ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

> AUDITED BY KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

Board of Education

President Vice-President Clerk Loy Sperry Billy Cagle Dalton Jones

Superintendent of Schools

Larry Larmon

School District Treasurer

Connie Newby

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2012

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KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Board of Education Spavinaw School District No. C-21 Spavinaw, Mayes County, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Spavinaw School District No. C-21, Mayes County, Oklahoma (District), as listed in the table of contents, as combined financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

As discussed in Note 1 (C), these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effect on the financial statements resulting from the use of this regulatory basis of accounting and presentation as compared to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and presentation as compared to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America cannot be reasonable determined, but is considered material.

In my opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Spavinaw School District No. C-21, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of America, the financial position of Mayes, County Oklahoma as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

However, in my opinion, except for the effects of the omission of the general fixed asset account group, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of Spavinaw School District No. C-21, Mayes County, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2012, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. The Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities of the Fiduciary Funds—Regulatory Basis and other schedules listed as Supplemental Information in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements of the District. The Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities of the Fiduciary Funds—Regulatory Basis and other schedules listed as Supplemental Information in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements of the District. The Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities of the Fiduciary Funds—Regulatory Basis and other schedules listed as Supplemental Information in the Table of Contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 29, 2013 on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

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Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. March 29, 2013

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

		 Governmen	tal Fu	nd Types	Fi	duciary Fund Types		Total (Memorandum Only)
		General		Special Revenue		Trust and Agency		June 30, 2012
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service fund Amounts to be provided for retirement		\$ 357,700.11 - -	\$	20,038.84 - -	\$	1,883.33 - -	\$	379,622.28 _ _ _
of general long-term debt Total assets	•	\$ - 357,700.11	*	- 20,038.84	\$		- \$	379,622.28
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	• •							•
Liabilities: Outstanding warrants Encumbrances Due to others		\$ 80,955.88 - -	\$	1,576.54 750.24 	\$	- - 	\$	82,532.42 750.24
Total liabilities		\$ 80,955.88	\$_	2,326.78	\$		\$_	83,282.66
Fund Balances Designated for capital projects Designated for debt service Cash fund balances	· ·	\$ 276,744.23	\$	17,712.06	\$	- - 1,883.33	\$	296,339.62
Total fund balances		\$ 276,744.23	\$	17,712.06	\$_	1,883.33	\$_	296,339.62
Total liabilities and fund balances		\$ 357,700.11	\$_	20,038.84	\$	1,883.33	\$_	379,622.28

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Total

		Government	al Fı	und Types		(Memorandum Only)
		General		Special Revenue		June 30, 2012
Revenues collected: Local sources	\$	182,761.75	\$	23,313.62	\$	206,075.37
Intermediate sources		18,277.15		-		18,277.15
State sources		518,133.42		-		518,133.42
Federal sources		236,352.73		-		236,352.73
Total revenues collected	\$	955,525.05	\$	23,313.62	\$_	978,838.67
Expenditures paid:			•		¢	473,216.95
Instruction	\$	473,216.95	\$	25,476.23	\$	294,971.40
Support services		269,495.17		25,470.25		65,702.45
Non-instructional services		65,702.45				-
Capital outlay		-				
Other outlays		-				-
Other uses		-		-		-
Repayments		808,414.57	s	25,476.23	\$	833,890.80
Total expenditures paid	Ψ_	000,414.01	*-		·	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to						
prior year encumbrances	\$_	147,110.48	\$_	(2,162.61)	\$_	144,947.87
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$_	28.00	\$_		\$_	28.00
Other financing sources (uses):			•		•	
Bond sale proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating transfers in/(out)		-		-		-
Bank charges	-	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	-	. *_		\$_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue collected over (under) expenditures paid and other			•	(0.400.04)	¢	144,975.87
financing sources (uses)	\$_	147,138.48	- \$_	(2,162.61)	· Ψ.	
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$_	129,605.75	_ \$_	19,874.67	. \$.	149,480.42
Fund balances, end of year	\$_	276,744.23	- \$_	17,712.06	• ^{\$}	294,456.29
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BLANACES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		General Fund					Special Revenue Fund								
		Driginal Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual			
Revenues collected:									•	04 4 47 07	\$	23,313.62			
Local sources	\$	149,556.33	\$	149,556.33	\$	182,761.75	\$	21,147.07	\$	21,147.07	φ	20,0 10.02			
Intermediate sources		15,460.50		15,460.50		18,277.15		-		-		_			
State sources		527,882.69	•	527,882.69		518,133.42		-		-		_			
Federal sources		136,987.56	_	136,987.56		236,352.73									
Total revenues collected	\$_	829,887.08	\$_	829,887.08	\$	955,525.05	\$	21,147.07	\$	21,147.07	\$	23,313.62			
Expenditures paid:									\$		ę	25,476.23			
Instruction	\$	624,295.21	\$	624,295.21	\$	473,216.95	\$	-	Þ	- 41,021.74	Ψ	20,470.20			
Support services		269,495.17	•	269,495.17		269,495.17		41,021.74		41,021.74		-			
Non-instructional services		65,702.45		65,702.45		65,702.45		-		-		_			
Capital outlay				-		-		-		-		_			
Other outlays		-		-		-		-				-			
Other Uses		-		-		-		-		_		-			
Repayment	_	<u>-</u>	-			<u> </u>			-			25 476 22			
Total expenditures paid	\$_	959,492.83	\$_	959,492.83	\$	808,414.57	. \$	41,021.74	\$_	41,021.74	\$	25.476.23			
Excess of revenues collected over (under)															
expenses paid before adjustments to prior	•	(129,605.75)	¢	(129,605.75)	¢	147,110.48	\$	(19,874.67)	\$	(19,874.67)	\$	(2,162.61)			
year encumbrances	\$_	(129,605.75)	φ-	(129,003.73)	*		•	<u></u>			<u> </u>				
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$_		\$_	-	\$	28.00	\$		\$_		*_				
Other financing sources (uses):									•		\$	_			
Operating transfers in/out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	φ	-			
Bank Charges	_	<u> </u>	-	-	_	-			-		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$_	-	\$_				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue collected over expenditures paid and other			• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_										
financing sources (uses)	• \$	(129,605.75)	\$	(129,605.75)	\$	147,138.48	\$	(19,874.67)	\$_	(19,874.67)	\$_	(2,162.61)			
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	129,605.75	 \$	129,605.75	\$	129,605.75	\$	19,874.67	\$_	19,874.67	\$_	19,874.67			
						276 744 23	a	-	\$	-	\$	17,712.06			
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	-	, ^{\$} ,	-	*=	276,744.23			¥ =		`=				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Spavinaw School District No. C-21 (the "District") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and, accordingly, is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. These statements present only the activities of the District.

B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is an independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The account groups are financial reporting devices designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded directly in the funds.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." The District has the following fund types and account groups:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including property taxes, entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received, rather than earned. Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved, rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Unmatured interest for debt service is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

with expendable, available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and federal and state funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools, except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs. The District's cafeteria operations are reported as part of the general fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The special revenue funds are used for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for technology center property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for center facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a trust agreement, trust funds are used for their accounting and reporting. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund, which is used to account for monies, collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing, and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets.

<u>General Fixed Asset Account Group</u> – This account group is used to account for property, plant, and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its combined financial statements.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure when the obligation is paid.
- Fixed Assets Account Group is not required by the State Department of Education's regulatory basis of accounting.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Prior to July 1 each year, the governing board of the school district prepares a verified application showing the needs of the school district and submits the application to the County Excise Board, who makes temporary appropriations for lawful current expenses of the school district. The temporary appropriations are merged with the annual appropriations when the annual budget for the school district is finally approved.

Prior to October 1 each year, the school Board of Education must make a financial statement, showing the true fiscal condition of the school as of the close of the previous fiscal year ended June 30, along with an itemized statement of estimated needs and probable income from all sources for the fiscal year.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the general fund and special revenue fund(s) of the school district.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Under Oklahoma Law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Memorandum Only – Total Column

The total column on the general purpose financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made on the aggregation of this data.

Cash – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes govern the District's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased, rather than when consumed.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. There are no amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive such pay benefits. Vested accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits have been reported in the general long-term debt account group since none of the vested sick leave is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources.

<u>Fixed Assets</u> – The District has not maintained a record of its general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Asset Account Group is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Cash Fund Balance – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, and outstanding warrants.

F. <u>Revenues, Expenses and Expenditures</u>

Local Revenues – Revenue from local sources is revenue produced within the school district, which includes ad valorem taxes. It is available for current educational expenses and for other purposes authorized by the school board.

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The county assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of the tax is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following Oct. 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Intermediate Revenues – Revenue from intermediate sources is revenue from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit or political sub-division, such as a county or municipality, and redistributed to the school district.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenue from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided. These rules also require that the money not expended, as of the close of the fiscal year, be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Revenue from Federal sources is money originating from the Federal government and made available to the school district either as direct grants or under various programs passed-through the State Department of Education.

The Federal government also makes payments to school districts whose revenues are adversely affected by the presence of Federal activities. Although these payments are made in consideration of lost property tax revenue, the Oklahoma State Department of Education advocates classifying such amounts as revenue from Federal sources.

Instruction Expenditures – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Examples of expenditures that might be included here are the activities of teacher assistant of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators, and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objective of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entitles within them.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures – Activities concerned with providing noninstructional services to students, staff, and the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayments, non-qualified expenditures, and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

Interfund Transactions – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgetary Information

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board, becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown included in supporting schedules.

2. Deposit Categories of Credit Risk

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Government to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government is pledged.
- 2. Obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.
- 3. Certificates of deposits of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral as in the deposit of other public monies.
- 4. Savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.
- 5. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section including obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and where collateral has been deposited with a trustee of custodian bank in an irrevocable trust or escrow account established for such purposes.
- 6. County, municipal or school district direct debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied or bond and revenue anticipation notes, money judgments against such county, municipality or school district ordered by a court of record or bonds or bond and revenue anticipation notes issued by a public trust for which such county, municipality or school district is a beneficiary thereof. All collateral pledged to secure public funds shall be valued at no more than market value.
- 7. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and investments in those items listed above.
- 8. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 9. Qualified pooled investment programs, the investments of which consist of those items specified above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities, regardless of the size of the district's budget. To be qualified, a pooled investment program for school funds must be governed through an Interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to Title 70 Section 5-117b, and the program must competitively select its investment advisors and other professionals. Any pooled investment program must be approved by the Board of Education.

The District's investment policy instructs the treasurer to minimize risks by diversifying the investment portfolio; structuring investments so that securities mature in time to meet cash requirements; and by investing the full amount of all accounts of the District.

Deposit Categories of Credit Risk (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk:

Deposits and Investments - The District's demand deposits are required by law to be collateralized by the amount that is not federally insured.

Securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party or Federal Reserve Bank. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depositing institution, but are pledged to the District. The security cannot be released, substituted, or sold without the School Treasurer's approval and release of the security.

Certificates of deposit are collateralized at least by the amount not federally insured. As of June 30, 2012, the District had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

The District's investments consist of direct obligations of the U.S. government and agencies' securities.

Interest Rate Risk:

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. However, the District has no formal written policy addressing interest rate risk.

Credit Risk:

The District has no formal written policy addressing credit risk.

At June 30, 2012, the District has no investments that are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

3. General Long-Term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters.

At June 30, 2012, the Spavinaw School District had not incurred any long-term debt under these provisions.

4. Lease Commitments

The District had no lease commitments in effect at June 30, 2012.

5. Employee Retirement System

Description of Plan

The System is a qualified governmental defined benefit retirement plan. For GASB purposes it is a costsharing multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System. The supervising authority for the management and operation of the System is a 13-member Board of Trustees, which acts as a fiduciary for investment of the funds and the application of plan interpretations. The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits and other benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Oklahoma State Statutes establish benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73152.

Employee Retirement System (continued)

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements have also been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade dates. Member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee **5**services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The nonfunded pension benefit obligation of the System, as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2012, is as follows:

	Dolla	ars in Millions
Actuarial Accrued Liability Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	18,588 10.190
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	8,398

Funding Policy

A participant with five years of creditable service may retire with a normal retirement allowance at the age of sixty-two (62) or with reduced benefits as early as age fifty-five (55). The normal retirement allowance paid monthly for life and then to beneficiaries, if certain options are exercised, equals two percent of the average of the highest three earning years of contributory service multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Retiring members may count up to 120 days of unused accumulated sick leave toward an additional year of service credit. A participant leaving employment before attaining retirement age, but completing ten years of service, may elect to vest his accumulated contributions and defer receipt of a retirement annuity until a later date. When a participant dies in active service and has completed ten years of credited service, the beneficiary is entitled to a death benefit of \$18,000.00 and the participant's contributions plus interest. If the beneficiary is a surviving spouse, the surviving spouse may, in lieu of the death benefit, elect to receive, subject to the surviving spousal options, the participant's retirement benefits accrued at the time of death. The contribution rates for the Districts, which are not actuarially determined, and its employees are established by statute and applied to the employee's earnings, plus employer-paid The employers' contribution rate is 9.5%. Employees contribute 7.0% of covered fringe benefits. compensation.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contribution for 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$42,870.86, \$81,610.30 and \$99,336.64, respectively. In fiscal year 2012 the school discontinued paying the employee's portion of teacher retirement contributions. The District's total payroll for fiscal year 2011-12 amounted to \$474,292.41.

6. Litigation

The District is contingently liable for lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. The settlement of such contingencies under the budgetary process would require appropriation of revenues yet to be realized, and would not materially affect the financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

7. <u>Risk Management</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

8. Surety Bonds

The District has a Public School System Faithful Performance Blanket Position Bond with Western Surety. The bond number is 0601 18209066, it covers all the employees including the Activity Fund Custodian, Encumbrance Clerk, Minutes Clerk, Lunch fund Custodian, Secretary/Receptionists, and (3) board members for the penal sum of \$7,000.00 for the term of July 1, 2011, to June 30, 2012.

The treasurer is bonded by Western Surety, bond number 70842110, for the penal sum of \$100,000.00 for the term of July 1, 2011, to June 30, 2012.

The superintendent is bonded by Western Surety, bond number 71135277, for the penal sum of \$100,000.00 for the term of July 1, 2011, to June 30, 2012.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

	Building Fund
ASSETS: Cash	\$ 20,038.84
Investments	
Total assets	\$20,038.84
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:	
Liabilities:	
Outstanding warrants	\$ 1,576.54 750.24
Encumbrances	130.24
Total liabilities	\$ 2,326.78
Fund balance:	
Cash fund balance	\$ 17,712.06
Total fund balance	\$17,712.06
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$20,038.84

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Building Fund
Revenues collected: Local sources Intermediate sources State sources Federal sources	\$	23,313.62 - - - -
Total revenue collected	\$	23,313.62
Expenditures paid: Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Capital outlay Other outlays Other uses Repayments	\$	25,476.23 - - - - - -
Total expenditures paid	\$	25,476.23
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$	(2,162.61)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$	
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in/(out) Bank charges	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$	(2,162.61)
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	19,874.67
Fund balances, end of year	\$ _	17,712.06

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency Fund
	Activity Fund
ASSETS:	\$ 1,883.33
Cash Investments	
Total assets	\$1,883.33_
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:	
Liabilities:	
Outstanding warrants	\$ -
Encumbrances	_
Total liabilities	\$
Fund balances:	\$ 1,883.33
Cash fund balances	\$ <u>1,883.33</u> \$1,883.33
Total fund balances	\$
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$1,883.33_

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - REGULATORY BASIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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	THE TEAK ENDED CONE CO, 201	BUILDING FUND								
		Driginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)					
Revenues collected:		04 4 47 07 <i>(</i>	04 4 47 07 \$	23,313.62	2,166.55					
Local sources	\$	21,147.07 \$	21,147.07 \$	23,313.02	- 2,100.00					
Intermediate sources		-	-	-	-					
State sources		-	-	_	-					
Federal sources	-									
Total revenues collected	\$_	21,147.07 \$	\$	23,313.62 \$	2,166.55					
xpenditures paid:		_	•	e	-					
Instruction	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$ 25,476.23	, - 15,545.51					
Support services		41,021.74	41,021.74	20,476.23	10,040.01					
Non-instructional services		-	-	-	_					
Capital outlay		-	· •	-	-					
Other Outlays		-	-	-	-					
Other Uses		-		-	-					
Repayment	-				45 545 54					
Total expenditures	\$_	41,021.74 \$	41,021.74 \$	25,476.23	5 15,545.51					
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenses paid before adjustments to										
prior year encumbrances	\$	(19,874.67) \$	(19,874.67) \$	(2,162.61)	17,712.06					
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	\$	- \$	\$_		<u> </u>					
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers in/out	\$	- \$	- \$	- :	\$ -					
Bank charges	-		<u> </u>	-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	. \$	- \$	- \$	- :	\$					
Excess (definiency) of revenue collected over (under) expenditures paid and other	• -									
financing sources (uses)	\$ _	(19,874.67) \$	(19,874.67) \$	(2,162.61)	\$ 17,712.06					
und balances, beginning of year	\$	19,874.67_\$	19,874.67 \$	19,874.67	\$					
· • - ·	- •		- \$	17,712.06	\$ 17,712.06					
Fund balance, end of year	· • • •	- +	-							

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SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The VII, Impact Aid Operations 44.041 SOUTE 2012 (2023) \$ 25,765.7 \$ 25,776.57 \$ 6,890.00 \$ 6,800.00<	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA #	Grantor's Number			Balance at July 1, 2011		Receipts	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2012
2112/2022/2023/001 \$ 27.76.7 \$ 17.27.17 \$ 34.88.8.4 \$ But Rund Schools Addewater Program 43.554 \$ 3584.11399 \$ <td< td=""><td>U.S. Department of Education</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	U.S. Department of Education									
Test (II. Imped: Ad Containing # 4.436A BeH #1260120203 \$ 2.7.15.7 \$ 2.2.7.25.7 \$	Direct Programs:									
The Vill, Injunct Add Operations 44.41 644820 14203 Band Rund Schools Addressmer Proposed 63.503.11363 2.577557 2.2471117 4.148202.5 Base-Through Back Department of Education 213.0211 5.011 4.14820 5.011 Base-Through Back Department of Education 213.0211 6.010 1.0223 5 Base-Through Back Department of Education 213.0211 4.1410 NA 6.000 6.023.02 Base-Through Back Department of Education Trough Technology 4.131.1 NA 9.000 6.023.02 5 Base-Through Back Department of Education Trough Technology 4.131.1 NA NA 6.000.00 6.000.00 Base-Through Back Through Status 4.101 NA 6.000.00 6.000.00 6.000.00 6.000.00 Base-Through Back Through Status 4.100 NA 6.000.00 6.000.00 6.000.00 6.000.00 Base-Through Back Through Back Through Status 4.101 NA 7.100.00 7.100.00 7.100.00 Base-Through Back Through Back Through Status 4.101 NA 7.100.00 7.100.00 7.100.00 Base-Through Back Department 4.101 NA 7.100.00 7.100.00 7.100.00 Base-Through Back Department 4.101	2011-2012 Programs					\$ 25,776,57	\$	17,821.17 \$	34,988.84 \$	8,608.90
Source of Education Table Location Through Technology Source of Education Table Location Through Technology Source of Education Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Source of Education Table Location Through Technology Source of Education Colspan="2">Colspan="2" Colspan="2"						-	•	6,890.00	6,873.85	16.15
*	Small Rural Schools Achievement Program	84.358A	S358A113368			25 776 57		24 711 17 \$	41.862,69 \$	8,625.05
2012 Discretion S (7,87,22) 5 5 This Levels 40.010 MA (693,30) 553,23 5 ARRA DLGA B Normaly 64.318.X MA (693,30) 553,23 5 ARRA DLGA B Normaly 64.318.X MA (693,30) 553,23 5 BLAB Torm Trough 64.410 MA (5,503,75) 5 5 5 BLAB Torm Trough 64.307 MA (5,503,75) 5.503,75	Sub-Total					\$23,110.51_	· * —			
The laster 64.010 NA \$ 1,625,20	Passed-Through State Department of Education									
This I, Basic 64,010 NA (169.26) 152.28 This II, Basic (169.26) 152.28 (169.26) 152.28 ARRA LEX-R Flow Through 64.310X NA (66.850) 59.90.75 Education Activity 64.310X NA (66.26) 59.90.75 Education Activity 64.310X NA (6.30.75) 5.90.175 Education Activity 64.307 NA (14.470.76) 14.470.76 Education Activity 64.307 NA (14.640.71) 19.50.98 Education Activity 64.007 NA (14.640.71) 19.50.99 This I, Bart J, Part J, Education Through Technology 64.307 NA (14.640.13) Education Activity 64.307 NA (14.646.13) (14.646.13) Statis 74.110 74.110 74.110	2010-2011 Programs					\$ (7.697.92)	\$	7,697.92 \$	\$	-
Interface How Trivingh Market Generalization								159.28	-	-
Presidency is in the princip 4440 NA B00.99 5.00.70 DDA 56 Princip 64.027 NA (1,407.05) 1.1/07.12	Title II, Part D, Education Through Technology					• •		569.90	-	-
Eucodor numerophine video 40.07 NA (9,833.70) 3,90.75	ARRA IDEA-B Flow Through					• •		-	690.89	-
Title II, Part A Training & Recruiting Fund 84.357 N/A (14/07/09) (201022) (15/00200) (15/00200) (15/00200) (15/00200) (15/00200) (15/00200) (15/00200) (15/00200)	Education Jobs					(5,903.75)		5,903.75	-	-
Nation Analysis Sub-Total \$ 20.00151 \$ 600.66 \$ 20112022 Constants \$ 0.3791.66 \$ 63.791.66 \$ 63.791.66 \$ 2012 Constants \$ \$ 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 1101 (Ball) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 2.11202 Constants 2.1140.00 2.1410.00 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(14,470.76)</td> <td></td> <td>14,470.76</td> <td><u> </u></td> <td><u> </u></td>						(14,470.76)		14,470.76	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Sub-Total Sub-Total <t< td=""><td>Title II, Part A Training & Recruiting Fund</td><td>84.367</td><td>N/A</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>. –</td><td>28 801 61 \$</td><td>690.89 \$</td><td>-</td></t<>	Title II, Part A Training & Recruiting Fund	84.367	N/A				. –	28 801 61 \$	690.89 \$	-
2011202/2007mm3 s	Sub-Total					\$ (20,110.72)	*	20,001.01		
The L Basic 64.010 NA 21,410.00 21,410.00 21,410.00 21,410.00 IDEA Flow Through 64.027 NA 13509.69 19550.59 19					•	•	¢	63 791 66 \$	63,791.66 \$	-
IDEA B Flow Through 64.027 N/A 19,550.99 19,550.99 TBL IL, Part A Training & Reuting Fund 64.357 N/A 34,746.16 356,72 TBL IL, Part A Training & Reuting Fund 64.317 N/A 345,22 965,32 </td <td></td> <td>84.010</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>		84.010	N/A			*	•			-
Tite II, Part A Tahing & Recruiting Fund 64.387 N/A 36.971.12 Tite II, Part A Tahing & Recruiting Fund 64.387 N/A 95.322 95.322 Sub-Total \$ 140.464.13 \$ 142.699.09 \$ Sub-Total \$ 140.464.13 \$ 142.699.09 \$ Sub-Total \$		84.027	N/A			_				-
Tile II, part D, Education Through Technology 64.318X NA Preschol 5 - \$ 140.464.13 \$ 142.689.09 \$ Sub-Total 5 - \$ 140.464.13 \$ 142.689.09 \$ U.S. Denatment of Aarisulture - \$ 5 - \$ 140.464.13 \$ 142.689.09 \$ V.S. Denatment of Commodites): NA \$ - \$ 3.465.70 \$. 142.689.09 \$		84.367	N/A						36,971.12	(2,224.96)
Name \$						-			965.32	<u> </u>
Sub-Total Sub-Total U. S. Denatiment of Autistaliture Passed-Through State Department of Education: Child Murition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodilies): National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A \$	Preschool	84.173	N/A			s	s —	140,464.13	142,689.09 \$	(2,224.96)
National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A Second Basistance Second	Passed-Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:						s	3.465.78	3,465.78	; <u> </u>
Non-Cash Assistance Sub-Total *		10.555	N/A			»				
School Breakfast Program 10.553 N/A National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 N/A Sub- Total \$ - \$ 544.36 - Sub- Total \$ - \$ 40,535.76 \$ - Sub- Total \$ - \$ 40,01.54 \$ 3,465.78 \$ Other Federal Assistance P 2010-2011 Programs \$ - \$ 1,646.07 \$ - \$ 2010-2011 Programs \$ - > - > -<	Non-Cash Assistance Sub-Total					\$	· * _	3,465.78	3,465.78	·
School Breakfast Program 10.553 N/A National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 N/A Sub- Total \$ - \$ 544.36 - Sub- Total \$ - \$ 40,535.76 \$ - Sub- Total \$ - \$ 40,01.54 \$ 3,465.78 \$ Other Federal Assistance P 2010-2011 Programs \$ - \$ 1,646.07 \$ - \$ 2010-2011 Programs \$ - > - > -<	Cash Assistance:							42 766 16		13,766.16
National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 N/A Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 N/A Sub- Total \$ - - \$ - > - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ </td <td></td> <td>10.553</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$-</td> <td>Ð</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>26,225.24</td>		10.553	N/A			\$-	Ð			26,225.24
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 N/A \$		10.555	N/A			•			-	544.36
Cash Assistance Sub- Total \$		10.559	N/A			·	· . –		s ;	40,535.76
Sub- Total for Child Nutrition Cluste Other Federal Assistance 2010-2011 Programs Johnson O'Malley 15.130 N/A 2011-2012 Programs Sub-Total \$ (1,646.07) \$ 1,646.07 2011-2012 Programs Flood Control 12.112 N/A 2011-2012 Programs Flood Control 12.112 N/A Sub-Total \$ - \$ 193.99 - \$ 1,270.04 Sub-Total \$ - \$ 193.99 1,270.04						\$	- * -	40,355.10		
2010-2011 Programs 15.130 N/A \$ (1,646.07) \$ (1,646	. Sub- Total for Child Nutrition Cluste					\$	- * -	44,001.54	\$3,465.78	\$40,535.76
2010-2011 Programs 15.130 N/A \$ (1,646.07) \$ (1,646	Other Federal Assistance									
Johnson O'Malley 15.130 N/A \$(1,04.07)/(1,646.07) \$(1,646.07)							•	4 6 46 07	e .	۰ -
Sub-Total \$ (1,546.07) \$ 1,948.07 \$ 2011:2012 Programs \$ (1,546.07) \$ 193.99 \$ \$ 2011:2012 Programs \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Flood Control 12.112 N/A \$ \$ \$ \$ Johnson O'Malley 15.130 N/A \$ \$ \$ \$ Sub-Total \$ (3,980.22) \$ 239,818.51 \$ 189,978.49		15.130	N/A							\$ <u></u>
2011-2012 Programs \$	-					\$(1,646.07	L * _	1,040.07	*	*
Flood Control 12.112 N/A				·				402.00	e -	s 193.99
Johnson O'Malley 15,130 N/A \$		12.112	N/A			5 -	\$	193.99	•	(1,270.04)
Sub-Total			N/A				.	<u> </u>		
\$ (3,980,22) \$ 239,818.51 \$ 169,976,49 \$						\$	_ \$_			
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE						\$ (3,980.22) \$_	239,818.51	\$ 189,978.49	\$ 45,859.80
	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		i				- •			

Major program

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SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

- For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. The General Fund is used to account for resources restricted, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in the General Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial measurement focus. All federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund, which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The Regulatory Basis of Accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and Agency Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue from all sources when they are received. Federal grant funds are considered to be recognized when encumbered or reserved to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

- Positive amounts listed in the either "Balance at July 1, 2011" or "Balance at June 30, 2012" column represent funds received by the school and not yet expended or coded to the program. Negative amounts represent expenditures which have been claimed, but the revenue not yet collected.
- 4. The District received donated foods through the Federal Food Distribution Program (10.555). At June 30, 2011, the school maintained an immaterial amount of food commodities inventory. Per the Regulatory Basis of Accounting, the commodities received and used are not recognized as revenue or expenditures in the school's Financial Statements.
- 5. Reconciliation of the Revenue shown on the *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* to Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance is as follows:

Total revenue per "Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards' Less: Commodities (non-cash assistance)	\$ Revenue 239,818.51 (3,465.78)
Net Total	\$ 236,352.73
Federal program revenues per "Statement of Revenue, and Changes in Fund Balance" General Fund	\$ 236,352.73
Net Total	\$ 236,352.73

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND RECEIPTS, TRANSFERS, DISBURSEMENTS AND SUB-ACCOUNT BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Activities	Balance 7-1-11		Deposited	-	Net Transfers/ Adjustments		Disbursed	_	Balance 6-30-12
School Activity Program Eighth Grade library PTO	\$ 1,411.15 179.91 - -	\$	14,479.36 2,638.67 797.86 549.20	\$		\$	15,287.38 2,595.94 289.50 -	\$	603.13 222.64 508.36 549.20
Total Activities	\$ 1,591.06	\$_	18,465.09	\$	-	. *_	18,172.82	\$_	1,883.33

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

KERRY JOHN PATTEN, C.P.A.

2101 N. Willow Ave. Broken Arrow, OK 74012 Phone Number (918) 250-8838 FAX Number (918) 250-9853



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Spavinaw School District No. c-21 Spavinaw, Mayes County, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Spavinaw School District No. C-21, Mayes County Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued my report thereon dated March 29, 2013 which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, my report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Spavinaw School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my audit procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Spavinaw School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Comments that I consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting (2012-1). A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control than is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Spavinaw School District's combined financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. I noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that I have reported to management on page 27 of this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A. March 29, 2013

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

The summary of prior audit findings is required to report the status of all audit findings reported in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards.

The school district had no prior year audit findings relative to federal award programs.

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF COMMENTS JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

Significant Deficiency:

* 2012-1

Condition: An adequate internal control structure does not exist because of the small size of the entity nor is there adequate segregation of duties.

<u>Criteria:</u> Internal controls should be in places that provide reasonable assurance that any one individual does not have control over several of the financial functions of the School District.

Effect: Because of the inadequate segregation of duties there may be an opportunity for an employee to alter record keeping.

Recommendation: We have recommended that the School District strive to implement an adequate segregation of duties.

<u>Response:</u> We concur with the recommendation; however, we have concluded that the cost to correct this condition would exceed the benefit.

I. <u>Condition</u> In the review of the purchase order documentation, the receiving or other support documentation of expenditures was not signed by the person receiving the goods or services.

Recommendation: The Public School Board of Education and School Administration should adopt and enforce procedures to insure that all invoices and delivery tickets are signed by the receiver and attached to the corresponding purchase order. This procedure will indicate merchandise was received in satisfactory condition and merchandise paid for is an actual expense of the school district.

II. <u>Condition:</u> The school did not always properly encumber purchases or charge the appropriation account prior to or at the time of ordering goods or services. Oklahoma State law requires the school encumbrance clerk to encumber all purchases and charge the affected appropriation account at the time, or prior to, ordering the goods or services.

Recommendation: The school board of education should adopt and enforce procedures to insure that all purchases are encumbered and have a purchase order issued prior to the time the purchase is made. Purchases should not be paid if the purchase order date is not prior to the invoice date.

Previous Year's Audit Comments

Excluding conditions marked with an asterisk, there are no other items in the 2010-11 audit report, which have been repeated in this report.

I would like to express my appreciation for the courtesies and cooperation extended to us by school district administrators and employees during the course of this audit.

SPAVINAW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. C-21 MAYES COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma) County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Spavinaw School District for the audit year 2011-12.

Kerry John Patten, C.P.A AUDITING FIRM dr BY AUTHORIZED AGENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this

day of March . W

5010870 NOTARY PUBLIC

My commission expires on:

613 CN. day of 50