TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2007

Ralph Osborn, CPA 709-B South Roland P.O. Box 1015 Bristow, OK 74010-1015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Quinton Quinton, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where appropriate, thereof, for the year ended, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note A.

The Town of Quinton, Oklahoma has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated June 15, 2011, on my consideration of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ralph Oxborn

Ralph Osborn Certified Public Accountant Bristow, Oklahoma June 15, 2011

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Primary Government					
	Gov	ernmental	Bu	siness-Type		
ASSETS:	Ac	tivities	A	ctivities		Total
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	313,312	\$	199,718	\$	513,030
Investments		49,764		_		49,764
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		-		140,749		140,749
Investments		_		13,200		13,200
Accounts receivable, net		9,003		32,869		41,872
Due from other governments		28,128		, –		28,128
Due from other funds		186		(186)		_
Prepaid assets				1,245		1,245
Total current assets		400,393		387,595		787,988
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land		10,325		12,029		22,354
Other capital assets,						
net of depreciation		65,841		1,279,172		1,345,013
Total non-current assets		76,166		1,291,201		1,367,367
Total		476,559		1,678,796	_	2,155,355
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable & accrued liabilitie	S	5,635		15,130		20,765
Accrued interest payable		-		2,544		2,544
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Meter deposit held in trust		_		27,949		27,949
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		10,243		10,243
Due in more than one year				747,689	_	747,689
maral liabilities		E 62E		002 555		900 100
Total liabilities	_	5,635		803,555	_	809,190
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		76,166		530,725		606,891
Restricted for:		. 0 / 2 0 0		5557.25		000,000
Fire		51,130		_		51,130
Cemetery maintenance		16,724		_		16,724
Water line replacement				126,000		126,000
Unrestricted		326,904		218,516		545,420
0.1.2.2.01.1.2.000						
Total net assets	\$	470,924	\$	875,241	\$	1,346,165

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			Prog	ram Reven	ue		
		Charges		rating		ital	Net
		For	Gran	ts and	Grant	s and	(Expenses)
	Expenses	Services	Contr	ibutions	Contri	butions	Revenue
7							
Function/Programs Governmental activities							
Administration	\$ 75,810	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_ 1	\$ (75,810)
Public safety	135,470	-	•	_		-	(135, 470)
Community services	60,571	3,900		- 1		-	(56,671)
Interest on long-term debt							
Total governmental activities	271,851	3,900					(267,951)
Business-type activities							
Utilities	298,645	302,473				-	3,828
Total business-type activities		302,473		-		-	3,828
Matal animana garannant	\$570,496	\$306,373	Ś	-	Ś	_	\$ (264,123)
Total primary government	\$370,490	\$300,373	<u> </u>		<u>Y</u>		\$\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\f
			P	rimary Go	vernmer	nt	
		Governme		Business			_
		Activit	ies	Activi	ties	Tot	cal
Changes in net assets:							
Net (expense) revenue		\$ (267	<u>,951</u>)	\$	3,828	\$ (2	264,123)
General revenues							
Taxes							
Sales/Use			2,796		-	2	202,796
Franchise			,889		-		20,889
Cigarette Tax			2,482		_		2,482
Liquor Tax			, 970		_		5,970 37,683
Fines and court fees			7,683 1,939		_		24,939
Intergovernmental revenue Investment income			5,449		4,342		10,791
Miscellaneous			1,005		2,202		16,207
Transfers			3,000)		53,000		
Total general revenue		252	2,213		59,544	;	321,757
Change in net assets		(15	5,738)		73,372		57,634
Net assets - beginning		486	5,662	80	01,869	1,	288,531
Net assets - ending		\$ 470	0,924	\$ 8'	75,241	\$ 1,	346,165

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 234,105 -	\$ 79,207 49,764	\$ 313,312 49,764
Due from other governments Due from other funds Court fines receivable,	22,850 142	5,278 916	28,128 1,058
net of allowance of \$1,054	9,003	- 125 165	9,003
Total assets	\$ 266,100	<u>\$ 135,165</u>	\$ 401,265
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 3,721 872		\$ 5,635 <u>872</u>
Total liabilities	4,593	1,914	6,507
Fund Balances: Reserved for:		•	
Fire	51,130	_	51,130
Cemetery maintenance Unreserved	16,724 193,653	_	16,724 193,653
Special revenue funds Total net assets	261,507	133,251 133,251	<u>133,251</u> 394,758
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 266,100	\$ 135,165	
Amounts reported for governmental activity Statement of Net Assets are different be	ties in the	е	
Capital assets used in governmental actifinancial resources and, therefore, are in the fund, net of accumulated depreci	not repor	ted	76,166
Net assets of governmental civilities			\$ 470,924

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	G	General	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gove	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	190,387	\$	41,750	\$	232,137
Intergovernmental		15,164		9,775		24,939
Fines and court fees		37,683		_		37,683
Fees for services		-		3,900		3,900
Investment income		5,687		762		6,449
Miscellaneous		13,428		577		14,005
Total revenues		262,349		56,764	_	319,113
EXPENDITURES:						
Administration		69,893		-		69,893
Public safety		132,770		-		132,770
Community service		13,217		47,354		60,571
Capital outlay		13,625			-	13,625
Total expenditures		229,505		47,354		276,859
Excess of revenues over expenditures		32,844		9,410		42,254
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-				_
Transfers out		(63,000)		_		(63,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(63,000)				(63,000)
Net change in fund balances		(30,156)		9,410		(20,746)
Fund balances - beginning	7	291,663		123,841		415,504
Fund balances - ending	\$	261,507	\$	133,251	\$	394,758

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (20	746)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	(8	3,625 3,617) 5,008
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to government funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		
Capital lease obligation principal payments		
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (15	5,738)

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	D 11:
	Public Works
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 199,718
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	140,749
Investments	13,200
Accounts receivable, net	32,869
Prepaid insurance	1,245
Total current assets	387,781
Total current assets	301,101
Non-current assets	10 000
Land	12,029
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,279,172
Total non-current assets	1,291,201
TOTAL ASSETS	1,678,982
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,130
	2,544
Accrued interest payable	27,949
Deposits subject to refund	
Notes payable	10,243
Due to other funds	186
Total current liabilities	56,052
Non-current liabilities:	
Notes payable	747,689
Total non-current liabilities	747,689
10041 11011 04110110 110111111111111111	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	803,741
TOTAL LIABILITIES	003/141
NUM ACCEMO	
NET ASSETS	
	F20 70F
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	530,725
Restricted to water line replacement	126,000
Unrestricted	218,516
Total net assets	\$ 875,241
Calculation of invested capital assets:	
Net book value	\$ 1,291,201
Current and non-current debt	(760,476)
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 530,725
invested in capital assets, net of fetated dest	± 3307,23

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

ODEDA HING DEVENUE C	Publ	ic Works
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services: Water Sewer	\$	212,784 77,325
Sanitation Water/sewer taps Penalties and reconnects		3,179 1,050 8,135
Other	1	2,202
Total operating revenues	_	304,675
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Wages		67,860
Payroll taxes		5,601
Water		94,624
Insurance		26,732
Maintenance and supplies		1,461
Uniforms		3,155
Office and postage		5,468
Professional fees		479
Miscellaneous		
Bad Debt		5,074
Utilities		3,810
Depreciation		46,625
Total operating expenses		265,283
Net Operating income (loss)		39,392
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)		
Investment income		4,342
Grants for capital improvement		-
Interest expense		(33,362)
Trustee fees		
Total non-operating revenue (expense)		(29,020)
Income before transfers		10,372
Transfer in		63,000
Change in net assets		73,372
Total net assets, beginning		801,869
Total net assets, ending	\$	875,241

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Public Works
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	000.100
Cash received from customers	\$ 306,183
Cash received from other sources	2,202
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(158, 175)
Cash payments to employees	(67,860)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	82,350
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-
Purchases of capital assets	_
Principal paid on capital debt	(9,805)
Interest paid on capital debt	(33,362)
Trustee fees	(126,313)
Decrease in restricted assets - Debt reserve	
Transfers in	63,000
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(106,480)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends	4,342
Net cash provided by investing activities	4,342
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(19,788)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	219,506
	ć 100 710
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 199,718
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	å 20.200
Operating income (loss)	\$ 39,392
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	46,625
Bad debt expense	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables, net	3,710
Prepaid insurance	(343)
Accounts payable	(7,034)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 82,350

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Quinton, Oklahoma, was incorporated under the provisions of the laws of the State of Oklahoma. The Town operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and is governed by a five-member Board. The Trustees elect the mayor from their own body. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety, streets, public works, judicial, health and social services, culture, parks and recreation, public improvements, and planning and zoning for the geographic area organized as the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma. The basic financial statements include the departments, agencies, and other organizational units over which the Board of Trustees exercise oversight responsibility. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 39. Based on the criteria Quinton Public Works Authority is the only component unit. definition of the financial reporting entity is primarily based on the concept of financial accountability. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the Town), and activities for which the primary government is financially accountable, and the activities of Quinton Public Works Authority. Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organizations governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide a specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities to include in the Town's financial statements.

The Quinton Public Works Authority (QPWA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture to acquire, construct, lease and operate the water and sewer facilities for the benefit of the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma. QPWA is empowered to incur debt for the purposes stated above. The water and sewer systems owned by the Town have been leased to QPWA. QPWA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statues and is governed by the board consisting of three trustees identical with the Town Council. The QPWA is exempt from State and Federal Income Taxes add is reported as an enterprise fund.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to government units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and Town general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A functional program is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these programs uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Town are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Town's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or ABP opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to Town departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements and financial statements of Town component units also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, franchise taxes (fees), intergovernmental revenues, and investment income, and user fees. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements include revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the cost of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Proprietary Funds - The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Quinton Public Works Authority - The Authority provides certain utility services for the Town.

Budgetary Accounting and Control

The Town adopts an annual budget for all funds established by the governing body as required by O.S. 11 Section 17.207 through 17.210. The state statues also require that the budget be adopted by resolution or per the town charter at the legal level of classification (fund, department, & object category) and that the budget be filed with County Clerk and the State Auditor and Inspector. The Town may transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments. The budget is prepared on a cash basis.

Investments

The Town follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires marketable securities to be carried at fair value. The Town considers highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of Certificates of Deposits.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental funds.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption stated on a first-in, first-out basis. They are reported at cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Proprietary funds and similar component unit inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. The Town has not maintained inventory records, however, the value of inventory on hand at June 30, 2007 is not believed to be material.

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepaids are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The Town's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town maintains infrastructure assets records consistent with all other capital assets. Proprietary and component unit capital assets are also reported in their respective fund and combining component units financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The Town generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more as purchase and construction outlay occur. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the assets value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are moved from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follow:

Buildings	5-60
Improvements, other than buildings	5-10
Mobile equipment	5-10
Furniture , machinery, and equipment	5-10
Utility system	10-40

Compensated Absences

The Town of Quinton's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. Full time and part time regular employees who have been employed continuously for at least 12 months are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Town. The Town has not accrued compensated absences because the amount, if any, would not be material to the financial statements.

Reserves and Designations

Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not available for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Town, and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Town. The Town's policy requires that all deposits and investments in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the deposits or investments. As of June 30, 2007, all of the Towns deposits and investments were either covered by federal deposit insurance or were fully collateralized.

Deposits

The Town had deposits at financial institutions with a carrying amount of approximately \$716,743 at June 30, 2007. The bank balance of the deposits at June 30, 2007 was approximately \$722,386.

Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. However, the Town did not have fixed income securities at June 30, 2007.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town monitor's the investment performance on an ongoing basis to limit the Town's interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2007, the Town's deposits consisted of demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity of 12 months or less.

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Authority has accounts receivable from its utility customers in the amount of \$32,869.

The governmental funds have accrued sales and franchise taxes to be received in July.

NOTE D - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Amount		Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds
\$	186	Public Works	General Fund
	850	General Fund	Street and Alley
	22	General Fund	Cemetery
\$	1,058		

NOTE E - RESTRICTED ASSETS

The Authority has restricted cash assets for customer deposits, capital outlay and as a loan reserve for its Rural Development loan. The following amounts were restricted at June 30, 2007:

Loan reserve	\$	43,200
Capital outlay		82,800
Customer deposits		27,949
Total	\$1	53,949

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

rounding comment pro-	CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED							
	Infr	Capital						
		Improvements	Machinery,		Assets Not			
		Other Than	And		Depreciated			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	Totals	Land			
Governmental activities				19				
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 39,000	\$ 5,100	\$ 33,197	\$ 78,197	\$ 7,500			
Increases	_	_	10,800	10,800	2,825			
Decreases	1-	_	_	_	-			
Balance, June 30, 2007	39,000	5,100	43,997	88,997	10,325			
Accumulated Depreciation								
Balance, June 30, 2006	998	435	13,106	14,539				
Increase	998	255	7,364	8,617				
Decreases	_	_	-	-				
Balance, June 30, 2007	1,996	690	20,470	23,156				
Governmental activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 37,904	\$ 4,410	\$ 23,527	\$ 65,841	\$ 10,325			
Business-type activities	4 01/301	7 1/110	4 23/32/	y 05,041	<u> </u>			
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ -	\$ 1,693,947	\$ 70,497	\$1,764,444	\$ 12,029			
Increases	_	-	- 70/15/	-	7 12,023			
Decreases		_	_	_	_			
Balance, June 30, 2007		1,693,947	70,497	1,764,444	12,029			
Accumulated Depreciation			10,437	1,701,111				
Balance, June 30, 2006	_	392,618	46,168	438,786				
Increase	_	41,537	5,088	46,625				
Decreases	_	-	-	40,023				
Balance, June 30, 2007		434,155	51,256	485,272				
Business-type Activities		454/155		405,272				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ -	\$ 1,259,792	\$ 19 241	\$1,279,172	\$ 12,029			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u> </u>	+ 1/200//02	7 13/241	7-12131112	7 12,029			
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 37,904	\$ 1,264,202	\$ 42,768	\$1,345,013	\$ 22,354			
	7 377304	7 1/203/202	4 42,700	<u> </u>	Y 22,334			

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

General government	\$ 8,437	Public works	\$ 46,625
Street	180		

NOTE G - LONG TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2007, the long-term debt payable from business-type activities resources consisted of the following:

Rural Developement Note Payable:

2004 Promissary Note, original issue amount of \$800,000 dated June 23, 2004 issued by U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Developement, interest rate 4.375%. Monthly payments of \$3,600, for a term of 40 years. Current Portion

Non-Current Portion

Total Notes Payable

\$ 757,932 \$ 10,243 747,689 \$ 757,932

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity:

	E	Business-Type Activities					
Year ending		Notes Payable					
June 30,		Principal	_		Interest		 Total
2008	\$	10,243	5	\$	32,957		\$ 43,200
2009		10,742			32,458		43,200
2010		11,174			32,026		43,200
2011		11,673			31,527		43,200
2012		12,198			31,002		43,200
2013-2017		69,660			146,340		216,000
2018-2022		86,659			129,341		216,000
2023-2027		107,806			108,194		216,000
2028-2032		134,113			81,887		216,000
2033-2037		166,840			49,160		216,000
2038-2041		136,824	_		7,176		 144,000
	\$	757,932	5	\$	682,068		\$ 1,440,000

NOTE H - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The amount that should be reported for accrued compensated absences is not known but is not believed to be material.

NOTE I - PENSION OBLIGATIONS

Town of Quinton participates in a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of volunteer firefighters. The system is administered by an agency of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

		Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System
Eligibility to Participate		All full-time or voluntary Firefighters of a participating Municipality hired before age 45
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions		State Statute
Plan members' contribution rate	à	8% of covered payroll
Town's contribution rate		13% of covered payroll
Period required to vest		10 years
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full time)		20 years credited service, 2 ½% of Final average salary multiplied by The years of credited service with A maximum of 30 years considered; If vested, at or after age 50, or After 10 but before 20 years of Credited service, with reduced benefit
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (Volunteer)		20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service With a maximum of 30 Years considered
Deferred retirement option		Yes, 20 years credited service with Continued service for 30 or more years
Provisions for: Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement)	es	Yes, if vested by 5/83
Death (duty, non-duty,	es	Yes
-	es es	Yes
Cost of living allowances Ye	es	Yes

The Town is required to contribute \$60 per year per volunteer firefighter. For those years in which the Town General Fund revenue falls below a statutory amount the Town is not required to make a contribution.

Contributions required by State Statue:

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System

Fiscal	equired	Percentage
Year	tribution	Contributed
2008	\$ 1,260 1,260	100% 100%

Trend information showing the progress of the system in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the annual financial reports of the plan. Copies of the report may be obtained from the state retirement systems.

Volunteer firefighters receive a monthly pension based on their years of service. The volunteer may receive death or spousal benefits if certain conditions are met.

NOTE J - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for risk of loss, including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town retained legal counsel to defend it in any legal action.

NOTE K - FEDERAL STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities. The purpose of the audits is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of the funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

TOWN OF QUINTON BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

TAXES:	Original and Final Budget		ariance with Original And Final Budget Positive(Negative)
Sales and Use Tax Franchise Tax Total Taxes	\$ 142,080	\$ 176,601	\$ 34,521 334 34,855
INTERGOVERNMENTAL: FEMA Grant Liquor Tax Total Intergovernmental		5,971 15,164 21,135	571 15,164 15,735
FINES AND FORFEITURES	52,250	37,683	(14,567)
INVESTMENT INCOME	2,090	5,687	3,597
MISCELLANEOUS	24,315	13,428	(10,887)
TOTAL REVENUES	233,616	262,349	28,733
ADMINISTRATION: General Personal Service Other Service and Charges Capital Outlay Total	10,400 85,000 15,552 110,952	13,864 50,519 2,825 67,208	(3,464) 34,481 12,727 43,744
City Council: Personal Service	648	618	30
City Attorney: Personal Service	3,600	3,600	
Clerk: Personal Service	1,400	1,292	108
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	116,600	72,718	43,882

TOWN OF QUINTON BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

PUBLIC SAFETY:	Original and Final Budget		ariance with Original And Final Budget Positive(Negative)
Police:			
Personal Service	101,000	85,602	15 200
Materials and Supplies	40,000		15,398
Other Service and Charges	40,000	31,121	8,879
Capital Outlay	16,000	10,800	5,200
Total	157,000	127,523	29,477
			29,411
Fire:			
Personal Service	1,200	952	248
Materials and Supplies	13,800	11,749	2,051
Capital Outlay	_		
Total	15,000	12,701	2,299
Municipal Court:			
Personal Service	3,400	3,346	54
Total Public Safety	175,400	143,570	31,830
COMMUNITY SERVICE:			
Animal Control:			
Personal Service	4,000	3,875	125
Materials and Supplies	2,000	814	1,186
Other Service and Charges	_	_	
Total	6,000	4,689	1,311
Cemetery:			
Personal Service	8,250	7,700	550
Materials and Supplies	1,250	159	1,091
Other Service and Charges			
Total	9,500	7,859	1,641
Civil Defense:			
Other Services and Charges	500	83	417
Community Center:			
Other Services and Charges	1,500	586	914
Total Community Service	17 500	40.045	
iotal Community Service	17,500	13.217	4,283
Total Charges to Appropriations	300 500	200 505	
Total charges to Appropriations	309,500	229,505	79,995
Transfers to Other Funds:			
Public Works Authority	_	63 000	162 000
Table Holks Additionly		63,000	(63,000)
Changes in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ (75.884)	\$ (30.156)	\$ 45,728
		1 (00/100)	4 43,120

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
	STREET AND ALLEY FUND	CEMETERY FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 41,090 -	\$ 38,117 49,764	\$ 79,207 49,764		
Due from other governments	5,278	_	5,278		
Due from other funds	893	23	916		
Total assets	\$ 47,261	\$ 87,904	\$ 135,165		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,718	\$ -	\$ 1,718		
Payroll taxes payable	196		196		
Total liabilities	1,914		1,914		
FUND BALANCES Reserved for: Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	45,347	87,904	133,251		
Total fund balances	45,347	87,904	133,251		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 47,261	\$ 87,904	\$ 135,165		

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
	STREET		TOTAL	
	AND ALLEY	CEMETERY	NONMAJOR	
	FUND	FUND	FUNDS	
Revenues:		2 0212		
Taxes	\$ 41,750	\$ -	\$ 41,750	
Intergovernmental	9,775	_	9,775	
Charges for services	2,925	975	3,900	
Investment income	_	762	762	
Miscellaneous	577		577	
Total revenues	55,027	1,737	56,764	
Expenditures: Current:				
Community services	47,354		47,354	
Total expenditures	47,354		47,354	
Excess (deficit)	7,673	1,737	9,410	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out		, <u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	7,673	1,737	9,410	
Fund balances - beginning	37,674	86,167	123,841	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 45,347	\$ 87,904	\$ 133,251	

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Town of Quinton Quinton, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying financial statements, of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30,2007, which collectively comprise the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated June 15, 2011 which did not include Management's Discussion and Analysis. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Bristow, Oklahoma

June 15, 2011