Financial Statements
June 30, 2015
With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon

June 30, 2015

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School District Officials June 30, 2015

# **Board of Education**

President Noralene Groves

Vice-President Bo Ellis

Clerk Anthony Prince

Member Dena Anderson

Member Linda Embry

School District Treasurer

Anita Qualls

Minute-Encumbrance Clerk

Merlene Wolfe

Superintendent of Schools

Marjana Tharp

#### **JOHNSTON & BRYANT**

Certified Public Accountants

Pete Johnston, C.P.A. Allen Bryant, Jr., C.P.A. P.O. Box 1564 Ada, Oklahoma 74821-1564 (580) 332-5549

#### **MEMBER**

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Education Vanoss Independent School District Number I-9 Vanoss, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of the Vanoss School District I-9, Vanoss, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education to meet financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Vanoss Independent School District I-9 Pontotoc County, Oklahoma

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Vanoss School District Number I-9 on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America, although not reasonably determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Vanoss School District Number I-9 Vanoss, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2015, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed in the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of Vanoss School District Number I-9, Vanoss, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2015, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements-regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Vanoss Independent School District I-9 Pontotoc County, Oklahoma

The combining financial statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2015 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Johnston & Bryons

August 12, 2015 Ada, Oklahoma

Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance All Fund Types and Account Groups - Regulatory Basis June 30, 2015

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General		Building Fund		Debt Service		Co-op
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Amounts Available in Debt	\$	2,196,799	\$	231,326	\$	244,335	\$	-
Services Fund Amounts to be Provided for Retirement of General Long-Term Debt	· 	-		- -		-		- -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,196,799	\$	231,326	\$	244,335	\$	
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>								
Warrants Payable Long-Term Debt Bonds Payable	\$	478,668 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -
TOTAL LIABILITIES		478,668		_		_		
FUND BALANCE:								
Restricted		<u>-</u>		231,326		244,335		-
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	1,718,131 1,718,131	_	231,326		244,335		<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,196,799	\$	231,326	\$	244,335	\$	-

	Capital Projects	 Fiduciary Trust and Agency		Account Group Long- Term Debt	 Total Memorandum Only)
\$	3,677	\$ 92,050	\$	-	\$ 2,768,187
	-	-		244,335	244,335
	-	 -		505,665	505,665
\$\$	3,677	\$ 92,050	\$	750,000	\$ 3,518,187
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	750,000 750,000	\$ 478,668 750,000 1,228,668
	3,677	- 92,050		-	479,338 1,810,181
	3,677	 92,050	_	<u> </u>	2,289,519
\$	3,677	\$ 92,050	\$	750,000	\$ 3,518,187

Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and
Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds - Regulatory Basis
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Government Fund Types					
		General	Bui	ilding Fund		Co-op
REVENUES COLLECTED:						
District Sources	\$	733,801	\$	90,871	\$	-
Intermediate Sources		84,021		-		_
State Sources		2,566,646		-		_
Federal Sources		786,092				<u>-</u>
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED		4,170,560		90,871		
EXPENDITURES PAID:						
Instruction		2,229,441		_		_
Support Services		1,396,450		_		_
Non-Instruction Services		278,788		_		_
Captial Outlay		47,784		-		_
Other Outlays		25		-		14,014
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID		3,952,488				14,014
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under)						
Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments		218,072		90,871		(14,014)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating Transfers In						
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	}	218,072		90,871		(14,014)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,500,059		140,455		14,014
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,718,131	\$	231,326	\$	

Debt Service	Capital Project	 Total (Memorandum Only)
\$ 251,069 - - - 251,069	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,075,741 84,021 2,566,646 786,092 4,512,500
- - - - 231,313	- - - 1,067 -	2,229,441 1,396,450 278,788 48,851 245,352
231,313 19,756	1,067	4,198,882
19,756 224,579	(1,067) 4,744	313,618 1,883,851
\$ 244,335	\$ 3,677	\$ 2,197,469

Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid
And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis
Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENIJE COLLECTED.	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Favorable (nfavorable)
REVENUE COLLECTED:				
District Sources Intermediate Sources State Sources Federal Sources TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 582,950 76,315 2,419,819 181,846	\$ 582,950 76,315 2,419,819 599,917	\$ 733,801 84,021 2,566,646 786,092	\$ 150,851 7,706 146,827 186,175
COLLECTED	 3,260,930	 3,679,001	 4,170,560	 491,559
EXPENDITURES PAID:				
Instruction Support Services Non-Instruction Services Capital Outlay Other Outlays	 3,037,916 1,396,470 278,793 47,785 25	 3,455,987 1,396,470 278,793 47,785 25	 2,229,441 1,396,450 278,788 47,784 25	 1,226,546 20 5 1
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	 4,760,989	 5,179,060	 3,952,488	 1,226,572
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid	(1,500,059)	(1,500,059)	218,072	1,718,131
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfers In	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 	 
Excess of Revenue Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,500,059)	(1,500,059)	218,072	1,718,131
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,500,059	 1,500,059	 1,500,059	 <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,718,131	\$ 1,718,131

Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid
And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis
Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Special Revenue Fund (Building Fund)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original/ Final Budget		1	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUE COLLECTED:							
District Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$	83,323	\$	90,871 - -	\$	7,548 - -	
TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED		83,323		90,871		7,548	
EXPENDITURES PAID:							
Instruction Support Services		-		-		-	
Non-Instruction Services Capital Outlays		223,778		-		223,778	
Other Outlays TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID		223,778		<u>-</u>		223,778	
Excess of Revenue Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid		(140,455)		90,871		231,326	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In (Out)							
Excess of Revenue Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)		(140,455)		90,871		231,326	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		140,455		140,455			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$		\$	231,326	\$	231,326	

Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid
And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis
Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Debt Service Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUE COLLECTED:	 				
District Sources State Sources Federal Sources Investment Income TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED	\$ 239,634	\$ 251,069 - - - 251,069	\$	11,435 - - - 11,435	
EXPENDITURES PAID:					
Instruction Support Services Non-Instruction Services Capital Outlays Other Outlays TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	 231,313 231,313	 231,313 231,313		- - - - - -	
Excess of Revenue Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid	8,321	19,756		11,435	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating Transfers In	 	 <u>-</u>			
Excess of Revenue Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,321	19,756		11,435	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 224,579	 224,579			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 232,900	\$ 244,335	\$	11,435	

Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Regulatory Basis Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Co-op Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original/ Final	Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES COLLECTED:				
District Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intermediate Sources	-	_	-	· -
State Sources	-	-	-	-
Federal Sources	_	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL REVENUE				
COLLECTED				
EXPENDITURES PAID:				
Instruction	-			
Support Services	-	-	-	-
Non-Instruction Services	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays	-	-	-	-
Other Outlays	14,014	14,014	14,014	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES				
PAID	14,014	14,014	14,014	
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid	(14,014)	(14,014)	(14,014)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfers In (Out)		<del>-</del>		
Excess Of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid and Other		(14.01.4)	(14.014)	
Financing Sources (Uses)	(14,014)	(14,014)	(14,014)	-
FUND BALANCE,				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	14,014	(14,014)	14,014	
FUND BALANCE,				
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Vanoss Public Schools Independent District No. I-9 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed Superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the district, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basis -- but not the only -criterion for including a potential component unit in the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involved considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **B. Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

**Special Revenue Fund** - The special revenue fund of the District consists of the Building Fund.

Building Fund - The Building Fund consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

**Co-op Fund-** The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint program.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Fund Accounting (continued)

**Debt Service Fund** - Debt Service fund is the District's Sinking Fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earning from temporary investments.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The Capital Projects Fund is the District's Bond Fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (Enterprise Funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service fund).

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principle. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Agency Fund - The Agency Fund is the Schools Athletics and Activities Fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts and athletic events of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets not accounted for in proprietary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **B. Fund Accounting (continued)**

**General Long-Term Debt Account Group** - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt-service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

**General Fixed Asset Account Group** - This account group is used to account for property, plant and equipment of the school district.

#### **Memorandum Only - Total Column**

The total column on the general purpose financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its basic financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### C. Basis of Accounting (continued)

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

#### D. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2015 that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund – Food Service	 -
Total	\$ -

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting -- under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund -- is utilized in all governmental funds of the District.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

**Investments** – The District's financial instruments include cash and investments. The District's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance (continued)

**Inventories** – Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the District's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

**Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment** - The District has not maintained a record of its general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Asset Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

Compensated Absences – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

**Long-Term Debt** - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year.

**Due to Activity Groups** - Due to Activity Groups represent the funds received from school related groups and organizations over which the board of education exercises control. These funds are credited to the account maintained by the District for the benefit of the group or organization.

**Reserved for Debt Service** - The balance of the sinking fund is restricted by Oklahoma Statutes to be used only for paying of the principal and interest on bonds and judgments (to the extent of all outstanding obligations of the District). Any balance in excess of the outstanding obligations is shown as Cash Fund Balance.

**Fund Balances** – In the fund statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amount that are considered nonspendable (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable,

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance (continued)

#### **Fund Balances (continued)**

or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are spendable (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amount that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

**Assigned** fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated hi-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

**Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposed within the general fund.

#### G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures

**Local Sources** - Revenues from local sources is the money generated from within the District's boundaries. It includes ad valorem tax, interest income, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures (continued)

**Intermediate Sources** - Revenues from intermediate sources are monies collected by an intermediate administrative unit (i.e. county government) between the District and the state levels, and distributed to the District in amounts that are different than the proportion collected within the District's boundaries.

**State Sources** - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenues from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue ear-marked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenue be accounted for in the general fund.

**Federal Sources** - Revenues from federal sources are monies received from the federal government in the form of grants or entitlements (either directly or passed through another entity). A grant is monies received which must be spent for a specific purpose or activity. An entitlement is an amount given to the District based upon an allocation formula.

**Instruction Expenditures** - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students.

**Support Services Expenditures** - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction.

**Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures** - This expenditures category consists of activities which provide non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### G. Revenue, Expenses and Expenditures (continued)

**Capital Outlays** - This expenditure category consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

**Other Outlays** - This category is for items not properly classified as expenditures, but which still require budgetary or accounting control

**Interfund Transactions** - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

#### H. Statement of Cash Flows

Since the District does not currently have any Proprietary Fund Types, the statement of cash flows has not been presented in the fiscal 2015 accompanying financial statements.

#### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during that reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

- J. **Non-Monetary Transactions** The District receives commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- K. **Memorandum Only** Total Columns on the financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 2. Property Taxes

The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on November 1 and are due on receipt of the tax bill. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of the taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. No provision had been made for uncollected taxes, as all taxes are deemed collectible. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commission and reimbursements.

The assessed value of the certified roll, upon which the levy for the 2015 fiscal year was based, was \$17,453,596. On February 13, 2001, voters of the school district voted to make all current support levies permanent.

#### Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information – The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget is submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The electors of the District have voted on the question to make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent; therefore, an annual mileage election (normally the first Tuesday in February) is not necessary. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the District. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 4. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds

#### A. Deposits and Investments

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2015, the District held deposits of approximately \$2,768,188 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

#### Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### **Investment Credit Risk**

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposits, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administration and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administration, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a. d.).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 4. Detailed Notes Concerning the Funds (continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The investments held at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Type	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Credit Rating	Market Value	Cost
Investments Checking and Certificates of deposits Total investments	N/A	AAAM	\$2,768,188 \$2,768,188	\$2,768,188 \$2,768,188

Centration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 100% in checking (\$2,768,188).

#### Note 5. General Long-Term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without the approval by the District voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 10 years from the date of issue. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Obligation	Balance Outstanding 6-30-14	Issued (Retired) During Year	Balance Outstanding 6-30-15
2012 Go Bonds 2009 Go Bonds	775,000 180,000	(175,000) (30,000)	600,000 150,000
Totals	\$ 955,000	\$ (205,000)	\$ 750,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 5. General Long-Term Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to retire general obligations bonds as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending 30-Jun	 Principal	 Interest	 Totals
2016	\$ 230,000	\$ 13,050	\$ 243,050
2017	230,000	9,775	239,775
2018	230,000	6,425	236,425
2019	60,000	3,000	63,000
2020	 		 
Totals	\$ 750,000	\$ 32,250	\$ 782,250

#### Note 6. Employee Retirement System

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK, 73152 or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 6. Employee Retirement System (continued)

# Basis of Accounting (continued)

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The system has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Additionally, OTRS receives "federal matching contributions" for positions whose funding comes from federal sources or certain grants. The District and State are required to contribute 14.0% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are from 3.54% of its revenues from sales tax use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma, plus the federal contribution contributed the remaining 4.5% during this year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The school is required to pay 16.5% for any compensated retired teachers already receiving retirement benefits.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contributions for 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$224,591, \$237,845 and \$253,057 respectfully.

#### Note 7. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of their taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each district are kept separate and districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in their account they would be liable for the excess.

# Note 9. Surety Bonds

The District has a Public School System Activity Fund Custodian Bond with Western Surety Company. It covers the Activity Fund Custodian for the sum of \$25,000.00 and it is for the term July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

The treasurer is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$2,000,000 for the term July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

### Note 9. Surety Bonds (continued)

The minute clerk/encumbrance clerk is bonded by Western Surety Company, for the sum of \$1,000.00 for the term, of July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

The superintendent is bonded by Western Surety Company for the sum of \$100,000 from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

### Note 10. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 12, 2015 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance Activity Funds – Regulatory Basis June 30, 2015

ASSETS	Activi Fund	•
Cash	\$ 9	2,050
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 9</u>	2,050
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
FUND BALANCE:		
Unreserved/Undesignated Student Groups		5,303 6,747
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 9	2,050

Statement of Changes in Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Activity Funds – Regulatory Basis Year Ended June 30, 2015

	alance 1-2014	D	eposited	Net Transfers		D	isbursed	6	Balance 5-30-2015
<u>ASSETS</u>	 		<u>opositote</u>	 			150 013 0 0		
Cash	\$ 91,300	\$	233,838	\$		\$	233,088	\$	92,050
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 91,300	\$	233,838	\$ 	- : <del>-</del> :	\$	233,088	\$	92,050
FUND BALANCE									
Unreserved/Undesignated Designated – Student	17,164	\$	86,058	\$	- ;	\$	87,919	\$	15,303
Groups TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	74,136		147,780		<u>-</u> .		145,169		76,747
BALANCE	\$ 91,300	\$	233,838	\$	- :	\$	233,088	\$	92,050

Detail of Activity Funds – Regulatory Basis Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Balance June 30,2014	Deposited		Trsansfers	Disbursed	Balance June 30,2015
	_	,	 1	_			 ,
Athletics	\$	17,164	\$ 86,058	\$	_	\$ 87,919	\$ 15,303
Softball		205	5,345		-	4,834	716
Baseball		883	2,490		-	3,037	336
Boys Basketball		427	3,870		-	4,297	-
Girls Basketball		427	8,715		-	8,099	1,043
FFA		6,531	35,158		-	30,181	11,508
Yearbook		6,887	8,351		-	9,076	6,162
Juniors		-	11,018		-	10,125	893
Seniors		3,337	486		-	3,764	59
BPA		3,092	16,216		-	16,015	3,293
ATAE		856	1,321		-	1,318	859
Cheerleading		1,377	4,418		-	4,766	1,029
FCA		26	-		-	_	26
Lower Elementary		32,425	22,675		-	27,928	27,172
Art		947	477		-	362	1,062
Media Center		8,091	10,624		-	13,629	5,086
Upper Elementery		800	6,400		-	656	6,544
Science Club		1,089	934		-	710	1,313
Student Council		2,399	2,956		-	2,628	2,727
Academics		804	1,516		-	1,496	824
SIPR		2,799	631		-	242	3,188
Choir		336	2,122		-	1,760	698
High School		324	2,057		-	246	2,135
Native American Clu	u <u>b</u>	75	 			 	 75
	\$	91,300	\$ 233,838	\$		\$ 233,088	\$ 92,050

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Regulatory Basis Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Pass Through	
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/	Federal	Grantor's	Balance
Program Title	CFDA No.	Number	June 30, 2014
U.S. Department of Educaiton Direct Programs:	_		
Impact Aid	84.041	46-ok-2014-2703	\$ -
Rural Ed Achievement	84.358A	5041B-2014-4248	-
Indian Education Title VII	84.060A	S060A-01-1092	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I	84.010	N/A	3,302
Title II - Part A- Real	84.367	N/A	-
Indian Education JOM	15.130	N/A	6,920
Title II,Part B Math and Science Partnership	84.366	N/A	-
Flow Thru PL IDEA	84.027	N/A	-
Pre-School Ages 3-5 IDEA	84.173	N/A	-
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through U.S. Department of Agriculture:			10,222
Child Nutrition - Lunches	10.555	N/A	-
Child Nutrition - Breakfasts	10.553	N/A	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	E		
Passed Through U.S. Department of Human Services:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	N/A	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through State of Oklahoma			
Carl D. Perkins	84.048	N/A	5,749
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 15,971

Receipts for Prior Year expenditures		Receipts for Current Year Expenditures	 Current Year Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2015	Indirect Costs
\$ - - - -	\$	220,825 33,755 36,484 291,064	\$ 220,825 33,755 36,484 291,064	\$ - - - -	- - - -
1,183 - 6,920		157,607 25,205 6,848 - 104,625	157,607 25,205 7,047 - 104,625	357 792 199 -	- 624 - - -
8,103		2,590 - 296,875	 2,590 - 297,074	 1,348	624
 - - -		122,305 48,433 170,738	130,096 48,433 178,529	 - - -	 - - -
 	_	13,563 13,563	13,563 13,563	 	 <u>-</u>
 5,749		<u> </u>	 6,029	 6,029	 
\$ 13,852	\$	772,240	\$ 786,259	\$ 7,377	\$ 624

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Regulatory Basis Year Ended June 30, 2015

**Note 1:** The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant expenditures of Vanoss Public Schools, I-9, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma and is presented on the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

No amounts were passed through to a subrecipient.

Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015

STATE OF OKLAHOMA	)	
	)ss	
COUNTY OF PONTOTOC	)	
duly sworn on oath says the Liability Insurance in accord	at said firm had in fu ance with the "Oklaho	m listed below being of lawful age, being firs full force and effect Accountant's Professiona oma Public School Audit Law" at the time on the with the Vanoss Public Schools for the audit
		Johnston and Bryant, C.P.A.'S
		By_ allow Bryen
Subscribed and sworn to be	fore me this	day of Devantu 20! S
Account Mell Notary Public My commission expires		DELIC OKLANIA
Commission No. 1800 350	<u> </u>	

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education Vanoss Independent School District Number I-9 Vanoss, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, Issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Vanoss School District Number I-9, Vanoss, Oklahoma(District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 12, 2015, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of the financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's Internal control over financial reporting (Internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's Internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Board of Education Vanoss Independent School District Number I-9 Vanoss, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Johnston & Bryons

Ada, Oklahoma August 12, 2015

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Board of Education Vanoss Independent School District Number I-9 Vanoss, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Vanoss School District Number I-9, Vanoss, Oklahoma (District)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*; issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Vanoss School District Number I-9, Vanoss, Oklahoma, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The Board of Education Vanoss Independent School District Number I-9 Vanoss, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma Page Two

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Vanoss School District Number I-9, Vanoss, Oklahoma (the District), is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or defected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Johnston & Bryand

August 12, 2015 Ada, Oklahoma



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

### Summary of Auditor's Results

### Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued: Adverse opinion on the basic financial statements-regulatory basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Education.

<i>U</i> 1	1		
Internal Control over financial	reporting		
Material weaknesses id	entified?	Yes	X None Noted
Reportable conditions i considered to be mater		_Yes	X None Noted
Noncompliance materia	al to financial statements noted?	_Yes	X None Noted
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major pro	grams: Unqualified		
Material weaknesses id	entified?	Yes	X None Noted
Reportable conditions in not considered to be n		_Yes	X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued for major programs: Unquali	*		
Any audit findings disclosed the be reported in accordance with of Circular A-133?	•	Yes	X None Noted
		105	_
Findings and Questioned Costs	for Federal Awards	Yes	X None Noted
Identification of Major Program <u>CFDA</u>	ns:		
Number	Name of Federal Program		
84.027	IDEA Flow Thru		
84.041	Impact Aid		
84.173 84.010	IDEA Pre-School Title I Pre-School		
Dollar threshold used to disting	nuich batwaan		
_	guisii octween	\$ 30	0,000
type A and type B programs:		<u>ф 30</u>	<u>0,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk a	uditee?	Yes	X No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

None