City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Annual Financial Report

Year-End June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Report on the Financials

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I.C.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note I.C.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note I.C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress, and the budgetary comparison information, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2022 on our consideration of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

February 8, 2022

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

HBC CPA: + Advisor

Within the management's discussion and analysis of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's annual financial report, management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and note disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

With respect to the government-wide financial statements:

§ The assets of the City of Broken Bow exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$37,125,653 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,211,244 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the governments' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

With respect to the fund financial statements:

- § As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,067,412, an increase of \$1,386,359 from the prior year.
- § At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,057,690, or 52 percent of the total general fund expenditures for the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* represents government-wide information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents government-wide information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on the modified cash basis when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, culture and recreation, cemetery and parks and health and welfare. Business-type activities include water, wastewater utilities, electricity and solid waste management.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 in this report.

Fund Financial Statements.

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spending resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City internally maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and grant fund, which are considered to be major funds.

The City of Broken Bow adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and all major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

Proprietary Funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. There are two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services provided to customers external to the City. The City of Broken Bow uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, electric and solid waste management. Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail. Internal service funds report services provided within the city organization. Currently the City of Broken Bow uses an internal service fund to allocate self insured health costs.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the date provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-45 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 50-53 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Broken Bow, assets exceeded liabilities by \$37,125,653 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Broken Bow's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Broken Bow uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Broken Bow's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Net Position at June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	
Current and other assets	\$ 5,245,124	\$ 3,839,863	\$ 8,886,812	\$ 9,833,012	\$14,131,936	\$13,672,875	
Capital assets	12,131,665	11,798,574	28,087,456	27,423,360	40,219,121	39,221,934	
Total assets	17,376,789	15,638,437	36,974,268	37,256,372	54,351,057	52,894,809	
Long-term liabilities	369,687	663,619	14,991,029	16,124,704	15,360,716	16,788,323	
Other liabilities	193,285	258,102	1,671,403	1,601,674	1,864,688	1,859,776	
Total liabilities	562,972	921,721	16,662,432	17,726,378	17,225,404	18,648,099	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital							
Assets	11,581,206	10,888,698	12,762,069	10,975,725	24,343,275	21,864,423	
Restricted	2,571,134	2,080,744	-	-	2,571,134	2,080,744	
Unrestricted	2,661,477	1,747,274	7,549,767	8,554,269	10,211,244	10,301,543	
Total net position	\$16,813,817	\$14,716,716	\$20,311,836	\$19,529,994	\$37,125,653	\$34,246,710	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Change in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	oe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 3,307,789	\$ 2,845,055	\$ 6,490,956	6,358,480	\$ 9,798,745	\$ 9,203,535	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	34,674	86,202	-	-	34,674	86,202	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	_	_	-	-	_	-	
Taxes	5,510,042	4,115,727	-	-	5,510,042	4,115,727	
Interest	10,989	33,786	54,795	125,752	65,784	159,538	
Total Revenues	8,863,494	7,080,770	6,545,751	6,484,232	15,409,245	13,565,002	
Expenses							
General Government	996,938	933,560	-	-	996,938	933,560	
Public Safety	2,243,673	2,126,204	-	-	2,243,673	2,126,204	
Streets	1,068,174	939,087	-	-	1,068,174	939,087	
Culture and Recreation	229,648	224,310	-	-	229,648	224,310	
Cemetery and Parks	440,317	351,086	-	-	440,317	351,086	
Health and Welfare	1,973,037	2,173,248	-	-	1,973,037	2,173,248	
Water	_	-	2,979,774	3,320,749	2,979,774	3,320,749	
Sewer	_	-	923,627	883,820	923,627	883,820	
Electric	_	-	429,886	505,947	429,886	505,947	
Landfill			1,247,366	1,251,204	1,247,366	1,251,204	
Total Expenses	6,951,787	6,747,495	5,580,653	5,961,720	12,532,440	12,709,215	
Change in net position before							
transfers	1,911,707	333,275	965,098	522,512	2,876,805	855,787	
Transfers	183,957	615,000	(183,957)	(615,000)			
Increase in Net Position	2,095,664	948,275	781,141	(92,488)	2,876,805	855,787	
Gain on Sale of Assets	1,437		701		2,138		
Net position, beginning	14,716,716	13,768,441	19,529,994	19,622,482	34,246,710	33,390,923	
Net position, ending	\$16,813,817	\$14,716,716	\$20,311,836	\$19,529,994	\$37,125,653	\$34,246,710	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Broken Bow's net position by \$2,095,664.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Broken Bow's net position by \$781,842.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Broken Bow uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Broken Bow's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,067,412, an increase of \$1,386,359 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Broken Bow. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$2,057,690.

Proprietary funds. The City of Broken Bow's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$20,311,836, an increase of \$781,842 in comparison with the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Revenues exceeded budgeted amounts in the General Fund by \$2,104,490, and expenditures were \$384,609 less than budgeted amounts for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Broken Bow's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$40,219,121 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads highways, and bridges. The total change in the City of Broken Bow's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was a \$333,091 increase for governmental activities and a \$664,096 increase for business-type activities.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	
Land and Improvements	\$ 3,404,630	\$ 3,052,629	\$ 4,088,235	\$ 2,308,977	\$ 7,492,865	\$ 5,361,606	
Buildings and Improvements	3,432,899	3,402,228	922,192	874,866	4,355,091	4,277,094	
Property and Equipment	5,889,209	5,424,676	6,755,737	6,667,847	12,644,946	12,092,523	
Infrastructure	7,478,679	7,199,312	-	-	7,478,679	7,199,312	
Electric System	-	=	1,329,466	1,329,466	1,329,466	1,329,466	
Gravity Flow Water System	-	=	25,606,795	25,494,693	25,606,795	25,494,693	
Sewer System			9,979,893	9,979,893	9,979,893	9,979,893	
	20,205,417	19,078,845	48,682,318	46,655,742	68,887,735	65,734,587	
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,073,752)	(7,280,271)	(20,594,862)	(19,232,382)	(28,668,614)	(26,512,653)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$12,131,665	\$11,798,574	\$28,087,456	\$27,423,360	\$40,219,121	\$ 39,221,934	

Additional information on the City of Broken Bow's capital assets can be found in note **IV.B** on page 31 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow has total bonded debt outstanding of \$9,039,785. The remainder of the City of Broken Bow's debt represents capital leases and notes payable.

Long-Term Debt

	Ge	Governmental Activities			В	Business-type Activities			Total		
	6	30/2021 6/30/2020		6/30/2020		30/2021	6/30/2020	6	/30/2021	6	5/30/2020
Capital Leases	\$	550,459	\$	909,876	\$	_	\$ -	\$	550,459	\$	909,876
Notes Payable		-		-		6,285,602	6,733,665		6,285,602		6,733,665
Revenue Bonds Payable						9,039,785	9,713,970		9,039,785	_	9,713,970
	\$	550,459	\$	909,876	\$1	15,325,387	\$16,447,635	\$ 1	15,875,846	\$	17,357,511

The City of Broken Bow's total debt for governmental activities decreased by \$359,417 during the current fiscal year and the debt for business-type activities decreased by \$1,122,248.

Additional information on the City of Broken Bow's long-term debt can be found in note **IV.D** beginning on page 33 of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Broken Bow's finances for all those with an interest in the governments' finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2021

	overnmental Activities	Business Type Activites		Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$ 5,166,606	\$	2,034,449	\$ 7,201,055
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalent	37,424		4,021,748	4,059,172
Restricted Investments	-		2,626,259	2,626,259
Inventory	-		55,000	55,000
Interfund Balances	41,094		(41,094)	-
Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,758,894		2,348,824	4,107,718
Capital Assets, net of depreciaiton	10,372,771		25,738,632	36,111,403
Water Storage Rights	-		170,189	170,189
Hydro-power Investment	 		20,261	 20,261
Total Assets	\$ 17,376,789	\$	36,974,268	\$ 54,351,057
LIABILITIES				
Bonds Pending Court	\$ 9,844	\$	-	\$ 9,844
Customer Deposits, Due within a year	2,669		20,498	23,167
Long Term Liabilities, Due within a year	180,772		1,650,905	1,831,677
Customer Deposits	-		99,443	99,443
Long Term Liabilities	369,687		13,674,482	14,044,169
Accrued Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs	 		1,217,104	 1,217,104
Total Liabilities	 562,972		16,662,432	 17,225,404
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,581,206		12,762,069	24,343,275
Restricted	2,571,134		-	2,571,134
Unrestricted	 2,661,477		7,549,767	10,211,244
Total Net Position	\$ 16,813,817	\$	20,311,836	\$ 37,125,653

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Net (Expense) Re	evenue and
			Program Revenues			Changes in Net	Assets
			Operating	Capital	F	rimary Governmen	t
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 996,938	1,222,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225,298	\$ -	\$ 225,298
Public Safety	2,243,673	157,552	34,674	-	(2,051,447)	-	(2,051,447)
Streets	1,068,174	-	-	-	(1,068,174)	-	(1,068,174)
Culture and Recreation	229,648	42,312	-	-	(187,336)	-	(187,336)
Cemetery and Parks	440,317	636	-	-	(439,681)	-	(439,681)
Health and Welfare	1,973,037	1,885,053	_	<u> </u>	(87,984)		(87,984)
Total Governmental Activities	6,951,787	3,307,789	34,674	=	(3,609,324)		(3,609,324)
Business-Type Activities							
Water	2,979,774	3,445,616	-	-	-	465,842	465,842
Sewer	923,627	771,069	-	-	-	(152,558)	(152,558)
Electric	429,886	1,002,389	-	-	-	572,503	572,503
Landfill	1,247,366	1,271,882	-	-	-	24,516	24,516
Total Business Type Activities	5,580,653	6,490,956		<u> </u>		910,303	910,303
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,532,440	\$ 9,798,745	\$ 34,674	\$ -	(3,609,324)	910,303	(2,699,021)
General Revenues							
Taxes					5,510,042	-	5,510,042
Interest					10,989	54,795	65,784
Transfers					183,957	(183,957)	
Total General Revenues and Tra	insfers				5,704,988	(129,162)	5,575,826
Change in Net Position					2,095,664	781,141	2,876,805
Gain on Sale of Assets					1,437	701	2,138
Net Position - Beginning					14,716,716	19,529,994	34,246,710
Net Position - Ending					\$ 16,813,817	\$ 20,311,836	\$ 37,125,653

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General		Community nprovement				Other overnmental	ental Total	
Assets		_		<u> </u>						
Cash	\$	2,179,648	\$	1,201,250	\$	277,375	\$	1,380,558	\$	5,038,831
Due From Other Funds		52,971		=		53		40,028		93,052
Total Assets	\$	2,232,619	\$	1,201,250	\$	277,428	\$	1,420,586	\$	5,131,883
Liabilities										
Deposits	\$	2,669	\$	=	\$	=	\$	11,669	\$	14,338
Bonds Pending Court		9,844		=		=		-		9,844
Due To Other Funds		40,289		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		40,289
Total Liabilities		52,802		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		11,669		64,471
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		1,201,250		_		1,369,884		2,571,134
Committed		_		-		_		, , , -		-
Assigned		122,127		-		-		-		122,127
Unassigned		2,057,690		-		277,428		39,033		2,374,151
Total Fund Balances		2,179,817		1,201,250		277,428		1,408,917		5,067,412
Total Liabilities										
and Fund Balances	\$	2,232,619	\$	1,201,250	\$	277,428	\$	1,420,586		
Amounts reported for governmental activitients Capital assets used in governmental activitients.							repo	rted in the		
fund.				,		,	1			12,131,665
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self insured health costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental statement of net assets. 165,199									165,199	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds pay period and, therefore, are not reported in			le into	erest, are not	due a	nd payable in	the	current	_	(550,459)
									\$	16,813,817

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds- Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Community			Other	
	General	Improvement	Grant	Governmental	Total
REVENUE					
Taxes	\$3,253,075	\$ 1,182,271	\$ -	\$ 378,326	\$ 4,813,672
Intergovernmental	696,370	_	-	-	696,370
Grants	-	-	441,058	71,072	512,130
License and Permits	206,032	-	-	-	206,032
Charges for Service	100,296	-	-	-	100,296
Fines and Forfeitures	157,552	-	-	-	157,552
Rent	18,300	-	-	-	18,300
Miscellaneous	399,714	22,361	34,674	162,833	619,582
Interest	7,180	-	-	3,809	10,989
Total Revenue	4,838,519	1,204,632	475,732	616,040	7,134,923
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	513,596	33,787	-	285,530	832,913
Public Safety	1,962,279	35,427	4,826	-	2,002,532
Streets	686,684	145,082	-	-	831,766
Culture and Recreation	16,567	-	-	91,591	108,158
Cemetery and Parks	354,178	-	978	-	355,156
Health and Welfare	-	-	=	71,483	71,483
Capital Outlay					
General Government	-	5,600	-	-	5,600
Public Safety	5,700	212,477	-	-	218,177
Streets	10,740	337,174	234,753	-	582,667
Culture and Recreation	7,860	-	-	-	7,860
Cemetery and Parks	384,517	-	15,730	-	400,247
Debt Service	43,388	155,950		181,593	380,931
Total Expenditures	3,985,509	925,497	256,287	630,197	5,797,490
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	853,010	279,135	219,445	(14,157)	1,337,433
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	-	-	-	235,000	235,000
Transfers Out	(186,074)				(186,074)
Total Other Financing Sources	(186,074)	-	-	235,000	48,926
Net Change in Fund Balances	666,936	279,135	219,445	220,843	1,386,359
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,512,881	922,115	57,983	1,188,074	3,681,053
Fund Balances - Ending	\$2,179,817	\$ 1,201,250	\$ 277,428	\$ 1,408,917	\$ 5,067,412

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

if the statement of activities are different occause.	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$1,386,359
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	387,840
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	359,417
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, disposals) is to decrease net assets.	(56,186)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self insured health costs to individual funds. The net gain or loss of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	18,234
Change in Net Position - total governmental funds	\$2,095,664

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Works	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Funds	Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,424,923	\$ 609,526	\$ 2,034,449	\$ 165,199
Restricted Cash	2,704,962	1,316,786	4,021,748	-
Restricted Investments	2,626,259	-	2,626,259	-
Inventory	55,000	-	55,000	-
Due from Other Funds	650	79,325	79,975	
Total Current Assets	6,811,794	2,005,637	8,817,431	165,199
Noncurrent Assets				
Land and Construction in Progess	2,270,824	78,000	2,348,824	-
Land Improvements	138,038	1,601,373	1,739,411	-
Buildings and Improvements	885,546	36,646	922,192	-
Property and Equipment	1,693,830	5,061,907	6,755,737	-
Electric System	1,329,466	-	1,329,466	-
Gravity Flow Water System	25,606,795	-	25,606,795	-
Sewer System	9,979,893	-	9,979,893	-
Accumulated Depreciation	(17,197,896)	(3,396,966)	(20,594,862)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,706,496	3,380,960	28,087,456	
Other Assets				
Water Storage Rights	170,189	-	170,189	-
Hydro-power Investment	20,261		20,261	
	190,450		190,450	
Total Assets	\$ 31,708,740	\$ 5,386,597	\$37,095,337	\$ 165,199

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Works	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Funds	Fund
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Customer Deposits, Current	\$ 20,498	\$ -	\$ 20,498	\$ -
Notes Payable, Current	818,910	-	818,910	-
Bonds Payable, Current	720,000	111,995	831,995	-
Due to Other Funds	111,542	9,527	121,069	-
Accrued Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs		1,217,104	1,217,104	
Total Current Liabilities	1,670,950	1,338,626	3,009,576	
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Notes Payable, non-current	5,238,258	228,434	5,466,692	-
Customer Deposits, Non-current	99,443	-	99,443	-
Bonds payable, non-current	8,207,790		8,207,790	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,545,491	228,434	13,773,925	
Total Liabilities	15,216,441	1,567,060	16,783,501	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,622,095	3,040,531	12,662,626	-
Restricted for Debt Service	1,479,123	-	1,479,123	-
Unrestricted	5,391,081	779,006	6,170,087	165,199
Total Net Position	\$ 16,492,299	\$ 3,819,537	\$20,311,836	\$ 165,199

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Yea	ır El	naea June	ου,	2021				
]	Kulli Chito		Total		
	Public Works		Vorks Environmental		Proprietary		Internal Service	
	A	Authority		Authority		Funds		Fund
Operating Revenues:								
Water	\$	3,398,661	\$	_	\$	3,398,661	\$	_
Sewer		771,069		-		771,069		-
Electric		1,002,389		-		1,002,389		-
Landfill		-		1,271,885		1,271,885		-
Penalties/Reconnect Fees		46,036		-		46,036		-
Other Operating Revenue		916				916		1,784,757
Total Operating Revenue		5,219,071		1,271,885		6,490,956		1,784,757
Operating Expenses:								
Water		2,037,418		-		2,037,418		-
Sewer		633,626		-		633,626		-
Electric		183,052		-		183,052		-
Landfill		-		911,836		911,836		-
Insurance Premiums and Claims		-		-		-		1,901,554
Depreciation		1,058,997		325,846		1,384,843		
Total Operating Expenses		3,913,093		1,237,682		5,150,775		1,901,554
Operating Income (Loss)		1,305,978		34,203		1,340,181		(116,797)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest Revenue		34,147		20,648		54,795		-
Interest Expense		(420,194)		(9,684)		(429,878)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(386,047)		10,964	_	(375,083)		
Income (Loss) before Transfers		919,931		45,167		965,098		(116,797)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Loss on Disposal of Assets		701		-		701		-
Transfers In		205,009		701		205,710		135,031
Transfers Out		(215,701)		(173,966)		(389,667)		_
Total Other Financing Sources		(9,991)		(173,265)		(183,256)		135,031
Net Change in Net Position		909,940		(128,098)		781,842		18,234
Total Net Position - Beginning		15,582,359		3,947,635		19,529,994		146,965
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	16,492,299	\$	3,819,537	\$	20,311,836	\$	165,199

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			ŀ	Kulli Chito
	P	ublic Works	En	vironmental
		Authority		Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	5,219,587	\$	1,271,885
Cash Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,854,096)		(854,050)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,365,491		417,835
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from Other Funds		205,009		701
Transfers to Other Funds		(215,701)		(173,966)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(10,692)		(173,265)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment of Debt		(3,364,158)		(133,090)
Debt Issued		2,375,000		-
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		701		-
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(1,810,895)		(238,044)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities		(2,799,352)		(371,134)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Change in Investments		25,482		-
Interest Expense		(420,194)		(9,684)
Interest Income		34,147		20,648
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		(360,565)		10,964
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(805,118)		(115,600)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2020		4,935,003		2,041,912
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2021	\$	4,129,885	\$	1,926,312
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income	\$	1,305,978	\$	34,203
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided				
by Operating Activities Depreciation and Amortization		1.059.007		225 946
•		1,058,997		325,846
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		516		_
Increase (Decrease) in Ladfill Closure and Post-closure costs		J10 -		57,786
moreuse (Decreuse) in Lucini Crosure and i ost-crosure costs		1,059,513		383,632
Not Cook Provided by Operating Astriction	•	•	•	417,835
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,365,491	\$	417,033

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Broken Bow is an incorporated city created under Title 11, Chapter 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes, operating under the Council-Manager form of government. The governing body of the City is the City Council. The appointed City Manager is the executive officer of the City.

For financial reporting purposes the financial statements included all funds and account groups over which the City Council exercises oversight responsibility. The criteria used to determine whether or not to include other entities in the financial statements were (1) the selection of governing authority, (2) designation of management, (3) ability to significantly influence operations, and (4) accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority and Kulli Chito Environmental Authority are included.

Broken Bow Public Works Authority

The Broken Bow Public Works Authority is a Title 60.O.S. public trust created April 21, 1959, for the use and benefit of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma. The current City Council serves as the governing body. The Broken Bow Public Work Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

Kulli Chito Environmental Authority

The Kulli Chito Environmental Authority is a Title 60.O.S. public trust created April 14, 1993, for the use and benefit of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma. The current City Council serves as the governing body. The Kulli Chito Environmental Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The governmental funds are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions are included on the fund balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These fund financial statements use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level. The proprietary fund also uses the economic resources measurement focus.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

The statement of net position and activities and the fund financial statements are reported on a modified basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles. These modifications include adjustments for the following balances arising from cash transactions:

- Capital assets and the depreciation of those assets, where applicable
- Debt issue cost and the amortization of those costs, where applicable
- Long-term debt
- Cash-based interfund receivables and payables
- Other cash-based receivable and payables

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major government funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources.

<u>Grant Fund</u> – is a special revenue fund used to account for grant revenues received, and the expenditure of those funds.

<u>Community Improvement Fund</u> – is a special revenue fund used to account for dedicated sales tax revenues to fund community improvement projects.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Broken Bow Public Works Authority*, which accounts for all the operating revenues and expenses related to providing water, sewer and electric services, and the K*ulli Chito Environmental Authority* which accounts for all the operating revenues and expenses related to sanitation services.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds: Senior Citizens, Airport, Cemetery Care, Library, Police Donation, Economic Development and Nutrition.

Internal service funds account for self-insured health costs provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City does not have a written investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations stated in the *Oklahoma Statutes*. *Oklahoma Statutes* allow the City to invest in bonds of cities, school districts, or counties within the State of Oklahoma; public trust bonds whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district, except industrial development bonds; direct obligations of the United States; and certificates of deposit. Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or note indenture.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - continued

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements including interest are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10 - 50
Building Improvements	10 - 20
Public Domain Infrastructure	50
System Infrastructure	10 - 30
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – continued

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net Position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Fund equity

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. *Net Investment in capital assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints on the use either by: (1) external groups or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. *Unrestricted net position* All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – continued

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Council or through the Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned interest earnings to the funds where earned for the purposes defined by the fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the \$11,746,405 difference between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The first element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land and Improvements	\$ 3,404,630
Buildings and Improvements	3,432,899
Property and Equipment	5,889,209
Infrastructure	7,478,679
	20,205,417
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,073,752)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,131,665

Another element of that reconciliation is the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Following are the details of the net adjustment to increase *fund balance – total governmental funds* to arrive at *net position – governmental activities:*

Net Position	\$ 165,199
Total Assets	 165,199
Cash and equivalents	\$ 165,199
Assets	

The last element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds."

Capital Leases	\$ 550,459
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total	
governmental funds to arrive at net position -	
governmental activities	\$ (550,459)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation of the \$709,305 difference between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	\$ 1,198,821
Depreciation Expense	 (810,981)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 387,840

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Capital Lease Principal Payments \$ 359,417

Another element of the reconciliation explains, the net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, disposals) is to decrease net assets.

Sale of Assets	\$ 56,186
Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ (56,186)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities - continued

The last element of the reconciliation states "the net gain of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Position - Internal Service Funds	\$ 18,234
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 18,234

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Charter and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Commission adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a written deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but *Oklahoma Statutes* required collateral for all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions. As of June 30, 2021, the City's bank balances of \$11,468,266 were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

A. Deposits and Investments – continued

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trust. The City's investments at June 30, 2021 consisted of \$2,565,303 in Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Obligation money market mutual funds with a Moody's credit rating of Aaa; and \$47,461 of funds held in escrow by the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments in the enterprise funds at June 30, 2021 consist of the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$4,809,163, refundable meter deposits of \$95,912, OMAG Reserve \$18,166; landfill post-closure \$1,313,887; and capital projects \$410,879.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			
	Balance	Additions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,758,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,758,894
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,758,894			1,758,894
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,293,735	406,750	54,749	1,645,736
Building and Improvements	3,402,228	30,671	-	3,432,899
Property and Equipment	5,424,676	482,033	17,500	5,889,209
Infrastructure	7,199,312	279,367	_	7,478,679
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	17,319,951	1,198,821	72,249	18,446,523
Less Accumulated Depreciation	7,280,271	810,981	17,500	8,073,752
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	10,039,680	387,840	54,749	10,372,771
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 11,798,574	\$ 387,840	\$ 54,749	\$ 12,131,665
Business Type Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	£ 425.227	¢.	c	£ 425.227
Land Construction in Progress	\$ 425,227 446,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 425,227
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	871,660	1,477,164		1,923,597 2,348,824
rotal capital rissets, not being depreciated	071,000	1,177,101		2,5 10,62 1
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,044,609	64,050	-	1,108,659
Building and Improvements	874,866	47,326	-	922,192
Property and Equipment	7,060,555	348,297	22,363	7,386,489
Electric System	1,329,466	-	-	1,329,466
Gravity Flow Water System	25,494,693	112,102	-	25,606,795
Sewer System	9,979,893			9,979,893
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	45,784,082	571,775	22,363	46,333,494
Less Accumulated Depreciation	19,232,382	1,384,843	22,363	20,594,862
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	26,551,700	(813,068)		25,738,632
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 27,423,360	\$ 664,096	\$	\$ 28,087,456

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

B. Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 163,956
Public Safety	242,192
Streets	228,518
Culture and Recreation	90,176
Cemetery and Parks	86,139
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 810,981
Business Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 718,931
Sewer	290,001
Electric	50,065
Landfill	325,846
Total Depreciation Expense - Business	
Type Activities	\$ 1,384,843

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose		
Public Works Authority	General Fund	\$ 650	Operating Transfer		
Kulli Chito	Public Works Authority	76,057	Operating Transfer		
General Fund	Public Works Authority	35,485	Operating Transfer		
General Fund	Kulli Chito	9,527	Operating Transfer		
General Fund	Nutrition	7,960	Operating Transfer		
Airport Fund	General Fund	21,459	Operating Transfer		
Kulli Chito	General Fund	3,268	Operating Transfer		
Police Donation	General Fund	6,651	Operating Transfer		
Grant Fund	General Fund	53	Operating Transfer		
Senior Citizens	General Fund	8,208	Operating Transfer		
Senior Citizens	Nutrition	3,710	Operating Transfer		

Interfund Transfers - All transfers are operating transfers.

	Transfers Out:								
			Other						
T I	General		Enterprise		Governmental		Total		
Transfers In:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Other Governmental		10,000		225,000		-		235,000	
Enterprise		41,043		164,667				205,710	
	\$	51,043	\$	389,667	\$		\$	440,710	

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt

Capital Leases

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Interest rates range from 2.00 % to 4.00%.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Assets	_
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 1,165,952
	1,165,952
Less Acc. Depreciation	(429,884)
	\$ 736,068

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities							
2022	\$	40,549	\$	69,370	\$	46,030	\$	40,005
2023		40,549		23,123		3,812		40,005
2024		40,549		-		-		40,005
2025		42,789		-		-		40,005
2026		-		-		-		40,005
2027-2030								89,837
Total minimum lease payments		164,436		92,493		49,842		289,862
Less amount representing interest		(10,826)		(1,930)		(858)		(32,560)
Present value of minimum lease	\$	153,610	\$	90,563	\$	48,984	\$	257,302

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt - continued

Broken Bow Public Works Authority – Long Term Debt

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006

In May 2006, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$7,890,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006. Proceeds of the note were used to defease \$7,950,000 of outstanding 2002 Refunding Bonds. The note bears interest of 4.52%. Proceeds of the 2006 note were placed in an escrow account for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments to pay off the 2002 Refunding Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the City's statement of net position. This advance refunding will reduce the debt service payments by \$1,591,118 over the term of the bonds and resulted in an economic gain of \$589,214.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest
2022	\$	430,000	\$	143,058
2023		480,000		123,622
2024		480,000		101,926
2025		500,000		80,230
2026		540,000		57,630
2027-2028		735,000		42,036
	\$.	3,165,000	\$	548,502

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt - continued

Provisions of the Revenue Note which are pertinent to the financial statements are as follows:

Pledged Revenues - Net water and sewer revenues generated from the Authority will be used first to meet debt service; second to pay operation and maintenance expenses of the system; and third to replenish the minimum required balance of the reserve fund requirement.

The Broken Bow Public Works Authority at all times will maintain schedules of rates and charges for services sufficient to provide funds which together with other revenues pledged will provide Net Revenues Available for Debt Service equal to at least 125% of the annual principal and interest requirements on the bonds for that year.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt - continued

Oklahoma Water Resources Board Promissory Note

In May 2013, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority refinanced an existing USDA Rural Development Promissory Note with Oklahoma Water Resources Board Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note, Series 2013. At June 30, 2021, the note had a balance of \$3,207,078, at an interest rate of 2.25%, maturing September 2035. Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Admin		
2022	\$	188,820	\$	56,400	\$	16,023	
2023		193,171		53,012		15,060	
2024		197,451		49,678		14,113	
2025		202,173		46,001		13,069	
2026		206,832		42,373		12,038	
2027-2031		1,107,765		154,545		43,905	
2032-2036		1,110,866		50,407		14,320	
	\$ 3	3,207,078	\$	452,416	\$	128,528	

In February 2014, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority refinanced existing Oklahoma Water Resource Board Promissory Notes, Series 2006A and 2006B with Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014 through Branch Banking and Trust Company. During 2020-2021, the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014 was refinanced with Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020B. At June 30, 2021, the revenue note had a balance of \$1,687,000, at an interest rate of 1.32%, maturing April 2027. Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest			
2022	\$	272,000	\$	21,371		
2023		275,000		17,774		
2024		279,000		14,131		
2025		283,000		10,435		
2026		287,000		6,686		
2027-2028		291,000		2,884		
	\$	1,687,000	\$	73,281		

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 and 2017

During 2016-2017, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$1,345,000 and \$3,355,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 and 2017. Proceeds of the note were used to for wastewater and water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.88% and 2.54%, respectively.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006, are as follows:

	2016 Revenue Note					 2017	Revenue Note			
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest	L	Discount	Principal	Interest	Di	scount
2022	\$	137,000	\$	12,709	\$	4,050	\$ 268,000	\$ 57,925	\$	8,860
2023		139,000		10,124		3,150	275,000	51,067		7,976
2024		142,000		7,492		2,250	282,000	44,044		7,088
2025		145,000		4,813		1,350	290,000	36,830		5,316
2026		147,000		2,077		450	296,000	29,426		4,430
2027-2030							 936,000	42,050		6,200
	\$	710,000	\$	37,215	\$	11,250	\$ 2,347,000	\$261,342	\$	39,870

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020A

During 2019-2020, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$2,375,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020A. Proceeds of the note were used to for water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.49%.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020A, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	\boldsymbol{P}	rincipal	1	nterest
2022	\$	100,000	\$	34,196
2023		100,000		32,706
2024		100,000		31,216
2025		100,000		29,726
2026		100,000		28,236
2027-2030		1,820,000		57,029
	\$ 2	2,320,000	\$	213,109

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt - continued

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021A

During 2020-2021, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$1,600,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021A. Proceeds of the note were used to for water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.70%.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021A, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest			Total
2022	\$	156,000	\$	27,074	\$	183,074
2023		159,000		23,877	•	182,877
2024		162,000		21,156	•	183,156
2025		165,000		18,394	•	183,394
2026		167,000		15,581	•	182,581
2027-2031		791,000		33,992		824,992
	\$	1,600,000	\$	140,074	\$	1,740,074

Kulli Chito Environmental Authority - Long Term Debt

Other long-term debt obligations of the Kulli Chito Environmental Authority are as follows:

First Bank - 2.25% interest, monthly payments of \$6,579 due May 2025. Proceeds used for the purchase of a trash	
truck.	\$ 295,703
First Bank and Trust - 2.99% interest, monthly payments of \$2,905 due August 2022. Proceeds used for the purchase of a Roll Off Truck.	\$ 39,915
First Bank and Trust - 2.09% interest, monthly payments of \$2,413 due August 2021. Proceeds used for the	
purchase of a Kenworth Truck.	\$ 4,811
	\$ 340,429

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Kulli Chito Environmental Authority – Long Term Debt - continued Principal maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Pı	rincipal	Int	terest	Pri	incipal	Int	erest
2022	\$	73,049	\$	5,903	\$	34,135	\$	728	\$	4,811	\$	13
2023		74,709		4,242		5,780		30		-		-
2024		76,408		2,544		-		-		-		-
2025		71,537		807		-		-		-		-
	\$	295,703	\$	13,496	\$	39,915	\$	758	\$	4,811	\$	13

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

]	Beginning					D	ue Within
		Balance	 Additions	Reductions	En	ding Balance		ne Year
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Leases	\$	909,876	\$ 	\$ 359,417	\$	550,459	\$	180,772
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	909,876	\$ 	\$ 359,417	\$	550,459	\$	180,772
Business Type Activities:								
Notes Payable	\$	7,101,337	\$ 3,540,000	\$ 3,806,830	\$	6,834,507	\$	728,815
Revenue Bonds Payable		9,346,298		855,418		8,490,880	_	922,090
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	16,447,635	\$ 3,540,000	\$ 4,662,248	\$	15,325,387	\$	1,650,905

Interest expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

Business Type Activities

	\$ 13,624		\$ 429,878
General Government	 9,780	Landfill	9,684
Culture & Recreation	69	Water	\$ 420,194
Public Safety	\$ 3,775		

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Debt Service Coverage Requirement

The Revenue Bonds and OWRB Promissory Notes require that Net Revenue Available for Debt Service must equal 125% of the maximum annual debt service. Actual coverage was as follows:

Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		
Operating Revenue	\$	5,219,071
Operating Expenses		3,913,093
Less: Depreciation Expense		(1,058,997)
Total Operating Expense		2,854,096
Interest Revenue		34,147
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	<u>\$</u>	2,399,122
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirem	ient:	s:
Utility System Sales Tax Revenue Note	\$	1,537,000
Total Debt Service Requirement	\$	1,537,000
Commen		1560/
Coverage		156%
Coverage Requirement		125%

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Fund Equity

Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$2,661,477 of restricted net position, of which \$1,152,721 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Enabling Legislation:

Cemetery Fund	\$ 6,643
Senior Citizens Fund	206,882
Library Fund	 939,196
	\$ 1,152,721

Governmental Fund Balance Classifications

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances of the Governmental Funds were classified as follows:

				Community				Other				
Restricted	General		Improvement			Grant		overnmental		Total		
Grant Fund Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	206,882	\$	206,882		
Community Improvement		-		1,201,250		-		-		1,201,250		
Cemetery Care Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		21,459		21,459		
Debt Service		-		-		-		6,643		6,643		
Police Expenditures		-		-		-		939,196		939,196		
Economic Development		-		-		-		179,451		179,451		
Assigned		-		-		-		16,253		16,253		
Special Assessment		122,127		-		-		-		122,127		
Unassigned		2,057,690		-		277,428		39,033		2,374,151		
	\$	2,179,817	\$	1,201,250	\$	277,428	\$	1,408,917	\$	5,067,412		

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plans

Firefighters' Retirement Plan

The City contributes to pension plans on behalf of all full time employees including the fire departments. Following is a discussion of each plan, and the summary financial data:

Fire department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equal to 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years.

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 14% per the year June 30, 2021. Participating members are required to contribute 8%.

Three Year Trend Information:

	Covered	To	otal Pension					On B	ehalf
Year Ending June 30,	 Payroll		Cost		City Share	Emp	oloyee Share	Payn	ents
2021	\$ 299,903	\$	65,979	\$	44,385	\$	21,594	\$	-
2020	\$ 314,189	\$	69,122	\$	43,987	\$	25,135	\$	-
2019	287,844		63,326		45,540		17,786		-

As of July 1, 2021, the latest available actuarial valuation, the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits was \$4,179,377,000, and net assets available for benefits were \$2,996,605,000. Unfunded liabilities, which are an obligation of the state of Oklahoma, totaled \$1,182,771,000.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plans - continued

Firefighters' Retirement Plan – continued

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Board, 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 165, Oklahoma City, OK, 73105.

Municipal Retirement Plan

The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF) issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information that can be obtained by requesting a copy at City Hall.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements of City of Broken Bow and employees are established and may be amended by the OMRF board. Employees are required to contribute 5.25 percent of their annual covered salary. City of Broken Bow is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate at June 30, 2021 is 6.7% of covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost: For 2020-2021, City of Broken Bow's annual pension cost of \$292,202 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (I) 7.25 percent investment rate of return, (II) projected salary increases due to inflation of 3 percent, compounded annually, and (III) projected salary increases due to age/seniority, compounded annually.

Trend Information:

	Contribution]	Γotal Cost		Ne	et Pension
Year Ending June 30,	Rate		(APC)	Contributed	О	bligation
2021	10.12%	\$	292,202	100%	\$	-
2020	13.50%	\$	288,342	100%	\$	-
2019	13.50%	\$	291,896	100%	\$	-

<u>Funding Status and Funding Progress:</u> As of March 2021, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 90.3 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,354,318, and the actuarial value of assets was \$6,639,719, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$714,599. The covered payroll (total annualized rate of pay as of the valuation date based on actual pay for the preceding year) was \$2,146,600, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 33.3 percent.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plans - continued

Municipal Retirement Plan – continued

The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as OSI following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information about whether the actuarial vale of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

G. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State laws and regulations require the Kulli Chito Environmental Authority, a blended enterprise fund, to perform certain closure activities for its Broken Bow landfill and to provide certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after it cease operations. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the facility stops accepting waste, the Authority reports a portion of the closure and post-closure costs as operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The total closure and post-closure costs are \$1,670,096, as stated by the engineering firm and approved by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality. Of this amount, \$1,217,103 has been accrued through June 30, 2021. This amount represents the cumulative amount to date based on the use of 91% of the current estimated capacity of the landfill. There are approximately 8.5 landfill life years remaining. The Authority will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$452,994, as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at the site in 2021. However, the Authority expects to operate the landfill until at least year 2022. Therefore, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations. The Authority sets aside a portion of its net proceeds for financial assurance. As of June 30, 2021, \$1,313,887 has been restricted for payment of future closure and post closure care costs.

H. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss (torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, business interruptions, errors and omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and acts of God) and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

I. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal Programs

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The final acceptance of the audits of these programs including the year ended June 30, 2021, has not been given. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. However, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

J. Economic Dependence

The enterprise fund (Broken Bow Public Works Authority) is economically dependent upon major water and electric utility users to produce revenue sufficient to make its debt service payments and fund its operations.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited – Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

											UAAL as		
			1	Actuarial							a		
		Actuarial	1	Accrued						Percentage			
		Value of	Liab	ility (AAL) -	Ţ	Unfunded Funded					of Covered		
		Assets		Entry Age		AL (UAAL)	Ratio	Covered			Payroll		
Actuarial Valuation Date	a			b		b-a	a/b	Payroll c		c	(b-a)/c		
1/1/2011	\$	2,443,255	\$	3,251,926	\$	808,671	75.1%	\$	1,658,	433	48.8%		
1/1/2012		2,679,628		3,432,409		752,781	78.1%		1,626,	437	46.3%		
1/1/2013		3,033,497		3,687,246		653,749	82.3%		1,692,	101	38.6%		
1/1/2014		3,431,377		3,900,719		469,342	88.0%		1,733,	797	27.1%		
1/1/2015		3,689,142		4,025,711		336,569	91.6%		1,637,	283	20.6%		
7/1/2015		4,120,046		4,257,536		137,490	96.8%		1,745,	502	7.9%		
7/1/2016		4,575,777		4,701,872		126,095	97.3%		1,911,	938	6.6%		
7/1/2017		5,148,317		5,801,802		653,485	88.7%		2,081,	618	31.4%		
7/1/2018		5,708,497		6,169,693		461,196	92.5%		2,007,	481	23.0%		
7/1/2019		6,178,717		6,919,336		740,619	89.3%		2,096,	737	35.3%		
7/1/2020		6,639,719		7,354,318		714,599	90.3%		2,146,	600	33.3%		

The schedule of funding progress presented above presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Budgetary Information June 30, 2021

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Incorporation and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Council adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on the same modified cash basis as governmental funds within the basic financial statements. For budgetary comparison purposes, the City considers all encumbrances to lapse at year end; therefore, encumbrances are not considered expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. However, the City will re-appropriate these lapsed encumbrances in the subsequent year budget.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – General Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUE				
Taxes	\$ 2,007,640	\$ 2,007,640	\$ 3,253,075	\$ 1,245,435
Intergovernemntal	284,225	284,225	696,370	412,145
License	112,666	112,666	206,032	93,366
Charges for Service	48,144	48,144	100,296	52,152
Fines	177,197	177,197	157,552	(19,645)
Rent	270	270	300	30
Miscellaneous	69,399	69,399	399,713	330,314
Interest	16,487	16,487	7,180	(9,307)
Total Revenue	2,716,028	2,716,028	4,820,518	2,104,490
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	609,630	609,630	511,903	97,727
Public Safety	2,175,520	2,175,520	1,967,979	207,541
Streets	800,900	800,900	697,424	103,476
Culture and Recreation	22,375	22,375	24,427	(2,052)
Cemetery and Parks	713,900	713,900	738,695	(24,795)
Debt Service	46,100	46,100	43,388	2,712
Total Expenditures	4,368,425	4,368,425	3,983,816	384,609
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,652,397)	(1,652,397)	836,702	2,489,099
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	650,000	650,000	-	(650,000)
Transfers Out	(41,800)	(41,800)	(186,074)	(144,274)
Total Other Financing Sources	608,200	608,200	(186,074)	(794,274)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,044,197)	(1,044,197)	650,628	
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,407,062	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 105,803	\$ 105,803	\$ 2,057,690	

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Grant Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUE				
Grants	\$ 2,522,038	\$ 2,522,038	\$ 441,058	\$ (2,080,980)
Miscellaneous	16,000	16,000	34,674	18,674
Total Revenue	2,538,038	2,538,038	475,732	(2,062,306)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public Safety	4,290	4,290	4,826	(536)
Streets	22,748	22,748	234,753	(212,005)
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Cemetery and Parks	1,000	1,000	978	22
General Government			15,730	(15,730)
Total Expenditures	28,038	28,038	256,287	(228,249)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,510,000	2,510,000	219,445	(2,290,555)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	12,000	12,000	-	(12,000)
Transfers Out	(10,000)	(10,000)	<u>-</u>	10,000
Total Other Financing Sources	2,000	2,000		(2,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,512,000	2,512,000	219,445	(2,292,555)
Fund Balances - Beginning	70,000	70,000	57,983	(12,017)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,582,000	\$ 2,582,000	\$ 277,428	\$ (2,304,572)

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance General Fund – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2021

		Craig								
	General	Travel	Industrial	Total						
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$2,054,852	\$ 2,669	\$ 122,127	\$2,179,648						
Due From Other Funds	52,971			52,971						
Total Assets	\$2,107,823	\$ 2,669	\$ 122,127	\$2,232,619						
Liabilities										
Deposits	\$ -	\$ 2,669	\$ -	\$ 2,669						
Bonds Pending Court	9,844	-	-	9,844						
Due To Other Funds	40,289			40,289						
Total Liabilities	50,133	2,669		52,802						
Fund Balances										
Restricted	-	-	-	-						
Assigned	-	-	122,127	122,127						
Unassigned	2,057,690			2,057,690						
Total Fund Balances	2,057,690		122,127	2,179,817						
Total Liabilities										
and Fund Balances	\$2,107,823	\$ 2,669	\$ 122,127	\$2,232,619						

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year End June 30, 2021

			Craig	
	General	Travel	Industrial	Total
REVENUE				
Taxes	\$ 3,253,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,253,075
Intergovernmental	696,370	_	_	696,370
License and Permits	206,032	-	_	206,032
Charges for Service	100,296	-	_	100,296
Fines and Forfeitures	157,552	-	_	157,552
Rent	300	-	18,000	18,300
Miscellaneous	399,713	-	1	399,714
Interest	7,180	-	-	7,180
Total Revenue	4,820,518		18,001	4,838,519
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	511,903	-	1,693	513,596
Public Safety	1,962,279	-	-	1,962,279
Streets	686,684	-	-	686,684
Culture and Recreation	16,567	-	-	16,567
Cemetery and Parks	354,178	-	-	354,178
Capital Outlay				
Public Safety	5,700	-	-	5,700
Streets	10,740	-	-	10,740
Culture and Recreation	7,860		<u>-</u>	7,860
Cemetery and Parks	384,517	-	-	384,517
Debt Service	43,388	-	-	43,388
Total Expenditures	3,983,816	-	1,693	3,985,509
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	836,702	-	16,308	853,010
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(186,074)			(186,074)
Total Other Financing Sources	(186,074)	-	-	(186,074)
Net Change in Fund Balances	650,628	-	16,308	666,936
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,407,062		105,819	1,512,881
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,057,690	\$ -	\$ 122,127	\$ 2,179,817

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	_	Senior Citizens	Airport		Cemetery Care		Library		Police Donation		Economic Development		Nutrition		Total	
Assets																
Cash Due From Other Funds	\$	194,964 11,918	\$	21,459	\$	6,643	\$	939,196	\$	9,602 6,651	\$	179,451	\$	50,702	\$1,380,558 40,028	
Total Assets	\$	206,882	\$	21,459	\$	6,643	\$	939,196	\$	16,253	\$	179,451	\$	50,702	\$1,420,586	
Liabilities																
Due to Other Funds	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	11,669	\$ 11,669	
Total Liabilities			_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>				11,669	11,669	
Fund Balances																
Restricted		206,882		21,459		6,643		939,196		16,253		179,451		-	1,369,884	
Committed Unassigned		- -		<u>-</u>		- -	_	- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		39,033	39,033	
Total Fund Balances		206,882		21,459		6,643		939,196		16,253		179,451		39,033	1,408,917	
Total Liabilities																
and Fund Balances	\$	206,882	\$	21,459	\$	6,643	\$	939,196	\$	16,253	\$	179,451	\$	50,702	\$1,420,586	

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Senior		Cemetery	,	Police	Economic		
	Citizens	Airport	Care	Library	Donation	Development	Nutrition	Total
REVENUE								
Taxes	\$ 189,163	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,163	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 378,326
Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,072	71,072
Miscellaneous	42,247	-	636	65	-	119,885	-	162,833
Interest				3,809				3,809
Total Revenue	231,410	-	636	193,037	-	119,885	71,072	616,040
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	91,591	-	-	-	91,591
General Government	190,949	-	-	-	-	94,581	-	285,530
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,483	71,483
Debt Service						181,593		181,593
Total Expenditures	190,949	-	-	91,591	-	276,174	71,483	630,197
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	40,461	-	636	101,446	-	(156,289)	(411)	(14,157)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers In	75,000	-	-	-	-	150,000	10,000	235,000
Transfers Out								
Total Other Financing Sources	75,000	-	-	-	-	150,000	10,000	235,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	115,461	-	636	101,446	-	(6,289)	9,589	220,843
Fund Balances - Beginning	91,421	21,459	6,007	837,750	16,253	185,740	29,444	1,188,074
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 206,882	\$ 21,459	\$ 6,643	\$ 939,196	\$ 16,253	\$ 179,451	\$ 39,033	\$1,408,917



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic modified cash basis financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 8, 2022

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

HBC CPA: + Advison