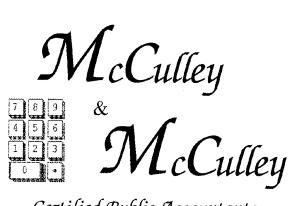
THOMAS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY THOMAS, OKLAHOMA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Thomas Economic Development Authority Thomas, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Thomas Economic Development Authority (a component unit of the City of Thomas, Oklahoma), as of and for the year ending June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's modified cash basis financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable

assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the accompanying financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position-modified cash basis of Thomas Economic Development Authority, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position-modified cash basis and its cash flows-modified cash basis for the year then ended, in conformity with the basis accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2016, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The

purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Thomas Economic Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mc Culley & mchilly

Weatherford, Oklahoma

March 25, 2016

THOMAS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	_	2014
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_	319,854
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	319,854
Notes Receivable Capital Lease Receivable	_	4,505 32,985
Total Current Receivables	_	37,490
Total Current Assets	_	357,344
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Notes Receivable, Net of Current Capital Lease Receivable, Net of Current	_	1,620,806 19,070 268,319
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,908,195
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	2,265,539
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities		
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$_	139,277
Total Current Liabilities	_	139,277
Noncurrent Liabilities		000.074
Bonds and Notes Payable	_	303,974
Total Long-Term Liabilities	_	303,974
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	443,251
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted:		1,371,891
Invested in Community Development Projects, Net Unrestricted	_	130,543 319,854
TOTAL NET POSITION	_	1,822,288
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$_	2,265,539

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

THOMAS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	2014
Operating Revenues Rental/Lease Income Administrative Bond Fees Miscellaneous	\$	157,850 3,430 845
Total Operating Revenues	_	162,125
Operating Expenses Administration/General Economic Development Depreciation	_	7,066 11,733 78,402
Total Operating Expenses	_	97,201
Income from Operations	_	64,924
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Income Interest Income on Capital Lease Receivable (Loss) on Sale of Assets Interest Expense		1,496 6,294 (12,921) (19,626)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(24,757)
Net Income before Contributions and Transfers		40,167
Transfers In - Pledged Sales Tax Revenue from City of Thomas	_	85,963
Change in Net Position		126,130
Net Position - Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment Net Position - End of Year	\$ =	1,702,865 (6,707) 1,822,288

THOMAS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$	207,259
Other Operating Cash Receipts		4,275
Payments to Suppliers		(20,134)
Payments for Economic Development		(11,733)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		179,667
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Tranfers in - Pledged Sales Tax Revenue		85,963
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		85,963
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Repayment of Capital Lease Receivable		26,586
Interest Received on Capital Lease Receivable		6,294
Proceeds from Note Payable		100,000
Purchase of Capital Assets		(36,200)
Cash Outlay for Capital Lease Receivable		(137,844)
Principal paid on Bonds and Notes Payable		(224,598)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes Payable		(19,626)
	_	
Net Cash (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(285,388)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Cash Outlay for Notes Receivable		(24,000)
Repayment of Notes Receivable		4,138
Interest and Dividends		1,496
Net Cash (Used for) Investing Activities	_	(18,366)
(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(38,124)
Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning of Year		357,978
Dog. ming of Tod.	_	007,070
End of Year	\$_	319,854
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	\$	64,924
Provided by Operating Activities		
Decrease in Accounts Receivable		36,341
Depreciation Expense		78,402
Not Cook Brouided by Operating Activities	<u>—</u>	170 667
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	179,667

Note: A non-cash transaction of \$78,000 for sales price of capital assets was financed by a capital lease receivable. See Note 5 in footnotes.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The accounting policies of the Thomas Economic Development Authority (the Authority) do not conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. These standards are set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Authority uses the modified cash basis of accounting as described below. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. The Reporting Entity.

The Thomas Economic Development Authority was created as a public trust under and pursuant to the laws of the State of Oklahoma on March 16, 1987. The Authority was created for the use and benefit of the City of Thomas, Oklahoma (the beneficiary). The trust indenture establishing the Authority was amended on December 9, 1998, and it specifies the purposes The five trustees of the Authority are appointed of the trust. by the City Council of the City of Thomas. The City Council of the City of Thomas may also remove any trustee from office, without cause, by a majority vote. The Authority uses the City of Thomas office space and employees to conduct its business. It also manages and leases some of the City's properties and receives financial revenue from the City for debt service payments. Based upon the criteria for a component unit, the Authority is a component unit of the City of Thomas, Oklahoma, and its financial statements have previously been included as a component unit of the City of Thomas, Oklahoma's, financial statements. The City of Thomas, Oklahoma's, financial statements can be obtained from the City or from the Oklahoma State Auditor's web site.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

B. Basis of Presentation - Accounting.

The financial statements of the Authority are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues are reported as earned when cash is received and expenses are reported when the related liability is paid in cash, except as noted below. Generally accepted accounting principles require the Authority to report on the accrual basis. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing checking accounts, and trustee debt service accounts.

D. Accounts and Notes Receivable.

Accounts receivable are expenses paid by the Authority with the intention to be reimbursed by a third party. Notes receivable are loans made to third parties for community development. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been established since management believes all are collectible.

E. Capital Lease Receivable.

Capital lease receivable is a lease purchase agreement with a third party to transfer title to capital assets providing all lease payments have been made as agreed.

F. Capital Assets.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, or if donated, at the estimated fair value on the date of donation. Generally, the organization only capitalizes assets that have an estimated life

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

F. Capital Assets (continued).

greater than one year and a cost of \$1,500 or more. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	40	years
Land Improvements	20	years
Leasehold Improvements	20	years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	years
Water, Sewer, and Drainage Systems	20	years
Furniture and Fixtures	5-10	years

G. Loan, Bond Issue Costs, and Prior Period Adjustment.

Loan and Bond Issue costs were previously capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the respective loan and bond issue. GASB has issued Statement No. 65 - Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities in March, 2012. This statement requires debt issuance costs to be recognized as an expense. The effect of this statement would be to adjust these unamortized loan and bond issue cost balances as a restatement of the beginning net asset balance. It is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The Authority is required to implement this standard for the year ending June 30, 2014.

The previously reported loan and bond issue costs, net of accumulated amortization for June 30, 2013, of \$6,707 has been reported in these financial statements as a reduction of beginning net position balance. It would also have reduced the net investment in capital assets balance for the prior year.

H. Bonds and Notes Payable.

Bonds and Notes Payable incurred by the Authority are recorded as liabilities.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

I. Net Position.

Net Position is classified into three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes payable attributable to these assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional revisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of the other two above. These include amounts designated by management for a particular purpose. Invested in Community Development Projects, Net are various receivable amounts authorized by the Board of Trustees to provide capital to new and/or existing businesses within the community and to promote economic development, net of related debt to acquire those assets.

J. Operating Revenues and Expenses.

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Authority. Operating revenues consist primarily of rental and administrative fees. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type of activities and result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority uses the state statutes as a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. All funds are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 available to depositors under the FDIC's general deposit insurance rules.

At June 30, 2014, the Authority's cash and cash equivalents consisted of demand deposits as follows:

	June 30, 2014
Demand Deposits	\$319 , 854
Restricted Demand	
Deposits	
Total Cash and Cash	
Equivalents	\$319 , 854
Total Demand Deposits:	
Carrying Balance	\$319 , 854
Bank Balance	320,184
Insured Balance	320,184

The Thomas Economic Development Authority had cash and cash equivalents restricted by a bond indenture for the payment of principal and interest. The Authority paid off these bonds in fiscal year 2014 resulting in the remaining balances in the cash and cash equivalent accounts having their restrictions released.

Note 3 - Notes Receivable.

Notes receivable consists of loans made to third parties for community development. The following briefly describes these receivables:

Note 3 - Notes Receivable (continued).

Sue Hutchison - A loan in the amount of \$11,349 was made with the stated repayment amount to be \$12,000. The imputed interest rate is 5.41%. The loan is to be repaid over 24 consecutive monthly payments of \$500 each. Payments began January 2011 with the final payment being due on December 10, 2012. On July 18, 2011, an addendum to the promissory note specified that payments for the months of August, September, and October, 2011, would be deferred. Payments will resume on November 10, 2011 in the amount of \$250.00 for 32 consecutive months until the total principal amount is paid in full. The balance on this note as of June 30, 2014 was \$ -0-

Schrock Automotive LLC - On May 8, 2014, the Authority executed a promissory note with Schrock Automotive LLC for \$24,000. Purpose is for building improvements and equipment. The lease purchase agreement between the same parties is incorporated into the note agreement. Repayment terms are monthly payments of \$437 at 3.5% interest for 60 months. The balance on this note as of June 30, 2014 was \$23,575.

A summary of notes receivable activity follows:

			New							Due
В	alance	F	Receiv-	(Repay-		Bal	ance	W	ith-in
6	/30/13		able	n	ments)		6/3	0/14	Or	ne Year
\$		\$	24,000	\$ (425)	\$	23	575	\$	4,505
	3,713			(3,713)			-0-		
\$	3 , 713	\$	24,000	\$(4,138)	\$	23,	575	\$	4,505
	6	3,713	6/30/13 \$ \$ 3,713	Balance Receiv- 6/30/13 able \$ \$ 24,000 3,713	Balance Receiv- (6/30/13 able n	Balance Receiv- (Repay-6/30/13 able ments) \$ \$ 24,000 \$ (425)	Balance Receiv- (Repay-6/30/13 able ments) \$ \$ 24,000 \$ (425) \$ 3,713 (3,713)	Balance Receiv- (Repay- Bal 6/30/13 able ments) 6/3 \$ \$ 24,000 \$ (425) \$ 23 3,713 (3,713)	Balance Receiv- (Repay- Balance 6/30/13 able ments) 6/30/14 \$ \$ 24,000 \$(425) \$ 23 575	Balance Receiv- (Repay- Balance W 6/30/13 able ments) 6/30/14 Or \$ \$ 24,000 \$(425) \$ 23 575 \$ 3,713 (3,713) -0-

Note 4 - Capital Lease Receivable.

Capital lease receivable is a lease-purchase loan made to a third party with a bargain purchase option.

Schrock Automotive, LLC - On February 13, 2012, the Authority entered into a capital lease agreement for the building and equipment. The capital lease agreement has a principal amount of \$126,600 to be repaid over 120 consecutive monthly installments of \$1,237 with payments beginning March 13, 2012. The stated interest rate is 3.25%. At the end of the lease, Schrock Automotive may purchase the building and equipment for \$1. This lease is secured by the building and equipment. The building and equipment has a first mortgage to Kiwash Electric Cooperative who loaned the Authority the funds to purchase the building and equipment as noted in Note 6. The balance on this agreement as of June 30, 2014 is \$100,599.

Supreme Show Supply LLC - On August 28, 2013, the Authority entered into lease purchase agreements with Supreme Trailer and Show Supplies LLC for the sale of various lots within the Town of Thomas. In June, 2014, the members of the Supreme Trailer and Show Supplies LLC divided that company into two other companies, Supreme Show Supply LLC and Supreme Trailer Sales LLC and made agreements with the Authority to split these lease purchase agreements between them. Supreme Show Supply LLC has one lease purchase agreement for \$88,000 with 0% interest, \$733 monthly payments for 10 years. This lease purchase agreement is secured by lots 5, 6, & 7 in block 99 of the City of Thomas and the building on the lots. The Authority leases this property from the Thomas Public Works Authority but has executed a real estate purchase contract dated July 15, 2013 to purchase it from the Thomas Public Works Authority for \$1 at the end of the lease. The balance on this lease purchase agreement as of June 30, 2014 is \$80,666.

The second lease purchase agreement is for \$26,500 at 3.25% interest, monthly payments of \$259 for 10 years. This

Note 4 - Capital Lease Receivable (continued).

lease purchase agreement is secured by the building and lots 8 & 9 in block 99 of the City of Thomas. It is also subject to a note payable to Pioneer Telephone Cooperative, Inc., as more fully discussed in Note 6. The balance on this agreement as of June 30, 2014 is \$24,579.

Supreme Trailer Sales LLC - This lease purchase agreement is for \$73,500 at 3.25% interest, monthly payments of \$718 for 10 years. This lease purchase agreement is secured by the building and lots 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, & 17 in block 99 of the City of Thomas. Lots 15, 16, & 17 are subject to a note payable to Pioneer Telephone Cooperative, Inc., as more fully discussed in Note 6. The balance on this agreement as of June 30, 2014 is \$68,073.

Body Works Physical Therapy & Wellness, LLC - The Authority has purchased the equipment and executed a lease purchase agreement on 2/3/2014. Terms call for purchase price of \$27,844, 3.25% interest, and monthly payments of \$371 for 7 years. The balance on this agreement as of June 30, 2014 is \$27,387.

The following is a summary of the capital lease receivable transactions ending June 30, 2014:

Capital		New			Due
Lease	Balance	Receiv-	(Repay-	Balance	With-in
Receivable	6/30/13	able	ments)	6/30/14	One Year
Schrock					
Automotive	\$112,046	\$	\$ (11,447)	\$100 , 599	\$ 11 , 729
Supreme					
Show #1		88,000	(7,334)	80,666	8,801
Supreme					
Show #2		26,500	(1,921)	24,579	2 , 375
Supreme					
Trailer		73,500	(5,427)	68 , 073	6 , 475
Body Works		27,844	(457)	27,387	3,605
Totals	\$112,046	\$215,844	\$(26,586)	\$301,304	\$ 32,985

Note 4 - Capital Lease Receivable (continued).

Total Minimum Lease Payments	
Receivable at June 30, 2014	\$331,422
Less Interest to be Earned	(30,118)
Capital Lease Receivable	\$301,304

Note 5 - Capital Assets.

All the Authority's capital assets are either leased or held for leasing. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 follows:

	Balance at 6/30/2013			Additions eletions)		lance at /30/2014
Capital Assets Not Being Depr Land, including Leasehold	eci	ated:				
Land Improvements	\$	101,290		20,677	\$	121,967
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	4	2,141,977	(76,584)	2	,065,393
Drainage System		2,406				2,406
Furniture and Fixtures		50,482	(1,976)		48,506
Land Improvements		314,728				314 , 728
Leasehold Improvements		125,421	(23,600)		101,821
Machinery and Equipment		386 , 969	(33 , 666)		353 , 303
Water and Sewer System		61,200				61,200
Total Depreciable						
Capital Assets		3,083,183	(135,826)	2	, 947 , 357
Less Accumulated Depreciation	1:					
Buildings	(683,306)	(32,967)	(716,273)
Drainage System	(1,503)	(121)	(1,624)
Furniture and Fixtures	(50,433)		1,927	(48,506)
Land Improvements	(192,771)	(15,736)	(208,507)
Leasehold Improvements	(80,569)		809	(79 , 760)
Machinery and Equipment	(384,477)		31,174	(353,303)
Water and Sewer System	(37,485)	(3,060)	(40,545)
Total Accumulated				•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Depreciation	(1	,430,544)	(17,974)	(1	,448,518)

Note 5 - Capital Assets (continued).

Depreciable Capital				
Assets, Net	1,652,639	(153,800)	1,498,839
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,753,929	\$ (133,123)	\$ 1,620,806

Net Additions (Deletions) consisted of the following:

Capital assets purchased at cost \$ 36,200

Capital assets sold:

Cost \$151,350

Less Accum. Depr. (60,429) (90,921)

Depreciation expense (78,402)

Net Additions (Deletions) \$ (133,123)

Of the capital assets sold \$(90,921), \$78,000 was transferred into a capital lease receivable, resulting in a loss on sale of assets of \$(12,921).

Note 6 - Bonds and Notes Payable.

Bonds and notes payable consists of the following:

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (Thomas Aviation Building Project) - The Authority issued \$385,000 sales tax revenue bonds on February 1, 1998. The bonds specify interest payments payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year through maturity with interest rates ranging from 4.1% to 6%. Principal payments range from \$10,000 to \$30,000 and are payable on February 1 through the year 2018. Maturity of the bonds is on February 1, 2018. The bond indenture specifies early redemption procedures and states that any bonds redeemed after January 31, 2005, may be at par. Any early redemption of bonds must be made in multiples of \$5,000 and in inverse order of maturity. The bonds are a special and limited obligation of the Authority and are payable solely from and secured by 1) the parity first leasehold mortgage given to the Bank of Oklahoma to secure the bondholders and other parity debt that may be obtained, 2) the pledged sales tax revenues received from

Note 6 - Bonds and Notes Payable (continued).

the City of Thomas, Oklahoma, pursuant to a sales tax agreement, and 3) any funds on deposit with the bond trustee, and 4) any other funds legally available to the Authority for payment on the bonds. These bonds were paid off in February, 2014. The balance on the bonds as of June 30, 2014, was \$ -0-.

Oklahoma Department of Commerce/Division of Community

Affairs and Development (ODOC/DCAD) - Under the loan

agreement dated August 24, 1999, the Authority obtained

financing in the amount of \$400,000. The loan is a 0%

interest loan with a term of twenty years. The loan is made

to the City of Thomas/Thomas Public Works Authority and has

been passed through to the Thomas Economic Development

Authority. The Authority is to remit principal payments in

the amount of \$1,667 in two hundred forty equal monthly

installments beginning in fiscal year 2002 and makes them

directly to the Oklahoma Department of Commerce. The loan

is collateralized by the building lease payments. The

balance on this loan as of June 30, 2014 was \$149,999.

Bank of Western Oklahoma - This loan was a construction line of credit up to \$1,000,000 for the purpose of constructing a building. The permanent loan was done on February 1, 2001, principal amount of \$1,000,000 at 9% interest with a term of fifteen years. The interest rate was changed to 6% on November 6, 2008. The note states that the interest rate can be adjusted on the 5th and 10th anniversary of the note. The Authority is to remit monthly principal and interest payments of \$10,217 beginning March 1, 2001. The loan is secured by a title insured first lien on a tract of land, building and site improvements, equipment, assignment of life insurance, and assignments of rents from W. W. Manufacturing, a Kansas Corporation. The balance on this loan as of June 30, 2014 was \$ 98,916.

Note 6 - Bonds and Notes Payable (continued).

Kiwash Electric Cooperative, Inc. - Revolving Loan Fund - Under the loan agreement dated January 9, 2012, the Authority obtained financing in the amount of \$126,600. The interest rate is 3.25% with a term of ten years. The Authority is to remit payments in the amount of \$1,237 in one hundred twenty equal monthly installments beginning April 1, 2012. The purpose of this loan was to purchase economic development property which was subsequently sold to Schrock Automotive, LLC, under a lease purchase agreement. This loan is collateralized by a real estate mortgage on the building and equipment. The balance on this loan as of June 30, 2014 is \$101,586.

Pioneer Telephone Cooperative, Inc. - On August 15, 2013, the Authority executed a promissory note to obtain financing for \$100,000. The interest rate was 3.25% with a term of ten years. The Authority is to remit payments in the amount of \$977 per month beginning on September 15, 2013. The purpose of this loan was to purchase economic development property which was sold to Supreme Trailer and Show Supplies LLC (and its successors) under a lease purchase agreement. This loan is collateralized by a real estate mortgage on these properties. See Note 4 for the lease purchase agreements. The balance of this loan as of June 30, 2014 is \$92,750.

Note 6 - Bonds and Notes Payable (continued).

Year

The following is a summary of the bonds and notes payable transactions for the year ending June 30, 2014:

Bonds and					Due
Notes	Balance		(Repay-	Balance	With-in
Payable	6/30/13 N	New Debt	ments)	6/30/14	One Year
Sales Tax					
Revenue					
Bond	\$ 85,000 \$		\$ (85,000)	\$ -0-	\$
ODOC/DCAD	168,333		(18,334)	149,999	20,000
Bank of					
Western OK	202,518		(103,602)	98,916	98,916
Kiwash					
Electric	111,998		(10,412)	101,586	11,622
Pioneer					
Telephone		100,000	(7,250)	92 , 750	8,739
Totals	\$567,849\$	100,000	\$(224,598)	\$443,251	\$139,277

The annual contractual debt service requirements for retirement of principal and payment of interest are as follows:

Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 139 , 277	\$ 8,993	\$ 148 , 270
2016	41,195	5 , 377	46,572
2017	41,898	4,674	46,572
2018	42,625	3,947	46,572
2019	43,376	3 , 196	46,572
2020-2023	134,880	5,126	140,006
Totals	\$ 443,251	\$ 31,313	\$ 474,564

Note 7 - Conduit Debt Obligation.

On September 1, 2007, the Authority issued its Educational Facilities Lease Revenue bonds (Thomas-Fay-Custer Public Schools Project) Series 2007. Bond proceeds are for the benefit of the Thomas-Fay-Custer Public School District (the District) and are secured solely by the certain rental and lease purchase payments payable by the District and other funds and accounts established under the indenture relating to the bonds. The Authority has assigned all its rights and interests in the rental and lease purchase payments to the Trustee bank. District makes its payments directly to the Trustee bank. bonds do not constitute an obligation, legal or moral, or debts, general or special, of the Authority. As such, the accounts held by the Trustee bank for debt payment and any other assets related to the bonds and related bond payable accounts are not presented in these financial statements. The Authority receives an administrative fee for facilitating these bonds.

The original issue amount was \$5,035,000. The outstanding balance of the bonds as of June 30, 2014 was \$2,990,000.

Note 8 - Risk Management.

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority purchases commercial insurance or has the lessee purchase commercial insurance to manage these risks. Deductibles range from \$500 to \$2,500, depending upon the insurance coverage. The Authority is also a named plan member of the City of Thomas, Oklahoma, liability policy.

Note 9 - Commitments.

Short-term Lease Commitments.

The Authority entered into a lease agreement with the City of Thomas, (as lessor), on February 24, 1998, in which the Authority leased real property to develop an industrial facility

Note 9 - Commitments (Continued).

to be leased to a tenant. No rental payments are required under the terms of the lease. The consideration shall be the installation, construction, and operation of improvements to the leased property. At the end of the lease term, the Authority has the option to renew the lease for a like term.

On November 11, 1998, the Authority, as lessor, entered into a lease agreement for the lease of the industrial facility referred in the above paragraph. The original term of the lease commenced on May 1, 1998. The lease specifies rental payments of \$600 per month. Due to federal monies, the term of the lease may not exceed thirty days; however, the lessee shall have the option to renew the lease agreement for a period of an additional thirty days at the end of each lease term. lessee's exercise of its renewal option for an additional thirty day period shall be automatic unless lessee or lessor provides written notice to terminate to the other party at least thirty days prior to expiration of this lease agreement. Renewal terms are the same as the original lease agreement. The Board of Trustees approved a one year lease effective November 1, 2013 with monthly payments of \$1,200. An option to extend for another year with an increase in the lease payments to \$1,300 was also approved.

Long-term Lease Commitments.

The Authority has entered into a lease agreement on January 26, 2000, with an industrial company for the lease of a facility which the Authority constructed with funding from loans, federal grants and federal zero percent interest loans, as well as donated services of state and county governments. The lease payments are to be the amount equal to the amount required to service the debt on loans related to succeeding initial occupancy of the facility, which was April 1, 2003, and shall extend for fifteen years thereafter or until all the loans related to this project have been paid. An addendum to this lease agreement was made on January 23, 2001, to add some equipment to the lease properties. Current monthly lease payments are \$11,883.

Note 9 - Commitments (Continued).

On August 20, 2003, the Thomas Economic Development Authority leased from the Thomas Public Works Authority certain real property and equipment for a term of thirty-three years. Consideration for the lease was \$10 plus maintenance and payment of all expenses on the property during the term of the lease. The lease does not have a renewable option, but does allow the Authority to sublease the property. The Authority had several subleases with the latest being entered on December 28, 2010, and commenced February 1, 2011, for a term of three years. The lease specifies payments of \$550 per month and stipulates a \$50 late payment penalty if payment is made more than five days after the due date. At the end of this lease, the Lessee offered to purchase the property. The Authority has executed a purchase agreement with the Thomas Public Works Authority. Authority and Lessee completed a lease purchase agreement as described in Note 4.

The following is a schedule by years of minimum future rentals on noncancelable long-term operating leases as of June 30, 2014.

Year Ending June 30	
2015	\$142 , 600
2016	56 , 328
2017	20,000
2018	20,000
2019-2022	
Total	\$318,927

Note 10 - Pledged Sales Tax Revenue from the City of Thomas.

The Authority receives funding from the City of Thomas to fund its debt service on its sales tax bonds payable. As described in Note 6, these sales tax bonds were paid off in fiscal year 2014. The Authority received \$85,963 from the City during the year ending June 30, 2014. The funds represent a one-percent City sales tax that is transferred from the City's General Fund. Although due to Oklahoma law the City may not obligate beyond its fiscal year, the City has agreed to consider budgeting and appropriating, on a year-to-year basis, this one-percent sales tax to the Authority.

Note 11 - Contingencies.

The Authority participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability or reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.



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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Thomas Economic Development Authority Thomas, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the Thomas Economic Development Authority, for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Thomas Economic Development Authority's financial statements and have issued our report dated March 25, 2016. The Authority reports its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the accompanying financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mc Culley & mcalley

Weatherford, Oklahoma

March 25, 2016