

### ♦ CITY OF SAND SPRINGS ♦ OKLAHOMA

### Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



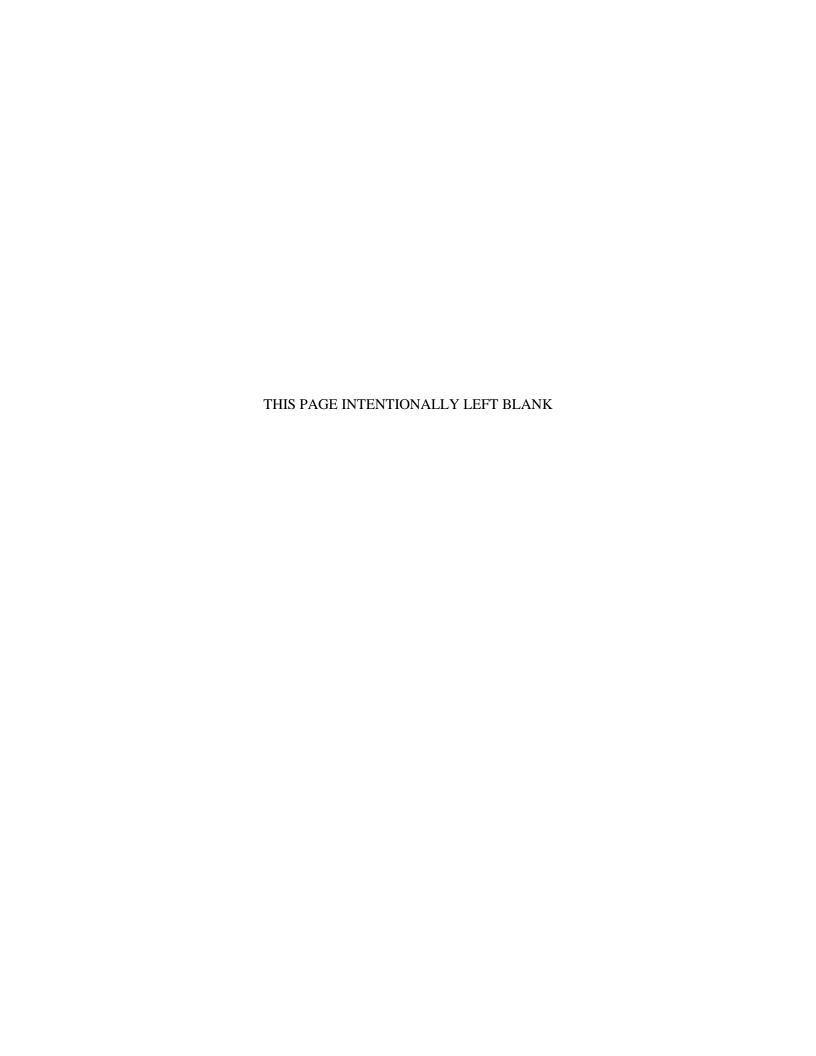
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### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA

### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared By: City of Sand Springs Department of Finance Kelly Lamberson, Finance Director



### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Introduction Section



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021





December 31, 2021

Honorable Mayor, members of the City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Sand Springs (the "City") for the year ended June 30, 2021, is hereby submitted as mandated by the City Charter and state statutes. The City is required to publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accounts.

Responsibility of both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Arledge & Associates, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent audit was conducted to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

### **Profile of the Government**

Sand Springs is located in Northeast Oklahoma, six miles west of Tulsa. The City was incorporated as a city in 1912, just five years after statehood. The city is continually flourishing with an area of 22 square miles, an extended growth area of 150 square miles, and a city population estimated by INCOG at 20,682.

The City has been governed by the Council-Manager form of government since the adoption of a charter in 1969. This form of government most closely resembles the private sector with the Manager serving as the Chief Executive Officer, the Mayor as the Chairman of the Board, and the Council as the Board of Directors.

The City Council is the legislative body for the City of Sand Springs. It is comprised of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and five council members who are elected to serve three-year terms. The seven members represent each of the City's six wards; one member serving an atlarge position. The City Council members are also the Trustees of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority.

The duties of the Council include, but are not limited to, adopting the City's annual budget, adopting ordinances, establishing personnel policies, appointing or electing members of all quasi-legislative boards and commissions, enacting legislation, regulating all other fiscal affairs of the City, and appointing the City Manager.

The City provides its residents with a variety of municipal services, including police and fire protection, comprehensive land use, planning and zoning services, parks and recreational activities, cultural events, and the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure. The City also provides water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste services to its residents under the legal entity of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA). SSMA is a public trust created under applicable Oklahoma statutes on March 14, 1966, with the City named as the beneficiary thereof. These utility systems operate for the benefit of the City of Sand Springs and are an integral part of City operations. The City owns and operates an 18-hole golf course, The Canyons at Blackjack Ridge, and the Sand Springs-Pogue Airport under the SSMA. SSMA's financial statements are blended into the City's financial statements, and together they comprise the City's primary financial presentation. The City is also financially accountable for a legally separate economic development authority (SSEDA) and a legally separate cultural - historical trust; the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (SSCHMTA) is reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1.A).

The City operates on a fiscal year basis, beginning July 1, and ending June 30. All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The City Manager's proposed operating budget for the fiscal year, commencing the following July 1, is submitted to the City Council prior to June 1. A public hearing is held prior to June 15, to obtain citizen comments. Subsequent to the public hearing but not later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of The State Auditor and Inspector. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. All supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Sand Springs Municipal Authority, Sand Springs Economic Development Authority, and the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary.

### Local Economy

The local economy for Sand Springs continued to hold steady during fiscal year 2021 despite the ongoing coronavirus pandemic. Taxable sales went up by 8% in the areas of manufacturing, retail- building materials, and retail- restaurants. Net assessed valuation for Sand Springs also went up 4.7%. The unemployment rate continues to go down in the metro area to 2.1%. Although building permits issued during the year slowed down some due to availability of lots, new projects in the planning stage should correct this. City staff hopes to see an increase in construction as the City continues to work on the major initiatives listed below.

### Major Initiatives

The City of Sand Springs worked on several large projects throughout the year designed to improve quality of life and enhance economic development opportunities. Following is a brief listing of current projects:

Sheffield Crossing Development- The City purchased an additional 9 acres at
this site to be used in conjunction with the existing 18 acres for commercial and
retail business activities. The City made its first sale to Chick-fil-A in December
2019 and the restaurant opened by the end of the fiscal year. The City also
purchased three additional acres on Highway 97 to the North of Chick-fil-A and
anticipates closing on a restaurant to occupy that location in the first quarter of

- 2022. The infrastructure to serve the entire Sheffield Crossing development is nearing completion and should be finished in the first quarter of 2022.
- River West Development- The City began the RiverWest development in 2004, with the purchase of approximately 180 lots. The project envisioned a new retail development that would enhance the retail base of the city. Since 2004, the City (with the benefit of County Vision 2025 fund for economic development) has invested approximately 21 million dollars into the project and has received proceeds from land sales, taxes and utilities to generate approximately 16 million dollars. The project currently generates approximately \$900,000 per year in sales tax revenue for the City. Additionally, the City owns remaining land to be sold with an approximate value of \$2.2 million. A restaurant pad was sold to Schlotzsky's and it is currently in construction. This leaves only two sites remaining for sale within the development.
- 52 Acre Development- The City purchased a 52 acre parcel of land in the spring
  of 2020 for future residential development. The site is currently in design and we
  anticipate the start of development construction to begin in the second quarter of
  2022.
- Main Street Project- This project was awarded Federal Funding and is being managed directly by ODOT. The project will improve Main Street from 1<sup>st</sup> Street to Morrow Road by rebuilding this section to 5 lanes and adding access to the Highway 412 on-ramp at Lincoln Avenue. Main Street south of Morrow Road will be constructed to two lanes and will connect to Highway 97 with a new, signalized intersection. A major storm water upgrade will also be installed under the roadway and will convey water directly to the Arkansas River through a much larger concrete pipe. This project is substantially complete and will open to the public by December of 2021.

**Highway 97 Widening Project** – This project will widen Highway 97 from 2<sup>nd</sup> Street to the Main Street Intersection. It will also improve signal light communication allowing the corridor to move traffic more efficiently and serve the area in a more flexible manner with changes in traffic patterns. ODOT will administer this project which will also include upgrades to the storm water system and reduce the impact of heavy rains upon the local shopping district. We expect this project to Start in the second quarter of 2022.

### Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the 31<sup>st</sup> consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received its 25th consecutive Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2020. This award recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local popular reports. The popular report is an easily understandable financial report on all activities for the general public at large.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is a combined effort of the Accounting staff of the Finance Department with the professional assistance of Crawford & Associates, P.C. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all whom contributed to its preparation.

We would also like to thank the Mayor and the members of the City Council for their leadership, encouragement, and support in strengthening and improving the fiscal policies of the City of Sand Springs.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael S. Carter

City Manager

Kelly A Ľamberson

**Finance Director** 

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA

## PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND STAFF

### JUNE 30, 2021

## MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Vice Mayor	Councilmember	Councilmember	
Patty Dixon	Nancy Riley	Brian Jackson	
Ward 1	Ward 3	Ward 5	At-Large
Councilmember	Councilmember	Councilmember	Mayor
Phil Nollan	Mike Burdge	Beau Wilson	James O. Spoon

Ward 2 Ward 4 Ward 6

### FINANCE COMMITTEE

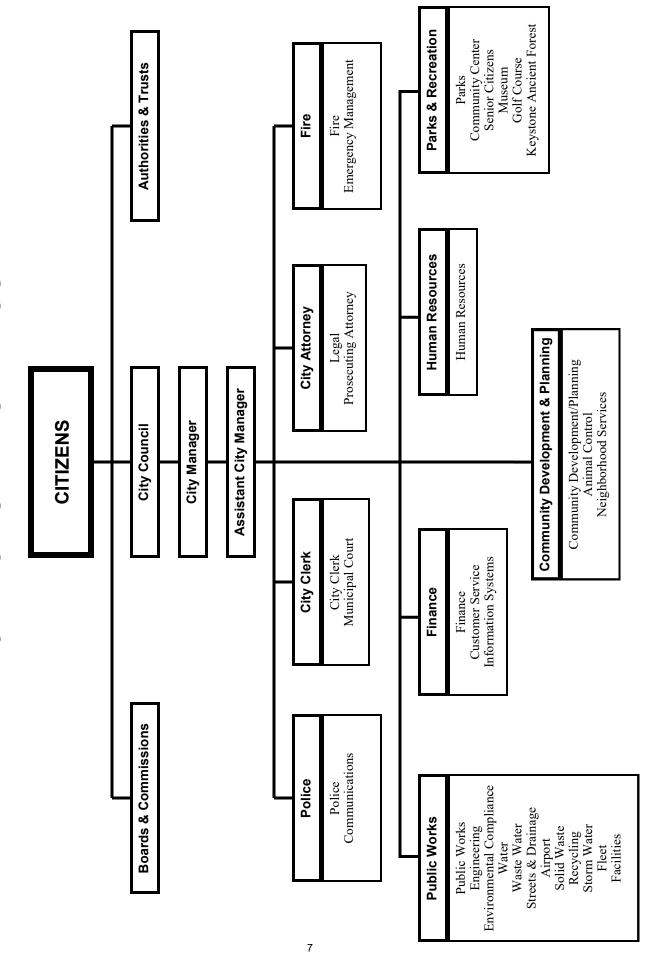
Mike Burdge	Chairman	Mike Carter	Staff Member
Patty Dixon	Councilmember	Kelly Lamberson	Staff Member
James O. Spoon	Councilmember	Arlena Barnes	Staff Member
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Mike Carter	City Manager	Daniel Bradley	Interim Asst City Manager
David Weatherford	City Attorney	Derek Campbell	Public Works Director
Kelly Lamberson	Finance Director	Janice Almy	City Clerk
Brad Bates	City Planner	Amy Fairchild	Human Resources
John Mars	Police Chief	Mike Wood	Fire Chief
	Jeff Edwards	Parks Director	

### ACCOUNTING STAFF

Budget Officer	Accountant	Payroll Specialist
Arlena Barnes	Jamie Muns-Dobson	Twyla Miller
Finance Director	Purchasing Agent	Accounts Payable Specialist
Kelly Lamberson	Melissa Banker	Nadine Rogers

# **CITY OF SAND SPRINGS**





### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### City of Sand Springs Oklahoma

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



### Financial Section



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension exhibits, and other post-employment benefits funding schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 15, 2021

Arledge & Associates, P.C.

\*

As Management of the City of Sand Springs, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Sand Springs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$7.0 million and the assets and deferred outflows of the City continued to exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2021, by \$155.1 million (net position). Of this amount, \$30.2 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$52.1 million.
- At the end of fiscal year 2021, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5.7 million or 33.5% of General Fund revenues.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Sand Springs (the "City"), the Sand Springs Municipal Authority (the "Authority") and a discretely presented component unit. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type, along with one discretely presented component unit. In the prior years, the City included a second discretely presented component unit; however, its activity is immaterial and not included in this report. See also Note 1.A.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) and deferred outflows as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

### Reporting the City as a Whole - Statements of Net Position and Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Sand Springs' basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 21 & 22, respectively) report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer questions. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues, expenses and deferrals are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities -- Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities -- The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or
  most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, stormwater
  and refuse utilities are reported here, along with the golf course and airport
  enterprises.
- Discretely presented component unit -- This accounts for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending.

### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. The City of Sand Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City of Sand Springs can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds -- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds -- When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary fund and are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations, solid waste collection and disposal services, stormwater drainage, the operations of the municipal golf course, and the operations of the municipal airport. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 31-73 of this report.

### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which includes General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Notes to Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedules of Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for both Police and Firefighter's Pension, Schedule of City Contributions for Police and Firefighter's Retirement Systems, and a Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios. Other supplementary information includes Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, Budgetary Comparison Combining Schedules for Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Cash Flow Statements for the component unit, a Schedule of Debt Service and Schedule of Federal Awards. This information can be found on pages 75-103 of this report.

Also included in this report is the Statistical Section which can be found on pages 105-127. This section presents detailed information, typically in ten-year trends, that assists users in utilizing the basic financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to assess the economic condition of the City of Sand Springs.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. This year the net investment in capital assets amounted to \$105.2 million. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Discretely Presented Component Unit is excluded from the following table.

### The City of Sand Springs' Net Position

(expressed in \$ 000's)

				Busines	ss-type				
	Governmental Activities			Activities			Total		
		2021	2020	 2021	2020		2021		2020
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$	39,758	\$ 32,623	\$ 29,035	\$ 33,786	\$	68,793	\$	66,409
Capital assets		74,221	71,911	 88,481	88,507		162,702		160,418
Total assets		113,979	104,534	117,516	122,293		231,495		226,827
Deferred outflows of resources:									
Deferred amount on refunding		-	-	89	-		89		-
Deferred amounts related to pension		3,578	2,374	-	-		3,578		2,374
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		301	79	200	49		501		128
Total deferred outflows		3,879	2,453	289	49		4,168		2,502
Liabilities:									
Long-term liabilities		46,813	45,252	29,230	31,034		76,043		76,286
Other liabilities		2,052	1,967	850	779		2,902		2,746
Total liabilities		48,865	47,219	30,080	31,813		78,945		79,032
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,016	1,691	-	-		1,016		1,691
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		352	316	250	229		602		545
Total deferred inflows		1,368	2,007	250	229		1,618		2,236
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets		44,253	44,058	60,950	60,182		105,203		104,240
Restricted		18,963	12,906	727	2,532		19,690		15,438
Unrestricted		4,409	797	25,798	27,586		30,207		28,383
Total net position	\$	67,625	\$ 57,761	\$ 87,475	\$ 90,300	\$	155,100	\$	148,061

The following table reflects the changes in the City's net position as a result of revenue earnings and the incurring of expenses during the fiscal year. A comparison is made between the two fiscal years to show the change in net position.

### The City of Sand Springs' Change in Net Position (expressed in \$ 000's)

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:			•			
Program revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,193	\$ 1,283	\$ 16,810	\$ 15,999	\$ 18,003	\$ 17,282
Grants & Contributions	2,933	1,983	2	573	2,935	2,556
Capital Grants & Contributions	563	277	1,052	436	1,615	713
General Revenues:						
Sales & Use Tax	16,888	15,300	-	-	16,888	15,300
Other Taxes	5,695	4,017	-	-	5,695	4,017
Other General Revenues	1,153	3,214	59	439	1,212	3,653
Total Revenues	28,425	26,074	17,923	17,447	46,348	43,521
Program Expenses:						
General Government	2,080	2,266	_	_	2,080	2,266
Planning & Zoning	199	184	_	_	199	184
Financial Administration	1,019	964	_	_	1,019	964
Public Safety	11,487	10,419	_	_	11,487	10,419
Highways & Streets	2,606	2,432	_	_	2,606	2,432
Health & Welfare	2	27	_	_	2	27
Culture & Recreation	2,202	3,370	_	_	2,202	3,370
Economic Development	1,584	864	_	_	1,584	864
General Properties	644	549	_	-	644	549
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,572	834	_	-	1,572	834
Water	=	-	8,547	7,969	8,547	7,969
Wastewater	-	-	3,619	4,307	3,619	4,307
Solid Waste	-	-	1,524	1,554	1,524	1,554
Storm Water	-	-	393	412	393	412
Airport	-	-	824	750	824	750
Golf Course	-	-	1,007	776	1,007	776
<b>Total Expenses</b>	23,395	21,909	15,914	15,768	39,309	37,677
Excess/(Deficiency)	5,030	4,165	2,009	1,679	7,039	5,844
Net Transfers	4,834	(3,502)	(4,834)	3,502		
Increase (decrease) in Net Position Beginning net position	9,864 57,761	663 57,098	(2,825) 90,300	5,181 85,119	7,039 148,061	5,844 142,217
Ending net position	\$ 67,625	\$ 57,761	\$ 87,475	\$ 90,300	\$ 155,100	\$ 148,061

### **Governmental Activities**

The City's governmental activities' increase in net position of \$9.9 million represents a 17.1% increase. The increase was due to the increase in net transfers from business-type activities. In governmental activities, operating grants and contributions increased from prior year by \$0.9 million. This increase was due to the grant monies related to the pandemic. Public Safety and Economic Development expenses increased for a combined total of approximately \$1.8 million from prior year while Culture & Recreation decreased by approximately \$1.2 million from prior year. Public safety's increase continued to be due to updated pay scales for the police and fire departments as well as bulk purchases of PPE for pandemic response. Culture and recreation's decrease was due primarily to flooding disaster clean up and repairs in the prior year.

### **Business-type Activities**

The business-type activities' decrease in net position of \$2.8 million represents a 3.1% decrease. This decrease is due to the decrease in net transfers in from governmental activities for capital improvements.

Overall, total business-type activities' revenues are sufficient to cover their total business-type activities' expenses. Individually, Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, and Stormwater revenues cover their expenses, and make up for the revenue deficiencies in the Airport, and Golf business-type functions.

### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2021 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$52.1 million, or a 12.6% increase from the prior year. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$72.5 million, or a 0.9% decrease from 2020. The fund balance and net position restrictions are listed below.

Fund Balance Classifications:		
Nonspendable	\$ 19,491	
Restricted	31,359,223	
Assigned	15,047,508	
Unassigned	5,715,044	
Total Fund Balance		\$ 52,141,266
Enterprise Funds Net Position Restrictions: Restricted for debt service	\$ 726,744	
Total Net Position Restrictions		\$ 726,744

### Other fund highlights include:

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$3.4 million, or 53.3%. The primary reason for the increase is due to pandemic relief monies of approximately \$1.6 million. The Council has established a policy for maintaining the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at not less than 10% of revenues. The total unassigned fund balance at year end was 33.5% of revenues.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Comparing the fiscal year 2021 original budget (or adopted) General Fund expenditures and transfers amount of \$15,935,342 to the final budgeted amount of \$16,701,382 shows a net increase of \$766,040 or 4.8%. Total original budgeted revenues and transfers were revised from \$14,149,902 to \$16,576,895, an increase of \$2,426,993 or 17.1%.

General Fund actual revenues and transfers totaled \$1,682,210 more than final estimates, while expenditures and transfers out were under final appropriations by \$1,830,885. General government, public safety and highways and streets were the primary reason, coming in approximately \$1.3 million under budget appropriations.

The expenditure budget increase was due to several various reasons; (1) purchase order and project rollovers from prior year of approximately \$270,000, (2) pay plan update of approximately \$175,000, (3) storm damage and traffic signal repairs covered by insurance settlements of approximately \$\$80,000, (4) pandemic expenditures of approximately \$100,000, and (5) various other budget adjustments of approximately \$76,000. Actual revenues exceeded budget estimates due to sales and use tax revenues exceeding projections.

### CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of June 30, 2021, the City had \$162.7 million invested in capital assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads and bridges. This represents a net increase of \$2.3 million over last year.

Following are details regarding the change in the City's capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2021.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to page 51, Note 3.D. Capital Assets

### The City of Sand Springs' Capital Assets

(expressed in \$ 000's)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Totals					
	 2021	2021 2020			2021		2020		2021		2020			
Land	\$ 19,906	\$	16,969	\$	2,169	\$	2,169	\$	22,075	\$	19,138			
Buildings	26,335		11,354		47,917		47,859		74,252		59,213			
Improvements & Other	8,908		8,557		47,006		44,590		55,914		53,147			
Equipment	12,868		12,450		7,711		7,614		20,579		20,064			
Infrastructure	47,345		46,681		60,121		58,244		107,466		104,925			
Intangible	-		-		6,703		6,703		6,703		6,703			
Construction-in-progress	6,712		21,322		1,847		3,140		8,559		24,462			
Totals	122,074		117,333		173,474		170,319		295,548		287,652			
Less Depreciation	 (47,853)		(45,422)		(84,993)		(81,812)		(132,846)	-	(127,234)			
Totals, Net	\$ 74,221	\$	71,911	\$	88,481	\$	88,507	\$	162,702	\$	160,418			

This year's more significant capital asset additions include:

•	Sheffield Crossing	\$1.5 million
•	Land South Main St	\$1.8 million
•	Street sweeper	\$0.3 million
•	Traffic Signal improvements/replacements	\$0.4 million
•	Street improvements	\$0.4 million

### **Debt Administration**

At year-end, the City had \$60.5 million in long-term debt outstanding, which represents a \$6.2 million decrease from the prior year. These debts are further detailed as follows: <sup>2</sup>

### The City of Sand Springs' Long-term Debt

(expressed in \$ 000's)

	Governmental Activities			Busine Acti		• •	Totals				
	2021		2020	2021	21 2020			2021		2020	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 19,585	\$	20,845	\$ _	\$	_	\$	19,585	\$	20,845	
Capital Lease Obligations	108		279	-		-		108		279	
Judgment Payable	165		-	-		-		165		-	
Notes Payable	-		-	3,251		3,985		3,251		3,985	
Revenue Bonds	14,120		14,605	21,920		25,645		36,040		40,250	
Accrued Compensation	1,021		983	308		287		1,329		1,270	
Totals	\$ 34,999	\$	36,712	\$ 25,479	\$	29,917	\$	60,478	\$	66,629	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For more detailed information on long-term debt activity please refer to page 52, Note 3.E. Long-Term Debt

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Sand Springs' local economy remained strong in 2021, despite the continuing global pandemic. This was evident with an increase in sales and use tax revenues by over 10%, due to an increase in taxable sales from manufacturing, wholesale trade, restaurants, online sales, and other retail sales. The unemployment rate for the metro area went down to 2.1%. Per capita personal income increased by 5.4%. The net assessed valuation for Sand Springs increased by 4.7%.

The FY22 budget assumed revenues generated from sales tax would exceed FY21 budget by 6.7% and remain flat in FY22 due to the ongoing uncertainty of the COVID pandemic. However, actual FY21 revenues reflected a 10.7% increase in sales tax over budget, and continue to outperform projections during the first quarter of FY22. Use tax revenues were budgeted to increase by 67% over FY21 budget, and so far in FY22 have exceeded projections during the first quarter as well. As a result of this, and the receipt of CARES Act funding for the reimbursement of pandemic related expenses, the City was able to fully fund its 30% reserves policy set forth by City ordinance. Council and staff was also able to include in the FY22 budget the funding to provide 4% wage increases to all city employees as well as continued funding for projects to enhance economic development for the City. Furthermore, the FY22 budget allows for a one-year freeze on sewer, refuse, and stormwater rates and a reduction of the annual water rate increase from 3% to 1%. This will provide some financial relief to our utility customers during the continuing global pandemic.

### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at 100 E. Broadway, Sand Springs, Oklahoma or phone at (918) 246-2518. This report may be found on the City's website, www.sandspringsok.org.

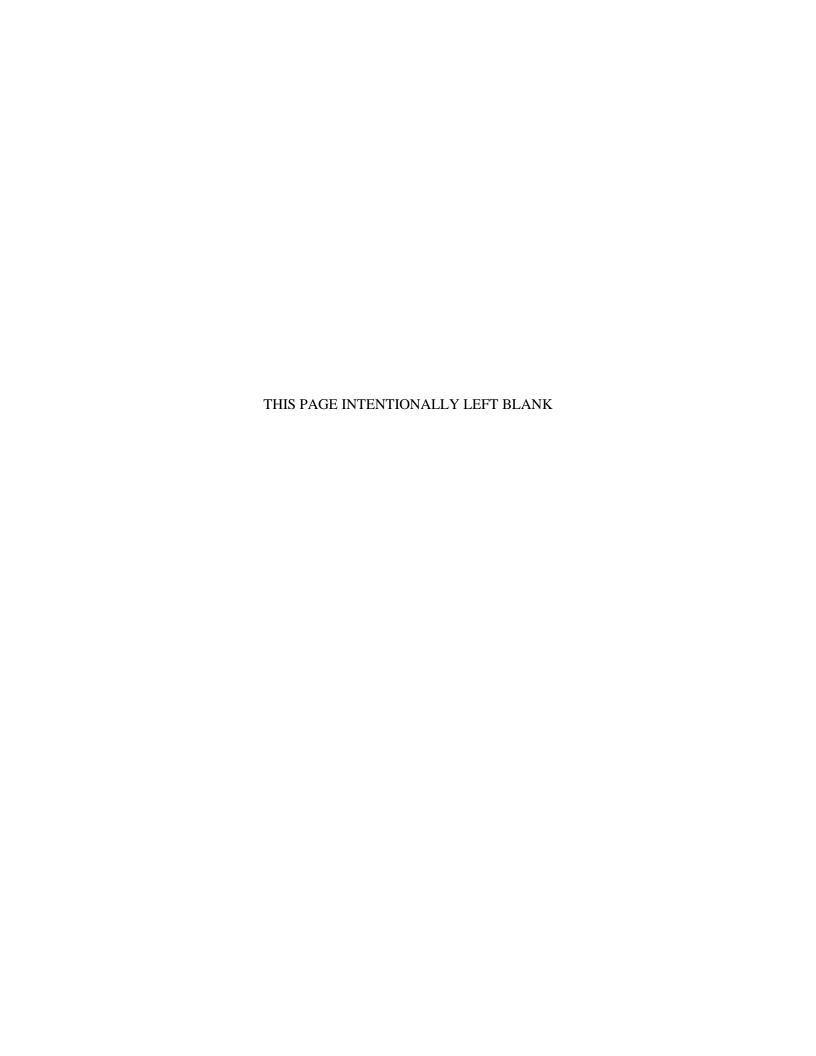
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### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
  - -Governmental funds
  - -Proprietary (enterprise) funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

		Primary Government						Component Unit		
		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total		eum Trust uthority		
ASSETS	•	00 005 500	Φ.	40,000,000	Φ.	10 107 501	Φ.	405 705		
Cash and equivalents	\$	28,965,568	\$	19,202,023	\$	48,167,591	\$	125,795		
Investments		6,318,936		7,407,000		13,725,936		-		
Deposit with insurance pool		1,174,056		- - 405		1,174,056		-		
Interest receivable		1,834		5,135		6,969		-		
Accounts receivable, net		266,226		1,704,307		1,970,533		-		
Due from other governmental agencies		3,012,628		491,339		3,503,967		-		
Inventories		18,768		224,689		243,457		-		
Other assets		723		1,087		1,810		-		
Capital assets:		00 040 404		40.740.000		07 000 750				
Capital assets, nondepreciable		26,618,124		10,718,632		37,336,756		-		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		47,602,463		77,762,170		125,364,633		<del></del>		
Total Assets	-	113,979,326		117,516,382	-	231,495,708		125,795		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred amount on refunding		-		89,102		89,102		-		
Deferred amounts related to pension		3,578,247		-		3,578,247		-		
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		300,423		200,394		500,817				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,878,670		289,496		4,168,166				
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,157,295		540,195		1,697,490		3,736		
Accrued interest payable		374,389		127,767		502,156		-		
Accrued payroll liabilities		477,989		174,147		652,136		219		
Due to other governmental agencies		1,257		3,918		5,175		38		
Amounts held in escrow		40,519		-		40,519		-		
Unearned revenue		-		3,626		3,626		-		
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		2,150,082		1,426,263		3,576,345		-		
Due in more than one year		33,166,027		26,938,282		60,104,309		-		
Net pension liability		9,700,896		-		9,700,896		-		
Total OPEB liability		1,796,238		866,044		2,662,282		-		
Total Liabilities		48,864,692		30,080,242		78,944,934		3,993		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,015,797		_		1,015,797		_		
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		352,261		250,474		602,735		_		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,368,058		250,474		1,618,532		-		
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		44,253,029		60,949,849		105,202,878		_		
Restricted for:		. 1,200,020		30,010,040		. 50,202,010				
Capital projects		10,816,187		_		10,816,187		_		
Public safety		974,050		_		974,050		_		
Debt service		1,558,563		726,744		2,285,307		_		
Economic development		5,478,571		-		5,478,571		_		
Other projects		135,756		_		135,756		_		
Unrestricted		4,409,090		25,798,569		30,207,659		121,802		
Total Net Position	\$	67,625,246	\$	87,475,162	\$	155,100,408	\$	121,802		

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenue			Primary Government Con	ıt	Component Unit
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Museum Trust
Functions/Programs Primary government	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
Governmental Activities		900 190	e	6	(1 017 771)	e	(1 047 774)	e
General government	198,610	4 201,990	· '	- ·		e .	(1,017,771)	9
Financial administration	1.019.307				(1.019.307)		(1.019.307)	
Public safety	11,487,138	805.963	2.752.684	1.620	(7.926.871)		(7.926.871)	•
Highways and streets	2,605,660	469	180,093	139,864	(2,285,234)	•	(2,285,234)	•
Health and welfare	2,257	•	•	•	(2,257)		(2,257)	•
Culture and recreation	2,201,588	95,430	•	421,056	(1,685,102)		(1,685,102)	•
Economic development	1,584,029	13,650	•	•	(1,570,379)		(1,570,379)	•
Facilities management and fleet maintenance		•	•		(644,355)		(644,355)	•
Interest on long-term debt	1,572,123	•		•	(1,572,123)		(1,572,123)	•
Total governmental activities	23,394,834	1,192,658	2,932,777	562,540	(18,706,859)		(18,706,859)	•
Business-type activities								
Water operations	8 546 991	8 819 294	349	307 550	•	580 202	580 202	•
Wastewater operations	3 619 192	3.503.813	55	232, 100	•	116 786	116,786	•
Solid waste operations	1 523 893	2 176 448	1 524	1	•	654 079	654 079	•
Stormwater operations	392,304	1,411,568		262.300	•	1.281,564	1.281.564	
Airport operations	824,049	374,251	•	250,254	•	(199,544)	(199,544)	•
Golf course operations	1,007,133	525,134	•			(481,999)	(481,999)	•
Total business-type activities	15,913,562	16,810,508	1,938	1,052,204		1,951,088	1,951,088	
Total primary government	\$ 39,308,396	\$ 18,003,166	\$ 2,934,715	\$ 1,614,744	(18,706,859)	1,951,088	(16,755,771)	
Component Units				•				17
Culture and recreation				·				(15,586)
Total component units	\$ 38,121	\$ 5,372	\$ 17,163	· &				(15,586)
	General revenues:							
	Taxes:							
	Sales and use taxes	xes			16.887.650		16.887.650	•
	Property taxes				3,051,201		3.051,201	•
	Franchise taxes				817,525	•	817,525	•
	Abatement taxes				23,489	•	23,489	
	E-911 taxes				181,108	•	181,108	•
	Hotel/Motel taxes				318,544		318,544	•
	Payment in lieu of	of tax			1,303,484	•	1,303,484	•
	Grants and contril	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	to specific programs		369,678		369,678	•
	Unrestricted investment earnings	tment earnings			383,074	35,198	418,272	1,373
	Miscellaneous				400,154	23,923	424,077	•
	Transfers				4,834,693	(4,834,693)	•	•
	Total general		S		28,570,600	(4,775,572)	23,795,028	1,373
	Change in net	et position			9,863,741	(2,824,484)	7,039,257	(14,213)
	Net position - beginnin	ing						
	Net position - ending	_			\$ 67,625,246	\$ 87,475,162	\$ 155,100,408	\$ 121,802

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	_ <u>G</u>	eneral Fund	ln	Street provement	lm	Capital provement r/Wastewater	Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund		2018 General Obligation Bond City Project Fund		ation Bond Government		G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•	0.504.000	\$	E E0E 000	\$	5 000 004	•	4 040 000	\$	4 400 407	\$	40 470 050	s	20 500 500
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	6,561,302 1,253,712	ф	5,525,628 4,685,551	Þ	5,823,331 2,869,681	\$	1,310,902	Ф	4,162,407	Þ	16,178,956 1,534,793	Þ	39,562,526 10,343,737
Deposit with insurance pool		1,174,056		4,000,001		2,009,001		-		-		1,534,793		1,174,056
Accrued interest receivable		74		1,677		335		-		-		1,257		3,343
Taxes receivable, net		445.020		1,077		333		-		-		1,257		3,343 445,020
		1.235.278		245.670		491.339		221.103		-		865,557		3,058,947
Due from other governments  Court fines receivable, net		1,235,276		245,670		491,339		221,103		-		000,007		113.766
		-,		-		-		-		-		05.004		-,
Other receivables		66,596		-		-		-		-		85,864		152,460
Inventories		18,768		-		-		-		-		-		18,768
Prepaid items	_	723	_		_		_	4 500 005	_	4 400 407	_		_	723
Total assets	_\$_	10,869,295	_\$_	10,458,526	\$	9,184,686	\$	1,532,005	\$	4,162,407	\$	18,666,427	\$	54,873,346
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BAL	ANCES													
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	277,421	\$	7,346	\$	106,960	\$	240	\$	44,963	\$	863,958	\$	1,300,888
Payable to other governments		1,257		-		-		-		-		-		1,257
Other accrued expenditures		465,373		-		-		238,266		-		-		703,639
Amounts held in escrow		28,417		-		-		-		-		-		28,417
Other payables		24,718		-		-		-		-		-		24,718
Total liabilities	_	797,186		7,346		106,960		238,506		44,963		863,958		2,058,919
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Unavailable revenues		340,688		1,587		244		-		-		330,642	_	673,161
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable		19,491		_		-		-		_		_		19,491
Restricted		771,408		9,811,799		8,498,329		908,825		4,117,444		7,251,418		31,359,223
Assigned		3,225,478		637,794		579,153		384,674		-		10,220,409		15,047,508
Unassigned		5,715,044		-						_		,0, 100		5,715,044
Total fund balances		9,731,421		10,449,593		9,077,482		1,293,499		4,117,444		17,471,827	_	52.141.266
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	10,869,295	\$	10,458,526	\$	9,184,686	\$	1,532,005	\$	4,162,407	\$	18,666,427	\$	54,873,346
													_	

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 52,141,266
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$47,853,256	74,220,587
Certain long-term and other assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported, or reported as unavailable in the funds:	
Accrued interest receivable	1,698
Court fines receivable	81,123
Other receivables	584,050
Receivable from other governments	5,000
Deferred outflows of resources are not outflows that relate to the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension related deferred outflows	3,578,247
OPEB related deferred outflows	300,423
Capital project funds are used by management to purchase or construct certain capital assets for the City. The assets and liabilities of certain capital project funds are included in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position:	
Fund balance of the Water and Wastewater CIP Fund	(9,077,482)
Fund balance of the SSMA CIP Fund	(1,048,483)
Fund balance of the Airport CIP Fund	(148,463)
Fund balance of the Stormwater CIP Fund	(4,671,932)
Fund balance of the Golf Course CIP Fund	(23,604)
Certain long-term liabilities and related accounts are not due and payable from current financial resources and therefore they, along with deferred inflows, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability	(9,700,896)
Pension related deferred inflows	(1,015,797)
OPEB related deferred inflows	(352,261)
Accrued interest payable	(135,883)
General obligation bonds payable	(19,585,000)
Revenue bonds payable	(14,120,000)
Capital lease payable	(108,354)
Judgment payable	(165,000)
Unamortized premium on debt	(316,611)
Accrued compensated absences	(1,021,144)
Total OPEB liability	 (1,796,238)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 67,625,246

See accompanying notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

# City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Street Improvement	Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater	Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund	2018 General Obligation Bond City Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	¢ 44.740.074	e 4.050.000	r 0.740.775	¢ 4.070.740	•	f 0.500,000	¢ 00.500.440
Taxes Fees and fines	\$ 11,716,971 157,256	\$ 1,856,388	\$ 3,712,775	\$ 1,670,749	\$ -	\$ 3,563,260	\$ 22,520,143 157,256
Licenses and permits	161,229	-	-	-	-	13,650	174,879
	3,812,478	•	-	-	10.215	·	4,212,911
Intergovernmental Charges for services	3,812,478 964,759	-	144,775	-	10,315	390,118 32,882	4,212,911 1,142,416
Investment earnings	57,088	51,316	9,366	1,450	718	32,002 11,631	131,569
Miscellaneous	182,673	31,310	9,300	1,450	4,245	379,601	566,519
Total revenues	17,052,454	1,907,704	3,866,916	1,672,199	15,278	4,391,142	
Total revenues	17,052,454	1,907,704	3,800,910	1,672,199	15,278	4,391,142	28,905,693
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	1,177,325	-	-	-	-	-	1,177,325
Planning and zoning	186,100	-	-	-	-	-	186,100
Financial administration	1,002,749	-	-	-	-	-	1,002,749
Public safety	9,413,782	-	-	-	-	-	9,413,782
Highways and streets	815,522	-	-	-	-	-	815,522
Health and welfare	3,460	-	-	-	-	-	3,460
Culture and recreation	1,496,453	-	-	-	-	-	1,496,453
Community and economic development	431,697	-	-	-	-	911,819	1,343,516
Facilities management and fleet maintenance	753,135	-	-	-	-	-	753,135
Debt Service:							
Principal	170,260	-	-	485,000	-	1,145,000	1,800,260
Interest and other charges	1,704	-	-	492,027	-	861,980	1,355,711
Capital Outlay	5,281	226,795	1,273,842	148,519	2,304,433	5,230,286	9,189,156
Total expenditures	15,457,468	226,795	1,273,842	1,125,546	2,304,433	8,149,085	28,537,169
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,594,986	1,680,909	2,593,074	546,653	(2,289,155)	(3,757,943)	368,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	1,510,000	1,510,000
Premiums from issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	74,035	74,035
Payment to refunding/escrow account	-	-	-	-	-	(1,625,000)	(1,625,000)
Transfers in	1.899.585		_			12,669,055	14,568,640
Transfers out	(113,300)	(650,000)	(2,850,000)	(100,000)		(5,365,225)	(9,078,525)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,786,285	(650,000)	(2,850,000)	(100,000)		7,262,865	5,449,150
-							
Net change in fund balances	3,381,271	1,030,909	(256,926)	446,653	(2,289,155)	3,504,922	5,817,674
Fund balances - beginning	6,350,150	9,418,684	9,334,408	846,846	6,406,599	13,966,905	46,323,592
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,731,421	\$ 10,449,593	\$ 9,077,482	\$ 1,293,499	\$ 4,117,444	\$ 17,471,827	\$ 52,141,266

## City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

et change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	5,817,674
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report		
depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		4,739,455
Book value of capital assets disposed or sold		(110,982)
Capital assets donated		421,056
Depreciation expense		(2,740,535)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is	;	
reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension		
contributions as expenditures.		(1,068,112)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In		
contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. This is the		
change in unavailable revenues.		(802,255)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt		
increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is ar	ı	
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the		
Statement of Net Position:		
Capital lease obligation principal payments		170,260
General obligation bond principal payments		1,145,000
General obligation bond proceeds		(1,510,000)
Judgment principal payment		82,500
Judgment payable		(247,500)
Revenue bond principal payments		485,000
Premium on bonds issued		(74,035)
Amortization of bond premium		617
Transfer to escrow agent due to refunding		1,625,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Changes in:		(90, 206)
Accrued interest		(80,206)
Amortization expense Accrued compensated absences		28,189 (38,069)
Total OPEB liability		(132,184)
Total OFEB liability		(132, 164)
Capital project funds are used by management to purchase or construct certain capital assets for		
the City. The net change in fund balances of certain capital project funds are included in the		
business-type activities column of the Statement of Activities:		
Water and Wastewater CIP		256,926
SSMA Capital Fund		(962,994)
Airport CIP Fund		(17,501)
Stormwater CIP Fund		2,849,750
Golf Course CIP Fund		26,687
Change in net postion of governmental activities	\$	9,863,741

## City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,609,219	\$ 2,072,179	\$ 1,667,829	\$ 235,013	\$ 110,231	\$ 9,644	\$ 7,704,115
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	655,890	115,394	-	-	-	-	771,284
Investments	2,384,659	505,550	-	-	-	-	2,890,209
Interest receivable	3,626	-	-	-	-	-	3,626
Accounts receivable, net	971,572	361,118	220,448	14,805	2,014	134,350	1,704,307
Inventories	191,979	-	-	32,710	-	-	224,689
Prepaid expenses	1,087						1,087
Total current assets	7,818,032	3,054,241	1,888,277	282,528	112,245	143,994	13,299,317
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	129,666	-	-	-	-	129,666
Restricted investments	460,540	31,450	-	-	-	-	491,990
Capital assets, nondepreciable	8,722,652	392,762	-	598,056	535,720	469,442	10,718,632
Other capital assets, net	35,004,503	29,545,670	576,017	4,611,102	2,715,232	5,309,646	77,762,170
Total noncurrent assets	44,187,695	30,099,548	576,017	5,209,158	3,250,952	5,779,088	89,102,458
Total assets	52,005,727	33,153,789	2,464,294	5,491,686	3,363,197	5,923,082	102,401,775
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred amounts on refunding	89,102	-	-	-	-	-	89,102
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	114,986	61,069	20,976	2,841		522	200,394
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	204,088	61,069	20,976	2,841		522	289,496
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	191,504	73,250	14,081	35,006	82,365	748	396,954
Accrued payroll liabilities	103,864	41,801	23,002	5,368	62,303	740	174,035
Accrued interest payable	115,789	11,978	23,002	5,500	•	-	127,767
Payable to other governments	115,769	3,918	•	•	•	-	3,918
Unearned revenue	3,626	3,910	•	•	•	-	3,626
Current portion of:	3,020	-	-	-	-	-	3,020
	24 002	14 400	10.710	1 201			60,295
Compensated absences	31,802	14,400	12,712	1,381	-	-	
Deposits subject to refund	105,043		-	-	•	-	105,043
Notes payable	125,451	630,517	-	-	•	-	755,968
Revenue bonds payable	610,000						610,000
Total current liabilities	1,287,079	775,864	49,795	41,755	82,365	748_	2,237,606
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences	127,206	57,600	50,850	12,430	-	-	248,086
Deposits subject to refund	420,172		<del>.</del>	· · · · · ·	-	-	420,172
Total OPEB liability	481,135	224,530	144,341	16,038	-	-	866,044
Notes payable	1,103,142	1,402,636	-	-	-	-	2,505,778
Revenue bonds payable	23,659,203						23,659,203
Total non-current liabilities	25,790,858	1,684,766	195,191	28,468			27,699,283
Total liabilities	27,077,937	2,460,630	244,986	70,223	82,365	748	29,936,889
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	126,391	62,929	44,043	3,293	-	13,818	250,474
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	18,229,359	27,905,275	576,017	5,209,158	3,250,952	5,779,088	60,949,849
Restricted for debt service	462,211	264,533	-	-	-	-	726,744
Unrestricted	6,313,917	2,521,491	1,620,224	211,853	29,880	129,950	10,827,315
Total net position	\$ 25,005,487	\$ 30,691,299	\$ 2,196,241	\$ 5,421,011	\$ 3,280,832	\$ 5,909,038	72,503,908
Capital project funds are used by management to assets and liabilities of certain capital project gove the Statement of Net Position: Water and Wastewater CIP SSMA Capital Fund Airport CIP Fund							9,077,482 1,048,483 148,463
Stormwater CIP Fund							4,671,932
Golf Course CIP Fund							23,604
Revenue deferred in governmental capital project	funds because the re	venue is not available	to pay fund liabilities ba	as been			
recognized as revenue in the Statement of Ac							1,290
Total net position per Government-Wide financial			7,				\$ 87,475,162
		See accompanying	notes to the Basic Fina	ancial Statements.			/

## City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 8,637,031	\$ 3,490,876	\$ 2,167,565	\$ 125,483	\$ 498,201	\$ 1,410,659	\$ 16,329,815
Operating grants	-	65	-	-	-	-	65
Miscellaneous				243,831			243,831
Total operating revenues	8,637,031	3,490,941	2,167,565	369,314	498,201	1,410,659	16,573,711
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	2,417,150	1,045,764	635,995	109,726	400	26,257	4,235,292
Operations and maintenance	3,243,491	1,359,080	733,146	365,160	746,268	209,205	6,656,350
Depreciation	1,601,744	1,033,426	111,318	344,185	192,423	155,963	3,439,059
Total operating expenses	7,262,385	3,438,270	1,480,459	819,071	939,091	391,425	14,330,701
Operating income (loss)	1,374,646	52,671	687,106	(449,757)	(440,890)	1,019,234	2,243,010
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest and investment revenue	14.889	2,533	190	36	9	20	17.677
Miscellaneous revenue	5,119	316	1,524	258	3,629	30	10.876
Grants and contributions	349	-	1,024	-	0,020	-	349
Loss on disposal of capital asset	(478)	_	_	_	_	_	(478)
Interest expense and fiscal agent charges	(815,132)	(50,281)	_	_	_	_	(865,413)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(795,253)	(47,432)	1,714	294	3,638	50	(836,989)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	579,393	5,239	688,820	(449,463)	(437,252)	1,019,284	1,406,021
Capital contributions	1,398,512	255,004	207,841	283,770	681,061	587,409	3,413,597
Transfers in	800,000	-	-	100,000	200,000	-	1,100,000
Transfers out	(3,462,089)	(885,160)	(858,438)	-	(39,428)	(1,345,000)	(6,590,115)
Change in net position	(684,184)	(624,917)	38,223	(65,693)	404,381	261,693	(670,497)
Total net position - beginning	25,689,671	31,316,216	2,158,018	5,486,704	2,876,451	5,647,345	73,174,405
Total net position - ending	\$ 25,005,487	\$ 30,691,299	\$ 2,196,241	\$ 5,421,011	\$ 3,280,832	\$ 5,909,038	\$ 72,503,908
Change in net position, per above							\$ (670,497)
Capital project funds are used by management to pur activities of certain capital project governmental funds Statement of Activities:			•				. ,
Water and Wastewater CIP SSMA Capital Fund							(256,926) 962,994
Airport CIP Fund							17,501
Stormwater CIP Fund							(2,849,750)
Golf Course CIP Fund							(26,687)
Revenue deferred in governmental capital project fun recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities I				has been			(1,119)
Change in Business-Type Activities in Net Position pe	er Government-Wide	Financial Statements	i				\$ (2,824,484)

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Receipts of customer meter deposits Refunds of customer meter deposits	\$ 9,026,634 (3,357,958) (2,340,361) 92,885 (81,533)	\$ 3,930,521 (1,350,078) (1,007,589)	521 \$ 2,188,623 078) (741,195) 589) (608,427)	\$ 409,512 (358,308) (107,251)	\$ 526,982 (711,651) (400)	\$ 1,413,207 (209,205) (30,068)	\$ 17,495,479 (6,728,395) (4,094,096) 92,885 (81,533)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,339,667	1,572,854	854 839,001	(56,047)	(185,069)	1,173,934	6,684,340
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	800,000 (3,462,089)	(885,160)	- 160) (858,438)	100,000	200,000 (39,428)	. (1,345,000)	1,100,000 (6,590,115)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	(2,662,089)	(885,160)	(858,438)	100,000	160,572	(1,345,000)	(5,490,115)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Premium from issuance of capital debt Transfer to refunding escrow	21,920,000 (121,862) (489,481) 2,441,691 (26,106,167)	(612,822) (60,469)	822)				21,920,000 (734,684) (549,950) 2,441,691 (26,106,167)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,355,819)	(673,291)	291)				(3,029,110)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale of investments Interest and dividends	1,747,282	, c,	6,313 - 2,533 190	, 98	, ,	, 20	1,753,595 17,677
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,762,171	88	8,846 190	36	6	20	1,771,272
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	83,930	23,	23,249 (19,247)	) 43,989	(24,488)	(171,046)	(63,613)
Balances - beginning of the year	4,181,179	2,293,990	1,687,076	191,024	134,719	180,690	8,668,678
Balances - end of the year	\$ 4,265,109	\$ 2,317,239	239 \$ 1,667,829	\$ 235,013	\$ 110,231	\$ 9,644	\$ 8,605,065
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,609,219 655,890 - \$ 4,265,109	\$ 2,072,179 115,394 129,666 \$ 2,317,239	179 \$ 1,667,829 394 - 666 \$ 1,667,829	\$ 235,013	\$ 110,231	\$ 9,644	\$ 7,704,115 771,284 129,666 \$ 8,605,065

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Continued)

	SSMA Water Utility Fund	SSMA Wastewater Utility Fund	//A water Fund	Solid	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	SSMA Airport Fund	"   	SSMA Golf Fund	SSMA Stormwater Fund	Total Proprietary Funds	. 1
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:											
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,374,646	↔	52,671	€9	687,106	\$ (449,757)	↔	(440,890)	\$ 1,019,234	\$ 2,243,010	0
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:											
Depreciation expense	1,601,744		1,033,426		111,318	344,185	92	192,423	155,963	3,439,059	60
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)	5,119		316		1,524	2	258	3,629	30	10,876	92
Change in assets and liabilities:											
Receivables, net	384,135		439,264		19,534	39,940	40	25,152	2,518	910,543	5
Inventory	(12,026)					(21,813)	13)			(33,839)	39)
Prepaid expenses	175					•				17	175
o Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(107,855)		(23,603)		(18,469)	(1,961)	61)		358	(151,530)	30
Accounts payables	(102, 266)		8,192		(8,049)	28,663	63	34,617	•	(38,843)	43)
Customer meter deposits payable	11,352					•			•	11,352	22
Payable to other governments			810			'				810	01
Total OPEB liability	134,823		38,054		24,464	2,718	18		(13,319)	186,740	유
Accrued payroll liabilities	38,625		12,196		11,424	2,174	74		(1,396)	63,023	ಜ
Accrued compensated absences	4,437		9,370		9,327	8)	(698)		(382)	21,870	2
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	6,758		2,158		822	4	415		10,941	21,094	4
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 3,339,667	↔	1,572,854	<del>⇔</del>	839,001	\$ (56,047)		\$ (185,069)	\$ 1,173,934	\$ 6,684,340	<b>8</b>
Noncash activities: Contributed capital assets	\$ 1.398.512	€,	255.004	65	207.841	\$ 283,770	<i>\$</i> :	681,061	\$ 587,409	\$ 3.413.597	76
Total Noncash Activities	\$ 1,398,512	÷ <del>5</del>	255,004		207,841			681,061			<u> </u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY
- **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**
- C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND EOUITY
- E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES
- F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES
- G. USE OF ESTIMATES
- H. PENSIONS

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

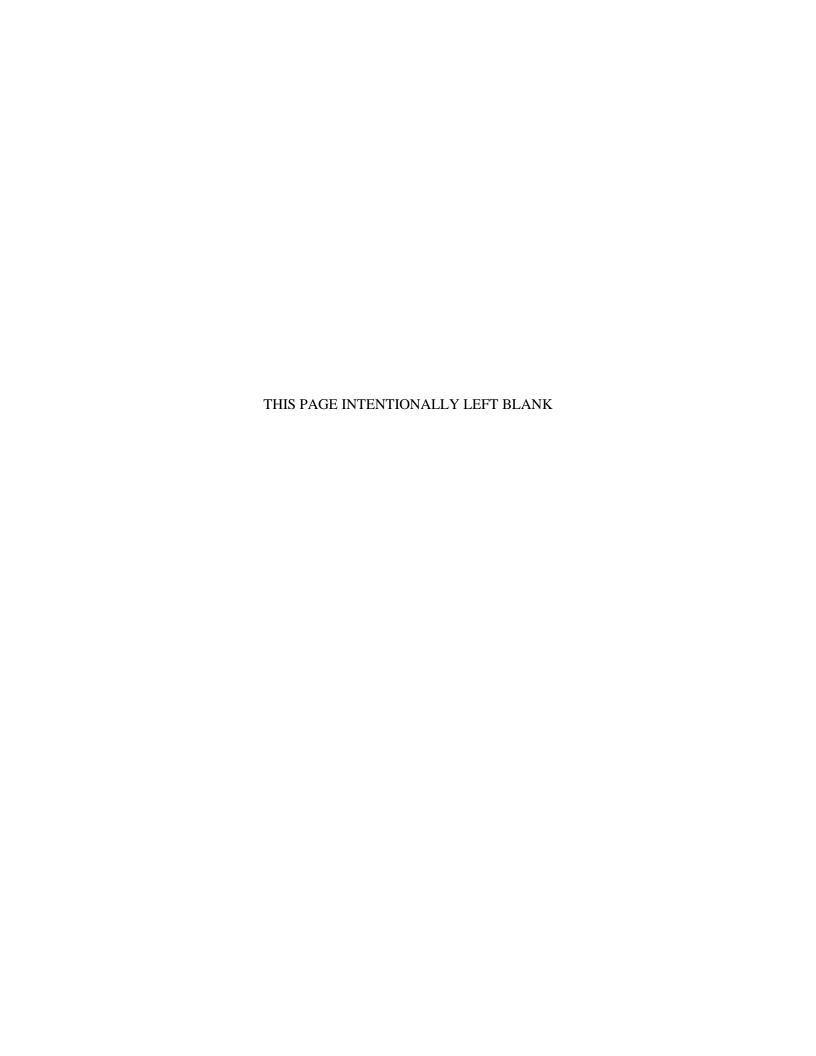
- A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS
- B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS
- C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS
- D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS
- E. FUND EQUITY / NET POSITION RESTRICTIONS
- F. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

## NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

- A. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS
- B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE
- C. RESTRICTED ASSETS
- D. CAPITAL ASSETS
- E. LONG-TERM DEBT
- F. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES
- G. FUND EQUITY

#### **NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES**

- A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS
- **B. TAX ABATEMENTS**
- C. RISK MANAGEMENT
- D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES



#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

#### 1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: City of Sand Springs

Blended Component Unit: Sand Springs Municipal Authority

Discretely Presented Component Unit: Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by Statement 61 and includes all component units of which the City is fiscally accountable.

Each of these component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation of the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

## **BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS**

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate fund category to comprise the primary government presentation.

The component unit that is blended into the primary government's fund categories is presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Included Funds
Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA)	Created March 14, 1966, to finance, develop and operate the water, wastewater, stormwater, and solid waste disposal facilities. Also, the Authority operates and maintains the golf course and airport facilities. The current City Council serves as the entire governing body (Trustees) of the SSMA. Any issuances of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council. Management and staff of the City also serve as management and staff of the Authority.	Enterprise Funds: Water Fund Wastewater Fund Solid Waste Fund Airport Fund Golf Fund Stormwater Fund

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending.

Component units that would normally be discretely presented in the City's report are presented below:

Sand Springs Economic
Development Authority
(Economic Development
Authority)

Created October 24, 1980, to promote and encourage development of industry and commerce on behalf of the City. This Trust was primarily set up to be the loan servicing agent for Community Development Block Grant Economic Development Loans, and lender for Oklahoma Industrial Finance Authority Loans to private enterprises. The SSEDA governing body is comprised of eight members; two appointed council members and six other members appointed by the full City Council. Any issuances of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council. (Component Unit activity deemed immaterial; therefore, it is not included)

Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (Museum Trust Authority) Created December 20, 1990, to promote cultural and historical activities within the City. The governing body is comprised of seven members appointed by the full City Council. No current City Council members serve on the board. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Council.

The discretely presented component units of the City do not issue separately audited component unit financial statements.

## **RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

The following related organizations are not included in the financial reporting entity:

Sand Springs Development Authority An Authority created on February 14, 1983, pursuant to Title 11 of Oklahoma Statutes, Sections 38-101, regarding urban renewal through private and public resources. This authority was created to formulate a workable program of urban renewal. The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body; however, the City does not have the ability to impose its will on the governing body, nor does a financial benefit or burden relationship exist between the two. Of the governing body appointed, no member shall hold any other public office under the City.

#### 1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets (plus deferred outflows), liabilities (plus deferred inflows), revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets (plus deferred outflows), liabilities (plus deferred inflows), revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. A fund that does not meet the criteria of (a) or (b), but for which management has determined is of such significance to be reported as a major fund.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. It includes the Special Programs account for reporting purposes. This accounts for revenues assigned for specific public safety activities and recreational services provided by the City.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

Vision 2025 Fund

#### Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for restricted ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest and fiscal agent fees.

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays. The reporting entity includes the following capital project funds:

Street Improvement Fund
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund – EDIF
Park and Recreation Fund
T.I.D. Cimarron Center Fund
Short-term Capital Improvements Fund
Capital Improvement Fund
Airport Construction Fund

Stormwater Capital Improvement Fund SSMA Capital Fund 2014 General Obligation Bond Capital Improvement Fund Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund Golf Course Capital Improvement Fund Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund Economic Development Capital Improvement Fund 2018 General Obligation Bond City Project Fund 2019 General Obligation Bond Economic Development Fund Development Capital Improvement Fund

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds:

> Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Water Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Wastewater Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Solid Waste Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Airport Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) - Golf Sand Springs Municipal Authority (SSMA) – Stormwater

## COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities whose governing body (in majority) is appointed by the Mayor or City Council, but whose governing body is not substantially the same as the City Council nor is an entity established to provide services primarily to the primary government. Since these component units are not as closely associated with the City as are the blended component units, they are reported in discretely presented columns on the government-wide financial statements. The reporting entity includes the following discretely presented component unit:

Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority (Museum Trust Authority)

## Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund **Brief Description** 

Major:

General See previous description.

Capital Project Funds:

Street Improvement Accounts for the permanent half-cent sales tax extension approved by the voters

on September 11, 2007 with effective date of January 1, 2008. These funds are

to be used to make capital improvements to the roads, streets and bridges.

Capital Improvement Accounts for the one-cent increase in sales tax approved by the citizens in 1979.

Water and Wastewater These funds are to be expended for water and wastewater capital improvement

projects and retirement of debt as provided in the ordinance.

Public Safety Capital Improvement Accounts for the forty-five hundredths of one-cent increase in sales tax approved by citizens in 2015 which went into effect January 2017 to repay the debt. Also, accounts for the bonds proceeds to be expended for building and improving public safety facilities and land acquisition for public safety facilities for the benefit of the City as provided in the ordinance.

2018 General Obligation Bond City Project Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for streets, bridges, public safety equipment, park improvement, and municipal facilities improvements.

Enterprise Funds: SSMA Water Fund

Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing water services to the citizens.

SSMA Wastewater Fund

Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing wastewater services to the citizens.

SSMA Solid Waste Fund

Accounts for activities of the public trust in providing solid waste services to the citizens.

SSMA Airport Fund

Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the operations of the airport facility and financing for future airport improvements.

SSMA Golf Fund

Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the operation of the golf course, payment of debt service requirements on the debt issued related to the golf course and financing for future golf improvements.

SSMA Stormwater Fund

Accounts for revenues and expenses related to the maintenance of stormwater operations.

Nonmajor:

Special Revenue Fund

Vision 2025

Accounts for grants received from Tulsa County restricted for the river park project.

Capital Project Funds:

Community Development Block Grant - EDIF Accounts for grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and transfers from the City for infrastructure.

Park and Recreation

Accounts for revenues from housing developers restricted for park improvements.

Short-term Capital Improvements Accounts for revenues, transfers from other City funds and certain bond proceeds as the City Council may designate for the City's short-term capital needs, consisting of items having a useful life of ten years or less.

T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center Accounts for tax increment financing revenues initially collected by the General Fund and related economic development expenditures.

Capital Improvement

Accounts for contributions and specific revenues and transfers from other City funds and expenditures for various capital projects as the City Council may designate.

Stormwater Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the Municipal Authority stormwater revenues set aside for stormwater capital improvement projects.
Airport Construction	Accounts for governmental grants and transfers from the City set aside for capital improvement projects of the airport.
SSMA Capital	Accounts for transfers from the Municipal Authority water, wastewater, solid waste, airport and golf revenues set aside for capital improvement projects.
2014 General Obligation Bond CIP Fund	Accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bond issues. These funds are to be expended for public parks and park land and culture and recreation facilities.
Golf Course Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the Golf Course Fund set aside for golf course capital improvement projects.
Economic Development Capital Improvement	Accounts for the ten hundredths of one-cent increase in sales tax approved by citizens in 2015 which went into effect January 2017 for the purpose of promoting economic development and repayment of any debt issued for that purpose for the benefit of the City as provided in the ordinance.
2018 General Obligation Economic Development	Accounts for the proceeds of land sale that was purchased with general obligation bond monies. These funds will be used to purchase additional land for economic development.
Development Capital Improvement	Accounts for transfers from the SSMA Water Fund for land purchase.
Debt Service Fund	Accounts for restricted ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related interest and fiscal agent fees.

## 1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

All governmental fund types and similar component units utilize a "current financial resources"
measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance
sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources
during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial
resources at the end of the period.

2. Proprietary fund types and similar component units utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) and deferred outflows and deferred inflows associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available".

Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (defined by the City as 60 days after year end) to pay current liabilities. Sales tax and franchise taxes are major revenues that meet this criteria. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recorded when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

## 1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND EQUITY

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Revenue bond and promissory note trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents.

#### **Investments**

Investments consist of money market investments and government securities that are reported at fair value unless they had remaining maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase, in which case they are carried at amortized cost. All non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. Additional investment risk disclosures are presented in Notes 2.B. and 3.A.

#### Receivables and Related Deferred Inflows

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants and court fines. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

#### Inventories and Prepaids

The City has chosen to record consumable materials and supplies as inventory in the governmental funds at the time of purchase and expense when consumed. In addition, in the Sand Springs Municipal Authority Water Fund and Sand Springs Municipal Authority Airport Enterprise Funds, the water and airport fuel inventories, respectively, are recorded as an asset when purchased and expensed when consumed. Such inventory is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value on a first-in, first-out basis. Prepaid expenses are recorded as expense when goods or services are received.

#### Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations or proprietary fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000.

#### Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Prior to July 1, 2000, governmental activities' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (dating back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings20-100 yearsOther Improvements20-100 yearsEquipment and vehicles3-25 yearsInfrastructure25-50 years

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets reported in the fund financial statements include current assets of enterprise funds and similar discretely presented component units that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to revenue bond and promissory note trustee accounts restricted for debt service and deposits held for refund.

## Long-Term Debt

Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and similar discretely presented component unit resources and business-type and similar discretely presented component unit resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences, other post employment benefits payable, general obligation bonds payable, capital leases payable, notes payable and revenue bonds payable.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Compensated Absences

All regular and part-time employees are granted vacation benefits in amounts from 10 to 20 days depending upon tenure with the City. These benefits accumulate pro rata by pay period. Accumulated vacation leave vests and the City is obligated to make payment even if the employee terminates. After a probationary period, police officers receive vacation ranging from 168 to 248 hours per year depending upon years of service. Members of the Fire Department receive vacation ranging from 4 to 15 shifts per year, after a probationary period, depending upon years of service. Employees may accrue ten days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 100 days accrued. Employees with accrued sick leave in excess of 100 days on or about December 15 of each year are paid for the excess accrual at the rate of one day's pay for each three days of accumulated sick leave. The City did not have a liability for this excess leave at June 30, 2021. However, any employee leaving the service of the City after a period of 10 years are paid at the rate of one day's pay for each four days of accumulated leave and the City reports a liability for this leave type.

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability that has matured and is payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. The compensated absence obligation of the governmental funds is typically liquidated through the use of General Fund resources.

## **Deferred Outflows and Inflows**

Deferred outflows and inflows are the consumption or acquisition of net position by the City that are applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2021, the City's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources were comprised of pension and OPEB related deferrals. Certain pension and OPEB amounts are deferred, some as outflows and other as inflows, amortized as a component of pension and insurance expense in future periods.

#### **Equity Classifications**

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance of the City's governing body.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by City Council action or management decision when the City Council has delegated that authority to the City Manager, which is currently the case here. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through the budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balances prior to the use of unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### 1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

#### Sales Tax

The City levies a four and 5 hundredths (4.05) cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The entire sales tax is recorded as revenue within the General Fund. Upon receipt, the General Fund distributes the dedicated portion of the sales tax as follows:

- 2 cents retained by the General Fund
- 1 cent recorded to the Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund.
- 1/2 cent recorded to the Street Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance.
- 9/20 cent recorded to Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance and as required by revenue bond indenture.
- 1/10 cent recorded to Economic Development Capital Improvement Fund as required by city ordinance.

#### Property Tax

Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court-assessed judgments.

At the present time the City levies a property tax to fund the annual debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds. The property tax levy, as determined by the City's debt service needs, is submitted to the County Excise Board for approval. County assessors, elected officials, determine the taxable value of real estate and personal property in the County. A State Board of Equalization hears complaints on real estate values with the power to equalize assessments. Under present State law, the ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11 percent or more than  $13 \frac{1}{2}$  percent.

Property taxes levied by the City are billed and collected by the County Treasurer's Office and remitted to the City in the month following collection. Property taxes are levied normally in October and are due in equal installments on December 31 and March 31. Property taxes unpaid for the fiscal year are attached by an enforceable lien on property in the following October. Property taxes levied, but not collected during the year or within 60 days of year end are reported as deferred revenue.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City's net assessed valuation of taxable property was \$146,604,349. The taxes levied by the City per \$1,000 of net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$10.00.

#### **Program Revenues**

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General government Inspection fees, rent and royalties, special assessment fees, other fees, licenses and permits, state operating grants and capital grants.

Planning and zoning Zoning charges.

Public safety Fine and forfeiture revenue, court costs and fees, fire run fees,

rentals, donations; operating grants include Federal Emergency Management Agency and Oklahoma Highway Safety Office grants, state on-behalf pension contributions, individual donations,

and Homeland Security grants.

Highways and streets Street and curb permits; capital grants and contributions from the

Department of Housing and Urban Development, motor fuel and

commercial vehicle revenues.

Culture and recreation Park and recreation fees; and state operating grant

Economic development Federal operating grant

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

## Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax and Utility Net Revenues Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one cent (or 24.7%) of future sales tax revenues to repay \$21,920,000 of the Series 2020 Revenue Bonds and \$14,606,515 of OWRB Notes Payable Series 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2009, 2012, and 2013. Proceeds from the bonds and notes provided financing for capital assets. The bonds and notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues and further secured by net water and wastewater revenues. The bonds and notes are payable through 2023, 2024, 2027, 2026, 2030, 2023, and 2023 respectively. If the net utility revenues are sufficient to service the debt, the pledged sales taxes are transferred to the Capital Improvement Water and Wastewater Fund to be used for capital purchases. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds and notes is \$33,436,815. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$3,712,775 and the net utility revenues were \$4,062,452. Debt service payments of \$1,260,272 for the current fiscal year were 71.7% of the pledged sales taxes and 16.2% of both pledged sales taxes and utility revenues.

<u>Sales Tax Revenues Pledge</u> – The City, as approved by a vote of the citizens, added an additional .45% of one cent of sales tax for the repayment of the Series 2015 and 2016 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. This sales tax went into effect January 2017. Proceeds of these bonds provided financing for public safety capital assets, including facilities. These bonds are payable through 2042. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these bonds and notes is \$20,210,771. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$1,670,749. Debt service payments of \$973,850 for the current fiscal year were 58.3% of the pledged sales taxes. If the pledged sales tax is not sufficient at any time, the remaining net utility revenues can be used to service the debt.

## Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds and similar discretely presented component units are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are reported on the accrual basis and are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures/expenses are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character:

Current (further classified by function)

Capital outlay

Debt service

Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### 1.F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- Internal activities amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers - Internal Activities.

The effect of interfund services between funds are not eliminated in the statement of activities.

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances - resource flows between the primary government and the discretely presented component units are reported as if they were external transactions.

#### 1.G. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 1.H. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS) and Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS), and additions to/deductions from OFPRS and OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OFPRS and OPPRS. For this purpose, benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by these funds are reported at fair value.

## NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

#### 2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The City complies, in all material respects, with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Required By
Airport Construction Fund	State Law
Debt Service Fund	State Law
Sand Springs Municipal Authority Utility Funds	Trust Indenture
Sand Springs Economic Development Authority Fund	Trust Indenture
Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority Fund	Trust Indenture

#### 2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at no more than market value. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds, or certain letters of credit. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee. As reflected in Note 3.A., the City's uninsured deposits were sufficiently collateralized in accordance with these provisions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Investments of a City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State Law to the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with instate financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitations, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a., b., c. and d.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60 are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or bond indentures. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City and its public trusts complied, in all material respects, with these investment restrictions.

## 2.C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

<u>Revenue Source</u> <u>Legal Restrictions of Use</u>

Sales Tax See Note 1.E.

Gasoline Excise & Commercial Vehicle Tax

Street and Alley Purposes

E-911 Revenue E-911 Emergency Services Purposes Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Revenue Debt Service and Utility Operations

Ad Valorem Tax Debt Service on Bonds and Judgments (Also see

Note 1.E.)

Airport Revenue Airport Operations

Grants Revenue Based upon Individual Grant Agreements

Hotel/Motel Tax Economic Development

Special Program Fund Revenue Public Safety and Parks and Recreation

Park and Recreation Developer Fees Park Improvements

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

#### 2.D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

#### **General Obligation Debt**

Article 10, Sections 26 and 27 of the Oklahoma Constitution limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City complied with this restriction.

#### Other Long-Term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. For the year ended June 30, 2021, no such debt was incurred by the City.

#### Revenue Bond and Note Payable Debt

The bond indenture and note agreements relating to the long-term debt issues of the Sand Springs Municipal Authority contains a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, required reserve account balances, and debt service coverage requirements. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2021.

#### Requirement

#### a. Flow of Funds:

- 2003 Bond Account
- 2003 Reserve Account
- 2004 Bond Account
- 2004 Project Account
- -2004 Reserve Account
- 2012 Bond Account
- 2012 Project Account
- -2012 Reserve Account

#### b. Reserve Account Requirement:

2012 OWRB Promissory Note:

Required balance is \$129,666.

c. 2003, 2004 2005, 2006, 2009, 2012 and 2013 Series OWRB Notes:

> Net revenues of the Authority plus transferred sales tax should be at least 125% of maximum annual principal and interest requirements on this note and any senior debt.

#### 2020 Revenue Bonds:

Net revenues of the Authority plus transferred sales tax should be at least 125% of average annual principal and interest requirements on the bonds and OWRB notes listed above.

## Level of Compliance

All required accounts have been established and are used per Bond Indenture requirements.

Balance in Reserve Account at June 30, 2021 is \$129,666.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, net revenues plus sales tax amounted to \$7,775,227. Maximum annual principal and interest requirements were \$1,794,578. Actual coverage was 433%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, net revenues plus sales tax amounted to \$7,775,227. Average annual principal and interest requirements were \$1,383,986. Actual coverage was 562%.

#### 2.E. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

#### **Budget Law**

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds of the City with revenues and expenditures are required to have annual budgets. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Sand Springs Municipal Authority, the Sand Springs Economic Development Authority and the Sand Springs Cultural and Historical Museum Trust Authority are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal level of control.

#### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

## 3.A. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS

## **Primary Government:**

The City of Sand Springs, including its blended component units held the following deposits and investments at June 30, 2021:

Туре	Maturities	Rating	Fair Value Heirarchy	Carrying Value
Deposits:				
Demand deposits				\$ 46,884,267
Time deposits			N/A	13,654,118
Total deposits			14/11	60,538,385
Investments:				
Invesco Prem US Gov Money Market - Inst 1949		Aaa-mf	Level 2	487,409
Cavanal Hill US Money Market Treas-Admin #0002		Aaa-mf	Level 2	276,509
Money Market Funds		Aaa	N/A	591,224
Total investments				1,355,142
Total deposits and investments				\$ 61,893,527
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and cash equivalents				\$ 48,167,591
Investments				13,725,936
				\$ 61,893,527

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 110% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities and direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2021, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits investments to those allowed in state law applicable to municipalities. These investment limitations are described in Note 2.B. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investments by reporting the credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—rating agencies—as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

As noted in the schedule of deposits and investments above, at June 30, 2021, all of the City's investments in debt securities were rated by Moody's.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets; Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; Level 3 inputs to valuation methodology are unobservable. An entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use the pricing the assets and liabilities are used for determining the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits investments to those with a maturity no more than three years from the date of purchase, except for reserve funds, as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments and indicates that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single financial institution.

At June 30, 2021, the City had no concentration of credit risk.

## **Component Units:**

Total bank deposits of the discretely presented component unit were insured with Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Insurance and not subject to the custodial credit risk as defined above.

#### 3.B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers' utilities, airport and golf accounts receivable. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists primarily of police fines. Receivables detail at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

				Business-	
		vernmental		Type	
	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>	;	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Service receivables	\$	47,468		3,044,958	\$ 3,092,426
Other receivables		104,992		114,638	219,630
Municipal court fines receivable		3,821,896		-	3,821,896
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(	3,708,130)		(1,455,289)	 (5,163,419)
Net accounts receivable	\$	266,226	\$	1,704,307	\$ 1,970,533

## 3.C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets in the fund financial statements are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the public trust (Authority) related to their required revenue bond and promissory note accounts as described in Note 2.D. and deposits held for refund.

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	(	Current	No	oncurrent		
	Cas	sh and Cash	Cas	h and Cash	No	oncurrent
Types of Restricted Assets	Ec	<u>quivalents</u>	Eq	<u>uivalents</u>	Inv	<u>vestments</u>
ENTERPRISE FUND:						
Trustee Accounts:						
2009 OWRB Notes:						
Bond Fund Account	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,368
2012 OWRB Notes:						
Reserve Fund Account		-		129,666		-
Bond Fund Account		115,394		-		31,450
2020 Revenue Bonds:						
Bond Fund Account		537,625		-		-
Sinking Fund Account		7		-		-
Redemption Fund Account		1,064		-		-
COI Fund Account		12,151		-		-
Deposits held for refund		105,043		-		420,172
-						
Total	\$	771,284	\$	129,666	\$	491,990

## 3.D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Deductions Transfers		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	3dry 1, 2020	7 Reditions	Beddetions	Tuisiers	June 30, 2021	
Governmental Activities:						
Capital asets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 16,968,978	\$ 3,031,593	\$ 94,447	\$ -	\$ 19,906,124	
Construction-in-progress	21,322,702	918,628	16,535	(15,512,795)	6,712,000	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	38,291,680	3,950,221	110,982	(15,512,795)	26,618,124	
Other capital assets:						
Buildings	11,354,192	_	_	14,980,487	26,334,679	
Other improvements	8,556,951	68,562	-	282,016	8,907,529	
Machinery and equipment	12,449,749	461,580	283,245	240,292	12,868,376	
Infrastructure	46,681,249	680,148	26,262	10,000	47,345,135	
Total other capital assets at historical cost	79,042,141	1,210,290	309,507	15,512,795	95,455,719	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	3,228,865	560,423	-	-	3,789,288	
Other improvements	2,247,201	362,271	-	-	2,609,472	
Machinery and equipment	7,207,902	822,487	283,245	-	7,747,144	
Infrastructure	32,738,260	995,354	26,262	-	33,707,352	
Total accumulated depreciation	45,422,228	2,740,535	309,507	-	47,853,256	
Other capital assets, net	33,619,913	(1,530,245)		15,512,795	47,602,463	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 71,911,593	\$ 2,419,976	\$ 110,982	\$ -	\$ 74,220,587	
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 2,169,204	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,169,204	
Intangible assets	6,702,666	_	-	-	6,702,666	
Construction in progress	3,139,732	1,723,471	-	(3,016,441)	1,846,762	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,011,602	1,723,471		(3,016,441)	10,718,632	
Other capital assets:						
Buildings	47,858,413	-	-	58,827	47,917,240	
Improvements other than buildings	44,590,374	52,815	2,968	2,365,921	47,006,142	
Machinery and equipment	7,614,146	303,634	255,247	48,990	7,711,523	
Infrastructure	58,244,224	1,333,677		542,703	60,120,604	
Total other capital assets at historical cost	158,307,157	1,690,126	258,215	3,016,441	162,755,509	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	12,839,693	626,360	-	-	13,466,053	
Improvements other than buildings	21,120,157	1,339,494	2,490	-	22,457,161	
Machinery and equipment	4,667,776	467,430	255,247		4,879,959	
Infrastructure	43,184,391	1,005,775			44,190,166	
Total accumulated depreciation	81,812,017	3,439,059	257,737		84,993,339	
Other capital assets, net	76,495,140	(1,748,933)	478	3,016,441	77,762,170	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 88,506,742	\$ (25,462)	\$ 478	\$ -	\$ 88,480,802	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the statement of activities as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 546,730
Financial Administration	12,151
Public Safety	479,170
Highways and Streets	1,076,722
Culture and Recreation	617,378
Economic Development	 8,384
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 2,740,535
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,601,744
Wastewater	1,033,426
Solid Waste	111,318
Storm Water	155,963
Airport	344,185
Golf	 192,423
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 3,439,059

## 3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities, amounts to be repaid from business-type activities, and amounts to be repaid from component units.

## **Governmental Activities:**

**Total Revenue Bonds** 

At June 30, 2021, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds: \$3,500,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2018, used for streets, parks and municipal facilities, due in annual installments of \$185,000, final payment due April 1, 2038, with interest rates of 2.0% to 3.25%	\$3,145,000
\$6,180,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds of 2018, used for economic development purposes, due in annual installments of \$325,000, final payment due April 1, 2038, with interest rates of 2.9% to 3.45%	5,530,000
\$1,510,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2021A, used for park lands and culture and recreation facilities, due in annual installments varying from \$120,000 to \$300,000, final payment due June 1, 2031, with interest rates of 2.0% to 3.0%	1,510,000
\$6,500,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2019, used for capital improvement purposes, due in annual installments of \$340,000, final payment due July 1, 2039, with interest rate of 3.0%	6,500,000
\$2,900,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2020, used for capital improvement purposes, due in annual installments of \$155,000, final payment due June 1, 2040, with interest rates of 2.0% to 2.3%	2,900,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$19,585,000</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total General Obligation Bonds	\$1,260,000 <u>18,325,000</u> <u>\$19,585,000</u>
Revenue Bonds: \$8,640,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2015 dated January 1, 2016, used for capital improvements for public safety, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by dedicated sales tax, interest rates 2.0% to 4.25%, due in annual installments varying from \$245,000 to \$510,000, final payment due January 1, 2042	\$7,630,000
\$7,360,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2016 dated January 1, 2016, used for capital improvements for public safety, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by dedicated sales tax, interest rates 2.0% to 4.0%, due in annual installments varying from \$210,000 to \$430,000, final payment due January 1, 2042 Total Revenue Bonds  Plus: Unamortized Premium  Total Revenue Bonds, net	6,490,000 \$14,120,000 316,611 \$14,436,611
Current portion Non-current portion, net	\$495,000 13,941,611

\$14,436,611

Capital Leases Payable: \$647,799 capital lease with Motorola for police radio equipment, due in annual installments of \$92,543, final payment due August 1, 2021, with no interest	\$ 92,543
\$66,418 capital lease with Motorola for fire radio equipment, due in annual installments of \$10,411, final payment due May 1, 2022, with interest rate of 3.21%	10,087
\$496,304 capital lease with Community First National Bank for fire pumper, due in monthly installments of \$5,747, final payment due July 1, 2021, with interest rate of 2.406%	5,724
Total Capital Leases Payable	<u>\$108,354</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Capital Leases Payable	\$108,354 -0- \$108,354
Accrued Compensated Absences:	

## **Business-Type Activities:**

Current portion
Non-current portion

As of June 30, 2021, the long-term debt payable from business-type activities resources consisted of the following:

#### Notes Payable (direct borrowings):

**Total Accrued Compensated Absences** 

2003A OWRB SRF Note Payable dated January 1, 2003, original amount of \$1,200,000 with an annual administration fee of 0.5%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment September 15, 2022, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.

\$ 89,997

\$ 204,228

\$1,021,144

816,916

2004A OWRB Note Payable dated April 1, 2004, original amount of \$950,806, with an annual interest rate of 0% plus 0.5% admin fee, installments due semiannually, final installment March 8, 2024, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the Secured Party may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Debtor under the provisions of the loan agreement.

142,621

2005A OWRB Note Payable dated June 29, 2006, original amount of \$2,314,000 with an annual interest rate of 2.60%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment September 15, 2026, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the Secured Party may, at its' discretion, require the Debtor to assemble the collateral and make available to the Secured Party.	699,844
2006 OWRB Note Payable dated August 30, 2005, original amount of \$2,250,000 with an interest rate of 2.60% plus a .5% admin fee, with semi-annual payments, final payment due March 15, 2026, used for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the Secured Party may, at its' discretion, require the Debtor to assemble the collateral and make available to the Secured Party.	624,359
2009 OWRB SRF Note Payable dated December 9, 2009, original amount of \$5,631,709 with an interest rate of 3.11% with semi-annual payments, final payment due September 15, 2030, used for water improvements; remaining funds left to draw are \$187,337. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.	1,228,592
2012 OWRB Note Payable dated August 29, 2012, original amount of \$1,240,000 with a variable interest rate ranging from 0.25% to 4.00% plus a .5% admin fee, with semi-annual payments, final payment due September 1, 2022, used for refinancing 2003B OWRB Note that was issued for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender may file suit to require any or all of the borrower covenants to be performed; accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis; or file suit to enforce or enjoin the action or inaction of the Borrower under the provisions of the loan agreement.	275,000
2013 Note Payable dated October 1, 2013, original amount of \$1,020,000 with an annual interest rate ranging of 3.05%, semiannual installments of principal and interest, final installment October 1, 2022, used for refinancing 2004B OWRB Note that was issued for sewer improvements. The loan is collateralized by the pledge of revenues. In the event of default, the lender accelerate the payment of principal and interest accrued on the note; foreclose on the lien of mortgaged property; sale of collateral and real property; appoint temporary trustees to take over, operate and maintain the System on a profitable basis.	_ 190,000
Total Notes Payable Plus: Unamortized Premium Total Notes Payable, net	\$3,250,413 11,332 \$3,261,745
Current portion Non-current portion, net Total Notes Payable	\$755,968 2,505,777 \$3,261,745

Revenue	Bonds:
IXC VCHUC	Donus.

2020 Series Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds dated August 1, 2020, original amount of \$21,920,000, issued by Sand Springs Municipal Authority, secured by utility revenues and pledged sales tax, interest rates from 2.0% to 4.0%, final maturity November 1, 2042, used for water and sewer improvements and	
pay off notes payable.	\$21,920,000
Plus: Unamortized discount	2,349,204
Total Revenue Bonds, net	\$ <u>24,269,204</u>
Current portion	\$610,000
Non-current portion, net	23,659,204
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	\$24,269,204
Accrued Compensated Absences:	
Comment a satisfact	\$60.205

## A

Current portion	\$60,295
Non-current portion	248,086
Total Accrued Compensated Absences	<u>\$308,381</u>

## Deposits Subject to Refund:

Current portion	\$105,043
Non-current portion	420,172
Total Deposits Subject to Refund	<u>\$525,215</u>

## Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Type of Debt Primary Government	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2020		Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>J</u> 1	Balance une 30, 2021	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
	ф	20.045.000	Ф	1.510.000	¢ 2.770.000	Ф	10.505.000	¢ 1.260.000
General Obligation Bonds	\$	20,845,000	\$	1,510,000	\$ 2,770,000	\$	19,585,000	\$ 1,260,000
Revenue Bonds		14,605,000		-	485,000		14,120,000	495,000
Capital Leases Payable		278,614		-	170,260		108,354	108,354
Judgment Payable		-		247,500	82,500		165,000	82,500
Accrued Compensated Absences		983,075		740,958	702,889		1,021,144	204,228
Total Governmental Activities	\$	36,711,689	\$	2,498,458	\$ 4,210,649		34,999,498	\$ 2,150,082
Plus: Unamortized bond premium							316,611	
						\$	35,316,109	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Po	ositior	ı:						
Due in one year						\$	2,150,082	
Due in more than one year							33,166,027	
•						\$	35,316,109	

Type of Debt	Balance July 1, 2020	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2021	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Business-Type Activities:						
Notes Payable (direct borrowings)	\$ 3,985,097	\$ -	\$ 734,684	\$ 3,250,413	\$ 755,968	
Revenue Bonds Payable	25,645,000	21,920,000	25,645,000	21,920,000	610,000	
Accrued Compensated Absences	286,511	214,735	192,865	308,381	60,295	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 29,916,608	\$ 22,134,735	\$26,572,549	25,478,794	\$ 1,426,263	
Plus: Unamortized bond premium				2,360,536		
Deposits subject to refund				525,215		
				\$ 28,364,545		
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Po	sition:					
Due in one year				1,426,263		
Due in more than one year				26,938,282		
				\$ 28,364,545		

## Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Primary Government

The debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities												
		General Obligation Bonds				Revenue Bonds				Capital Leases Payable				
Year Ending June 30,		Principal Interest		<u>I</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Principal	Intere				
2022	\$	1,260,000	\$	691,776	\$	495,000	\$	242,570	\$	108,354	\$	336		
2023		1,255,000		559,538		505,000		469,250		-		-		
2024		1,125,000		530,415		510,000		459,150		-		-		
2025		1,125,000		500,238		530,000		447,930		-		-		
2026		1,125,000		469,521		540,000		435,343		-		-		
2027-2031		5,625,000		1,868,880		2,915,000		1,951,455		-		-		
2032-2036		5,025,000		1,052,507		3,475,000		1,392,387		-		-		
2037-2041		3,045,000		286,367		4,210,000		657,651		-		-		
2042	_	-		<u>-</u>		940,000		35,035		-				
Totals	\$	19,585,000	\$	5,959,242	\$	14,120,000	\$	6,090,771	\$	108,354	\$	336		

	Business-Type Activities										
		Notes P		Revenue Bonds Payable							
		(Direct bo	rrowing	(s)							
Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Principal		Interest				
2022	\$	755,968	\$	63,948	\$	610,000	\$	638,800			
2023		682,618		45,661		750,000		625,200			
2024		463,400		28,423		765,000		610,050			
2025		427,254		18,359		780,000		590,700			
2026		357,970		14,246		805,000		566,925			
2027-2031		563,203		17,715		4,430,000		2,420,475			
2032-2036		-		-		5,155,000		1,689,675			
2037-2041		-		-		5,975,000		856,125			
2042-2043		-				2,650,000		80,100			
Totals	\$	3,250,413	\$	188,352	\$	21,920,000	\$	8,078,050			

#### **Current Refundings**

On June 22, 2021 the City issued \$1,510,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2021A with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0% to current refund \$1,625,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014. The net proceeds \$1,514,453 plus an additional \$125,000 taken from the original GO Bonds reserves were transferred to the escrow agent to current refund the debt. The 2014 Series Bonds were paid in full by June 30, 2021. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$323,595 and to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$113,162. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$0.00

On August 12, 2020 the City issued \$21,920,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% to current refund \$25,645,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds Series 2012. The net proceeds of \$23,432,883 plus an additional \$2,673,285 taken from the original revenue bond reserves were transferred to the escrow agent to current refund the debt. The 2012 Series Bonds were paid in full by June 30, 2021. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 21 years by \$7,628,188 and to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,483,387. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of unamortized loss of \$92,611. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2042 using the straight line method.

## 3.F. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

					•	TDAN	VSFERS OUT					
TRANSFERS IN		GENERAL FUND	STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT WATER/WASTEWATER FUND	PUBLIC SAFETY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	2018 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND CITY PROJECT FUND	SSMA WATER FUND	SSMA WASTEWATER FUND	SSMA SOLID WASTE FUND	SSMA GOLF FUND	SSMA STORMWATER FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TRANSFERS EV		FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	PROJECTFUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Major Funds: General Fund Capital Project Funds:	\$ 1,899,585	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 995,247	\$ 415,160	\$ 268,438	s -	\$ -	\$ 120,740
Street Improvement Fund	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2018 GO Bond City Project Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
Capital Project Funds		-										
Sub-total Major Funds	1,899,585	-	-		100,000		995,247	415,160	268,438			120,740
Nonmajor Funds	12,669,055	113,300	650,000	2,050,000			2,166,842	470,000	590,000	39,428	1,345,000	5,244,485
Total Governmental Activities	14,568,640	113,300	650,000	2,050,000	100,000		3,162,089	885,160	858,438	39,428	1,345,000	5,365,225
Business-Type Activities: Major Funds: SSMA Water Fund	800,000			800.000								
SSMA Wastewater Fund	800,000		-	800,000	-			-	-	-	-	
SSMA Airport Fund	100,000	-	-		-		100,000	-	-	-	-	
SSMA Golf Fund	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	200,000	-	-	-	-	- 1
SSWA COIL FUIL	200,000	-					200,000		<u>-</u>			
Total Business-Type Activities	1,100,000	-		800,000			300,000					
Total Primary Government	\$ 15,668,640	\$ 113,300	\$ 650,000	\$ 2,850,000	\$ 100,000	s -	\$ 3,462,089	\$ 885,160	\$ 858,438	\$ 39,428	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 5,365,225

<u>Transfer From</u>			<u>Transfer To</u>		Amount		Purpose of Transfer
*	General Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement	\$	4,800	A	E911 wireless system
*	General Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement		108,500	A	Capital asset purchases
	Short-Term Capital Improvement	*	General Fund		120,000	В	E911 wireless system
	Capital Improvement Fund		Development Capital Improvement Fund		500,000	A/B	Capital asset purchases
	Capital Improvement Fund		2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fund		412,507	A/B	Capital asset purchases
*	Street Improvement Fund		2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fund		650,000	A	Capital asset purchases
	Sinking Fund	*	General Fund		740	В	Interest earnings
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	General Fund		995,247		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Wastewater Fund	*	General Fund		415,160		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Solid Waste Utility Fund	*	General Fund		268,438		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund		Capital Improvement Fund		286,842	A	Capital asset purchases
*	Public Safety Capital Improvement Fund	*	General Fund		100,000		Capital asset purchases
	Short-Term Capital Improvement		Capital Improvement Fund		44,000	A/B	Capital asset purchases
*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund		Development Capital Improvement Fund		1,200,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Golf Course Fund		Golf Course Capital Improvement		39,428	A	Capital asset purchases
*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund	*	SSMA Water Fund		800,000		Debt service
	Economic Development Capital Impr Fund	i	Development Capital Improvement Fund		387,978	A/B	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Stormwater Fund		Stormwater Capital Improvement		1,345,000	A	Budgeted subsidy
*	Stormwater Capital Improvement		2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fund		3,900,000	A/B	Capital asset purchases
*	Capital Improvement W&WW Fund		2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fund		850,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		Short-Term Capital Improvement		205,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		Airport Construction Fund		51,000	A	Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund		Development Capital Improvement Fund		1,100,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund		524,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	SSMA Golf Course Fund		200,000		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Water Fund	*	SSMA Airport Fund		100,000		Budgeted subsidy
*	SSMA Wastewater Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund		120,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Wastewater Fund		Development Capital Improvement Fund		350,000	A	Capital asset purchases
*	SSMA Solid Waste Fund		SSMA Short-term Capital Improvement Fund		590,000	A	Capital asset purchases
			* *	\$	15,668,640	-	- *
* .	- Denotes major fund					•	

		Transfers Transfers In Out		N	Net Transfers	
Reconciliation to Fund Financials:	-				or remoters	
Governmental Funds	\$	14.568.640	\$ (9.078.525)	\$	5,490,115	
Enterprise Funds		1,100,000	(6,590,115)		(5,490,115)	
Total Transfers	\$	15,668,640	\$ (15,668,640)	\$	-	
Reconciliation to Statement of Activiti Net Transfers Governmental Funds Net transfer for Capital project funds r Capital outlay for governmental capital	\$	5,490,115 367,797 (1,023,219)				
Net Transfers/Internal Activity				\$	4,834,693	

12,669,055 Sum of A

(5,365,225) Sum of B

Sub-total of Nonmajor Governmental Fund Transfers In

Sub-total of Nonmajor Governmental Fund Transfers Out

#### 3.G. FUND EQUITY

#### **Fund Balance and Net Position:**

The following tables show the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position:

		Major Capital Project Funds				Other	
	General	Street	Capital Improvement	Public Safety	2018 GO Bond	Governmental	TOTAL
	Fund	Improvement	Water & Wastewater		City Project	Funds	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory & prepaids	\$ 19,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,491
Sub-total Nonspendable	19,491	=	=	=	=	=	19,491
Restricted for:							
Animal Sterilization	8,822	-	-	-	=	-	8,822
Jail Reserves	101,673	-	-	-	=	-	101,673
Substance Abuse	114,720	-	_	-	=	=	114,720
Juvenile Programs	71,430	_	_	_	_	_	71,430
Economic Development	317,480	_	_	_	_	5,161,091	5,478,571
Streets	_	9,811,799	_	_	_	-	9,811,799
License Plates	41,870	-	_	_	_	_	41,870
Public Safety Capital Improvements	_	_	_	908,825	_	_	908,825
Capital Improvements	_	_	_	-	4,117,444	270,618	4,388,062
Contract Wages	115,413	_	_	_		-	115,413
E911	_	_	_	_	_	635,535	635,535
Utility Capital Projects	_	_	8,498,329	_	_	-	8,498,329
Debt Service	_	_	-,,	_	_	1,184,174	1,184,174
Sub-total Restricted	771,408	9,811,799	8,498,329	908,825	4,117,444	7,251,418	31,359,223
Assigned to:		.,.,	-, -, -, -		, , ,		
Subsequent Year Budget	2,546,491	_	_	_	_	_	2,546,491
Encumbrances	218,199	_	_	_	_	_	218,199
Economic Development Capital Improvements	_	_	_	_	_	2,287,547	2,287,547
Community Center	249.082	_	_	_	_	-	249,082
Police	164,768	_	_	_	_	_	164,768
Fire	9,717	_	_	_	_	_	9,717
Municipal Court Technology	32,030	_	_	_	_	_	32,030
Alive at 25	5,191	_	_	_	_	_	5,191
Streets	-,-,-	637,794	_	_	_	_	637,794
Public Safety Capital Improvements	_	-	_	384,674	_	_	384,674
Capital Improvements	_	_	_		_	1,647,555	1,647,555
Parks	_	_	_	_	_	88,714	88,714
River City Crossing		_	_	_	_	441,297	441,297
Stormwater Projects	_	_	_	_	_	4,671,932	4,671,932
Utility Capital Projects	_	_	579,153	_	_	1,048,483	1,627,636
Golf Course	_	_	377,133	_	_	23,604	23,604
Debt Service	_	_	_	_	_	11,277	11,277
Sub-total Assigned	3,225,478	637,794	579,153	384,674	-	10,220,409	15,047,508
•			,				
Unassigned:	5,715,044					-	5,715,044
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,731,421	\$10,449,593	\$ 9,077,482	\$ 1,293,499	\$ 4,117,444	\$ 17,471,827	\$52,141,266

The amount assigned to encumbrances of \$218,199 in the General Fund is disaggregated further as follows:

Function:	
General Government	\$ 32,754
Financial Administration	60,042
Public Safety	64,734
Highways and Streets	14,318
Culture and Recreation	33,936
Economic Development	8,664
Facilities Management and Fleet Maintenance	3,751
	\$ 218,199

The amounts in other major and nonmajor governmental funds are listed in total by fund as follows:

Major Funds:	
Street Improvement	\$ 369,748
Capital Improvement Water/Wastewater	697,779
Public Safety Capital Improvement	79,321
2018 GO Bond City Project Fund	336,446

Nonmajor Funds:	
GO Bond 2014 Fund	635
Capital Improvement Fund	82,146
Stormwater Capital Improvement	122,741
Airport Construction	1,774
Special Programs Account	14,011
General Short Term Capital Improvement	365,861
Economic Development Capital Improvement	28,258
CDBG EDIF Fund	5,450
2018 GO Bond Economic Development Fund	93,063
Development Capital Improvement Fund	169,495
SSMA Capital Fund	916,698
Enterprise Funds:	
Restriced for Debt Service:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 854,509
Less: accrued interest payable	(127,765)
Total Enterprise Fund Restricted Net Position	\$ 726,744

#### **NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES**

#### 4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

The City participates in three employee pension systems as follows:

Name of Plan/System	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund Plan	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit
Plan	
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	Defined Contribution Plan
1	Defined Contribution Plan – CMO
Plan Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	

A summary of all the amounts recorded in the City's financial statements for the plans is as follows:

Net Pension Liability         692,099           Firefighter's Pension System         9,008,797           Total Net Pension Liability         \$ 9,700,896           Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 1,192,832           Firefighter's Pension System         2,385,415           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 3,578,247           Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 201,813           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 1,813,942           Total Pension Expense         \$ 2,635,661		Govern	nmental Activities
Firefighter's Pension System         9,008,797           Total Net Pension Liability         \$ 9,700,896           Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 1,192,832           Police Pension System         \$ 2,385,415           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 3,578,247           Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 201,813           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 1,813,942	Net Pension Liability		
Total Net Pension Liability         \$ 9,700,896           Deferred Outflows of Resources         Police Pension System         \$ 1,192,832           Firefighter's Pension System         2,385,415           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 3,578,247           Deferred Inflows of Resources         Police Pension System         \$ 201,813           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 813,984           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 1,813,942	Police Pension System	\$	692,099
Deferred Outflows of Resources	Firefighter's Pension System		9,008,797
Police Pension System	Total Net Pension Liability	\$	9,700,896
Firefighter's Pension System         2,385,415           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 3,578,247           Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 201,813           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 813,984           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 1,813,942	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 3,578,247           Deferred Inflows of Resources         Police Pension System         \$ 201,813           Firefighter's Pension System         813,984           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         1,813,942	Police Pension System	\$	1,192,832
Deferred Inflows of Resources	Firefighter's Pension System		2,385,415
Police Pension System         \$ 201,813           Firefighter's Pension System         813,984           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         Police Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         1,813,942	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,578,247
Firefighter's Pension System         813,984           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         1,813,942	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Firefighter's Pension System         813,984           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         \$ 1,015,797           Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         1,813,942	Police Pension System	\$	201,813
Pension Expense         \$ 821,719           Police Pension System         \$ 1,813,942	-		813,984
Police Pension System         \$ 821,719           Firefighter's Pension System         1,813,942	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,015,797
Firefighter's Pension System 1,813,942	Pension Expense		
Firefighter's Pension System 1,813,942	•	\$	821,719
Total Pension Expense \$ 2,635,661	Firefighter's Pension System		1,813,942
Σ,055,001	Total Pension Expense	\$	2,635,661

#### Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Systems

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) and additions to/deductions from OPPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Sand Springs, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/OPPRS">www.ok.gov/OPPRS</a>

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later. Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$264,676. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$163,860 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$242,833. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

**Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$692,099 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2020. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .6026377%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$821,719. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 17,905	\$	187,956
Changes of assumptions	71,099		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	816,568		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	1,943		12,983
City contributions during the measurement date	20,641		874
City contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	264,676		-
Total	\$ 1,192,832	\$	201,813

The \$264,676 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction/addition of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

2022	\$ 104,645
2023	211,165
2024	268,700
2025	155,783
2026	 (13,950)
Total	\$ 726,343

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 12% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section

50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base

salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary.

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

> Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using scale

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	4.79%
Domestic equity	5.74%
International equity	9.19%
Real estate	7.99%
Private equity	10.20%
Commodities	3.50%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

Discount Rate-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease		ent Discount	1	1% Increase	
	(6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)		(8.5%)		
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,444,907	\$	692,099	\$	(790,408)	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/OPPRS">www.ok.gov/OPPRS</a>.

#### Oklahoma Fire Pension and Retirement Systems

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS) and additions to/deductions from FPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Plan description</u> - The City of Sand Springs, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/fprs">www.ok.gov/fprs</a>

<u>Benefits provided</u> - FPRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by Oklahoma statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

#### Normal Retirement:

- Hired Prior to November 1, 2013
  - Normal retirement is attained upon completing 20 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month.
- Hired After November 1, 2013
  - Normal retirement is attained upon completing 22 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 55% of the member's final average compensation. Final average compensation is defined as the monthly average of the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of participating service. Also participants must be age 50 to begin receiving benefits. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in the line of duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in the line of duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$302,490. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$500,646 this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$757,550. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$9,008,797 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2020. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was .7312853%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,813,942. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,148,175	\$	120,876
Changes of assumptions		-		152,663
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		132,419		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		790,932		507,130
City contributions during the measurement date		11,399		33,315
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		302,490	<u> </u>	
Total	\$	2,385,415		813,984

The \$302,490 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	l June	30:	

2022	\$ 253,107
2023	379,119
2024	358,391
2025	278,324
2026	 -
Total	\$ 1,268,941

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>-The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 2.75% to 10.5% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Public Safety Table, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale MP-2018 for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	4.90%
Domestic equity	47%	7.09%
International equity	15%	9.19%
Real estate	10%	7.99%
Other assets	8%	5.57%

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease (6.5%)		Current Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)	
Employers' net pension liability	\$	11,699,587	\$	9,008,797	\$	6,757,530	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at <a href="https://www.ok.gov/fprs">www.ok.gov/fprs</a>.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan - OkMRF**

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Sand Springs Plan and Trust (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OkMRF). OkMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase of Oklahoma City. The OkMRF Plan issues a separate financial report that may be obtained from OkMRF. The defined contribution plan is available to all fulltime employees except those participating in state fire or police program and the City Manager. Employees are eligible on the employee's employment commencement date. Each employee shall be required to contribute 4% (not to exceed 10%) of his or her compensation. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions to the plan, under the government pick-up option, at a rate of 8% of covered payroll. The City has also elected the variable funding option. The contribution rate of the employer may be determined annually by the City council. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at a rate of 50% after completion of five years of service and then 10% per year for the next five years. The employee is fully vested after 10 years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are allocated back to remaining eligible participants. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the following amounts related to the defined contribution plan:

Employee contributions made	\$237,255
Employer (City) contributions made	\$443,946

#### Defined Contribution Plan - OkMRF - CMO Plan

The City has also provided a defined contribution plan in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OkMRF). The defined contribution plan is available to any person who is in the position of City Manager as of August 14, 2006. Employees are eligible on the employee's employment commencement date. The City has elected the variable funding option. The City intends to make a contribution to the Plan for the benefit of the participants on a monthly basis. The contribution may be varied from year to year by the City. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are vested at 100% immediately upon the participation date. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council. The City contributes 13% to the plan and the employee does not contribute to the plan. The total contributions by the City for fiscal year 2021 were \$15,862 which is 100% of the required contribution.

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

<u>Plan description</u> – The City's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB to eligible retirees and their dependents. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – The City provides medical and prescription drug benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. The benefits are provided in accordance with State law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). The retirees and dependents pay 110% of the active employee coverage rates; this results in the retirees and beneficiaries receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Retirees and dependents coverage ceases at age 65 and are no longer eligible for the City's OPEB plan.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> - At June 30, 2021 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	125
Inactives or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	0
Total	125

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,662,282 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions- The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Discount Rate 2.21%, based on June 30, 2020 published Bond Pay Go-20 bond index
- Termination Civilian employees are based on actual experience of the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund. Rates for police and firefighters are based on rates for these groups in Oklahoma.

#### Retirement Age:

	Retirement
<u>Age</u>	Rate
55	7%
56	7%
57	7%
58	7%
59	7%
60	7%
61	7%
62	30%
63	17.5%
64	17.5%
65-69	40%
70	100%

Civilian

	Retirem	ent Rate
Years of Service	Police	Fire
20	20%	10%
21	6%	5%
22	6%	5%
23	6%	5%
24	10%	10%
25	20%	15%
26	10%	15%
27	10%	15%
28	10%	15%
29	15%	15%
30	100%	20%
31	100%	20%
32	100%	20%
33	100%	20%
34	100%	25%
35	100%	100%

- Participation 25% of currently covered civilian employees are assumed to elect retiree medical coverage and 50% for police and firefighters. Dependents are assumed acceptance rate is 50%
- Healthcare cost trend rates Plan year dependent rates graded from 4.87% to 6.02%
- Mortality Rates RPA-2000 Mortality Table with cohort mortality projection

<u>Changes in Total OPEB Liability</u> -The following table reports the components of changes in total OPEB liability:

	T	otal OPEB
		Liability
Balances Beginning of Year	\$	2,157,789
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		158,968
Interest expense		75,524
Difference between expected and actual		
experience		(127,409)
Changes in assumptions		397,410
Benefits paid		-
Net changes		504,493
	_	
Balances Ending of Year	\$	2,662,282
		_
Governmental Activities	\$	1,796,238
Business-type Activities		866,044
	\$	2,662,282

Changes of assumptions reflects a change in discount rate from 3.50 percent to 2.21 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the total OPEB liability of the employer calculated using the discount rate of 2.21%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease 1.21%		Current Discount Rate 2.21%		1% Increase 3.21%	
Employers' total OPEB liability	\$	3,048,156	\$	2,662,282	\$	2,329,099	

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate</u>-The following presents the total OPEB liability of the employer calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 5.992% grading to 4.87%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.99% grading to 3.87%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.992% grading to 5.87%) than the current rate:

			Heal	Ithcare Costs		
	19	6 Decrease	Ti	rend Rates	1	% Increase
	(4.99% grading to 3.87%)		(5.99% grading to 4.87%)		(6.99% grading to 5.87%)	
Employers' net OPEB liability	\$	2,286,274	\$	2,662,282	\$	3,124,802

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>-For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$188,489. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following

sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	284,947
Changes of assumptions		384,932		201,907
Changes in proportion		115,406		115,402
Benefit payments during measurement date		479		479
Total	\$	500,817	\$	602,735

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2022	\$ (45,999)
2023	(45,999)
2024	(45,999)
2025	(28,029)
2026	(1,708)
Thereafter	 65,816
Total	\$ (101,918)

#### 4.B. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City enters into sales tax rebate agreements with local businesses as allowed in the Oklahoma State Constitution, Article 10, Section 14. Under this law, the City may establish economic development programs and provide sales tax increments for development as part of its economic development plan.

The sales tax rebate program allows a retail store business or developer to receive rebated sales tax in an amount equal to one cent (\$0.01) from every \$0.0405 of sales tax that the business generates. To be eligible for this program, the project area should be developed or redeveloped after a significant vacancy to provide economic opportunity to the City and its citizens.

Due to the confidentiality laws in Oklahoma Statutes, Title 68, Section 1354.11, the amounts of sales taxes rebated will not be disclosed. The following businesses had rebate agreements with the City as of June 30, 2021:

A grocery retailer received rebated sales taxes during 2019. The sales tax rebated cannot exceed the lesser of (i) 1% of the gross sales tax generated over a 10 year period, or (ii) \$2,000,000. This sales tax rebate period is for ten years from the sales tax commencement date (the date the City first receives sales tax). The agreement must be renewed for the City Council annually to ensure a continuing public benefit. This agreement was entered into July 2012 and will terminate no later than June 2022.

The City is subject to ad valorem tax abatements granted by the State of Oklahoma in accordance with the Oklahoma Constitution, Article X, Section 6B for qualifying manufacturing concerns.

Under this program, a 5 year ad valorem tax exemption exempts all real and personal property that is necessary for the manufacturing of a product and facilities engaged in research and development which meet the requirements set by the Oklahoma Constitution and Statutes. In exchange for the 5 year exemption, qualifying manufacturing concerns must incur investment costs of \$250,000 or more for construction, acquisition, or expansion of a manufacturing facility. In addition, there are general minimal payroll requirements that must be met and qualifying manufacturing concerns must offer a basic health benefit plan to all full-time employees within 180 days of employment.

#### 4.C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
<ul> <li>a. General Liability:</li> <li>- Torts</li> <li>- Errors and omissions</li> <li>- Police liability</li> <li>- Vehicle</li> </ul>	Purchased commercial insurance.	None
<ul><li>b. Physical Property:</li><li>- Theft</li><li>- Damage to assets</li><li>- Natural disasters</li></ul>	All physical property except vehicles is insured through commercial insurance with deductible of \$1,000.	All physical property except vehicles - None
	Vehicle damage is not covered by insurance.	Vehicles - entire risk of loss retained through fund incurring the loss.

c. Workers' Compensation:

- Employee injuries

Participates in OMAG risk entity pool. Participation fee includes an actuarially determined amount held by OMAG as the loss reserve fund, to pay claims incurred. Claims are administered by the State

Specific aggregate stop loss coverage is provided by the State Insurance Fund and covers all claims above the loss reserve fund.

Insurance Fund.

d. Health and Life:

MedicalDental

All group health and life coverage is insured through a

commercial carrier.

None

#### **OMAG Workers Compensation**

The title to all assets acquired by the Plan is vested in the Plan. In the event of termination of the Plan, such property shall belong to the then members of the Plan in equal shares. Each participating City pays for all costs, premiums, or other fees attributable to its respective participation in the Plan, policy or service established under the agreement establishing the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group, and is responsible for its obligations under any contract entered into with the Plan.

Reserves for policy and contract claims provide for reported claims on a case basis and a provision for incurred but not reported claims limited to specific retention levels for each member as outlined in the Plan's reinsurance agreement.

The Plan's workers compensation coverage is reinsured for losses in excess of respective retention levels. The reinsurance agreement covers losses incurred within the effective period of the agreement. Each Plan member's liability for claims losses is limited to their individual retention levels as outlined in the Plan's reinsurance agreement.

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 4.D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Contingencies:**

#### **Grant Program Involvement**

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

#### Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. This statutory taxing ability is not available to the City's public trusts (Authorities).

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### **Asset Retirement Obligation**

The City has incurred certain asset retirement obligations related to the operation of its wastewater utility system. The estimated liability of the legally required closure costs for the wastewater utility system cannot be reasonably estimated as of June 30, 2021, since the specific legally required costs of retirement have not yet been identified. The City anticipates identifying those specific legally required costs and obtaining an estimate of those costs in a subsequent fiscal year.

#### **Commitments:**

#### **Construction Projects**

At June 30, 2021, the City had several construction projects ongoing. The material projects are noted below:

Project	 Total Contract	emaining Contract	Funding Source
Main Street Improvements Morrow Road Widening	\$ 3,157,234 1,706,349	\$ 88,277 1,410	Street Improvement Fund Vision 2025

#### Tax Increment Financing District

The City established a tax increment financing district (the "District") for the purpose of assisting an existing company within the City to expand its business. Under terms of the agreement, the Company agreed to relocate/expand its business on an underdeveloped parcel of land within the City. Pursuant to the agreement, sales tax generated within the District would be rebated by the City to the company on allowable construction costs incurred in the District as defined in the agreement. In addition, one hundred percent of the ad valorem tax generated within the District in excess of the base assessed value of the District is to be apportioned and used to reimburse the company for certain allowable project costs. The apportionment of ad valorem will terminate upon the final payment for all allowable project costs incurred, less previous apportionments of sales tax, but in no case shall extend beyond twenty-five years from the original effective date. During fiscal 2021, the ad valorem assessments on the District totaled \$811,629.

#### Subsequent Events

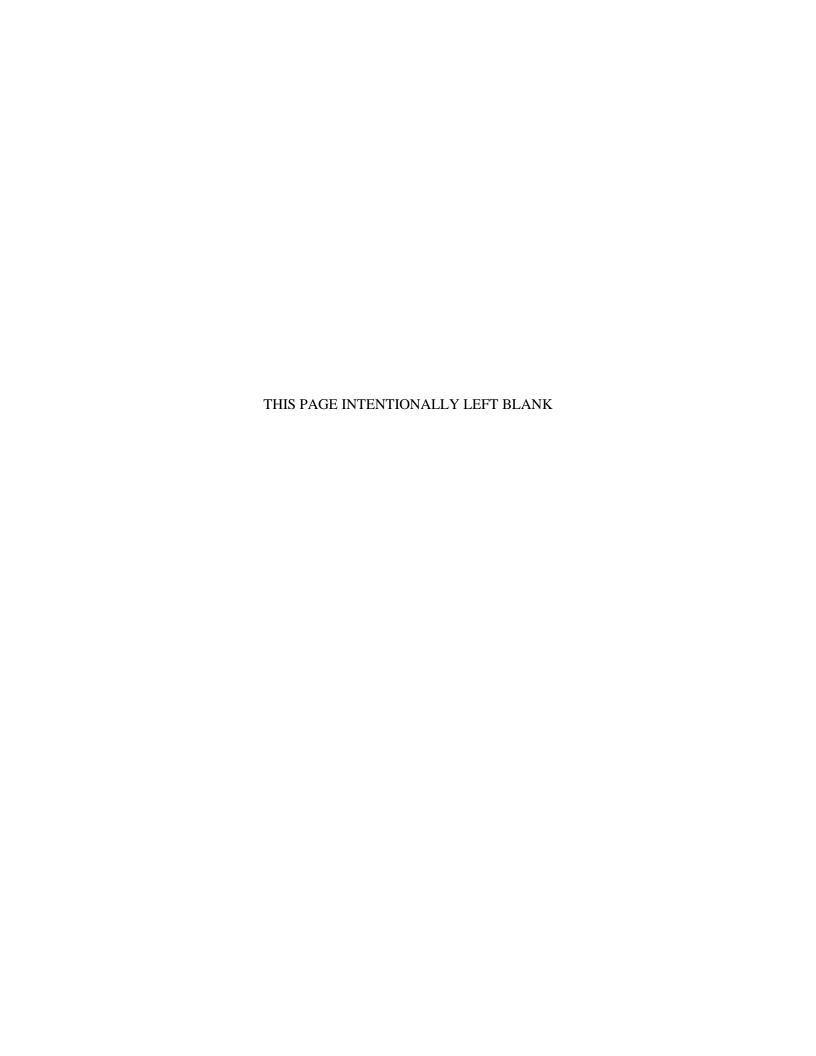
The City evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report. The City concluded that no subsequent events have occurred subsequent to year end that would require recognition in the financial statements.

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### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information (RSI) includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Defined Benefit Cost Sharing Plans:
  - Police
    - Schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
    - Schedule of City contributions
  - Fire
    - Schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
    - Schedule of City contributions
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Notes to RSI Budgetary Comparison Schedule
- Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios



### Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.5255%	0.5557%	0.5755%	0.5571%	0.5806%	0.5776%	0.6026377%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (176,923)	\$ 22,670	\$ 881,406	\$ 42,849	\$ (276,540)	\$ (36,875)	\$ 692,099
City's covered payroll	\$1,497,869	\$ 1,522,161	\$1,649,772	\$1,802,485	\$ 1,847,846	\$ 1,953,454	\$ 2,097,300
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(11.81%)	1.49%	53.43%	2.38%	(14.97%)	(1.89%)	33.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	99.82%	93.50%	99.68%	101.89%	100.24%	95.80%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 204,866	\$ 214,512	\$ 234,323	\$ 240,220	\$ 253,949	\$ 272,649	\$ 264,676
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	204,866	214,512	234,323	240,220	253,949	272,649	264,676
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,522,161	\$ 1,649,772	\$ 1,802,485	\$ 1,847,846	\$ 1,953,454	\$ 2,097,300	\$2,035,969
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.46%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

### Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF SAND SPRINGS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.696226%	0.7066%	0.7441%	0.71246%	0.66754%	0.64270%	0.7312853%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$7,159,629	\$7,499,699	\$9,090,642	\$8,960,763	\$7,514,168	\$6,790,981	\$ 9,008,797
City's covered payroll	\$1,785,586	\$1,941,928	\$2,020,060	\$2,030,414	\$2,067,307	\$2,060,843	\$2,070,707
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	401%	386%	450%	441%	363%	330%	435%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%	66.61%	70.73%	72.85%	69.98%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 271,870	\$ 282,811	\$ 284,258	\$ 289,423	\$ 288,518	\$ 289,899	\$ 302,490
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	271,870	282,811	284,258	289,423	288,518	289,899	302,490
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$1,941,928	\$ 2,020,060	\$ 2,030,414	\$ 2,067,307	\$ 2,060,843	\$2,070,707	\$2,160,643
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$5,263,945	\$6,247,383	\$6,247,383	-
Resources (Inflows):				
TAXES:				
Sales tax	6,706,986	6,706,986	7,425,551	718,565
Use tax	1,080,000	1,080,000	1,850,909	770,909
Hotel/Motel tax	153,000	153,000	257,758	104,758
Franchise tax	868,000	868,000	817,525	(50,475)
Video Provider Fee	22,000	22,000	23,740	1,740
Emergency telephone tax	12,000	12,000	14,515	2,515
Abatement fees Payment in lieu of taxes	30,000 1,265,468	30,000 1,265,468	23,489 1,303,484	(6,511) 38,016
rayment in lieu of taxes	1,265,466	1,203,400	1,303,464	30,016
Total Taxes	10,137,454	10,137,454	11,716,971	1,579,517
INTERGOVERNMENTAL:				
Taxes	235,000	235,000	242,486	7,486
Cigarette tax	120,000	120,000	138,288	18,288
Grants	38,453	2,654,760	2,759,060	104,300
Total Intergovernmental	393,453	3,009,760	3,139,834	130,074
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:				
Court costs	105,300	85,000	75,476	(9,524)
Zoning and inspection fees	75,000	75,000	108,455	33,455
Park and recreation fees	78,000	78,000	59,460	(18,540)
Fire run fees	750	750	-	(750)
Fire protection fee	163,000	163,000	163,962	962
First responder runs	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
First responder fees	247,500	247,500	251,157	3,657
EMSA fees	276,000	276,000	278,877	2,877
Other fees	32,500	34,672	22,372	(12,300)
Total Charges for Services	983,050	964,922	964,759	(163)
FINES AND FORFEITURES	120,000	140,300	150,360	10,060
LICENSES AND PERMITS:				
Licenses	94,640	94,640	96,391	1,751
Permits	41,900	41,900	64,838	22,938
Total Licenses and Permits	136,540	136,540	161,229	24,689
OTHER:				
Transfers from other funds	1,890,705	1,910,845	1,899,585	(11,260)
Interest on taxes	8,700	8,700	6,392	(2,308)
Interest	109,000	55,000	50,685	(4,315)
Other	371,000	213,374	169,290	(44,084)
Total Other	2,379,405	2,187,919	2,125,952	(61,967)
Total Resources (Inflows)	14,149,902	16,576,895	18,259,105	1,682,210
Amounts available for appropriation	19,413,847	22,824,278	24,506,488	1,682,210

(Continued)

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	<u> </u>	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:					
General Administration:					
Personal services	\$ 700	\$ 550	\$ -	\$ 550	
Materials and supplies	7,000	38,362	20,318	18,044	
Other services and charges	168,803	158,865	105,743	53,122	
Total General Administration	176,503	197,777	126,061	71,716	
Municipal Court:					
Personal services	182,927	175,498	130,500	44,998	
Materials and supplies	1,825	1,825	1,696	129	
Other services and charges	40,942	42,442	38,108	4,334	
Total Municipal Court	225,694	219,765	170,304	49,461	
City Manager:					
Personal services	356,704	270,597	196,140	74,457	
Materials and supplies	2,240	3,387	3,368	19	
Other services and charges	6,780	169,545	151,818	17,727	
Total City Manager	365,724	443,529	351,326	92,203	
City Clarks					
City Clerk: Personal services	189,875	195,421	179,015	16,406	
Materials and supplies	2,500	2,500	2,176	324	
Other services and charges	13,420	13,420	6,860	6,560	
Total City Clerk	205,795	211,341	188,051	23,290	
Information Services: Personal services	158,105	159.804	138.989	20,815	
Materials and supplies	10,925	33,473	30,452	3,021	
Other services and charges	223,280	201,320	172,142	29,178	
Total Information Services	392,310	394,597	341,583	53,014	
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,366,026	1,467,009	1,177,325	289,684	
PLANNING AND ZONING:					
Planning and Development:	405.040	400 007	404 404	F 400	
Personal services Materials and supplies	165,913 2,344	166,987 2,008	161,494 1,686	5,493 322	
Other services and charges	22,194	25,470	22,920	2,550	
TOTAL PLANNING AND ZONING	190,451	194,465	186,100	8,365	
	100,401	104,400	100,100	0,000	
FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION:					
Human Resources:	404.004		400.050	40.054	
Personal services Materials and supplies	194,081	211,813	198,959	12,854	
Other services and charges	6,912 8,645	8,212 8,795	6,768 7,630	1,444 1,165	
-					
Total Human Resources	209,638	228,820	213,357	15,463	
Finance:					
Personal services	485,508	514,725	505,486	9,239	
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	7,278	12,060	10,500	1,560	
Other services and charges	218,635	259,202	152,296	106,906	
Total Finance	711,421	785,987	668,282	117,705	
City Attorney:					
Personal services	20,935	20,935	16,242	4,693	
Other services and charges	119,545	119,545	104,868	14,677	
Total City Attorney	140,480	140,480	121,110	19,370	
TOTAL FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION	1,061,539	1,155,287	1,002,749	152,538	
				(Continued)	

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

				Variance with
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY:				
Police:				
Personal services	\$ 3,624,700	\$ 3,642,144	\$ 3,361,913	\$ 280,231
Materials and supplies	157,174	238,363	177,513	60,850
Other services and charges	155,118	171,913	133,779	38,134
Total Police	3,936,992	4,052,420	3,673,205	379,215
Emergency Management:				
Personal services	40,969	40,032	38,073	1,959
Materials and supplies	10,921	19,084	13,886	5,198
Other services and charges	16,004	20,471	17,082	3,389
Total Emergency Management	67,894	79,587	69,041	10,546
Animal Control:				
Personal services	103,192	115,411	111,948	3,463
Materials and supplies	30,094	30,793	29,890	903
Other services and charges	3,878	3,378	1,936	1,442
Capital outlay	3,000	2,000	950	1,050
Total Animal Control	140,164	151,582	144,724	6,858
Communications:				
Personal services	513,811	537,461	498,741	38,720
Materials and supplies	10,500	11,100	6,948	4,152
Other services and charges	241,656	248,013	186,684	61,329
Total Communications	765,967	796,574	692,373	104,201
Fire:				
Personal services	3,345,328	3,374,983	3,297,468	77,515
Materials and supplies	115,288	145,639	128,698	16,941
Other services and charges	353,406	347,406	321,451	25,955
Capital outlay	3,000	3,000	2,379	621
Total Fire	2.047.022	2.074.000	2.740.000	404.000
Total Fire	3,817,022	3,871,028	3,749,996	121,032
Neighborhood Services:				
Personal services	328,988	338,784	289,919	48,865
Materials and supplies	9,816	9,816	4,284	5,532
Other services and charges	138,480	138,201	93,298	44,903
Capital outlay	5,500	5,500	4,692	808
Total Neighborhood Services	482,784	492,301	392,193	100,108
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	9,210,823	9,443,492	8,721,532	721,960
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:				
Street and Alley:				
Personal services	511,191	543,562	393,902	149,660
Materials and supplies	207,077	293,636	226,234	67,402
Other services and charges	272,219	272,219	195,386	76,833
TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND STREETS	990,487	1,109,417	815,522	293,895
HEALTH AND WELFARE:				
Senior Citizens:	22.25	0 =0.4		= 0.1:
Personal services	22,235	6,734	1,123	5,611
Materials and supplies	6,603	4,053	530	3,523
Other services and charges	3,792	2,867	1,807	1,060
TOTAL HEALTH AND WELFARE	32,630	13,654	3,460	10,194

(Continued)

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

				Variance with		
<del>-</del>	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
<del>-</del>	Original	FIIIQI	Amounts	rositive (Negative)		
CULTURE AND RECREATION:						
Parks and Recreation:						
	\$ 755,566	\$ 872,689	\$ 813,663	\$ 59,026		
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	147,469 514,474	184,131 541,208	172,670 466,987	11,461 74,221		
Capital outlay	10,333	17,658	(2,740)	20,398		
			(2,7.10)			
Total Parks and Recreation	1,427,842	1,615,686	1,450,580	165,106		
Museum:	= 400	= 100	. =0.4			
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	5,400 47,667	5,400 47,668	4,701 38,432	699 9,236		
- Cities services and charges	47,007	47,000		3,230		
Total Museum	53,067	53,068	43,133	9,935		
TOTAL CULTURE AND RECREATION	1,480,909	1,668,754	1,493,713	175,041		
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT:						
Economic Development:						
Personal services	119,635	102,426	102,342	84		
Materials and supplies Other services and charges	4,420 307,868	17,020 324,632	15,373 313,982	1,647 10,650		
Other services and charges	307,000	324,032	313,302	10,030		
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	431,923	444,078	431,697	12,381		
FACILITIES MANAGEMENT AND FLEET MAINTENANCE:						
Facilities Management:						
Personal services	247,873	273,643	256,272	17,371		
Materials and supplies	113,350	113,361	62,618	50,743		
Other services and charges	242,068	242,527	188,190	54,337		
Total Facilities Management	603,291	629,531	507,080	122,451		
Fleet Maintenance:						
Personal services	248,281	254,444	232,460	21,984		
Materials and supplies	15,766	17,576	(251)	17,827		
Other services and charges	18,003	18,462	13,846	4,616		
Total Fleet Maintenance	282,050	290,482	246,055	44,427		
TOTAL FACILITIES MANAGEMENT AND FLEET MAINTENANCE_	885,341	920,013	753,135	166,878		
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers to other funds	113,300	113,300	113,300	-		
Debt service:				44.43		
				(11) (40)		
Capital lease lifterest		1,004	1,704	(40)		
Total Other Financing Uses	285,213	285,213	285,264	(51)		
Total Charges to Appropriations	15,935,342	16,701,382	14,870,497	1,830,885		
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 3,478,505	\$ 6,122,896	\$ 9,635,991	\$ 3,513,095		
Capital lease principal Capital lease interest  Total Other Financing Uses  Total Charges to Appropriations	\$ 3,478,505 in Fund Balance ges in Fund Bala	16,701,382 \$ 6,122,896				

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

The City prepares its budget for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are not considered expenditures for budgetary purposes, but are reported as an assignment of fund balance since the City intends to honor the commitments and provide for supplemental appropriations in the following budget year. All appropriations lapse at year end.

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years\*

	2018		2019		2020		2021	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	159,662	\$ 146,215	\$	142,934	\$	158,968	
Interest		60,022	76,493		78,245		75,524	
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	(135,792)		(123,765)		(127,409)	
Change in assumptions		(203,174)	(180,592)		49,358		397,410	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(27,737)	(21,169)		(10,819)		-	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(11,227)	 (114,845)		135,953		504,493	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,147,908	2,136,681		2,021,836		2,157,789	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,136,681	\$ 2,021,836	\$	2,157,789	\$	2,662,282	
Covered employee payroll	\$	9,012,000	\$ 8,900,000	\$	8,917,000	\$	8,909,000	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		23.71%	22.72%		24.20%		29.88%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

Only four years are presented because 10 year data is not yet available

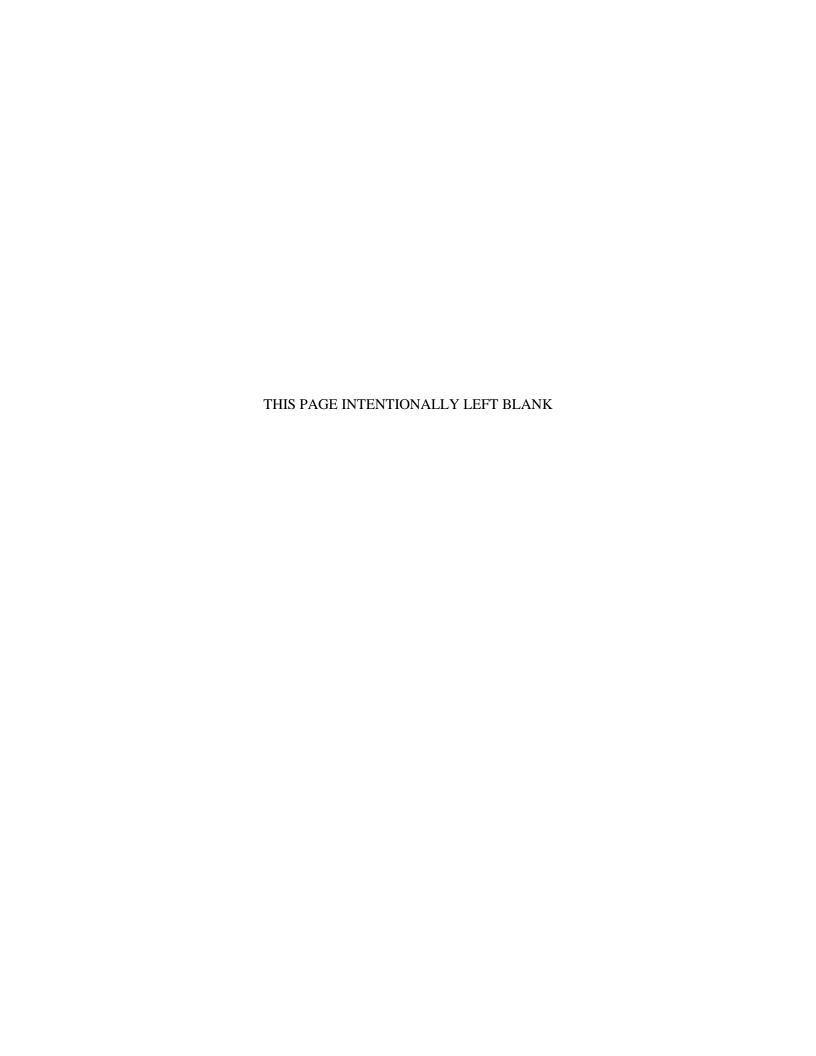
The change in assumption is a result of an increase in the discount rate from 2.85% to 3.58% in 2018, from 3.58% to 3.87% in 2019, from 3.87% to 3.50% in 2020 and from 3.50% to 2.21% in 2021.

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information (OSI) includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Combining Schedules General fund accounts
- Combining Statements Nonmajor governmental funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor governmental funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major governmental funds (capital project funds and debt service)
- Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Units
- Schedule of Debt Coverage
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards



#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet General Fund Accounts June 30 2021

	Ge	eneral Fund	Р	Special rograms Account	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,453,312	\$	107,990	\$ 6,561,302
Investments		1,253,712		-	1,253,712
Deposits with insurance pool		1,174,056		-	1,174,056
Accrued interest receivable		74		-	74
Taxes receivable, net		445,020		-	445,020
Receivable from other governments		1,235,278		-	1,235,278
Court fines receivable, net		113,766		-	113,766
Other receivables		66,596		-	66,596
Inventories		18,768		-	18,768
Prepaid items		723		-	723
Total assets	\$	10,761,305	\$	107,990	\$ 10,869,295
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable to other governments Other accrued expenses Amounts held in escrow Other payables Total liabilities	\$	276,963 1,257 465,373 28,417 12,616 784,626	\$	458 - - 12,102 12,560	\$ 277,421 1,257 465,373 28,417 24,718 797,186
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenues		340,688		-	340,688
Fund balances:					
Non-spendable		19,491		-	19,491
Restricted		771,408		-	771,408
Assigned		3,130,048		95,430	3,225,478
Unassigned		5,715,044		-	5,715,044
Total fund balances		9,635,991		95,430	 9,731,421
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	10,761,305	\$	107,990	\$ 10,869,295

## City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Ge	eneral Fund	Pı	Special ograms account	Total
REVENUES					 
Taxes	\$	11,716,971	\$	-	\$ 11,716,971
Fees and fines		150,360		6,896	157,256
Licenses and permits		161,229		-	161,229
Intergovernmental		3,804,340		8,138	3,812,478
Charges for services		964,759		-	964,759
Investment earnings		57,077		11	57,088
Miscellaneous		169,290		13,383	182,673
Total revenues		17,024,026		28,428	17,052,454
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		1,177,325		-	1,177,325
Planning and zoning		186,100		-	186,100
Financial administration		1,002,749		-	1,002,749
Public safety		9,378,017		35,765	9,413,782
Highways and streets		815,522		-	815,522
Health and welfare		3,460		-	3,460
Culture and recreation		1,496,453		-	1,496,453
Community and economic development		431,697		-	431,697
Facilities management and fleet maintenance		753,135		-	753,135
Debt Service:					
Principal		170,260		-	170,260
Interest and other charges		1,704		-	1,704
Capital Outlay		5,281		-	5,281
Total expenditures		15,421,703		35,765	 15,457,468
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,602,323		(7,337)	1,594,986
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		1,899,585		-	1,899,585
Transfers out		(113,300)		-	(113,300)
Total other financing sources and uses		1,786,285		-	 1,786,285
Net change in fund balances		3,388,608		(7,337)	 3,381,271
Fund balances - beginning		6,247,383		102,767	6,350,150
Fund balances - ending	\$	9,635,991	\$	95,430	\$ 9,731,421

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	REVENUE ND				CAP	ITAL PRO	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	S						
	Visio	Vision 2025	Sho Ca Impro	Short-Term Capital Improvements	Comr Devek Block EI	Community Development Block Grant - EDIF	T.I.I Cimarro	T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center	Park and Recreation	and ition	Airport Construction	ort iction	Capital Improvement		Stormwater Capital Improvement
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable Receivable from other governments	↔	42,215	€	986,358	€	84,712	₩	852 - - 457,422	<del>⇔</del>	88,714	&	148,463	\$ 1,901,987 130,079	\$	3,545,492 1,155,120 1,174
Other receivables Total assets	$\Theta$	42,215	€	999,915	€9	84,712		458,274	<del>69</del>	88,714	\$	- 148,463	\$ 2,032,066	· 6	4,701,786
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	₩	174	φ	299,314 299,314	क	5,450	क	457,422 457,422	↔		₩		\$ 8,915	ا <del>ره</del> امام	28,808 28,808
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues										'		'		- 1	1,046
Fund balances: Restricted Assigned Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	မ	42,041 - 42,041 42,215	↔	635,535 65,066 700,601 999,915	မာ	79,262 - 79,262 84,712	↔	852 - 852 458,274	မ	- 88,714 88,714 88,714	\$\frac{\phi}{2}	148,463 - 148,463 148,463	2,023,151 2,023,151 \$ 2,032,066	· - - 0	4,671,932 4,671,932 4,701,786

(continued)

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

			CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	FUNDS						DEBT SERVICE FUND		
	SSMA Capital	2018 GO Economic Development Fund	2014 GO Capital Improvement	Golf C Ca Impro	Golf Course Capital Improvement	Eco Devel Ca Impro	Economic Development Capital Improvement	Deve Çî	Development Capital Improvement	Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds	er ntal
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable Receivable from other governments	\$ 1,056,068	<i></i>	\$ 635	₩	23,604	↔	520,947	₩	1,639,792	\$ 929,926 249,594 83 345,444	\$ 16,178,956 1,534,793 1,257 865,557	178,956 534,793 1,257 865,557
Other receivables Total assets	\$ 1,056,068	\$ 5,209,191	\$ 635	↔	23,604	↔	570,081	₩.	85,864 1,725,656	\$ 1,525,047	85,864 \$ 18,666,427	85,864 166,427
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 7,585	\$ 48,100	ω	<del>vs</del>		₩	2,298	မာ	5,892	φ	\$ 863	863,958 863,958
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues										329,596	330	330,642
Fund balances: Restricted Assigned Total fund balances	1,048,483 1,048,483 1,048,483 \$	5,161,091	635 635 635 8	θ.	23,604 23,604 23,604	₩	- 567,783 567,783 570,081	€	- 1,719,764 1,719,764 1,725,656	1,184,174 11,277 1,195,451 \$ 1,525,047	7,251,418 10,220,409 17,471,827 \$ 18,666,427	,418 ,409 ,427

City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND			0	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	FUNDS			
	Vision 2025	Short-Term Capital Improvements		Community Development Block Grant - EDIF	T.I.D. #1 Cimarron Center	er Park and Recreation	Airport Construction	Capital Improvement	Stormwater Capital Improvement
REVENUES Taxes	es.	\$	\$ (26,293	•	\$ 811,629	&	69	φ	· •
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental				139,864			250,254		
Charges for services	. 4		1,120			31,762	- 17	- 476	. 001
Miscellaneous	<u>.</u>		5,831	•		2 '	: '	328,789	5
Total revenues	12	17:	173,681	139,864	811,629	9 31,772	250,271	329,265	9,100
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community development	•			•	911,819	- 6		•	•
Debt service: Principal	•			•					
Interest and other charges	•			•					
Capital Outlay	70,167	38	384,971	146,140			283,770	216,612	303,850
Total expenditures	70,167	38	384,971	146,140	911,819	6	283,770	216,612	303,850
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(70,155)	(21	(211,290)	(6,276)	(100,190)	0) 31,772	(33,499)	112,653	(294,750)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of long-term debt	•			•			•	•	
Premiums from issuance of long-term debt	•			•			•	•	•
Payment to refunding/escrow account		ç	, 000 816	•			. 000	- 020 022	1 345 000
Transfers out		(16	164,000)				000,10	(912,507)	(3,900,000)
Total other financing sources and uses		15	154,300				51,000	(581,665)	(2,555,000)
Net change in fund balances	(70,155)	9	(56, 990)	(6,276)	(100,190)		17,501	(469,012)	(2,849,750)
rund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 42.041	s (0)	700,601	85,538	\$ 852	2 \$ 88.714	130,962	\$ 2.023.151	4.671.932
•			1						(political)

City of Sand Springs
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		3	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	NDS			DEBT SERVICE FUND	
		2018 GO Economic		Golf Course	Economic Development	Development		Total Other
	SSMA Capital	Development Fund	2014 GO Capital Improvement	Capital Improvement	Capital Improvement	Capital Improvement	Debt Service Fund	Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits	· '	€9	· ·	 ⊌	\$ 371,278 13,650	φ	\$ 2,213,760	\$ 3,563,260 13,650
Intergovernmental Charges for services								390,118 32,882
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	153 19,981	465		4 '	322 25,000		935	11,631 379,601
Total revenues	20,134	465		4	410,250		2,214,695	4,391,142
EXPENDIT URES Current: Community development		•			•		•	911,819
Debt Service: Principal		•	٠	•	•	•	1,145,000	1,145,000
Interest and other charges Capital Outlay	291,140	1,500,107	19,483	- 66,119	- 65,190	1,882,737	861,980	861,980 5,230,286
Total expenditures	291,140	1,500,107	19,483	66,119	65,190	1,882,737	2,006,980	8,149,085
expenditures	(271,006)	(1,499,642)	(19,483)	(66,115)	345,060	(1,882,737)	207,715	(3,757,943)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of long-term debt Premiums from issuance of long-term debt Payment to refunding/escrow account Transfers out Transfers out Total other frinancing sources and uses Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	1,234,000 1,234,000 902,994 85,489 8 1,048,483	5,812,507 - 5,812,507 - 5,812,507 - 4,312,865 - 848,226 - 848,226 - 161,091	(19,483) 20,118 \$ 635	39,428 39,428 39,428 (26,687) 50,291 \$ 23,604	. (387,978) (387,978) (42,918) (610,701) \$ 567,783	3,537,978 3,537,978 1,655,241 64,523 8 1,719,764	1,510,000 74,035 (1,625,00) (41,705) 166,010 1,029,41 \$ 1,195,451	1,510,000 74,035 (1,625,000) 12,669,055 (5,365,228) 7,262,865 3,504,922 13,666,905 \$ 17,471,827

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		SPECIA	SPECIAL REVENUE - VISION 2025			CAP SHORT-TERM	CAPITAL PROJECT - SHORT-TERM CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	MENTS
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted	Budaeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
c	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Kevenues: Taxes	€		· \$	· \$	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 166,593	\$ 16,593
Charges for services Investment income			- 12	- 12	20,526 5,000	20,526 200	1,120	(19,406)
Miscellaneous						9,613	5,831	(3,782)
Total Revenues			12	12	175,526	180,339	173,681	(6,658)
Expenditures: Information Services:								
Capital outlay		•		•	•	51,613	40,833	10,780
Communications: Capital outlay	•	•	•		5,000	2,000	734	4,266
Animal Control: Capital outlay			٠		30,000	30,000	•	30,000
Parks & Recreation: Capital outlay		107,468	70,167	37,301	37,000	57,719	44,090	13,629
Public Works: Capital outlay		•			•	7,808		7,808
Streets: Capital outlay				•	341,500	341,500	299,314	42,186
Total Expenditures		107,468	70,167	37,301	413,500	493,640	384,971	108,669
Revenues over (under) expenditures	•	(107,468)	(70,155)	37,313	(237,974)	(313,301)	(211,290)	102,011
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					318,300 (164,000)	318,300 (164,000)	318,300 (164,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			•		154,300	154,300	154,300	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(107,468)	(70,155)	37,313	(83,674)	(159,001)	(26,990)	102,011
Fund Balance - beginning of year	4,322	112,196	112,196		780,191	757,591	757,591	•
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 4,322	\$ 4,728	\$ 42,041	\$ 37,313	\$ 696,517	\$ 598,590	\$ 700,601	\$ 102,011

(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	COMMUNITY Budgeted Amounts	CAPITA OMMUNITY DEVELOI	CAPITAL PROJECT - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT - EDIF Admounts Admounts	VT - EDIF Variance with Final Budget	Budgefed Amounts		CAPITAL PROJECT - PARK AND RECREATION Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	 ↔	\$ 158,162	\$ 139,864	\$ (18,298)	. 7,000 650	\$ 26,612 20	31,762 10	\$ 5.150 (10)
Total Revenues		158,162	139,864	(18,298)	7,650	26,632	31,772	5,140
Expenditures: Parks and Recreation: Capital outlay	·	2,000		2,000	•	•	•	
Water: Capital outlay		154,845	146,140	8,705	•	•		
Total Expenditures	•	156,845	146,140	10,705				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	•	1,317	(6,276)	(7,593)	7,650	26,632	31,772	5,140
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in			•					•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		1,317	(6,276)	(7,593)	7,650	26,632	31,772	5,140
Fund Balance - beginning of year	58,910	85,538	85,538	•	55,946	56,942	56,942	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 58,910	\$ 86,855	\$ 79,262	\$ (7,593)	\$ 63,596	\$ 83,574	\$ 88,714	\$ 5,140

(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		CAPITA T.I.D. #1 CII	CAPITAL PROJECT - T.I.D. #1 CIMARRON CENTER			CAPI CAPITA	CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	
	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Investment income Miscellaneous	. 750,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 811,629	629,19	\$ 40,000	\$ 1,300 79,265	\$ 476 328,789	\$ (824) 249,524
Total Revenues	750,000	750,000	811,629	61,629	40,000	80,565	329,265	248,700
Expenditues: Curen: Curen: Ernergency, Management: Captal Outlay					,	4,660	,	4,660
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay	•	•	•			55,032	8,885	46,147
Neighborhood Services: Capital Outlay						42,407		42,407
Facilities Management: Capital Outlay	•				100,000	142,354	9,243	133,111
Public Works: Capital Outlay		•	•		•	457,000	12,830	444,170
Economic Development: Other Services and Charges Capital Outlay	750,000	750,000	911,819	(161,819)	10,395	341,526 341,526	113,807	227,719
Golf Course: Other Services and Charges					25,000	236,239	51,228	185,011
Airport Capital Outlay						150,000		150,000
Street: Capital Outlay	•	1	•			91,037	•	91,037
Water: Capital Outlay	•	1	•			46,529	20,619	25,910
Total Expenditures	750,000	750,000	911,819	(161,819)	135,395	1,566,784	216,612	1,350,172
Revenues over (under) expenditures			(100,190)	(100,190)	(98,395)	(1,486,219)	112,653	1,598,872
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					89,221 (12,507)	330,842 (912,507)	330,842 (912,507)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					76,714	(581,665)	(581,665)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			(100,190)	(100,190)	(18,681)	(2,067,884)	(469,012)	1,598,872
Fund Balance - beginning of year	•	101,042	101,042	•	1,462,461	2,492,163	2,492,163	
Fund Balance - end of year	<del>У</del>	\$ 101,042	\$ 852	\$ (100,190)	\$ 1,443,780	\$ 424,279	\$ 2,023,151	\$ 1,598,872

(Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		CAPITA STORMWATER C	CAPITAL PROJECT - STORMWATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	ŢN		CAP	CAPITAL PROJECT - SSMA CAPITAL	
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Nenative)	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Nerative)
Reverues: Taxes Investment income Miscellaneous	100,000	\$ 10,000	9,100	(006)	5,000	\$ 250	\$ 153 19,981	(97)
Total Revenues	100,000	10,000	9,100	(006)	5,000	250	20,134	19,884
Expenditures: Current: Water: Capital Outlay		·	·	·	264,000	265,942	•	265,942
Wastewater: Capital Outlay	•	•			120,000	158,528	17,979	140,549
Airport: Capital Outlay	•	•			•	10,515	•	10,515
Customer Service: Capital Outlay	•	•	•		30,000	32,520	•	32,520
Engineering: Capital Outlay						10,000		10,000
Golf Course: Capital Outlay					230,000	230,769	30,769	200,000
Sanitation: Capital Outlay					290,000	590,867	242,392	348,475
Stormwater: Capital Outlay	550,000	3,901,577	303,850	3,597,727		٠		•
Total Expenditures	550,000	3,901,577	303,850	3,597,727	1,234,000	1,299,141	291,140	1,008,001
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(450,000)	(3,891,577)	(294,750)	3,596,827	(1,229,000)	(1,298,891)	(271,006)	1,027,885
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,200,000 (3,900,000)	1,345,000 (3,900,000)	1,345,000 (3,900,000)		1,234,000	1,234,000	1,234,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,700,000)	(2,555,000)	(2,555,000)		1,234,000	1,234,000	1,234,000	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(3,150,000)	(6,446,577)	(2,849,750)	3,596,827	2,000	(64,891)	962,994	1,027,885
Fund Balance - beginning of year	3,176,920	7,521,682	7,521,682	•	24,915	85,489	85,489	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 26,920	\$ 1,075,105	\$ 4,671,932	\$ 3,596,827	\$ 29,915	\$ 20,598	\$ 1,048,483	\$ 1,027,885

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		CAPITA GOLF COURSE O	CAPITAL PROJECT - GOLF COURSE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	LNS	ECC	CAPITAL PROJECT - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	CAPITAL PROJECT - OPMENT CAPITAL IMPR	OVEMENT FUND
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	Oigila	B	Alloquis	rosilive (regalive)	Oigila	<u> </u>	Alloquies	rositive (regative)
Taxes	· \$	· \$	· \$		\$ 335,349	\$ 335,349	\$ 371,278	\$ 35,929
Licenses & permits			. •	, `	, 000 14	' 00	13,650	13,650
Miscellaneous	0000		,	* .	000,61	25,000	25,000 25,000	7777
Total Revenues	200		4	4	350,349	360,449	410,250	49,801
Expenditures:								
Current: Golf Course:								
Capital Outlay	47,750	95,132	66,119	29,013				
Economic Development: Capital Outlay					24.000	080 060	65 100	224 770
Capual Canas					000114			0 1 1 1 2 2 2
Total Expenditures	47,750	95,132	66,119	29,013	24,000	289,960	65,190	224,770
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(47,250)	(95,132)	(66,115)	29,017	326,349	70,489	345,060	274,571
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in Transfers out	44,850	44,850	39,428	(5,422)		(387.978)	(387.978)	
i			000	(007 4)			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
l otal Other Financing Sources (Uses)	44,850	44,850	39,428	(5,422)		(387,978)	(387,978)	
Revenues and other sources over (under)	(2 400)	(50.080)	(26.687)	23 505	326 340	(317 480)	(42 018)	27.4 57.4
פאספו ימונים פווח סיוופן מספס	(5,400)	(20,202)	(100,02)	60,030	640,020	(60t, 110)	(916,24)	10,412
Fund Balance - beginning of year	2,900	50,291	50,291		20,481	610,701	610,701	
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 200	6 \$	\$ 23,604	\$ 23,595	\$ 346,830	\$ 293,212	\$ 567,783	\$ 274,571

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		CAPIT, 2014 G.O. CAF	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2014 G.O. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	L		CAP	CAPITAL PROJECT - AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION	
				Variance with				Variance with
	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts Original	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	€	6	<del>У</del>	4	σ.	·	·	9
Intergovernmental Investment income					1,150	670,880	250,254 17	(420,626)
Total Revenues					1,150	670,930	250,271	(420,659)
Expenditures: Facilities Management: Capital Outlay		20,117	19,483	634				
Airport: Capital Outlay	•	,			39,668	404,421	283,770	120,651
Total Expenditures		20,117	19,483	634	39,668	404,421	283,770	120,651
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(20,117)	(19,483)	634	(38,518)	266,509	(33,499)	(300,008)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		•			16,000	51,000	51,000	•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					16,000	51,000	51,000	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(20,117)	(19,483)	634	(22,518)	317,509	17,501	(300,008)
Fund Balance - beginning of year	7,811	20,118	20,118	•	108,308	130,962	130,962	•
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 7,811	\$	\$ 635	\$ 634	\$ 85,790	\$ 448,471	\$ 148,463	\$ (300,008) (Continued)

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

CAPITAL PROJECT -

		DEVELOPMENT CAP	DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	LFUND	CAPITAL	PROJECT - 2018 G.O	. ECONOMIC DEVE	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2018 G.O. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN FUND
	Rudgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	€	 ↔	 ↔	 ↔	 ↔	 ↔	\$ - 465	\$ 465
Total Revenues							465	465
Expenditues: Current: Streets: Capital Outlay		,	,		,	650,000	1	000'099
Stormwater: Capital Outlay		337,978	49,296	288,682		3,591,317		3,591,317
Water: Capital Outlay		1,200,000	•	1,200,000		850,000	•	850,000
Economic Development: Capital Outlay	1,200,000	2,064,522	1,833,441	231,081	5,412,507	1,566,390	1,500,107	66,283
Total Expenditures	1,200,000	3,602,500	1,882,737	1,719,763	5,412,507	6,657,707	1,500,107	5,157,600
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,200,000)	(3,602,500)	(1,882,737)	1,719,763	(5,412,507)	(6,657,707)	(1,499,642)	5,158,065
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	1,200,000	3,537,978	3,537,978		5,412,507	5,812,507	5,812,507	,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,200,000	3,537,978	3,537,978		5,412,507	5,812,507	5,812,507	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(64,522)	1,655,241	1,719,763	•	(845,200)	4,312,865	5,158,065
Fund Balance - beginning of year		64,523	64,523		844,756	848,226	848,226	
Fund Balance - end of year	€	\$	\$ 1,719,764	\$ 1,719,763	\$ 844,756	\$ 3,026	\$ 5,161,091	\$ 5,158,065

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 DEBT SERVICE FUND

Revenues: Taxes Investment income

Expenditures: Debt Service

Total Revenues

Debt Service

Revenues over (under) expenditures

Total Expenditures

Other Financing Sources (Uses):
Issuance of long-term debt
Premium from Issuance of long-term debt
Payment to returding/escrow account
Transfers out

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses

Fund Balance - beginning of year

Fund Balance - end of year

Variance with Final Budget	Positive (Negative)	\$ 91,453 (13,565)	77,888	1,636,106	1,636,106	1,713,994	(1,625,000) 11,260	(1,613,740)	100,254		400.054
Actual	Amounts	\$ 2,213,760 935	2,214,695	2,006,980	2,006,980	207,715	1,510,000 74,035 (1,625,000) (740)	(41,705)	166,010	1,029,441	¢ 1 105 451
mounts	Final	\$ 2,122,307 14,500	2,136,807	3,643,086	3,643,086	(1,506,279)	1,510,000 74,035 - (12,000)	1,572,035	65,756	1,029,441	\$ 1,005,107
Budgeted Amounts	Original	2,122,307 14,500	2,136,807	1,864,627	1,864,627	272,180		(12,000)	260,180	1,194,980	1 455 160

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		CAPITAL PROJECT - STREET IMPROVEMENT	STREET IMPROVEM	ENT	CAPITAL	CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT WATER/WASTEWATER	IMPROVEMENT WAT	ER/WASTEWATER
	90000	Distraction Amounts	,	Variance with	9	Distraction Amounts	A	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Veworluds: Taxes Intergovernmental Charages for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,676,746	\$ 1,676,746 1,750,000 - 48,000	\$ 1,856,388	\$ 179,642 (1,750,000) 3,316	\$ 3,353,493 100,000 108,000	\$ 3,353,493 - 100,000 15,000	\$ 3,712,775 - 144,775 9,366	\$ 359,282 - 44,775 (5,634)
Total Revenues	1,788,746	3,474,746	1,907,704	(1,567,042)	3,561,493	3,468,493	3,866,916	398,423
Expenditures: Water: Capital Outlay					1,585,000	5,777,891	1,018,834	4,759,057
Wastewater: Capital Outlay			,	,	1,190,000	3,642,493	243,137	3,399,356
Public Works: Capital Outlay	,		,		,	150,171	11,871	138,300
Street: Capital Outlay	2,388,054	10,582,175	226,795	10,355,380	,		,	
Total Expenditures	2,388,054	10,582,175	226,795	10,355,380	2,775,000	9,570,555	1,273,842	8,296,713
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(599,308)	(7,107,429)	1,680,909	8,788,338	786,493	(6,102,062)	2,593,074	8,695,136
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(650,000)	(650,000)	(650,000)		(2,850,000)	(2,850,000)	(2,850,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(650,000)	(650,000)	(650,000)		(2,850,000)	(2,850,000)	(2,850,000)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(1,249,308)	(7,757,429)	1,030,909	8,788,338	(2,063,507)	(8,952,062)	(256,926)	8,695,136
Fund Balance - beginning of year	1,448,559	9,418,684	9,418,684	•	2,330,324	9,334,408	9,334,408	•
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 199,251	\$ 1,661,255	\$ 10,449,593	\$ 8,788,338	\$ 266,817	\$ 382,346	\$ 9,077,482	\$ 8,695,136

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	CAPITAL	CAPITAL PROJECT - PUBLIC SAFETY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	SAFETY CAPITAL IM	PROVEMENT		CAPITAL PROJECT	CAPITAL PROJECT - 2018 G.O. CITY PROJECT	олест
	Budgetec	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Budaete	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 1,509,072	\$ 1,509,072	\$ 1,670,749	\$ 161,677	· •	· •	69	φ
Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	13,300	300	1,450	1,150		20,992	10,315 718 4,245	10,315 718 (16,747)
Total Revenues	1,522,372	1,509,372	1,672,199	162,827		20,992	15,278	(5,714)
Expenditures: Streets: Capital Outlay					1,945,000	3,995,952	492,626	3,503,326
Finance: Capital Outlay		1,087		1,087	,			
Information Services: Capital Outlay					,	155,933	146,812	9,121
Police: Capital Outlay	210,261	1,147,631	122,258	1,025,373		201,927	26,842	175,085
Fire: Capital Outlay	230,261	306,544	26,261	280,283	,	11,210	7,385	3,825
Public Works: Capital Outlay					384,500			
Museum: Capital Outlay					,	176,869	174,707	2,162
Golf Course: Capital Outlay					,	683,300	668,305	14,995
Parks and Recreation: Capital Outlay	,	2,138		2,138		1,272,334	787,756	484,578
Facilities Management: Capital Outlay		40,000		40,000		,		
Debt Service	981,850	496,850	977,027	(480,177)				
Total Expenditures	1,422,372	1,994,250	1,125,546	868,704	2,329,500	6,497,525	2,304,433	4,193,092
Revenues over (under) expenditures	100,000	(484,878)	546,653	1,031,531	(2,329,500)	(6,476,533)	(2,289,155)	4,187,378
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of long-term debt Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)		2,279,500			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)		2,279,500			
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	•	(584,878)	446,653	1,031,531	(20,000)	(6,476,533)	(2,289,155)	4,187,378
Fund Balance - beginning of year		846,846	846,846	•	174,236	6,406,599	6,406,599	•
Fund Balance - end of year	· &	\$ 261,968	\$ 1,293,499	\$ 1,031,531	\$ 124,236	\$ (69,934)	\$ 4,117,444	\$ 4,187,378

# CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	fluseum Trust uthority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 22,535 (16,893) (18,140)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	 (12,498)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	1,373
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,373
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(11,125)
Balances - beginning of the year	136,920
Balances - end of the year	\$ 125,795
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Change in assets and liabilities:  Accounts payable  Accrued payroll liabilities  Due to other governmental agencies	\$ (15,586) 3,021 41 26
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (12,498)

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF DEBT COVERAGE For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

Series 2003, 2004,

2005, 2006, 2009, 2012 & 2013 OWRB Notes and Series 2020 Refunding **Revenue Bonds** Gross Revenue Available for Debt Service: Charges for services: Water charges \$ 8,637,031 Wastewater charges 3,490,876 Sales tax pledged and transferred 3,712,775 <u>15,840,</u>682 Total Gross Revenues Available Operating Expenses: Water 5,660,611 Wastewater 2,404,844 **Total Operating Expenses** 8,065,455 Net Revenues Available for Debt Service 7,775,227 Debt Service Requirements: Average annual debt service - 2020 Revenue Bonds 1,383,986 Maximum annual debt service - 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2009, 2012 and 2013 OWRB Notes 1,794,578 Total Debt Service Requirements 3,178,564 Computed Coverage 245% Coverage Requirement 125%

NOTE: The above gross revenue and operating expenses only include the activities of the Authority related to water and wastewater services, excluding depreciation and amortization expense.

### CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal/State Grantor/Pass Through Agency Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL#	Grant #	Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-40-0084-022-2020	\$ 267,634	\$ 250,254
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
Equitable Sharing	16.922			9,617
Passed Through Tulsa County: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF) - COVID 19	16.034		84,425	38,520
Passed Through District Attorneys Council: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF) - COVID 19 Sub-total 16.034	16.034	2020-VD-BX-00	<b>4,279</b> 88,704	<b>1,619</b> 40,139
Bulletproof vests	16.607	2010UMX0261	3,797	1,113
Total Department of Justice			92,501	50,869
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY: Federal Emergency Management Agency: Passed through Oklahoma Civil Emergency Management: Disaster Assistance  Passed through Oklahoma Civil Emergency Management: Emergency Management Preparedness Grant - COVID 19 Emergency Management Preparedness Grant	97.088 97.042 97.042	FEMA-4438 EMPG20	1,364,150 13,888 20,000	105,842 13,862 5,000
Emergency Management Preparedness Grant Sub-total 97.042	97.042	EMPG21	20,000 53,888	15,000 33,862
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			1,418,038	139,704
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY:				
Passed through Oklahoma Department of Treasury: CARES Act - COVID 19	21.019		1,534,282	1,534,282
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT:				
Passed through Oklahoma Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grant - Non-entitlement Community Development Block Grant - Non-entitlement	14.218 14.218	CDBG 2019 CDBG 2020	96,303 127,029	12,835 127,029
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			223,332	139,864
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,535,787	\$ 2,114,973

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# Statistical Section



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



### STATISTICAL SECTION

The STATISTICAL SECTION presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

# **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sourced, sales tax and property tax.

## **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

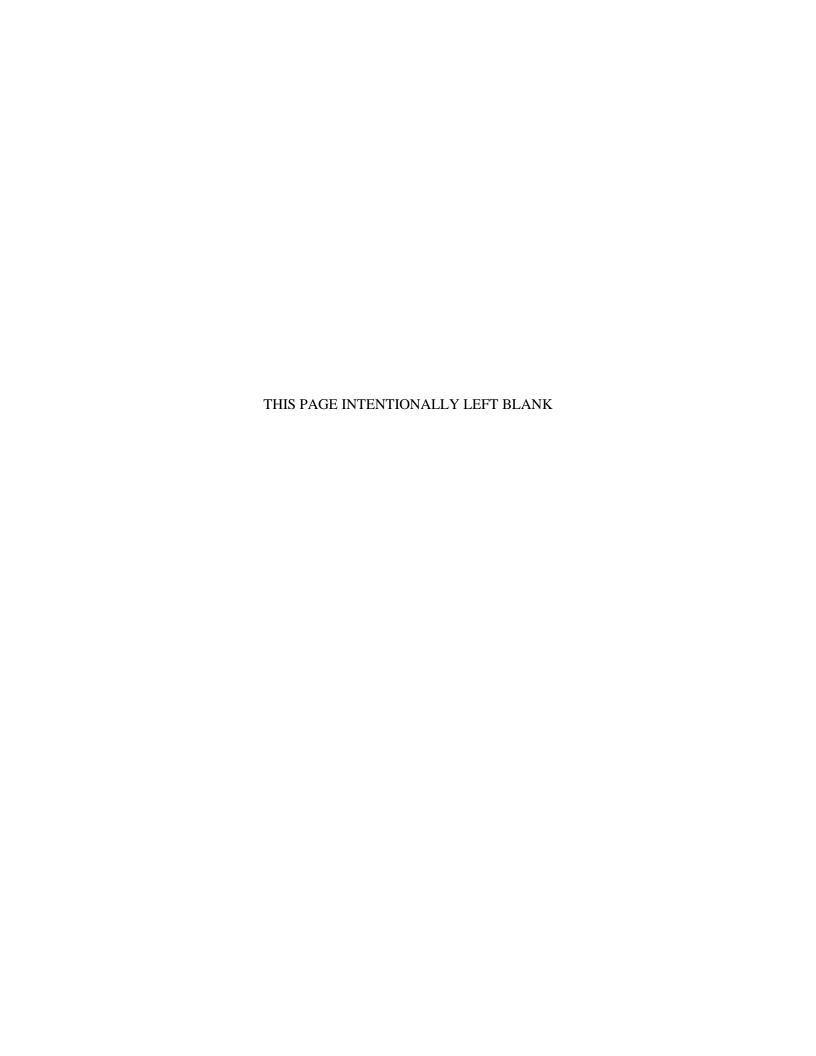
# **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

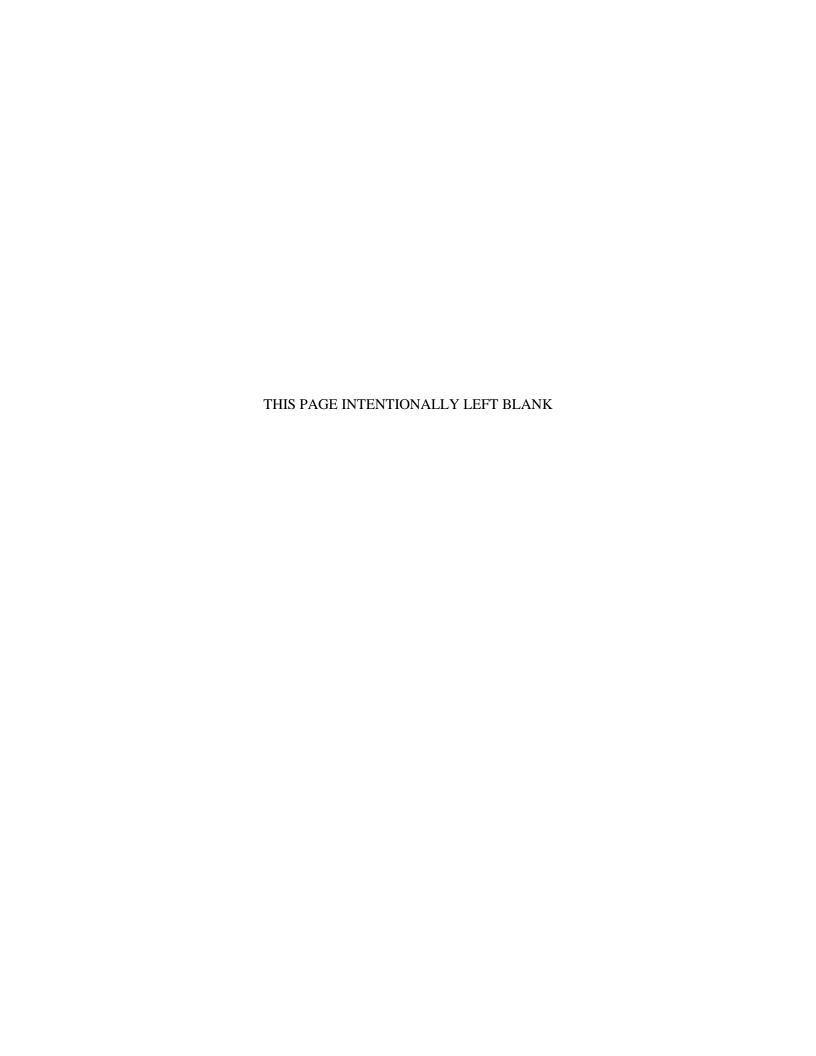
# **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in FY 2001; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.







CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 1

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30.816.820	\$ 32.505.624	\$ 33.255.246	\$ 33.248.179	\$ 18.346.326	\$ 37.376.826	\$ 40.483.621	\$ 41.002.139	\$ 44.057.690	\$ 44.253.029
Restricted	8,213,492	8,213,492	9,112,520	10,589,915	25,072,566	11,329,895	10,452,886	10,746,541	12,906,656	18,963,127
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,649,538	7,604,073	4,246,875	(1,644,109)	(716,374)	604,043	457,605	5,349,907	797,159	4,409,090
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 45,679,850	\$ 48,323,189	\$ 46,614,641	\$ 42,193,985	\$ 42,702,518	\$ 49,310,764	\$ 51,394,112	\$ 57,098,587	\$ 57,761,505	\$ 67,625,246
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 51,114,327	\$ 50,561,549	\$ 50,419,150	\$ 51,548,644	\$ 53,054,629	\$ 54,851,506	\$ 56,884,600	\$ 57,984,084	\$ 60,181,560	\$ 60,949,849
Restricted	573,042	2,698,557	2,468,184	2,385,880	2,403,088	2,420,288	2,450,805	2,498,430	2,532,310	726,744
Unrestricted	14,033,434	18,929,949	22,510,729	22,744,600	23,551,877	24,278,798	23,513,064	24,636,613	27,585,776	25,798,569
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 65,720,803	\$ 72,190,055	\$ 75,398,063	\$ 76,679,124	\$ 79,009,594	\$ 81,550,592	\$ 82,848,469	\$ 85,119,127	\$ 90,299,646	\$ 87,475,162
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 81,931,147	\$ 83,067,173	\$ 83,674,396	\$ 84,796,823	\$ 71,400,955	\$ 92,228,332	\$ 97,368,221	\$ 98,986,223	\$ 104,239,250	\$ 105,202,878
Restricted	8,786,534	10,912,049	11,580,704	12,975,795	27,475,654	13,750,183	12,903,691	13,244,971	15,438,966	19,689,871
Unrestricted	20,682,972	26,534,022	26,757,604	21,100,491	22,835,503	24,882,841	23,970,669	29,986,520	28,382,935	30,207,659
Total primary government net position	\$ 111,400,653	\$ 120,513,244	\$ 122,012,704	\$ 118,873,109	\$ 121,712,112	\$ 130,861,356	\$ 134,242,581	\$ 142,217,714	\$ 148,061,151	\$ 155,100,408

	2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses											
Government activities:											
Government government	\$ 1,433,226	\$ 1,164,073	છ	2,662,169	\$ 1,322,426	\$ 1,382,934	1,452,911	\$ 1,418,445	\$ 1,484,936	\$ 2,266,358	\$ 2,079,767
Planning and zoning	107,071	123,879		136,407	101,842	155,897	152,884	159,519	172,027	183,962	198,610
Financial administration	655,916	778,035		891,880	826,352	797,905	814,019	865,794	909,514	964,129	1,019,307
Public safety	7,824,047	8,239,023		8,482,160	8,211,241	8,831,758	8,731,211	9,182,181	8,396,933	10,419,130	11,487,138
Highways and streets	2,562,148	2,306,716		2,295,442	2,280,869	1,917,538	3 2,666,478	2,069,886	2,130,852	2,431,763	2,605,660
Health and welfare	55,807	35,958		38,152	34,322	31,587	30,003	29,826	25,629	26,708	2,257
Culture and recreation	1,103,527	1,181,165		1,334,749	1,286,258	1,368,145	1,431,045	1,528,516	1,749,415	3,369,982	2,201,588
Economic development	346,436	503,795		718,360	614,822	887,161	930,693	2,147,387	1,145,882	864,239	1,584,029
Facilities mgmt & fleet maint	453,988	606,146		600,341	595,485	619,711		586,098	530,176	548,790	644,355
Interest on long-term debt	222,039	186,830		202,090	220,338	491,729	647,737	684,270	836,705	833,740	1,572,123
Total governmental activities expenses	14,764,205	15,125,620		17,361,750	15,493,955	16,484,365	17,482,901	18,671,922	17,382,069	21,908,801	23,394,834
Business-type activities:											
Water	5,643,653	7,276,661		7,217,517	6,950,079	7,582,078	7,542,148	7,763,775	7,343,452	7,969,207	8,546,991
Wastewater	4,082,209	3,454,771		3,542,099	3,699,133	3,463,644	3,676,656	3,905,087	3,663,633	4,306,628	3,619,192
Solid Waste	1,316,341	1,343,240		1,373,312	1,383,708	1,356,840	1,379,454	1,522,908	1,469,884	1,554,069	1,523,893
Stormwater	324,183	325,681		387,534	341,828	673,179	403,009	445,087	389,921	411,619	392,304
Airport	645,081	646,802		765,017	706,851	869,466	943,452	912,916	807,343	750,220	824,049
Golf course	832,127	788,392		818,843	914,668	1,042,559	868,605	852,479	810,275	776,491	1,007,133
Total business-type activities expenses	12,843,594	13,835,547		14,104,322	13,996,267	14,987,766	14,813,324	15,402,252	14,484,508	15,768,234	15,913,562
Total primary government expenses	\$ 27,607,799	\$ 28,961,167	ક	31,466,072	\$ 29,490,222	\$ 31,472,131	\$ 32,296,225	\$ 34,074,174	\$ 31,866,577	\$ 37,677,035	\$ 39,308,396
1											
Program Revenues											
Charges for services:											
General government	\$ 276,483	\$ 306,843	s	303,965	\$ 214,664	\$ 210,245	5 \$ 208,693	\$ 297,522	\$ 197,181	\$ 211,668	\$ 261,996
Planning and zoning	10,033	10,220		9,873	5,482	5,190		6,781	10,309	13,388	15,150
Public safety	1,217,555	1,134,480		1,201,771	1,101,018	1,103,750	961,100	921,272	1,007,835	961,576	805,963
Highways and streets	1,475	1,298		1,294	386	114	1 497	400	211	354	469
Culture and recreation	84,991	99,001		104,868	100,759	101,860	117,420	135,398	121,890	92,370	95,430
Economic development					•			•	•	3,150	13,650
Operating grants and contributions	1,650,439	1,366,190		1,105,579	1,013,534	1,296,996	3,213,149	1,141,401	1,221,164	1,982,653	2,932,777
Capital grants and contributions	395,186	3,237,687		78,024	1,434,539	620,064	3,095,037	1,142,314	18,990	276,969	562,540
Total govemmental activities program revenues	3,636,162	6,155,719		2,805,374	3,870,382	3,338,219	7,604,575	3,645,088	2,577,580	3,542,128	4,687,975

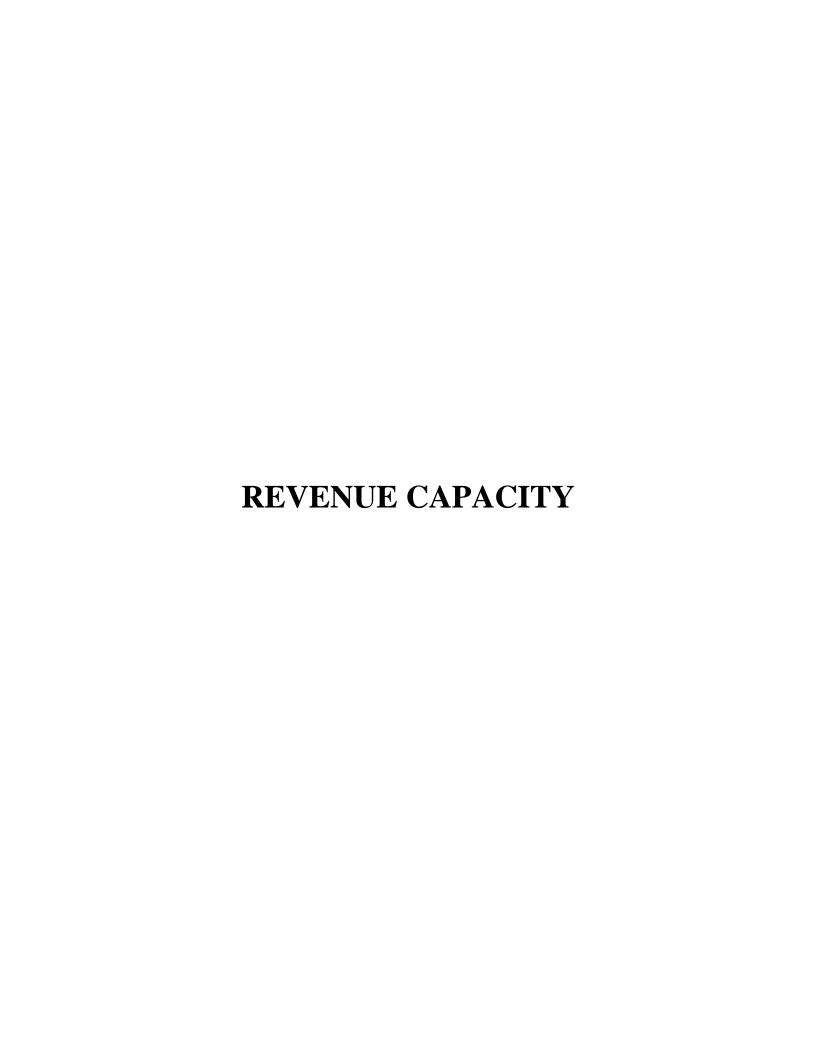
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Business-type activities:										
Water	\$ 7,444,684	\$ 7,692,277	\$ 7.838,862	\$ 7,394,814	\$ 7.676.330	\$ 8.032,553	\$ 8.444.082	\$ 7,978,639	\$ 8,367,537	\$ 8.819,294
Wastewater	2,928,048	3,122,031	3,305,188		3,233,067	3,315,927	3,413,943	3,422,291	3,456,129	3,503,813
Solid Waste	1,622,290	1,725,143	1,794,651	1,841,535	1,906,505	1,985,233	2,032,671	2,091,316	2,146,427	2,176,448
Stormwater	701,081	848,193	1,016,272	1,143,193	1,183,770	1,220,885	1,238,509	1,316,046	1,378,803	1,411,568
Airport	344,829	340,534	398,421	413,053	418,815	396,386	405,962	397,663	352,918	374,251
Golf course	512,909	506,516	535,236	524,171	571,012	566,917	554,969	521,587	297,277	525,134
Operating grants and contributions	25,100			2,208		43,926	335	700	572,511	1,938
Capital grants and contributions	304,391	3,347,274	673,634	157,268	354,139	458,814	929,426	461,785	435,770	1,052,204
Total business-type activities program revenues	13,883,332	17,581,968	15,562,264	14,745,977	15,343,638	16,020,641	17,019,897	16,190,027	17,007,372	17,864,650
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 17,519,494	\$ 23,737,687	\$ 18,367,638	\$ 18,616,359	\$ 18,681,857	\$ 23,625,216	\$ 20,664,985	\$ 18,767,607	\$ 20,549,500	\$ 22,552,625
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Government activities:	\$ (11,128,043)	(8.969.901)	\$ (14.556.376)	\$ (11,623,573)	\$ (13.146.146)	\$ (9.878.326)	\$ (15.026.834)	\$ (14.804.489)	\$ (18.366.673)	\$ (18,706,859)
Business-type activities:	1.039.738						1,617,645	1.705,519	1,239,138	1.951.088
Total primary government net expense	\$ (10,088,305)	\$ (5,223,480)	\$ (13,098,434)	\$ (10,873,863)	\$ (12,790,274)	\$ (8,671,009)	\$ (13,409,189)	\$ (13,098,970)	\$ (17,127,535)	\$ (16,755,771)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets	ssets									
Government activities:										
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$ 10,493,465	\$ 10,555,793	\$ 10,883,650	\$ 11,070,144	\$ 11,114,194	\$ 11,897,949	\$ 13,668,341	\$ 14,273,057	\$ 15,300,573	\$ 13,174,875
Property taxes	1,145,387	1,172,499	406,950	1,497,025	1,256,849	1,182,844	815,000	1,033,290	1,465,671	3,051,201
Franchise and public service taxes	817,700	796,444	833,193	856,339	792,394	841,487	898,716	873,276	826,021	817,525
Other taxes	1,321,145	1,396,360	1,479,104	1,448,920	1,539,932	1,568,453	1,722,928	1,676,745	1,725,552	1,826,625
Unrestricted grants and contributions	306,994	526,006	723,417	1,079,758	399,296	789,523	757,328	1,472,465	657,831	369,678
Investment earnings	221,243	192,065	189,547	201,361	274,233	320,110	642,317	911,143	740,329	383,074
Miscellaneous	38,446	75,382	36,714	48,281	134,148	75,248	40,287	319,481	1,815,698	400,154
Special item						1,077,719	105,876			
Transfers	(836,527)	(3,018,162)	(1,704,747)	(397,664)	(1,856,367)	(1,266,761)	168,929	(50,493)	(3,502,084)	8,547,468
Total governmental activities	13,507,853	11,696,387	12,847,828	15,804,164	13,654,679	16,486,572	18,819,722	20,508,964	19,029,591	28,570,600
Business-type activities:										
Taxes:										
Investment earnings	26,365	42,218	39,496	48,937	75,790	64,926	231,774	510,809	419,301	35,198
Special item	(1,523)									
Miscellaneous	3,844	2,738	5,823	84,750	42,441	1,994	5,256	3,837	19,996	23,923
Transfers	836,213	3,018,162	1,704,747	397,664	1,856,367	1,266,761	(168,929)	50,493	3,502,084	(4,834,693)
Total business-type activities	864,899	3,063,118	1,750,066	531,351	1,974,598	1,333,681	68,101	565,139	3,941,381	(4,775,572)
Total primary government	\$ 14,372,752	\$ 14,759,505	\$ 14,597,894	\$ 16,335,515	\$ 15,629,277	\$ 17,820,253	\$ 18,887,823	\$ 21,074,103	\$ 22,970,972	\$ 23,795,028
Change in Net Position										
Government activities	\$ 2,379,810	\$ 2,726,486	\$ (1,708,548)	\$ 4,180,591	\$ 508,533	\$ 6,608,246	\$ 3,792,888	\$ 5,704,475	\$ 662,918	\$ 9,863,741
Business-type activities	1,904,637	6,809,539	3,208,008	1,281,061	2,330,470	2,540,998	1,685,746	2,270,658	5,180,519	(2,824,484)
Total primary government	\$ 4,284,447	\$ 9,536,025	\$ 1,499,460	\$ 5,461,652	\$ 2,839,003	\$ 9,149,244	\$ 5,478,634	\$ 7,975,133	\$ 5,843,437	\$ 7,039,257
		ı								

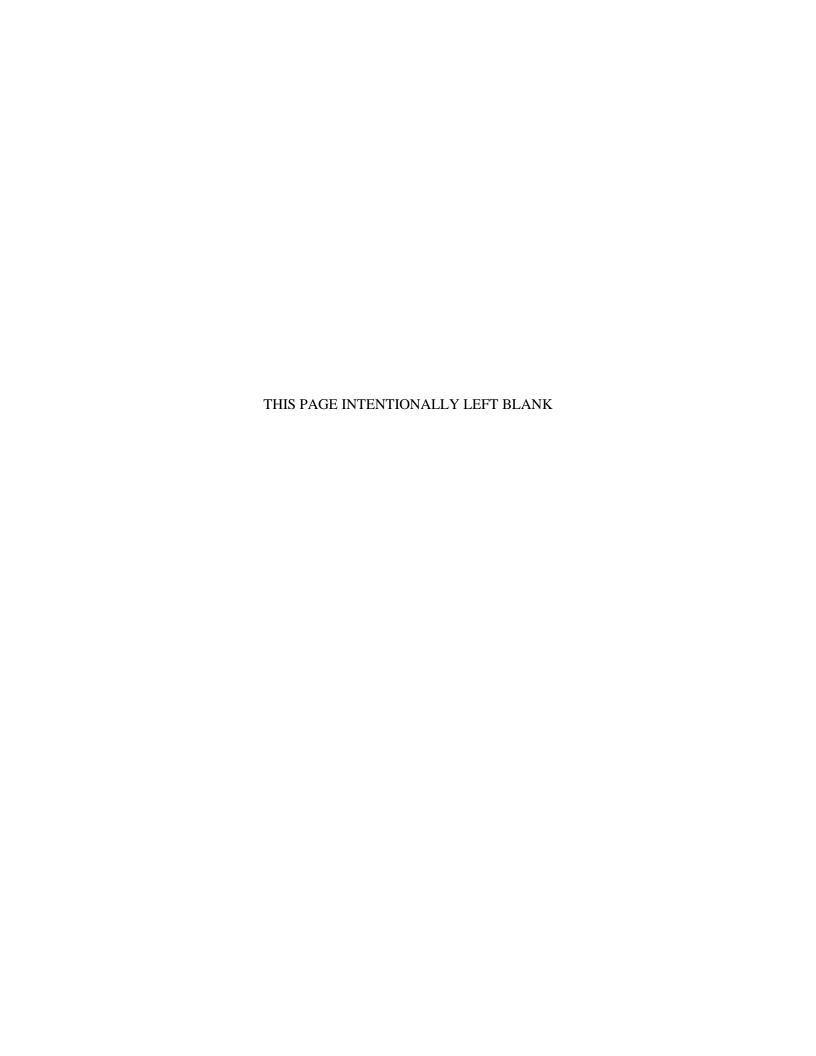
				ĭĽ	Fiscal Year								
	2012		<u>2013</u>		2014	2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	<u>2020</u>	2021
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 22,597 319,094	↔	22,982 400,085	↔	30,035 524,551	\$ 18,653 680,401	\$ 21,720	↔	17,607 560,464	\$ 18,816 662,747	\$ 28,627	\$ 20,941 653,982	\$ 19,491 771,408
Committed Assigned Unassigned	- 1,322,428 3,161,144		- 1,432,738 3,320,280		- 1,825,667 3,129,894	240,318 2,283,351 3,268,415	- 1,718,537 3,172,263		- 1,753,911 3,492,317	- 1,916,526 4,067,043	2,529,887 4,117,003	2,447,155 3,228,072	3,225,478 5,715,044
Total general fund	\$ 4,825,263	↔	5,176,085	↔	5,510,147	\$ 6,491,138	\$ 5,625,157	↔	5,824,299	\$ 6,665,132	\$ 7,344,607	\$ 6,350,150	\$ 9,731,421
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 13,041,167 43,536 4,787,572 (973,423)	↔	16,346,865 - 4,395,998 (36,627)	↔	17,488,846 - 7,643,981	\$ 17,685,547 - 7,357,725 (33)	\$ 32,247,352 - 6,842,117 (34,926)	₩	31,996,951 - 10,059,269	\$ 30,292,777 - 10,478,637	\$ 21,411,924 - 11,960,154	\$ 27,342,465	\$ 30,587,815
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 16,898,852	↔	20,706,236	₩	25,132,827	\$ 25,043,239	\$ 39,054,543	↔	42,056,220	\$ 40,771,414	\$ 33,372,078	\$ 39,973,442	\$ 42,409,845
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 21,724,115	↔	25,882,321	₩	30,642,974	\$ 31,534,377	\$ 44,679,700	↔	47,880,519	\$ 47,436,546	\$ 40,716,685	\$ 46,323,592	\$ 52,141,266

		2012	ı	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		70 10		2019		2020		707
Revenues																				
Taxes	¥	13 786 404	¥	14 096 209	¥	14 018 930	G	15 373 972	¥	14 786 346	¥	15 984 007	¥	17 593 384	в	18 480 803	¥	19 510 127	¥	22 520 143
Intercovernmental	•	2.356.440	•	4 430 432	•	1 973 647	•		•	2 643 976	•	6 484 625	•	1,658,566	•	1 965 953	•	2.066.688	•	4 212 911
Charges for services		1,145,909		1,099,110		1,142,732		1.064.055		1.064.286		1,123,472		1.131,286		1.097.494		1.091.854		1.142,416
Fines and forfeitures		413,805		415,268		432,401		393,102		317,676		202,411		154,171		132,093		174,271		157,256
Licences and permits		131,722		194,444		179,498		141,721		138,566		129,844		195,881		128,450		141,246		174,879
Investment Income		62,465		69,717		68,370		114,015		161,670		189,198		557,892		907,309		029'899		131,569
Miscellaneous	ļ	199,827	ļ	288,530	ļ	561,977		287,885		295,991		190,401	ļ	226,973	ļ	993,947	J	2,026,238		566,519
Total Revenues	s	18,096,572	မှ	20,593,710	S	18,377,555	s	20,127,843	s	19,408,511	s s	24,303,958	s	21,518,153	s	23,706,049	s s	25,679,094	s	28,905,693
Expenditures:																				
General government	s	778,817	69	875,356	s	835,759	€9		s	1,051,201	s	1,037,386	s	1,064,084	<b>↔</b>	1,072,013	s	1,092,373	s	1,177,325
Planning and zoning		103,903		121,776		140,877		101,272		152,352		151,910		156,593		168,156		179,330		186,100
Financial administration		654,358		763,850		795,667		795,137		766,834		782,783		835,743		881,904		932,417		1,002,749
Public safety		7,071,741		7,465,352		8,012,482		8,194,641		8,896,588		8,170,498		8,490,471		8,699,216		9,483,554		9,413,782
Highways and streets		648,994		643,840		675,929		664,245		628,541		606,133		646,379		726,931		745,982		815,522
Health and welfare		51,572		32,088		34,219		31,108		7,58,277		27,287		7,291		24,452		28,273		3,460
Culture and recreation		919,003		934,028		1,086,835		1,055,016		1,066,160		1,124,552		1,098,999		1,202,663		1,430,587		1,496,453
Economic development		341,095		493,817		740,993		586,018		874,858		871,292		808,600		1,100,129		729,115		1,343,516
Facilities mgmt & fleet maint		454,319		703,484		7.16,87.4		000,607		7.28,308		739,918		729,145		639,563		688,175		753,135
valer Control		14,909		- 404 404		. 000 330 3		. 0404040		10 065 050		1044406		- 20 000 00		- 000 707 71		14 460 674		1 100 156
O Debt service		3,037,127		1,430,431		9,300,303		21,0,4,0,13		000,000,01		10,141,203		20,223,001		700,171,11		14,100,374		9, 109, 15
6 Principal		202,967		991,142		1,030,859		1,035,360		1,173,192		1,212,860		1,404,638		1,206,461		1,713,331		1,800,249
Interest		233,420		179,312		172,495		212,826		499,308		655,503		638,497		900,197		874,445		1,355,722
Total Expenditures	s	16,877,305	မှာ	20,497,536	69	20,166,378	€9	35,255,329	မာ	33,931,769	છ	25,521,387	<del>6</del>	36,130,301	છ	34,349,487	છ	32,068,106	s	28,537,169
Excess of revenues over(under) expenditures	ø	1,219,267	69	96,174	69	(1,788,823)	€9	(15,127,486)	69	(14,523,258)	69	(1,217,429)	↔	(14,612,148)	69	(10,643,438)	s	(6,389,012)	69	368,524
Other financing sources(uses)																				
Issuance of debt	69	2,540,000	69	496,304	s	2,367,241	s	714,217	s	18,436,354	69		69	9,717,203	69	130,000	69	9,270,000	ø	1,510,000
Premiums from issuance of debt		' ' '						' 00		' 000				' !				209,739		74,035
Transfers in		8,856,527		10,696,533		11,118,523		22,278,068		18,080,343		9,309,506		12,191,177		13,199,831		14,573,618		14,568,640
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(000, 100,0)				(0,320,500)		(065,576,0)		(01-,000,0)		2.386.540		651.596		(9,400,404)		(004,100,21)		(3,0,0,0)
Payment of issue costs		(74,611)		•												•				
Transfer to bond escrow		(2,941,356)		•		•		•		(2,310,000)		•		•		•		•		(1,625,000)
Total other financing sources(uses)	9	2,072,694	s	4,062,032	မှ	6,549,476	မာ	16,018,889	မှ	27,668,581	9	4,418,248	9	14,168,175	9	3,923,577	9	11,995,919	69	5,449,150
Net change in fund balances	θ	3,291,961	8	4,158,206	69	4,760,653	69	891,403	s	13,145,323	69	3,200,819	69	(443,973)	↔	(6,719,861)	s	5,606,907	69	5,817,674
Debt service as a percentage of		Ì		Ì		č		ò		i		ò		č		ì		3		
noncapital expenditures		4.1%		9.1%		6.5%		9.0%		0.5%		8.0%		9.5%		%6.11		10.8%		10.6%

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2021 TABLE 5

Ad Valorem Sales	Sales		Franchise	Hotel/ Motel	Use	Emergency Telephone	Payment in Lieu	Abatement	Incremental Property	
Тах	, 	Тах		Тах	Tax	Тах	of Taxes	Тах	Tax	Totals
1,145,387 10,096,850 817,700	~	817,700		98,154	396,615	139,986	1,045,046	37,959		13,777,697
1,160,778 10,133,835 796,444 12	796,444	_	12	123,728	421,958	146,279	1,103,053	23,300	186,834	14,096,209
419,689 10,492,846 833,193 15	833,193	`	15	157,200	390,804	142,163	1,149,337	30,404	403,294	14,018,930
1,300,930 10,631,021 856,339 153,	856,339	`	153,	153,898	439,123	135,272	1,124,972	18,762	713,655	15,373,972
1,250,740 10,708,375 792,394 193,952	792,394	_	193,6	952	405,819	129,772	1,161,172	34,015	110,107	14,786,346
1,182,844 11,445,609 841,487 179,577	841,487	•	179,5	27.5	452,340	150,745	1,201,702	36,429	499,304	15,990,037
815,375 12,859,605 898,716 249,941	898,716		249,6	141	808,736	171,718	1,244,157	57,112	450,987	17,556,347
1,013,101 13,312,916 873,276 140,147	873,276	•	140,`	147	960,141	175,942	1,212,599	26,153	742,335	18,456,610
1,448,649 14,011,907 826,021 154,122	826,021	`	154,	122	1,288,666	178,047	1,283,105	38,477	253,802	19,482,796
2,213,760 15,036,741 817,525 257,758	817,525		257,7	758	1,850,909	181,108	1,303,484	23,489	811,629	22,496,403





CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA SALES TAX RATES OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2021 TABLE 6

							Ĕ	Fiscal Year	/ear								
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014		2015		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		2019		2020		2021	
General Fund Operations TIF District (Economic Development)	2.000 %	2.000	% 2.000	% -	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000 %	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%	2.000	%
Water & Wastewater Improvements	1.000	1.000	1.000	0	1.000		1.000		1.000	1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000	
Street Improvements	0.500	0.500	0.50	0	0.500		0.500		0.500	0.500		0.500		0.500		0.500	
Public Safety Improvements	,	1			•		•		0.450	0.450		0.450		0.450		0.450	
Economic Development Improvements_		•			•		•		0.100	0.100		0.100		0.100		0.100	
Sand Springs Total	3.500 %	3.500 %	% 3.500	%	3.500	%	3.500	%	4.050 %	4.050	%	4.050	%	4.050	%	4.050	%
Osage County	1.250 %	, 1.250 %	6 1.250	%	1.250	%		%	1.250 %	1.250	%	1.250	%	1.250	%	1.250	%
Tulsa County	0.850	0.850	0.85		0.920		0.920		0.367	0.367		0.367		0.367		0.367	
State of Oklahoma	4.500 %	, 4.500 %	6 4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500 %	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%	4.500	%
Total (Osage County)	9.250 %	9.250	% 9.250	%	9.250	%		%	9.800 %	9.800	%	9.800	%	9.800	%	9.800	%
Total (Tulsa County)	8.850 %	8.850 %	% 8.850	%	8.920	%	8.920	%	8.917 %	8.917	%	8.917	%	8.917	%	8.917	%

Source:
1. City sales tax rate - City Finance Department
2. State & County tax rate - Oklahoma Tax Commission

**Note:**1. City sales tax increases must be approved by voters.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 7

						Fisc	Fiscal Year						
Category	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017		<u>2018</u>	(N)	2019	<u>2020</u>	2021
Manufacturing	\$ 6,474,226	\$ 6,733,569	\$ 7,564,199	1,199 \$	7,255,899	\$ 7,135,431	\$ 8,295,99	31	9,918,200	ა ა	9,594,475	\$ 9,329,446	\$ 20,580,290
Telecommunications & Other	11,683,916	8,223,040	6,143,90	3,900	6,439,582	6,368,003	6,674,04	18	5,936,649	2	5,839,059	5,828,919	5,803,702
Public Utilities	18,032,682	16,426,109	18,203,83	3,837	19,469,901	18,374,328	20,164,23	30	21,195,677	2	21,441,429	20,488,260	15,407,177
Wholesale trade	17,835,578	15,467,491	18,78	1,723	16,877,375	18,999,974	16,356,165	35	17,296,837	18	18,724,960	18,516,773	22,143,315
Retail - Building Materials	8,787,999	8,603,061	7,67	),664	9,717,333	7,205,809	7,471,91	7	8,281,968	7	7,491,029	11,553,644	14,354,310
Retail - General Merchandise	109,547,834	104,402,935	105,798,763	3,763	106,713,323	104,434,347	104,257,66		106,560,567	107	,839,421	115,037,240	116,203,613
Retail - Food	28,800,036	36,373,046	32,84	1,537	34,151,564	42,613,748	46,866,94		51,916,906	55	55,976,128	64,315,168	61,152,380
Retail - Automotive	9,667,077	10,541,623	10,32	1,611	10,662,095	9,040,782	8,303,48		8,141,945	Φ	688,680,	8,706,619	9,911,345
Retail - Apparel	3,043,655	3,391,412	3,428	3,369	3,332,375	3,594,669	3,101,56		2,868,340	7	,891,581	2,773,525	
Retail - Furniture & Accessories	6,990,153	10,123,520	11,20	3,826	10,823,357	9,952,364	10,780,993		12,776,588	12	12,459,135	14,109,806	_
Retail - Restaurants	38,597,334	36,561,022	36,42	908,1	38,056,035	41,034,691	41,434,69		42,208,637	45	,738,166	46,219,795	54,926,494
Retail - Miscellaneous	16,173,648	17,209,459	18,97,	2,661	19,403,128	15,673,799	14,260,86		14,143,759	15	,725,983	8,590,653	15,484,290
Retail - Hotel	1,923,991	2,060,773	2,487,256	7,256	576,134	1,691,857	2,244,78	34	3,522,902	co	9,639,076	3,130,074	3,662,528
Services - Business	1,335,123	2,843,803	1,847	,657	2,370,215	884,919	750,806	6(	931,537	_	1,055,136	779,466	1,027,113
Services - Other	10,557,317	9,040,125	11,781,38	1,384	11,509,395	11,975,167	12,171,906	9(	12,171,191	12	2,868,507	14,877,056	14,137,481
All Other Categories	1,363,093	1,853,813	8,659,817	3,817	9,287,849	8,874,337	3,208,498	98	789,259		856,569	999,869	764,717
Total	\$ 290,813,662	\$ 290,813,662 \$ 289,854,801	\$ 302,135,010		\$ 306,645,560	\$ 307,854,225	\$ 306,344,548		\$ 318,660,962	\$ 330	\$ 330,230,543	\$ 344,955,110	\$ 372,892,538

**Source:** 1. Oklahoma Tax Commission

Note:

1. The City is prohibited by state law from reporting individual sales tax payers.

2. See Table 6 for City direct sales tax rates

June 30, 2021 TABLE 8 CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Public Service Property	Total Assessed Value	Homestead Exemption	Net Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value
2012	98,591,088	17,445,941	8,108,272	124,145,301	4,205,921	119,939,380	9.55	1,128,593,645
2013	100,441,255	18,670,079	8,284,161	127,395,495	4,176,081	123,219,414	9.52	1,158,140,864
2014	102,534,222	19,974,137	7,652,889	130,161,248	4,146,411	126,014,837	3.23	1,183,284,073
2015	104,590,024	20,304,774	6,397,195	131,291,993	4,073,410	127,218,583	10.50	1,193,563,573
2016	107,629,055	19,617,887	6,364,548	133,611,490	4,020,860	129,590,630	9.70	1,214,649,909
2017	111,031,577	22,243,308	6,511,249	139,786,134	3,960,860	135,825,274	8.70	1,270,783,036
2018	113,632,937	19,172,369	7,077,847	139,883,153	3,908,371	135,974,782	5.99	1,271,665,027
2019	117,201,300	19,575,863	6,989,751	143,766,914	3,810,371	139,956,543	7.38	1,279,212,909
2020	121,339,680	21,737,444	7,301,207	150,378,331	3,773,982	146,604,349	10.00	1,367,075,736
2021	125,421,219	23,651,052	8,209,858	157,282,129	3,764,230	153,517,899	14.59	1,429,837,536

**Source:**1. Tulsa County Excise Board

Note:
1. Property in the county is reassessed annually. The ratio of assessed value to true value cannot be less than 11% nor more than 13.5%.
2. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

June 30, 2021 TABLE 9 CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total Sand Springs City Resident	125.75	125.13	119.27	125.88	124.77	122.99	120.51	122.95	126.24	129.89		125.44
	Tulsa Technology Center	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33	13.33		13.33
(2) Overlapping Rates	Tulsa Community College	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21	7.21		7.21
(2) Overlappir	Tulsa County	22.24	22.24	22.23	22.23	22.22	22.24	22.24	22.74	22.66	23.25	/ear is as follows:	23.26
	Sand Springs School District	73.42	72.83	73.27	72.61	72.31	71.51	71.74	72.29	73.04	71.51	The levy certified to the tax rolls for the upcoming fiscal year is as follows:	69.83
City Direct Rate	Debt Service Fund*	9.55	9.52	3.23	10.50	9.70	8.70	5.99	7.38	10.00	14.59	ed to the tax rolls for	11.81
	Fiscal Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	The levy certifie	2022

**Source:**1. Tulsa County Excise Board

# Note:

City property tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by voters and any court assessed judgments.
 Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Sand Springs.

<sup>\*</sup> Direct rate is solely for direct and overlapping debt

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
Current Year And Nine Years Ago
June 30, 2021
TABLE 10

			2021	21		20	2012	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Total Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Total Assessed Value	
Webco Industries/Southwest Tube	Manufacturing	8,934,553	-	5.65%	3,410,624	ဇ	2.83%	
AEP/Public Service Co of Okla	Utility	6,900,824	2	4.36%	4,100,492	-	3.40%	
Sterling Specialty Chemicals LLC (formerly Baker Petrolite)	Manufacturing	3,121,222	ю	1.97%	3,943,495	7	3.27%	
Wal-Mart	Retail	2,253,075	4	1.43%	954,920	7	0.79%	
Sand Springs Home	Real Estate	1,869,720	2	1.18%	1,800,325	2	1.49%	
Sand Springs Railway Co	Estate	1,370,547	9	0.87%	I		I	
Yellowhouse Machinery	Equipment	1,367,619	_	0.87%	I		I	
Highland Crossing	Apartment	1,299,862	80	0.82%	1,238,066	œ	1.03%	
Oklahoma Natural Gas Co	Utility	606'886	6	0.63%	1,015,583	<b>o</b>	0.84%	
Cust-O-Fab/B P Enterprises	Manufacturing	858,193	10	0.54%	961,250	10	0.80%	
Banc of America Leasing/CAP	Leased Equipment	758,859	1	0.48%	I		I	
Quik Trip Corp	Convenience Store	713,266	12	0.45%	I		I	
Valued Partners Investments LLC	Real Estate	654,114	13	0.41%	I		I	
Green Tree	Real Estate	652,715	41	0.41%	802,021	12	0.66%	
Parker Plastics	Manufacturing	623,359	15	0.39%	555,781	15	0.46%	
Totals		\$ 32,366,837		<u>20.46</u> %	\$ 18,782,557		15.57%	

Source:
1. Tulsa County Assessors Office

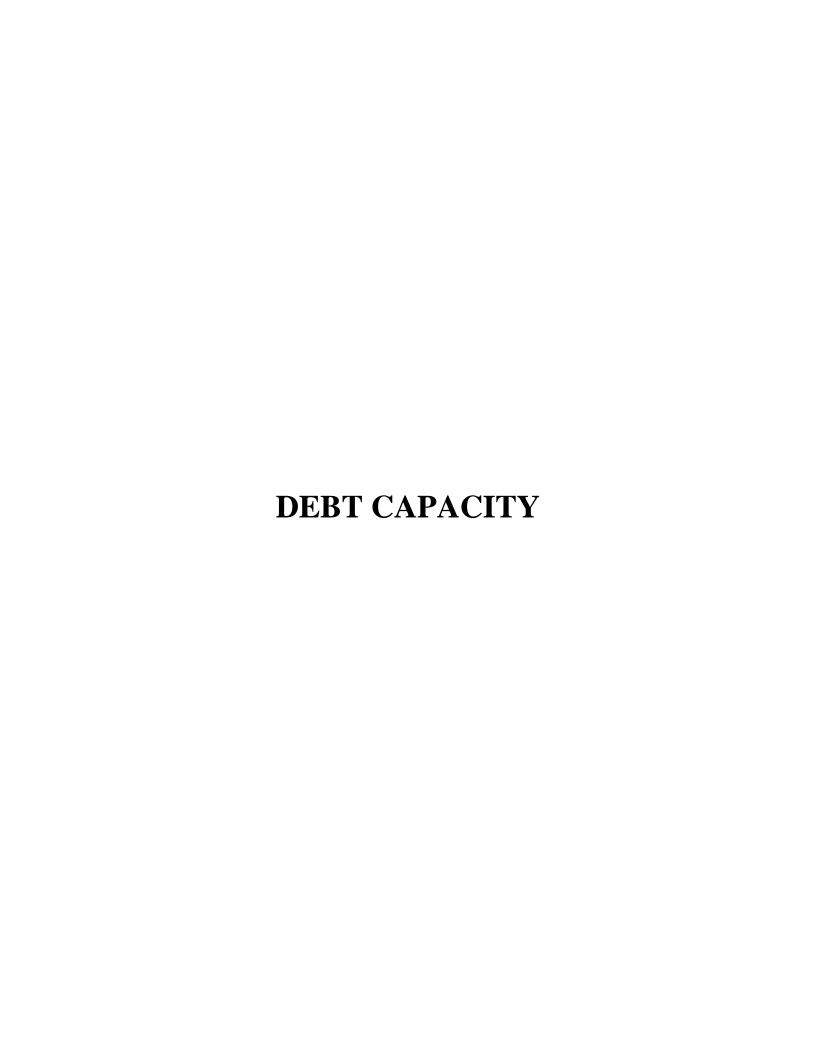
CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

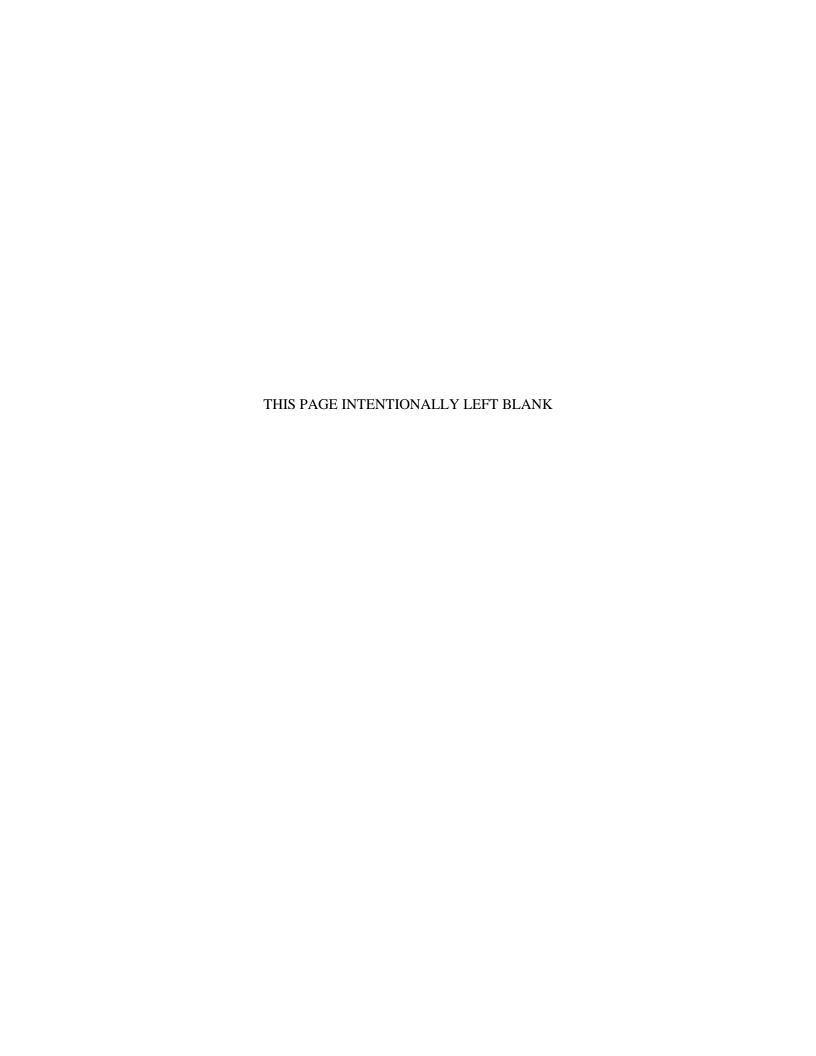
st Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2021 TABLE 11

	Actual	Tax Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Lew	within the	S	Collections	Total Collections To Date	ions To Date	Ž	
Fiscal Year	Levy	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Su	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Assessed Value	Mill
2012	2011	\$ 1,145,387	\$ 1,111,816	%26	↔	17,474	\$ 1,129,290	%9'86	\$ 119,937,191	9.55
2013	2012	\$ 1,172,499	\$ 1,126,854	%96	↔	19,268	\$ 1,146,122	97.8%	\$ 123,219,414	9.52
2014	2013	\$ 406,950	\$ 387,732	%96	↔	1	\$ 387,732	95.3%	\$ 126,014,837	3.23
2015	2014	\$ 1,335,530	\$ 1,281,373	%96	↔	19,557	\$ 1,300,930	97.4%	\$ 127,218,583	10.50
2016	2015	\$ 1,256,849	\$ 1,201,748	%96	↔	48,992	\$ 1,250,740	%9.66	\$ 129,590,630	9.70
2017	2016	\$ 1,182,844	\$ 1,141,493	%26	↔	35,321	\$ 1,176,814	%5'66	\$ 135,825,274	8.70
2018	2017	\$ 815,001	\$ 798,676	%86	↔	16,699	\$ 815,375	100.0%	\$ 135,974,782	5.99
2019	2018	\$ 1,033,291	\$ 993,652	%96	↔	19,449	\$ 1,013,101	98.1%	\$ 139,956,543	7.38
2020	2019	\$ 1,465,671	\$ 1,412,871	%96	↔	35,778	\$ 1,448,649	%8'86	\$ 146,604,349	10.00
2021	2020	\$ 2,239,572	\$ 2,170,446	%26	↔	43,314	\$ 2,213,760	%8'86	\$ 153,517,899	14.59

Sources: Tulsa County Assessor's Office, Tulsa County Excise Board, and City of Sand Springs Department of Finance

Use Revenue and Expenditure Report for Property Taxes





CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED **VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA** Last Ten Fiscal Years TABLE 12 June 30, 2021

Fiscal	Population	Net Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Less Debt Service Funds	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2012	19,140	119,937,191	6,650,000	1,139,037	5,510,963	4.59%	288
2013	19,116	123,219,414	5,720,000	1,198,452	4,521,548	3.67%	237
2014	19,339	126,014,837	7,165,000	547,774	6,617,226	5.25%	342
2015	19,553	127,218,583	6,255,000	738,998	5,516,002	4.34%	282
2016	19,783	129,590,630	5,245,000	783,195	4,461,805	3.44%	226
2017	19,822	135,825,274	4,195,000	788,253	3,406,747	2.51%	172
2018	20,558	135,974,782	13,090,000	745,741	12,344,259	%80.6	009
2019	20,527	139,956,543	12,645,000	* 44,975 *	12,600,025	%00'6	614
2020	20,526	146,604,349	20,845,000	1,338,716 *	19,506,284	13.31%	950
2021	20,682	153,517,899	19,585,000	1,558,563 *	18,026,437	11.74%	872

<sup>1.</sup> Represents outstanding general obligation bonds financed through ad valorem and sales tax. 2. Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup> In calculating ratio, beginning 2019 the restricted for debt service on the government-wide statement of net position is used.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA **TABLE 13** COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2021

Amount Applicable to City of Sand Springs	\$ 34,294,965	13,700,378	642,635	0	14,343,013	\$ 48,637,978
Percentage (1) Applicable to City of Sand Springs	100.00%	75.05%	21.07%	2.44%	2.49%	
Net Debt Outstanding	\$ 34,294,965	18,255,000	3,050,000	0	21,305,000	\$ 55,599,965
Jurisdiction	City of Sand Springs	Overlapping Debt: Sand Springs School District	Berryhill School District	Tulsa County	Tulsa Community College Total overlapping debt	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt

**Source:** 1. Tulsa & Osage County Assessors Office

# Note:

1. Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in the City of Sand Springs.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 14

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Direct Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Average Annual Debt Service (1)	Debt Service Coverage
2012	13,069,529	5,465,821	7,603,708	0	A/N
2013	13,544,073	5,715,422	7,828,651	1,675,637	4.67
2014	14,053,576	6,023,712	8,029,864	1,675,637	4.79
2015	13,527,517	6,334,327	7,193,190	1,675,637	4.29
2016	13,912,884	6,595,546	7,317,338	1,675,637	4.37
2017	14,224,955	6,581,138	7,643,817	1,675,637	4.56
2018	14,812,289	7,328,159	7,484,130	1,675,637	4.47
2019	14,462,872	7,032,694	7,430,178	1,675,637	4.43
2020	14,976,735	7,835,251	7,141,484	1,675,637	4.26
2021	15,840,682	8,065,455	7,775,227	1,383,986	5.62

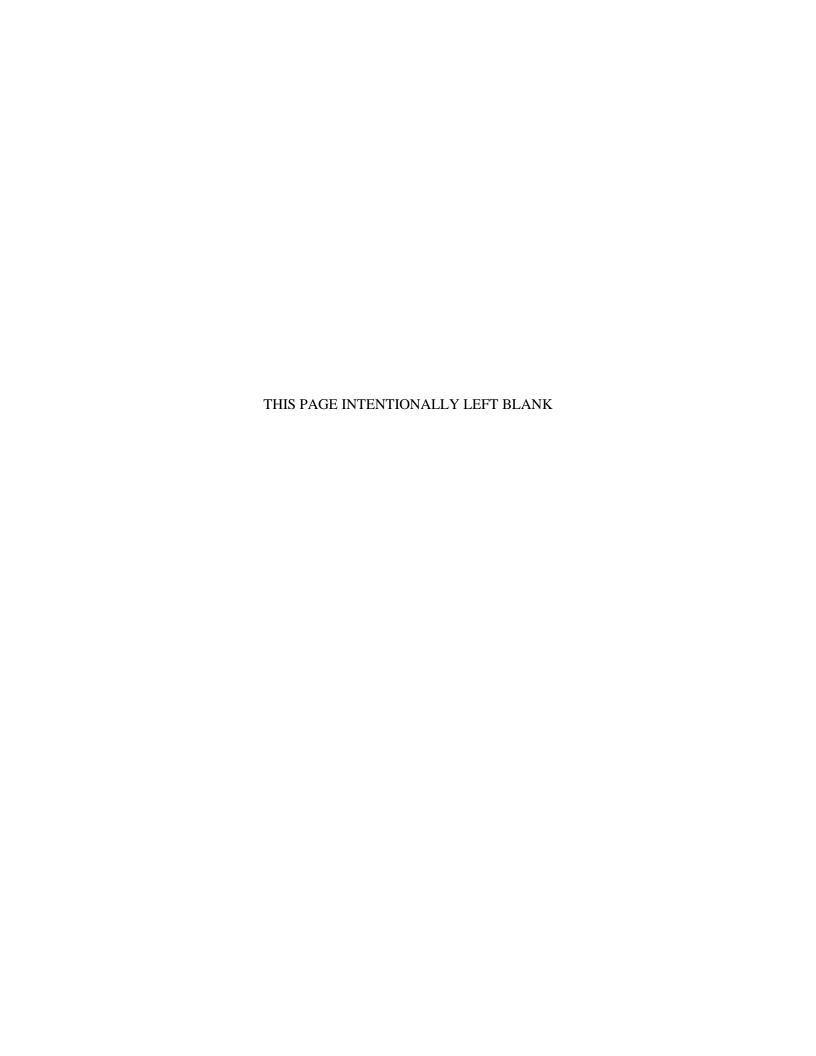
Note:

1. Average annual debt service includes principal, interest and fee payments to fiscal agents for revenue bonds payable secured by or for which debt service is paid from trust revenue.

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
RATIO FOR OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 15

	9	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	tivities			<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	<b>Activities</b>				
	General	Revenue	Unamortized	Capital	Revenue	Unamortized	!	Capital	Total	Percentage	
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	Bonds Payable	Discount/ Premium	Leases Payable	Bonds Payable	Discount/ Premium	Notes Payable	Leases Payable	Primary Government	of Personal Income	Per Capita
2012	6,650,000	•	•	190,017	•	1	12,867,801	•	19,707,818	2%	1,030
2013	5,720,000	1	•	625,673	30,510,000	66,348	9,070,394	1	45,992,415	4%	2,406
2014	7,165,000	1	•	514,814	29,830,000	67,773	8,146,832	1	45,724,419	4%	2,364
2015	6,255,000	1	•	1,104,003	29,170,000	69,197	7,411,830	1	44,010,030	4%	2,248
2016	5,245,000	16,000,000	123,220	940,810	28,495,000	70,621	6,757,973	1	57,491,382	2%	2,900
2017	4,195,000	16,000,000	102,422	777,950	27,805,000	72,050	6,089,553	•	54,897,875	2%	2,758
2018	13,090,000	15,545,000	118,529	613,406	27,100,000	73,470	5,406,695	•	61,800,160	2%	3,006
2019	12,645,000	15,080,000	92,698	446,945	26,380,000	74,897	4,703,564	•	59,276,310	2%	2,888
2020	20,845,000	14,605,000	271,394	278,614	25,645,000	76,322	3,985,097	1	65,553,783	2%	3,194
2021	19,585,000	14,120,000	316,611	108,354	21,920,000	2,360,536	3,250,413	•	56,939,842	4%	2,753

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION



CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
BUILDING PERMITS, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS
Last Ten Calendar Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 16

	Number of	O	Construction Values		Estimated Actual Value	
Calendar Year	Building Permits	Residential	Commercial	Total	of Taxable Property	Bank Deposits
2011	178	37,056,719	12,670,862	49,727,581	1,128,593,645	301,579,000
2012	250	15,046,585	7,292,732	22,339,317	1,158,140,864	311,563,000
2013	290	15,610,436	7,816,622	23,427,058	1,183,284,073	304,006,000
2014	238	14,969,551	17,720,381	32,689,932	1,193,563,573	329,335,000
2015	179	9,875,122	12,403,063	22,278,185	1,214,649,909	319,397,000
2016	158	7,861,535	19,058,803	26,920,338	1,270,783,036	321,528,000
2017	189	11,699,939	25,506,012	37,205,951	1,271,665,027	319,563,000
2018	159	9,695,049	6,347,082	16,042,131	1,279,212,909	329,866,000
2019	227	14,798,575	15,264,448	30,063,023	1,367,075,736	362,110,000
2020	80	17,491,290	11,745,037	29,236,327	1,429,837,536	366,489,000

Source:
1. City Neighborhood Services Department

Last Ten Calendar Years CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS** June 30, 2021

**TABLE 17** 

Unemployment Rate (5) 5.2% 4.6% 2.6% 4.3% 4.9% 3.5% 3.1% 3.1% 2.3% 2.1% Enrollment (4) School 5,315 5,315 4,879 5,336 5,236 5,144 5,063 4,874 5,141 5,101 of Population (3) **Median Age** 36.2 36.5 34.3 34.3 36.8 36.8 37.3 37.4 37.6 36.1 Personal (2) 55,345 65,593 70,815 63,083 53,984 58,985 57,138 62,114 65,493 56,380 Income Capita (MSA) Per (thousands 1,057,975 1,268,503 1,384,646 1,247,971 1,070,071 1,174,332 1,174,643 1,274,946 1,354,526 1,157,307 of dollars) Personal Current Income Population (1) 19,116 19,339 19,553 19,783 19,909 20,558 20,526 20,682 19,822 20,527 Calendar Year 2013 2015 2016 2018 2019 2012 2014 2017 2020 2021

# Source:

<sup>1.</sup> INCOG

<sup>2.</sup> Per Capita Personal Income - U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) for the Tulsa metropolitan area (information for Sand Springs unavailable)

<sup>\*</sup> Calendar years 2015 and 2016 were restated based on most recent information provided by BEA.

<sup>3.</sup> Municipal Net Guide

<sup>4.</sup> Sand Springs School District

Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the Tulsa metropolitan area.
 Claritas-Pop Facts

Claritas-Pop Facts

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
Current Year And Nine Years Ago
June 30, 2021
TABLE 18

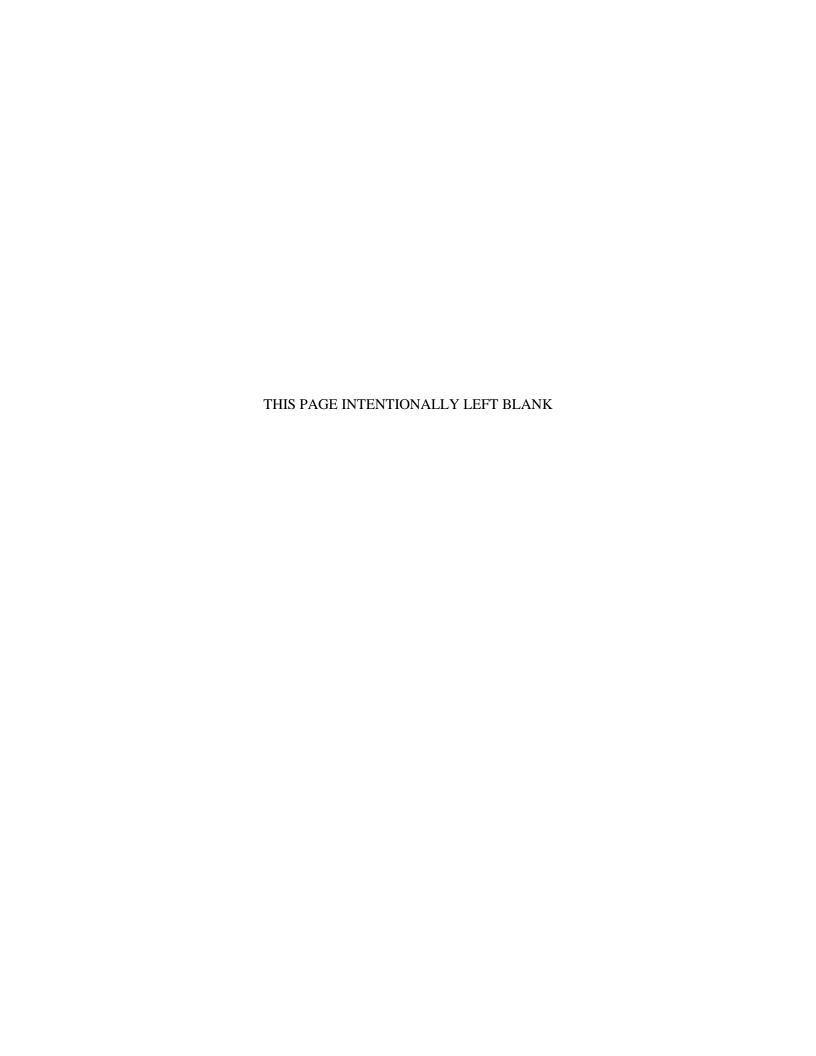
	Percentage of Total City Employment	12.48% 8.26% 7.59% 3.47% 2.90% 1.44%	44.53%
2012	Rank	- 0	
	Employees	754 499 459 210 150 175 208 87	2,691
	Percentage of Total City Employment	8.05% 4.95% 2.80% 2.14% 1.47% 1.15% 0.93% 0.90%	25.71%
2021	Rank	- 2 m 4 m m / m m 0	
	Employees	747 538 238 196 190 139 115 95	2,420
	Employer	Sand Springs Schools Webco Wal Mart City of Sand Springs Cust-O-Fab Osage Million Dollar Elm (formerly Baker Petrolite) Tulsa Community College Keystone Chevrolet Piping Enterprise	Totals

Source:
1. U S Census Bureau ZIP Code Business Patterns (NAICS) website provided the total labor force numbers
2. Environics Analytics-Pop Facts

**Note:**1. The total number of employees includes full and part time employees

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CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2021 TABLE 19

Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government	9	∞	80	0	6	6	0	6	6	<b>o</b>
Planning and Zoning	~	_	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	2
Financial Administration	19	17	13	13	13	16	16	16	16	16
Public Safety	62	62	98	82	98	84	82	83	98	88
Highways and Streets	თ	o	0	6	6	თ	0	6	6	6
Culture and Recreation	9	9	80	80	80	ø	œ	œ	12	12
Economic Development	~	_	_	_	-	_	_	7	_	~
Facilities Management & Maint	6	10	10	10	10	6	0	<sub>∞</sub>	<sub>∞</sub>	80
Water Operations	31	31	32	33	33	30	30	31	32	31
Stormwater	~	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	~
Wastewater Operations	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18
Solid Waste Operations	7	7	7	7	7	1	1	1	1	7
Airport Operations	~	_	_	~	-	_	_	_	_	~
Golf Course Operations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	193	193	200	201	203	200	201	199	206	207

**Source:**1. City Finance Office

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 20

Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Safety Police Stations	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	~	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	τ-	_	<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>
Patrol Units	- &	38	40	36	33	37	37	39	. 04	43
Fire Stations	7	7	7	5	7	7	7	7	7	7
Fire Trucks	13	6	10	10	10	10	12	13	13	13
Highways and Streets										
Roadways (arterial lane miles)	172	173	173	173	173	173	173	174	234	234
Streetlights	1,211	1,211	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,253	1,284	1,284	1,291	1,291
Signalized Intersections	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Culture and Recreation										
Acreage *	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,629	1,629	1,635	1,655	1,680	1,680	1,680
Tennis Courts/Pickle Ball	9	9	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Ball Diamonds	Ξ	=	=	=	7	7	17	19	18	48
Soccer Fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	9	10	9	10
Basketball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	9	9	9	9
BMX Track	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Shelters	2	2	2	2	2	2	12	12	12	12
Disc Golf 18 Holes	-	_	_	_	_	_	2	7	2	2
Playgrounds	6	6	80	80	6	10	9	10	9	10
Splash Pads		•	•	•	2	2	2	7	2	7
Skate Park	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
City Multi-Use Trails (miles)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	15	15	15
Keystone Ancient Forest		•	•	•	•	•	٠	_	-	_
Primitive Hiking Trails (miles)	က	က	က	4	4	80	80	80	12	12
Community Centers	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Museum	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Golf Course 18 Holes	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Senior Centers	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Operations										
Treatment Plants	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Water Mains (miles)	452	454	454	455	455	456	404	404	404	404
Storage capacity (thousands of g	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,523	6,178	6,178	6,250	6,250
Wastewater Operations										
Treatment Plants	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	126	127	128	128	128	128	136	136	136	136
Treatment capacity (thousands o	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,100	3,100
Solid Waste Operations		•	•	•	(		,			
Collection Trucks	19	∞	∞	<b>о</b>	6	10	10	10	10	_
Stormwater Operations										
Storm sewers (miles)	20	21	51	51	51	51	22	51	51	51

Source:

1. City Departments
2. Culture and Recreation acreage restated to include Keystone Ancient Forest

CITY OF SAND SPRINGS OKLAHOMA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years
June 30, 2021
TABLE 21

Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Safety Police										
Number of Violations (Citations)	8,810	6,677	6,181	6,240	4,840	3,541	2,265	2,174	2,305	2,219
Fire				•						
Call Responses	3,959	4,023	4,114	4,226	4,386	4,324	3,628	2,930	2,783	3,037
Highways and Streets										
Streets Resurfacing (miles)	2	6		80		12				7
Asphalt Repairs (tons)	208	208	147	280	213	164	153	109	147	279
Culture and Recreation										
Community Center Visitors (daily average)	310	293	269	254	265	262	251	254	201	154
Water and Wastewater Operations										
Number of Water Consumers	11,767	11,836	12,008	12,027	12,134	12,207	12,359	12,432	12,551	12,684
Average Daily Water Consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	3,073	3,065	2,986	2,840	2,754	2,804	2,892	2,613	2,551	2,774
Number of Sewer Consumers	6,780	6,835	6,907	6,925	9/6'9	7,031	7,070	7,135	7,211	7,273
Solid Waste Operations										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	38.7	39.3	40.4	34.5	38.8	37.9	38.6	34.7	31.9	36.1
Active Refuse Accounts	6,859	6,911	7,038	7,048	7,107	7,172	7,214	7,275	7,432	7,428
Airport Operations										
Annual Aviation/Jet Fuel Sales 1	47,481	43,357	62,754	64,832	84,989	87,836	73,522	68,348	63,389	70,222
Golf Operations										
Number of Rounds Played	24,919	25,254	25,699	25,201	26,884	25,708	25,211	25,065	14,413	19,714

Source: City Departments

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H. C. Tingley 1912-1915
John Gladson 1916-1917
W. E. Bartlett 1918-1919
B. L. Waddle 1920-1920
George S. Brown 1920-1921
L. C. Hinz 1921-1924
George Ruppert 1924-1927
Holly L. Anderson 1927-1933
Joe Kraus 1933-1934
E. C. Hubbard 1934-1936
H. H. Snow 1936-1937
Homer Akers 1938-1939
Morris Ruppert 1941-1943
Isham P. Nelson 1943-1947
Paul Burtner 1947-1949
Rubye DeBolt 1949-1951
George Gilmore 1951-1953
Lester Leed 1953-1956
Harold Aitken 1956-1958
Stanley Martin 1958-1959
Ray Brown 1959-1963
Tom Wiley 1963-1963
1905-1905

John M. Hess	1963-1969
Dale C. Morrow	1969-1972
Ed Everett	1972-1973
William D. Bigby	1973-1974
Ed Everett	1974-1975
Don Sullivan	1975-1977
Charles Keightley	1977-1978
Artie Palk	1978-1983
Jerry A. Hanner	1983-1987
	1987-1988
George Hooper	
George W. Hilsheimer	1988-1990
A. Lyle Crowder	1990-1993
Charles P. Garner	1993-1994
E. Bruce Ford	1994-1997
Tom Ferguson	1997-1999
Mike Burdge	
Michael Titus	
Mike Burdge	
Robert "Bob" Walker	2005-2011
Mike Burdge	2011-2019
James O. Spoon 20	
James O. Spoom20	m <del>s-</del> Fresent

100 E. BROADWAY ST. | SAND SPRINGS, OK 74063 | 918.246.2500 sandspringsok.org | seesandsprings.com | facebook.com/sandspringsok.org



Mayor Jim Spoon presents the Tulsa Drillers Mascot, Hornsby, with a Key to the City of Sand Springs.







# SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

June 30, 2021

#### City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

June 30, 2021 <u>PAGE</u> SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES: Reports related to financial statements of the reporting entity Required by GAO Government Auditing Standards: Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 1 Reports related to Federal Assistance Programs Required by the Uniform Guidance: Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance 3 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 5 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 6 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 7 9 Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2021.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wedge : Associates, P.C. December 15, 2021





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Sand Springs, Oklahoma's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a

timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Urledge ? associates, P.C.
December 15, 2021



# City of Sand Springs Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
CDBG - Entitlement Grants-Cluster			
Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218	CDBG 2019CDBG 2019 CDBG 2020CDBG 2020	12,835 127,029
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants  Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			139,864 139,864
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants-Cluster			139,864
Other Programs			
Department of Homeland Security			
Emergency Management Performance Grants		FEMA-EMPG FY20EMPG	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	20 OEM Cares PPE GrantEMPG	5,000
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	CARES FEMA-EMPG FY21EMPG	13,862
Emergency Management Performance Grants Total Emergency Management Performance Grants Disaster Assistance Projects	97.042	21	15,000 33,862
Disaster Assistance Projects	97.088	FEMA 4438PW 479	349
Disaster Assistance Projects	97.088	FEMA 4438PW 665	65
Disaster Assistance Projects	97.088	FEMA 4438PW 955	83,927
Disaster Assistance Projects	97.088	FEMA 4438PW 504	21,502
Total Disaster Assistance Projects			105,843
Total Department of Homeland Security			139,705
United States Department of Justice			
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program		Coronavirus Emergency	
		Supplemental Funding (CESF)-	
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	-2020-VD-BX-00	1,619
Coronavirus Emergency Supplementar Funding Program	10.034	-2020- V D-BX-00	1,019
		Coronavirus Emergency	
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	Supplemental Funding (CESF)	38,520
Total Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Equitable Sharing Program			40,139
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		9,617
Total Equitable Sharing Program			9,617
Total United States Department of Justice			49,756
Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program			
Airport improvement i rogram		NW Apron Detention Improv	
		(Construction)3-40-0084-022-	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	2020	250,254
Total Airport Improvement Program			250,254
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While			
Intoxicated			
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While			
Intoxicated	20.608		1,113
Total Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While			
Intoxicated			1,113
Total Department of Transportation Department of the Treasury			251,367
Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019		1,534,282
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.017		1,534,282
Total Department of the Treasury			1,534,282
Total Other Programs			1,975,110
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,114,974
<u> </u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A—BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) includes the federal award activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the SEFA presents only a selected portion of the operations of City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

#### NOTE B—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the SEFA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE C—SUBRECIPIENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City did not provide federal awards to subrecipients.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2021

# **Section I--Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial statements		
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were in accordance with GAAP:	Unmo	odified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified? reported	yes	X none
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X_no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified? reported</li> </ul>	yes	X none
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmod	ified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	_X_ no
Identification of major federal programs:		
Program Coronavirus Relief Fund		CFDA Number 21.019
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	X no

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2021

# Section II--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

#### A. Internal Control

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# **B. Compliance Findings**

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# Section III--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance:

#### A. Internal Control

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# **B.** Compliance Findings

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2021

# Section II--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

### A. Internal Control

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# **B.** Compliance Findings

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# Section III--Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance:

### A. Internal Control

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021

# **B. Compliance Findings**

No findings to report as of June 30, 2021