FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

TURNER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2012

Audited by

JACK H. JENKINS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION TULSA, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5 LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
Table of Contents	1-2
School District Officials	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4-5
COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - Regulatory Basis - All Fund Types and Account Groups	6
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis - All Governmental Fund Types	7
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis - Budgeted Governmental Fund Types	8-10
Notes to Combined Financial Statements	11-26
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – - Regulatory Basis - All Capital Projects Funds	27
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis - All Capital Projects Funds	28
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Regulatory Basis - All Fiduciary Fund Types	29

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5 LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page No.
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (contd):	·
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Regulatory Basis - All Agency Funds	30
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	31-32
Schedule of Surety Bonds	33
Internal Control and Compliance Reports	
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	34-35
Schedule of Findings	36
Disposition of Prior Year's Schedule of Findings	37
Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	38
Audit Acknowledgement	39

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5 LOVE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President

Lance Parker

Vice President

Keith White

Clerk

Kent Foster

Member

Sam Barrick

Member

Belinda Wild

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Leslie Christian

MINUTES CLERK

Debbie Ramon

SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Joyce Hallum



Jack H. Jenkins, CPA A Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Turner School District No. I-005 Burneyville, Oklahoma 73430-0159

I have audited the accompanying regulatory basis financial statements of Turner School District No. I-005, Burneyville, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education that demonstrates compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of Oklahoma, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The differences between the regulatory basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are also described in Note 1.

Also, as discussed in Note 1, the regulatory basis financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the regulatory basis financial statements is not known.

In my opinion, because of the District's policy to prepare its financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Turner School District No. I-005, Burneyville, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2012, and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

However, in my opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, which results in an incomplete presentation as explained in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group, where applicable, of Turner School District No. I-005, Burneyville, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2012, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated March 6, 2013, on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the regulatory basis financial statements that collectively comprise Turner School District No. I-005's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for additional analysis as required by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The combining fund statements and supporting schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Jack H. Jenkins

Certified Public Accountant, P.C.

Wenter.

March 6, 2013

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2012

ALS hum Only) 2011	697,136 892,378 2,820 1,066,012 2,658,346
TOTALS (Memorandum Only)	786,419 451,529 1,120,335 2,358,283
ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	1,120,335
FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND	54,048
CAPITAL	63,792 100,000 163,792
GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES SPECIAL DEBT REVENUE SERVICE	149,051 21,451 170,502
GOVERNMENTA SPECIAL REVENUE	98,650 23,928 122,578
GENERAL	\$ 420,878 306,150 727,028
ASSETS	Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt Total Assets

LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY

89,925 106,101 58,241 115,984 1,050,000	1,439,083	1,219,263	2,658,346
252,726 64,043 54,048 170,995 910,000 210,335	1,662,147	696,136	2,358,283
910,000	1,120,335	ı	1,120,335
54,048	54,048		54,048
106,299	163,792		163,792
170,995	170,995	(493)	170,502
15,672 6,550	22,222	100,356	122,578
130,755	130,755	596,273	\$ 727,028
Liabilities Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Unmatured obligations Long-term debt: Bonds payable Capital leases	Total liabilities	rund Equity Cash fund balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Equity

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2012 INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - BUDGETED GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND			
		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	539,356	539,356	657,790
Intermediate sources		48,529	48,529	50,489
State sources		1,726,711	1,726,711	1,796,469
Federal sources		273,474	273,474	348,385
Non-revenue receipts				5,953
Total revenues		2,588,070	2,588,070	2,859,086
Expenditures				•
Instruction		1,371,241	1,371,241	1,350,805
Support services		990,880	990,880	1,088,165
Operation of non-instructional services		234,178	234,178	207,745
Facilities, acquisition and const. services		94,536	94,536	83,493
Other outlays		20,225	20,225	33,193
Non-categorical		377,449	377,449	,,,,,,
Total expenditures		3,088,509	3,088,509	2,763,401
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(500,439)	(500,439)	95,685
Other financing sources (uses)				
Lapsed appropriations				17
Estopped warrants				132
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	149
			-	
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses				95,834
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	<u></u>	500,439	500,439	500,439
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$			596,273

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			<u>S</u>
		IGINAL JDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	68,252	68,252	140,267
Total revenues		68,252	68,252	140,267
Expenditures Support services Facilities, acquisition and const. services Non-categorical Total expenditures	3	160,040 160,040	160,040 160,040	38,079 93,620 131,699
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(91,788)	(91,788)	8,568
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		91,788	91,788	91,788
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		_	100,356

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATORY BASIS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	DEBT SERVICE FUND			
		GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	219,731	219,731	219,238
State sources	<u></u>			
Total revenues		219,731	219,731	219,238
Expenditures Other outlays	· .			
Debt service		222,551	222,551	222,551
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,820)	(2,820)	(3,313)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		2,820	2,820	2,820
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		-	(493)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Turner Public Schools, District No. I-5 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority. the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over the PTA.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for the school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary fund types.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under a trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used depending on whether there is an obligation to maintain trust principal. Agency funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> - Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

Gifts Fund - The gifts fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> - The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> - The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

Agency Fund - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the student and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, in collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Group

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

- C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation contd.
- Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

The District may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the District voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, bank and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies;

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - contd.

and warrants, bonds or judgments of the district. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2012 is not material to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> - The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> - Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the district, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity- contd.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> - Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owned. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include interest earnings, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

All of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the General fund.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

Other Outlays/Uses Expenditures - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) when applicable. Other uses include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditure for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>

At June 30, 2012, the District held deposits of approximately \$1,237,948 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposits or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipations notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

2. **Deposits and Investments** – contd.

The investments held at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Type	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Market V	7alue	Cost
Турс	(IMOHELLS)	IVIAIROL V	arac	
Investments				•
Money Market		\$	0	0
Municipal tax-supported money judgme	nts		0	0
Certificate of Deposit		<u>45</u>	1,529	451,529
Total investments		\$ <u>45</u>	1,529	<u>451,529</u>

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 0% in Money Market funds, 0% in Municipal tax-supported money judgments and 100% in CDs (\$451,529).

3. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and a capital lease. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

3. General Long-term Debt - contd.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Total
Balance, July 1, 2011	\$ 1,050,000	18,832	1,068,832
Additions		212,047	212,047
Retirements	140,000	20,524	160,524
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 910,000	210,355	1,120,355

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2012 is set forth below:

	Amount outstanding
General Obligation Bonds Building Bonds, Series 2010A, original issue \$575,000, dated 6-01-10, interest rate of 2.0-2.2%, due in annual installments of \$140,000 beginning on 6-01-12, final payment of \$155,000 due 5-01-15;	\$ 435,000
Building Bonds, Series 2010B, original issue \$475,000, dated 7-1-10, interest rate of 2.05-2.6%, due in annual installments of \$75,000 on 7-1-12, final payment of \$100,000 due 7-1-16;	475,000
<u>Capital Leases</u> Lease agreement for an ice cream machine, dated 8-22-09, totaling \$19,301, interest rate of 9.73%, payable in monthly installments of \$487 beginning 9-22-09, final payment 8-22-13;	6,421
Lease agreement for HVAC equipment, dated 9-1-11, totaling \$187,630, interest rate of 3.5%, payable in annual installments of \$41,557 beginning 9-1-12, final payment 9-1-16;	\$ 187,630

3. General Long-term Debt - contd.

Amount outstanding

Lease agreement for 2012 Ford F-350, dated 4-13-12, totaling \$24,417, interest rate of 3.5%, payable in annual installments beginning 5-15-12, final payment due 8-15-13;

Totals

16,304 \$_1,120,355

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal and interest are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	215,000	34,460	249,460
2014	240,000	14,135	254,135
2015	255,000	9,260	264,260
2016	100,000	3,700	103,700
2017	100,000	1,300_	101,300
Totals	\$ 910,000	62,855	972,855

There was \$27,541 interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the current year.

The annual debt service requirements for capital lease principal, and interest are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal_	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 48,567	7,095	55,662
2014	45,362	5,648	51,010
2015	37,482	4,075	41,557
2016	38,793	2,763	41,556
2017	40,151	1,405	41,556
Totals	\$ 210,355	20,986	231,341

4. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Beginning, July 1, 2010, the District and State were required to contribute 14.5% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System are from a percentage of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% beginning January 1, 2010 and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining 5.0% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

4. Employee Retirement System – contd.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's portion of the total contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$155,031, \$139,106, and \$135,529 respectively.

5. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements. OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REGULATORY BASIS - COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	COM	2010 B. PURPOSE ND FUND	2010 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL (Memorandur 2012	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$	16,393	47,399	63,792	23,752
Investments	Ψ	10,000	100,000	100,000	700,000
Total assets		16,393	147,399	163,792	723,752
Liabilities					
Warrants payable		16,393	89,906	106,299	2,315
Encumbrances			57,493	57,493	97,221
Total liabilities		16,393	147,399	163,792	99,536
Fund equity					
Cash fund balances				<u> </u>	624,216
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	16,393	147,399	163,792	723,752

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	2010 COMB. PURPOSE BOND FUND	2010 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTALS (Memorandum Only) 2012 2011	
Expenditures				
Instruction			_	43,650
Support services			-	165,214
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	\$ 149,216	475,000	624,216	205,920
Total expenditures	149,216	475,000	624,216	414,784
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(149,216)	(475,000)	(624,216)	(414,784)
Other financing sources (uses) Bond sales proceeds	-	· <u>-</u>		475,000
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(149,216)	(475,000)	(624,216)	60,216
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	149,216	475,000	624,216	564,000
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ -	· <u>-</u>	·	624,216

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2012

	AGENCY FUNDS ACTIVITY FUNDS		
<u>ASSETS</u>		2012	2011
Cash	\$	54,048	58,241
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities Funds held for school organizations	\$	54,048	58,241

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Balance		Net		Balance
<u>Activities</u>	July 1, 2011	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	June 30, 2012
Booster Club	\$ 2,396	25,571	<u></u>	26,140	1,827
Cheerleading	464	2,555		2,970	49
4-H Club	580	6,368		6,124	824
General	6,558	2,705		6,967	2,296
FFA	2,734	27,821		26,866	3,689
FCCLA	-	11,709		11,486	223
Athletics	9,012	52,440		54,013	7,439
Music	168	66		189	45
Science	36	_		_	36
Petty Cash	•	400		400	-
Beta	266	2,552		2,725	93
Yearbook	2,058	4,560		2,257	4,361
Student Council	490	.,		312	178
Elementary Account	7,293	23,748		24,071	6,970
Flower Fund	. ,	65		_ ,,,, .	65
FCA	103	-		_	103
Turner High School Academic	33	285		163	155
Kindergarten Class	101	760		306	555
1st Grade Class	240	265		231	274
Second Grade Class	222	265		332	155
Third Grade Class	116	141		69	188
Fourth Grade Class	41	112		34	119
Fifth Grade Class	1,014	1,058		1,739	333
Class of 2012	1,432	551		1,857	126
Class of 2013	- 1,	8,535		7,952	583
Jr High Cheerleaders	58	-,	•	7,002	58
Middle School Account	4,677	4,226		4,968	3,935
Resource Lab	241	105		200	146
Pre K Class	158	441	•		599
High School Account	85	147		42	190
Library	2,266	5,243		6,285	1,224
Remedial	-,	60		53	7
Pop A Shot	740	-		-	740
MS Student Council	1,106	_		102	1,004
Lisa Parker Scholarship	12,800	1,620		102	14,420
Indian Ed Activity Account	544	1,573	•	1,860	257
Little Dribblers	209	1,691		1,706	194
Elementry Playground Donations		588		1,700	588
aromone, ray ground Bondrons				<u>-</u>	308
TOTAL ASSETS - AGENCY FUNDS	58,241	188,226	_	192,419	54,048
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		•			
Funds held for					
school organizations	\$ 58,241	188,226		192,419	54,048

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-5, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Ending Balance 6/30/2012		(2,485)	(2,515) (2,515) (2,515)
Total Expenditures	27,746 20,557 48,303	53,194 1,822 12,483 80,187 3,107 150,793	8,699 8,699 67,561 28,757 2,515 98,833 107,532
Revenue Collected	27,746 20,557 48,303	53, 194 21,527 1,822 12,483 3,314 80,187 25,816 95 622 199,060	8,699 8,699 67,561 28,757 96,318
Beginning Balance 7/01/2011		(21,527) (3,314) (25,816) (95)	
Program or Award <u>Amount</u>	\$ 27,802 20,557 48,359	56,413 1,822 16,658 80,187 3,107 \$ 158,187	
Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	S060A110461 S358A113661	···	
Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	84.060 84.358A	84.010 84.367 84.367 84.367 84.027 84.027 84.391	10.555 10.555 10.553
Federal Grantor/Pass Through <u>Grantor/Program, Title</u>	U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs: Title VII-Part A, Indian Education Small, Rural Schools Ach. Program Subtotal	Passed Through State Department of Education: Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs 2010-11 - Note 1 ARRA Title I-Part A Title II-Part A, REAP Title II-Part A, REAP 2010-11 - Note 1 Special Education, Flowthrough, P.L. 105-17 Special Education, Flowthrough, P.L. 105-17 Special Education, Preschool, Ages 3-5, P.L. 105-17 Subtotal	U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities): National School Lunch Program Non-Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program School Program School Program School Program School Program Cash Assistance Subtotal

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Ending Balance 6/30/2012	(5,000)
Fotal Expenditures	2,450 13,338 1,206 10 17,004 323,632
Revenue Collected	2,450 2,244 4,704 357,084
Beginning Balance 7/01/2011	(2,244) 13,338 1,206 12,300 (38,452)
Program or Award <u>Amount</u>	\$ 2,450 10 2,460 \$ 209,006
Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	
Federal CFDA Number	15.130 15.130 84.334 84.334 12.112
Federal Grantor/Pass Through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Other Federal Assistance: Johnson O'Malley Johnson O'Malley 2010-11 - Note 1 Gear-Up Grant 2010-11 - Note 1 Gear-Up Grant Parent Leadership 2010-11 - Note 1 Flood Control Subtotal Total Federal Assistance

Note 1 - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 2 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$8,699 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount. Note 3 - This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT I-5, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND <u>NUMBER</u>	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Company	Superintendent Activity/Lunch Fund	71113768 71113784	\$100,000 \$1,000	7/1/11-7/1/12 7/1/11-7/1/12
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Treasurer Activity/Lunch Fund	69368264 18087169	\$100,000 \$1,000	7/1/11-7/1/12 1/25/12-1/25/13
	Activity/Lunch Fund	18087167	\$1,000	1/25/12-1/25/13
	Encumbrance/Minutes Clerk	69233877	\$1,000	10/12/11-10/12/12



Jack H. Jenkins, CPA A Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Turner School District No. I-005 Burneyville, Oklahoma 73430-0159

I have audited the regulatory basis financial statements of Turner School District No. I-005, Burneyville, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued my report thereon, dated March 6, 2013. The audit opinion was adverse to generally accepted accounting principles because the District prepares its financial statements on a basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education that complies with the cash and budget laws of Oklahoma, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles and qualified as to the preparation of financial statements prepared on that basis. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. There can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information of the school board, management, Oklahoma State Auditor and Inspector's Office and the Oklahoma State Department of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jack H. Jenkins

Certified Public Accountant, P.C.

March 6, 2013

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

There were no material prior year findings.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma)
County of Tulsa	•)

The undersigned auditing firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Turner School District for the audit year 2011-12.

Jack H. Jenkins, CPA, P.C.

BY JAMES ACTION

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this day of, March, 2013

NOTARY PUBLIC

09009187 EXP. 11/05/13

OF OKLAH

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-5, LOVE COUNTY AUDIT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

The annual independent audit for the Turner School District was presented to the Board of Education in an Open Board Meeting as indicated below, by Jack H. Jenkins, CPA, P.C.

The School Board acknowledges that as the governing body of the district, responsible for the districts financial and compliance operations, the audit findings and exceptions have been presented to them.

A copy of the audit, including this acknowledgement form, will be sent to the Oklahoma State Department of Education within 30 days from it's presentation, as stated in 70 O.S. § 22-108:

"The local board of education shall forward a copy of the audit report to the State Board of Education within thirty (30) days after receipt of said audit."

Sesli & Christian	3/11/13
Superintendent of Schools	Date of Board Meeting
Board of Education President	Board of Education Member
Board of Education Tresident	Board of Education Montool
Keith White	MIN
Board of Education Vice President	Board of Education Member
	Belinde Will
	Board of Education Member
Subscribed and sworn to before me on this	1 day of March, 2013
Lacela Jenha	
Notalry Public	Affix Notary Seal