FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

WEWOKA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2012

Audited by

SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Wewoka School District No. I-2 Wewoka, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements of Wewoka School District No. I-2 (the District), Seminole County, Oklahoma, as listed in the table of contents as combined financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements – regulatory basis are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall combined financial statement – regulatory basis presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in conformity with the accounting and financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As also discussed in Note 1, the combined financial statements – regulatory basis referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed assets account group is not known. If the general fixed assets account group had been included, the amount of the adjustments to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is not known, but presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because the District's policy is to prepare its combined financial statements on the basis of accounting discussed in the third paragraph, and because of the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the combined financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2012, or the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

However, in our opinion, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group as discussed in the fourth paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and cash flows of each fund type, where applicable, for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules and other schedules as listed in the table of contents under other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements – regulatory basis and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements – regulatory basis taken as a whole.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Hewett

December 27, 2012

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STANDARDS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Wewoka School District No. I-2 Wewoka, Oklahoma

We have audited the combined financial statements – regulatory basis of Wewoka School District (the District) No. I-2, Wewoka, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which, except for the omission of the general fixed assets account group, have been prepared on a basis prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett

Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett-

December 27, 2012



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Wewoka School District No. I-2 Wewoka, Oklahoma

Compliance

We have audited Wewoka School District (the District) No. I-2, Wewoka, Oklahoma's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board, management, the Oklahoma State Department of Education and the Federal Clearinghouse, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

December 27, 2012

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2012

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2012

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 § 510(a).
- 7. Programs determined to be major were the Head Start Programs (93.600) and the Child Nutrition Programs (10.553, 10.555, 10.558, 10.559), which were clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The auditee was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

NONE

Section 3 – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

NONE

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES					FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	ACCOUNT GROUP	
ASSETS	(GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Cash Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement	\$	2,608,001	949,548	215,882	144,197	116,049	9,207	4,033,677 9,207
of long-term debt							2,396,162	2,396,162
Total Assets	\$	2,608,001	949,548	215,882	144,197	116,049	2,405,369	6,439,046
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Funds held for school organizations Unmatured obligations Long-term debt:	\$	301,197 389,029	172,364 39,213	206,675		200 98,655		473,761 428,242 98,655 206,675
Capital leases Bonds payable Total liabilities		690,226	211,577	206,675	0	98,855	1,515,369 890,000 2,405,369	1,515,369 890,000 3,612,702
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		1,917,775	737,971	9,207	144,197	17,194	0	2,826,344
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	2,608,001	949,548	215,882	144,197	116,049	2,405,369	6,439,046

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		GOVERNMENTAL	. FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 468,776	139,337	259,433		21,975	889,521
Intermediate sources	79,266					79,266
State sources	3,549,987	312,031	4			3,862,022
Federal sources	707,614	2,063,109				2,770,723
Interest earnings	50	26,997	391		89	27,527
Non-revenue receipts	211					211
Total revenues collected	4,805,904	2,541,474	259,828	0	22,064	7,629,270
Expenditures:						
Instruction	2,924,341	842,312				3,766,653
Support services	1,993,142	905,332		284,411		3,182,885
Operation of non-instructional services	39,697	555,675		201,111		595,372
Facilities acquisition & construction service		7,876				7,876
Other outlays/ uses:		7,070				7,070
Debt service requirements			260,962			260,962
Reimbursement	200		200,002			200
Repayments	30					30
Other uses		23,704			31,120	54,824
Total expenditures	4,957,410	2,334,899	260,962	284,411	31,120	7,868,802
·						
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures before other						
financing sources (uses)	(151,506)	206,575	(1,134)	(284,411)	(9,056)	(239,532)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer in (out)	120,608	(120,608)				
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	6,108	475				6,583
Bond sale proceeds	0,100	470		360,000		360,000
Sub-total	126,716	(120,133)	0	360,000	0	366,583
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures	(24,790)	86,442	(1,134)	75,589	(9,056)	127,051
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	1,942,565	651,529	10,341	68,608	26,250	2,699,293
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,917,775	737,971	9,207	144,197	17,194	2,826,344
						

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$ 416,678	416,678	468,776	52,098	
Intermediate sources	71,664	71,664	79,266	7,602	
State sources	3,538,553	3,538,553	3,549,987	11,434	
Federal sources	550,941	719,052	707,614	156,673	
Interest earnings			50	50	
Non-revenue receipts			211	211	
Total revenues collected	4,577,836	4,745,947	4,805,904	228,068	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	3,137,572	3,137,572	2,924,341	213,231	
Support services	2,174,197	2,174,197	1,993,142	181,055	
Operation of non-instructional services	41,638	41,638	39,697	1,941	
Other outlays:	,	,	,	,	
Reimbursement	573	573	200	373	
Indirect cost entitlement	684	684		684	
Other uses	1,165,677	1,333,788		1,165,677	
Repayments	60	60	30	30	
Total expenditures	6,520,401	6,688,512	4,957,410	1,562,991	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources/uses	(1,942,565)	(1,942,565)	(151,506)	1,791,059	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer in (out)			120,608	120,608	
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances			6,108	6,108	
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	126,716	126,716	
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures	(1,942,565)	(1,942,565)	(24,790)	1,917,775	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	1,942,565	1,942,565	1,942,565	0	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	0	1,917,775	1,917,775	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:	•	440.007	440.007	400.007	00.000	
Local sources	\$	110,307	110,307	139,337	29,030	
State sources		225,105	262,995	312,031	49,036	
Federal sources		1,827,083	1,943,056	2,063,109	120,053	
Interest earnings		 .		26,997	26,997	
Total revenues collected		2,162,495	2,316,358	2,541,474	225,116	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		661,755	815,618	842,312	(26,694)	
Support services		871,857	871,857	905,332	(33,475)	
Operation of non-instructional services		638,624	638,624	555,675	82,949	
Facilities acquisition & construction services Other outlays:		6,869	6,869	7,876	(1,007)	
Indirect cost entitlement		12,000	12,000		12,000	
Other uses		622,919	622,919	23,704	599,215	
Total expenditures		2,814,024	2,967,887	2,334,899	632,988	
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other						
financing sources (uses)		(651,529)	(651,529)	206,575	858,104	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)				(120,608)	(120,608)	
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances				475	475	
Total other financing sources (uses)		0	0	(120,133)	(120,133)	
Excess of revenue sources over						
(under) expenditures		(651,529)	(651,529)	86,442	737,971	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		651,529	651,529	651,529	0	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0_	0	737,971	737,971	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	DEBT SERVICE FUND					
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$	250,621	259,433	8,812		
State sources			4	4		
Interest earnings			391	391		
Total		250,621	259,828	9,207		
Requirements:						
Bonds		246,500	246,500			
Coupons		14,462	14,462			
Total requirements		260,962	260,962	0		
Excess of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures		(10,341)	(1,134)	9,207		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		10,341	10,341	0		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	9,207	9,207		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Wewoka Public Schools Independent District No. I-2 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting to comply with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, as required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District only maintained a gifts and endowments fund during the 2011-12 school year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Fund Accounting – cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgements and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – Regulatory Basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the Regulatory Basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the Regulatory Basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting – cont'd

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2011-12 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
General	\$ 168,111
Co-op	153,862

These amendments were approved by the county clerk.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting — under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund — is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u> – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2012, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the Regulatory Basis of accounting. While the Regulatory Basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet statutory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the Regulatory Basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity – cont'd

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

F. Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. During the 2011-12 fiscal year, the District transferred a net total of \$120,608 from the co-op fund to the general fund.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2012, was \$3,932,613. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

Investments – At June 30, 2012, the District had no outstanding investments.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses form increasing interest rates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – cont'd

Credit risk – Investments – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2012.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

The District has entered into lease agreements as lessee for the financing the acquisition of computer equipment and buses. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, since title transfers at the end of the lease term. The lease contains a clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year. The equipment is collateral for the lease.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Bonds Payable		Capital Leases	_	Total
Balance, June 30, 2011 Additions Retirements	\$	820,000 360,000 (290,000)	1,783,276 0 (267,907)	_	2,603,276 360,000 (557,907)
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$	890,000	1,515,369	_	2,405,369

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

Total

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2012, is set forth below:

General Obligation Bonds	Amount Outstanding
General Congulion Bonds	
Building Bonds, Series 2007, original issue \$400,000, interest rate of 3.65% to 4.00%, due in annual installments of \$100,000, final payment of \$100,000, due 7-01-12	\$ 100,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009, original issue \$450,000, interest rate of 1.60% to 2.00%, due in annual installments of \$150,000, final payment	200,000
of \$150,000, due 4-01-14	300,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010, original issue \$170,000, interest rate of 3.875% to 2.00%, due in annual installments of \$40,000, final payment	
of \$50,000, due 4-01-15	130,000
Building Bonds, Series 2011, original issue \$360,000, interest rate of 1.35% to 1.65%, due in annual installments of \$90,000, final payment of \$90,000, due 7-01-16	360,000
<u>Capital Leases</u>	
Lease purchase for facilities and equipment with Standard Capital Finance, LLC, dated 7-1-10, totaling \$1,515,369, @4.65%, due in annual varying principal and interest Installments, final payment due 8-15-22	1,515,369

\$ 2,405,369

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bonds and capital leases, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$	275,760	86,735	362,495
2014		457,444	80,747	538,191
2015		201,410	67,881	269,291
2016		234,164	62,765	296,929
2017		131,378	54,801	186,179
2018-2023		1,105,213	188,874	1,294,087
Total	\$	2,405,369	541,803	2,947,172

Interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the 2011-12 fiscal year totaled \$79,941.

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

Basis of Accounting - cont'd

present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2011-12 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District's contribution rate will increase annually until it reaches 18%, beginning July 1, 2006. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$622,466, \$613,119 and \$712,055, respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2012. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

The District's attorney is not aware of any pending litigation, claims or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments against the District.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

B	UILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
\$	634,375	160,179	154,994	949,548
\$	1,056 29,600 30,656	152,637 7,542 160,179	18,671 2,071 20,742	172,364 39,213 211,577
	603,719	0	134,252	737,971 949,548
	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,056 29,600 30,656	FUND FUND \$ 634,375 160,179 \$ 1,056 152,637 29,600 7,542 30,656 160,179 603,719 0	BUILDING FUND CO-OP FUND NUTRITION FUND \$ 634,375 160,179 154,994 \$ 1,056 29,600 7,542 30,656 152,637 7,542 2,071 30,656 18,671 20,742 603,719 0 134,252

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	UILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$ 56,719	28,571	54,047	139,337
State sources		274,952	37,079	312,031
Federal sources	25,709	1,745,356	292,044	2,063,109
Interest earnings	26,997			26,997
Total revenues collected	109,425	2,048,879	383,170	2,541,474
Expenditures:				
Instruction		842,312		842,312
Support services	33,355	871,977		905,332
Operation of non-instructional services	,	190,753	364,922	555,675
Facilities acquisition & construction services	1,056	,	6,820	7,876
Other uses		23,704		23,704
Total expenditures	34,411	1,928,746	371,742	2,334,899
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	75,014	120,133	11,428	206,575
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out)		(120,608)		(120,608)
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		475		475
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	(120,133)	0	(120,133)
Excess of revenues collected				
over (under) expenditures	75,014	0	11,428	86,442
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 528,705	0	122,824	651,529
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 603,719	0	134,252	737,971

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		BUILDING FUND			CO-OP FUND			CH	ILD NUTRITION FUND)
	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:										
Local sources	\$ 52,250	52,250	56,719	\$ 6,643	6,643	28,571	\$	51,414	51,414	54,047
State sources				200,522	238,412	274,952		24,583	24,583	37,079
Federal sources			25,709	1,574,612	1,690,585	1,745,356		252,471	252,471	292,044
Interest earnings	 		26,997	 						
Total revenues collected	 52,250	52,250	109,425	 1,781,777	1,935,640	2,048,879		328,468	328,468	383,170
Expenditures:										
Instruction				661,755	815,618	842,312				
Support services			33,355	871,857	871,857	871,977				
Operation of non-instructional services				194,152	194,152	190,753		444,472	444,472	364,922
Facilities acquisition & construction services			1,056	49	49			6,820	6,820	6,820
Other outlays:										
Indirect cost entitlement				12,000	12,000					
Other uses	 580,955	580,955		 41,964	41,964	23,704				
Total expenditures	 580,955	580,955	34,411	 1,781,777	1,935,640	1,928,746	-	451,292	451,292	371,742
Excess of revenues collected over										
(under) expenditures before other										
financing sources (uses)	(528,705)	(528,705)	75,014	0	0	120,133		(122,824)	(122,824)	11,428
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in (out)						(120,608)				
Adjustment to prior year encumbrances				 		475				
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	(120,133)		0	0	0
Excess of revenues collected over										
(under) expenditures	(528,705)	(528,705)	75,014	0	0	0		(122,824)	(122,824)	11,428
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 528,705	528,705	528,705	 0	0	0_		122,824	122,824	122,824
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	603,719	\$ 0	0	0	\$	0	0	134,252

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>	BU	2009 ILDING ID FUND	2011 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL	
Cash	\$	8,598	135,599	144,197	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities	\$	0	0	0	
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		8,598	135,599	144,197_	
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	8,598	135,599	144,197	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	2009 BUILDING BOND FUND	2009 TRANSPORATION BOND FUND	2010 TRANSPORTATION BOND FUND	2011 BUILDING BOND FUND	2011 TRANSPORATION BOND FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected: Total revenues collected	\$ 0	0	0	0	0	0
Expenditures: Support services	0	7,969	52,041	194,401	30,000	284,411
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	0	(7,969)	(52,041)	(194,401)	(30,000)	(284,411)
Other financing sources and uses: Bond sale proceeds	0	0	0	330,000	30,000	360,000
Excess of revenues collected and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	0	(7,969)	(52,041)	135,599	0	75,589
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	8,598	7,969	52,041	0	0	68,608
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,598	0	0	135,599	0	144,197

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY - ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

<u>ASSETS</u>	TRU (END	PENDABLE ST FUNDS GIFTS & OWMENTS FUND	AGENCY FUNDS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
Cash	\$	17,394	98,655	116,049
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
Liabilities: Warrants payable Funds held for school organizations Total Liabilities	\$	200	98,655 98,655	200 98,655 98,855
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		17,194	0	17,194
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	17,394	98,655	116,049

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	BALANCE 7-01-11	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-12
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	93,144	158,631	0	153,120	98,655
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Contributions Account	\$ 17,777	5,896		4,696	18,977
Head Start Activity Accounts	65	457		477	45
Auditorium Account	500	0		0	500
Annual	4,737	2,159		4,781	2,115
Athletics	9,953	36,678	1,308	35,638	12,301
Band	4,099	15,105		11,206	7,998
Boys athletics(Basketball)	1,116	250		983	383
F.F.A.	2,426	11,574		11,320	2,680
F.T.A.	75	247	070	233	89
Juniors	2,831	3,337	872	5,083	1,957
National honor society	112	0	(0.400)	36	76
Junior class concession	1,500	5,202	(2,180)	3,022	1,500
HS cheerleaders	4,113	18,504		15,015	7,602
Seniors	204	1,059		466	797
Science club	134	0		0	134
Student Council	470 598	58		113	415
M.S. athletics		4,270	(4 625)	3,850	1,018
M.S. school activities	1,361 934	1,924 761	(1,635)	571 434	1,079
M.S. student council M.S. cheerleaders	4,939		500		1,261
Petty Cash	4,939	11,820 408	500	13,893 408	3,366 0
Elem. Bookfair account	2,100	3,522		5,495	127
Elem. Coke & candy machine	485	3,522 90		5,495 455	127
Elem. Fundraiser	5,142	2,125	1,489	2,305	6,451
Accelerated Reader	2,948	6,255	1,409	5,802	3,401
Playground account	2,425	5,000		0	7,425
Girls athletics(Basketball)	392	1,370		0	1,762
Vending machine account	691	1,072		1,048	715
Academic team	349	0		0	349
Board misc. account	3,976	544		1,185	3,335
Indian Club	260	0		0	260
M.S. Vending Machine	643	327		455	515
Track account	92	485		308	269
Softball account	1,680	0		0	1,680
Baseball	972	0		450	522
Camp Goddard account	4,810	12,813	1,135	16,157	2,601
Journalism Account	183	0	,	0	183
Excellence in Education	6,211	4,754		6,839	4,126
Special Olympics	1,320	565	(1,489)	396	0
Elementary music	521	0		0	521
Total Liabilities	\$ 93,144	158,631	0	153,120	98,655

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Federal Grantor's/					
Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's No.	Program or Award Amount	Balance at 7-1-11	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6-30-12
II C Department of Education							
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs:							
Indian Education	84.060A	S060A111128	\$ 49,943		30,252	38,265	8,013
Indian Education Indian Education 2010-11 - Note	84.060A		φ 49,943	40.770	30,252 18,778	30,203	0,013
	84.060A 84.041	S060A101128 S041B-2012-4276	41,958	18,778		41,958	
Impact Aid Operations	84.041		,		41,958	,	
Impact Aid Operations		S041B-2010-4276	4,018		4,018	4,018	
Impact Aid Operations *Head Start	84.041 93.600	S041B-2009-4276	5,442		5,442	5,442	
*Head Start	93.600	06CH7026/10	1,412,104		648,796	648,796	
		06CH7026/09	698,811	40.700	698,811	698,811	
Head Start 2010-11 - Note	93.600	06CH7026/09	0.040.076	48,792	48,792	1 127 200	0.012
Sub Total			2,212,276	67,570	1,496,847	1,437,290	8,013
Passed Through State Department of Education							
Title I, Basic	84.010		240,759		174,169	224,442	50,273
Title I, Basic 2010-11 - Note	84.010			112,418	112,418		
Title I, Basic ARRA 2010-11 - Note	84.389			14,323	14,323		
Title I, School Support	84.010		32,316			28,158	28,158
Title II Part A	84.367		121,164		68,641	98,855	30,214
Title II Part A 2010-11 - Note	84.367			21,313	21,313		
Title II Part D	84.318		2,393			1,172	1,172
Title II Part D 2010-11 - Note	84.318			19,027	19,027		
Title VI Part B	84.298		15,787		15,787	15,787	
Title VI Part B 2010-11 - Note	84.298			25,611	25,611		
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027		160,453		157,735	157,735	
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2010-11 - Note	84.027			48,019	48,019		
Education JOBS	84.410		135,795		135,795	135,795	
Sub-total			708,667	240,711	792,838	661,944	109,817
Passed Through State Department of Vocational Tech	nical Education						
Carl Perkins	84.048		12,042		11,390	11,390	
Carl Perkins grant 2010-11 - Note	84.048			12,894	12,894		
Sub Total			12,042	12,894	24,284	11,390	0
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education							
*Child Nutrition Programs:							
School breakfast program	10.553				78,649	78,649	
National school lunch program	10.555				203.087	203,087	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		155,204		155,204	155,204	
Summer Food Program	10.559		100,204		3,025	9,430	6,405
Summer Food Program 2010-11 - Note	10.559			7,283	7,283	3,400	0,400
Sub Total	10.000		155,204	7,283	447,248	446,370	6,405
			100,201	7,200	111,210	110,010	0,100
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
*Non-cash assistance - commodities	10 555				47.440	47.440	
National school lunch program	10.555				17,148	17,148	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130		27,465	0	9,506	27,465	17,959
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 3,115,654	328,458	2,787,871	2,601,607	142,194
						<u> </u>	

Note - These amounts represent reimbursements for prior year expenditures which were not received until the current fiscal year.

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$17,148 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

* Major program(s)

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 VERAGE MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
CNA Surety -				
Gerald Hill Insurance Agency	Treasurer	12418797	\$ 100,000	7/01/11 - 7/01/12
	Superintendent	18297383	100,000	7/01/11 - 7/01/12
	Encumbrance Clerk	18297383	100,000	7/01/11 - 7/01/12
	Payroll Clerk	18297383	100,000	7/01/11 - 7/01/12
	Activity Fund Custodian	18297383	100,000	7/01/11 - 7/01/12
	Employee Blanket	18297383	2,000	7/01/11 - 7/01/12

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-2, SEMINOLE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2011 TO JUNE 30, 2012

State of Oklahoma)	
County of Tulsa) ss)	
said firm had in full fo accordance with the "Ol	rce and effect A klahoma Public S	I ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract with Wewoka Public Schools for the audit year
		Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm
		ByAuthorized Agent
		Subscribed and sworn to before me This 27th day of December, 2012
		Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)
		My Commission Expires: 5-19-2016