City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Annual Financial Report

Year-End June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note I.C.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities fall under those standards that are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note I.C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I.C.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress, and the budgetary comparison information, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements—modified cash basis are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HBC CPA: + Advine

February 15, 2024 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Within the management's discussion and analysis of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's annual financial report, management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and note disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

With respect to the government-wide financial statements:

§ The assets of the City of Broken Bow exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$45,649,877 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,696,644 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the governments' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

With respect to the fund financial statements:

- § As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,980,220, a decrease of \$317,154 from the prior year.
- § At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,303,073, or 62 percent of the total general fund expenditures for the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* represents government-wide information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position* presents government-wide information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on the modified cash basis when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, culture and recreation, cemetery and parks and health and welfare. Business-type activities include water, wastewater utilities, electricity and solid waste management.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 in this report.

Fund Financial Statements.

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spending resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City internally maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and grant fund, which are considered to be major funds.

The City of Broken Bow adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and all major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

Proprietary Funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. There are two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services provided to customers external to the City. The City of Broken Bow uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, electric and solid waste management. Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail. *Internal service funds* report services provided within the city organization. Currently the City of Broken Bow uses an internal service fund to allocate self insured health costs.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the date provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-45 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 50-53 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Broken Bow, assets exceeded liabilities by \$46,422,954 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Broken Bow's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Broken Bow uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Broken Bow's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	
	ф. д 222 0.05	ф. 7 400 202	ф. П. С.С.А.А БС	ф. д 540 дод	¢ 14 00 7 0 (1	¢ 14.0C0 100	
Current and other assets	\$ 7,232,805	\$ 7,428,392	\$ 7,654,456	\$ 7,540,797	\$14,887,261	\$14,969,189	
Capital assets	17,094,909	14,415,875	28,395,385	28,961,669	45,490,294	43,377,544	
Total assets	24,327,714	21,844,267	36,049,841	36,502,466	60,377,555	58,346,733	
Long-term liabilities	160,866	272,637	11,961,047	13,384,993	12,121,913	13,657,630	
Other liabilities	45,422	83,473	1,787,266	1,704,149	1,832,688	1,787,622	
Total liabilities	206,288	356,110	13,748,313	15,089,142	13,954,601	15,445,252	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital							
Assets	16,899,882	14,072,970	16,067,077	15,186,422	32,966,959	29,259,392	
Restricted	2,759,351	3,640,360	-	317,496	2,759,351	3,957,856	
Unrestricted	4,462,193	3,774,827	6,234,451	5,909,406	10,696,644	9,684,233	
Total net position	\$24,121,426	\$21,488,157	\$22,301,528	\$21,413,324	\$46,422,954	\$42,901,481	

Summary of Net Position at June 30, 2023

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

8	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 3,410,287	\$ 2,459,931	\$ 6,963,872	6,675,512	\$10,374,159	\$ 9,135,443	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	69,443	19,247	-	-	69,443	19,247	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	1,080,231	2,613,421	-	-	1,080,231	2,613,421	
Taxes	6,673,259	6,602,122	-	-	6,673,259	6,602,122	
Interest	27,470	8,498	102,991	17,009	130,461	25,507	
Total Revenues	11,260,690	11,703,219	7,066,863	6,692,521	18,327,553	18,395,740	
Expenses							
General Government	1,030,063	1,052,915	-	-	1,030,063	1,052,915	
Public Safety	2,964,539	2,587,011	-	-	2,964,539	2,587,011	
Streets	1,282,292	969,696	-	-	1,282,292	969,696	
Culture and Recreation	322,762	238,794	-	-	322,762	238,794	
Cemetery and Parks	492,432	389,063	-	-	492,432	389,063	
Health and Welfare	2,434,059	1,731,636	-	-	2,434,059	1,731,636	
Water	-	-	3,362,449	3,169,370	3,362,449	3,169,370	
Sewer	-	-	862,760	779,307	862,760	779,307	
Electric	-	-	358,615	372,110	358,615	372,110	
Landfill			1,696,109	1,384,633	1,696,109	1,384,633	
Total Expenses	8,526,147	6,969,115	6,279,933	5,705,420	14,806,080	12,674,535	
Change in net position before							
transfers	2,734,543	4,734,104	786,930	987,101	3,521,473	5,721,205	
Transfers	(101,274)	(59,764)	101,274	59,764		<u> </u>	
Increase in Net Position	2,633,269	4,674,340	888,204	1,046,865	3,521,473	5,721,205	
Gain on Sale of Assets				54,623		54,623	
Net position, beginning	21,488,157	16,813,817	21,413,324	20,311,836	42,901,481	37,125,653	
Net position, ending	\$24,121,426	\$21,488,157	\$22,301,528	\$21,413,324	\$46,422,954	\$42,901,481	

Change in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Broken Bow's net position by \$1,860,192.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Broken Bow's net position by \$888,204.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Broken Bow uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Broken Bow's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Broken Bow's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,980,220, a decrease of \$317,154 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Broken Bow. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,303,073.

Proprietary funds. The City of Broken Bow's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$22,301,528, an increase of \$888,204 in comparison with the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Revenues exceeded budgeted amounts in the General Fund by \$1,573,662, and expenditures were \$1,546,792 less than budgeted amounts for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Broken Bow's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$44,717,217 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads highways, and bridges. The total change in the City of Broken Bow's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was a \$1,905,957 increase for governmental activities and a \$566,284 decrease for business-type activities.

	Government	rnmental Activities Business-type Activities Total			otal	
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022
Land and Improvements	\$ 4,066,268	\$ 3,616,274	\$ 6,461,794	\$ 5,821,917	\$10,528,062	\$ 9,438,191
Buildings and Improvements	3,872,282	3,644,432	1,121,181	1,019,403	4,993,463	4,663,835
Property and Equipment	6,375,241	6,097,176	7,061,679	6,948,888	13,436,920	13,046,064
Infrastructure	12,744,242	10,017,356	-	-	12,744,242	10,017,356
Electric System	-	-	1,329,466	1,329,466	1,329,466	1,329,466
Gravity Flow Water System	-	-	25,606,795	25,606,795	25,606,795	25,606,795
Sewer System			10,195,074	10,195,074	10,195,074	10,195,074
	27,058,033	23,375,238	51,775,989	50,921,543	78,834,022	74,296,781
Accumulated Depreciation	(9,963,124)	(8,959,363)	(23,380,604)	(21,959,874)	(33,343,728)	(30,919,237)
Capital Assets, Net	\$17,094,909	\$14,415,875	\$28,395,385	\$28,961,669	\$45,490,294	\$ 43,377,544

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Additional information on the City of Broken Bow's capital assets can be found in note **IV.B** on page 32 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Broken Bow has total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,585,916. The remainder of the City of Broken Bow's debt represents capital leases and notes payable.

Long-Term Debt

	Ge	overnment	rnmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total			
	6	/30/2023	6	/30/2022	6/30/2	023	6/30/2022	6	/30/2023	6	5/30/2022
Capital Leases	\$	195,027	\$	342,905	\$	-	\$ -	\$	195,027	\$	342,905
Notes Payable		-		-	5,63	5,054	6,099,912		5,636,054		6,099,912
Revenue Bonds Payable		-		-	6,58	5,916	7,568,790		6,585,916		7,568,790
	\$	195,027	\$	342,905	\$12,22	1,970	\$13,668,702	\$1	2,416,997	\$	14,011,607

The City of Broken Bow's total debt for governmental activities decreased by \$147,878 during the current fiscal year and the debt for business-type activities decreased by \$1,446,732.

Additional information on the City of Broken Bow's long-term debt can be found in note **IV.D** beginning on page 34 of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Broken Bow's finances for all those with an interest in the governments' finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activites			Total
ASSETS		Activities		Activites		10141
	\$	7,224,784	\$	2 6 4 1 0 4 5	\$	0 865 820
Cash and Cash Equivalent	Э		Э	2,641,045	Ф	9,865,829
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalent Restricted Investments		8,021		4,202,887 565,074		4,210,908 565,074
Inventory		-		55,000		55,000
Capital Assets, not being depreciated		- 159,500		4,378,293		4,537,793
Capital Assets, net of depreciation		16,935,409		4,378,293		40,952,501
Water Storage Rights		10,935,409		170,189		170,189
Hydro-power Investment		-		<i>.</i>		<i>,</i>
Hydro-power investment				20,261		20,261
Total Assets	\$	24,327,714	\$	36,049,841	\$	60,377,555
LIABILITIES						
Bonds Pending Court	\$	9,197	\$	-	\$	9,197
Customer Deposits, Due within a year		2,064		21,143		23,207
Long Term Liabilities, Due within a year		34,161		1,766,123		1,800,284
Customer Deposits		-		106,338		106,338
Long Term Liabilities		160,866		10,455,847		10,616,713
Accrued Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs				1,398,862		1,398,862
Total Liabilities		206,288		13,748,313		13,954,601
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		16,899,882		16,067,077		32,966,959
Restricted		2,759,351		-		2,759,351
Unrestricted		4,462,193		6,234,451		10,696,644
Total Net Position	\$	24,121,426	\$	22,301,528	\$	46,422,954

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues	3		Net (Expense) Rev Changes in Net A				
			Operating	Capital	Р	Primary Government				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Functions/Programs										
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 1,030,063	570,060	\$ 2	\$ 360,115	\$ (99,886)	\$ -	\$ (99,886)			
Public Safety	2,964,539	157,294	20,053	-	(2,787,192)	-	(2,787,192)			
Streets	1,282,292	-	-	720,116	(562,176)	-	(562,176)			
Culture and Recreation	322,762	7,029	-	-	(315,733)	-	(315,733)			
Cemetery and Parks	492,432	918	49,388	-	(442,126)	-	(442,126)			
Health and Welfare	2,434,059	2,674,986			240,927		240,927			
Total Governmental Activities	8,526,147	3,410,287	69,443	1,080,231	(3,966,186)		(3,966,186)			
Business-Type Activities										
Water	3,362,449	3,634,072	-	-	-	271,623	271,623			
Sewer	862,760	799,930	-	-	-	(62,830)	(62,830)			
Electric	358,615	987,352	-	-	-	628,737	628,737			
Landfill	1,696,109	1,542,518				(153,591)	(153,591)			
Total Business Type Activities	6,279,933	6,963,872				683,939	683,939			
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 14,806,080</u>	<u>\$ 10,374,159</u>	\$ 69,443	\$ 1,080,231	(3,966,186)	683,939	(3,282,247)			
General Revenues										
Taxes					6,673,259	-	6,673,259			
Interest					27,470	102,991	130,461			
Transfers					(101,274)	101,274	-			
Total General Revenues and Tra	insfers				6,599,455	204,265	6,803,720			
Change in Net Position					2,633,269	888,204	3,521,473			
Net Position - Beginning					21,488,157	21,413,324	42,901,481			
Net Position - Ending					\$ 24,121,426	\$ 22,301,528	\$ 46,422,954			

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		General		ommunity provement		Grant	G	Other overnmental	 Total
Assets									
Cash	\$	3,333,014	\$	909,039	\$	840,969	\$	1,908,459	\$ 6,991,481
Total Assets	\$	3,333,014	\$	909,039	\$	840,969	\$	1,908,459	\$ 6,991,481
Liabilities									
Deposits	\$	2,064	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,064
Bonds Pending Court		9,197		-		-		-	 9,197
Total Liabilities		11,261							 11,261
Fund Balances									
Restricted		-		909,039		-		1,850,312	2,759,351
Committed		-		-		-		-	-
Assigned		18,680		-		-		-	18,680
Unassigned		3,303,073		-		840,969		58,147	4,202,189
Total Fund Balances	_	3,321,753	_	909,039		840,969		1,908,459	 6,980,220
Total Liabilities									
and Fund Balances	\$	3,333,014	\$	909,039	\$	840,969	\$	1,908,459	
Amounts reported for governmental activit			ofne	et assets are d	liffere	nt because:			

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and , therefore, are not reported in the fund. 17,094,909
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self insured health costs to individual funds.
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental statement of net assets. 241,324

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and applicable interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.

\$ 24,121,426

(195,027)

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds- Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Community		Other	
	General	Improvement	Grant	Governmental	Total
REVENUE					
Taxes	\$3,818,599	\$ 1,377,448	\$ -	\$ 440,784	\$ 5,636,831
Intergovernmental	1,036,428	-	-	-	1,036,428
Grants	-	-	1,149,672	60,633	1,210,305
License and Permits	337,563	-	-	-	337,563
Charges for Service	127,904	-	-	-	127,904
Fines and Forfeitures	137,297	-	-	-	137,297
Rent	4,500	-	-	-	4,500
Miscellaneous	143,243	19,999	-	92,701	255,943
Interest	21,495	-	-	5,975	27,470
Total Revenue	5,627,029	1,397,447	1,149,672	600,093	8,774,241
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	604,869	14,649	-	259,583	879,101
Public Safety	2,704,760	43,024	-	-	2,747,784
Streets	857,356	788,750	-	-	1,646,106
Culture and Recreation	64,621	-	48,932	100,583	214,136
Cemetery and Parks	370,298	-	-	-	370,298
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	71,121	71,121
Capital Outlay					
General Government	303,144	15,293	-	-	318,437
Public Safety	-	194,227	-	-	194,227
Streets	154,900	1,287,768	701,387	10,974	2,155,029
Culture and Recreation	40,100	17,500	-	-	57,600
Cemetery and Parks	179,074	-	-	-	179,074
Debt Service	36,671	120,537			157,208
Total Expenditures	5,315,793	2,481,748	750,319	442,261	8,990,121
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	311,236	(1,084,301)	399,353	157,832	(215,880)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	36,372	-	-	96,669	133,041
Transfers Out	(194,234)		(53)	(40,028)	(234,315)
Total Other Financing Sources	(157,862)	-	(53)	56,641	(101,274)
Net Change in Fund Balances	153,374	(1,084,301)	399,300	214,473	(317,154)
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,168,379	1,993,340	441,669	1,693,986	7,297,374
Fund Balances - Ending	\$3,321,753	\$ 909,039	\$ 840,969	\$ 1,908,459	\$ 6,980,220

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ (317,154)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	2,679,034
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	147,878
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self insured health costs to individual funds. The net gain or loss of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	123,511
Change in Net Position - total governmental funds	\$2,633,269

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Works	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Funds	Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 2,039,310	\$ 601,735	\$ 2,641,045	\$ 241,324
Restricted Cash	2,748,905	1,453,982	4,202,887	-
Restricted Investments	565,074	-	565,074	-
Inventory	55,000		55,000	
Total Current Assets	5,408,289	2,055,717	7,464,006	241,324
Noncurrent Assets				
Land and Construction in Progess	4,300,293	78,000	4,378,293	-
Land Improvements	180,446	1,903,055	2,083,501	-
Buildings and Improvements	1,084,535	36,646	1,121,181	-
Property and Equipment	1,999,772	5,061,907	7,061,679	-
Electric System	1,329,466	-	1,329,466	-
Gravity Flow Water System	25,606,795	-	25,606,795	-
Sewer System	10,195,074	-	10,195,074	-
Accumulated Depreciation	(19,365,587)	(4,015,017)	(23,380,604)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,330,794	3,064,591	28,395,385	
Other Assets				
Water Storage Rights	170,189	-	170,189	-
Hydro-power Investment	20,261		20,261	
	190,450		190,450	
Total Assets	\$ 30,929,533	\$ 5,120,308	\$36,049,841	\$ 241,324

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Kulli Chito	Total	
	Public Works	Environmental	Proprietary	Internal Service
	Authority	Authority	Funds	Fund
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Customer Deposits, Current	\$ 21,143	\$ -	\$ 21,143	\$ -
Notes Payable, Current	913,113	-	913,113	-
Bonds Payable, Current	720,000	133,010	853,010	-
Accrued Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs		1,398,862	1,398,862	
Total Current Liabilities	1,654,256	1,531,872	3,186,128	<u> </u>
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Notes Payable, non-current	4,647,635	252,958	4,900,593	-
Customer Deposits, Non-current	106,338	-	106,338	-
Bonds payable, non-current	5,555,254		5,555,254	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,309,227	252,958	10,562,185	
Total Liabilities	11,963,483	1,784,830	13,748,313	<u> </u>
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,388,454	2,678,623	16,067,077	-
Restricted for Debt Service	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	5,577,596	656,855	6,234,451	241,324
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 18,966,050</u>	\$ 3,335,478	\$22,301,528	\$ 241,324

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		ublic Works	En	Kulli Chito vironmental]	Total Proprietary	Inte	ernal Service
		Authority		Authority		Funds		Fund
Operating Revenues:	.		.		<i>•</i>		.	
Water	\$	3,577,057	\$	-	\$	3,577,057	\$	-
Sewer		799,930		-		799,930		-
Electric		987,352		-		987,352		-
Landfill		-		1,542,517		1,542,517		-
Penalties/Reconnect Fees		56,506		-		56,506		-
Other Operating Revenue		511		-		511		2,486,449
Total Operating Revenue		5,421,356		1,542,517		6,963,873		2,486,449
Operating Expenses:								
Water		2,377,703		-		2,377,703		-
Sewer		579,752		-		579,752		-
Electric		196,679		-		196,679		-
Landfill		-		1,369,739		1,369,739		-
Insurance Premiums and Claims		-		-		-		2,362,938
Depreciation		1,103,233		317,498		1,420,731		-
Total Operating Expenses		4,257,367		1,687,237		5,944,604		2,362,938
Operating Income (Loss)		1,163,989		(144,720)		1,019,269		123,511
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest Revenue		77,057		25,934		102,991		-
Interest Expense		(326,457)		(8,873)		(335,330)		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(249,400)		17,061		(232,339)		-
Income (Loss) before Transfers		914,589		(127,659)		786,930		123,511
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		410,511		159,527		570,038		-
Transfers Out		(215,650)		(253,114)		(468,764)		-
Total Other Financing Sources		194,861		(93,587)		101,274		
Net Change in Net Position		1,109,450		(221,246)		888,204		123,511
Total Net Position - Beginning		17,856,600		3,556,724		21,413,324		117,813
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	18,966,050	\$	3,335,478	\$	22,301,528	\$	241,324

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

For the Tear Ended Suite 50,	2025	Kulli Chito
	Public Works	Environmental
	Authority	Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES	Autionity	Autionity
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,422,897	¢ 1542517
Cash Received from Customers	. , , ,	\$ 1,542,517 (1,105,580)
Cash Payments to suppliers and employees	(3,265,026)	(1,195,580)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,157,871	346,937
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from Other Funds	410,511	159,527
Transfers to Other Funds	(215,650)	(253,114)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	194,861	(93,587)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payment of Debt	(1,610,046)	(125,658)
Debt Issued	-	288,972
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	-
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(565,474)	(288,972)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	(2,175,520)	(125,658)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Change in Investments	299,066	-
Interest Expense	(326,457)	(8,873)
Interest Income	77,057	25,934
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	49,666	17,061
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	226,878	144,753
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2021	4,561,337	1,910,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$ 4,788,215	\$ 2,055,717
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$ 1,163,989	\$ (144,720)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	φ <u>1,105,707</u>	φ (1 11 ,720)
by Operating Activities		
Depreciation and Amortization	1,103,233	317,498
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	1,105,255	517,470
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds	(110,892)	69,797
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	1,541	
Increase (Decrease) in Ladfill Closure and Post-closure costs		104,362
	993,882	491,657
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,157,871	\$ 346,937
The Cash I formed by Operating Activities	ψ 2,137,071	φ 370,227

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Broken Bow is an incorporated city created under Title 11, Chapter 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes, operating under the Council-Manager form of government. The governing body of the City is the City Council. The appointed City Manager is the executive officer of the City.

For financial reporting purposes the financial statements included all funds and account groups over which the City Council exercises oversight responsibility. The criteria used to determine whether or not to include other entities in the financial statements were (1) the selection of governing authority, (2) designation of management, (3) ability to significantly influence operations, and (4) accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority and Kulli Chito Environmental Authority are included.

Broken Bow Public Works Authority

The Broken Bow Public Works Authority is a Title 60.O.S. public trust created April 21, 1959, for the use and benefit of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma. The current City Council serves as the governing body. The Broken Bow Public Work Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

Kulli Chito Environmental Authority

The Kulli Chito Environmental Authority is a Title 60.O.S. public trust created April 14, 1993, for the use and benefit of the City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma. The current City Council serves as the governing body. The Kulli Chito Environmental Authority is reported as a blended component unit.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The governmental funds are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions are included on the fund balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These fund financial statements use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level. The proprietary fund also uses the economic resources measurement focus.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

The statement of net position and activities and the fund financial statements are reported on a modified basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles. These modifications include adjustments for the following balances arising from cash transactions:

- Capital assets and the depreciation of those assets, where applicable
- Debt issue cost and the amortization of those costs, where applicable
- Long-term debt
- Cash-based interfund receivables and payables
- Other cash-based receivable and payables

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and accrued revenue, receivables and right of use assets) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major government funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources.

<u>*Grant Fund*</u> - is a special revenue fund used to account for grant revenues received, and the expenditure of those funds.

<u>Community Improvement Fund</u> - is a special revenue fund used to account for dedicated sales tax revenues to fund community improvement projects.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Broken Bow Public Works Authority*, which accounts for all the operating revenues and expenses related to providing water, sewer and electric services, and the K*ulli Chito Environmental Authority* which accounts for all the operating revenues and expenses related to sanitation services.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds: Senior Citizens, Airport, Cemetery Care, Library, Police Donation, Economic Development and Nutrition.

Internal service funds account for self-insured health costs provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-inlieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City does not have a written investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations stated in the *Oklahoma Statutes*. *Oklahoma Statutes* allow the City to invest in bonds of cities, school districts, or counties within the State of Oklahoma; public trust bonds whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district, except industrial development bonds; direct obligations of the United States; and certificates of deposit. Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or note indenture.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – continued

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements including interest are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10 - 50
Building Improvements	10 - 20
Public Domain Infrastructure	50
System Infrastructure	10 - 30
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – continued

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net Position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with modified cash basis of accounting requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Fund equity

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. *Net Investment in capital assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- 2. *Restricted net position* consists of net position with constraints on the use either by: (1) external groups or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - continued

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- <u>*Restricted*</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Council or through the Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned interest earnings to the funds where earned for the purposes defined by the fund.
- <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the \$16,368,129 difference between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The first element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land and Improvements	\$ 4,066,268
Buildings and Improvements	3,872,282
Property and Equipment	6,375,241
Infrastructure	12,744,242
	27,058,033
Accumulated Depreciation	(9,963,124)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,094,909

Another element of that reconciliation is the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Following are the details of the net adjustment to increase *fund balance – total governmental funds* to arrive at *net position – governmental activities:*

Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 241,324
Total Assets	 241,324
Net Position	\$ 241,324

The last element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds."

Capital Leases	\$ 195,027
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total	
governmental funds to arrive at net position -	
governmental activities	\$ (195,027)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation of the \$2,177,346 difference between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	\$ 3,682,795
Depreciation Expense	 (1,003,761)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 2,679,034

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Capital Lease Principal Payments	\$	147,878
----------------------------------	----	---------

The last element of the reconciliation states "the net gain of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Position - Internal Service Funds	\$ 123,511
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 123,511

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Commission adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a written deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but *Oklahoma Statutes* required collateral for all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions. As of June 30, 2023, the City's bank balances of \$14,292,239 were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

A. Deposits and Investments – continued

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trust. The City's investments at June 30, 2023 consisted of \$2,803,545 in Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Obligation money market mutual funds with a Moody's credit rating of Aaa; and \$806 of funds held in escrow by the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments in the enterprise funds at June 30, 2023 consist of the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$2,803,545, refundable meter deposits of \$95,996, OMAG Reserve \$302; landfill post-closure \$1,453,849; and capital projects \$414,269.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning			
	Balance	Additions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,758,894	\$ 159,500	\$ -	\$ 1,918,394
Construction in Progress		_		_
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,758,894	159,500		1,918,394
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,857,380	290,494	-	2,147,874
Building and Improvements	3,644,432	227,850	-	3,872,282
Property and Equipment	6,097,176	278,065	-	6,375,241
Infrastructure	10,017,356	2,726,886	-	12,744,242
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	21,616,344	3,523,295	-	25,139,639
Less Accumulated Depreciation	8,959,363	1,003,761		9,963,124
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	12,656,981	2,519,534		15,176,515
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 14,415,875	\$ 2,679,034	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,094,909
Business Type Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 383,227	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 383,227
Construction in Progress	3,670,749	324,317	-	3,995,066
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	4,053,976	324,317	-	4,378,293
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,124,479	26,588	-	1,151,067
Building and Improvements	1,019,403	101,778	-	1,121,181
Property and Equipment	7,592,350	401,763	-	7,994,113
Electric System	1,329,466	-	-	1,329,466
Gravity Flow Water System	25,606,795	-	-	25,606,795
Sewer System	10,195,074			10,195,074
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	46,867,567	530,129	-	47,397,696
Less Accumulated Depreciation	21,959,874	1,420,730		23,380,604
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	24,907,693	(890,601)		24,017,092
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 28,961,669	\$ (566,284)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 28,395,385

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

B. Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 159,762
Public Safety	227,005
Streets	392,636
Culture and Recreation	102,224
Cemetery and Parks	122,134
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,003,761
Business Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 770,158
Sewer	283,008
Electric	50,066
Landfill	317,498
Total Depreciation Expense - Business	
Type Activities	\$ 1,420,730

C. Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Transfers Out:							
				Other				
	General		Enterprise		Governmental		Total	
Transfers In:								
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,372	\$	36,372
Other Governmental		27,959		65,000		3,710		96,669
Enterprise		166,275		403,763		-		570,038
	\$	194,234	\$	468,763	\$	40,082	\$	703,079

Interfund Transfers - All transfers are operating transfers.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt

Capital Leases

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Interest rates range from 2.00 % to 4.00%.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

\$ 285,572
285,572
 (49,975)
\$ 235,597
\$ \$

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 40,005
2025	40,005
2026	40,005
2027	40,005
2028	40,005
2029-2030	 12,625
Total minimum lease payments	212,650
Less amount representing interest	 (17,623)
Present value of minimum lease	\$ 195,027

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt - continued

Broken Bow Public Works Authority – Long Term Debt

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006

In May 2006, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$7,890,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006. Proceeds of the note were used to defease \$7,950,000 of outstanding 2002 Refunding Bonds. The note bears interest of 4.52%. Proceeds of the 2006 note were placed in an escrow account for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments to pay off the 2002 Refunding Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the City's statement of net position. This advance refunding will reduce the debt service payments by \$1,591,118 over the term of the bonds and resulted in an economic gain of \$589,214.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		
2024	\$	480,000	\$	101,926	
2025		500,000		80,230	
2026		540,000		57,630	
2027		540,000		33,222	
2028		195,000		8,814	
	\$ 2	2,255,000	\$	281,822	

Provisions of the Revenue Note which are pertinent to the financial statements are as follows:

Pledged Revenues - Net water and sewer revenues generated from the Authority will be used first to meet debt service; second to pay operation and maintenance expenses of the system; and third to replenish the minimum required balance of the reserve fund requirement.

The Broken Bow Public Works Authority at all times will maintain schedules of rates and charges for services sufficient to provide funds which together with other revenues pledged will provide Net Revenues Available for Debt Service equal to at least 125% of the annual principal and interest requirements on the bonds for that year.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt - continued

Oklahoma Water Resources Board Promissory Note

In May 2013, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority refinanced an existing USDA Rural Development Promissory Note with Oklahoma Water Resources Board Drinking Water SRF Promissory Note, Series 2013. At June 30, 2023, the note had a balance of \$2,825,087, at an interest rate of 2.25%, maturing September 2035. Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		Interest		Admin
2024	\$	197,451	\$	49,678	\$	14,113
2025		202,173		46,001		13,069
2026		206,832		42,373		12,038
2027		211,598		38,661		10,983
2028		216,356		34,957		9,931
2029-2033		1,159,466		114,282		31,467
2034-2038		631,211		17,052		4,844
	\$ 2	2,825,087	\$	343,004	\$	96,445

In February 2014, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority refinanced existing Oklahoma Water Resource Board Promissory Notes, Series 2006A and 2006B with Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014 through Branch Banking and Trust Company. During 2020-2021, the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014 was refinanced with Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020B. At June 30, 2023, the revenue note had a balance of \$1,140,000, at an interest rate of 1.32%, maturing April 2027. Principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		I	nterest
2024	\$	279,000	\$	14,131
2025		283,000		10,435
2026		287,000		6,686
2027		291,000		2,884
	\$	1,140,000	\$	34,136

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 and 2017

During 2016-2017, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$1,345,000 and \$3,355,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016 and 2017. Proceeds of the note were used to for wastewater and water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.88% and 2.54%, respectively.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2006, are as follows:

	2016 Revenue Note					2017 Revenue Note					
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest	D	Discount	j	Principal	Interest	D	iscount
2024	\$	142,000	\$	7,492	\$	2,250	\$	282,000	\$ 44,044	\$	7,088
2025		145,000		4,813		1,350		290,000	36,830		5,316
2026		147,000		2,077		450		296,000	29,426		4,430
2027		-		-		-		304,000	21,857		3,544
2028		-		-		-		312,000	-		1,772
2029-2030		-		-		-		320,000	20,193		884
	\$	434,000	\$	14,382	\$	4,050	\$	1,804,000	\$152,350	\$	23,034

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020A

During 2019-2020, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$2,375,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020A. Proceeds of the note were used to for water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.49%.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2020A, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		1	nterest
2024	\$	100,000	\$	31,216
2025		100,000		29,726
2026		100,000		28,236
2027		200,000		26,746
2028		805,000		21,158
2029-2030		815,000		9,126
	\$ 2	2,120,000	\$	146,208

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021A

During 2020-2021, the Broken Bow Public Works Authority issued \$1,600,000 Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021A. Proceeds of the note were used to for water utility system improvements. The notes bear interest of 1.70%.

Principal and interest due on the Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2021A, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
2024	\$	162,000	\$	21,156	\$	183,156	
2025		165,000		18,394		183,394	
2026		167,000		15,581		182,581	
2027		171,000		12,724		183,724	
2028		173,000		9,809		182,809	
2029-2033		447,000		11,458		458,458	
	\$	1,285,000	\$	89,122	\$	1,374,122	

Kulli Chito Environmental Authority – Long Term Debt

Other long-term debt obligations of the Kulli Chito Environmental Authority are as follows:

First Bank - 2.25% interest, monthly payments of \$6,579 due May 2025. Proceeds used for the purchase of a trash	
truck.	\$ 147,945
First Bank and Trust - 1.9% interest, monthly payments of \$5,053 due July 2028. Proceeds used for the purchase	
of a Freightliner Truck.	\$ 238,023
	\$ 385,968

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Changes in long-term liabilities Principal maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	nterest	Pr	incipal	In	terest
2024	\$	76,408	\$	2,544	\$	56,602	\$	4,031
2025		71,537		807		57,687		2,946
2026		-		-		58,792		1,841
2027		-		-		59,919		714
2028		-		-		5,023		8
	\$	147,945	\$	3,351	\$2	238,023	\$	9,540

Long term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning				Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Leases	\$ 342,905	<u>\$</u>	\$ 147,878	\$ 195,027	\$ 34,161
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 342,905	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 147,878</u>	\$ 195,027	\$ 34,161
Business Type Activities:					
Notes Payable	\$ 6,099,912	\$ 288,972	\$ 752,830	\$ 5,636,054	\$ 771,461
Revenue Bonds Payable	7,568,790		982,874	6,585,916	994,662
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 13,668,702	\$ 288,972	\$ 1,735,704	\$ 12,221,970	\$ 1,766,123

Interest expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities			Business Type Activities				
Culture & Recreation Highways and Streets	\$	6,402 2,927	Water Landfill	\$ 326,457 8,873			
	\$	9,329		\$ 335,330			

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

D. Long Term Debt – continued

Debt Service Coverage Requirement

The Revenue Bonds and OWRB Promissory Notes require that Net Revenue Available for Debt Service must equal 125% of the maximum annual debt service. Actual coverage was as follows:

<i>Net Revenue Available for Debt Service</i> Operating Revenue	\$	5,421,356
Operating Expenses Less: Depreciation Expense Total Operating Expense		4,257,367 (1,103,233) 3,154,134
Interest Revenue		77,057
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	\$	2,344,279
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirem	nents	s:
Utility System Sales Tax Revenue Note	\$	1,537,000
Total Debt Service Requirement	\$	1,537,000

Coverage	153%
Coverage Requirement	125%

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

E. Fund Equity

Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$3,957,856 of restricted net position, of which \$1,252,791 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Enabling Legislation:	
Cemetery Fund	\$ 8,427
Senior Citizens Fund	393,086
Library Fund	 1,049,084
	\$ 1,450,597

Governmental Fund Balance Classifications

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the Governmental Funds were classified as follows:

			С	ommunity	Other					
Restricted	General		Imp	provement		Grant	Governmental			Total
Grant Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	393,086	\$	393,086
Community Improvement		-		909,039		-		-		909,039
Debt Service		-		-		-		8,427		8,427
Police										
Expenditures		-		-		-		1,049,084		1,049,084
Economic										
Development		-		-		-		390,113		390,113
Assigned		-		-		-		9,602		9,602
Special Assessment	18,6	80		-		-		-		18,680
Unassigned	3,303,0	73		-		840,969		58,147		4,202,189
	\$ 3,321,7	53	\$	909,039	\$	840,969	\$	1,908,459	\$	6,980,220

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plans

Firefighters' Retirement Plan

The City contributes to pension plans on behalf of all full time employees including the fire departments. Following is a discussion of each plan, and the summary financial data:

Fire department employees in Oklahoma participate in a state administered pension program established under legislative authority, Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Under this program, contributions are made by each of three parties - the City, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

A participant with twenty years of service may retire with a normal retirement allowance. The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries equal to 2.5% of the average compensation of the highest 30 months of the last 60 months of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service up to the maximum of 30 years.

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 14% per the year June 30, 2023. Participating members are required to contribute 8%.

Three Year Trend Information:

	(Covered	Тс	otal Pension					On B	ehalf
Year Ending June 30,		Payroll		Cost	City Share		Employee Share		Payments	
2023	\$	432,686	\$	95,191	\$	62,493	\$	32,698	\$	-
2022	\$	357,328	\$	78,612	\$	50,026	\$	28,586	\$	-
2021	\$	299,903	\$	65,979	\$	44,385	\$	21,594	\$	-

As of July 1, 2022, the latest available actuarial valuation, the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits was \$4,988,765,000, and net assets available for benefits were \$2,977,846,000. Unfunded liabilities, which are an obligation of the state of Oklahoma, totaled \$2,010,919,000.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plans - continued

Firefighters' Retirement Plan – continued

Additional information can be obtained by writing Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Board, 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Suite 165, Oklahoma City, OK, 73105.

Municipal Retirement Plan

The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF) issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information that can be obtained by requesting a copy at City Hall.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of City of Broken Bow and employees are established and may be amended by the OMRF board. Employees are required to contribute 6.00 percent of their annual covered salary. City of Broken Bow is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the actuarial rate for July 1, 2022 was 8.71%, however, the City shoes to fund at 11.5% of covered payroll.

<u>Annual Pension Cost</u>: For 2022-2023, City of Broken Bow's annual pension cost of \$339,465, while the actuarial annual normal cost was calculated at \$317,730 for the year. The required contribution rate was determined as part of the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (I) 7.25 percent investment rate of return, (II) projected salary increases due to inflation of 2.75 percent, compounded annually, and (III) projected salary increases due to age/seniority, compounded annually.

Trend Information:

	Contribution]	Fotal Cost		Net Per	sion
Year Ending June 30,	Rate		(APC)	Contributed	Obliga	tion
2023	11.50%	\$	339,465	100%	\$	-
2022	12.50%	\$	322,724	100%	\$	-
2021	12.50%	\$	292,202	100%	\$	-

Funding Status and Funding Progress: As of March 2023, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 90.3 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$8,388,220, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,134,082, resulting in an overfunded actuarial accrued liability (AAL) of \$254,138. The covered payroll (total annualized rate of pay as of the valuation date based on actual pay for the preceding year) was \$2,737,622, and the ratio of the AAL to the covered payroll was 61 percent.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

F. Pension Plans - continued

Municipal Retirement Plan – continued

The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as OSI following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information about whether the actuarial vale of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

G. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State laws and regulations require the Kulli Chito Environmental Authority, a blended enterprise fund, to perform certain closure activities for its Broken Bow landfill and to provide certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after it cease operations. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the facility stops accepting waste, the Authority reports a portion of the closure and post-closure costs as operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The total closure and post-closure costs are \$1,824,510, as stated by the engineering firm and approved by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality. Of this amount, \$1,398,861 has been accrued through June 30, 2023. This amount represents the cumulative amount to date based on the use of 91% of the current estimated capacity of the landfill. There are approximately 4.0 landfill life years remaining. The Authority will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$425,648, as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at the site in 2023. However, the Authority expects to operate the landfill until at least year 2024. Therefore, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations. The Authority sets aside a portion of its net proceeds for financial assurance. As of June 30, 2023, \$1,453,756 has been restricted for payment of future closure and post closure care costs.

H. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss (torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, business interruptions, errors and omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and acts of God) and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - continued

I. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal Programs

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The final acceptance of the audits of these programs including the year ended June 30, 2023, has not been given. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. However, the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

J. Economic Dependence

The enterprise fund (Broken Bow Public Works Authority) is economically dependent upon major water and electric utility users to produce revenue sufficient to make its debt service payments and fund its operations.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited – Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Actuarial Valuation Date	a	b	b-a	a/b	Payroll c	(b-a)/c
1/1/2014	3,431,377	3,900,719	469,342	88.0%	1,733,797	27.1%
1/1/2015	3,689,142	4,025,711	336,569	91.6%	1,637,283	20.6%
7/1/2015	4,120,046	4,257,536	137,490	96.8%	1,745,502	7.9%
7/1/2016	4,575,777	4,701,872	126,095	97.3%	1,911,938	6.6%
7/1/2017	5,148,317	5,801,802	653,485	88.7%	2,081,618	31.4%
7/1/2018	5,708,497	6,169,693	461,196	92.5%	2,007,481	23.0%
7/1/2019	6,178,717	6,919,336	740,619	89.3%	2,096,737	35.3%
7/1/2020	6,639,719	7,354,318	714,599	90.3%	2,146,600	33.3%
7/1/2021	7,490,174	7,932,265	442,091	94.4%	2,413,330	18.3%
7/1/2022	8,134,082	8,388,220	254,138	97.0%	2,737,622	9.3%

UAAL as

The schedule of funding progress presented above presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Unaudited Budgetary Information June 30, 2023

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the City Incorporation and the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Council adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personnel services, materials and supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, debt services and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

The budgetary comparison schedules are reported on the same modified cash basis as governmental funds within the basic financial statements. For budgetary comparison purposes, the City considers all encumbrances to lapse at year end; therefore, encumbrances are not considered expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. However, the City will re-appropriate these lapsed encumbrances in the subsequent year budget.

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – General Fund (Unaudited) – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

						Variance
	Budget	Amo	ounts	Actual		With
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUE						
Taxes	\$ 3,171,247	\$	3,171,247	\$ 3,818,599	\$	647,352
Intergovernemntal	433,597		433,597	1,036,428		602,831
License	194,575		194,575	337,563		142,988
Charges for Service	51,612		51,612	127,904		76,292
Fines	135,759		135,759	137,297		1,538
Rent	270		270	-		(270)
Miscellaneous	58,070		58,070	143,243		85,173
Interest	3,737		3,737	 21,495		17,758
Total Revenue	4,048,867		4,048,867	5,622,529		1,573,662
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	1,448,040		1,448,040	889,608		558,432
Public Safety	3,296,050		3,296,050	2,704,760		591,290
Streets	1,250,090		1,250,090	1,012,256		237,834
Culture and Recreation	125,200		125,200	104,721		20,479
Cemetery and Parks	660,700		660,700	 549,372		111,328
Debt Service	64,100		64,100	 36,671		27,429
Total Expenditures	6,844,180		6,844,180	5,297,388		1,546,792
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,795,313)		(2,795,313)	 325,141		3,120,454
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In	450,000		450,000	36,372		(413,628)
Transfers Out	(146,000)		(146,000)	(194,234)		(48,234)
Total Other Financing Sources	304,000		304,000	 (157,862)		(461,862)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,491,313)		(2,491,313)	167,279		
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,400,000		2,400,000	 3,135,794		
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ (91,313)</u>	\$	(91,313)	\$ 3,303,073		

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Grant Fund (Unaudited) – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budge	et Amounts	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUE				
Grants	\$ 688,038	\$ 688,038	\$ 1,149,672	\$ 461,634
Total Revenue	688,038	688,038	1,149,672	461,634
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public Safety	39,748	39,748	-	39,748
Streets	800,000	· · · · · ·	701,387	98,613
Culture and Recreation	200,000	200,000	48,932	151,068
Cemetery and Parks	1,000	1,000		1,000
Total Expenditures	1,040,748	1,040,748	750,319	290,429
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(352,710) (352,710)	399,353	752,063
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	12,000	12,000	-	(12,000)
Transfers Out	-		(53)	(53)
Total Other Financing Sources	12,000	12,000	(53)	(12,053)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(340,710) (340,710)	399,300	740,010
Fund Balances - Beginning	380,000	380,000	441,669	61,669
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 39,290	\$ 39,290	\$ 840,969	\$ 801,679

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance General Fund – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2023

			Craig			
	General	Travel	Industrial	Total		
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$3,312,270	\$ 2,064	\$ 18,680	\$3,333,014		
Total Assets	\$3,312,270	\$ 2,064	\$ 18,680	\$3,333,014		
Liabilities						
Deposits	\$ -	\$ 2,064	\$ -	\$ 2,064		
Bonds Pending Court	9,197		-	9,197		
Total Liabilities	9,197	2,064		11,261		
Fund Balances						
Restricted	-	-	-	-		
Assigned	-	-	18,680	18,680		
Unassigned	3,303,073			3,303,073		
Total Fund Balances	3,303,073		18,680	3,321,753		
Total Liabilities						
and Fund Balances	\$3,312,270	\$ 2,064	\$ 18,680	\$3,333,014		

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund – Modified Cash Basis For the Year End June 30, 2023

REVENUE Taxes \$ 3,818,599 \$ - \$ - \$ 3 Intergovernmental 1,036,428 1 License and Permits 337,563 Charges for Service 127,904 Fines and Forfeitures 137,297 Rent 4,500 - 4,500 Miscellaneous 143,243 Interest 21,495	
Taxes\$ 3,818,599\$ -\$ -\$ 3Intergovernmental $1,036,428$ 1License and Permits $337,563$ 1Charges for Service $127,904$ Fines and Forfeitures $137,297$ Rent4,500-Miscellaneous $143,243$ Interest $21,495$ Total Revenue $5,622,529$ - $4,500$ 5	Total
Intergovernmental $1,036,428$ 1License and Permits $337,563$ Charges for Service $127,904$ Fines and Forfeitures $137,297$ Rent $4,500$ Miscellaneous $143,243$ Interest $21,495$ Total Revenue $5,622,529$ - $4,500$	
Intergovernmental $1,036,428$ 1License and Permits $337,563$ Charges for Service $127,904$ Fines and Forfeitures $137,297$ Rent $4,500$ Miscellaneous $143,243$ Interest $21,495$ Total Revenue $5,622,529$ - $4,500$	3,818,599
Charges for Service $127,904$ Fines and Forfeitures $137,297$ Rent $4,500$ Miscellaneous $143,243$ Interest $21,495$ Total Revenue $5,622,529$ - $4,500$,036,428
Fines and Forfeitures 137,297 - - Rent - - 4,500 Miscellaneous 143,243 - - Interest 21,495 - - Total Revenue 5,622,529 - 4,500 5	337,563
Rent - - 4,500 Miscellaneous 143,243 - - Interest 21,495 - - Total Revenue 5,622,529 - 4,500 5	127,904
Miscellaneous 143,243 - - Interest 21,495 - - Total Revenue 5,622,529 - 4,500 5	137,297
Interest 21,495 - - - Total Revenue 5,622,529 - 4,500 5	4,500
Total Revenue 5,622,529 - 4,500 5	143,243
	21,495
EXPENDITURES	5,627,029
Current	
General Government 586,464 - 18,405	604,869
Public Safety 2,704,760 2	2,704,760
Streets 857,356	857,356
Culture and Recreation 64,621	64,621
Cemetery and Parks 370,298	370,298
Capital Outlay	
General Government 303,144	303,144
Streets 154,900	154,900
Culture and Recreation 40,100	40,100
Cemetery and Parks 179,074	179,074
Debt Service 36,671 - -	36,671
Total Expenditures 5,297,388 - 18,405 5	5,315,793
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures 325,141 - (13,905)	311,236
Other Financing Sources	
Transfers In 36,372	36,372
Transfers Out (194,234)	(194,234)
	(157,862)
Net Change in Fund Balances 167,279 - (13,905)	153,374
Fund Balances - Beginning 3,135,794 - 32,585 33	3 <u>,168,379</u>
Fund Balances - Ending \$ 3,303,073 \$ - \$ 18,680 \$ 3	

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Senior Citizens		Airport	(Cemetery Care	Library	Police Ionation	Economic evelopment	N	Jutrition	Total
Assets											
Cash	\$ 393,08	6	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	8,427	\$1,049,084	\$ 9,602	\$ 390,113	\$	58,147	\$1,908,459
Total Assets	\$ 393,08	6	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	8,427	\$1,049,084	\$ 9,602	\$ 390,113	\$	58,147	<u>\$1,908,459</u>
Fund Balances											
Restricted	\$ 393,08	6	\$ -	\$	8,427	\$1,049,084	\$ 9,602	\$ 390,113	\$	-	\$1,850,312
Committed Unassigned		-	- 		-	-	 -	 -		58,147	58,147
Total Fund Balances	393,08	6			8,427	1,049,084	 9,602	 390,113		58,147	1,908,459
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 393,08	6	<u>\$ </u>	\$	8,427	\$1,049,084	\$ 9,602	\$ 390,113	\$	58,147	<u>\$1,908,459</u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023								
	Senior		Cemetery		Police	Economic		
	Citizens	Airport	Care	Library	Donation	Development	Nutrition	Total
REVENUE								
Taxes	\$ 220,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 440,784
Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,633	60,633
Miscellaneous	4,002	-	918	7,030	-	80,751	-	92,701
Interest				5,975				5,975
Total Revenue	224,394	-	918	233,397	-	80,751	60,633	600,093
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	100,583	-	-	-	100,583
General Government	223,402	-	-	-	-	36,181	-	259,583
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,121	71,121
Capital Outlay								
Streets						10,974		10,974
Total Expenditures	223,402	-	-	100,583	-	47,155	71,121	442,261
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	992	-	918	132,814	-	33,596	(10,488)	157,832
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers In	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	21,669	96,669
Transfers Out	(11,918)	(21,459)	-	-	(6,651))	-	(40,028)
Total Other Financing Sources	63,082	(21,459)	-	-	(6,651)) –	21,669	56,641
Net Change in Fund Balances	64,074	(21,459)	918	132,814	(6,651)	33,596	11,181	214,473
Fund Balances - Beginning	329,012	21,459	7,509	916,270	16,253	356,517	46,966	1,693,986
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 393,086	\$ -	\$ 8,427	\$1,049,084	\$ 9,602	\$ 390,113	\$ 58,147	\$1,908,459

City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's basic modified cash basis financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Broken Bow, Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HBC CDA: + Advine

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma February 15, 2024