#### TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA

#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Dustin, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Dustin, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Dustin's basic financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Dustin as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with modified cash basis.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Dustin, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Matters

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated October 9, 2020 on my consideration of Town of Dustin's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Ralph Osborn

Bristow, Oklahoma October 9, 2020

#### TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2019

	Primary Government						
	Business						
	Governmental	Type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 148,905	\$ 72,583	\$ 221,488				
Investments	20,380	3,335	23,715				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	11,982	11,982				
Due from other funds	1,530	(1,530)	_				
Total current assets	170,815	86,370	257,185				
Non-current assets:							
Capital assets							
Other capital assets net of							
accumulated depreciation	50,037	1,572,887	1,622,924				
Total non-current assets	50,037	1,572,887	1,622,924				
Total assets	220,852	1,659,257	1,880,109				
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	_	-	-				
Long-term debt, current	-	4,992	4,992				
Utility deposits	-	22,800	22,800				
Total current liabilities		27,792	27,792				
Non-current liabilities:							
Long-term debt, non-current	-	16,275	16,275				
Total non-current liabilities		16,275	16,275				
Total liabilities		44,067	44,067				
NET POSITION							
Invested in comital access							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	E0 027	1 551 600	1 601 657				
	50,037	1,551,620	1,601,657				
Restricted for meter deposit Unrestricted	170 015	11,982 51 507	11,982				
Unitestricted	170,815	51,587	222,402				
Total net position	\$ 220,852	\$1,615,189	\$ 1,836,041				

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

		Charges	Operating	Capital	Net
		For	Grants and	Grants and	(Expenses)
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenue
Function/Programs Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 60,597	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 343,687	\$ 283,090
Street & Alley	35,283	38,386	_	_	3,103
Cemetery	<u>-</u>	1,000	_	_	1,000
Total governmental					
activities	95,880	39,386		343,687	287,193
Business-type activities					
Public Works Authority Total business-type	122,360	147,572			25,212
activities	122,360	147,572			25,212
Total primary government	\$218,240	\$186,958	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 343,687</u>	\$ 312,405

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	•					
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities Activities					
Changes in net position:							
Net (expense) revenue	\$ 287,193	\$ 25,212	\$ 312,405				
General revenues							
Taxes							
Sales tax	88,304	-	88,304				
Franchise tax	5,320	-	5,320				
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	6,069	-	6,069				
Gas and auto	7,351	-	7,351				
Cigarette tax	738	-	738				
Interest	32	(183)	(151)				
Other revenue	3,611	-	3,611				
Lease income	-	-	_				
Restitution income	330	-	330				
Transfers	(317,165)	317,165					
Total general revenue	(205,410)	316,982	111,572				
Change in net position	81,783	342,194	423,977				
Net position - beginning	139,069	1,272,995	1,412,064				
Net position - ending	\$ 220,852	<u>\$1,615,189</u>	<u>\$ 1,836,041</u>				

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	General Fund	Other Governmental <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 93,849 15,014	\$ 55,056 5,366	\$148,905 20,380					
Due from other funds		15,560	15,560					
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$108,863</u>	<u>\$ 75,982</u>	<u>\$184,845</u>					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -					
Due to other funds	14,030		<u> 14,030</u>					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,030		14,030					
FUND BALANCES								
Unrestricted	94,833	75,982	170,815					
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	94,833	75,982	170,815					
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$108,863</u>	<u>\$ 75,982</u>						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental ac financial resources and, therefore, a in the fund, net of accumulated depre	50,037							
Net position of governmental civilities	es		<u>\$ 220,852</u>					

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Danagan	General Funds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue Taxes	\$104,466	\$ 3,316	\$ 107,782
Investment	32	-	32
Other revenue	3,611	39,386	42,997
Lease income	-	-	-
Restitution income	330	_	330
Grant income	316,980	26,707	343,687
Total revenue	425,419	69,409	494,828
Expenditures			
Current			
Administration	54,285	-	54,285
Street & Alley	-	34,824	34,824
Cemetery Capital outlay	- 6,295	_	- 6,295
Capital Outlay	0,293		0,293
Total expenditures	60,580	34,824	95,404
Net Operating income (loss)	364,839	<u>34,585</u>	399,424
Other financing sources Transfer in			
Transfer out	<u>(316,532</u> )	(633 <sub>)</sub>	(317,165)
Total other financing sources	(316,532)	(633)	(317,165)
Net change in fund balances	48,307	33,952	82,259
Fund balances, beginning	46,526	42,030	88,556
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 94,833</u>	<u>\$ 75,982</u>	<u>\$ 170,815</u>

#### TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 82,259

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the combined statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation outlay in the period.

 Depreciation expense
 (6,771)

 Capital outlay
 6,295
 (476)

Change in net position \$81,783

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

June 30, 2019	
	Public Works Authority
ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 72,582 3,335 11,982
Total current assets	87,899
Non-current assets Capital assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,572,887
Total non-current assets	1,572,887
Total assets	1,660,786
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:    Due to other funds    Accounts payable    Notes payable, current    Utility deposits  Total current liabilities	1,530 - 4,992 22,800 29,322
Non-current liabilities: Notes payable Total non-current liabilities	16,275 16,275
Total liabilities	45,597
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for meter deposit Unrestricted	1,551,620 11,982 51,587
Net position of business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,615,189</u>

#### TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

	Public Works _Authority
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Water charges	\$ 147,572
Other	<del></del>
Total operating revenues	147,572
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and taxes	28,330
Water Purchases	44,522
Maintenance and Operations	15,105
Utilities and Telephone	2,355
Professional fees Office	2,600 3,215
Testing	4,400
Contract Labor	365
Depreciation	19,968
Total operating expenses	120,860
Operating income (loss)	26,712
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)	
Interest expense	(1,683)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(1,683)
Net Operating income (loss)	25,029
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Transfer in	317,165
Total other financing sources	317,165
Change in net position	342,194
Total net position, beginning	1,272,995
Total net position, ending	\$1,615,189

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

	Public Works <u>Authority</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 147,572 (28,330) (73,023) 46,219
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of fixed assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	(324,880) (12,653) (1,500)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(339,033)
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities Transfers	317,165
Net cash used in non-capital and related financing activities	317,165
Cash flows from Investing activities Interest Income	(183)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(183)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	24,168
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	60,396
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 84,564</u>
Reconciliation of operating income(loss) to net cash provided by(used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by operating activities:	\$ 26,712
Depreciation	19,968
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	(2,244)
Increase/(decrease) in utility deposits	1,783
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 46,219</u>

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Dustin, Oklahoma, was incorporated under the provisions of the laws of the State of Oklahoma. The Town operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services: general government, utilities, parks and recreation. The basic financial statements include the departments, agencies, and other organizational units over which the Board of Trustees exercise oversight responsibility. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14 and Based on the criteria the Dustin Public Works Authority (the Authority) is the only component unit. The definition of the financial reporting entity is primarily based on the concept of financial accountability. financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the Town), and activities for which the primary government is financially accountable, and the activities of the Authority. Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organizations governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide a specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities to include in the Town's financial statements.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and Town general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A functional program is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these programs uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item B below.

In the financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- A. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- B. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial, or non-financial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than modified cash basis.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as modified cash basis, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements of proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Proprietary Funds - The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Dustin Public Works Authority - The Authority provides certain utility services for the Town.

#### Budgetary Accounting and Control

The Mayor submits an annual budget to the Board of Trustees in accordance with the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. The budget is presented to the Board of Trustees for review, and public hearings are held to address priorities and allocation of resources. In June, the Board of Trustees adopts the annual fiscal year budgets for the Town operating funds. Once approved, the Board of Trustees may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Public trusts submit budget and other planning documents to their respective governing bodies.

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by sources. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: Personal services, other services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. Budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the Board of Trustees. The legal level of control is by department within a fund. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Board approval.

The budgets for the governmental funds and proprietary fund operations are prepared on the cash basis. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures, which include encumbrances, are budgeted in the year that the applicable purchase orders are expected to be paid. The budget and actual financial statements are reported on this basis. Unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at fiscal year-end. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the Town failed to prepare and submit an annual budget as is required by the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act.

#### Investments

The Town follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires marketable securities to be carried at fair value. The Town considers highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of Certificates of Deposits.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are cancelled under the modified cash basis. The encumbrance is added to the subsequent year expenses when paid.

#### Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption stated on a first-in, first-out basis. They are reported at cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Proprietary funds and similar component unit inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. The Town has not maintained inventory records, however, the value of inventory on hand at June 30, 2019 is not believed to be material.

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepaids are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The Town's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost or at estimated historical cost for those items not previously reported and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town maintains infrastructure assets records consistent with all other capital assets.

Proprietary and component unit capital assets are also reported in their respective fund and combining component units financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The Town generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,000 or more as purchase and construction outlay occur. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the assets value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straightline method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are moved from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings	25-50
Improvements, other than buildings	20-50
Furniture , machinery, and equipment	5-10
Utility system	5-60

#### Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted personal leave in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Town. The Town does not record a liability for accrued compensated absences. The amount paid for compensated absences is expensed as paid.

#### Reserves and Designations

Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not available for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE B - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Town, and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Town. The Town's policy requires that all deposits and investments in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the deposits or investments. As of June 30, 2019, not all of the Towns deposits and investments were covered by federal deposit insurance or were fully collateralized.

#### Deposits

The Town had deposits at financial institutions with a carrying amount of approximately \$245,202 at June 30, 2019. The bank balance of the deposits at June 30, 2019 was approximately \$164,690.

#### Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. However, the Town did not have fixed income securities at June 30, 2019.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board of Trustees monitor's the investment performance on an ongoing basis to limit the Town's interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits consisted of demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity of 12 months or less.

#### Note C - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Due From	Due To
Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements	Other Funds	Other Funds
Governmental Funds	\$ 1,530	\$ -
Enterprise Funds		1,530
Total	<u>\$ 1,530</u>	<u>\$ 1,530</u>

#### Note D - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

	CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED									
		Infrastructure & Furniture,						(	Capital	
		Improvements Machinery,						Assets Not		
			Ōt	her Than		And			Dej	preciated
	<u>Bui</u>	ldings	В	uildings	Eq	uipment		Totals		Land
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Governmental activities										
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	76,585	\$	28,059	\$	104,644	\$	-
Increases		-		-		6,295		6,295		-
Decreases		-								
Balance, June 30, 2019		_		76,585		34,354		110,939		
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2018		-		29,742		24,389		54,131		
Increase		-		5,263		1,508		6,771		
Decreases		-								
Balance, June 30, 2019		_		35,005		25,897		60,902		
Governmental activities										
Capital Assets, Net	\$		\$	41,580	\$	8,457	\$	50,037	\$	
Business-type activities										
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$1	,654,353	\$	81,432	\$1	,735,785	\$	-
Increases		-		324,880		-		324,880		-
Decreases		-								_
Balance, June 30, 2019		-	_1	,979,233		81,432	_ 2	,060,665		_
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2018		-		386,378		81,432		467,810		
Increase		-		19,968		-		19,968		
Decreases		-								
Balance, June 30, 2019		_		406,346		81,432		487,778		
Business-type Activities										
Capital Assets, Net	\$		<u>\$1</u>	,572,887	\$		\$1	,572,887	\$	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u> </u>									
Capital Assets, Net	\$		\$1	,614,467	\$	8,457	\$1	,622,924	\$	

#### DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
General Government	\$ 6,312	Utilities Authority	\$ 19,968
Street	459		

#### NOTE E - LONG TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Payable at				Balance at		
	June	30, 2018		Added	Retired	June	30, 2019
Community Resource Group	\$	33,920	\$	_	\$ (12,653)	\$	21,267
	\$	33,920	\$	_	\$ (12,653)	\$	21,267

As of June 30, 2019, the long-term debt payable from business-type activities resources consisted of the following:

Community Resource Group, original issue amount of \$50,000 dated November 20, 2014, interest rate 4.9%. Monthly payments of \$528, for a term of 10 years.

Current Portion

Non-Current Portion

Total Notes Payable

Source amount of \$50,000 years.

\$\frac{\pmanux 21,267}{\pmanux 267}\$
\$\frac{\pmanux 21,267}{

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type	Business-Type Activities			
Year ending	Notes Pa	Notes Payable			
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal_	Interest	<u> Total</u>		
2020	4,992	1,343	6,335		
2021	5,242	1,093	6,335		
2022	5,504	831	6,335		
2023	5,529	806	6,335		
Total	\$ 21,267	\$ 4,073	\$ 25,340		

#### Note F - PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The Town participates in two pension plans.

#### Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System

The Town participates in this statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer benefit plan on behalf of firefighters. The system is administered by an agency of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

	Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System
Eligibility to Participate	All full-time or voluntary Firefighters of a participating Municipality hired before age 45
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions	State Statute
Plan members' contribution rate	8% of covered payroll
Town's contribution rate	13% of covered payroll/\$60 per volunteer
Period required to vest	10 years
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full time)	20 years credited service, 2 1/2% Of final average salary multiplied By the years of credited service with A maximum of 30 years considered; If vested, at or after age 50, or After 10 but before 20 years of Credited service, with reduced benefits
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (Volunteer)	20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service With a maximum of 30 Years considered
Deferred retirement option  Provisions for:	Yes, 20 years credited service with Continued service for 30 or more years
Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement) Death (duty, non-duty, post-retirement) Disability Cost of living allowances	Yes, if vested by 5/83  Yes Yes Yes
utions required by State Statue:	

#### Contributions required by State Statue:

Fiscal	Required	Percentage	
Year	Contribution	Contributed	
2019	\$ 840	100%	
2018	\$ 660	100%	
2017	1,140	100%	
2016	-	100%	

#### Note G - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town and Authority have not reported an amount for accrued compensated absences. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, payments for vacation and sick leave are expensed as paid.

#### Note H - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for risk of loss, including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note I - FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of the funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

#### NOTE J - RECEIVABLE

The Town is to receive \$48,104 from a suit filed against the prior clerk for embezzling. The suit was ongoing for years and a judgment was made December 22, 2017 for the prior clerk to pay restitution payments of \$300 per month. The Town is modified cash basis accounting, therefore the total receivable is not shown on the financial statements. The outcome of the Town receiving the full \$48,104 is unknown. The Town of Dustin received \$330 during the 2019 fiscal year.

#### NOTE K - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town evaluated subsequent events through October 9, 2020 the date which financial statements were available, to determine if any items need to be disclosed. The Town is not aware of any items which need disclosure.

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Street Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$ 42,825 - 14,030	\$ 12,231 5,366 1,530	\$ 55,056 5,366 15,560
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 56,855</u>	<u>\$ 19,127</u>	<u>\$ 75,982</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	<u>\$</u> –	\$ -	\$ -
FUND BALANCES			
Unreserved	56,855	19,127	75,982
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	56,855	19,127	75,982
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 56,855</u>	<u>\$ 19,127</u>	<u>\$ 75,982</u>

# TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

_	Street Funds	Cemetery Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds
Revenue			
Taxes	\$ 3,316	\$ -	\$ 3,316
Investment Income	-	-	-
Other Revenue	38,386	1,000	39,386
Grant Income	<u>26,707</u>		<u>26,707</u>
Total revenue	68,409	1,000	69,409
Expenditures Current			
Street & Alley	34,824	_	34,824
Cemetery	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Capital outlay			
Total expenditures	34,824		34,824
Net Operating income (loss)	33,585	1,000	34,585
Other financing sources			
Transfer out	(633)		(633)
Total other financing sources	(633)		(633)
Net change in fund balances	32,952	1,000	33,952
Fund balances, beginning	23,903	18,127	42,030
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 56,855</u>	<u>\$ 19,127</u>	<u>\$ 75,982</u>

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Dustin Dustin, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Dustin, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Dustin's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated October 9, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Town of Dustin's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Dustin's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Town of Dustin's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we identified deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. I consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-1 to be significant deficiencies.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Dustin, Oklahoma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-1.

#### Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Ralph Osborn

Bristow, Oklahoma October 9, 2020

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### 2019-1 - Purchase orders

Condition: The Town did not properly use purchase orders for the Town and Public Works. The Public works used blanket purchase orders for all expenditures and the Town's purchase orders were back dated all to the same date of June 21, 2018.

Criteria: The Town and Public Works are required to maintain proper purchase orders.

Cause: A blanket purchase order, per State Statues, should be used for recurring purchases of goods or services. Blanket purchase orders should not be used on non-recurring expenditures. The purchase orders should be dated when they are approved and should be before the invoice date. The Public Works used blanket purchase orders for all expenses, not just recurring expenses. The Town's purchase orders were all back dated to June 21, 2018.

Effect: Using proper purchase orders will be part of internal control process and has the board approval on the types, quantities, and agreed prices for purchasing.

## TOWN OF DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA DUSTIN, OKLAHOMA STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### 2018-1 - Purchase orders

Condition: The Town did not properly use purchase orders for the Town and Public Works. The Public works used blanket purchase orders for all expenditures and the Town's purchase orders were back dated all to the same date of June 13, 2017.

Criteria: The Town and Public Works are required to maintain proper purchase orders.

Cause: A blanket purchase order, per State Statues, should be used for recurring purchases of goods or services. Blanket purchase orders should not be used on non-recurring expenditures. The purchase orders should be dated when they are approved and should be before the invoice date. The Public Works used blanket purchase orders for all expenses, not just recurring expenses. The Town's purchase orders were all back dated to June 13, 2017.

Effect: Using proper purchase orders will be part of internal control process and has the board approval on the types, quantities, and agreed prices for purchasing.

Status: The Town has corrected the use of purchase orders and will be used properly in the future.