FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

WATTS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. 1-4, ADAIR COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2012

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President

Robert Arnold

Vice-President

Melissa Reynolds

Clerk

Jim Randolph

Member

Rita Williams

Member

Michelle Lewis

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

J. David Smith

SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Katherine Tye

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page No.</u>
School District Officials	2
Table of Contents	3-4
Independent Auditor's Report	5-6
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements - Regulatory Basis Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	7-8
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	9-10
Disposition of Prior Year's Reportable Conditions and Material Instances of Non-Compliance	11
Schedule of Audit Results, Findings and Questioned Costs	12
Combined Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis	
Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity All Fund Types and Account Groups – Regulatory Basis	13
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trusts – Regulatory Basis	14
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	15-16
Notes to Combined Financial Statements - Regulatory Basis	17-30
Combining Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – All Special Revenue Funds – Regulatory Basis	31

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

Page No.

Combining Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis – cont'd					
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	32				
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – All Fiduciary Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	33				
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds – Regulatory Basis	34				
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis	35				
Schedule of Statutory, Fidelity and Honesty Bonds	36				
Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	37				

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Watts School District No. I-4 Watts, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements of Watts School District No. I-4 (the District), Adair County, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as combined financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements – regulatory basis are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement – regulatory basis presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As also discussed in Note 1, the combined financial statements – regulatory basis referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets account group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is not known, but presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, and because of the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2012, or the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

However, in our opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and cash flows of each fund type, where applicable, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2012 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules and other schedules as listed in the table of contents under other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis taken as a whole.

Sanders, Bladase & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

December 14, 2012

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STANDARDS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Watts School District No. I-4 Watts, Oklahoma

We have audited the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of Watts School District (the District) No. I-4, Watts, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, have been prepared on a basis prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Danders, Bladsoe & Newett-

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

December 14, 2012

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Watts School District No. I-4 Watts, Oklahoma

Compliance

We have audited Watts School District (the District) No. I-4, Watts, Oklahoma's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board, management, the Oklahoma State Department of Education and the Federal Clearinghouse, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Bladsoe & Hewett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

December 14, 2012

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2012

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2012

<u>Section 1</u> – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the statutory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no reportable conditions in the internal controls.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 5. The audit disclosed no reportable condition in the internal controls over major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 § 510(a).
- 7. Programs determined to be major are the Title I (84.010, 84.377, 84.389), the IDEA-B Special Education (84.027, 84.173), and Child Nutrition programs (10.553, 10.555) which were clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.
- <u>Section 2</u> Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

<u>Section 3</u> – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

NONE

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

	G() VERNMENT/	AL FUND TYPES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE	TOTALS	
ASSETS	G	ENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)	
Cash Investments	\$	367,663 180,511	109,372 <u>98,336</u>	61,973	539,008 278,847	
Total Assets	\$	548,174	207,708	61,973	817,855	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
Liabilities: Warrants payable Funds held for school organizations Total liabilities	\$	142,385 142,385	9,976	1,500 <u>40,910</u> 42,410	153,861 <u>40.910</u> 194,771	
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		405.789	197,732	19,563	623,084	
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	548,174	207,708	61.973	817,855	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		GOVERNMENT	AL FUND TYPES	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE	TOTALS
	C	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	TRUST FUNDS	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:	`				
Local sources	\$	311,385	75,782	10,072	397,239
Intermediate sources		30,948			30,948
State sources		1,938,045	3,340		1,941,385
Federal sources		689,825	175,078		864,903
Interest earnings			51		51
Return of assets		60			60
Total revenues collected		2,970,263	254,251	10,072	3,234,586
Expenditures:					
Instruction		1,676,228			1,676,228
Support services		1,223,190	45,792		1,268,982
Operation of non-instructional services		13,387	198,504		211,891
Other outlays:					
Other uses				7,200	7,200
Total expenditures		2,912,805	244,296	7,200	3,164,301
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures before other					
financing sources (uses)		57,458	9,955	2,872	70,285
		,	-,	_, • · _	,
Other financing sources (uses):					
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		443	65	0	508
Excess of revenues collected over			10 677	o c=	
(under) expenditures		57,901	10,020	2,872	70,793
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		347,888	187,712	16,691	552,291
		0 11 (000			
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	405,789	197,732	19,563	623,084

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND						
	0	riginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues Collected:							
Local sources	\$	271,514	311,385	39,871			
Intermediate sources		24,545	30,948	6,403			
State sources		1,965,439	1,938,045	(27,394)			
Federal sources		401,330	689,825	288,495			
Return of assets		6,035	60	(5,975)			
Total revenues collected		2,668,863	2,970,263	301,400			
Expenditures:							
Instruction			1,676,228	(1,676,228)			
Support services			1,223,190	(1,223,190)			
Operation of non-instructional services			13,387	(13,387)			
Other outlays:							
Other uses		3,016,751		3,016,751			
Total expenditures		3,016,751	2,912,805	103,946			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(347,888)	57,458	405,346			
Other financing sources (uses): Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	443_	443_			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(347,888)	57,901	405,789			
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		347,888	347,888	0_			
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	405,789	405,789			

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	Original/ Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	54,938	75,782	20,844		
State sources		3,320	3,340	20		
Federal sources		132,960	175,078	42,118		
Interest earnings			51	51		
Non revenue sources		2,883		(2.883)		
Total revenues collected		194,101	254,251	60,150		
Expenditures:						
Support services			45,792	(45,792)		
Operation of non-instructional services			198,504	(198,504)		
Other outlays:						
Other uses		381,813		381,813		
Total expenditures		381,813	244,296	137,517		
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures before other						
financing sources (uses)		(187,712)	9,955	197,667		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		0	65	65_		
Excess of revenue collected over (under)						
expenditures		(187,712)	10,020	197,732		
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		187,712	187,712	0		
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	197,732	197,732		

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Watts Public Schools Independent District No. I-4 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain the co-op fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. <u>Fund Accounting</u> - cont'd

 $\underline{\text{Co-op Fund}}$ – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District maintained the gifts and endowments fund during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

 \underline{Cash} – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity</u> – cont'd

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2012, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity</u> – cont'd

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts. After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers or residual equity transfers during the 2011-12 fiscal year.

1. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2012, was \$541,886. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2012, the District's investments consisted certificates of deposits and of investment pools (sweep accounts) invested in money market funds with an approximate fair market value of \$278,847.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses form increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with Arvest Bank and Peoples Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

2. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2012.

3. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for

3. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont.

various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue. There was no long-term debt at June 30, 2012.

4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

school district. For the 2011-12 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2012. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/trs for all plan information.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$249,049, \$237,947 and \$239,384, respectively.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2011-12 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

Litigation

School officials are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Cash Investments	\$ 52,040 98,336	57,332	109,372 98.336
Total Assets	\$ 150,376	57,332	207,708
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities: Warrants payable	\$ 3,845	6,131	9,976
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances	 146,531	51,201	197,732
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 150,376	57,332	207,708

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		BUILDING FUND		 CHILD NUTRITION FUND			
	RIGINAL SUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL)RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues Collected:							
Local sources	\$ 38,788	38,788	54,352	\$ 16,150	16,150	21,430	
State sources				3,320	3,320	3,340	
Federal sources				132,960	132,960	175,078	
Interest earnings						51	
Non revenue sources	 2,883	2,883		 			
Total revenues collected	 41,671	41,671	54,352	152,430	152,430	199,899	
Expenditures:							
Support services			42,289			3,503	
Operation of non-instructional services						198,504	
Other outlays:							
Other uses	 176,139	176,139		 205,674	205,674		
Total expenditures	 176,139	176,139	42,289	 205,674	205,674	202,007	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other							
financing sources (uses)	(134,468)	(134,468)	12,063	(53,244)	(53,244)	(2,108)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	 0	0	0	 0	0_	65	
Excess of revenues collected over							
(under) expenditures	(134,468)	(134,468)	12,063	(53,244)	(53,244)	(2,043)	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 134,468	134,468	134,468	 53,244	53,244	53,244	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	146,531	\$ 0	0	51,201	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	<u>TRUS</u> GIF ENDC	ENDABLE <u>FFUNDS</u> TS AND DWMENTS FUND	AGENCY FUNDS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
Cash	\$	21,063	40,910	61,973
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
Liabilities: Warrants payable Funds held for school organizations Total Liabilities	\$	1,500	<u>40,910</u> 40,910	1,500 <u>40,910</u> 42,410
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		19,563	0	19,563
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	22,563	81,820	61,973

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	BALANCE 7-01-11		ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-12
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	39,417	111,832	0_	110.339	40,910
LIABILITIES						
Funds held for school organizations: Athletics	\$	4,651	15,502		17,266	2,887
Letterman	φ	4,001 531	6,021		5,921	2,007 631
General Activity Account		621	633		648	606
Cheerleaders		403	1,332		501	1,234
Yearbook		1,046	7,458		6,463	2,041
BETA dub		133	0		0	133
FFA		3,245	29,846		28,868	4,223
FFA metals		102	226		0	328
Vocational		2,263	1,804		1,947	2,120
Accel. Reading & Math		5,628	5,635		6,664	4,599
Student Council		88	0		0	88
Incentive funds		1,959	4,470		2,945	3,484
4-H		988	0		120	868
Principals Discr. Fund		4,360	211		1,461	3,110
Class of 2011		50	0		50	0
Class of 2012		8,346	8,032		16,121	257
Class of 2013		492	23,156		16,178	7,470
Class of 2014		508	0		0	508
Class of 2015		428	218		0	646
Class of 2016		0	3,457		2,720	737
P.T.O.		3,402	3,571		2,156	4,817
FCA		0	260		260	0
Competitive Academics		173	0_		50	123_
Total Liabilities	\$	39,417	111,832	0	110,339	40,910

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-4. ADAIR COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor / Pass Through	Federal CFDA	Federal Grantor's/	Program or	Balance at	Revenue	Total	Balance at
Grantor / Program Title	Number	Pass-through No.	Award Amount	07/01/11	Collected	Expenditures	06/30/12
U.S. Department of Education:							
Direct Programs:							
Indian Education	84.060A	S060A110482	\$ 44,979		44,979	44,979	
Small. Rural School Achievement Program	84.358A	S358A111111	23.302		21.485	23.302	1.817
Small. Rural School Achievement Program	84.358A	S358A101111	8.109		8.109	8.109	
Watts Emergency Management Plan	84.184	Q184E100123	84.170		46.691	60.795	14.104
Sub Total			160.560_	0_	121.264	137.185	15.921
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
*Title I	84.010		122,139		76.345	117,195	40.850
Title I 2010-11 - Note	84.010			46.752	46.752		
Title I ARRA 2010-11 - Note	84.389			852	852		
Title I. School Support 2010-11 - Note	84.010			94.596	94.596		
Title II. Part A	84.367		16.828		16.828	16.828	
Title II. Part A 2010-11 - Note	84.367			5.387	5.387		
*IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		84.634		84.634	84.634	
IDFA-B Flowthrough 2010-11 - Note	84.027			890	890		
*IDEA-B Preschool	84.173		3.421		1.123	2.976	1.853
Title IV. Part B. 21st Century	84.287		189.971		96.717	143.349	46.632
Title IV. Part B. 21st Century 2010-11 - Note	84.287			63.629	63.629		
ARRA. Education Jobs	84.394		74.386		74.386	74.386	
Sub Total			491.379	212 106	562 1.39	439.368	89.335
U.S. Department of Agriculture							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
*Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				56,899	56,899	
National school lunch program	10.555				118.179	118.179	
Sub Total					175.078	175.078	
Passed Through Department of Human Services							
*Non-cash assistance - commodities							
National school lunch program	10.555				9760	9.760	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Mallev	15.130		8,050		3.366	7,109	3,743
US Treasurv	12.n/a		3.056		3.056	3.056	
Sub Total			11 106_	0_	6.422	10.165	3.743
Total Federal Assistance			<u> </u>	212.106_	874.663	771.556_	108.999

* - Maior Programs

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior vear expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal vear.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$9,760 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not acree with the financial statements by this amount.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety -				
Westen Surety Company	Treasurer	60118090502	\$ 100,000	10/1/11 - 10/1/12
	Assistant Treasurer	60115422415	100,000	10/1/11 - 10/1/12
	Encumbrance Clerk	60170368282	100,000	10/1/11 - 10/1/12
	Minutes Clerk	54708516	1,000	7/1/11 - 7/1/12
	Activity Fund	70758031	100,000	7/15/11 - 7/15/12
	Superintendent	70755059	100,000	7/1/11 - 7/1/12
	Position Schedule	60168381054	100,000	10/1/11 - 10/1/12

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-4, ADAIR COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma)) ss County of Tulsa)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Watts Public Schools for the audit year 2011-12.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

By _____ Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 14th day of December, 2012

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016 Commission No. 00008621 December 14, 2012

Mr. David Smith, Supt. Watts Public Schools P.O. Box 10 Watts, Oklahoma 74946

Dear Mr. Smith:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. These items are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

No exceptions observed.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Bledsoe

For

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP