## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

#### WILSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43 CARTER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2013

Audited by

#### SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2013

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# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY JUNE 30, 2013

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# SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 7, 2014

The Honorable Board of Education Wilson School District Number I-43 Wilson, Carter County, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Wilson School District Number I-43, Wilson, Carter County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determined, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2013, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" Paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2013, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered for the year then ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements – regulatory basis, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combined statements – regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 7, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and to other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP



# SANDERS, BLEDSOE & HEWETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, LLP

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 7, 2014

The Honorable Board of Education Wilson School District Number I-43 Wilson, Carter County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis within the combined financial statements of the Wilson School District Number I-43, Wilson, Carter County, Oklahoma (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2014, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement, compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanders, Blodsoe & Newett

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett Certified Public Accounts, LLP

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2013

There were no prior year reportable conditions.

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS JUNE 30, 2013

## Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- <u>Section 2</u> A finding relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES			FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	TOTALC		
ASSETS	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUSTS AND AGENCY FUNDS	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	\$ 643,300	83,543	292,961	49,423 256,171	40,899 66,396	16,391 879,520	1,110,126 322,567 16,391 879,520
Total Assets	\$ 643,300	83,543	292,961	305,594	107,295	895,911	2,328,604
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Warrants payable Encumbrances Unmatured obligations Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt: Bonds payable Capital leases Total liabilities	\$ 406,241 41,668 447,909	10,317 1,278 	276,570	0	86,681	680,000 215,911 895,911	416,558 42,946 276,570 86,681 680,000 215,911 1,718,666
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances	195,391	71,948	16,391	305,594	20,614	0	609,938
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 643,300	83,543	292,961	305,594	107,295	895,911	2,328,604

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	G(	OVERNMENTAL	. FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:						
Local sources	\$ 451,634	110,694	344,862			907,190
Intermediate sources	95,243					95,243
State sources	2,268,035	1,439				2,269,474
Federal sources	273,499	155,632				429,131
Interest earnings	1,195		41	1,414	614	3,264
Non-revenue receipts	63,706					63,706
Total revenues collected	3,153,312	267,765	344,903	1,414	614	3,768,008
Expenditures:						
Instruction	2,250,399					2,250,399
Support services	1,057,238	57,404				1,114,642
Operation of non-instructional services	50	198,981				199,031
Facilities acquisition & construction services	4,390	3,000		265,000		272,390
Other outlays:	4,070	5,000		203,000		212,370
Correcting entry	60,000					60,000
Repayments	750					750
Bank fees and cash charges	530					530
Debt service requirements	550		340,386			340,386
Total expenditures	3,373,357	259,385	340,386	265,000	0	4,238,128
	3,373,337	237,303	540,500	203,000	0	4,230,120
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures before other financing						
sources (uses)	(220,045)	8,380	4,517	(263,586)	614	(470,120)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond sale proceeds				265,000		265,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	10,430					10,430
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,430	0	0	265,000	0	275,430
Excess of revenues collected and other financir						
	iy (209,615)	8,380	4,517	1,414	614	(194,690)
sources over (under) expenditures	(209,013)	8,380	4,317	1,414	014	(194,090)
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	405,006	63,568	11,874	304,180	20,000	804,628
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Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 195,391	71,948	16,391	305,594	20,614	609,938

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected:				/
Local sources	\$ 371,956	371,956	451,634	79,678
Intermediate sources	77,523	77,523	95,243	17,720
State sources	2,195,371	2,311,704	2,268,035	(43,669)
Federal sources	114,876	335,289	273,499	(61,790)
Interest earnings			1,195	1,195
Non-revenue receipts	2 750 72/	2.00/ 472	63,706	63,706
Total revenues collected	2,759,726	3,096,472	3,153,312	56,840
Expenditures:				
Instruction	3,164,732	3,501,478	2,250,399	1,251,079
Support services			1,057,238	(1,057,238)
Operation of non-instruction services			50	(50)
Facilities acquisition & construction			4,390	(4,390)
Other outlays:				
Correcting entry			60,000	(60,000)
Repayments			750	(750)
Bank fees and cash charges			530	(530)
Total expenditures	3,164,732	3,501,478	3,373,357	128,121
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to				
prior year encumbrances	(405,006)	(405,006)	(220,045)	184,961
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	0	0	10,430	10,430
Excess of revenue collected over (under) expenditures	(405,006)	(405,006)	(209,615)	195,391
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	405,006	405,006	405,006	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 0	0	195,391	195,391

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Collected:					
Local sources	\$	77,353	110,694	33,341	
State sources		2,646	1,439	(1,207)	
Federal sources		137,289	155,632	18,343	
Total revenues collected		217,288	267,765	50,477	
Expenditures:					
Support services		58,317	57,404	913	
Operation of non-instructional services		222,539	198,981	23,558	
Facilities acquisition and construction services			3,000	(3,000)	
Total expenditures		280,856	259,385	21,471	
Excess of revenue collected over (under)					
expenditures		(63,568)	8,380	71,948	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		63,568	63,568	0	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	71,948	71,948	

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	DEBT SERVICE FUND			
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Collected: Local sources Interest earnings	\$	327,962	344,862 41	16,900 41
Total revenues		327,962	344,903	16,941
Requirements: Bonds Coupons Commission paid to fiscal agent Total expenditures		327,000 12,836 339,836	327,000 12,836 550 340,386	<u>550</u> 550
Excess fo revenues collected over (under) Expenditures		(11,874)	4,517	16,391
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		11,874	11,874	0
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	0	16,391	16,391

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements – regulatory basis of the Wilson Public Schools Independent District No. I-43 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting required by Oklahoma Statutes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity service. benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

## B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds include the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain a co-op fund in the 2012-13 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

## B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

 $\underline{\text{Co-op Fund}}$  – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

## **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District only maintained the gifts and endowments fund during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts and Endowments Fund</u> – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Fund Accounting - cont'd

organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> – The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> – The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> – The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### Account Groups

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

## C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reports in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and expendable trust funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Significant differences are as follows:

The District does not maintain its accounts on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues and expenditures are reported by the budget year until all encumbrances have been paid and unexpended appropriations are closed to the current year fund balance.

The general, building and child nutrition funds record purchases of supplies as expenditures rather than as assets to be expensed when used.

Encumbrances are reported as liabilities. Under generally accepted accounting principles, open encumbrances for which goods or services have not been received are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent year's budget appropriations.

The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets and, accordingly, a statement of general fixed assets, as required by generally accepted accounting principles, is not included in the combined financial statements – regulatory basis.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In addition, the non-current portion of vested accumulated vacation is not recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## C. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> – cont'd

Capital leases are recorded as expenditures. Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital leases are normally capitalized as a fixed asset and recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate. A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures.

The 2012-13 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

Fund	Total
General	\$ 336,746

These amendments was approved by the county excise board

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

## E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

 $\underline{Cash}$  – Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> – The District is allowed to invest in direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity</u> – cont'd

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2013, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The General Fixed Assets Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> – Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> – The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Cash Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase orders, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

## F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u>

<u>Local Revenues</u> – Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenues from intermediate sources are the amounts of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. <u>Revenue and Expenditures</u> – cont'd

objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consist of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

<u>Other Outlays Expenditures</u> – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

<u>Other Uses Expenditures</u> – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers and there was one residual equity transfers during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, banks and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, banks, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the District.

<u>Cash</u> – The District's bank balance of deposits and cash pools at June 30, 2013, was \$854,139. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require collateral for amounts in excess of federally insured amounts. The District's policy requires collateral equal to 110% of the deposit amount for all deposits not covered by F.D.I.C. insurance. The bank balance was completely covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by the District's third party agent in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u> – At June 30, 2013, the District's investments consisted of certificates of deposits and of investment pools (sweep accounts) invested in money market funds with an approximate fair market value of \$322,567.

*Interest rate risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

*Credit risk – Investments –* Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to and investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments held by the District in investment pools (sweep accounts) are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are held with American National Bank, and are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure arising from concentration of investments.

## 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2013.

## 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and leasepurchase agreements. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Bonds Payable	Capital Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2012 Additions	\$ 495,000 265,000	3,938,531	4,433,531 265,000
Retirements	(80,000)	(147,620)	(227,620)
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 680,000	3,790,911	4,470,911

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2013, is set forth below:

	Amount
	<u>Outstanding</u>
General Obligation Bonds	-
Building Bonds, Series 2005, original issue	
\$720,000, interest rate of 3.10% to 3.75%,	
due in annual installments of \$80,000, final	
payment due 05-01-15	\$ 160,000
Building Bonds, Series 2011, original issue	
\$255,000, interest rate of 0.90%, due in one	
annual installment of \$255,000 on 07-01-13	255,000
Building Bonds, Series 2012, original issue	
\$265,000, interest rate of 0.70%, due in one	
annual installment of \$265,000 on 08-01-14	265,000

## 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

		Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Capital Leases		
Lease purchase for John Deere Tractor, dated		
08-08-08, totaling \$15,363, due in annual principal installments of \$3,456	\$	2 2 2 2
annuar principar instantients of \$5,450	φ	3,323
Qualified Zone Academy Bond lease purchase of metal roof, totaling \$222,000, due in annual principal		
and interest installments of \$24,111		115,212
Lease purchase for Buses, dated 2-8-11,		
Totaling \$140,000, due in annual principal		
And interest installments of \$27,143		97,376
Lease purchase for Public Facilities Authority Educational Facilities Lease revenue, dated 9-1-10, totaling		
\$3,755,000, due in varying annual installments (Note 8)	_	3,575,000
Total	\$	4,470,911

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of the building bonds and lease purchase agreements, including the payment of principal and interest, are as follows:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 488,432	168,371	656,803
581,475	156,903	738,378
252,893	144,211	397,104
293,111	131,796	424,907
240,000	119,944	359,944
2,615,000	457,075	3,072,075
\$ 4,470,911	1,178,300	5,649,211
	\$ 488,432 581,475 252,893 293,111 240,000	\$ 488,432 168,371 581,475 156,903 252,893 144,211 293,111 131,796 240,000 119,944 2,615,000 457,075

Interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the 2012-13 fiscal year totaled \$174,315.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

## Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2012-13 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during this year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN – cont'd

part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 5.12%.

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's total contributions for 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$260,147, \$259,284 and, \$278,795 respectively.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2013. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

## 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the School reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT - cont'd

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma Public Schools Unemployment Compensation Program. In this program the District is required to contribute 1.6% of its taxable payroll for unemployment insurance. The funds for each District are kept separate and Districts can contribute more than 1.6% of their payroll if they elect to. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

#### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2012-13 fiscal year. The revised OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expend more than \$500,000 in federal awards.

The District did not fall under this threshold during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

#### Litigation

District personnel state that they are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, or of any asserted or unasserted claims or judgments against the District at June 30, 2013.

#### Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 7, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

#### 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS

#### Wilson Public Schools Project

On May 1, 2010, the Carter County Public Facilities Authority issued \$3,755,000 of Educational Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds (Wilson Public Schools Project) Series 2010, to provide funds for the constructing, equipping, repairing and remodeling of school buildings, acquiring furniture, fixtures and equipment and acquiring and improving school sites for the benefit of Wilson School District. Also on May 1,

## 8. LEASE REVENUE BONDS - cont'd

2010, the District, as lessor, entered into a ground lease agreement, for certain district property, with the Carter County Public Facilities Authority. In addition, the District entered into a sublease, as lessee, with the Carter County Public Facilities Authority. The sublease calls for ten (14) annual payments starting September 1, 2011. These payments will be made out of bond funds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds in the amount of \$5,500,000 on September 15, 2009. Wilson Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made. These bonds are shown as general long-term debt on the combined statement assets, liabilities, and fund equity under bonds payable as each series of bonds is sold.

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	.DING IND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
<u>A33E13</u>			
Cash	\$ 6,077	77,466	83,543
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Warrants payable	\$ 	10,317	10,317
Encumbrances	 414	864	1,278
Total liabilities	 414	11,181	11,595
Fund Equity:			
Cash fund balances	 5,663	66,285	71,948
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 6,077	77,466	83,543

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	JILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL	
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$ 58,786	51,908	110,694	
State sources		1,439	1,439	
Federal sources		155,632	155,632	
Total revenues collected	 58,786	208,979	267,765	
Expenditures:				
Support services	55,318	2,086	57,404	
Operation of non-instructional services		198,981	198,981	
Facilities acquisition and construction services	3,000		3,000	
Total expenditures	58,318	201,067	259,385	
Excess of revenues collected over				
(under) expenditures	468	7,912	8,380	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 5,195	58,373	63,568	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,663	66,285	71,948	

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUILDING FUND					CHILD NUTRITION FUND			
		riginal Udget	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues Collected:									
Local sources	\$	53,122	53,122	58,786	\$	24,231	24,231	51,908	
State sources						2,646	2,646	1,439	
Federal sources						137,289	137,289	155,632	
Total revenues collected		53,122	53,122	58,786		164,166	164,166	208,979	
Expenditures:									
Support services		58,317	58,317	55,318				2,086	
Operation of non-instructional services						222,539	222,539	198,981	
Facilities acquisition and construction service	S			3,000					
Total expenditures		58,317	58,317	58,318		222,539	222,539	201,067	
Excess of revenues collected over									
(under) expenditures		(5,195)	(5,195)	468		(58,373)	(58,373)	7,912	
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		5,195	5,195	5,195		58,373	58,373	58,373	
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	0	0	5,663	\$	0	0	66,285	

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	BUIL	2010 DING BOND FUND	2010 TRANSPORATION BOND FUND	TOTALS
Cash Investments	\$	48,458 256,171	965	49,423 256,171
Total Assets	\$	304,629	965	305,594
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
Liabilities	\$	0	0	0
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		304,629	965	305,594
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	304,629	965	305,594

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2010 BUILDING B FUND	2010 OND TRANSPORTATIO BOND FUND	NTOTAL
Revenue: Interest earnings	\$ 1	,4140	1,414
Expenditures: Facilities acquisition & const. services	265	,0000	265,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources	(263	,586) 0	(263,586)
Other financing sources (uses): Bond sale proceeds Total other financing sources (uses)		,000	<u>265,000</u> 265,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	1	,414 0	1,414
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	303	,215 965	304,180
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 304	,629 965	305,594

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY -ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES -REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS GIFTS AND ENDOWMENTS FUND		AGENCY FUNDS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
Cash Investments	\$	0 20,614	40,899 45,782	40,899 66,396
Total Assets	\$	20,614	86,681	107,295
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Funds held for school organizations	\$		86,681	86,681
Fund Equity: Cash fund balances		20,614	0	20,614
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	20,614	86,681	107,295

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -ALL AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	LANCE -01-12	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-13
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash & Investments	\$ 78,521	325,086	0	316,926	86,681
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Administration	\$ 147	2,410		2,141	416
High school basketball tourney	0	3,738		2,900	838
Athletics	957	32,788		30,338	3,407
PTVO	6,702	10,367		12,103	4,966
Child nutrition	0	23,574		23,574	0
Band	762	4,512		4,153	1,121
Beta club	478	26,805		26,858	425
High school cheerleaders	2,481	4,672		2,990	4,163
General fund refund	0	4,039		4,096	(57)
Scholarship	360	0		0	360
Delouis Alexander school	1,500	0		500	1,000
Elementary miscellaneous	2,985	13,983		13,840	3,128
Junior high cheerleaders	2,780	2,331		4,545	566
FFA	2,722	39,596		39,976	2,342
A.R./Popcorn	387	167		350	204
Interest earnings	67	118		78	107
High school miscellaneous	0	257		160	97
Class of 2013	770	915		1,351	334
Yearbook	782	8,919		7,273	2,428
Middle school miscellaneous	697	2,885		2,169	1,413
Class of 1959 scholarship	1,000	1,500		1,000	1,500
Class of 1960-61 scholarship	0	500		500	0
Band boosters	2,905	2,918		2,867	2,956
Pink out	89	4,611		4,647	53
Elementary pumpkin patch	552	1,308		1,240	620
Wilson youth assoc.	5,741	4,781		4,059	6,463
Student council	1	1,745		1,727	19
Senior misc./ graduation	0	477		436	41
Clay Hodges fundraiser	707	0		707	0
Ron & Joy Alexander scholarship	500	0		500	0
Little Dribblers	236	0		0	236
Family Living Class	1	15,850		15,064	787
Cafeteria Pickles	930	1,838		859	1,909
Carol Howard Altman	0	951		0	951
Elementary P.E.	641	466		164	943

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -ALL AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BALANCE 7-01-12	ADDITIONS	NET TRANSFERS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-13
Girls basketball	546	16,306		14,758	2,094
Cross country track	4	0		0	4
H.S. counselor	0	200		0	200
Academic team	1,064	866		827	1,103
Wilson summer league	16,960	21,107		18,449	19,618
Library	258	4,786		4,807	237
Class of 2015	92	50		46	96
Elem counselor	841	471		188	1,124
Softball	2,486	7,848		8,847	1,487
Class of 2014	942	14,849		15,791	0
Elementary science	2,231	1,807		882	3,156
Softball Fieldhouse Repair	11,510	0		0	11,510
Baseball	593	1,086		1,363	316
Newspaper	354	399		628	125
Grace ward curry school	672	0		300	372
FCA	48	0		0	48
AP - math	155	0		0	155
Carla Wood Sponsor	336	0		336	0
Boys basketball	1,119	25,862		26,786	195
Football fund raiser	430	10,078		9,753	755
Class of 2016	0	350		0	350
Total Liabilities	\$ 78,521	325,086	0	316,926	86,681

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor's/ Pass-through Grantor's No.		rogram or ard Amount	Balance at 7/1/2012	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Balance at 6/30/2013
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs:								
Indian Education	84.060a	S060A120225	\$	29,599		29,599	29,599	
Small, Rural School Achievement Program	84.358a	S358A120025	Ψ	20,930		20,930	20,930	
Sub Total				50,529	0	50,529	50,529	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:								
Title I	84.010			122,248		60,468	116,379	55,911
Title II, Part A	84.367			29,851		29,851	29,851	
IDEA-B Flow through	84.027			123,908		123,908	123,908	
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173			8,743		8,743	8,743	
Sub Total				284,750	0	222,970	278,881	55,911
U.S. Department of Agriculture:								
Passed Through State Department of Education:								
Child Nutrition Programs								
School breakfast program	10.553					45,681	45,681	
National school lunch program	10.555					109,951	109,951	
Sub Total						155,632	155,632	
Passed Through Department of Human Services:								
Non-cash assistance - commodities - Note 1								
National school lunch program	10.555					9,808	9,808	_
Total Federal Assistance			\$	335,279	0	438,939	494,850	55,911

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$9,808 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount.

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	COVERAGE AMOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
Old Republic Surety	Treasurer, Minutes Clerk, Activity Fund	LOP2009526	\$100,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Encumbrance/Minutes clerk, Activty Fund	LOP2009526	10,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Lunch Fund Clerk	LOP2009526	5,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Superintendent, Activity Fund	LOP2009526	100,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13
	Activity Fund	LOP2009526	10,000	07/01/12 - 07/01/13

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-43, CARTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2012 TO JUNE 30, 2013

State of Oklahoma ) ) ss County of Tulsa )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Wilson Public Schools for the audit year 2012-13.

Sanders, Bledsoe & Hewett, <u>Certified Public Accountants, LLP</u> Auditing Firm

By \_\_\_\_\_ Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me This 7<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2014

Notary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

My Commission Expires: 5/19/2016 Commission No. 00008621