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Basic Financial Statements (with Independent Auditor's Report Thereon) June 30, 2011

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma

Introduction Letter	1
Independent Auditor's Report	5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7
Basic Financial Statements	16
Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011	17
Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2011	18
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2011	19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for the year ended June 30, 2011	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2011	22
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds as of June 30, 2011	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds for the year ended June 30, 2011	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds for the year ended June 30, 2011	25
Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund as of June 30, 2011	26
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27
Required Supplementary Information	54
General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - for the year ended June 30, 2011	55
Notes to Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control	56
Defined Benefit Pension Plan Funding Schedules	58
Other Post Employment Benefits Schedule	59

CITY OF SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Supplementary Information	60
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund as of June 30, 2011	61
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2011	62
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2011	63
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds for the year ended June 30, 2011	65

Mayor Linda Peterson



December 31, 2011

The City of Shawnee Office of the City Manager

P.O. Box 1448 Shawnee, Oklahoma 74802-1448 (405) 878-1601 Fax (405) 878-1571 www.ShawneeOK.org

Commissioners

PAM STEPHENS FRANK SIMS JAMES HARROD BILLY COLLIER JOHN WINTERRINGER STEVE SMITH

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma:

State law requires that cities publish, within six months after the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. We submit to you the City of Shawnee's Basic Financial Statements with the independent auditor's report thereon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the City's management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Shawnee's financial statements have been audited by Eide Bailly, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent auditor was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent audit of the City's financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These auditor's reports are presented in the separately available Single Audit report.

GAAP requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Shawnee provides many municipal services including police and fire public safety, emergency management, water, sewer, and sanitation services, street construction and maintenance, street lighting, parks, lake and recreational facilities, planning, community development, code enforcement, and general administration. For financial reporting purposes, all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities over which the City Council has financial accountability, are included in this report. Financial accountability is determined by several different factors including fiscal dependence, ability to impose will upon the entity's governing body, provision of specific financial burdens or benefits and separate legal entity status. After a careful evaluation of these factors, the City has included in this financial report the Shawnee Municipal Authority and the Shawnee Airport Authority, as well as all funds of the City. At the recommendation of prior audits, the Shawnee Civic and Cultural Development Authority expenses are now included within the General Fund of the audit in addition to the discretely presented component.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE

The City of Shawnee operates as a Council/Manager form of government. The governing body of the city consists of a mayor, who shall be elected from the City at large; and of six (6) other commissioners. The City Council also serves as trustees of the Shawnee Municipal Authority and the Shawnee Airport Authority. The Mayor and Council appoint a City Manager, who is the chief executive officer of the city, and also appoints a City Treasurer. Responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the City rests with the City Manager.

Shawnee, originally incorporated in 1894, is located on Interstate 40 approximately 40 miles east of Oklahoma City. The City covers an area of 62 square miles and has a population of 29,857 according to the latest census. Shawnee's retail base continues to expand along the I-40 corridor, with several new hotels, restaurants, and retail establishments.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City's top priority is to provide the highest level of public services possible with available funding. Like most other Oklahoma municipalities, long-term municipal finance is a concern. A broad analysis of the current and future expenditure needs of the City must be considered when appropriating revenues and building unassigned fund balances.

The City is almost solely dependent on sales and use tax to fund all general government operations. Approximately 78% of the City's general fund revenues are provided by sales and use tax. These taxes are directly affected by the state of the local economy and their use in often restricted by voter approval. As a result, it is a volatile revenue source from a budget perspective. Further, over the past 10 years, the City's sales tax has not kept up with the cost of salaries, goods and services at an average annual increase of 3.1%.

Sales and use tax collected by the City during fiscal year 2010-2011 increased 4.74% or \$727,907 from the previous fiscal year. Current fiscal year sales tax collections received through November,

2011 are down \$30,694 over the same time last year. City staff continues to monitor revenues closely to communicate the current situation to the City Commission. The City also continues its proactive education of residents, contractors, and retailers that sales taxes are collected at the point of delivery. The City is also taking initiatives to educate its citizens in regard to the importance of "Shopping Shawnee" ensuring their sales tax dollars are used for improvements to the *City of Shawnee*. Recent adoption of the City's 20 year Capital Improvement Plan has led staff and commissioners to realize that if the City of Shawnee is going to be able to continue to provide the level of customer service our citizens desire, retail sales tax attraction and economic development need to be top on priorities to increase City revenues.

As staff continues to identify possible reductions, the following critical needs within the City of Shawnee Finance Department will remain in the Fiscal Year 2011-2012 budget:

- Ensure the City's self-insured Workers Compensation Fund is adequately funded.
- Ensure adequate appropriation for accrued compensated absences is maintained and allocated to the departments as needed.
- Ensure that minimum budgetary fund balances are maintained as per Commission Resolution.

The City has seen an increase in sales tax exemptions and federal regulations; rising expenses from grievances and binding arbitrations with employee unions; and more federal and state unfunded mandates. New requirements of audits (*GASB 54*) have added to the list of expenses for cities and towns.

In accordance with Oklahoma Statute Titles 11 Section 17-211 and 68 Section 3017, the City strives to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance totaling 10% for budgeted expenditures as a reserve for revenue shortfalls, unanticipated expenditures, and to meet daily cash flow requirements.

The City's fiscal year 2011-2012 budget estimates General Fund revenues of \$18,161,572 and expenditures of \$17,907,929, which will slightly increase its unassigned fund balance. A goal included in the upcoming fiscal year 2011-2012 budget is to provide and retain as many services as possible and attempt to restore the City's unassigned fund balance to as near to 10% of budgeted expenditures as possible.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

As of June 30, 2011 the City encumbered \$4 million for the \$11 million Kickapoo Street construction project. The Oklahoma Department of Transportation will provide the remainder of the funding.

The regional sports park land has been purchased and a preliminary park plan is complete. The next step is to allow voters to determine the specific funding source for the initiative.

During fiscal year 2011-2012 the City has developed a comprehensive Capital Improvement plan that identifies the future needs of the City. The City has plans for a bond issue and sales tax increase in February 2012 to fund the critical projects. In addition in December 2011 the City will be issuing a short term note to complete Capital Projects that are deemed critical, for example the Expo parking lot and a new library roof to name a few.

The City purchased various vehicles and equipment to support its services. Emergency management received a new generator for City Hall and upgraded radios for various departments. Fire and police received new vehicles and necessary equipment such as rifles, e-ticket machines, radios and bunker gear.

The City expended over \$431,000 on Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) housing rehabilitation and emergency construction for eligible citizens.

The City continues to support economic development, civic and cultural activities, tourism, and other community needs through community contracts with service providers. While not as apparent as garbage pickup or police and fire safety, this financial support provides needed services to City residents and enhances our City's quality of life.

During fiscal year 2010-2011, the City supported the Shawnee Civic and Cultural Development Authority (Expo Center) with \$423,400 from the general fund, \$50,000 from the economic development fund and \$100,000 for capital improvements.

The City provided \$196,000 in financial support through a contract with the Shawnee Economic Development Foundation for services provided by that entity. The City passed through \$404,689 in hotel/motel surcharges to the Shawnee Tourism and Visitors Bureau, whose programs increase tourism in the City.

The City supported the multi-county library system by paying \$74,000 for utilities and janitorial services for the City-owned building. The City provided \$70,400 for management of the Senior Citizens Center and paid the YMCA \$36,000 to manage the Community Center. The City helped fund the local transit system with \$50,000.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We would like to thank our consultants, Crawford & Associates, P.C., for their guidance. Also, thanks to our auditors, Eide Bailly, LLP, for their assistance in this process.

Finally, to the Shawnee City Council we extend heartfelt thanks for their support. It is their commitment to financial reporting excellence that allows the citizens of Shawnee to be fully informed about their municipal government finances. We are proud to convey the Council's commitment to our citizens and to all readers of the City of Shawnee's Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian McDougal City Manager

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Cynthia Sementelli Finance Director



Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Commission City of Shawnee Shawnee, Oklahoma:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Shawnee, Oklahoma as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Shawnee, Oklahoma's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Shawnee Civic and Cultural Development Authority which statements reflect total assets constituting 100% and total revenues constituting 100% of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Shawnee Civic and Cultural Development Authority, are based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2011, on our consideration of the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, and funding schedules on pages 7 through 15, 55 through 57, and 58 through 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental

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Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma's financial statements as a whole. The introductory letter and combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory letter has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Ede Bailly LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 28, 2011

As Management of the City of Shawnee, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Shawnee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

City-Wide Financial Statements (including capital assets and debt)

- The City's total assets increased by \$15.0 million and the assets of the City continued to exceed its liabilities at June 30, 2011, by \$75.9 million (net assets).
- Of the \$75.9 million in net assets, \$62.4 million is invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. Another \$12.5 million is restricted for capital projects, debt service, and public safety. The current unrestricted deficit for governmental activities is a (\$1.4) million which is offset by the business-type activities' unrestricted net assets of \$2.4 million. Thus, the City only has approximately \$1.0 million in unrestricted net assets available to spend at the City's discretion.

Fund Financial Statements (excluding capital assets and debt)

- At June 30, 2011, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15.4 million. Of this amount, \$9.9 million is restricted by outside source and enabling legislation and \$.4 million is assigned to projects by management.
- At June 30, 2011, enterprise funds reporting \$37.1 million of net assets. Of this amount, \$2.4 million is unrestricted, \$32.2 million is invested in capital assets net of related debt, and \$2.6 million is restricted for debt service.
- The City implemented GASB Statement 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions which resulted in the reclassification of some fund types and presentation of fund balance in the new categories of nonspendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Shawnee (City), the Shawnee Municipal Authority (SMA), Shawnee Airport Authority (SAA) and one discretely presented component unit. Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities – governmental and business-type, along with the discretely presented component unit, the Shawnee Civic and Cultural Authority (SCCDA or Expo).

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more

detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt).

Reporting the City as a Whole - Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Shawnee's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17 and 18, respectively) report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer financial questions. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in net assets from the prior year. You can think of the City's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the public safety, street improvements, community planning and development, civic and cultural activities, and economic development. Sales and use taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities. The Shawnee Urban Renewal Authority is included within the financial statements as a part of Other Governmental Funds within a grouping of Special Revenue Funds titled CDBG & Home Grant Funds. All of the activity of the Shawnee Urban Development Authority is in the CDBG & Home Grant Funds and the Shawnee Urban Renewal Authority does not have any of its own assets or liabilities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, sanitation, and airport services are reported here. The Shawnee Municipal Authority and the Shawnee Airport Authority are enterprise funds and are blended component units of the City.
- Discretely presented component unit This component unit, the Shawnee Civic and Cultural Development Authority, accounts for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. The City of Shawnee, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes

many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City of Shawnee can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the Governmental Fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds.

- *Enterprise funds* are one type of proprietary funds and are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has two enterprise funds -- the Shawnee Municipal Authority and the Shawnee Airport Authority -- to account for its water, sewer, sanitation, and airport operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.
- *Internal service funds* are another type of proprietary fund used to account for services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has one internal service fund the Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Fund -- to account for its workers' compensation costs. The revenues and expenditures reported in this internal service fund are included with governmental activities at the government-wide level of reporting.

Fiduciary funds – When the City is responsible for assets that – because of a trust arrangement or other fiduciary requirement – can be used only for trust beneficiaries or other parties, these activities are reports a fiduciary funds. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the City's governmentwide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 27-53 provide additional information that is essential to gain understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

The Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section, starting on page 54, reports the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – and the related Notes to the Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Also reported here is the City's Defined Benefit Pension Plan Funding Schedules at June 30, 2011.

Other Supplementary Information (SI) is provided on pages 60-66. Other Supplementary Information contains combining statements on general fund and non-major governmental funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

For the year ended June 30, 2011, net assets for the governmental activities and business-type activities increased \$7.2 million. The results indicate the City, as a whole, improved its financial condition from the prior year.

Following is a summary of net assets for the City of Shawnee as of June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010: TABLE 1 NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

		imental vities		% Inc. (Dec.)		ness-Type ctivities		% Inc. (Dec.)		Total			Total			% Inc. (Dec.)
	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>			<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>				
Current assets	\$ 18,368	\$	16,036	15%	\$ 8,183	\$	6,393	28%	\$	26,551	\$	22,429	18%			
Capital assets, net	30,219		30,007	1%	55,181		44,541	24%		85,400		74,548	15%			
Other non-current assets	-		-	0%	 292		260	12%		292	_	260	12%			
Total assets	 48,587		46,043	6%	 63,656	_	51,194	24%		112,243		97,237	15%			
Current liabilities	3,628		3,455	5%	4,564		3,042	50%		8,192		6,497	26%			
Non-current liabilities	6,234		5,961	5%	21,950		16,130	36%		28,184		22,091	28%			
Total liabilities	9,862		9,416	5%	 26,514		19,172	38%		36,376		28,588	27%			
Net assets Invested in capital assets,	 															
net of related debt	30,219		30,007	1%	32,164		27,295	18%		62,383		57,302	9%			
Restricted	9,897		8,293	19%	2,587		2,875	-10%		12,484		11,168	12%			
Unrestricted	(1,391)		(1,673)	-17%	2,391		1,852	29%		1,000		179	459%			
Total net assets	\$ 38,725	\$	36,627	6%	\$ 37,142	\$	32,022	16%	\$	75,867	\$	68,649	11%			

As shown in Table 1 above, the largest portion of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. This year the investment in capital assets, net of related debt, amounted to \$62.4 million. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net assets, \$12.5 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The total unrestricted net assets are a positive amount, the governmental unrestricted net assets have a deficit balance of \$1,390,170 primarily due to an increase in workers' compensation claims liability of \$888,000, in prior years and two years of economic downturn where the City had to rely to reserves to pay operating cost. The business-type activities has a positive unrestricted net assets of \$2,390,406.

Changes in Net Assets:

Table 2 (shown on the next page) summarizes the City's changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009-2010 compared to fiscal year 2010-2011.

Fiscal year 2010-2011 governmental and business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$7.2 million compared to an increase of \$1.2 million from the previous fiscal year. Fiscal year 2010-2011 tax revenues totaled \$19.3 compared to \$18.25 million fiscal year 2009-2010. Operating grants and contributions totaled \$2.2 million for the current fiscal and previous fiscal year.

Increases in capital grants in the Business-Type activities are due to airport grants for terminal and taxiway projects. Increases in charges for services are due to rate increases and extreme weather conditions requiring the use of additional utilities. Other cost remained consistent with the prior year.

	Govern Activ		% Inc. (Dec.)	Busines Activ	• •	% Inc. (Dec.)	T	Total	
	2011	2010		2011	2010		2011	2010	
Revenues									
Charges for service	\$ 1,131	\$ 1,020	11%	\$ 11,675	\$ 9,851	19%	\$ 12,806	\$ 10,871	18%
Operating grants and contributions	2,181	2,199	-1%	-	-	0%	2,181	2,199	-1%
Capital grants and contributions	121	202	-40%	2,616	81	3130%	2,737	283	866%
Taxes	19,352	18,248	6%	-	-	-	19,352	18,248	6%
Intergovernmental revenue	338	318	6%	-	-	-	338	318	6%
Investment income	99	137	-28%	73	84	-13%	172	221	-22%
Miscellaneous	1,063	255	317%	305	235	30%	1,368	490	179%
Total revenues	24,285	22,379	9%	14,669	10,251	43%	38,954	32,630	19%
Expenses									
General government	4,101	3,945	4%	-	-	-	4,101	3,945	4%
Public safety	12,672	12,634	0%	-	-	-	12,672	12,634	0%
Streets	2,903	3,125	-7%	-	-	-	2,903	3,125	-7%
Culture and recreation	848	903	-6%	-	-	-	848	903	-6%
Culture - payment to component unit	6	-	100%	-	-		6	-	100%
Community development	1,027	1,022	0%				1,027	1,022	0%
Economic development	1,072	998	7%	-	-	-	1,072	998	7%
Water	-	-	-	4,197	4,015	5%	4,197	4,015	5%
Wastewater	-	-	-	2,275	2,330	-2%	2,275	2,330	-2%
Sanitation	-	-	-	1,383	1,302	6%	1,383	1,302	6%
Administration	-	-	-	500	437	14%	500	437	14%
Airport	-	-	-	692	627	10%	692	627	10%
Lake	-		-	60	52	16%	60	52	16%
Total expenses	22,629	22,627	0%	9,107	8,763	4%	31,736	31,391	-1%
Excess (deficiency) before									
transfers	1,656	(248)	-768%	5,562	1,488	274%	7,218	1,239	482%
Transfers	442	106	317%	(442)	(106)	317%			
Change in net assets	2,098	(142)	-1580%	5,120	1,382	270%	7,218	1,240	482%
Beginning net assets	36,627	36,769	0%	32,021	30,639	5%	68,648	67,408	2%
Ending net assets	\$ 38,725	\$ 36,627	6%	\$ 37,141	\$ 32,021	16%	\$ 75,866	\$ 68,648	11%

TABLE 2 CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In Thousands)

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities (as shown in Table 2 above) increased net assets by \$2.1 million representing a 6% increase in net assets.

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities' increase in net assets of approximately \$5.1 million represents a 16% increase in net assets. Charges for services increased by 19% due to rate increases. Capital grants increased by 3130% from airport grants.

TABLE 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

	Total Expense of Services				% Inc. (Dec.)	Net Re (Expe of S er	% Inc. (Dec.)	
		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2011	<u>2010</u>	
General government	\$	4,101	\$	3,945	-4%	(\$3,927)	(\$3,786)	-4%
Public safety		12,672		12,634	0%	(10,753)	(10,908)	1%
Streets		2,903		3,125	7%	(2,637)	(2,619)	-1%
Culture, parks and recreation		848		903	6%	(746)	(837)	11%
Culture, payment to component unit		6		-	0%	(6)	-	0%
Community development		1,027		1,022	-1%	(85)	(83)	-2%
Economic development		1,072		998	-7%	(1,041)	(971)	-7%
Total	\$	22,629	\$	22,627	0%	(\$19,195)	(\$19,204)	0%

Tables 3 and 4 summarize the total cost of providing services from governmental activities and business-type activities for fiscal years 2010 and 2011. Total costs of services provided by governmental activities totaled \$22.6 million for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Total costs of services provided by business-type activities totaled \$9.1 million for fiscal year 2011 and \$8.7 million for fiscal year 2010.

TABLE 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

	Total Expense of Services			% Inc. Dec.	Net Revenue% Inc.(Expense)Dec.of Services					
		2011	<u>2010</u>			2011		<u>2010</u>		
Water	\$	4,197	\$ 4,01	5 5%	\$	1,639	\$	629	161%	
Wastewater		2,275	2,33	0 -2%		1,625		749	117%	
Sanitation		1,383	1,30	2 6%		380		415	-8%	
Administration		500	43'	7 14%		(500)		(437)	14%	
Airport		692	62	7 10%		2,101		(135)	-1656%	
Lake		60	52	2 15%		(60)		(52)	15%	
Total	\$	9,107	\$ 8,76	3 4%	\$	5,185	\$	1,169	344%	

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2011 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15.4 million. The enterprise funds reported combined net assets of \$37.1 million. The fund balance reservations and net asset restrictions are listed below:

Governmental Funds:		
Fund Balance:		
Nonspendable	\$ 291,531	
Restricted	9,896,589	
Assigned	<u>375,109</u>	
Total governmental fund balance reservations		<u>\$10,563,229</u>
Proprietary Funds: Net Asset Restrictions: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Debt service	\$ 32,163,853 <u>2,586,909</u>	
Total proprietary fund net asset restrictions		<u>\$ 34,750,762</u>

Other Fund Highlights Include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2011, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$1,144,586 or 26.6 percent.
- General fund fire departments total expenditures include \$725,831 and police departments total expenditures include \$245,661 for pension payments made on behalf of the City by the State. The total amount of \$971,492 has been included as both revenue and expenditures of the City for the year ended June 30, 2011.
- All general fund departments include \$582,457 in workers' compensation "premiums" (allocations of workers' compensation expenditures from the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund) which were originally budgeted as a transfer out. See the budgetary comparison schedule and notes to the budgetary comparison schedule for more details.
- The Street Improvement Fund's total fund balance increased by \$1.0 million because street improvement projects carried over from the prior year were completed.
- The Shawnee Municipal Authority reported a net income of \$3,238,610 before contributed capital, transfers in, and transfers out. SMA expenses include \$115,491 of workers' compensation "premiums" (allocations of workers' compensation expenditures from the Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund) which were originally budgeted as a transfer out.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Fiscal year 2011 General Fund revenues of \$17.11 million were \$603 thousand above budgeted revenues of \$16.5 million. This resulted from an increase in intergovernmental revenues.

Fiscal year 2011 General Fund budgeted expenditures were \$18.22 million compared to actual expenditures of \$17.77 million. The expenditures under budget were the result of all departments with the exception of the city attorney, equipment services, shared cost, dispatch, code compliance, and expo operations coming in below budget. The departments exceeded budget due to accounts payable expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2011, the City had \$85.4 million invested in capital assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads and bridges, net of accumulated depreciation. This represents a net increase of \$10.9 million from last year.

Below are details regarding the change in the City's capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2011.¹

TABLE 5 Capital Assets (In Thousands) (Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental			Business-Type <u>Activities</u> 2011 2010				Total				
	<u>Activities</u> 2011 2010		2011					2010				
Land	\$	2,262	\$	2,262	\$	1,480	\$	1,480		3,742	\$	3,742
Buildings		3,677		3,506		2,735		2,971		6,412		6,477
Machinery, furniture and equipment		4,386		4,488		1,026		1,020		5,412		5,508
Infrastructure		16,741		17,083		25,175		26,018		41,916		43,101
Water rights		-		-		12,968		12,968		12,968		12,968
Construction in progress		3,153		2,667		11,797		83		14,950		2,750
Totals	\$	30,219	\$	30,006	\$	55,181	\$	44,540	\$	85,400	\$	74,546

This year's more significant capital asset additions include various water, wastewater and street improvement projects as well as upgrades to various city buildings, improvements to the runways and taxiways at the airport.

¹ For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to page 37, Note 3.D. Capital Assets

Debt Administration

At year-end, the City had \$30.6 million in long-term debt outstanding, which represents a \$6.6 million increase from the prior year. The City issued a low interest note payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board for the year ended June 30, 2011. These debts are further detailed below as follows: 2

				Long	TABLE 6 g-Term Deb Thousands)						
	Goveri <u>Acti</u>	nmenta <u>vities</u>	ıl		Busine <u>Acti</u>	ss-Ty vities	•	<u>To</u>	<u>tal</u>		Total Percentage <u>Change</u>
	2011		2010		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	2011		2010	2010-2011
Accrued absences Notes payable Claims and judgments payable	\$ 1,665 - 5,110	\$	1,690 - 5,088	\$	295 23,559 -	\$	285 17,824 -	\$ 1,960 23,559 5,110	\$	1,975 17,824 5,088	-0.8% 32.2% 0.4%
Totals	\$ 6,775	\$	6,778	\$	23,854	\$	18,109	\$ 30,629	\$	24,887	23.1%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Economic conditions improved slightly over last year but sales tax figures are down from last year and also down from budgetary numbers but we are optimistic that sales tax and use tax figures will remain steady. This trend looks promising that the economy is turning around slightly and we are optimistic that it will continue. With the addition of a large retailer that opened during the current fiscal year we feel that this is great progress to help the City grow and hopefully see the sales tax figure increase. The tribal gaming industry is also a major industry and a major employer for the area and the I-40 corridor sees continued growth with several new restaurants, hotels and other retail establishments.

Total FY2011-2012 General Fund revenues are estimated at \$18.0 million, including \$1.5 million in transfers from other funds. As noted above, however, sales tax collections, representing approximately 60 percent of the total General Fund revenues are slightly below what was budgeted for.

Total FY2011-2012 Municipal Authority Utility Revenues are projected at \$12.3 million. This is higher than the previous year due to a rate increase that took place in July 2011. The additional revenue will help fund necessary capital improvements and pay the debt service on the \$30 million in waterline and pumps and controls loans.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's Office at 16 W 9th, Shawnee, Oklahoma or phone at (405) 878-1601.

² For more detailed information on long-term debt activity please refer to page 40, Note 3.E. Long-Term Debt

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Civic & Cultural Development Authority
ASSETS	\$ 5,990,666	5 754 110	\$ 11.744.784	\$ 97,216
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 5,990,666 5,927,464	5,754,118 2,360,404	\$ 11,744,784 8,287,868	\$ 97,216
Interest receivable	10,282	2,500,404	21,781	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	2,698,530	2,118,584	4,817,114	5.621
Notes receivable, net of allowance	2,698,530 831,772	2,118,584 82,496	4,817,114 914,268	5,621
Internal Balances	2,529,723	(2,529,723)	914,208	36,225
	2,529,725 88,482	(2,329,723) 371,779	460.261	50,225
Due from other governmental agencies Inventories	88,482	13,531	460,261	-
Prepaid items	291,531	15,551	291,531	-
Capital assets:	291,351	-	291,551	-
Land, construction in progress, and water rights	5,414,619	26,246,780	31,661,399	94,493
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	24,804,520	28,933,812	53,738,332	4,578,849
Unamortized bond issuance costs	-	291,507	291,507	-
Total Assets	48,587,589	63,654,787	112,242,376	4,812,404
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,460,864	1,944,576	3,405,440	7.111
Accrued interest payable	-	392,501	392,501	1,516
Due to depositors	-	705,683	705,683	14,239
Due to bondholders	20.674	-	20,674	
Unearned income	831,772	-	831,772	-
Long-term liabilities	,		,	
Due within one year	1,314,292	1,520,990	2,835,282	65,767
Due in more than one year	6,234,402	21,949,869	28,184,271	64,014
Total liabilities	9,862,004	26,513,619	36,375,623	152,647
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	30,219,139	32,163,853	62,382,992	4,626,057
Restricted by:				
Enabling Legislation	286,025	2,586,909	2,872,934	-
Statutory requirements	480,406	-	480,406	-
External contracts	9,130,185	-	9,130,185	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,390,170)	2,390,406	1,000,236	33,700
Total net assets	\$ 38,725,585	\$ 37,141,168	\$ 75,866,753	\$ 4,659,757

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

					Prog	gram Revenue				Net (Exp	ense) Reve	enue and Changes i	in Net A	ssets	Con	nponent Unit
Functions/Programs		Expenses	<u>(</u>	<u>Charges for</u> Services	G	Operating Grants and Ontributions		pital Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities	Busine	ss-type Activities		Total	D	ic & Cultural evelopment Authority
Primary government		Expenses		Bervices		Jittibutions	<u></u>	bittibutions		Activities	Dusine	ss-type Activities		10121		Autority
Governmental Activities																
General government	\$	4,101,214	\$	171,081	\$	2,680	\$	_	\$	(3,927,453)	\$	-	\$	(3,927,453)	\$	
Public safety	φ	12.671.815	φ	631,702	φ	1,198,580	φ	88,195	φ	(10,753,338)	φ		φ	(10,753,338)	φ	
Streets		2,902,751		1,400		262,637		1,752		(2,636,962)		-		(2,636,962)		-
Culture and recreation		847,807		67,115		3,175		31,484		(746,033)		-		(746,033)		-
Culture - payment to component unit		5,752		07,115		5,175		51,404		(740,033)		-		(740,033) (5,752)		-
Community development		1,027,018		233,204		709,037		-		(84,777)		-		(84,777)		-
Economic development		1,072,505		253,204		5,000		-		(1,041,067)		-		(1,041,067)		-
Total governmental activities		22,628,862		1,130,940		2,181,109		121,431		(19,195,382)		-		(19,195,382)		
i otai governmentai activities		22,028,802		1,130,940		2,181,109		121,431		(19,195,382)		-		(19,195,382)		
Business-type activities:																
Water		4,196,550		5,835,562		-		-		-		1,639,012		1,639,012		-
Wastewater		2,274,826		3,676,708		-		222,750		-		1,624,632		1,624,632		-
Sanitation		1,382,686		1,762,621		-		-		-		379,935		379,935		-
Administration		499,820		-		-		-		-		(499,820)		(499,820)		-
Airport		692,458		400,047		-		2,393,396		-		2,100,985		2,100,985		-
Lake		60,293		-		-		-		-		(60,293)		(60,293)		-
Total business-type activities		9,106,633		11,674,938		-		2,616,146		-		5,184,451		5,184,451		-
Total primary government	\$	31,735,495	\$	12,805,878	\$	2,181,109	\$	2,737,577	\$	(19,195,382)	\$	5,184,451	\$	(14,010,931)		
Component Unit Civic & Cultural Development	s	1,688,725	s	953,285	\$	548,511	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(186,929)
civie de cuitadal Develophicht	φ	1,000,725	Ψ	755,205	-	540,511	Ψ		Ψ	;	Ψ	;	Ψ		Ψ	(100,929)
		eral revenues:														
		xes:							¢	17.060.240	¢		¢	17.060.240		
		sales and use taxe							\$	17,069,349	\$	-	\$	17,069,349		-
		ranchise taxes ar		ic service taxes						1,600,612		-		1,600,612		-
		Hotel/motel taxes								404,690		-		404,690		-
		roperty tax								10,884		-		10,884		-
		Payment in lieu of	t taxes							24,494		-		24,494		-
		Other								242,205		-		242,205		-
		ergovernmental r			o specifi	ic programs				337,910				337,910		-
		restricted investr	nent ea	rnings						98,567		72,965		171,532		838
		scellaneous								1,063,067		304,929		1,367,996		2,766
	Trans									442,351		(442,351)		-		-
		Total general re	evenues	and transfers						21,294,129		(64,457)		21,229,672		3,604
		Change in net	t assets							2,098,747		5,119,994		7,218,741		(183,325)
	Net a	ssets - beginning								36,626,838		32,021,174		68,648,012		4,843,082
	Net a	ssets - ending							\$	38,725,585	\$	37,141,168	\$	75,866,753	\$	4,659,757
		U							_							

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	Ge	neral Fund	Street Improvement Fund		Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS					1				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	855,833	\$	3,268,782	\$	1,827,712	\$	5,952,327	
Investments		1,132,416		3,709,894		1,085,154		5,927,464	
Interest receivable		5,920		3,567		201		9,688	
Receivable from other governments		75,416		-		12,706		88,122	
Due from other funds		2,349,173		-		69,023		2,418,196	
Taxes receivable, net		1,668,892		301,509		387,655		2,358,056	
Court fines receivable, net		139,535		-		-		139,535	
Other receivables		118,559		-		914,512		1,033,071	
Prepaid expenses		291,531		-		-		291,531	
Total assets		6,637,275		7,283,752		4,296,963		18,217,990	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities		434,352 434,863 273,383 48,697 1,191,295		361,366	_	245,790 17 171,267 831,827 1,248,901	_	1,041,508 434,880 444,650 880,524 2,801,562	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		291,531 - 301,250 4,853,199		6,870,434 51,952		3,026,155 21,907		291,531 9,896,589 375,109 4,853,199	
Total fund balances		5,445,980		6,922,386		3,048,062		15,416,428	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,637,275	\$	7,283,752	\$	4,296,963	\$	18,217,990	

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 15,416,428
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.	30,219,139
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current fund liabilities and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	48,752
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets:	
Net pension obligations	(113,575)
Other post employment benefits	(659,553)
Accrued compensated absences	(1,665,105)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities that benefit multiple funds, such as self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported in governmental activities:	
Internal service fund net assets	(4,520,501)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets	\$ 38,725,585

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	G	eneral Fund	Im	Street provement Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	\$	12 220 419	\$	2 250 007	\$	2 000 862	\$	10 500 277
Taxes	Э	13,339,418	Э	2,350,097	ф	3,900,862	Э	19,590,377
Intergovernmental Licenses and permits		1,731,464 248,473		-		711,447 1,400		2,442,911 249,873
Charges for services		167,209		-		1,400		168,284
Fees and fines		633,498		-		1,075		633,498
Investment earnings		28,905		50,201		- 19,461		98,567
Miscellaneous		973,985		1,752		140,120		1,115,857
Total revenues		17,122,952		2,402,050		4,774,365		24,299,367
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,643,601		-		-		2,643,601
Engineering		366,063		-		-		366,063
Equipment and building maintenance		1,226,244		-		-		1,226,244
Police		5,034,358		-		-		5,034,358
Fire		4,955,006		-		-		4,955,006
Municipal court		317,158		-		-		317,158
Emergency management		354,718		-		-		354,718
Streets		875,824		-		278,453		1,154,277
Parks and recreation		456,476		-		16,777		473,253
Culture and recreation		146,872		-		-		146,872
Animal control/E911		780,127		-		96,499		876,626
Cemetery		182,756		-		-		182,756
Library		4,292		-		-		4,292
Economic development		517,438		-		1,407,387		1,924,825
Capital Outlay		2,173		1,301,158		1,410,190		2,713,521
Total expenditures		17,863,106		1,301,158		3,209,306		22,373,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(740,154)		1,100,892		1,565,059		1,925,797
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,958,740		-		-		1,958,740
Transfers out		(74,000)		(100,000)		(1,342,389)		(1,516,389)
Total other financing sources and uses		1,884,740		(100,000)		(1,342,389)		442,351
Net change in fund balances		1,144,586		1,000,892		222,670		2,368,148
Fund balances - beginning		4,301,394		5,921,494		2,825,392		13,048,280
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,445,980	\$	6,922,386	\$	3,048,062	\$	15,416,428

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011							
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	2,368,148					
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:							
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.							
Capital asset purchases capitalized		2,348,753					
Depreciation expense		(2,136,318)					
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:							
Change in deferred revenue		(14,109)					
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets:							
Increase in net pension obligation		(7,378)					
Decrease in accrued compensated absences		25,265					
Increase in other post employment benefits		(265,499)					
Internal service fund activity is reported as a proprietary fund in fund financial statements, but certain net revenues are reported in governmental activities on the Statement of Activities:							
Total change in net assets of governmental activities - proprietary funds		(220,115)					
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	2,098,747					

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

		Enterprise Funds						
	Shawnee M	-		nee Airport uthority		Total	Inter	rnal Service Fund
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,442,160	\$	276,826	\$	3,718,986	\$	38,339
Investments		1,102,945		-		1,102,945		-
Restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		1,869,343		-		1,869,343		-
Investments		1,257,459		-		1,257,459		-
Accrued interest		11,499		-		11,499		594
Due from other funds		-		-		-		556,177
Accounts receivable, net		1,807,225		19,634		1,826,859		-
Receivables from other governments		-		371,779		371,779		-
Due from component unit		82,496		-		82,496		-
Assessments receivable		28,580		-		28,580		-
Other receivables		-		263,145		263,145		-
Inventories				13,531		13,531		
Total current assets		9,601,707		944,915		10,546,622		595,110
Non-current assets:								
Restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		165,789		-		165,789		-
Capital assets:								
Land, construction in progress, and water rights		1,973,289		4,273,491		26,246,780		-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2	6,540,488		2,393,324		28,933,812		-
Unamortized note issue costs		291,507		-		291,507		-
Total non-current assets	-	8,971,073		6,666,815		55,637,888		-
Total assets	5	8,572,780		7,611,730		66,184,510		595,110
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:		076 200		070 220		1.054.610		5 150
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		976,380		878,239		1,854,619		5,150
Salaries payable		85,944		4,013		89,957		-
Accrued interest payable		392,501		-		392,501		-
Due to other funds		1,612,448		917,275		2,529,723		-
Deposits subject to refund		705,683		-		705,683		-
Compensated absences		54,882		4,138		59,020		-
Claims and judgments		-		-		-		981,271
Notes payable		1,461,970		-		1,461,970		986.421
Total current liabilities		5,289,808		1,803,665		7,093,473		986,421
Non-current liabilities:								
Compensated absences, net of current portion		219,526		16,550		236,076		-
Claims and judgments, net of current portion		-		-		-		4,129,190
Net pension obligation		53,706		2,885		56,591		-
Other post employment benefits		102,433		-		102,433		-
Notes payable, net of current portion	2	1,554,769		-		21,554,769		-
Total non-current liabilities	2	1,930,434		19,435		21,949,869		4,129,190
Total liabilities	2	7,220,242		1,823,100	_	29,043,342		5,115,611
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2	5,497,038		6,666,815		32,163,853		-
Restricted for debt service		2,586,909		-		2,586,909		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		3,268,591		(878,185)	_	2,390,406	_	(4,520,501)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 3	1,352,538	\$	5,788,630	\$	37,141,168	\$	(4,520,501)
								. /

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	nee Municipal Authority	Shawnee Airport Authority		Total		ernal Service Fund	
REVENUES	 •		· · ·				
Water	\$ 5,691,709	\$	-	\$	5,691,709	\$	715,493
Sewer	3,626,101		-		3,626,101		-
Sanitation	1,762,621		-		1,762,621		-
Rents and royalties	10,940		185,948		196,888		-
Fuel sales	-		211,012		211,012		-
Miscellaneous	194,460		407		194,867		-
Total operating revenues	 11,285,831		397,367		11,683,198		715,493
OPERATING EXPENSES							
General government	499,820		-		499,820		-
Lake	56,971		-		56,971		-
Water	2,746,666		-		2,746,666		-
Wastewater	1,618,974		-		1,618,974		-
Sanitation	1,219,674		-		1,219,674		-
Airport	-		463,301		463,301		-
Claims expense	-		-		-		946,160
Amortization expense	26,559		-		26,559		-
Depreciation	 1,407,845		229,157		1,637,002		-
Total operating expenses	 7,576,509		692,458		8,268,967		946,160
Operating income (loss)	 3,709,322		(295,091)		3,414,231		(230,667)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest and investment revenue	72,965		-		72,965		(214)
Miscellaneous revenue	293,989		2,680		296,669		10,766
Operating grants and contributions			2,393,396		2,393,396		
Interest expense	(837,666)		_,_,_,_,_,		(837,666)		-
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	 (470,712)		2,396,076		1,925,364		10,552
Income (loss) before transfers	 3,238,610		2,100,985		5,339,595		(220,115)
Capital contributions	222,750		-		222,750		-
Transfers in	657,649		-		657,649		-
Transfers out	 (1,100,000)		-		(1,100,000)		-
Change in net assets	 3,019,009		2,100,985		5,119,994		(220,115)
Total net assets (deficit) - beginning	28,333,529		3,687,645		32,021,174		(4,300,386)
Total net assets (deficit) - ending	\$ 31,352,538	\$	5,788,630	\$	37,141,168	\$	(4,520,501)

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		nee Municpal Authority		vnee Airport Authority		Total	Inte	rnal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$	11,738,517	\$	154,261	\$	11,892,778	\$	726,259
Payments to suppliers and employees		(5,486,623)		413,958		(5,072,665)		-
Claims and judgments paid		101 155		-		-		(929,571)
Receipts of customer meter deposits Refunds of customer meter deposits		181,155 (168,820)		-		181,155 (168,820)		-
Interfund receipts/payments		74,638		852,275		926,913		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		6,338,867		1,420,494		7,759,361		(203,312)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers from other funds		657,649		-		657,649		_
Transfers to other funds		(1,100,000)		-		(1,100,000)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	(442,351)		-		(442,351)		-
CACHERONIC FROM CARTER AND DELATER								
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchases of capital assets		(8,608,437)		(3,667,943)		(12,276,380)		-
Proceeds of capital grants		-		2,021,617		2,021,617		-
Proceeds from debt		7,462,706		-		7,462,706		-
Note issuance cost paid		(58,000)		-		(58,000)		-
Principal paid on debt		(1,505,165)		-		(1,505,165)		-
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt		(761,858)		(1.646.226)		(761,858)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(3,470,754)		(1,646,326)		(5,117,080)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investments		(16,141)		-		(16,141)		-
Interest and dividends		76,972				76,972		-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		60,831		-		60,831		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,486,593		(225,832)		2,260,761		(203,312)
Balances - beginning of year		2,990,699		502,658		3,493,357		241,651
Balances - end of year	\$	5,477,292	\$	276,826	\$	5,754,118	\$	38,339
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,442,160	\$	276,826	\$	3,718,986	\$	38,339
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current		1,869,343		-		1,869,343		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	165,789 5,477,292	\$	276,826	\$	165,789 5,754,118	\$	38,339
For cash and cash equivalents, one of your	Ψ	0,111,272	÷	270,020	Ŷ	5,75 1,110		50,555
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by								
operating activities:	¢	2 700 222	¢	(205.001)	¢	2 414 221	¢	(220 (77)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	3,709,322	\$	(295,091)	\$	3,414,231	\$	(230,667)
Depreciation expense		1,407,845		229,157		1,637,002		-
Amortization expense		26,559		-		26,559		-
Miscellaneous revenue		293,989		2,680		296,669		10,766
Change in assets and liabilities:		74 (20		952 275		026 012		
Due to other funds Accounts receivable		74,638 124,776		852,275 (13,236)		926,913 111,540		-
Other receivable		12,153		(232,550)		(220,397)		_
Inventory		21,768		15,010		36,778		-
Accounts payable		629,967		860,458		1,490,425		(5,468)
Accrued payroll payable		18,602		551		19,153		-
Deposits subject to refund		12,335		-		12,335		-
Claims and judgments liability		-		-		-		22,057
Net pension obligation Other post employment benefits		3,225 (3,969)		(1,217)		2,008		-
Accrued compensated absences		(3,969) 7,657		2,457		(3,969) 10,114		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	6,338,867	\$	1,420,494	\$	7,759,361	\$	(203,312)
Name in a station								
Noncash activities: Principal forgiven on capital debt	\$	222,750	s	-	s	222,750	\$	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	222,750	\$	-	\$	222,750	\$	-

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Statement of Net Assets – Fiduciary Fund As of June 30, 2011

	Agency Fund URM/DEPCA		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,492	
Total assets	\$	9,492	
LIABILITIES			
URM/DEPCA payable	\$	9,492	
Total liabilities	\$	9,492	

I. Organization

The City of Shawnee, Oklahoma, (the City) operates under a Council-Manager form of government under Title 11 of the *Oklahoma Statutes*. The City provides the following services to its citizens: public safety (police and fire), streets and highways, sanitation, social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, utilities, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

II. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operation. The City's financial statements include one discretely presented component unit, which is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Blended component units. The Shawnee Municipal Authority (SMA) was created November 11, 1968, to finance, develop, and operate the water, sewer, and solid waste activities. The current City Commission serves as its entire governing body (trustees) of the SMA. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Commission. SMA is reported as an enterprise fund.

The Shawnee Airport Authority (SAA) was created March 18, 1974, to develop, construct, plan, establish, install, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate, control, and regulate air transportation facilities. The current City Commission serves as its entire governing body (trustees) of the SAA. Any issuance of debt would require a two-thirds approval of the City Commission. SAA is reported as an enterprise fund.

The Shawnee Urban Renewal Authority is included within the financial statements as a part of Other Governmental Funds within a grouping of Special Revenue Funds titled CDBG & Home Grant Funds. All of the activity of the Shawnee Urban Development Authority is in the CDBG & Home Grant Funds and the Shawnee Urban Renewal Authority does not have any of its own assets or liabilities.

Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the blended component units.

Discretely presented component unit. Shawnee Civic & Cultural Development Authority (SCCDA) was created January 5, 1976, to acquire by lease and to operate, regulate and administer all physical properties, real or personal which shall be of public use or of civic and/or cultural benefit or incident to carry out an authority or proper function of the City of Shawnee, the beneficiary of the SCCDA. The governing body consists of seven members; the City Manager of the City of Shawnee, four (4) citizens representing the general public to be selected by the governing board of the Beneficiary, and two (2) residents of Pottawatomie County appointed by the Commissioners of Pottawatomie County and approved by the SCCDA trustees. Any issuance of debt requires a two-thirds approval of the City Commission.

The SCCDA issued separate financial statements, which are available by contacting that entity at (405) 275-7020.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the SCCDA adopted a December 31 year-end to better represent its business cycle. Accordingly, the financial information contained in these financial statements for the SCCDA is as of December 31, 2010 and for the year then ended.

Affiliated organizations. These organizations have a close association with the City of Shawnee; however, the relationship does not meet the requirements for inclusion in the City of Shawnee's Annual Financial Report. Separate financial statements for these entities can be obtained by contacting the entities as indicated:

Shawnee Industrial Authority	(405) 273-7490
Shawnee Economic Development	(405) 273-7490
Pottawatomie County Development Authority	(405) 273-8064

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Combining financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for reimbursement type grants that are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales and use taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The most significant operating revenue is the sales tax. For reporting purposes the General Fund includes the activities of the Revolving Oil and Gas Fund, Spay and Neuter Fund, Library Fund, Senior Citizens Fund, and Sister Cities Fund.
- The street improvement fund accounts for the construction or major reconstruction of street projects. The funds major funding source is sales tax.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Shawnee Municipal Authority accounts for the City's water, sewer, and sanitation operations.
- The Shawnee Airport Authority accounts for the City's airport operations.

The City reports the following fund type:

• Internal service fund accounts for workers' compensation insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Included in the aggregated governmental fund totals are the following funds:

- The street and alley fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of local streets and thoroughfares through dedicated taxes.
- The E-911 fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of the City's 911 emergency services through dedicated taxes.

- The economic development fund accounts for the promotion of economic development.
- The hotel/motel surcharge fund accounts for the collection of the City's hotel/motel surcharge.
- The police sales tax fund accounts for the 1/16 cent of a one-cent dedicated sales tax revenue for police officers.
- The fire sales tax fund accounts for the 1/16 cent of a one-cent dedicated sales tax revenue for firefighters.
- The CDBG & HOME grants funds account for federal funds received by the City and expenditures related to the operation of these grants.
- The cemetery care fund accounts for the continuing care and maintenance as well as future capital investments of the City owned cemetery.
- The gifts & contributions fund accounts for monies donated for various park projects, economic development, civic events, police, and fire donations.
- The tax increment finance fund accounts for ad valorem taxes paid to the City on properties located in the Shawnee Downtown Revitalization Area and Increment District to be used for economic development projects within that District.
- The drug forfeiture fund accounts for funds received from Pottawatomie County drug enforcement activities to help fund City drug-related law enforcement efforts.
- The debt service fund accounts for ad-valorem taxes levied by the City for use in retiring general obligation bonds, court-assessed judgments, and their related expenses and fiscal agent fees.
- The 1994 Street improvement project fund accounts for general obligation bond proceeds designated for the construction of specific street projects.
- The capital improvement fund accounts for the purchase of capital equipment and construction of facilities funded with sales tax.

The City maintains one fiduciary fund:

• The IRS Section 125 Unreimbursed Medical/Dependent and Childcare Agency Fund (URM/DEPCA) holds funds related to employee withholding for medical expenditures not covered by insurance and for dependent care.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following

subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's utility functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Shawnee Municipal Authority and Shawnee Airport Authority enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury; time deposits with financial institutions, if such deposits are fully insured by federal depository insurance or pledged collateral; and debt security issued by the State of Oklahoma, an Oklahoma County, school district, or municipality. A copy of the City of Shawnee's investment policy may be obtained by contacting the City of Shawnee, Post Office Box 1448, Shawnee, Oklahoma 74802-1448.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

2. Receivable and payable

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 90 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

3. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the Shawnee Municipal Authority's enterprise fund promissory notes, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts, and their use is limited by applicable loan covenants. The projects fund account is used to report those proceeds that are restricted for use in construction. The debt service fund account is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next 12 months. The debt service reserve account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the debt services account.

4. Inventories

The Airport Authority (SAA) maintains a fuel inventory for aircraft. Inventory is valued at cost.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	20-50
Infrastructure	20-100
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	3-10

6. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 120 days. Accumulated sick leave is paid to employees only upon retirement at a rate of one day's pay for every three day's accumulated sick leave, up to a maximum of 40 days. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds when they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs, are unearned and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as unearned charges and amortized over the term of the debt.

8. Fund equity

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:

Net assets are displayed in three components:

a. *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt* - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

b. *Restricted net assets* - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. *Unrestricted net assets* - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Since the City implemented GASB Statement 54, fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- c. Committed included amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance while the SMA highest level of decision-making authority is made by resolution.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

III. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments – The City held the following deposits/investments at June 30, 2011:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

Schedule of Deposits and Investments by Type

Maturities in Years Fair Credit On Less Value Than One Type Rating Demand 1 - 5 6 - 10 Demand accounts 2.541.460 2.541.460 n/a s \$ \$ Time deposits 6.726.594 3,810,033 2.916.561 n/a Money market mutual fund AAAm 9,213,053 9.213.053 Money market mutual fund 264,608 not available 264,608 FHLMC obligation 1,257,459 AAAm 1,257,459 36,720 36,720 Corporate bonds Caa3 20,039,894 12.019.121 5.067.492 Sub-total 2.916.561 36.720 Cash on hand 2,250 Total Investments and Deposits 20.042.144 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets 11.744.784 Cash and cash equivalents Investments 8,287,868 Agency fund cash and cash equivalents 9.492 20.042.144

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires that all deposits be collateralized by either FDIC insurance or pledged collateral. At June 30, 2011 the City's deposits were fully insured.

Interest Rate Risk. The City of Shawnee's formal investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The investment maturities limit policy is as follows:

- The portfolio, as a whole, shall have an average maturity of not more than two (2) years, unless specifically otherwise designated by the Treasurer.
- Banker's acceptances shall not exceed one hundred (180) days to maturity.

The City complied with this policy in all material respects.

Credit Risk. The City of Shawnee's policy limits investments to the following: a) obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities; b) collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions located in this state; c) negotiable certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank, a savings bank, a savings and loan association, or a state licensed branch of a foreign bank; d) prime bankers' acceptances which are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; e) prime commercial paper; f) investment grade obligations of state and local governments, including certain highly rated obligations of state- beneficiary public trusts; g) repurchase agreements; and h) money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange commission and which investments consist of those items and those restrictions specified in the investment policy of the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma. The City complied with this policy in all material respects.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. At June 30, 2011, the City had concentration of credit risk in the following investment: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) 16%.

The City places the following limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer:

• With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized money market mutual funds, no more than 50% of the of City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. Individual securities shall be limited as follows:

Type of Investment	for Investment Not to Exceed
Negotiable certificates of deposit	50%
Bankers' acceptances	50%
Commercial paper	50%
Obligations of state and local government	50%

The City complied with this policy in all material respects.

COMPONENT UNIT:

The SCCDA was not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2011. The \$97,216 of cash and cash equivalents was invested in cash deposits and interest-bearing certificated of deposit fully insured by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. government. The SCCDA does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. There is

no limit placed on the amount it may invest in any one issuer and is exposed to concentration of credit risk by being 100% invested in money market funds.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2011, for the City of Shawnee's governmental funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

			Les	s: Allowance		Net
		Accounts	for	Uncollectible		Accounts
	F	Receivable		Accounts	ŀ	Receivable
Governmental Activities:						
Taxes		2,358,056	\$	-	\$	2,358,056
Due from other governments		88,482		-		88,482
Court fines		1,395,350		(1,255,815)		139,535
Other		1,032,711		-		1,032,711
Total Governmental Activities	\$	4,874,599	\$	(1,255,815)	\$	3,618,784
Business-Type Activities:						
Utilities	\$	2,918,090	\$	(799,506)	\$	2,118,584

C. Restricted assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets of the business-type activities are comprised of assets held by the trustee bank of behalf of the Shawnee Municipal Authority related to their required revenue note and bond accounts, as well as deposits held for refund.

Type of Restricted Assets	Ca	Current sh and Cash quivalents	Cash	ncurrent and Cash iivalents	Ir	vestments	 Total
Due to Depositors	\$	705,683	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 705,683
Trustee Accounts:							
Pottawattomie County Series 03 Principal Fund		680,000		-		-	680,000
Pottawattomie County Series 03 Interest Fund		347,056		-		-	347,056
OWRB Series 97 Debt Service Fund		109,577		-		-	109,577
OWRB Series 97 Debt Reserve Fund		-		160,464		-	160,464
Revenue Note Series 03 Principal Fund		40		-		-	40
Revenue Note Series 03 Interest Fund		26,987		-		-	26,987
Revenue Note Series 03 Debt Reserve Fund		-		5,325		1,257,459	1,262,784
Total Restriced Assets	\$	1,869,343	\$	165,789	\$	1,257,459	\$ 3,292,591

D. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2011 for the primary government:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: S 2,261,793 S - S - S 2,261,793 Construction in progress 2,667,227 485,599 - 5,414,619 Other capital assets not being depreciated 4,922,020 485,599 - 5,414,619 Other capital assets: 8,876,094 537,553 - 9,413,647 Machinery, furniture and equipment 13,162,418 906,571 569,413 13,499,576 Infrastructure 36,350,034 455,292 - 36,956,963 Total other capital assets at historical cost 58,539,546 1,900,053 569,413 59,870,186 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8,673,904 971,797 532,515 9,113,186 Infrastructure 19,417,890 798,361 - 20,216,251 Infrastructure 12,967,959 - 1,29,67,959 - 12,967,959 Governmental activities capital assets, net 5 30,006,703 \$ 249,334 \$ 36,898 \$ 30,219,139		Balance at July 1, 2010 Additions			D	visposals	Balance at June 30, 2011			
Capital assets not being depreciated: 1 Land \$ 2,261,793 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,261,793 Construction in progress 2,667,227 485,599 - 5,31,52,826 Total capital assets not being depreciated 4,929,020 485,599 - 5,414,619 Other capital assets: Buildings 8,876,094 537,553 - 9,413,647 Machinery, furniture and equipment 13,162,418 906,571 569,413 13,4399,576 Infrastructure 36,501,034 455,929 - 36,956,963 . . Total other capital assets at historical cost 58,839,546 1,900,053 569,413 59,870,186 Less accumulated depreciation for:	Governmental activities		uly 1, 2010		lutions		isposais		ane 30, 2011	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $										
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 0 1	\$	2 261 793	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2 261 793	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Ψ		Ψ	485 599	Ψ	_	Ψ		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $										
Buildings $8,876.094$ $537,553$ - $9,413,647$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $13,162,418$ $906,571$ $569,413$ $13,499,576$ Infrastructure $36,550,1034$ $455,929$ - $36,956,963$ Total other capital assets at historical cost $58,539,546$ $1,900,053$ $569,413$ $59,870,186$ Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings $5,370,069$ $366,160$ - $5,736,229$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $8,673,904$ $971,797$ $532,515$ $9,113,186$ Infrastructure $19,417,890$ $798,361$ - $20,216,251$ Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,804,520$ Governmental activities: $22,967,959$ - $12,967,959$ - $12,967,959$ Construction in progress $82,919$ $11,714,187$ - $12,967,959$ Constructin in progress $82,919$ $11,714$.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		100,077				0,111,015	
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Infrastructure $36,501,034$ $455,929$ - $36,956,963$ Total other capital assets at historical cost $58,539,546$ $1,900,053$ $569,413$ $59,870,186$ Buildings $5,370,069$ $366,160$ - $5,736,229$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $8,673,904$ $971,797$ $532,515$ $9,113,186$ Infrastructure $19,417,890$ $798,361$ - $20,216,251$ Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,404,520$ Governmental activities: s $30,006,703$ $$249,334$ $$36,898$ $$30,219,139$ Business-type activities: c $22,907,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $$30,219,139$ Construction in progress $12,967,959$ - - $12,967,959$ - $21,2967,959$ Total capital assets not being depreciated $14,532,593$ $11,714,187$ - $12,2967,959$ Other capital assets not being depreciated $14,532,593$ $11,714,187$ -	-						569 413			
Total other capital assets at historical cost $38,539,546$ $1,900,053$ $569,413$ $59,870,186$ Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings $5,370,069$ $366,160$ $ 5,736,229$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $8,673,904$ $971,797$ $532,515$ $9,113,186$ Infrastructure 19,417,890 $798,361$ $ 20,216,251$ Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,804,520$ Governmental activities capital assets, net $$30,006,703$ $$249,334$ $$36,898$ $$30,219,139$ Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: $$1,481,715$ $$$ $$$$ $$$$ $$$ <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Less accumulated depreciation for: 5,370,069 $366,160$ - 5,736,229 Machinery, furniture and equipment $8,673,904$ $971,797$ $532,515$ $9,113,186$ Infrastructure $19,417,890$ $798,361$ - $20,216,251$ Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2.136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $$20,07,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $$24,804,520$ Governmental activities capital assets, net $$30,006,703$ $$249,334$ $$36,898$ $$30,219,139$ Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land $$1,481,715$ $$ $ $1,481,715$ Land $$1,481,715$ $$ $ $1,481,715$ $$ $2,967,959$ Construction in progress $82,919$ $11,714,187$ $ 12,967,959$ Construction in progress $82,919$ $11,714,187$ $ 10,822,947$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $3,705,923$ $197,838$ $23,376$ $3,880,385$ Utility property $45,265,844$ $349,512$ $-$							569 413			
Buildings $5,370,069$ $366,160$ $ 5,736,229$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $8,673,904$ $971,797$ $532,515$ $9,113,186$ Infrastructure $19,417,890$ $798,361$ $ 20,216,251$ Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,804,520$ Governmental activities: $\$$ $30,006,703$ $\$$ $249,334$ $\$$ $36,898$ $\$$ Business-type activities:Capital assets not being depreciated:Land $\$$ $1,481,715$ $\$$ $ \$$ $1,481,715$ Water rightsConstruction in progressBuildingsNother capital assets not being depreciated14,532,593Utility propertyMachinery, furniture and equipment3,705,92310,808,10714,840-10,802,947Machinery, furniture and equipment3,705,923101,979,874562,19023,37623,37623,37624,804,318Less accumulated depreciation for:BuildingsNachinery, furniture and equipment2,685,882192,10923,37623,37624,34424,257114,4055-24,42,334250,838-250,838-26,42,334<	*		50,557,510		1,900,000		507,115		57,070,100	
Machinery, furniture and equipment $8,673,904$ $971,797$ $532,515$ $9,113,186$ Infrastructure $19,417,890$ $798,361$ - $20,216,251$ Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,804,520$ Governmental activities: $\frac{1}{8}$ $30,006,703$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $249,334$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $30,219,139$ Business-type activities:Capital assets not being depreciated:Land $\frac{1}{2},126,7959$ -12,967,959Construction in progress $82,919$ $11,714,187$ - $11,797,106$ Total capital assets not being depreciated $14,532,593$ $11,714,187$ - $26,246,780$ Other capital assets not being depreciated $14,532,593$ $11,714,187$ - $26,246,780$ Other capital assets not being depreciated $10,808,107$ $14,840$ - $10,822,947$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $3,705,923$ $197,838$ $23,376$ $3,880,385$ Utility property $45,265,844$ $349,512$ - $45,615,356$ Total other capital assets at historical cost $59,779,874$ $562,190$ $23,376$ $60,318,688$ Less accumulated depreciation for: $92,771,250$ $1,637,002$ $23,376$ $2,854,315$ Utility property $19,248,279$ $1,194,055$ - $20,442,334$ Total accumulated depreciation $29,771,250$ $1,637,002$ $23,376$ $31,384$	-		5 370 069		366 160		_		5 736 229	
Infrastructure19,417,890798,361-20,216,251Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,804,520$ Governmental activities capital assets, net $\$$ $30,006,703$ $\$$ $249,334$ $\$$ $36,898$ $\$$ Business-type activities:Capital assets not being depreciated:Land $\$$ $1,481,715$ $\$$ - $\$$ $1,481,715$ Water rights $12,967,959$ $12,967,959$ Construction in progress $82,919$ $11,714,187$ - $11,797,106$ Total capital assets: $10,808,107$ $14,840$ - $10,822,947$ Buildings $10,808,107$ $14,840$ - $10,822,947$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $3,705,923$ $197,838$ $23,376$ $3,880,385$ Utility property $45,265,844$ $349,512$ - $45,615,356$ Total other capital assets at historical cost $59,779,874$ $562,190$ $23,376$ $60,318,688$ Less accumulated depreciation for: $19,248,279$ $1,194,055$ - $20,442,334$ Utility property $19,248,279$ $1,194,055$ - $20,442,334$ Total accumulated depreciation $29,771,250$ $1,637,002$ $23,376$ $31,384,876$ Other capital assets, net $30,008,624$ $(1,074,812)$ - $28,93,812$	6						532 515			
Total accumulated depreciation $33,461,863$ $2,136,318$ $532,515$ $35,065,666$ Other capital assets, net $25,077,683$ $(236,265)$ $36,898$ $24,804,520$ Governmental activities capital assets, net $\$$ $30,006,703$ $\$$ $249,334$ $\$$ $36,898$ $\$$ Business-type activities:Capital assets not being depreciated:Land $\$$ $1,481,715$ $\$$ - $\$$ 1,481,715Water rights12,967,95912,967,959Construction in progress $82,919$ 11,714,187-11,797,106Total capital assets not being depreciated $14,532,593$ $11,714,187$ - $26,246,780$ Other capital assets: $10,808,107$ $14,840$ - $10,822,947$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $3,705,923$ $197,838$ $23,376$ $3,880,385$ Utility property $45,265,844$ $349,512$ - $45,615,356$ Total other capital assets at historical cost $59,779,874$ $562,190$ $23,376$ $60,318,688$ Less accumulated depreciation for: $80,88,227$ $11,94,055$ - $20,442,334$ Total accumulated depreciation $29,771,250$ $1,637,002$ $23,376$ $31,384,876$ Other capital assets, net $30,008,624$ $(1,074,812)$ - $28,93,812$										
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$\begin{array}{c c} \mbox{Construction in progress} & 82,919 & 11,714,187 & - & 11,797,106 \\ \hline \mbox{Total capital assets not being depreciated} & 14,532,593 & 11,714,187 & - & 26,246,780 \\ \hline \mbox{Other capital assets:} & & & & & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Buildings} & 10,808,107 & 14,840 & - & 10,822,947 \\ \mbox{Machinery, furniture and equipment} & 3,705,923 & 197,838 & 23,376 & 3,880,385 \\ \mbox{Utility property} & 45,265,844 & 349,512 & - & 45,615,356 \\ \mbox{Total other capital assets at historical cost} & 59,779,874 & 562,190 & 23,376 & 60,318,688 \\ \mbox{Less accumulated depreciation for:} & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Buildings} & 7,837,389 & 250,838 & - & 8,088,227 \\ \mbox{Machinery, furniture and equipment} & 2,685,582 & 192,109 & 23,376 & 2,854,315 \\ \mbox{Utility property} & 19,248,279 & 1,194,055 & - & 20,442,334 \\ \mbox{Total accumulated depreciation} & 29,771,250 & 1,637,002 & 23,376 & 31,384,876 \\ \mbox{Other capital assets, net} & 30,008,624 & (1,074,812) & - & 28,933,812 \\ \end{array}$		ψ	, ,	ψ		ψ		ψ		
Total capital assets not being depreciated $14,532,593$ $11,714,187$ - $26,246,780$ Other capital assets: $10,808,107$ $14,840$ - $10,822,947$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $3,705,923$ $197,838$ $23,376$ $3,880,385$ Utility property $45,265,844$ $349,512$ - $45,615,356$ Total other capital assets at historical cost $59,779,874$ $562,190$ $23,376$ $60,318,688$ Less accumulated depreciation for: $8,088,227$ $8,088,227$ $8,088,227$ Machinery, furniture and equipment $2,685,582$ $192,109$ $23,376$ $2,854,315$ Utility property $19,248,279$ $1,194,055$ - $20,442,334$ Total accumulated depreciation $29,771,250$ $1,637,002$ $23,376$ $31,384,876$ Other capital assets, net $30,008,624$ $(1,074,812)$ - $28,933,812$	0			1	-					
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			14,332,373		11,714,107				20,240,780	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1		10 808 107		14 840				10 822 947	
Utility property 45,265,844 349,512 - 45,615,356 Total other capital assets at historical cost 59,779,874 562,190 23,376 60,318,688 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8,088,227 Machinery, furniture and equipment 2,685,582 192,109 23,376 2,854,315 Utility property 19,248,279 1,194,055 - 20,442,334 Total accumulated depreciation 29,771,250 1,637,002 23,376 31,384,876 Other capital assets, net 30,008,624 (1,074,812) - 28,933,812	8						23 376			
Total other capital assets at historical cost 59,779,874 562,190 23,376 60,318,688 Less accumulated depreciation for:							-			
Less accumulated depreciation for: 7,837,389 250,838 - 8,088,227 Machinery, furniture and equipment 2,685,582 192,109 23,376 2,854,315 Utility property 19,248,279 1,194,055 - 20,442,334 Total accumulated depreciation 29,771,250 1,637,002 23,376 31,384,876 Other capital assets, net 30,008,624 (1,074,812) - 28,933,812					_		23 376			
Buildings7,837,389250,838-8,088,227Machinery, furniture and equipment2,685,582192,10923,3762,854,315Utility property19,248,2791,194,055-20,442,334Total accumulated depreciation29,771,2501,637,00223,37631,384,876Other capital assets, net30,008,624(1,074,812)-28,933,812	-				002,170		20,070		00,010,000	
Machinery, furniture and equipment2,685,582192,10923,3762,854,315Utility property19,248,2791,194,055-20,442,334Total accumulated depreciation29,771,2501,637,00223,37631,384,876Other capital assets, net30,008,624(1,074,812)-28,933,812	1		7.837.389		250.838		-		8.088.227	
Utility property 19,248,279 1,194,055 - 20,442,334 Total accumulated depreciation 29,771,250 1,637,002 23,376 31,384,876 Other capital assets, net 30,008,624 (1,074,812) - 28,933,812	6						23.376			
Total accumulated depreciation29,771,2501,637,00223,37631,384,876Other capital assets, net30,008,624(1,074,812)-28,933,812										
Other capital assets, net 30,008,624 (1,074,812) - 28,933,812							23,376			
	-						-			
	Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$		-		\$	-	\$		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Business-Type Activities:

General government	\$ 227,381	Water	\$ 580,367
Culture and recreation	189,787	Wastewater	655,852
Community development	42,525	Sanitation	163,012
Public safety	630,478	Administration	5,292
Public works	1,046,147	Lake	3,322
	\$ 2,136,318	Airport	229,157
			\$ 1,637,002

COMPONENT UNIT:

Shawnee Civic and Cultural Development Authority:	Balance, January 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	Balance, December 31, 2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 94,493	-	-	\$ 94,493
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	94,493	-	-	94,493
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	9,562,047	-	-	9,562,047
Equipment	612,865	105,681	(120,167)	598,379
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,174,912	105,681	(120,167)	10,160,426
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,434,572)	(259,775)	112,770	(5,581,577)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,740,340	(154,094)	(7,397)	4,578,849
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,834,833	\$ (154,094)	\$ (7,397)	\$ 4,673,342

E. Long-term debt

Long-term liabilities of the City of Shawnee as of June 30, 2011, are summarized as follows:

Governmental activities

Accrued compensated absences. The general fund typically has been used to liquidate this liability.	\$	1,665,105
Current portion	\$	333,021
Noncurrent portion		1,332,084
	\$	1,665,105
Claims and judgments payable. The general fund typically has been used to liquidate this liability.	\$	5,110,461
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ \$	981,271 4,129,190 5,110,461

Business-type Activities

Notes payable:

\$18,850,000 Series 2003 Utility Revenue Note dated April, 2003, payable in semiannual installments ranging from \$390,000 to \$1,265,000, interest from 2.0% to 5.0% through July 1, 2026, to fund utility improvements. The Shawnee Municipal Authority typically has been used to liquidate this liability.	\$ 14,760,000
\$1,073,279 1997A SFR Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated September, 2, 1997, payable in annual installments to \$57,000, with no interest and a 0.05% administrative fee. The Shawnee Municipal Authority typically has been used to liquidate this liability.	310,687
\$7,780,000 2010 Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated June 25, 2010, payable in semiannual installments of approximately \$194,500, Interest at 3.15%. The Shawnee Municipal Authority typically pays this liability.	6,483,539
\$1,485,000 2010A Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated October 14, 2010, payable in semiannual installments of approximately \$63,120, Interest at 2.76%. The Shawnee Municipal Authority typically pays this liability.	861,667
\$1,900,000 1997B Promissory Note to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated September, 1, 1997, payable in semiannual installments of approximately \$80,000, Interest from 3.895% to 5.245% through 2017. The Shawnee Muncipal Authority typically pays this liability.	790,000
\$5,350,000 2001 Sales Tax Revenue Note, to a financial institution, dated September, 1, 1997, payable in 120 installments of \$54,804, interest at 4.25% through November 28, 2011. The Shawnee Municipal Authority collects funding from the capital improvement fund in the form of transfers to liquidate this liability.	324,787
\$395,000 Series 2003 Sales Tax Revenue Note dated September 25, 2003, payable in 99 installments of \$ 4,739, interest at 4.25% through December 28, 2011. The Shawnee Municipal Authority collects funding from the discretely presented component unit in the form of a interfund balance to liquidate this liability.	28,083
Total notes payable before unearned loss and bond premium Deferred amount on 2003 refunding Bond premium	 23,558,763 (604,401) 62,377
Total notes payable, net of unearned loss on 2003 refunding	\$ 23,016,739
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,461,970 22,096,793 23,558,763
Accrued compensated absenses. The Shawnee Municipal and Airport Authorities typically have been used to liquidate this liability.	\$ 295,096
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 59,020 236,076 295,096

Long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011 and changes therein were as follows:

Type of Debt	J	Balance uly 1, 2010	A	<u>dditions</u>	De	ductions	Balance ne 30, 2011	ue Within Dne Year
Governmental Activities:								
Claims and judgments	\$	5,088,404	\$	22,057	\$	-	\$ 5,110,461	\$ 981,271
Accrued compensated absences		1,690,370		-		25,265	 1,665,105	333,021
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,778,774	\$	22,057	\$	25,265	\$ 6,775,566	\$ 1,314,292
				Add: O	PEB o	obligation	 773,128	
							\$ 7,548,694	
Business-Type Activities:								
Notes Payable	\$	17,823,972	\$ 7	,462,706	\$ 1	,727,915	\$ 23,558,763	\$ 1,461,970
Accrued compensated absences		284,982		10,114		-	 295,096	 59,020
Total Business-Type Activities		18,108,954	7	7,472,820	1	,727,915	\$ 23,853,859	 1,520,990
						obligation	159,024	
		Less: De		l amount or		U	(604,401)	
			1	Add: Unam	ortized	1 premium	 62,377	
							\$ 23,470,859	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	24,887,728	\$ 7	7,494,877	\$ 1	,753,180	\$ 31,019,553	\$ 2,835,282

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities						
	Notes Payable						
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest					
2012	\$ 1,461,970	\$ 1,300,464					
2013	1,134,100	1,255,693					
2014	1,169,100	1,213,048					
2015	1,194,100	1,168,266					
2016	1,229,100	1,121,302					
2017-2021	5,826,304	4,869,735					
2022-2026	6,798,060	3,411,396					
2027-2031	2,775,810	2,165,277					
2032-2036	3,667,263	612,675					
	\$ 25,255,807	\$17,117,856					
Amount to be drawn on OWRB 2010	1,697,044						
Net principal outstanding	\$ 23,558,763						

The Shawnee Municipal Authority (SMA) entered into an agreement with the Pottawatomie County Development Authority (PCDA) for the development of the North Deer Creek Reservoir Project (Reservoir) in which the PCDA issued bonds totaling \$18,180,000 for the construction of the Reservoir. SMA issued its Utility Revenue Note, Series 1990B in the amount of \$18,180,000 to the PCDA. (These notes were defeased during the 1993 fiscal year with the issuance of the SMA Utility Revenue Note, Series 1993A in the amount of \$21,165,000.) During the 2003 fiscal year, the 1993 notes were defeased in the amount of \$18,850,000. The debt service payments

made by SMA on their Series 2003 Note will be used by the PCDA to make their debt service payments on their Series 2003 Bonds.

SMA acquired a contractual interest in the water of the reservoir by issuing their Series 1990B Note. They issued the note totaling \$18,180,000 and received restricted funds back from PCDA to establish a reserve fund totaling \$1,263,881. The net amount of the note face value less the reserve fund, which totals \$16,916,119, represented SMA's investment in the water contract with PCDA and a trustee Bank. During a prior fiscal year, the SMA received \$3,948,160 in surplus bond proceeds remaining in the PCDA trust funds to be used for SMA utility system improvements. These proceeds have been accounted for as a reduction in the investment in the water contract with PCDA to \$12,967,959.

The term of the water agreement shall be for a period of one hundred (100) years from its effective date and may be extended by written agreement of the parties. Upon the expiration of the term of this agreement and any extension thereof, PCDA shall by quit claim deed and bill of sale, convey to each party, an undivided fractional interest in the facilities and all personal property titled in PCDA that is used in the operation of the facilities except PCDA's files and records.

Due to the long-term nature of this agreement, and the infinite economic life of the water rights, the SMA's investment in the water rights contract is not being amortized.

Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one-third of seven-eighths of one penny (or 9.7%) of future sales tax revenues to repay \$5,745,000 of Series 2001 and 2003 Sales Tax Revenue Notes. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for capital assets. The notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues. The notes are payable through fiscal year 2012. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these notes is \$361,644. Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$1,563,150. Debt service payments of \$714,518 for the current fiscal year were 46% of pledged sales taxes.

<u>Utility Revenues Pledge</u> – The City has also pledged future gross water and wastewater revenues to repay \$18,850,000 of the 2003 Series Utility Revenue Note, \$2,973,279 of 1997A and 1997B Series OWRB Notes Payable and \$7,780,000 and \$1,485,000 of 2010 OWRB Notes Payable. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for utility system capital assets. The notes are payable through 2026, 2016, and 2031, respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these notes is \$40,676,618. The notes are payable from the above-mentioned utility revenues. The debt service payments on the notes this year were \$1,769,509 which was 19% of pledged utility revenues of \$9,512,270.

Compensated absences

Full-time employees with at least one year of service earn vacation of ten to twenty days per year depending on years of service completed. A maximum of ten to thirty days may be carried over from one benefit year into another, depending on years of service completed. In accordance with the guidelines set forth by GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles for Claims and Judgments and Compensated Absences,* a provision has been made for accumulated leave as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 1,665,105
Business-type activities	<u>295,096</u>
Total accrued compensated absences	<u>\$ 1,960,201</u>

Full-time employees earn sick leave at the rate of ten hours per month, up to 120 days. Upon retirement, employees are paid at the rate of one day's pay for every three days of accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 40 days.

F. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Nature of Interfund Balance
General	SMA	\$ 1,255,016	Construction projects
General	SMA	74,638	Revenue posted to incorrect fund
General	Street and Alley	11,457	Negative cash
Worker's Comp Fund	General	273,383	Self insurance funding
Worker's Comp Fund	SMA	282,794	Self insurance funding
Gifts and Contributions	Capital Improvement Fund	4,023	Negative cash
General	Drug and Forfeiture	1,535	Negative cash
General	CDBG & Home Grants Fund	154,252	Negative cash
General	SAA	852,275	Negative cash
Capital Improvement Fund	Shawnee Airport Authority	65,000	Federal grant match on future projects
		\$ 2,974,373	

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	 Due From	Due to		 Net Interfund Balances
Governmental Funds	\$ 2,418,196	\$	444,650	\$ 1,973,546
Proprietary Funds	-		2,529,723	(2,529,723)
Internal Service Funds	 556,177		-	 556,177
	\$ 2,974,373	\$	2,974,373	\$ -

A summary of interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	 Amount	Purpose of Transfer
SMA	General	\$ 1,100,000	Operating subsidy
Police Tax Fund	General	334,870	Restricted sales tax transfer
Fire Tax Fund	General	334,870	Restricted sales tax transfer
Street Improvement Fund	General	100,000	Engineering services for capital projects
Capital Improvement Fund	SMA	657,649	Debt service
Economic Development Fund	Sister Cities Fund	15,000	Sister Cities program support
General Fund	Library Fund	74,000	Operating subsidy
Total		\$ 2,616,389	

Reconcilation to Fund Financial Statements:

	 Transfers In	Ti	ransfers Out	 Net Transfers
Governmental Funds	\$ 1,958,740	\$	(1,516,389)	\$ 442,351
Proprietary Funds	 657,649		(1,100,000)	 (442,351)
	\$ 2,616,389	\$	(2,616,389)	\$ -

Net Assets/Fund Equity

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

It is the City's policy to first use unrestricted net assets prior to the use of restricted net assets when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net asset are available.

The following table shows the net assets restricted for other purposes shown on the Statement of Net Assets:

Enabling legislation		286,025
	\$	286,025
Statutory requirements	\$	168,108
Statutory requirements		4,436
Statutory requirements		307,397
Statutory requirements		465
	\$	480,406
External contracts	\$	185,657
External contracts		109,457
External contracts		43,558
External contracts		43,616
External contracts		50,162
External contracts		136,724
External contracts		77,667
External contracts		1,500,901
External contracts		6,870,434
External contracts		112,009
	\$	9,130,185
	Statutory requirements Statutory requirements Statutory requirements Statutory requirements Statutory requirements External contracts External contracts	\$ \$ Statutory requirements \$

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Since the City implemented GASB Statement 54, fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of the unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of fund balance amounts require that restricted amounts would be reduced first, followed by commited amounts and then assigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The following table shows the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet in accordance with GASB Statement 54:

	General Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid expenses	\$ 291,531	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 291,531
	291,531			291,531
Restricted For:				
Street improvements	-	6,870,434	77,667	6,948,101
Fire operations	-	-	43,616	43,616
Police operations	-	-	43,558	43,558
Debt service	-	-	398,007	398,007
Capital improvements	-	-	1,500,901	1,500,901
Street operations	-	-	4,436	4,436
Culture and rec programs	-	-	109,457	109,457
Cemetery improvements	-	-	168,108	168,108
Police - drug programs	-	-	465	465
Emergency operations	-	-	307,397	307,397
Economic development	-	-	372,543	372,543
Sub-total restricted	-	6,870,434	3,026,155	9,896,589
Assigned in:				
Street operations	-	51,952	7,230	59,182
Community development	233,779	-	-	233,779
Economic development	-	-	5,000	5,000
Capital improvements	-	-	1,870	1,870
Cemetery operations	-	-	3,257	3,257
Culture and recreation programs	-	-	4,550	4,550
Library programs	18,968	-	-	18,968
Senior citizens programs	21,147	-	-	21,147
Sister cities programs	14,486	-	-	14,486
Animal shelter	12,870	-	-	12,870
Sub-total assigned	301,250	51,952	21,907	375,109
Unassigned:	4,853,199	-	-	4,853,199
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,445,980	\$ 6,922,386	\$ 3,048,062	\$ 15,416,428

H. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description. The City sponsors Medical, Rx, Dental, Vision and Life insurance to qualifying retirees and their dependents. Coverage is provided through fully-insured arrangements that collectively operate as a substantive single-employer defined benefit plan. Qualifying retirees are those employees who are eligible for immediate disability or retirement benefits under the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System, or the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Employee Retirement System of Shawnee, Oklahoma. Retirees may continue coverage with the City by paying the carrier premium rate. Coverage is available for each of the lifetimes of retirees and their spouses. Authority to establish and amended benefit provisions rest with the City Council. Benefits are paid from general operating assets of the City.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established by the City Council. Annual health insurance premium amounts are established by the third party insurance provider. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially expected City contribution in the form of net

age adjustment was \$88,000 to the Plan. Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$158,797 of the total premiums, through their payment of the full carrier determined premium in FY 2011.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to for the year ended June 30, 2011:

Normal cost	\$ 184,796
Amortization of Acturial Accrued Liability (AAL)	167,937
Annual Required Contribution (with Interest)	352,733
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	20,018
Adjustment to the ARC	(23,221)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	349,530
Employer Contributions of FY 11	(88,000)
Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year	500,456
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	\$ 761,986

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/09	\$333,228	23.1%	\$256,228
6/30/10	\$333,228	26.7%	\$500,456
6/30/11	\$349,530	25.2%	\$761,986

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$3.48 million, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3.48 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10.02 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 34.7 percent. Because the plan is a substantive plan there are no plan assets.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of shortterm volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the Plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent after ten years. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years based on a level percent-of-pay open-period basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2010, was thirty years. As of the date of this valuation, there are no plan assets. Retiree premiums are paid as they come due from general operating assets of the City.

IV. Other Information

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has insurance for the major risks such as property and general liability, and is self-insured for workers' compensation and unemployment, with applicable excess loss coverage for workers' compensation. A third party worker's compensation administrator is used to evaluate claims and estimate the City's liability for outstanding claims not assumed by the issuer. The City is self-insured up to \$375,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate, and has obtained overlying insurance coverage for claims in excess of these amounts. Commercial insurance is used to cover general liability claims and the risk of loss to City buildings and mobile equipment. Judgments against the City may be paid by a property tax assessment over a three-year period.

Claims Liability Analysis

The claims liabilities related to the above noted risk of loss that is retained is determined in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. For the internal service self-insurance workers' compensation fund, changes in the claims liability for the City from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2011, are as follows:

Claims liability, June 30, 2009	\$ 4,230,443
Claims and changes in estimates	1,715,922
Claims payments	 857,961
Claims liability, June 30, 2010	 5,088,404
Claims and changes in estimates	880,000
Claims payments	 857,943
Claims liability, June 30, 2011	\$ 5,110,461

CLAIMS LIABILITY ANALYSIS

B. Commitments and contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency requires the City to maintain records supporting the banked match that is necessary for participation in the Home Grant Program. As of June 30, 2011, the City's records indicate that the City's banked match of the Home Grant Program totaled \$831,772.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The following construction project commitments were outstanding at June 30, 2011:

Governmental Activities:

Regional Park City Hall heat/air replacement Kickapoo Street south	\$ 1,000,000 524,000 3,329,309	\$ 65,826 11,509 3,076,227
Rehab Asphalt Streets Project	1,421,981	1,135,455
Business-type activities: Parrallel Taxiway Construction Reservoir Yield Study Pipe for 30 inch waterline	1,935,906 98,300 4,000,000	627,208 73,375 272,017

C. Employee retirement systems and pensions plans

The City of Shawnee participates in the Oklahoma State Police Pension and Retirement System and the Oklahoma State Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System, both of which are cost-

sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the State of Oklahoma. Copies of the State of Oklahoma sponsored multiple-employer plans and a schedule of funding progress is available, for each from the respective Plan. The State of Oklahoma is responsible for any funding deficiencies. Additionally, for other City employees not covered by the other plans, the City of Shawnee maintains the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund, an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan.

Oklahoma State Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The OPPRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The ability to establish and amend benefit provisions is delegated to the administrators of the OPPRS. The OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the police employees of the City. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma State Police Pension and Retirement System, 1001 N.W. 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73116-7335, or by calling (405) 840-3555.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary, and the City of Shawnee contributes 13.0% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the state legislature. Contributions to the OPPRS for the year ended June 30, 2011, for employees and employer were \$188,905 and \$306,971, respectively, on covered payroll of \$2,361,312. The state made on-behalf payments for the police pension system of \$245,661. These on-behalf payments were recognized as both revenue and expenditures in the current fiscal year.

The required employer contributions and actual employer contributions made to OPPRS for the current and past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal year	Required	Contributed
2010-2011	\$306,971	\$306,971
2009-2010	\$330,180	\$330,180
2008-2009	\$294,112	\$315,064

Oklahoma State Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The OFPRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The ability to establish and amend benefit provisions is delegated to the administrators of the OFPRS. The OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the firefighting employees of the City. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma State Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System, 4545 North Lincoln Boulevard, Suite 265, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-3414, or by calling (405) 525-7813.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary, and the City of Shawnee contributes 13.0% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the state

legislature. Contributions to the OFPRS for the year ended June 30, 2011, for employees and employer were \$236,150 and \$388,916, respectively, on covered payroll of \$2,950,534. The state made on-behalf payments for the fire pension system of \$725,831. These on-behalf payments were recognized as both revenue and expenditures in the current fiscal year.

The required employer contributions and actual employer contributions made to OFPRS for the current and past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal year	Required	Contributed
2010-2011	\$388,916	\$388,916
2009-2010	\$385,618	\$385,618
2008-2009	\$373,019	\$382,086

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Employee Retirement System of Shawnee, Oklahoma

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City maintains a defined benefit retirement plan, the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Employee Retirement System of Shawnee, Oklahoma (the Plan), which covers employees not covered by other plans. The Plan operates as a trust maintained by the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF). The OMRF board of trustees retains BankOne as custodian to hold the Plan's assets which are invested by various professional managers. All regular, full-time City employees not covered by other plans are required to participate in the Plan. Benefits vest after seven years of service. Employees, who retire at age 65 with completion of seven years of service, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly in an amount equal to 2.625% of final average compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Final average compensation is defined as the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last ten calendar years of service.

An employee is eligible for an early retirement benefit once he has attained age 55 and has completed seven years of service. The amount of benefit is determined based on the final average salary and credited service as of the date of termination. If benefit payments are to begin before age 65, the amount of benefit will be actuarially reduced. A late retirement benefit is computed in the same manner as a normal retirement based on average salary and credited service as of the termination of employment.

A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled after completion of seven years of service will be entitled to a disability benefit based on average salary and service as of the date of disability but without actuarial reduction for payments beginning prior to normal retirement age.

Employee contributions are returned with accrued interest if their employment is terminated prior to completion of seven years of service. A death benefit is payable after seven years of service based on 50% of the employee's accrued benefit. This benefit is payable for life or until remarriage of the surviving spouse.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The amount shown below as the actuarial accrued liability is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the Plan on a going concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present

value of credited projected benefits, and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the Plan.

The actuarial accrued liability was computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2010. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include 1) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% compounded annually, and 2) future salary increases based on the age of the employee.

Total actuarial accrued liability was more than net assets available for benefits by \$6,059,084 as of January 1, 2010, as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 30,823,183
Net assets available for benefits (actuarial value)	24,764,099
Underfunded actuarial accrued liability	<u>\$ 6,059,084</u>

The Plan's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, increases gradually over time so sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. Required contributions are determined using the aggregate entry age normal cost method. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percentage of payroll over a closed period of thirty years.

Significant actuarial assumptions used for the Plan are as follows:

Rate of return on investments	7.5% compounded annually							
Projected salary increases	5.1% average (a high scale at younger age levels,							
	becoming progressively lower as age advances)							
Inflation rate	3% per annum							
Post retirement benefits increases method	Entry age normal cost							
Mortality rates – before and after retirement	1994 Mortality Table with projected mortality							
	improvement							

For the year ended June 30, 2011, employees were required to contribute 0.0% of annual compensation while the City contributed 22.9%, the actuarially required contribution rate. Contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2011, for employees and employer were \$0 and \$1,345,207, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City's covered payroll was \$8,866,580. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the City of Shawnee to active employees covered by the Plan on which contributions are based.

The actuarially determined contributions for both the employee and the employer for the current and past two fiscal years are as follows:

				Ne	et Pension		
Fiscal Year	 Required	C	ontributed	Obligation			
2010-2011	\$ 1,354,593	\$	1,345,207	\$	170,166		
2009-2010	1,363,924		1,363,924		160,780		
2008-2009	1,166,956		1,166,956		160,780		

The following schedule shows the change in net pension obligation based on the actuarially required contributions to the plan compared to the actual contributions made by the city:

Annual required contribution for 2011 plan year	\$ 1,354,593
Actual contributions made	 (1,345,207)
Increase/(decrease) in net pension obligation	9,386
Beginning of year net pension obligation	 160,780
End of year net pension obligation	\$ 170,166

The schedule of funding progress for the Plan for the current year is as follows:

										Unfunded Actuarial
										Accrued
		Value of				Unfunded				Liability as a
Accrual		Assets		Actuarial		Actuarial			Annual	Percentage of
Valuation		Available for		Accrued		Accrued	Percentage		Covered	Covered
Date	_	Benefits	_	Liability	_	Liability	Funded	_	Payroll	Payroll
1/1/2009	\$	24,092,460	\$	30,145,970	\$	6,053,510	79.9%	\$	5,724,277	105.8%
1/1/2010	\$	24,764,099	\$	30,823,183	\$	6,059,084	80.3%	\$	5,792,921	104.6%
1/1/2011	\$	26,348,831	\$	32,167,742	\$	5,818,911	81.9%	\$	5,424,459	107.3%

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Defined Contribution Plan (the Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City has also provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Shawnee Plan and Trust (the Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). The Plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in the state of Oklahoma fire or police program. Separate audited Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) – basis financial statements are not available.

OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus investment earnings.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate upon employment, and must make a mandatory minimum pre-tax contribution of 4.25%. Employees are allowed to contribute in excess of the 4.25%; however, these contributions are not pre-tax. By City ordinance, the City, as the employer, is required to make variable contributions to the Plan, based on availability of funds. The employee is fully vested after 7 years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are allocated back to remaining eligible participants. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the Plan rests with the City Commission. Contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2011, for employees and employer were \$221,406 and zero, respectively, on a covered payroll of \$5,209,538. Contributions for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 were \$224,501 and \$286, respectively.

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Defined Contribution Department Head and City Manager Plan (the DH Plan)

<u>DH Plan Description</u> – Effective May 1, 2008, the City has also provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Shawnee Department Head and City Manager Retirement Plan and Trust (the DH Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). The DH Plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The DH Plan is available to all full-time employees defined as Department Head or City Manager except those participating in the state of Oklahoma fire or police program. Separate audited GAAP – basis financial statements are not available.

OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the DH Plan plus investment earnings.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the DH Plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate upon employment, and must make a mandatory minimum pre-tax contribution of 8%. Employees are allowed to contribute in excess of the 8%; however, these contributions are not pre-tax. By City ordinance, the City, as the employer, is required to make at least 5% contributions to the DH Plan and could be higher, based on availability of funds. The employee is fully vested upon employment. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the DH Plan rests with the City Commission. Contributions to the DH Plan for the year ended June 30, 2011, for employees and employer were \$66,513 and \$41,571, respectively, on a covered payroll of \$831,418.

City of Shawnee 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (DC Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City of Shawnee makes available to all full-time employees two Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The DC Plan was created in accordance with Section 457 of the *Internal Revenue Code*, and permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employee until retirement, termination, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Employees may choose investments offered by International City/County Management Association (ICMA) or Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. Separate audited GAAP – basis financial statements are not available.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – DC Plan participants may contribute up to \$15,000 of eligible compensation per year. During the year ended June 30, 2011, employees contributed \$161,638 to the DC Plan.

ICMA Retirement Deferred Compensation Plan (the ICMA Plan)

In addition to the above plans, the City of Shawnee offers a retirement plan through ICMA which is totally employee funded. Employee contributions to the ICMA Plan for the year ended June 30, 2011, were \$10,790. Separate audited GAAP – basis financial statements are not available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 Variance with

			Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget -		
	Budgeted		Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	Original	<u>Final</u>				
Taxes	\$ 12,866,416	\$ 13,437,586	\$ 13,339,418	\$ (98,168)		
Licenses and permits	218,400	218,400	236,473	18,073		
Intergovernmental	1,241,500	1,298,375	1,731,464	433,089		
Charges for services	79,600	79,600	167,209	87,609		
Fees and fines	738,100	738,100	628,545	(109,555)		
Investment earnings	22,900	22,900	28,905	6,005		
Miscellaneous	77,500	707,186	973,580	266,394		
Total revenues	15,244,416	16,502,147	17,105,594	603,447		
EXPENDITURES						
Departmental:						
General Government:						
City manager	377,802	377,802	375,645	2,157		
City attorney	93,171	132,340	209,185	(76,845)		
Human resources	335,792	373,792	373,533	259		
City clerk	265,020	265,020	239,499	25,521		
Accounting	579,491	583,058	482,889	100,169		
Municipal court	303,918	371,918	317,158	54,760		
Information services	347,845	358,845	345,389	13,456		
Engineering	379,372	379,372	366,063	13,309		
Equipment services Building maintenance	335,912 68,662	335,912	340,775	(4,863)		
Shared cost	08,002	892,750	885,469	7,281		
Total General Government	3,086,985	4,070,809	1,686 3,937,291	(1,686) 133,518		
Public Safety:	5,080,785	4,070,009	5,757,271	155,510		
Police administration	629,890	635,455	614,881	20,574		
Police operations	3,971,455	3,982,369	3,872,719	109,650		
Disptach	482,486	530,561	548,099	(17,538)		
Criminal investigations	544,098	552,098	534,588	17,510		
Animal Control	235,035	242,386	236,018	6,368		
Code Compliance	545,191	595,191	617,948	(22,757)		
Fire suppression	4,434,127	4,457,989	4,379,540	78,449		
Fire prevention	427,815	430,815	431,909	(1,094)		
Emergency Management	282,321	375,621	364,797	10,824		
Fire Training	147,909	147,909	133,478	14,431		
L.E.P.C	9,600	9,600	4,082	5,518		
Total Public Safety	11,709,927	11,959,994	11,738,059	221,935		
Street:						
Street	700,111	704,331	645,517	58,814		
Traffic control	221,099	231,099	230,307	792		
Total Street	921,210	935,430	875,824	59,606		
Culture and Recreation:	407 412	106 541	120.007	(1.150)		
Expo Operations Municipal auditorium	407,413 11,000	426,541	430,997 27,212	(4,456) 5,788		
Senior citizens	78,420	33,000 78,420	75,191	3,229		
	46,600	51,600	44,469			
Community center Cemetery	185,380	189,034	182,756	7,131 6,278		
Parks	479,078	479,757	456,476	23,281		
Total Culture and Recreation	1,207,891	1,258,352	1,217,101	41,251		
Total Expenditures	16,926,013	18,224,585	17,768,275	456,310		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(1,681,597)	(1,722,438)	(662,681)	1,059,757		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	1,839,900	1,839,900	1,869,740	29,840		
Transfers out	(74,000)	(94,598)	(74,000)	20,598		
Total other financing sources and uses	1,765,900	1,745,302	1,795,740	50,438		
Net change in fund balances	84,303	22,864	1,133,059	1,110,195		
Fund balances - beginning	519,818	519,818	4,011,671	3,491,853		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 604,121	\$ 542,682	\$ 5,144,730	\$ 4,602,048		

CITY OF SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at regular Council meetings to obtain taxpayer comments. Public hearings are held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. Subsequent to City Council enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds with revenues and/or expenditures/expenses as defined by State law are required to have annual budgets under this section of state law, except funds of public trusts or authorities. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund. The following departments exceeded appropriations:

General Fund –	
City Attorney	\$76,845
Shared cost	1,686
Dispatch	17,538
Code compliance	22,757
Fire prevention	1,094
Expo center	4,456

All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. All transfers of appropriation between departments also require the approval of the City Council. The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Shawnee Municipal Authority and Shawnee Airport Authority are required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the city as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of the budget or definition of a legal spending limit.

Budgetary Accounting

The annual operating budgets of the General Fund are prepared and presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following is a reconciliation of the difference in budget and actual:

	General			
		Fund		
Total revenue - budgetary basis	\$	18,975,334		
Total expenses - budgetary basis		(17,842,275)		
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis		1,133,059		
Add fund balance of funds combined for reporting purposes:				
Revolving Oil and Gas Fund		12,000		
Spay and Neuter Fund		855		
Library Fund		(12,441)		
Sister Cities Fund		11,113		
Change in fund balance - GAAP basis	\$	1,144,586		

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. The City considers all appropriations to lapse at year-end; any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are reappropriated in the next year's budget. As a result, encumbrances are not treated as the equivalent of expenditures in the budget and actual financial statements.

CITY OF SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN FUNDING SCHEDULES June 30, 2011

I. Schedule of Funding Progress

Accrual Valuation Date	Value of Assets Available for Benefits	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Percentage Funded	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll			
1/1/2010	\$ 24,764,099	\$ 30,823,183	\$ 6,059,084	80.34%	\$ 5,792,921	104.6%			
1/1/2009	24,092,460	30,145,970	6,053,510	79.92%	5,724,277	105.8%			
1/1/2008	24,813,645	28,447,562	3,633,917	87.23%	5,772,950	62.9%			
1/1/2007	23,176,682	25,754,610	25,754,610	90.00%	5,378,234	47.9%			
1/1/2006	21,914,001	23,744,809	23,744,809	92.30%	4,952,709	37.0%			
1/1/2005	21,548,548	22,838,766	22,838,766	94.40%	4,767,083	27.1%			
1/1/2004	19,956,987	20,893,487	20,893,487	95.50%	5,273,332	17.8%			
1/1/2003	19,398,530	18,661,318	18,661,318	104.00%	4,692,250	-15.7%			
1/1/2002	21,491,773	18,552,363	18,552,363	115.80%	4,331,334	-62.6%			
1/1/2001	2,072,137	14,717,465	14,717,465	140.80%	4,101,801	-138.6%			

II. Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Annual	
Fiscal	Required	Percentage
Year	Contribution	Contributed
2011	\$1,354,593	99.3%
2010	1,363,924	100%
2009	1,166,956	100%

III. Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plan Funding Schedules

Covered payroll is the total annualized rate of pay as of the valuation date based on actual pay for the preceding year.

Actuarial method is "Entry Age Normal".

CITY OF SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS June 30, 2011

The funded status and funding progress of the City's defined benefit OPEB plan for the most recent actuarial valuations is as follows:

	July 1, 2008	July 1, 2010
Actuarial accrued liability - AAL (a)	\$3,519,267	\$3,480,146
Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	-	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability – UAAL	3,519,267	
(funding excess) $(a) - (b)$	5,519,207	3,480,146
Funded ratio (b)/(a)	-	-
Covered payroll (c)	9,812,016	10,020,000
UAAL (funding excess) as a % of covered payroll	35.9%	34.7%
[UAAL/(c)]		

July 1, 2008, was the first actuarial valuation for the OPEB Plan. Three year trend information is not available. The City has chosen to perform actuarial evaluations bi-annually.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund June 30, 2011

	General Fund		Revolving Oil & General Fund Gas Fund		Spay and Neuter Fund Library		rary Fund	Senior Citize Fund Fund				Total General Fund			
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	554,130	\$	233,779	\$	13,208	\$	19,083	\$	21,147	\$	14,486	\$	855,833	
Investments		1,132,416		-		-		-		-		-		1,132,416	
Interest receivable		5,920		-		-		-		-		-		5,920	
Receivable from other governments		75,416		-		-		-		-		-		75,416	
Due from other funds		2,349,173		-		-		-		-		-		2,349,173	
Taxes receivable, net		1,668,892		-		-		-		-		-		1,668,892	
Court fines receivable, net		139,535		-		-		-		-		-		139,535	
Other receivables		118,559		-		-		-		-		-		118,559	
Prepaid expenses		291,531		-		-		-		-		-		291,531	
Total assets		6,335,572		233,779	_	13,208		19,083		21,147		14,486		6,637,275	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable		433,899		-		338		115		-		-		434,352	
Accrued payroll payable		434,863		-		-		-		-		-		434,863	
Due to other funds		273,383		-		-		-		-		-		273,383	
Deferred revenue	_	48,697		-		-	_	-		-		-		48,697	
Total liabilities		1,190,842		-		338		115		-		-		1,191,295	
Fund balances:															
Nonspendable		291,531		-		-		-		-		-		291,531	
Assigned		-		233,779		12,870		18,968		21,147		14,486		301,250	
Unassigned		4,853,199		-		-		-		-		-		4,853,199	
Total fund balances		5,144,730		233,779	_	12,870	_	18,968		21,147		14,486		5,445,980	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,335,572	\$	233,779	\$	13,208	\$	19,083	\$	21,147	\$	14,486	\$	6,637,275	

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund	Revolving Oil & Gas Fund	Spay and Neuter Fund	Library Fund	Senior Citizens Fund	Sister Cities Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 13,339,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,339,418
Intergovernmental	1,731,464	-	-	-	-	-	1,731,464
Licenses and permits	236,473	12,000	-	-	-	-	248,473
Charges for services	167,209	-	-	-	-	-	167,209
Fees and fines	628,545	-	4,953	-	-	-	633,498
Investment earnings	28,905	-	-	-	-	-	28,905
Miscellaneous	973,580	-	-	-	-	405	973,985
Total revenues	17,105,594	12,000	4,953			405	17,122,952
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	2,643,601	-	-	-	-	-	2,643,601
Engineering	366,063	-	-	-	-	-	366,063
Equipment and building maintenance	1,226,244	-	-	-	-	-	1,226,244
Police	5,034,358	-	-	-	-	-	5,034,358
Fire	4,955,006	-	-	-	-	-	4,955,006
Municipal court	317,158	-	-	-	-	-	317,158
Emergency management	354,718	-	-	-	-	-	354,718
Streets	875,824	-	-	-	-	-	875,824
Parks and recreation	456,476	-	-	-	-	-	456,476
Culture and recreation	146,872	-	-	-	-	-	146,872
Animal control/E911	776,029	-	4,098	-	-	-	780,127
Cemetery	182,756	-	-	-	-	-	182,756
Library		_	-	-	-	4,292	4,292
Economic development	430,997	_	-	86,441	-	-,272	517,438
Capital Outlay	2,173	_	-	-			2,173
Cupital Outlay							
Total expenditures	17,768,275		4,098	86,441		4,292	17,863,106
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(662,681)	12,000	855	(86,441)		(3,887)	(740,154)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	1,869,740	-	-	74,000	-	15,000	1,958,740
Transfers out	(74,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(74,000)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,795,740			74,000		15,000	1,884,740
Net change in fund balances	1,133,059	12,000	855	(12,441)	-	11,113	1,144,586
Fund balances - beginning	4,011,671	221,779	12,015	31,409	21,147	3,373	4,301,394
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,144,730	\$ 233,779	\$ 12,870	\$ 18,968	\$ 21,147	\$ 14,486	\$ 5,445,980

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	Street and Alley Fund	E-911 Fund	Economic Development Fund	Hotel/Motel Fund	Police Sales Tax Fund	Fire Sales Tax Fund	CDBG/Home Grants Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 323,869	\$ 102,225	\$ 54,054	\$ 434	\$ 434	\$ 345,120
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest receivable	-	-	41	-	51	109	-
Receivable from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,706
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxes receivable, net	-	-	34,458	-	43,073	43,073	-
Other receivables	23,612	12,300	-	44,712	-	-	832,132
Total assets	23,612	336,169	136,724	98,766	43,558	43,616	1,189,958
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	489	28,772	-	43,604	-	-	18,260
Due to other funds	11,457	-	-	-	-	-	154,252
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	831,772
Other payables		-	-	-	-	-	17
Total liabilities	11,946	28,772		43,604			1,004,301
Fund balances:							
Restricted	4,436	307,397	136,724	50,162	43,558	43,616	185,657
Assigned	7,230	-	-	5,000	-	-	-
Total fund balances	11,666	307,397	136,724	55,162	43,558	43,616	185,657
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 23,612	\$ 336,169	\$ 136,724	\$ 98,766	\$ 43,558	\$ 43,616	\$ 1,189,958 (continued)

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	Cemetery Care Fund		Gifts and Contribution Fund		Tax Increment Financing Fund		Drug Forfeiture Fund		Imp	94 Street rovement Fund	Capital Improvement Fund		Debt Service Fund		otal Other vernmental Funds
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	171,365	\$	73,264	\$	284,297	\$	2,000	\$	77,667	\$	280,974	\$	112,009	\$ 1,827,712
Investments		-		36,720		-		-		-		1,048,434		-	1,085,154
Interest receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	201
Receivable from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	12,706
Due from other funds		-		4,023		-		-		-		65,000		-	69,023
Taxes receivable, net		-		-		-		-		-		267,051		-	387,655
Other receivables		-		-		1,728		-		-		-		28	 914,512
Total assets		171,365		114,007		286,025		2,000		77,667		1,661,459		112,037	 4,296,963
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Other payables		- - -		- - -		- - -		1,535		-		154,665 4,023		55	245,790 171,267 831,827 17
Total liabilities		-		-		-		1,535		-		158,688		55	 1,248,901
Fund balances:															
Restricted		168,108		109,457		286,025		465		77,667		1,500,901		111,982	3,026,155
Assigned		3,257		4,550		-		-		-		1,870		-	21,907
Total fund balances		171,365		114,007		286,025		465		77,667		1,502,771		111,982	 3,048,062
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	171,365	\$	114,007	\$	286,025	\$	2,000	\$	77,667	\$	1,661,459	\$	112,037	\$ 4,296,963

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma									
Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Fund									
Year Ended June 30, 2011									

	Street and Alley Fund		ey E-911 Fund		Dev	conomic relopment Fund		tel/Motel Fund	Polic	e Sales Tax Fund	Fire	e Sales Tax Fund		BG/Home nts Funds
REVENUES														
Taxes	\$	262,637	\$ 201	,097	\$	268,583	\$	404,690	\$	335,728	\$	335,728	\$	-
Licenses and permits		1,400		-		-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-		-		711,447
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings				-		300		-		376		434		-
Miscellaneous		5,830		-				5,000						96,493
Total revenues		269,867	201	,097		268,883		409,690		336,104		336,162		807,940
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
Streets		278,453		-		-		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		8,000		-		-		-		
Animal Control/E911		-	90	5,499		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		226,400		410,516		-		-		770,471
Capital Outlay		-	29	9,282		-		-		-		-		548
Total Expenditures		278,453	125	5,781		234,400		410,516		-		-		771,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over														
expenditures		(8,586)	75	5,316		34,483		(826)		336,104		336,162		36,921
-							-							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers out		-		-		(15,000)		-		(334,870)		(334,870)		
Total other financing sources and uses				-		(15,000)		-		(334,870)		(334,870)		
Net change in fund balances		(8,586)	75	5,316		19,483		(826)		1,234		1,292		36,921
Fund balances - beginning		20,252	233	2,081		117,241		55,988		42,324		42,324		148,736
r and balances - beginning		20,232	232	.,001		11/,241		55,700		42,324		72,327		140,750
Fund balances - ending	\$	11,666	\$ 307	,397	\$	136,724	\$	55,162	\$	43,558	\$	43,616	\$	185,657
													(co	ntinued)

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma								
Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Fund								
Year Ended June 30, 2011								

	Cemeter Fu		Gifts and Contribution Fund		tion Tax Increment		Drug Forfeiture Fund		1994 Street Improvement Fund			Capital provement Fund	Debt Service Fund		Total Other Governmental Funds	
REVENUES													-			
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,363	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,081,515	\$	521	\$	3,900,862
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,400
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		711,447
Charges for services		1,075		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,075
Investment earnings		-		4,550		-		-		-		13,800		1		19,461
Miscellaneous		3,257		3,175		-		-		-		1,870		24,495		140,120
Total revenues		4,332		7,725		10,363		-		-		2,097,185		25,017		4,774,365
EXPENDITURES																
Current:												-				
Streets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		278,453
Parks and recreation		-		8,777		-		-		-		-		-		16,777
Animal Control/E911		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		96,499
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,407,387
Capital Outlay		6,658		-		-		-		-		1,373,702		-		1,410,190
Total Expenditures		6,658		8,777		-		-		-		1,373,702		-		3,209,306
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,326)		(1,052)		10,363						723,483		25,017		1,565,059
expenditures		(2,320)		(1,052)		10,505						123,465		25,017		1,303,039
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		(657,649)		-	_	(1,342,389)
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-		-		-		-		(657,649)		-		(1,342,389)
Net change in fund balances		(2,326)		(1,052)		10,363		-		-		65,834		25,017		222,670
Fund balances - beginning	1	73,691		115,059		275,662		465		77,667		1,436,937		86,965		2,825,392
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1	71,365	\$	114,007	\$	286,025	\$	465	\$	77,667	\$	1,502,771	\$	111,982	\$	3,048,062



Federal Awards Programs In Accordance With Circular A-133 June 30, 2011 **City of Shawnee, Oklahoma**

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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing</i> <i>Standards</i>	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Summary of Prior Year Findings	



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the City Commission City of Shawnee Shawnee, Oklahoma:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Shawnee's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2011. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Shawnee Civic & Cultural Development Authority, as described in our report on the City of Shawnee's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Shawnee's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Shawnee's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Shawnee's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 11-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant*

deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Shawnee's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of Shawnee, Oklahoma's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City of Shawnee's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Commission, management, others within the City of Shawnee, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ede Bailly LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 28, 2011



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the City Commission City of Shawnee Shawnee, Oklahoma:

Compliance

We have audited the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Shawnee's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 11-04.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item 11-02, 11-03, and 11-04. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2011, which contained unqualified opinions on those financial statements and also includes a reference to other auditors. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Commission, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ende Sailly LLP

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma December 28, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development:			
Direct Program:			
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) : Entitlement	14.218	N/A	\$ 430.498
Community Development Block Grant :	14.210	IN/A	\$ 430,498
Entitlement - ARRA	14.253	B-098-MY-40-0007	39,257
Total CDBG- Entitlement Cluster			469,755
Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Commerce:			
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228	13571 NSP 08	241,235
Total U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development			710,990
U.S. Dept. of Justice:			
Passed through the Oklahoma Office of Juvenile Affairs: Truancy and Reduce Tardiness	16.540	07-T5-01	77,000
Direct Programs			
Community Policing Grant - ARRA	16.710	2010-OUMWX-0257	60,608
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Grant	16.738	2010-DJ-BX-1179	27,563
Total U.S. Dept. of Justice			165,171
U.S. Dept. of Transportation:			
Direct Program Airport Development	20.106	3-40-0088-010-2009	340,317
Airport Development	20.100	3-40-0088-010-2010	1,744,513
	201100	2 10 0000 010 2010	2,084,830
Passed through Oklahoma Department of Civil Emergency Management:			
Training and Planning Grants HMEPC (LEPC)	20.703	HMEP 09	-
Training and Planning Grants HMEPC (LEPC)	20.703	HMEP 10	4,000 4,000
Passed through the Oklahoma Highway Safety Office:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	AL-10-03-01-04	7,826
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	A:-09-03-02-03	19,225
			27,051
Total U.S. Dept. of Transportation			2,115,881

City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Passed through the Oklahoma Water Resources Board:			
Capitalization Grant for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan	66.468	ORF-09-0037-DW	2,820,276
Capitalization Grant for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan	66.468	ORF-10-0004-DW	222,750
Total Environmental Protection Agency			3,043,026
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through Oklahoma Office of Homeland Security			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.053	130.017	4,367
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.053	115.005	4,236
			8,603
Passed through Oklahoma Office of Homeland Security			
Urban Area Security Initiative	97.008	150.012	40,800
Passed through Oklahoma Emergency Management			
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2010	11,209
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2010 - sub	5,000
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2011	33,625
Passed through Oklahoma Emergency Management Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 1971-DR	47,008
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 1971-DK FEMA 1917	2,086
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 1917 PW 151	16,998
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 1917 PW 151	17,874
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 1917 PW 225	9,113
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 1917 PW 238	211
	91.000	12001171717200	93,290
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			192,527
Total Federal Awards			\$ 6,227,595

Note 1 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of federal award programs of the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Expenditures

Expenditures represent the current year federal grant/contract portion only.

Note 3 - Noncash Awards

The City expended no form of noncash assistance during the year which are required by OMB Circular A-133 to be included in the Schedule.

Note 4 - Loans

The City did have two loans under the Environmental Protection Agency identified as Capitalization Grant for Drinking Water Revolving Loan CFDA #66.468. Approximately \$223,000 was recognized as debt forgiveness for the year ended June 30, 2011. As of June 30, 2011, approximately \$6.5 million was outstanding on this loan.

Note 5 - Subrecipients

The City did not provide federal awards to subrecipients.

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not	110
considered to be material weaknesses	Yes
considered to be material weaknesses	105
Noncompliance material to financial statements	None noted
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses	Yes
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
reported in accordance with Circular A-133,	
Section .510(1)	Yes
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA number
Airport Development Grant	20.106
Capitalization Grant for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan	66.468
Community Development Block Grant Cluster	
Entitlement Program	14.218
Entitlement Program-ARRA	14.253
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	
between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk audited	No

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statements

11-01 Capital Asset Transfers

Criteria:	Transfers between the City's funds should be appropriately recorded in both capital asset records.
Condition:	The City does not have a strong control in place to ensure that construction costs are properly recorded in the property City entity/fund.
Cause:	The City recorded an amount related to the Shawnee Airport Authority as a construction capital asset addition on governmental activities (within the Street Improvement Fund) rather than on the Shawnee Airport Authority records, thereby understating capital assets on the business-type activities and overstating the capital assets on the governmental activities as of June 30, 2011.
Effect:	The City's current year capital assets were misstated by approximately \$65,000.
Recommendation:	The City should have controls in place to ensure that capital assets are entered into the fixed asset system for the proper City entity/fund for proper asset tracking.
Benefit:	By better tracking capital asset additions and transfers, the City's capital asset records will better reflect the life and classification of the property. By implementing stronger controls over the entry of a capital asset into the system, less reconciling will be necessary in future years.
Management's	
Response:	During fiscal year 2011 the finance department has been making great strides in rectifying the previous year's fixed assets issues. It has improved but we agree there are still a few issues that need to be cleared up. The issues of the transfers will be monitored closely.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs for Major Federal Awards

11-02 Lack of Program Income Control Community Development Block Grant- Entitlement Program CFDA #14.218

Criteria:	According to Code of Federal Regulations Title 24 Section 85.25 (a) Program income can be generated by grants to defray program costs. Title 24 Section 85.25(g)(2) program income shall be used for the purposes and under the conditions of the grant agreement. With the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) the program income is reported on the monthly drawdown reports submitted and applied toward the expenditures to reduce the amount actual expenditures claimed against the entitlement grant, therefore reinvesting the program income in the program.
Condition:	During testing of program income it was determined that controls were lacking to ensure that program income being reported on the drawdown report was in agreement with the CDBG's actual receipt of program income.
Questioned Cost:	None
Cause:	Lack of controls to ensure the program income that has been received is in agreement with the drawdown request submitted to receive the federal reimbursement of expenses.
Effect:	The risk of over or under applying the program income to federal expenditures therefore which would lead to the over statement or understatement of federal expenditures.
Recommendation:	We recommend full reconciliation of program income and review of reconciliation to ensure amounts reported on the drawdown request are in agreement with CDBG records.
Management's	
Response:	We are in the process of reconciling all CDBG grants with the GL and monitoring program more closely. We have recently put in additional steps to ensure that everything is accounted for. This will allow us to investigate any discrepancies that show up and will allow us to handle them in a timely manner.

11-03 Lack of Control to Track Federal Funds Capitalization Grant for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan CFDA #66.468

Criteria:	The A-102 Common Rule requires that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards (i.e., auditee management) establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements the objectives of internal control, and certain characteristics of internal control that, when present and operating effectively, may ensure compliance with program requirements. Circular A-133 defines internal control over federal programs as follows: Internal control pertaining to the compliance requirements for federal programs (internal control over federal programs) means a process – affected by an entity's management and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance for the achievement of the following objectives for federal programs:	
	 Transactions are properly recorded and accounted for to: Permit the preparation of reliable financial statements and Federal reports; Maintain accountability over assets; and Demonstrate compliance with laws, regulations, and other compliance 	
	 requirements; (2) Transactions are executed in compliance with: (i) Laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on a Federal program; and (ii) Any other laws and regulations that are identified in the compliance supplements; and 	
	 (3) Funds, property, and other assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. 	
Condition:	During testing of revolving loan draw requests we found that the City was unable to fully support which invoices corresponded to draw requests.	
Questioned Cost:	None	
Cause:	Lack of internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements which provide reasonable assurance for the achievement of federal program objectives.	
Effect:	Without adequate support, cost submitted for draws on loans may not be reliable and demonstrating that the costs comply with laws, regulations, and other compliance requirements is difficult.	
Recommendation:	We recommend the City implement a control process where program costs are tracked by revolving loan draw and a review of cost submission is performed and documented on contractor invoices.	
Management's Response:	This is an infrequent type of program for the City and the finance department will implement controls to accomplish more accountability.	

11-04 Lack of Preparation of Report SF 425 Airport Development Grant CFDA #20.106

Criteria:	According to a letter to the City from the Southwest Region – Airports Division of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), the City is required to submit the following reports until the grant is completed and closed:
	• A signed/dated SF 425 for the preceding quarter's financial activity on a quarterly basis, i.e. no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15.
	• Construction Progress Reports (FAA Form 5370-1) are due every two weeks while on-site construction is in progress
	• A signed/dated "Statement and Distribution of Project Costs" on a quarterly basis, i.e. no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15.
Condition:	During testing of reporting it was determined that the SF 425 reports were not being completed as required by the FAA.
Questioned Cost:	None
Cause:	Lack of controls to ensure the City was aware of the requirement to file such reports.
Effect:	Not all required reports were filed with the granting agency.
Recommendation:	We recommend that management confirm all required reports with the granting agency or obtain report waivers in writing from appropriate personnel with the granting agencies prior to start of those federal programs to ensure proper compliance with those requirements.
Management's Response:	The finance department was not aware of the reporting requirement. Now that it has been brought to our attention we will be completing the forms from here on out.

10-6 Reporting

Program:	Community Development Block Grant- Entitlement Program CFDA #14.218
Finding:	Noncompliance
Questioned Cost:	None
Condition/Context:	During testing of program income it was determined that controls were lacking to ensure that program income being reported on the drawdown report was in agreement with the CDBG's actual receipt of program income.
Recommendation:	Reconciliation of Program income and review of reconciliation to ensure amounts reported on the drawdown request are in agreement with CDBG records.
Current Status:	Similar finding in 11-03 above.