from the Authority will be used first to meet debt service; second to pay operation and maintenance expenses of the system; and third to replenish the minimum required balance of the reserve fund requirement.

The Broken Bow Public Works Authority at all times will maintain schedules of rates and charges for services sufficient to provide funds which together with other revenues pledged will provide Net Revenues Available for Debt Service equal to at least 125% of the annual principal and interest requirements on the bonds for that year.

Army Corp of Engineers – Water Rights

Water rights, for 4,241 acre feet in Broken Bow Lake, are financed at a rate of 2.742% by a note with the United States Army Corp of Engineers. The contract requires the purchase price of \$170,189 to be retired over a 27 year period with yearly payments of \$8,764. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2017, was \$830.

Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Prin	ıcipal	Interest			
2018	\$	830	\$	116		
	\$	830	\$	116		

The Authority is obligated for the future use of additional water rights amounting to 4,054 acre feet in Broken Bow Lake. These rights are to be financed at an interest rate of 2.742% through a note with the United States Corp of Engineers. The contract purchase price is \$154,165 and the amounts outstanding at June 30, 2017, is \$141,174. This amount is to be retired over a 27 year period with annual interest only payments of \$4,227 until the Authority's acre feet usage exceeds the first 4,241 acre feet, which has not yet been exceeded, therefore no amortization schedule is available at this time.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt - continued

Oklahoma Department of Commerce

The Authority has an obligation on an economic development loan from the Oklahoma Department of Commerce related to construction of a wood products manufacturing plant which requires monthly payments of \$1,439. The note has a 0% stated interest rate. The effective interest rates used to amortize the note is 6%. The balance of the note, which includes principal and imputed interest and the related unamortized discounts at June 30, 2017, are \$72,219 and \$10,643, respectively.

Principal payments and imputed interest due on the Oklahoma Department of Commerce note are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal	Interest		Total
2018	\$	13,255	\$	4,016	\$ 17,271
2019		14,072		3,199	17,271
2020		14,940		2,331	17,271
2021		16,174		1,097	17,271
2022		13,778			 13,778
	\$	72,219	\$	10,643	\$ 82,862

Oklahoma Water Resources Board Promissory Note

In May 2013, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority refinanced an existing USDA Rural Development Promissory Note with Oklahoma Water Resources Board Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note, Series 2013. At June 30, 2017, the note had a balance of \$3,920,566, at an interest rate of 2.25%, maturing September 2035. Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest		Admin
2018	\$	172,377		69,205	\$ 19,661
2019		176,350		66,112	18,782
2020		180,195		63,117	17,931
2021		184,566 59,713		16,964	
2022		188,820		56,400	16,023
2023-2027		1,907,392		211,726	65,263
2028-2032	1,110,865		55 115,884		 32,922
	\$.	3,920,565	\$	642,157	\$ 187,546

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt - continued

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014

In February 2014, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority refinanced existing Oklahoma Water Resource Board Promissory Notes, Series 2006A and 2006B with Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014 through Branch Banking and Trust Company. At June 30, 2017, the note had a balance of \$4,245,000, at an interest rate of 2.91%, maturing April 2027. Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	\boldsymbol{P}	rincipal	1	nterest
2018	\$	370,000	\$	120,838
2019		385,000		109,998
2020		395,000		98,722
2021		405,000		87,155
2022		415,000		75,296
2023-2027		2,275,000		186,096
	\$ 4	4,245,000	\$	678,105

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 and 2017

During 2016-2017, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$1,345,000 and \$3,355,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 and 2017. Proceeds of the note were used to for wastewater and water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.88% and 2.54%, respectively.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006, are as follows:

	2	016 Revenue N	ote	2017 Revenue Note							
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Discount	Principal	Interest	Discount					
2018	\$ 127,000	\$ 22,551	7,650	\$ 242,000	\$ 83,693	14,176					
2019	129,000	20,154	6,750	249,000	77,495	12,404					
2020	131,000	17,719	5,850	255,000	71,133	11,518					
2021	134,000	15,237	4,950	262,000	64,618	10,632					
2022	137,000	12,709	4,050	268,000	57,925	8,860					
2023-2027	573,000	24,506	7,200	1,447,000	183,223	28,352					
2028-2032		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	632,000	20,193	2,658					
	\$ 1,231,000	\$ 112,876	\$ 36,450	\$ 3,355,000	\$ 558,280	\$ 88,600					

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt – continued

*Kulli Chito Environmental Authority – Long Term Debt*Other long-term debt obligations of the Kulli Chito Environmental Authority are as follows:

McCurtain County National Bank - 1.90% interest, monthly payments of \$3,089 due December 2020. Proceeds used for the purchase of a compactor.	\$ 90,328
Bear State Bank - 2.50% interest, monthly payments of \$2,968 due January 2021. Proceeds used for the purchase of a trash truck.	\$ 121,797
McCurtain County National Bank - 1.89% interest, monthly payments of \$2,139 due September 2020. Proceeds used for the purchase of a loader.	\$ 80,626
First Bank and Trust - 2.09% interest, monthly payments of \$2,413 due August 2021. Proceeds used for the purchase of a Kenworth Truck.	\$ 115,459
Bear State Bank - 2.39% interest, monthly payments of \$3,011 due August 2021. Proceeds used for the purchase of a dozer.	\$ 143,043
	\$ 551,253

Principal maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal	In	terest	P	rincipal	In	ıterest	Principal	Int	terest	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	I	Principal	Int	terest
2018	\$	35,664	\$	1,409	\$	32,945	\$	2,669	\$ 24,345	\$	1,317	\$	26,802	\$	2,157	9	33,078	\$ 3	3,058
2019		36,348		725		33,778		1,836	24,809		853		27,367		1,592		33,878	2	2,259
2020		18,316		210		34,632		982	25,283		380		27,945		1,014		34,696		1,440
2021		-		-		20,442		170	6,189		20		28,534		425		35,535		602
2022		-		-		-		-	-		-		4,811		13		5,856		17
	\$	90,328	\$	2,344	\$	121,797	\$	5,657	\$ 80,626	\$	2,570	\$	115,459	\$	5,201		\$143,043	\$ 1	7,376

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt – continued

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning				Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Leases	\$ 373,489	\$ -	\$ 64,374	\$ 309,115	\$ 51,597
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 373,489	\$ -	\$ 64,374	\$ 309,115	\$ 51,597
Business Type Activities:					
Notes Payable	\$ 9,389,452	\$ 307,370	\$ 765,779	\$ 8,931,043	\$ 709,296
Revenue Bonds Payable	5,105,000	4,566,400	465,450	9,205,950	707,174
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 14,494,452	\$ 4,873,770	\$ 1,231,229	\$ 18,136,993	\$ 1,416,470

Debt Service Coverage Requirement

Interest expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

Streets	\$ 7,308
	\$ 7,308

Business Type Activities

Water	\$ 488,906
Landfill	 17,322
	\$ 506,228

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Long Term Debt – continued

Debt Service Coverage Requirement - continued

The Revenue Bonds and OWRB Promissory Notes require that Net Revenue Available for Debt Service must equal 125% of the maximum annual debt service. Actual coverage was as follows:

Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		
Operating Revenue	\$	5,052,405
Operating Expenses		3,393,431
Less: Depreciation Expense		(932,606)
Total Operating Expense		2,460,825
Interest Revenue	_	29,966
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	\$	2,621,546
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requiren	ients	x:
Utility System Sales Tax Revenue Note	\$	601,258
Total Debt Service Requirement	\$	601,258
Coverage		436%
Coverage Requirement		125%

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Fund Equity

Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$1,447,252 of restricted net position, of which \$760,710 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Enabling Legislation:

Cemetery Fund	\$ 3,942
Senior Citizens Fund	65,730
Library Fund	 691,038
	\$ 760,710

Governmental Fund Balance Classifications

As of June 30, 2017, fund balances of the Governmental Funds were classified as follows:

		C	Community				Other	
Restricted	General	Im	provement		Grant	G	overnmental	 Total
Grant Fund Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,730	\$ 65,730
Community Improvement	-		648,830		-		-	648,830
Cemetery Care Capital Expenditures	-		-		-		21,459	21,459
Debt Service	-		-		-		3,942	3,942
Police Expenditures	-		-		-		691,038	691,038
Assigned	-		-		-		16,253	16,253
Special Assessment	50,776		-		-		-	50,776
Unassigned	 972,476			_	99,290		14,372	 1,086,138
	\$ 1,023,252	\$	648,830	\$	99,290	\$	812,794	\$ 2,584,166

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

G. Pension Plans

Firefighters' Retirement Plan

The City contributes to pension plans on behalf of all full time employees including the police and fire departments. Following is a discussion of each plan, and the summary financial data:

Fire department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equal to 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years.

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 13% per the year June 30, 2017. Participating members are required to contribute 8%.

Three Year Trend Information:

	(Covered	To	tal Pension				On B	ehalf
Year Ending June 30,		Payroll		Cost	 City Share	Em	ployee Share	Paym	ents
2017	\$	268,210	\$	59,006	\$ 37,862	\$	21,144	\$	-
2016		266,628		61,325	37,328		23,997		-
2015		248,065		56,827	34,591		22,236		-

As of July 1, 2016, the latest available actuarial valuation, the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits was \$3,767,195,000, and net assets available for benefits were \$2,464,615,000. Unfunded liabilities, which are an obligation of the state of Oklahoma, totaled \$1,302,580,000.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

G. Pension Plans - continued

Firefighters' Retirement Plan – continued

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Board, 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 165, Oklahoma City, OK, 73105.

Municipal Retirement Plan

The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF) issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information that can be obtained by requesting a copy at City Hall.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements of City of Broken Bow and employees are established and may be amended by the OMRF board. Employees are required to contribute 5.25 percent of their annual covered salary. City of Broken Bow is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate at June 30, 2017 is 12.5% of covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost: For 2016-2017, City of Broken Bow's annual pension cost of \$263,550 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the March 10, 2017 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (I) 7.5 percent investment rate of return, (II) projected salary increases due to inflation of 3 percent, compounded annually, and (III) projected salary increases due to age/seniority, compounded annually.

Trend Information:

		Contribution	Total Cost		Net Pension	
_	Year Ending June 30,	Rate	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
	2017	12.50%	\$ 263,550	100%	\$ -	
	2016	12.10%	226,330	100%	-	
	2015	8.57%	211,628	100%	-	

<u>Funding Status and Funding Progress:</u> As of March 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 96.8 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,701,872, and the actuarial value of assets was \$4,575,777, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$126,095. The covered payroll (total annualized rate of pay as of the valuation date based on actual pay for the preceding year) was \$1,911,938, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 6.6 percent.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

G. Pension Plans - continued

Municipal Retirement Plan – continued

The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as OSI following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information about whether the actuarial vale of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

H. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State laws and regulations require the Kulli Chito Environmental Authority, a blended enterprise fund, to perform certain closure activities for its Broken Bow landfill and to provide certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after it cease operations. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the facility stops accepting waste, the Authority reports a portion of the closure and post-closure costs as operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The total closure and post-closure costs are \$1,370,892, as stated by the engineering firm and approved by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality. Of this amount, \$1,043,634 has been accrued through June 30, 2017. This amount represents the cumulative amount to date based on the use of 91% of the current estimated capacity of the landfill. There are approximately 2.55 landfill life years remaining. The Authority will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$327,258, as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at the site in 2016. However, the Authority expects to operate the landfill until at least year 2018. Therefore, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations. The Authority sets aside a portion of its net proceeds for financial assurance. As of June 30, 2017, \$1,202,018 has been restricted for payment of future closure and post closure care costs.

I. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss (torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, business interruptions, errors and omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and acts of God) and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

J. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal Programs

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The final acceptance of the audits of these programs including the year ended June 30, 2017, has not been given. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. However, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

K. Economic Dependence

The enterprise fund (Broken Bow Public Works Authority) is economically dependent upon major water and electric utility users to produce revenue sufficient to make its debt service payments and fund its operations.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited – Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

								UAAL as
		1	Actuarial					a
	Actuarial		Accrued					Percentage
	Value of	Liab	ility (AAL) -	1	Unfunded	Funded		of Covered
	Assets	Е	intry Age	AA	AL (UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Payroll
Actuarial Valuation Date	a		b		b-a	a/b	Payroll c	(b-a)/c
1/1/2005	\$ 1,164,886	\$	1,650,037	\$	485,151	70.6%	\$ 1,479,690	32.8%
1/1/2006	1,363,571		1,686,147		322,576	80.9%	1,263,699	25.5%
1/1/2007	1,579,674		1,812,069		232,395	87.2%	1,315,886	17.7%
1/1/2008	1,853,705		2,254,630		400,925	82.2%	1,252,939	32.0%
1/1/2009	1,918,393		2,643,857		725,464	72.6%	1,358,560	53.4%
1/1/2010	2,141,125		2,858,553		717,428	74.9%	1,458,669	49.2%
1/1/2011	2,443,255		3,251,926		808,671	75.1%	1,658,433	48.8%
1/1/2012	2,679,628		3,432,409		752,781	78.1%	1,626,437	46.3%
1/1/2013	3,033,497		3,687,246		653,749	82.3%	1,692,101	38.6%
1/1/2014	3,431,377		3,900,719		469,342	88.0%	1,733,797	27.1%
1/1/2015	3,689,142		4,025,711		336,569	91.6%	1,637,283	20.6%
1/1/2016	4,120,046		4,257,536		137,490	96.8%	1,745,502	7.9%
1/1/2017	4,575,777		4,701,872		126,095	97.3%	1,911,938	6.6%

The schedule of funding progress presented above presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Budgetary Information June 30, 2017

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Incorporation and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Council adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on the same modified cash basis as governmental funds within the basic financial statements. For budgetary comparison purposes, the City considers all encumbrances to lapse at year end; therefore, encumbrances are not considered expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. However, the City will re-appropriate these lapsed encumbrances in the subsequent year budget.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – General Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUE		_		
Taxes	\$ 1,727,796	\$ 1,727,796	\$ 2,094,733	\$ 366,937
Intergovernemntal	143,497	143,497	303,387	159,890
License	103,463	103,463	103,348	(115)
Charges for Service	49,867	49,867	53,250	3,383
Fines	195,729	195,729	302,880	107,151
Rent	473	473	500	27
Miscellaneous	67,934	67,934	169,119	101,185
Interest	5,206	5,206	13,055	7,849
Total Revenue	2,293,965	2,293,965	3,040,272	746,307
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	499,975	499,975	474,499	25,476
Public Safety	2,032,425	2,032,425	1,839,933	192,492
Streets	822,000	822,000	712,660	109,340
Culture and Recreation	59,550	59,550	15,728	43,822
Cemetery and Parks	347,075	347,075	310,817	36,258
Debt Service	42,480	42,480	31,131	11,349
Total Expenditures	3,803,505	3,803,505	3,384,768	418,737
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,509,540)	(1,509,540)	(344,496)	1,165,044
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	700,000	700,000	200,000	(500,000)
Transfers Out	(27,500)	(27,500)	(25,000)	2,500
Total Other Financing Sources	672,500	672,500	175,000	(497,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(837,040)	(837,040)	(169,496)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	850,000	850,000	1,141,972	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 12,960	\$ 12,960	\$ 972,476	

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Grant Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budget	: Amo	unts	A	Actual	V	ariance With
	C	Original		Final	Aı	nounts	Fina	al Budget
REVENUE								
Grants	\$	49,355	\$	49,355	\$	13,764	\$	(35,591)
Miscellaneous		11,000		11,000		1,200		(9,800)
Total Revenue		60,355		60,355		14,964		(45,391)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public Safety		34,355		34,355		6,425		27,930
Streets		20,000		20,000		16,136		3,864
Cemetery and Parks		3,500		3,500		-		3,500
General Government		5,000		5,000		1,575		3,425
Total Expenditures		62,855		62,855		24,136		38,719
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,500)		(2,500)		(9,172)		(6,672)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers In		2,500		2,500		-		(2,500)
Transfers Out						_		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources		2,500		2,500				(2,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(9,172)		(9,172)
Fund Balances - Beginning						108,462		108,462
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	99,290	\$	99,290

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance General Fund – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2017

			Craig	
	General	Travel	Industrial	Total
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 973,026	\$ 2,346	\$ 50,776	\$1,026,148
Due From Other Funds	54,279			54,279
Total Assets	\$1,027,305	\$ 2,346	\$ 50,776	\$1,080,427
Liabilities				
Deposits	\$ 657	\$ 2,346	\$ -	\$ 3,003
Bonds Pending Court	12,577		-	12,577
Due To Other Funds	41,595	<u> </u>		41,595
Total Liabilities	54,829	2,346		57,175
Fund Balances				
Restricted	_	_	_	_
Assigned	-	-	50,776	50,776
Unassigned	972,476	<u> </u>		972,476
Total Fund Balances	972,476		50,776	1,023,252
Total Liabilities				
and Fund Balances	\$1,027,305	\$ 2,346	\$ 50,776	\$1,080,427

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year End June 30, 2017

Cra	19

			Cluig	
	General	Travel	Industrial	Total
REVENUE				
Taxes	\$ 2,094,733	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,094,733
Intergovernmental	303,387	-	-	303,387
License and Permits	103,348	-	-	103,348
Charges for Service	53,250	-	-	53,250
Fines and Forfeitures	302,880	-	-	302,880
Rent	500	-	18,000	18,500
Miscellaneous	169,119	-	1	169,120
Interest	13,055			13,055
Total Revenue	3,040,272	-	18,001	3,058,273
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	391,874	-	1,003	392,877
Public Safety	1,784,231	-	-	1,784,231
Streets	658,696	-	-	658,696
Culture and Recreation	15,728	-	-	15,728
Cemetery and Parks	254,505	-	-	254,505
Capital Outlay				
General Government	82,625	-	-	82,625
Public Safety	55,702	-	-	55,702
Streets	53,964	-	-	53,964
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Cemetery and Parks	56,312	-	-	56,312
Debt Service	31,131	-	-	31,131
Total Expenditures	3,384,768	-	1,003	3,385,771
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(344,496)	-	16,998	(327,498)
Other Financing Sources				
Capital Lease Financing	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	200,000	-	-	200,000
Transfers Out	(25,000)	-	-	(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	175,000	-	-	175,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(169,496)	-	16,998	(152,498)
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,141,972		33,778	1,175,750
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 972,476	\$ -	\$ 50,776	\$ 1,023,252
S				

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Senior Citizens	 Airport	C	emetery Care		Library	Police Oonation	F	Go Sund Me	_1	Nutrition	 Total
Assets												
Cash Due From Other Funds	\$ 57,522	\$ -	\$	3,942	\$	691,038	\$ 9,602	\$	-	\$	22,332	\$ 784,436
Due From Other Funds	 8,208	 21,459		<u> </u>	_		 6,651			_		 36,318
Total Assets	\$ 65,730	\$ 21,459	\$	3,942	\$	691,038	\$ 16,253	\$		\$	22,332	\$ 820,754
Liabilities												
Due to Other Funds	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	7,960	\$ 7,960
Total Liabilities	 	 					 			_	7,960	 7,960
Fund Balances												
Restricted Committed	65,730	21,459		3,942		691,038	16,253		-		-	798,422
Unassigned	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	14,372	 14,372
Total Fund Balances	 65,730	 21,459		3,942		691,038	 16,253			_	14,372	 812,794
Total Liabilities												
and Fund Balances	\$ 65,730	\$ 21,459	\$	3,942	\$	691,038	\$ 16,253	\$		\$	22,332	\$ 820,754

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis

For the Year Ended June 30, 201	For th	e Year	Ended	June 3	30, 201
---------------------------------	--------	--------	-------	--------	---------

	Senior Citizens	Airport	Cemetery Care	Library	Police Donation	Go Fund Me	Nutrition	Total
REVENUE	Chizens	Апроп	Carc	Liorary	Donation	T und MC	Numinon	Total
Taxes	\$ 119,094	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 166,484	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285,578
Rent	ψ 11 <i>5</i> ,0 <i>5</i> 1	Ψ -	Ψ -	ψ 100,101 -	Ψ -	Ψ -	ψ -	Ψ 203,370
Grant	_	_	_	_	_	_	52,747	52,747
Miscellaneous	8,928	_	282	103	_	(181)	-	9,132
Interest	· -	-	-	4,245	-	-	_	4,245
Total Revenue	128,022		282	170,832	-	(181)	52,747	351,702
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	88,890	-	-	-	88,890
General Government	166,097	-	-	-	-	-	-	166,097
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,590	56,590
Capital Outlay								
Culture and Recreation				<u>0</u>				
Total Expenditures	166,097	-	-	88,890	-	-	56,590	311,577
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(38,075)	-	282	81,942	-	(181)	(3,843)	40,125
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers In	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	25,000
Transfers Out								
Total Other Financing Sources	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,075)	-	282	81,942	-	(181)	6,157	65,125
Fund Balances - Beginning	88,805	21,459	3,660	609,096	16,253	181	8,215	747,669
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 65,730	\$ 21,459	\$ 3,942	\$ 691,038	\$ 16,253	\$ -	\$ 14,372	\$ 812,794



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic modified cash basis financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 14, 2018

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

HBC CPA: + Advison